GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Irrigation Branch.

Irrigation Operations of Lower Bengal up to 30th April 1872.

Circle.	Canal.	Water supplied during 1871-72.				Approximate area irrigated during Feb. 1872.			Total of column 9 for all previous months of the current year.	Total area irrigated up to date during the current year.	Rainfall.			Navigation Returns.					Chief Irrigation.		Remarks.
		Full supply depth.	Estimated full discharge in cubic feet per second.	Average depth throughout the month.	Average discharge in cubic feet per second throughout the month.	District.	Area actually receiving water during the month in acres.	Of column 8 area receiving water for the first time during the current year.			Inches during the month.	Inches up to date during the year.	Average of ten previous years for the same period.	Nature of traffic.	Number of boats.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Approximate value of goods.	Per column 8.	Per columns 8 & 9	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Orissa ...	High Level Range No. I.	3	675	4·93	170·	Cuttack ...	...	...	...	..	0·65	0·65	2·13	Private ...	64	166	2,175	1,709	...	...	
														Govt. stores, &c.	16	154	4,301	7,891	...	...	
	Kendrapara	7	1,262	4·9	706·095	Ditto ...	592	538	...	592	0·65	0·65	2·13	Local ...	166	901	17,231	33,287	...	...	
														Through ...	326	2,759	115,878	2,78,020	...	..	
														Government ...	67	979	2 ,828	1,624	...	...	
	Taldunda ...	8	1,300	5·75	22·50	Ditto ...	35	5	...	35	0.65	0·65	2·13	Local Traffic	83	364	2,930	1,551	...	...	
														Govt. „	1	29	409	18	...	...	
	Machgong...	8	650	4·00	7·87	Ditto ...	21	...	...	21	0.65	0.65	2 13	.....	...	...	...	.....	...	...	
South-Western	Midnapore...	8·00	875	...	...	Midnapore	...	...	...	...	83	83	3·51	Local ...	2,055	6,000	77,245	5,32,760	...	...	
														Government ...	18	69	261	248	...	...	
	Panchkoorah	6·00	240	...	...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	70	70	Not available.	.....	...	...	...	.....	...	...	
	April 1871.					Total ...	*648	513	...	648											* Some leases for cold weather crops were allowed to run up to 15th May.
Orissa ...	High Level	...	...	...	...	Cuttack ...	15	15	...	15											
	Kendrapara	...	...	...	...	Ditto ...	* 931	931	...	931											
	Taldunda	...	...	...	...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...											
South-Western	Midnapore	...	...	...	...	Midnapore	35	35	...	35											
	Panchkoorah	...	...	...	...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...											
						Total ...	981	981	...	981				Total ...	2,796	11,424	241,258	8,55,108	...	...	

The 6th June 1872.

F. T. Haig, *Lieut.-Colonel, R. E.,*
Offg. Joint-Secy., Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

Opium Notification.

No. 398C.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1870-71, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 5th August 1872, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,575 Chests, *viz.* :—

Behar Opium	...	2,000
Benares ditto	...	1,575
Total Chests	...	3,575

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual: they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 10th November 1871, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th August respectively; that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 10th August 1872, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 20th August 1872.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so :—

Dates.	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 5th Sept. 1872	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Tuesday, 1st Oct. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Wednesday, 6th Nov. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Dec. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
Total Chests ...	8,000	6,300	14,300

By order of the Member in charge,

T. B. LANE,
Secretary.

BOARD OF REV., FORT WILLIAM,
The 2nd July 1872.

No. 405C.

Opium Notification.

Opium.
V. H. SCHALCH, ESQ.,

IN continuation of notice No. 212C, dated 28th March 1872, it is hereby notified that the Provision Opium to be brought forward at the monthly sales of the ensuing year 1873 will consist of 42,000 chests, in the following proportions, respectively, of Behar and Benares Opium :—

Behar.

		Chests.
Manufacture of 1871-72 ...	...	... 25,500

Benares.

Manufacture of 1871-72 ...	...	... 16,500
Total	...	... 42,000

2. The above includes 300 chests to be reserved for the French Government.

By Order of the Member in charge,

T. B. LANE,
Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P.,
Fort William
The 3rd July 1872.

Gilchrist Scholarships.

THE Trustees of the Gilchrist Educational Trust have announced that Nandakumar Rav of the Presidency College and Balai Narayan Das of the Medical College are the successful candidates at the recent examination for the Gilchrist Scholarships.

They have also given notice that the Latin subject for the examination of January 1873 will be Jugurtha's War of Sallust, and that for the examination of January 1874, the second Georgic and twelfth Æneid of Virgil.

H. WOODROW,
Offg. Director of Public Instruction.
The 25th June 1872.

No. 25 of 1872

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1872.

REGISTERED No. 50.

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Notice.

THE Lieutenant-Governor will be happy to receive any Native gentleman who wishes to call on him on Wednesdays and Saturdays from 4 to 5 in the afternoon.

Gentlemen who have not been before introduced to the Lieutenant-Governor, and who do not hold some official position, are requested to bring an introduction.

H. LUTTMAN-JOHNSON,
Private Secretary.

BELVEDERE,
The 8th May 1872.

Government of India.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 6th June 1872, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XIV OF 1872.

An Act to exempt the Straits Settlements from the Indian Emigration Act, 1871.

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to provide for the exemption of the islands and territories known as the Straits Settlements from all or some of the provisions contained in the Indian Emigration Act, 1871; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Power to exempt Straits Settlements from Emigration Act.

1. The Governor General in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, exempt emigration to, or contracts for labour to be performed in, the whole or any part of the said Settlements from all or any of the provisions contained in the Indian Emigration Act, 1871;

and may also, from time to time, by like notification, revoke or alter any notification previously made under this Act.

Bar of certain proceedings.

2. No suit or other proceeding shall be maintained against any person for any thing done or omitted, in respect of such emigration or contracts, before the date of the notification made under the first clause of section one.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Revenue and General Departments.

No. 1192R.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 12th June 1872.—Babu Dinonath Addy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Patooakhally, on leave, is posted temporarily to Hooghly.

Captain Hardress Edmond Waller to be a Member of the Road Cess Committee in the district of Monghyr, under Section 49, Act X (B.C.) of 1871, for carrying out the purposes of the Act.

The 14th June 1872.—The following Officers of the Subordinate Executive Service are promoted, *viz.*:—

To the Fourth Grade.

Babu Hursahoy Sing, with effect from the 29th April last.

„ Gopal Chunder Das, with effect from the 21st ultimo.

To the Fifth Grade.

Mr. Alexander John Fraser, with effect from the 29th April last.

„ John Arthur Craven, with effect from the 21st ultimo.

Mr. Hamilton Winkup Gordon, B.A., will continue to exercise the powers of a Magistrate while he officiates as Inspector of Schools, North-West Division.

The 17th June 1872.—Babu Gunga Gobind Surmah, Extra Assistant Commissioner of Sibsaugor, will continue to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class.

Mr. John Ware Edgar to officiate temporarily as Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 14th instant.

Mr. Henry James Frederick Pratt to officiate as Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Fyzabad, until further orders.

The 18th June 1872.—Mr. Frederick John Rosslewin Walker, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, just returned from leave, is posted to Purneah.

Babu Hari Das Ghosh to officiate as a Professor in the Berhampore College.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 13th June 1872.—Babu Kaliprosonno Sircar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Bagirhaut, recently transferred to Nuddea, for fourteen days, under Section 3, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 11th March last.

The 18th June 1872.—Mr. F. J. R. Walker, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed the usual subsidiary leave, to enable him to join his appointment at Purneah on his return from leave to Europe.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 14th June 1872.—The services of Mr. Henry Lucius Dampier, Secretary to the Government of Bengal, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Home Department.

The 17th June 1872.—Mr. Henry Lucius Dampier delivered over charge of the office of Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the General and Revenue Departments, to Mr. Charles Edward Bernard on the forenoon of the 14th instant.

Mr. Alexander Mackenzie made over charge of the office of Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal to Mr. John Ware Edgar on the forenoon of the 14th instant.

The services of Babu Romesh Chunder Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, of this Government.

The leave granted to Mr. Hamilton Winkup Gordon, late Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tirhoot, under orders of the 17th April last, to enable him to appear at the examination for a Degree of Honor in Hindee which will be held in Calcutta in July next, is cancelled.

Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has granted an extension of leave for four months, on Medical Certificate, to Mr. J. W. McCrindle, M.A., Principal of the Patna College.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th June 1872.—The forest tracts, specified below with their boundaries, are hereby declared to be Government forests, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2, Act VII of 1865.

Under Rule 13, Part III of the forest rules for the Lower Provinces of Bengal, they are declared to be "open" forests, the following trees being "reserved" trees within the forest boundaries:—

Sal, sissoo, chelowree, khair.

Eastern Dooars.

In Bijnee Dooars.—A tract called the Khairbunna, bounded as follows:—

North.—Bhútan frontier.
South.—The boundary of Khairbunna mouzah.
East.—Ditto ditto.
West.—The Kookoloong nuddee.

Area .. ... 8,039 acres.

In Sidlee Dooar.—Two tracts of forests, bounded as follows:—

No. 1. *North.*—Boundary, Cheerung Dooar.

South.—The Gourang nuddee and portions of Bhogamgooree and Pursongaon mouzahs, as demarcated by the Revenue Survey Department.

East.—The Chumpa Muttee river, Long Soong nuddee, portions of Bansbaree and Salabree Kareegaon, as demarcated by the revenue survey, and the Tarong nuddee.

West.—By the Satmoka river.

Area ... 40,854 acres.

No. 2. *North.*—Cheerung Dooar.
South and West.—By the Kashakoree nuddee.
East.—By the Satmoka nuddee.

Area ... 6,746 acres.

In Cheerung Dooar.—A tract of forest, divided into two pieces, severally bounded as follows.—

No. 1. *North.*—The Bhútan frontier.
South.—Boundary, Sidlee Dooar.

East.—By the Boro Bhoor nuddee for some distance, then along the southern boundary of Bhoomeegaon Jhar mouzah in a westerly direction and then along the Chumpa Muttee river.

West.—The Satmoka nuddee and the western boundary of Symotee Jhar mouzah.

Area ... 69,205 acres.

No. 2. North.—The Bhútan frontier.

South.—The southern boundary of Janagaon mouzah, then along the Hail nuddee in a northerly direction, along the southern boundary of Singmaijanee mouzah, down the Saral-bhanga river for a short distance, and through Goldagaon Aphal mouzah, as demarcated by the revenue survey.

East.—The Satmoka nuddee, and west boundary of Symotee Jhar mouzah, which is also the eastern boundary of Kochoobaree Jhar, Totpara mouzah.

West.—The Polo and Gungea nuddees, and the western boundary of Janagaon Salbaree mouzah.

Area ...88,088 acres.

In Reepoo Dooar.—A tract of forest, bounded as follows:—

North.—By the Bhútan frontier.

South.—By the main road, then down the Jakatee nuddee to the southern boundary of Notogaon Jhar mouzah, along that boundary to the Pekooa nuddee, up that stream to the point where it meets the Kochoogaon Jhar mouzah boundary, and along that boundary to the Gungea river.

East.—The Rolo and Gungea nuddees, and the western boundary of Jadagaon Salbaree mouzah, which is also the eastern boundary of Kochoogaon Jhar.

Area ... 41,635 acres.

In Jooma Dooar.—A tract of forest, bounded as follows:—

North.—By high land as demarcated by the revenue survey.

South.—Moorchoany Jhora and Pergunnah of Purbutjhoar.

East.—The Tepkai Jhora and Pergunnah of Purbutjhoar.

West.—The Bownye nuddee.

Area ... 15,779 acres.

Western Dooars.

The Bholka Forest.—A tract of forest, "Salbaree," bounded as follows:—

North.—By the Huldebaree talook boundary.

South.—By the Jorai nuddee and the boundary of Salbaree talook.

East.—By the Sunkoss river.

West.—By the Kookoolee nuddee and the west boundary of Salbaree talook, except a small portion in the north-west corner.

Area ... 8,104 acres.

In the Bhatteebaree Forests.—Ten detached pieces, severally numbered on map, in talooks Chukeerbas Jhar, Mahakalyooree, and Seebkatta Oosnibaree, as follows:—

In Chukeerbas six pieces
In Chukeerbas Jhar one piece.
In Makakalgoree one piece.
In Seekatta Oosnibaree, two pieces.

Area ... 3,968 acres.

The Buxa Forests.—Bounded as follows:—

North.—The Bhútan hills.

South.—The junction of the Sarokjhora and Paror nuddee, along the southern boundary of Codlagoorce, Bonmally, and Panbaree talooks, with two small detached pieces numbered 1 and 2, on map in talook Patkapara and Panealgooree Chotomalee.

East.—The Gudhadhur river from the Bhútan hills to the southern boundary of Panbaree talook.

West.—The Alaikooree river to the south boundary of Chooapar Janjanghee talook, then along the southern boundary of that talook in an easterly direction to the Neemtee Jhora, down that stream to its junction with the Alaikooree river along the south boundary of talook Natabaree in an easterly direction to the belt of forest along the west bank of the Bamonee Jhora as shown on map, then along the south boundary of talook Neemtur Domohonee in a westerly direction up to the Sarok Johora, and along that stream to its junction with the Paror Jhora.

Area ... 103,690 acres.

Bhorojhar Satalie Forest.—In Pergunnahs Chokettra and Madaree, bounded as follows:—

North.—By the boundary of Borojhar Satalie talook from the Toorsa river to the Kooltee nuddee, and then along the Kooltee nuddee in a southerly direction till it meets a small "jan" flowing into the Bunoca nuddee in a northerly direction till it meets the Borojhar Satalie talook boundary, and from this point a straight line is drawn to the head of the Booree Basra nuddee.

South.—The boundary of Borojhar Satalie, then through a portion of Chokakettree Pastee Sal talook, as marked in map, to the Banoca nuddee along that nuddee to its junction with the Alaikooree river.

East.—The Booree Basra nuddee from its rise to its junction with the Alaikooree river, and along that river to its junction with the Banee nuddee.

West.—The Toorsa river from the north boundary of Borojhar Satalie talook to the south boundary of the same talook then following the boundary of that talook for a short distance in an easterly direction to the point where the Hashmara nuddee rises, and along that nuddee to its junction with the Booree or Patlakowa Toorsa river along the Booree Toorsa till it reaches the southern boundary of Borojhar Satalie talook.

Area ... 28,862 acres.

The Luckeepore Forests.—Four pieces of forest in Pergunnah Luckeepore, viz.:—

1*st.*—One piece in Doomchee Chapragooree talook bounded on the—

North.—By a line drawn from the Dabdoob nuddee to the head of a Jhora, as shown on map.

South.—A line drawn from the mouth of the Jhora mentioned in the north boundary, where it joins the Sookhan nuddee to the Dabdoob as shown on map.

East.—The abovenamed Jhora.

West.—The Dabdoob nuddee.

2*nd.*—One piece in talook Dalgaon Suragaon, bounded on the—

East.—By the Beerputee nuddee.

West.—Tasahtie nuddee.

North and South.—By lines drawn east and west between the above two rivers.

3rd.—One piece in talook Nepania. It lies between the Dum-Dum and Mailung johoras: the junction of these forms the southern boundary. The north boundary is a line drawn from the junction of the Dum-Dum and Dhoonchee Jhora to the Mailung.

4th.—One long narrow piece in Nepania talook, situated on the left bank of the Rehtie nuddee.

Area of these ... 4,033 acres.

The Moraghat Forests.—As follows:—

A small detached piece in Salbaree talook near the Golandee river, and south of the Government road, No. 1 on map.

Another piece, bounded as follows:—

North.—The northern boundary of Salbaree talook.

South.—The junction of the Nonai and Gairkhoota nuddees.

East.—The Gairkhoota nuddee and southern boundary of talook Salbaree.

West.—The Nonai nuddee and a stream running to the Nonai.

And a detached piece in Gairkhoota talook No. 2 on map.

In Banarhat talook a small strip of forest on the west bank of the Rehtie nuddee, No. 3 on map.

In Doodoomaree Kolabaree talook, three small pieces near the Dinah river, not far from the road to Ambaree, Nos. 4, 5, and 6 on map.

In Khairkatta talook, west of and along the banks of the Dinah river, three small pieces, Nos. 9, 10, and 11 on map.

The Kolabaree talook, the boundaries being those of the talook which lies on the west bank of the Dinah river.

In Tundoo east talook two long narrow strips of forests and one small detached piece; one of the strips runs along the east bank of the Juldaca river, and the other along the west bank of the Ghatee nuddee, Nos. 12 and 13 on map.

The total area of forests in Moraghat Pergunnah, 28,833½ acres.

The Mynagoree Forests.—As follows:—

The Tundoo west talook, bounded as follows:—

North.—By the Dalinkote sub-division boundary.

South.—The junction of the Juldaca and Moortee rivers.

East.—The Juldaca river.

West.—The Moortee river.

In talooks Burgeela Jhar and Barodighee, a tract bounded on the—

North.—By the Indong nuddee and a line running from that river to the Durla river.

South.—The southern boundary of Barodighee talook, and a line running from it to the Sursuttee nuddee.

East.—The Moortee river, and from it to the Sursuttee nuddee.

West.—The Durlah river.

Also three detached pieces; one running along the west bank of the Juldaca river, the second a small piece closed to it in Burgeela Jhar talook, the third piece in Barodighee talook near the north of that talook, severally marked Nos. 1, 2, and 3 on map.

In Dhopo Jhora talook four pieces of forest, three of them lie along the west bank of the Moortie river, and the fourth a small detached piece near the Indong river, severally marked Nos. 4, 5, and 6 on map.

Area ... 41,737 acres.

Total area 219,227½ acres, or 3,434 miles nearly.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 2421.—*Simla, the 6th June* 1872.—*Notifications.—Public.*—The Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Mr. C. S. Belli to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service from the 1st February last.

No. 182.—*The 7th June* 1872.—*Ecclesiastical.*—The Reverend James Williamson, M.A., Chaplain of the Church of Scotland on the Bengal Establishment, is appointed to officiate as Senior Chaplain, during the absence, on furlough, of the Reverend J. M. Thomson, M.A., or until further orders.

The Reverend Mr. Williamson's services are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal with effect from the 20th instant.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Financial Department, is republished for general information:—

SEPARATE REVENUE.

(OPIUM.)

No. 209.—*Simla, the 7th June* 1872.—The services of Mr. R. J. Richardson, C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 584.—*Simla, the 1st June* 1872.—The undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officer have reported their return from England:

Lieutenant W. J. Williamson, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, Garrow Hills,—arrived at Bombay on the 18th April 1872.

* * * * *

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th June 1872.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to form a new sub-district in the district of Jessore, comprising the thannahs of Morrellgunge and Rampal with Head-Quarters at Morrellgunge.

This Notification shall take effect on and from the 1st July 1872.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th June 1872.—The following medals and certificates of honorable mention have been awarded to contributors of articles in Bengal to the Paris International Exhibition of 1867 :—

A.—Manufactures, Textile Fabrics, &c.

For Carpets.		
Gold Medal ...	To the Government of India ...	A collective medal awarded in recognition of the excellence in manufacture and design of the carpets and rugs from Kashmir, Hydrabad (Deccan), the Jubbulpore School of Industry, the Lahore Central Prison, and Ellore ; as also for the mats from Palghaut and Midnapore. Medal to be deposited in the Indian Museum, Calcutta.
For Embroideries.		
Bronze Medal ...	To the Indian Collection ...	A collective medal awarded for embroidered fabrics from Benares, Dacca, Delhi, and Hydrabad in Sind ; as also for lace from Travancore and Tinnevelly. Medal to be deposited in the Indian Museum, Calcutta.
Honorable mention ...	To the Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division.	For embroidered table covers, umbrellas, fans, purses, and borders.
For Silk Fabrics and Filatures.		
Silver Medal ...	To the "Producers" ...	A collective medal awarded for silk fabrics from Umritsur and other parts of India ; as also for the filatures exhibited by Jardine, Skinner and Company, Calcutta, and Lyall, James and Company, Berhampore. Medal to be deposited in the Indian Museum, Calcutta.

B.—Manufactures in Metal, Wood, Ivory, &c.

For Arms and Armours.		
Honorable mention ...	To the exhibition of Indian Arms ...	The classification adopted at this exhibition did not permit of the specimens of arms being regarded as art examples displaying peculiar excellence in their ornamentation. The Jury had therefore no alternative but to look upon the collection simply in its character as representing weapons. Certificate to be deposited in the Indian Museum, Calcutta.
For Filigree Work.		
Bronze Medal ...	To Kankyesieran, Cuttack.	
For Ivory Carvings.		
Honorable mention ...	To Baboo Rajor, Berhampore.	
Ditto ...	To Rhadaramun Mistry, Berhampore.	
For Sculptures or Models in Clay.		
Bronze Medal ...	To Sree Rampal, Kishnugger ...	For model figures in clay or objects adapted for the decoration of dwellings.
Ditto* ...	Ditto.	
Honorable mention ...	To Jodoo Paul, Kishnugger ...	Ditto.
For Chowries and Fans.		
Honorable mention ...	To the Collector of Hooghly ...	For fans.
Ditto ...	To the Commissioner of Dacca ...	Ditto.
Ditto ...	To the Collector of Bancoorah ...	Ditto.
Ditto ...	To the Deputy Collector of Monghyr	Ditto.
Ditto ...	To the Collector of Sarun ...	Ditto.
Ditto ...	To the Collector of Nuddea ...	Ditto.
Ditto ...	To the Collector of Bhaugulpore ...	Ditto.
For Embroidered Harness.		
Honorable mention ...	To Bengal and Bombay ...	In making this award the Jury had chiefly in view the beautiful embroidered saddle, bridle, and other horse trapping, forwarded by His Highness the Maharajah of Hutwah ; as also the camel saddlery, &c., from Sind.

* One medal only received.

C.—Printing and Books, Relief Maps, and Photography.

Bronze Medal	...	* Shepherd and Bourne, Calcutta	... For Photographs of Indian Scenery, &c.

D.—Produce, Raw and Prepared.

To Cereals, &c.			
Silver Medal	...	To the Government of Bengal.	... For general excellence of collection of cereals and other grains from Bengal. Medal to be deposited in the Indian Museum, Calcutta.
Bronze Medal	...	Ditto	... For cereals and flours. Medal to be deposited in the Indian Museum, Calcutta.
For Fibres and Jute, &c.			
Hors concours	...	To the Government of India	... Awarded for the general excellence of the fibres sent from all parts of India, but notably for the jute from Bengal. Certificate and medal to be deposited in the Indian Museum, Calcutta.
For Indigo.			
Silver Medal	...	To Jardine, Skinner and Co., Calcutta.	
Bronze Medal	...	To Henry Hill and Co., Chumparun.	
For Tea.			
Gold Medal	...	To the Government of India	... A collective medal awarded for the teas from Assam and Cachar, the Dehra Dhoon, Kumaon, Kungra, and the Neilgiri Hills. The medal to be deposited in the Indian Museum, Calcutta.
For Tobacco.			
Bronze Medal Honorable mention	... ...	To Baboo Rumonee Mohun Roy Chowdry, Rungpore.	
For Materia Medica.			
Honorable mention	...	To Baboo Kanye Lall Dey, Calcutta	... For collection of indigenous drugs of India.

E.—Awards for services rendered in promoting the objects of the Exhibition.

Gold Medal*	...	To Baron Dowleans	... For services rendered both in India and during the exhibition as agent for the Government of India and Commissioner for Bengal.
Silver Medal	...	To Rajah Kali Krishna Bahadoor, Calcutta	... For services in promoting in India the objects of the exhibition.
Ditto	...	To the Hon'ble W. Grey	... Ditto.
Ditto	...	To the Revd. J. Long	... Ditto.
Bronze Medal	...	To the Revd. W. O'Brien Smith	... Ditto.
Silver Medal	...	C. H. Campbell, Esq.	... Ditto.
Ditto	...	C. T. Buckland, Esq., Dacca	... Ditto.
Ditto	...	Colonel F. P. Layard, Bhaugulpore	... Ditto.
Ditto	...	R. F. Hutchinson, Esq., Patna	... Ditto.
Ditto	...	J. W. Dalrymple, Esq., Patna	... Ditto.
Ditto	...	J. H. Ravenshaw, Esq., Cuttack	... Ditto.

* Delivered.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Judicial and Political Departments.

No. 450J.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 11th June 1872.—Mr. George Goodair Dey to be Vice-Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners for the town of Chuprah, during the absence, on leave, of the Joint-Magistrate Mr. T. W. Gribble, or until further orders.

The following gentlemen to form a Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary established at Nurreah, in the district of Backergunge:—

The Magistrate of Backergunge ...	President.
The Deputy Magistrate of Madaripore ...	Members.
Khajeh Assanoollah ...	
Babu Mohiny Mohun Das ...	
Moulvi Nizamuddin Mahomed Chowdry ...	
Babu Gour Chunder Das ...	
„ Obhoy Chunder Das ...	
„ Hurryprosad Ghuttuck ...	

The 14th June 1872.—Mr. Robert John Richardson to officiate as District and Sessions Judge of Bhaugulpore, during the absence, on furlough, of Mr. H. R. Madocks, or until further orders.

The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the deputation of Assistant-Surgeon Fakeer Chand Ghose to Burdwan on inspecting duty in connexion with the medical relief measures in operation in that district, with effect from the 2nd May last.

The 17th June 1872.—Mr. Charles Armstrong Fisher to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Mymensing, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. H. M. Reily, or until further orders.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Lowndes Randall, Officiating Agent to the Governor General with the King of Oude, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in the 24-Pergunnahs, for the trial of cases arising within the precincts of the King of Oude.

Babu Atulbeharee Ghose to officiate as Munsif of Rampore Haut, during the absence, on duty, of Babu Poorno Chunder Shome, or until further orders.

Mr. Alexander Mackenzie, B.A., to officiate temporarily as a Secretary to the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 14th instant

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 13th June 1872.—Mr. Patrick H. Scanlan, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, Moorshedabad, is allowed privilege leave for two months, under Section 12-1, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code.

The 14th June 1872.—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Nundolall Bhuttacharjee, of the Pamrah Endemic Dispensary in Burdwan, for one month, under Section 3, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 7th ultimo.

The 15th June 1872.—Dr. R. A. Barker, Medical Officer of Beerbhoom, for two weeks, under Section 18 of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 9th April last.

The 17th June 1872.—Mr. Henry Maxwell Reily, District Superintendent of Police, Mymensingh, for one month, under Section 18 of the Civil Leave Code from the 8th July next, or any other day within one month of that date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

The 18th June 1872.—Mr. Hector Munro, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Backergunge, is allowed six days' leave of absence, in extension of the subsidiary leave for ten days which was granted to him under orders of the 31st ultimo.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 15th June 1872.—The leave granted to Moulvie Wahidooddeen, First Subordinate Judge of Bhaugulpore, under orders of the 9th ultimo, is cancelled at his own request.

The orders of the 6th March last appointing Sub-Assistant Surgeon Taraprosonno Roy to the charge of the Charitable Dispensary at Sewan are cancelled.

The 17th June 1872.—Mr. Charles Edward Bernard delivered over charge of the office of Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Judicial and Political Departments, to Mr. Alexander Mackenzie on the forenoon of the 14th instant.

T. J. C. PLOWDEN,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th June 1872.—In continuation of the notification of 1st July 1871, published at page 1379 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th idem, it is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has sanctioned the undermentioned re-arrangements in the civil, criminal, and revenue jurisdictions of Bancoorah and the adjacent zillahs, with effect from the 1st proximo.

2. Thannah Bishenpore (which is now part of the sub-division of Gurbetta, but is within the criminal and civil jurisdiction of the Bancoorah district) is transferred from the Gurbetta sub-division and attached to the sudder station of Bancoorah.

3. Thannah Indos (which is in the civil and criminal jurisdiction of Burdwan) is transferred from the revenue jurisdiction of Bancoorah to that of Burdwan.

4. Thannah Keogram (which is in the criminal and revenue jurisdiction of Burdwan and attached to the sub-division of Cutwa) is transferred from the civil jurisdiction of Beerbhoom to that of Burdwan.

5. Thannahs Kotulpore and Sonamooky are transferred from Bancoorah, and thannahs Jehanabad and Ghogat from Hooghly to Burdwan in all departments—civil, criminal, and fiscal. Thannah Kotulpore is also transferred from the Gurbetta sub-division to that of Jehanabad.

6. Thannahs Ghatal and Chunderkona are transferred from the civil, criminal, and revenue jurisdiction of Hooghly to that of Midnapore, and are attached to the sub-division of Gurbetta.

T. J. C. PLOWDEN,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th June 1872.—In amendment of the Government notification of the 17th May last, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem, (p. 2323), regarding the transfer of the civil jurisdiction of Thannah Pulsa, and the civil and criminal jurisdictions of Thannahs Rampore Haut and Nulhatty from the Beerbhoom to the Moorshedabad District, it is hereby notified that the said changes will take effect from the 1st July next, and not from the 1st instant as stated therein.

T. J. C. PLOWDEN,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce, is republished for general information:—

No. 102.—*Simla, the 6th June* 1872.—*Emigration.*—In exercise of the power conferred by Act No. XIV. of 1872, Section one, His Excellency the Governor General in Council hereby exempts emigration to, and contracts for labour to be performed in, the Straits Settlements from all the provisions contained in the Indian Emigration Act 1871.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 1097.—*Simla, the 6th June* 1872.—*General.*—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to confer the title of "Rai Bahadoor" upon Baboo Kanai Lall Dey, Teacher of Chemistry and Medical Jurisprudence in the Medical College, Calcutta, in recognition of the valuable services rendered by him to the cause of medical science in India.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 591.—*Simla, the 4th June* 1872.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure for Europe on the dates specified :—

* * * * * * *

Surgeon-Major A. J. Payne, M.D., of the Medical Department, G. G. O. No. 481 of 1872,—per *Sumatra*, 8th May 1872.

Surgeon F. Powell, M.B., of the Medical Department, G. G. O. No. 508 of 1872,—per *Meinam*, 12th May 1872.

* * * * * * *

No. 604.—*The 6th June* 1872.—The following extracts from the *London Gazette* of the 23rd April 1872, pages 2021 and 2022, are published for general information :—

WAR OFFICE;
Pall Mall, the 23rd April 1872.

* * * * * * *

The undermentioned Officers having completed the qualifying service with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel to be Colonels :—

* * * * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel Herbert Raban, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th September 1871.

* * * * * * *

No. 607.—*The 7th June* 1872.—The following extract from the *London Gazette* of the 7th May 1872, page 2198, is published for general information :

WAR OFFICE;
Pall Mall, the 7th May 1872.

Apothecary William Wilson, Bengal Medical Establishment, to have the honorary and local rank of Assistant Surgeon. Dated 8th May 1872.

T. J. C. PLOWDEN,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 220.

The 11th June 1872.

Transfer.—Mr. R. Craig, Supervisor, First Grade, from the Nuddea District to the Dacca Division.

No. 221.

Notification.—In continuation of the orders from this Department, No. 212 of the 7th June 1872, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to notify the following revised arrangements in the Chittagong Commissionership :—

2. The three Districts under the Commissioner of Chittagong will be arranged into two charges, each charge including all provincial and district works and such other imperial works as remain under this Government in each district.

3. The designation and head-quarters will be—

Chittagong District—Head-Quarters Chittagong.

Noakally and Tipperah Districts—Head-Quarters Tipperah.

No. 222.

Appointments.—The following appointments are made with reference to the above arrangements:—

Mr. J. W. Johnson, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is placed in charge of the Chittagong District.

Mr. W. H. Wells, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is placed in charge of the Noakally and Tipperah Districts.

No. 223.

The 15th June 1872.

Transfer.—Mr. A. H. Tyndall, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, Officiating Executive Engineer, Berhampore Division, is transferred to the Second Calcutta Division.

No. 224.

Appointment.—Mr. T. H. Wickes, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Nuddea Rivers' Division, to assume charge of the Berhampore Division, in addition to his own duties.

No. 225.

Notification.—Mr. W. B. Christie, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, joined the Purneah District on the 24th May 1872, before noon.

No. 226.

Leave of Absence.—Baboo Gunnesham Bannerjee, Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Dinagepore Division, for three months, on Medical Certificate, under Supplement F, Section 3, of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 227.

Transfers.—Mr. E. J. P. Fynn, Accountant, Fourth Grade, from the Baroon Division to the Tirhoot District.

No. 228.

The 17th June 1872.

Serjeant H. Hamilton, Overseer, First Grade, from the Purneah District to the Berhampore Division.

LOCAL,—COMMUNICATIONS.

No. 229.

The 18th June 1872.

Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 *of the Government of India.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the con-

struction of a road in extension of the Aul Road to Chandbalee, in the district of Cuttack, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land nine miles in length, and of an average breath of 100 feet, more or less, starting from Aul and running in a north-easterly direction through Killahs Aul and Kanika, and terminating at Chandbalee, in Talook Chundunpore, Pergunnah Kaima, in the aforesaid district of Cuttack, is required.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

COMMUNICATIONS.

No. 230.

The 18th June 1872.

Declaration under Section 4 of Act X of 1870 *of the Government of India.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the erection of suitable godowns for the storing and warehousing of goods brought by and for conveyance in the ferry steamer plying between Carragolah and Sahibgunge in the village of Carragolah, Pergunnah Dhurrumpore, Zillah Purneah, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 beegah and 10 cottahs of standard measurement, bounded—

On the north by the land belonging to the Government in the Public Works Department called the staging bungalow land.

On the south by the river Ganges.

On the east by the land belonging to Baboo Ram Chand of Chandney Chuck, Purneah.

On the west by the lands belonging to the Government called the Ganges and Darjeeling Road land is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Carragolah.

2. This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 4 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

By Order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. LEONARD, C.E.,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. D.

Irrigation.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 142.

The 13th June 1872.

Lieutenant A. D. McArthur, R.E., Assistant Engineer, First Grade, attached to the Sasseram Division, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer of the Dehree and Sasseram Divisions, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. T. B. Stoney, C.E., Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, or until further orders, subject to the confirmation of His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

No. 143.

The 18th June 1872.

Mr. T. Fouracres, Sub-Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the Brahminee Division, is allowed privilege leave for one month, under Supplement F, Section 12, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 11th May 1872.

IRRIGATION.

No. 144.

The 17th June 1872.

The Declarations marginally noted for acquiring land for quarrying rubble stone in connection with the Damoodah Canal Project, and for the first five miles of the Canal, which were made under Sections 2 and 33 of Act VI of 1857, and published at pages 1478 and 1598 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th August and 1st September 1869 respectively are hereby declared to have lapsed from this date.

No. 64, dated 14th August 1869.
„ 76, „ 27th „ „

ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 145.

The 18th June 1872.

Baboo Bishala Churn Mullick, Overseer, First Grade, joined the Cossye Division on the afternoon of the 5th June 1872.

No. 146.

Mr. T. J. McNamara, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, availed himself of the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted on the afternoon of the 29th April 1872.

Notification No. 93, dated 20th April 1872.

No. 147.

Leave.—Baboo Kedarnath Chuckerbutty, Probationary Overseer, Second Grade, attached to the Cuttack Workshop Division, for nine days, on Medical Certificate, from the 2nd March 1872, under Supplement F, Section 3 of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 148.

Transfers.—Mr. A. Monies, Probationary Engineer Apprentice, from the Hidgellee Division to the 24-Pergunnahs Division.

Private M. Doyle, Probationary Overseer, First Grade, from the Cossye Division to the 24-Pergunnahs Division.

No. 149.

Baboo Dwarkanath Mookerjee, Overseer, First Grade, from the Hidgellee Division to the 24-Pergunnahs Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 14th June 1872.

No. 150.

Mr. J. St. Joseph, Sub-Engineer, Second Grade, rejoined the Soane Survey Division from sick leave on the forenoon of the 12th June 1872.

F. T. HAIG, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Irrgn. Branch.

Departmental Notices.

Revenue Survey Department.

No. 40.

Appointment.—Mr. George Hugh O'Donel to be Probationary Assistant Surveyor of the Fourth Grade.

J. MACDONALD, *Major*,
Offg. Supdt. of Reve. Surveys, L. C.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th June 1872.

Revenue Survey Department.

No. 41.

Transfers.—Mr. Edward Clifford Barrett, Assistant Superintendent, Second Grade, (doing duty in the Head-Quarter's Office, Calcutta,) from the Second Division, Central Provinces, to the First Division, Bhawulpoor, from the 1st instant.

Mr. William Alexander Wilson, Assistant Surveyor, First Grade, from the Second Division, North-Western Provinces, to the Rohilcund Division, from the 1st proximo.

J. E. GASTRELL, *Colonel*,
Supdt. of Reve. Surveys, U. C.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th June 1872.

Notice.

BABOO BHOOBONESHUR BOSE has been appointed Money Order Agent at Beauleah, Rajshahye, *vice* Baboo Jadhub Chunder Ghose.

H. A. MANGLES,
Offg. Acct.-Genl., Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 17th June 1872.

Notification.

EXTRA ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER MR. W. C. MULLER has been placed in charge of the Julpigooree Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

By order,
DENONATH MOOKERJEE,
Persl. Asst., for Commr.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, COOCH BEHAR DIVN.,
Julpigooree, the 11th June 1872.

Notice.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO DWARKA NATH RAI has been placed in charge of the Bograh Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

W. LEF. ROBINSON,
Offg. Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHYE DIVN.,
Berhampore, the 14th June 1872.

Notice.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO AMAR NATH BHUTTACHARJEE has been placed in charge of the Pubna Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

W. LEF. ROBINSON,
Offg. Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHYE DIVN.,
Berhampore, the 6th June 1872.

Notification.

BABOO KEDARNATH DUTT, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Pooree Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries from the 29th instant.

T. E. RAVENSHAW,
Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, ORISSA DIVN.,
Cuttack, the 30th May 1872.

Notification.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO LUCHMINARAIN has been placed in charge of the Chumparun Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

By order of the Commissioner,

DURGAGATI BANERJEE,
Personal Assistant to Commr.

PATNA COMMR.'S OFFICE,
The 24th May 1872.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Registrar.

Presidency College—D. P. W. Examination.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for promotion and employment in the Department of Public Works will be held on Monday, the 5th August.

Candidates are requested to forward their applications and fees for admission to the examination to the Principal on or before the 5th July.

J. SUTCLIFFE,
Principal.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE,
The 30th May 1872.

Opium Notification.

No. 356C.

Opium.
A. MONEY, ESQ., C.B.

SEALED Tenders will be received at this office up to 11 A.M. of Tuesday, the 25th instant, for removing all the chests of Abkaree and Provision Opium which may be brought down to the Presidency from the Patna and Ghazeepore Opium Factories by Rail, during a period of one year, from the East Indian Railway Company's Station at Armenian Ghât to the Government Opium godowns situated within the Custom House premises, and there stacking them as the Intendant in charge will from time to time direct.

2. The Tenders should state the rate per hundred chests, all charges to be incurred being included. A security to the extent of one thousand rupees must be deposited by the party whose Tender may be accepted.

3. The Member in charge does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Member in charge.

T. B. LANE,
Secretary.

BOARD OF REV., L.P., FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th June 1872.

Opium Notification.

No. 318C.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1870-71, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Thursday, the 4th July 1872, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,575 Chests, *viz.*:—

	Chests.
Behar Opium	2,000
Benares „	1,575
Total Chests ...	3,575

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual: they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 10th November 1871, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th July respectively; that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 9th July 1872, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 19th July 1872.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 5th August 1872	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Sept. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Tuesday, 1st October „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Wednesday, 6th Nov. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Dec. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
Total Chests ...	10,000	7,875	17,875

By order of the Member in charge,
T. B. LANE,
BOARD OF REV., FORT WILLIAM, *Secretary.*
The 28th May 1872.

Sheriff's Office, the 11th June 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Criminal Session of the year 1872 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the eighth day of July next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

JOHN COWIE,
Sheriff.

শরিফ আফিস ১৮৭২ সাল ১১ জুন।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামি ৮ জুলাই সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭২ সালের ষষ্টম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্দ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে ঐ সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি সন ১৮৭২ সাল তারিখ ১১ জুন।

JOHN COWIE,
Sheriff.

NOTICE.

THE following Packages landed from the undermentioned Ships are lying unclaimed at the Custom House. If the Goods are not cleared on or before the dates stated against each item they will be sold under Section 57 of Act VI of 1863 for the realization of duty, wharfage, and other charges:—

Date of Sale.			Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
1872, June	22nd	...	2 Cases, N. & Co., Calcutta, L	... Peshawur.
1872, July	13th	...	1 Parcel, T. M. Robinson, Esq., Calcutta	... Meinam.
„	13th	...	1 Case, Mr. Lamaroux (defaced)	... Ditto.
„	13th	...	1 Parcel, Major-General W. R. Cunningham, Director-General of the Archæological Survey of India, Calcutta.	Ditto.
„	13th	...	1 Tin Box, Frederick C. Brun, Esq., care of McCarthy, Esq., at Messrs. Newman & Co., Booksellers, Calcutta.	Ditto.
„	13th	...	1 Bag, K P C	... Dacca.
„	13th	...	2 Cases, [G B M]	... Patna.
„	13th	...	2 Cases, N. & Co., Calcutta, L	... Sumatra.
„	13th	...	1 Case, Mrs. D. M. Stewart, Calcutta, No. 10, also General Stewart, Aldershot.	Ditto.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 18th June 1872.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1872.			
June 3rd	28 Cases, A	Order	Oxfordshire.
„ 3rd	1 Case, addressed	F. P. Beachcroft	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, C. & Co.	Grindlay & Co.	Ditto.
„ 3rd	4 Cases, C. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, C. & Co., Stores	Ditto	Ditto.
„ 3rd	3 Cases, [D] B S	Order	Ditto.
„ 3rd	3 Cases, [555] D. & Co.	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	3 Cases, [30] E. & Co.	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	15 Cases, [78] E D J	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, F. C. & Co.	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, [G W]	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	2 Cases, H. M. & Co.	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, [H]	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	2 Plates of Iron, no mark	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	2 Cases, J E B	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	2 Cases, [J. D. S. & Co.] G.	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, K S	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	4 Cases, K M N	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	6 Packages, [K. D. & Co., 148] B. E. & Co.	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, [K N N]	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	5 Packages, addressed	W. Loyd, Esq.	Ditto.
„ 3rd	2 Cases, [18] M. C. & Co.	Order	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, [13] M. C. & Co.	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Keg, [M. C. D. & Co.]	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, addressed	Moharajah, Benares	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, [N D M P, 13] E R	Order	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Cask, 28, N I	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	2 Casks, O N C C	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Cask, [P I C C]	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, [P & S] S & P	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	3 Cases, R C D	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, [U. H. & Co.]	Ullman, Hirschhorn & Co.	Ditto.
„ 3rd	3 Cases, W H	Order	Ditto.
„ 3rd	3 Cases, W M	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, W C S P	Grindlay & Co.	Ditto.
„ 3rd	7 Cases, W G R	G. Arbuthnot & Co.	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Package, [X]	Order	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Carriage, no mark	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Keg, no mark	„	Ditto.
„ 3rd	1 Case, W C S B	Grindlay & Co.	Ditto.

CALCUTTA,
The 17th June 1872.

WM. DUFF BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*

(1264-1)

CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4790	A/96 12279	100	Poorno Chunder Goopto.
4793	A/83 63527	50	Thacoordoss Johory.
4794	A/00 23560	100	Raja Jotendro Coomar Tagore.
	,, 88881	100	
	,, 46921	100	
	,, 93553	100	
	,, 94140	100	
	,, 94139	100	
	,, 94138	100	
4798	A/00 64469	100	Porickhit Mookerjee.
4802	A/88 78063	50	Chief Inspr., Frontr. Travg. Post Office, Allahabad.
4807	A/83 78522	50	Ramtarac Kor.
4809	A/00 24084	100	T. Jones.
4810	A/96 54775	10	R. Jones.
4811	A/47 13689	1000	Trilochun Nundy.
	A/46 70058	500	
	A/49 33446	500	
	A/37 94680	100	
	A/88 68566	100	
	,, 62037	100	
	A/39 38946	100	
	A/80 71959	100	
	A/13 05290	100	
	,, 16549	100	
	,, 11443	100	
	,, 06984	100	
	A/14 05072	100	
	A/70 58412	100	
	A/55 98882	50	
4812	A/85 71297	500	Said Hosan Noeb.
	A/90 70970	100	
	A/53 07643	50	
	,, 48992	50	
	A/00 05414	100	
	A/70 35030	100	
	A/86 54492	1000	
	,, 71087	1000	
4814	A/83 76901	50	Coonjo Behary Nundy.
4819	A/09 05671	20	The Depy. Post-Master, Calcutta.
4820	A/83 04614	50	G. M. Laren.
4821	A/90 69572	100	Grindlay and Co.
4822	A/24 03495	50	Baroda Doss Bose.
4823	A/90 63747	100	Mongle Chunder Aus.
	,, 63748	100	
	,, 63749	100	
	A/83 53968	50	
4824	A/70 57860	100	Zahoor Hossein.
4825	A/85 85819	500	Kamenee Coomud Mookerjee.
	A/86 93371	50	
4826	A/56 75967	100	Jodoonath Ghose.
	A/86 02865	100	
4834	A/64 95608	100	Shaikh Koodrah Tollah.
4838	L/1 53771	10	Gungachurn Shome.
4845	A/90 87747	100	The Dist. Supdt. of Police, Hooghly.
	A/64 95605	100	
4846	A/86 76979	1000	Doolychund Kandary Mull.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4788	A/86 80554	1,000	Noor Khan.
4789	A/93 63787	20	Bhagoban Chunder Ghose.
4792	A/97 97565	10	Hurbhujan Loll.
	A/98 29787	10	
	A/97 20264	10	
	A/80 02196	10	
	A/90 01555	10	
4797	A/83 48122	50	A. Mackenzie.
	,, 73203	50	
4799	A/14 57550	20	Bhobanychurn Dutt.
4803	A/96 82912	10	Madhubchunder Chuckerbutty.
	,, 82901	10	
4804	A/94 56827	20	Sreechurn Roy.
4806	A/95 83665	10	Promothonath Bose.
	,, 23552	10	
4807	A/83 78523	50	Ramtarak Kar.
4808	A/66 47342	10	Watts and Co.
	A/67 54024	10	
4818	A/66 80559	10	Nilmoney Paul.
4804	L/1 04902	10	Sreechurn Roy.
4827	A/96 40155	10	Deepchund Roy.
	,, 40154	10	
4828	A/98 84916	10	Bissumbher Dutt.
4829	A/96 32082	10	Tippoo Mull.
	A/83 40576	50	
	A/00 17672	100	
	,, 01920	100	
4830	A/94 93279	20	Williyat Hossein.
4831	A/94 65766	cach.	Roghonath Pandey.
	A/82 94338		
	A/95 54210		
	,, 51802		
	,, 56061		
	,, 77356		
	A/94 34028		
	A/95 07631		
	A/99 00532		
	,, 32396		
	A/94 10482		
	,, 12917		
	A/93 30964		
	A/71 94454		
	A/94 58406	20	
	A/99 13209		
	A/94 61523		
	A/72 46246		
	A/94 47924		
	,, 77932		
	A/82 75627		
	A/99 25554		
	A/99 26113		
	,, 43542		
	A/93 13320		
	,, 27571		
	,, 58401		
	A/94 91766		
	A/95 01411		
	A/94 81910		
	A/85 62675	50	
	A/84 07663	100	
	A/65 78045	500	
4837	A/00 08796	100	Jahangeer Khan.
	,, 08797	100	
	,, 08798	100	
	,, 08799	100	
	,, 08800	100	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value..	Name of Claiman
		Rs.	
4839	A/79 27190	20	Messrs. J. D'Cruz & Co.
4840	A/97 13282	10	G. Seals.
4842	A/94 83907	20	Roghonath Banerjee.
	,, 83908	20	
4843	A/79 41452	10	M. J. McDonald.
545 B	A/11 74819	50	H. P. Rustan.

Wrongly joined.

4791	A/6 79744	10	Dabendro Chunder Bysack.
	A/10 74889		
4795	A/72 59556	20	Grindlay and Co.
	,, 59553		
4796	A/90 89472	20	G. Groves.
	,, 89471		
4800	A/85 29719	50	Meer Aftaff Ooddeen.
	,, 29716		
4805	A/05 43472	10	Gopalchunder Auddy.
	A/79 07014		
4816	A/78 16542	10	J. Gordon.
	,, 16545		
4737	A/78 87481	10	Trevor Lloyd.
	,, 87480		
4835	A/98 30509	10	Gosiedoss Seal.
	,, 30506		
4836	A/09 54057	20	Mohesh Chunder Roodder.
	,, 54058		
4841	A/80 91223	10	W. W. Kiernander.
	,, 91225		
4844	A/97 95042	10	W. N. Love.
	,, 95043		

H. G. COWIE,
Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 17th June 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 2,989 acres, situate in the District of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (chapter XXVI of the Rules of the Board of Revenue") will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees 5 an acre, on the 2nd day of September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

Boundaries.

North—Dangori River.
South—Kotaljan.
East—Jungle.
West—Dangori River.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Dy. Commissioner.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 3rd June 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 2,405 acres and 3 roods, situate in the District of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (chapter XXVI of the Rules of the Board of Revenue") will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees 2-8 an acre, on the 2nd day of September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

Boundaries.

East—Singlijan and jungle.
West—Jungle and Grant No. 27 F.S.
North—Jungle.
South—Jungle.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Dy. Commissioner.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 3rd June 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 1,233 acres, situate in the District of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (chapter XXVI of the Rules of the Board of Revenue") will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees 5 an acre, on the 2nd day of September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

Boundaries.

North—Kotaljan.
South—Jungle.
East—Kotaljan.
West—Jungle and Grant No. 100 F.S.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Dy. Commissioner.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 3rd June 1872.

Notice.

Sale of Waste Lands.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned lot of waste land estimated to consist of about 300 acres, more or less, situated in Mouzah Thengal, Zillah Seebsagur, and bounded as shewn at foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of two rupees eight annas per acre, on the 2nd August 1872, at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Seebsagur, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary

to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

Boundaries of Lot.

North—Doi or Gotonga Jan.
South—Kachari Pathar, Dageer Hola, and Grant No. 93.
East—Kamarbunda Allee and Mr. Raban's pottah land.
West—Dageer Hola and Grant No. 84.

A. E. CAMPBELL, *Major*,
Deputy Commissioner.

ZILLAH SEEBSAGUR, DY. COMMR.'s OFFICE,
The 13th April 1872.

Postal Notice.

CONSEQUENT upon a reduction of the rate of postage on letters from the United Kingdom to Bermuda, the rate of postage chargable on letters posted in India addressed to Bermuda has been reduced to 12 annas per ½ oz. *viâ* Brindisi, and to 10 annas per ½ oz. *viâ* Southampton. The new rates above mentioned include the additional 8 pie per ½ oz. prescribed by the Government Notification (Financial Department) No. 3584, dated the 17th May 1872.

F. R. HOGG,
For Director-Genl. of the Post Office of India.

SIMLA,
The 13th June 1872.

List of Remaining and Unclaimed Letters accumulated in the Calcutta Post Office during the week ending 15th June 1872.

Attendorff, A. C.
Ardwin, P.
Brown, Dr. E. B.
Byrne, P.
Brown, E.
Beards, Mrs. T.
Bicket, Mrs. E.
Burrow, Mr.
Brukowsky, J. & Co.
Croad, W.
Cumming, J. T.
Chapman, F.
Davies, C. L.
Dill, E.
Dons, C. R.
D'Cruze, Miss S.
Dashwood, W.
Delano, Miss M.
Dickro, Mr.
Engel, J. G. H.
Fressaures, S. J.
Grey, R. E.
Gosslin, Mrs.
Greeve, E.
Godfrey, N.
Gartner, H.
Hamilton, R.
Hoane, H.
Hand, Mrs. R. G.
Hinde, H. M.
Issai, G. G.
Inglis, Mrs. S.
Jameson, G.
Jones, Major G. T.
Kaiser, T.
Kinsey, H. W.
Lemasuer, Mrs.
Lab, J.
Ligès.
Lurrage, Mrs. G.
Mavre, C. E
Meloss, Mrs. J.
Mullins, H. W.
Moonside, Mrs. S.
Magee, Lt.
Mansons, G.
Magee, H. W.
Mooney, J.
Ogilvie, J. B.
Palmer, Messrs.
Rudolphsen, G.
Reuben, Mrs. M.
Rousseau, Mrs.
Ross, The Hon'ble Lady
Rajandro Bose.
Russell, Mrs.
Shuldreeh, T.
Spalding, Mrs.
Solominich, Mrs.
Wheeler, Mrs. C.
Wilkinson, Mrs. S. C.
Welch, J.
Wegueline, Mrs. D. C.
Watson, James.
Williams, Col. R. E.
Williams, Thos.
Young, J.

E. R. DOUGLAS,
Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.

Postal Notice.

SEA AND OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer
Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulmein ...	7 P.M.	21st June	*Makratta.*
Ceylon and the Australian Colonies.	7 „	26th „	

The next Overland Mail *viâ* Bombay will close on Tuesday, the 25th June 1872.

2. Book Post and Pattern Packets must be posted on the 24th.

N.B.—The letter box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two annas on each cover will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four annas on each cover up to 8 P.M., and after 8 up to 9 P.M., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât.

E. R. DOUGLAS,
Offg. Post Master.

CALCUTTA,
The 18th June 1872.

Postal Notice.

UNDER instructions from the London General Post Office, it is intimated that the postage on letters between the United Kingdom and Bermuda, when conveyed direct by packet *viâ* Halifax, has been reduced from 8 annas to 4 annas per ½ oz.

This reduction will also apply to letters from India forwarded through the United Kingdom addressed to Bermuda, and they will henceforth be charged 10 annas 8 pie per ½ oz. when sent *viâ* Brindisi, and 8 annas 8 pie per ½ oz. when sent *viâ* Southampton.

E. R. DOUGLAS,
Offg. Post Master.

CALCUTTA,
The 18th June 1872.

Insolvent Notices.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of PARE PITTAR, an Insolvent.

ON Saturday, the 1st day of June instant, it was ordered that the said Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 1,967-5-11 to and amongst the creditors (who have subsequently proved their claims upon the estate of the said Insolvent) as a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent., and that the said Assignee be allowed a commission of 5 per cent. on the sum to be distributed.

A. B. Miller,—*Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of JADOOBINDOO SIRCAR, late of Colootollah, in the Town of Calcutta, trader, and now a prisoner in the Presidency Jail of Calcutta, an Insolvent.

NOTICE that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 17th day of June instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effect of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Trailakyanauth Roya, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of KISSORYMOHUN ROKHIT, an Insolvent.

ON Saturday, the 7th day of June instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI Vic., cap. 21, as to all persons named in his schedule as creditors or claiming to be creditors respectively.

Sims & Mitter, *Attorneys.*

IN the matter of THOMAS GAYNOR, an Insolvent.

ON Friday, the 14th day of June instant, it was ordered that Saturday, the 3rd day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally, as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liabilities for debts, claims, and demands, of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

I. N. Mackertich, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of JULIUS POSNER, of No. 12, Park Street, in the Town of Calcutta, and carrying on business in partnership with Hermann. Rautenberg at Nos. 11 and 14, Radha Bazar Lane, in Calcutta aforesaid, as Merchants, Agents, and Brokers, under the style or firm of Posner and Rautenberg, and also carrying on business in partnership with the said H. Rautenberg at Agra, Cawnpore, and Delhi, in the North-Western Provinces of India, as Merchants and Commission Agents, under the style or firm of "J. Posner & Co.," an Insolvent.

NOTICE that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Saturday, the first day of June instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Carruthers and Dignam, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 18th June 1872.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

Notice.

MR. LEWIS GELHARD and MR. GEORGE APPEL are authorized to sign our firm per procuration from this date.

The power-of-attorney held by Mr. E. Pilgram for the same purpose has been withdrawn.

RENTIERS AND CO.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th June 1872. (1262—3)

Wanted,

A SHERISHTADAR for the Collector's Office, Shahabad. He must be thoroughly acquainted with Revenue Law and Procedure, and able to read and write both English and Urdoo well. All applications, together with copies of testimonials, should be forwarded to the undersigned before the 25th of June.

H. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 8th June 1872.

Notice.

WANTED an Accountant for the Sarun Collectorate; salary Rs. 50 (rising up to Rs. 70) a month. Candidates must possess a thorough knowledge of accounts and treasury rules and a fair acquaintance with Hindustani. Hindustanies preferred. Applications with copies of testimonials will be received up to the 25th of June 1872.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Collector.

SARUN COLLECTORATE,
The 11th June 1872.

Caution.

PUBLIC are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way dealing with the undermentioned Government Promissory Notes belonging to the estate of Joygopaul Bysack, deceased, but standing in the name of his widow, Sreemutty Breejessory Dassee. Sreemutty Bhoobun Mohiney Dassee, the only daughter and heiress in reversion, is about to institute a suit against the said widow to divest her of the estate and to have a Receiver appointed to restrain waste thereof. Any one purchasing or in any way dealing with the same will do so at his own risk and peril:—

No. 013347 of 1842-43 of the 4 per cent Loan, for Rs. 20,900.

No. 013348 of 1842-43 of the 4 per cent Loan for Rs. 30,000.

No. 013349 of 1842-43 of the 4 per cent Loan, for Rs. 15,000.

D. C. DUTT,
Attorney-at-Law.

CALCUTTA,
The 8th June 1872. (1255—3)

Estate Charles Harrington Barnes, deceased.

NOTICE.

CERTAIN properties belonging to the Planter and Landholder Mr. C. H. Barnes, an European British subject, some time of Bhaugulpore, Purneah, Darjeeling, and lastly of Julpigooree, who is reported by the Judge of Julpigooree District to have died intestate at the last mentioned station, are under the seal of this Court, and will be made over to any party legally entitled to receive the same.

J. M. LOWIS,
Offg. Judge.

BHAUGULPORE DISTRICT, JUDGE'S COURT,
The 12th June 1872 (1261—3)

Calcutta Landing and Shipping Company, "Limited."

NOTICE.

THE Eighteenth Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, 2, Hare Street, on Wednesday, 26th instant, at noon, for the purpose of receiving the Directors' report, passing the accounts for the half-year ended 30th April last, declaring a dividend, and transacting any other business which may be brought forward.

By order,
GEORGE LOWEN,
Manager.

2, HARE STREET,
June 1st, 1872. (1245—2)

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 11th June 1872.

LIABILITIES.		Rs. As. P.
Proprietors' Capital, paid-up		2,20,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund		15,28,761 1 8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office ...	Rs. 1,81,81,892 13 10	4,03,00,523 9 3
General Treasury Balance at Branches ...	Rs. 2,21,18,630 11 5	
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches ...		3,18,07,443 11 7
Bank Post Bills, &c.		22,76,599 14 8
Sundries		11,18,591 12 1
		9,90,31,920 1 3

ASSETS.		Rs. As. P.
Government Securities		1,62,66,288 10 0
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches		40,95,689 6 1
Accounts of Credit on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches		21,25,477 11 0
Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches		2,30,37,645 4 2
Dead Stock		11,91,964 1 0
Stamps		13,074 0 0
Balances with other Banks		8,79,769 13 6
Sundries		2,87,548 0 5
		4,78,97,456 14 2
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office ...	Rs. 1,32,79,982 0 1	5,11,34,463 8 1
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches ...	Rs. 3,78,54,481 3 0	
		9,90,31,920 1 3

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL, *Calcutta, 13th June* 1872.

J. GORDON, *Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.*

R. HARDIE, *Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.*

(1259—1)

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Richard Dodd and John Phillips Thomas, Insolvents, Firms of "R. Thomas and Company" and "Thomas and Company."

Notice is hereby given that the Hon'ble the Presiding Commissioner has fixed Saturday, the sixth day of July next, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of claims in the above estate. Dated this 13th day of June 1872.

A. B. MILLER, *Official Assignee.*

CALCUTTA, *The 13th June* 1872. (1258—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Bhaugulpore.

CITATION

Under Section 250, *Indian Succession Act X of* 1865.

In the matter of the estate of Serjeant James McHugh, deceased.

WHEREAS an application under the Indian Succession Act, 1865, for letters of administration to the estate of Serjeant McHugh, deceased, late of Monghyr, has been made by one of his sons Samuel McHugh, (Assistant in the Government Secretariat at Allahabad, North-Western Provinces,) and whereas the 11th day of July 1872 has been fixed for the hearing of this case, notice is hereby given that any person having any interest in the administration of the estate of the said deceased may, if he desire, appear in this Court on the said day before noon, and show cause why the application of the said Samuel McHugh should not be granted.

Dated this 11th day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

J. M. LOWIS, *Offg. Judge of the Districts of Bhaugulpore and Monghyr*

(1260—3)

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, pursuant to a decree of the High Court, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 187 of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, wherein Ram Chunder Paul, residing at No. 141, Barranossy Ghose's Street, Jorasanko, in the Town of Calcutta, is plaintiff, and Jadub Chunder Shaw and Sreemutty Opoorbomoney Dossee, residing at Mooktaram Baboo's Street, in Chorebagaun, in Calcutta aforesaid, are defendants, on and bearing date the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, by the Registrar of the said Court, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, at the new High Court building on Saturday, the sixth day of July next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, that is to say:—

All that brick-built messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, together with the land thereunto belonging, and on part of which the same is erected and built, containing by estimation eleven cottahs and four chittacks, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying, and being No. 8, (formerly No. 21-6), Mooktaram Baboo's Street, Chorebagaun, in the Town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded in manner following; that is to say, on the west by a public lane; on the south by the house and premises of Kally Coomar Ghose and Heera Loll Shaw; on the north by the house and premises of Thacoor Doss Mookerjee and Troylucko-money Dossee, and on the east by Government drain.

For further particulars, apply at the Office of Messieurs Judge and Gangooly, Solicitors for the plaintiff abovenamed; No. 3, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION, REGISTRAR'S OFFICE, *Calcutta, the 4th day of June* 1872.

(1252—2.)

In Chancery.

In the *matter* of the (English) Companies' Acts 1862 and 1867, and in the *matter* of the Life Assurance Companies' Act 1870, and in the matter of the European Assurance Society.

All persons and bodies corporate in British India insured in the European Assurance Society, and all other persons and bodies corporate in British India being creditors of, or having claims against, the said Society, are required, on or before the fifteenth day of September 1872, to send their names and addresses, and particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors, if any, to Charles John Bunyon, William Pollard Pattison, and Stephen Philpot Low, the Official Liquidators of the said Society, either at the office of William Joseph Curtoys, of Messrs. Grindlay and Co., No. 6, Strand, Calcutta, or at the office of Charles James Groom, of Messrs. Grindlay, Groom and Co., Bombay, the Constituted Attorneys in India of the said Official Liquidators and of the said European Assurance Society appointed with the approval of the Court.

Dated at Calcutta, this 10th day of June 1872.

C. J. Bunyon,
W. P. Pattison,
S. P. Low,
} *Official Liquidators.*

By their Attorney,
W. J. Curtoys.

(1266—3)

Stolen,

On the night of the 8th June from the person, the undermentioned Government of India Notes, *viz.*:—

No. $\frac{A}{85}$ 85419, for Rs. 500.
„ $\frac{A}{70}$ 33459, for „ 100.
„ $\frac{A}{93}$ 93371, for „ 50.
„ $\frac{A}{04}$ 04141, for „ 50 Bombay Circle.

Total Rs. ... 700

K. C. Mookerjee.

Bankipore,
The 10th June 1872. (1256—3)

Lost,

Share certificates for 25 shares in the Tukvar Tea Company, Nos. 598 to 609, 2429 to 2434, and 3319 to 3325.

(1257—*f. n.*)

NOTICE.

Bengalee Edition of the Acts of Government.

The Acts of the Government of India, and those of the Government of Bengal, will, after publication in the *Bengalee Government Gazette*, be printed, in pamphlet form, for sale to the public, at a price which will be fixed in each instance to cover the cost of printing and paper. The first of the series will be the Criminal Procedure Act, now in the Press, the price of which will be Rs. 1-4 per copy.

Notice.

Copies of Act VII of 1871, the Indian Emigration Act, in Urdoo and Hindee, can be obtained on application at the Bengal Secretariat at 8 annas per copy.

Notice.

The 6th March 1872.

NOW PUBLISHED

The Quarterly Civil List for Bengal, No. XXIII., corrected up to 1st April 1872.

Price Rs. 3—*Postage annas* 5.

To be had at the Bengal Secretariat, Chowringhee.

Just Published.

Bengal Official Army List.

Corrected up to April 1, 1872.

The Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is added a Non-Official Supplement, containing the latest corrected Civil List, &c., &c., *Price Rs.* 5; *and* 8 *annas extra for packing and postage.*

Central Provinces Gazetteer.

Edition of 1870 in one Vol.

A limited number of the above work, strongly bound in cloth, octavo size, for sale at Rs. 12 per vol., exclusive of postage charge. Apply to

Messrs. Thacker, Vinning, *Bombay,*
Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., *Calcutta,*
or to Supdt., Chief Commr.'s Office, Nagpur.

WASTE LAND RULES,

Being Chap. XXVI. of the Rules of the Board of Revenue

Price, 4 annas. Packing and postage charges, 2 annas extra.

Calcutta: Office of Supdt. of Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street.

The Indian Financial Almanack for 1872,
Price 4 annas; postage 1 anna.

Selections from Unpublished Records of Government for the years 1748 to 1767 inclusive. Relating mainly to the social condition of Bengal With a Map of Calcutta in 1784. By the Rev. J. Long, Member of the Government Record Commission. Price Rs. 5; packing and postage 1 Rupee extra.

Selections from Calcutta Gazettes of the years 1816 to 1823 inclusive, showing the political and social condition of the English in India upwards of fifty years ago. By Hugh David Sandeman, C.S., Accountant-General, Bengal, and Member of the Record Commission. Volume I, 3 Rs., and Volumes II, III, IV, and V, at 5 Rs. each; packing and postage 1 Rupee extra.

The above to be had at the Office of Superintendent of Government Printing, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

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For one year without postage Rs.	15	0	0
Do. with postage ... „	20	0	0

When postage stamps are remitted in payment of subscription, half an anna in the rupee should be added for discount.

Administrator-General's Office.

NOTICE.

Admitted claims against the undermentioned Estates are payable on Tuesday and Friday as usual:—

Estates.	Claims or dividend.	Rates of dividend per rupee.
* Blackwood, A., Lieutenant-Colonel, late in the Bengal Staff Corps ...	Claims	... in full.
* Burgess, T. C., late a Telegraph Master at Jeypore, Rajpootana	Ditto	... ditto.
Creagh, P., late a Barrister-at-Law, practising in the High Court at Calcutta	1st dividend	... at 2 as. 6¼ pie.
Gammell, A., Lieutenant-Colonel, late of the 1st Battalion of Her Majesty's 11th Regiment of Foot	2nd ditto	... at 2 as. 6 pie.
Haslewood, W. K., Major, late in the Invalid Establishment	1st ditto	... at 7 as. 2¼ pie.
Ledger, Charles, late an Inspector in the Traffic Department, East Indian Railway	1st ditto	.. at 4 as. 2⅔ pie.
* McMullan, William, late an Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent at Sandee	Claims	... in full.
* Melville, A. B., Captain, late in Her Majesty's Bengal Staff Corps ...	Ditto	... ditto.
McNaughton, D., late a Tea-planter, Roopachurra Tea Garden	1st dividend	... at 3 as. 4¾ pie.
Munro, Daniel, Quarter-Master, late in Her Majesty's 58th Regiment ...	1st ditto	... at 7 as. 1 pie.
Newbatt, C. H., late a Clerk in the Chief Commissioner's office, Rangoon, and formerly an officer in the army	1st ditto	... at 5 as. 7½ pie.
* Roach, M. A., Mrs., late widow of J. H. Roach, late a Member of the firm of Messrs. Roach Brothers of Tezpore, in Assam	Claims	... in full.
Taylor, John, late of the Stud Department, Hissir	1st dividend	... at 3 as. 1⅔ pie.
* Weld, George, Lieutenant-Colonel, late of Chunar, in the Bengal Staff Corps	Claims	... in full.
Woodson, H., late an Inspector of Bengal Police at Bancoorah ...	1st dividend	... at 7 as. per rupee.

N.B.—Persons interested in the surplus of the Estates marked* are requested to make immediate application to the Officiating Administrator-General, forwarding documentary evidence of their claims.

Persons presenting receipts for payment are requested at the same time to produce the registry certificates which have been granted to them from this office.

C. J. WILKINSON,
Offg. Administrator-General.

CALCUTTA,
The 18th December 1872.

(1265—1)

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS, at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 23, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—June 19, 1872.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1872.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of Class C lands, no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situated in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate on Saturday, the 22nd of June 1872, corresponding with 9th Assar 1279 *B.S.*

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions :—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plots will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders above the upset price.

Number of Statement of Government Estates.	Number of the District Roll.	Names of Estates and Pergunnahs.	Approximate area in Acres.	Upset Price.
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.
131	4018	Bhodrokallee, Pergunnah Boro ...	9 2 27	920 0 0
132	4019	Kotrung, ditto ditto ...	20 0 26	1,960 0 0
133	4020	Koonnuggur, ditto ditto ...	12 3 22	1,100 0 0

HOOGHLY,
The 6th May 1872.

F. H. PELLEW, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary rights of Government to the undermentioned estate, situated in the district of Patna, will be put up to sale at the Patna Collectorate on the 25th June 1872, corresponding with 4th Asarh 1279 F.S.

The purchasers of this estate will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100 the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the bulance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled; the sum deposited being forfeited to Government and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertizement as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The estate will be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estate.	Number in the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government Revenue.				Remarks.
				Revenue assessed.	Road Cess.	Total.	Upset price.	
			A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
222	164	Chuck Hajreh and Chuck Chunda *alias* Khoo·umpore, Pergunnah Sandha, with Malikanah.	20 3 25	18 9 0	0 3 0	18 12 0	32 0 0	The area as per settlement papers and sudder jumma of the entire 16 annas are entered in cols. 4 and 5. The rights and interests of Government in the confiscated share of Beharee Roy and Gundouree Roy, absconded offenders, will be sold.

PATNA COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 14th May 1872.

A. C. MANGLES, *Offg. Collector.*

اشتہار نامہ کچہري کلکٹري ضلع پٹنہ

اس تحریر کے رو سے اطلاع دیجاتي ہی کہ استحقاق ملکیت سرکار واقع محال مفصلہ ذیل علاقہ ضلع پٹنہ بتاریخ ۵ ماہ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع مطابق ۴ اساڑ سنہ ۱۲۷۹ فصلے روز منگل کو کچہري کلکٹري ضلع پٹنہ مین نیلام کیا جایگا ۰ دفعہ ۲ خریداران اس محال کو پاي بندے شرایط مفصلہ الذیل کا کرنا ہوگا ۰

شرایط اول

اگر تعداد زرسمن یک سو روپیہ سے زیادہ نہو تو کل تعداد زرسمن فورا داخل کے جایگي ۰

شرایط دوم

اگر تعداد زرسمن سو روپیہ سے زیادہ ہو تو اوسکا یک ربع فورا داخل کیا جایگا اور اگر باقي روپیہ نیلام کے پندرھوین روز وقت دو پہر تک اداي نہ کیا جاے اوس پندرہ روز نیلام ہی شامل ہی یا اگر پندرھوین روز تعطیل عام ہو اور اوسکي بعد کھولنے کچہري کے اول روز کے دو پہر تک اداي نہ کیا جاے تو نیلام منسوخ ہوکر زر مداخلہ سرکار مین ضبط کیا جایگا اور محال مذکور مشتہر اشتہار حسب طریقہ نیلام اول کے خریدار باقیدار کے ذمہ داري پر مکرر نیلام کیا جایگا فقط ۰

شرایط سوم

قیمت مظہرہ سرکار سے جو شخص سب سے زیادہ بولے بولیگا اوسکي نام نیلام ختم ہوگا ۰

محالات مندرجہ نقشہ محالات سرکار نمبر ۲۲۲	نمبر توزیع نمبر ۱۶۴	نام محال بقید پرگنہ چک هاجرہ و چک چانڈا عرف خورم پور پوگنہ سانڈہ معہ مالکانہ	رقبہ بحساب اِکر			مالگذاري سرکار		کیفیت
			اِکر	روڈ	پول	جمع مشخصے ۱۸۰۹ سڑک میزان ۱۸۰۱۲	قیمت مظہرہ نیلام ۳۲	رقبہ و جمع مندرجہ خانہ ۴ و ۵ دروبست سول آنہ کا ہی و حقوق سرکار حصہ مین بہاري راي و گندوري راي مدعا علیہم مفرور بعلت هلاکت پرشاد راي وغیرہ ضبط سرکار مین ہی بموجب حکم صاحبان بورڈ نمبر ۹۷ مرقومہ ۳ اپریل سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع و یادداشت کمشنري نمبر ۳۹ مرقومہ ۱۲ ماہ اپریل سنہ ۱۸۷۲ نیلام ہوگا ۰

اي: سي: منگلس
کلکٹر

تحریر بتاریخ ۱۴ ماہ مے سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government to the undermentioned plots of Class B land, situated in the district of Hooghly, relinquished by the East Indian Railway Company and resumed and taken possession of by Government, will be put up to sale at the Hooghly Collectorate at 11 A.M. on Saturday, the 22nd June, corresponding with 9th of Ashar 1279 *B.S.*

2. The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions :—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plots will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders above the upset prices, with the addition of the following condition :—

The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings.

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate Area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.	Upset Prices.
					A. R. P.	*From 6 miles 1,800 feet to 3,375 feet.*		Rs. As. P.
51	Hooghly ...	Pergunnah Boroe, Mouzah Bhuddercally.	7	East ...	3 1 9	North—Road under culvert No. 21. South—Road under culvert No. 20. West—Railway fencing. East—Jote land of Gopal Mondoll, Sree Nauth Moudoll, Poran Moudoll, Chunder Poramanik, Bisso Nauth Roy, Gour Haldar, Shiboo Chandol and Jodoo Hathy. *From 6 miles 1,890 feet to 2,460 feet.*	Jack 1 ... Date 1.	600 0 0
52	ditto ...	ditto ...	7	West ...	1 1 12	South—Road under culvert No. 20. North—Corner of Gopal Mondoll's Jote land and land of lot No. 53. East—Railway fencing. West—Jote land of Shiboo Chungo. *From 6 miles 2,460 feet to 2,990 feet.*	Tal 1 ...	240 0 0
53	ditto ...	ditto ...	7	ditto ...	1 0 39	South—Land of lot No. 52, and corner of Gopal Mondoll's Jote land. North—Corner of Bycunto Ghose's Jote land. East—Railway fencing. West—Gopal Mondoll's Jote land. *From 6 miles 2,990 feet to 3,380 feet.*	.....	225 0 0
54		ditto ...	7	ditto ...	0 3 18	North—Road under culvert No. 21. South—Corner of Gopal Mondoll's land. West—Land belonging to Bejoy Nauth Chatterjee. East—Railway fencing.	Bamboo clusters 2 and sundry trees.	150 0 0

CALCUTTA ;
RAILWAY DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 18th May 1872.

OBHOY CHURN MULLICK,
Railway Deputy Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plot of land no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Patna, will be put up to sale at the Patna Collectorate on the 19th July 1872, corresponding with 28th Asarh 1279 F.S.

The purchasers of this plot will be subject to the following conditions :—

1st.—If the amount of the purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2nd.—If the amount of the purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3rd.—The plot will be sold revenue free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estate.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government Revenue.			Upset Price.
				Revenue assessed.	Road cess.	Total.	
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P
229	542	Purayo Khas, Pergunnah Munair.	10 2 30	.....	.....	.....	1,022 0 0

PATNA COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 27th May 1872.

A. C. MANGLES, *Officiating Collector.*

اشتہار نامہ کچہري کلکٹري ضلع پٹنہ ۔

اس تحریر کے رو سے اطلاع دیجاتے ہی کہ ٹکڑہ اراضے مفصلہ الذیل واقع ضلع پٹنہ کہ جسکي درکار سرکار کوہي ہی بتاریخ ۱۹ ماہ جولاي سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع مطابق ۲۸ ماہ حال سنہ ۱۲۷۹ فصلے روز جمعہ کچہري کلکٹري ضلع پٹنہ مین نیلام کیا جایگا دفعہ ۲ خریداران اراضے کو پاي بندي شرایط مفصلہ الذیل کا کرنا ہوگا ۔

شرایط اول ۔

اگر تعداد زر سمن یک سو روپیہ سے زیادہ نہو تو کل تعداد زر سمن فورا داخل کے جاینگي ۔

شرایط دوم ۔

اگر تعداد زر سمن سو روپیہ سے زیادہ ہو تو اوسکا ایک ربع فورا داخل کیا جایگا اور اگر باقي روپیہ نیلام کے پندرہوین دن وقت دو پہر تک اداي نہ کیا جاے اوس پندرہ روز مین روز نیلام ہي شامل ہی یا اگر پندرہوین روز تعطیل عام ہو اور اوسکي بعد کہولنے کچہري کے اول روز کے دو پہر تک ادا ي نہ کیا جاے تو نیلام منسوخ ہوکر زر مداخلہ سرکار مین ضبط کیا جایگا اور محال مذکور بعد مشتہر اشتہار حسب طریقہ نیلام اول کے خریدار باقیدار کے ذمہ داري پر مکرر نیلام کیا جایگا ۔

شرایط سوم ۔

اراضے مذکور لاخراج نیلام ہوے اور قیمت مظہرہ سرکاري سے جو شخص سب سے زیادہ بولیگا اوسکي نام نیلام ختم ہوگا ۔

نمبر محالات	نمبر	نام محال بقید	رقبہ بحساب اِکر	مالگذاري سرکار	قیمت مظہرہ
مندرجہ نقشہ	توزیع	پرگنہ پریو خاص	اِکر روڈ پول	جمع روڈ پول	قبل نیلام
محالات سرکار	۵۴۲	پرگنہ منیر	۱۰ ۲ ۳۰	شخصے	
۲۲۹				۰ ۰ ۰	۱۲۲۰

اي سي: منگلس
ڈپوٹي کلیکٹر

تحریر فی التاریخ ۲۷ ماہ مي سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—June 19, 1872.

APPENDIX (No. II.) TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1872.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the under-mentioned estate, in the district of Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's office of that district, on the 5th day of July 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of March 1872:—

Permanently-settled Estate.

Number on the Register A, 1468; number on the Revenue Roll, 814; name of Estate, Káminá Chok; name of Pergunnah, Kásijorá; name of Proprietor, Prathináth Singha; Government revenue, Rs. 1,916-9-7; amount of arrear of Government revenue for which the estate is to be sold, Rs. 899-10-9.

REMARKS.—Agreeably to the statement and Rubákari, dated 29th March 1869, of the Deputy Collector, 6 beegahs and 6 cottahs, equal to 2 acres and 24 poles of land in this estate, have been taken for making a canal.

MIDNAPORE,
The 27th May 1872.

T. WALTON, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's office of that district, on the 12th day of July 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of March 1872:—

For arrears of rent.—First Class.

No. 1326.—Lot No. 20.—Abad Bhuzobanpore; recorded proprietors, Hurchunder Mookhopadhya; sudder jumma, Rs. 628-8-5.

G. GRAHAM, *Offg. Collector.*

24-PERGUNNAHS COLLECTORATE,
The 3rd June 1872.

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—June 19, 1872.

APPENDIX (No. III.) TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1872.

Schedules of Estates under charge of the Administrator-General of Bengal,

PREPARED FROM 1ST JULY TO 31ST DECEMBER 1871, UNDER SECTION XLII. OF ACT XXIV. OF 1867.

INDEX.

A.—SCHEDULE of all Administrations whereof the FINAL BALANCES have been PAID TO THE PERSONS ENTITLED to the same, specifying the amount of such BALANCES and the persons to whom paid, prepared from 1st July to 31st December 1871, under Section XLII. of Act XXIV. of 1867.

B.—SCHEDULE of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities RECEIVED by the Administrator-General on account of ESTATES, NOT being HINDOO OR MAHOMEDAN, remaining under his charge, together with the PAYMENTS made thereout and the BALANCES, prepared up to the 31st December 1871, under Section XLII. of Act XXIV. of 1867.

C.—SCHEDULE of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities RECEIVED by the Administrator-General on account of HINDOO AND MAHOMEDAN ESTATES remaining under his charge, together with the PAYMENTS made thereout and the BALANCES, prepared up to the 31st December 1871, under Section XLII. of Act XXIV. of 1867.

D.—SCHEDULE of BALANCES in the hands of the Administrator-General on the 31st December 1871, set apart to meet the ADMITTED CLAIMS of CREDITORS against the Estates therein mentioned.

E.—SCHEDULE of UNCLAIMED BALANCES of Estates under 500 RUPEES deposited with the Sub-Treasurer, Fort William, under the Financial Secretary's letter of the 8th October 1852, Interest being allowed thereon by Government.

SCHEDULE A. of all Administrations whereof the final balances have been paid to the persons entitled to the same, specifying the amount of such balances and persons to whom paid, prepared from 1st July to 31st December 1871, under Section XLII. of Act XXIV. of 1867.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Date of payment.	Payments.				Parties to whom paid.
			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
			In Sa. Rs.	In Co.'s Rs.		Rs. As. P.	
A.							
Abraham, Carapiet,—legacy account of Miss T. Abraham, sister and only next of kin of the deceased ...	6 Dec. 1866 ...	29 Aug. 1871 ..	0	2000	.. ..	33 1 10	Paid and delivered to Miss Tacoohee S. Abraham, legatee under the W the deceased, being the balance of this account closed to 19th August
Allingham, John Alexander Welch ..	{Taken charge 14 July 1871.}	22 Nov. 1871 ..	0	0	... ...	309 13 3	Remitted to the India Office for payment to John Allingham, fath next of kin of the deceased, being the balance of this estate, as per a closed to 22nd November 1871.
Andrews, Richard ...	30 Aug. 1869 ...	27 Sept. 1871 ..	0	0	.. ...	924 1 11	Remitted to the India Office for payment to F. M. Andrews and A Andrews, executors of the deceased, being the balance of this estate, account closed to 26th September 1871.
Armstrong, Sub-Conductor J. William ...	25 Feb. 1870 ...	19 Aug. 1871 ...	0	1500	... ...	81 0 4	Transferred to the share account of the children of the deceased, bei balance of this estate, as per account closed to 14th August 1871.
Athanass, Manuel Joshua ...	7 Nov. 1845 ...	5 Oct. 1871 ...	0	3200	... ...	156 3 7	Paid and delivered to Mrs. E. O'Sullivan, widow of the deceased, bei balance of her one-third share of the balance of this estate, as per a closed to 17th March 1869, and as per separate release executed by and her husband.
B.							
Barsick, Arathoon,—share account of the children of the deceased ..	15 Dec. 1863 ...	19 Aug. 1871 ...	0	0	.. ...	180 13 7	Paid L. Arathoon, *alias* L. Arathoon Barsick, one of the children deceased, being his one-third share of the balance of this account cl 5th July 1871.
Bazalgette, Captain Sydney Augustus ...	{Taken charge 7 Mar. 1870}	5 Ditto ..	0	0	.. ...	800 1 8	Remitted to the India Office for payment to the Secretary of State fo in Council, being the balance of this estate, as per account closed t July 1871, after retaining Rs. 250 to meet the costs of taking out of administration to the estate, for disposal by him in accordance wi Regimental Debts' Act.

Bennett, Cornet William Frederick ...	20 July 1870 ...	29 July 1871 ..	0	0	...	...	1079 15 3	Remitted to the India Office for payment to the Secretary of State for in Council, being the balance of this estate, as per account closed t July 1871, for disposal by him in accordance with the Regimental Act.
Boyle, Andrew,—share account of A. T. Boyle, son of the deceased ...	5 Apl. 1864 ...	7 Ditto ...	0	0	...	...	5912 14 11	Paid Lieutenant A. Boyle, 88th C. Rangers, through Messrs. Grindlay an being the balance of this account closed to 8th November 1870, as letter dated London, 8th June 1871.
Brotherhood, Edward ..	{Taken charge 28 Feb. 1871.}	19 Aug. 1871 ..	0	0	...	...	277 11 8	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Mrs. Jemima Brotherhood, Brotherhood, and Sarah Ann Brotherhood, mother and sisters and n kin of the deceased, in three equal shares being the balance of this as per account closed to 12th August 1871.
Brown, Thomas John,—legacy account of J. S. Brown, son of the deceased ..	13 Dec. 1867 ..	15 July 1871 ..	0	0	...	...	940 6 4	Remitted to the India Office for payment to J. S. Brown, being the b of this account closed to 14th July 1871, payable to him in terms Will of the deceased.
——————, legacy account of Miss A. M. Brown, daughter and residuary legatee under the Will of the deceased ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	0	0	..	...	1545 1 10	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Miss A. M. Brown, bein balance of this account closed to 14th July 1871, payable to her in of the Will of the deceased.
Bryson, Mrs. Mary Ann,—personalty account,—share account of A. H. Bryson and A. C. Bryson, sons of the deceased ...	10 Aug. 1866 ...	{22 Aug. & 7 Sept. 1871.}	0	3000	...	..	1180 14 1	Transferred to the share account of A. C. Bryson, son of the decease remitted and transmitted to Alfred Bryson, one of the children deceased, Poona, by transfer receipts, being their respective half sh the balance of this account closed to 19th August 1871, and as per se release executed by the latter dated 29th idem.
C.								
Caddy, Brevet-Major Douglas Truscott,—legacy account of Miss A. Caddy, daughter of the deceased ...	8 Mar. 1855 ...	10 Nov. 1871 ...	0	0	...	..	453 14 4	Paid Miss Agnes Caddy, one of the children and legatees, under the W the deceased, being her one-fifth share of the balance of this estate, account closed to 9th July 1870.
Callan, Richard Thomas ...	12 Dec. 1865 ..	26 Aug. 1871 ..	0	0	..	...	2153 15 7	Remitted to the India Office for payment to A. P. Lattey, being the b of further assets of this estate, as per account closed to 25th August in further part payment of his bond claim against this estate under of Court.
Coleman, Conductor Geoffrey ...	22 June 1858 ...	17 Nov. 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	1019 6 4	Paid Mrs. Catherine Pick, one of the children of the deceased, throu Agra Bank, Limited, being her one-seventh of two-thirds share balance of this estate, as per account closed to 2nd October 1871.

A.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Date of payment.	Payments. Government Securities. In Sa. Rs.	Government Securities. In Co.'s Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government Securities.	Cash. Rs. As. P.	Parties to whom paid.
C.							
Conway, Jacob ..	20 Sept. 1870 ..	19 Aug. & 13 Dec. 1871.	0	0	.. ...	3659 14 4	Remitted to the India Office for payment to James Conway, William tus Conway, brothers; Margaret Conway, Mrs. Susanna Connor, Mrs Conway, sisters; and Susanna Maurice Conway, neice of the deceased their respective shares of the balance of this estate, as per accounts to 15th August and 9th December 1871.
Cornish, Charles ..	Taken charge 6 Oct. 1871.	17 Nov. 1871 ...	0	0	... ..	136 0 4	Paid H. J. Butler, being his half share of the balance of this estate, account closed to 10th November 1871, and paid to him in right mother, the late Mrs. Sophia Cornish, widow of the deceased, fo Mrs. Butler.
Crux, Riding Master Richard,—legacy account of W. Crux, son of the deceased ..	30 Nov. 1861 ...	21 Dec. 1871 ..	0	5800	.. ...	182 9 7	Remitted and forwarded to W. J. Crux, son of the deceased, Monree, by fer receipts, being the balance of this account closed to 29th Nov 1871, as per separate release.
D.							
DaCosta, John Simon,—share account of J. H. N. DaCosta ...	30 Nov. 1855 ...	20 Dec. 1871 ...	0	0	.. ...	372 12 1	Amount balance of rent of this account transferred to the life i account of J. H. N. DaCosta, as per account closed to 4th December
Douglas, Captain Charles Robert George ...	24 Apl. 1861 ...	29 Nov. 1871 ...	0	0	.. ..	1071 9 9	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Mrs. L. Lightfoot, bei balance of further assets of this estate on joint receipt of herself a husband,—one-third of the amount being her own share as widow deceased, and the remaining two-thirds being the share of her da Louisa Margaret Douglas.
E.							
Edmonds, George Thomas ...	13 Feby. 1871 ...	2 Sept. 1871 ...	0	0	.. ..	255 10 9	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Miss M. Edmonds, C Sarah Edmonds, H. A. Edmonds, and Ellen J. Edmonds, being the of this estate payable to them in equal shares as sisters of the dece right of their late mother, Mrs. Mary Edmonds, the universal under the deceased's Will, as per account closed to 31st August 1871.

ett, Mathew	...	20 Sept. 1870 ..	29 July 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	1596	8	2	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Thomas Faucett, being balance of this estate payable to him as father and next of kin of the ceased, as per account closed to 22nd July 1871.
y, Farrier Major W.	...	... ...	13 Dec. 1871 ...	0	0	...	..	42	2	10	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Thomas Finney, John Finney, Edward Finney, being their respective one-third share of the balance of estate payable to them as brothers of the deceased, as per account close 9th December 1871.
is, J.	...	30 Nov. 1860 ...	15 July 1871 ..	0	0	...	..	134	5	9	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Mrs. Elizabeth Francis and Jullien Francis, being the balance of this estate payable to them as mo and sister of the deceased, as per account closed to 6th July 1871.
h, Richard Alexander	...	9 July 1864 ...	28 Aug. 1871 ...	0	7600	..	...	7	14	3	Paid and delivered to the Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, being balance of this estate payable to Government as an escheat, as per acc closed to 2nd August 1871.
, Major Abraham Richard G.	...	29 May 1868 ...	18 Nov. 1871 ...	0	0	..	..	3395	6	3	Remitted to the India Office, being in full of the further assets of this e to be held at the disposal of the Secretary of State for India in Council distribution in accordance with the Regimental Debts' Act.
ll, Thomas Windslow	...	22 Apl. 1870 ...	20 July 1871 ...	0	0	...	..	885	4	9	Paid to Mrs. Matilda Gaskill, being the balance of this estate payable t as widow and sole legatee under the Will of the deceased, as per acc closed to 25th May 1871.
Sergeant William	..	... ...	3 Aug. 1871 ...	0	0	...	..	40	10	10	Remitted by transfer receipt to Mrs. Pilkinton (Roorkee), being the bal of this estate payable to her as widow and universal legatee under the of the deceased, as per account closed to 30th June 1871.
Christopher	...	18 April 1871 ..	16 Sept. 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	844	6	2	Remitted to the India Office for payment to John Giles, being the bal of this estate payable to him as father and next of kin of the decease per account closed to 15th September 1871.
t, Captain Edward H.	...	8 July 1870 ...	29 July 1871 ..	0	0	..	...	4125	15	1	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Mrs. Emma Gillett, w of the deceased, her one-third share, and two-thirds to Miss Anne Ellen Gi Miss Sarah Anne Gillett, and Miss Helen Mary Gillett, being their pective one-third of two-thirds share of the balance of this estate pa to them as daughters of the deceased, as per account closed to 27th 1871.
s, Sergeant John	...	14 June 1871 ...	31 Aug. 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	1798	13	2	Transferred to the share account of Mrs. Davies and Miss Hallas, their respective one-third share of the balance of the estate, tog with the half of a moiety of late Mrs. Knight's one-third share, as siste the deceased, as per account closed to 21st July 1871.

A.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Date of payment.	Payments.				Parties to whom paid.
			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
			In Sa. Rs.	In Co.'s Rs.		Rs. As. P.	
H.							
ıond, Henry,—share account of the chil- ı of the deceased. ...	14 Sept. 1867 ..	24 Aug. 1871 ..	0	4000	.. ...	1197 13 4	Transferred to the share account of Mrs. Hammond, now Mrs. Pear and Mr. Harry Hammond, as per account closed to 22nd July 1871.
Veterinary Surgeon Forbes Augustus ...	... ...	11 Dec. 1871 ...	0	0	... ...	186 12 2	Paid to Messrs. Borradaile, Schiller and Company, being Mr. Frede Hely's and Edward Hely's one-seventh share, and one-sixth share of late Henry Hely's one-seventh share payable to Frederick Hely as execut the late Edward Hely, one of the brothers and next of kin of deceased, and paid to them under his letter of authority dated 5th Au 1871.
ıan, Walter ..	14 Mar. 1871 ..	27 Sept. 1871 ..	0	0	.. ...	997 11 4	Remitted to the India Office for payment to C. Henman, being the bal of the estate, as per account closed to 27th September 1871, and paid to as father and next of kin of the deceased.
ywood, Colonel Edward John ..	19 April 1870 ...	5 Aug. 1871 ...	0	2500	.. ...	145 5 4	Remitted and transmitted through the India Office for payment and very to Miss Caroline Courtney Hughes and William Porter, executrix executor of the deceased in England, being the balance of the estate, a account closed to 27th July 1871.
K.							
ıell, William Peek ..	27 July 1870 ...	27 Sept. 1871 ...	0	0	.. ..	220 0 4	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Mrs. M. E. Kerswell, widow administratrix of the deceased in England, the balance of this estat per account closed to 22nd September 1871.
L.							
ence, Engine-Driver Henry James ..	18 Oct. 1870 ...	29 Nov. 1871 ...	0	0	... ..	357 0 10	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Mrs. Amelia Lawrence balance of this estate, as per account closed to 28th November 1871, pa to her, one-third being her own share of this estate as widow of the dece and the remaining two-thirds being the shares of Henry James Law Benjamine Lawrence, Sarah Lawrence, and Rosa Lawrence, minor children of the deceased, for their maintenance and education.

hton, David	...	5 Jan. 1871 ...	11 Oct. 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	250	13	10	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Mrs. Margaret Leighton, G Leighton, and Miss Margaret Ann Leighton, mother, brother, and sist the deceased, their respective one-third shares of the balance of this e as per account closed to 10th October 1871.
ige, Hon'ble Edward Perkins	..	17 Mar. 1865 ...	1 July 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	4512	10	9	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Messrs. Henry Charles Gr and William Moore Millar, being the balance of the assets of this e payable to them as executors of the deceased's Will.
n, Major Granville Frederick John	..	15 July 1868 .	4 Oct. 1871 ..	0	0	...	...	3656	12	11	Remitted to the India Office for payment to the Secretary of State for In Council, to be held at his disposal in accordance with the Regimental D Act, the further balance of this estate, as per account closed to 3rd Oc 1871.
n, Lieutenant Frederick Caloner	..	20 July 1870 ...	26 Aug. 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	12	5	1	Remitted to the India Office for payment to the Secretary of Stat India in Council, to be held at his disposal in accordance with the Reg tal Debts' Act, the surplus assets of this estate, as per account closed to August 1871.
nan, Mrs. Mary	...	2 Mar. 1868 ..	21 July 1871 ...	0	8000	...	...	260	9	7	Transferred to the estate of Mrs. Mary Logman legacy account of the ch under the Will of the deceased, as per account closed this day, for pay of the income of the funds of this estate under the Will of the decea the priests of the Roman Catholic Churches of Calcutta, Bandel, Seran and Chinsurah, at Rs. 50 each per year, and the balance to the or widows, and poor persons.
M.											
Leod, George Gordon	..	22 Feb. 1870 ...	15 July 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	3878	1	0	Remitted to the India Office for payment to J. W. MacLeod, the fath the deceased, the surplus assets of this estate, as per account closed July 1871.
ler, Robert	..	{ Taken charge 19 Nov. 1869. }	29 July 1871 ..	0	0	...	...	200	13	3	Remitted to the India Office for payment to John Mailer, William M James Mailer, John Mailer, Ann Mailer, and Margaret Mailer, now Nelson, father, brothers, and sisters of the deceased, their respective s of the balance of this estate, as per account closed to 21st July 1871.
k, J. S.	...	15 Jan. 1870 ..	11 Oct. 1871 ..	0	0	...	...	256	1	7	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Mrs. Mary Meek, widow deceased, for the support of her children, Miss Janet Meek, John and Isabella Meek, the balance of this estate, as per account closed to October 1871.
r, Col. George	...	26 Aug. 1871 ...	20 Dec. 1871 ..	0	0	...	...	4575	14	1	Remitted to the India Office for payment to the Secretary of State for in Council, to be held at his disposal in accordance with the Regi Debts' Act, the balance of this estate, as per account closed to 18th D ber 1871.
reaux, Hippolyte	...	.. ...	29 Ditto ..	0	600	..	...	131	6	1	Paid and delivered to Messrs. Camin and Lamaroux, being the balance estate, as per account closed to 15th December 1871, and paid and del to them as the constituted attornies of the two brothers and sister deceased.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Date of payment.	Payments.				Parties to whom paid.
			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
			In Sa. Rs.	In Co.'s Rs.		Rs. As. P.	
N.							
rman, Alfred,—share account of the children of the deceased. ..	13 Dec. 1865 ..	29 July 1871 ...	0	0	... ...	143 10 8	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Miss Jane Norman, bein one-fourth share of the balance of this account closed to 27th July payable to her as a daughter of the deceased.
rris, Conductor William ...	15 Dec. 1870 ..	25 Ditto ..	0	0	... ...	496 14 4	Remitted by a transfer receipt to Mrs. Jane Norris (Dinapore), bein one-third share of the balance of this estate, as per account closed t May 1871, payable to her as widow of the deceased.
O.							
nnell, Major Morgan James ..	15 Dec. 1870 ..	20 Dec. 1871 ..	0	0	... ...	1118 5 9	Remitted to the India Office, being the balance of this estate, as per a closed to 18th December 1871, to be held at the disposal of the Secret State for India in Council, for distribution in accordance with the Reg tal Debts' Act of 1863.
anlow, Patrick,—share account of the children f the late H. M. O'Hanlow ..	24 Mar. 1851 ..	5 Ditto ..	0	0	6%	4965 8 0	Paid and delivered to Mr. Edward O'Hanlow (through the Agra Bank balance of one-third share of the moiety of the late H. M. O'Hanlow's of the balance of this account closed to 19th June 1871, payable t as the son of the late H. M. O'Hanlow, son of the deceased, as per r executed to 27th June 1871.
sby, Private James ...	{Taken charge 23 Nov. 1871.}	15 Ditto ..	0	0	... ...	32 10 10	Paid Miss Mary Ormsby and Miss Anne Ormsby, sisters of the dec being their respective half share of the second distribution of the prize money due to the deceased, less charges as per account closed to November 1871.
P.							
, Mrs. Eliza Ann,—share account of Sarah ge, daughter of the deceased ...	27 Oct. 1868 ..	13 Ditto ..	0	0	... ...	509 7 6	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Miss Sarah Page, daughter deceased, being the balance of this account closed to 11th December
, Benjamin (the younger),—share account Sarah Page, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	0	0	.. ..	1081 9 9	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Miss Sarah Page, daught the deceased, being the balance of this account closed to 11th Dec 1871.

, Miss Mary Ann,—share account of Sarah ıge, niece of the deceased ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	0	0	... ..	528	3	8	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Miss Sarah Page, niece of deceased, being the balance of this account closed to 11th December 1871
;on, David,—share account of the children of e deceased in the life policy ..	10 Aug. 1865 ..	27 Ditto ...	0	0	.. ...	694	2	0	Paid Mr. William Robert Paxton (through Mr. W. Nicholls), being his o fifth share of the balance of this account closed to 5th December 1871, p able to him as one of the children of the deceased.
ch, James,—share account of the children the deceased ..	1 Oct. 1858 ...	11 Oct. 1871 ...	0	0	.. ...	996	6	10	Transferred to the share account of Edward and Eliza Emily Pearch, son a daughter of the deceased, being their respective one-eighth of two-thirds sha and remitted to the India Office for payment to Mr. William Henry Pear son of the deceased, being his one-third of the remaining three-eighths two-thirds share of the estate, as per accounts closed to 18th April 1866, 8 December 1868, 22nd December 1870, and 9th October 1871.
, Captain Edward Charles (Mariner) ..	28 Jan. 1851 ...	29 July 1871 ...	0	0	.. ...	6521	2	7	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Alexander Charles Gillan Thomas Edward Day Plum, god-sons of the deceased, being their re pective moiety share of the balance of this estate, as per account closed 21st July 1871, payable to them as legatees under the will of the decea
R.									
iro, Lyon ..	{ Taken charge 21 April 1870 }	4 July 1871 ...	0	0	.. ..	220	15	0	Remitted by a transfer receipt to Mrs. Theresa Powell (Bombay), being h moiety share of the balance of this estate, as per account closed to 20 May 1871, payable to her as sister of the deceased.
, Lieutenant-General Stephen Davis,— re account of the children of William Riley, re-deceased brother of the deceased ..	5 July 1867. ..	{ 16 Sept. & 3 Oct. 1871. }	0	0	.. ...	220372	9	5	Remitted to the India Office, being two-thirds share of the balance for pa ment to the parties entitled, viz., Sydney Bacon Weaver and Louisa Mar Lea, son and daughter of Charlotte Weaver, sister of the deceased, their re pective half of one-third share; Manfred Marcus Crosbie, James Crosbi Theodore Crosbie, Augustus Crosbie, and Charles Crosbie, children Harriet Crosbie, sister of the deceased, their respective one-fifth of one-thi share, and remitted by a transfer receipt to Mrs. Mary Ann Madg (Bangalore, Madras), sister of the deceased, her one-third share of th balance of this account closed to 14th September 1871, and in terms of th decree of the High Court, dated 15th July 1871, in cause Mrs. Mary An Madge *versus* C. J. Wilkinson, Esq., and others.
S.									
, Color Sergeant John ..	30 June 1870 ...	19 Aug. 1871 ..	0	0	... .	310	12	8	Remitted by a transfer receipt to Mrs. Mary Ann Salew (now Gordon), Mee Meer, being her one-third share of the balance of this estate, as per accoun closed to 16th June 1871, payable to her as widow of the deceased.
s, Ensign John Dalrymple	... ..	1 July 1871 ..	0	0	... ...	248	8	10	Remitted to the India office for payment to Mr. Edward William Sandys th balance of this estate, as per account closed to 27th June 1871, payable t him as the executor of the deceased on proof of identity.

* Bank of Bengal Shares.

A.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Date of payment.	Payments.				Parties to whom paid.
			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
			In Sa. Rs.	In Co.'s Rs.		Rs. As. P.	
.S.							
ɜ, Major George William ...	21 June 1870 ..	29 July 1871 ..	0	0 ..	...	301 3 2	Remitted to the India Office, being the balance of this estate, as per accou closed to 20th July 1871, to be held at the disposal of Secretary of State f India in Council for distribution in accordance with the Regimental Deb Act of 1863.
George Leal Tiernan ..	14 Aug. 1867 ...	21 Aug. 1871 ...	0	0 ...	...	6 12 4	Transferred to the share account of James E., James George, and Ali C. Scott, brothers and sister of the deceased, being their respective or third of moiety of the balance of further asset of this estate, as per accou closed to 21st August 1871.
Apothecary James George,—account of widow and children of the deceased ..	18 May 1861 ...	18 Ditto ...	0	0 ..	...	55 13 6	Transferred to their respective share account of G. L. T. Scott, Jan Edlin Scott, James George Scott, and Alice C. Scott, children of t deceased, being their respective one-fourth share of the balance of furth asset of this estate, as per account closed to 18th August 1871.
———————, share account of James Edlin Scott, son of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	6 Sept. 1871 ..	0	10400 ..	...	423 0 10	Paid and delivered to Mr. J. E. Scott, through his constituted attorn Mr. C. W. Hatch, being the balance of this account closed to 28th Aug 1871, payable to him as one of the children of the deceased, as per separ release executed 6th September 1871.
ɔ, Samuel Henry ..	{ Taken charge 6 Sept. 1870. }	22 Nov. 1871 ...	0	0 ..	...	357 5 3	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Mr. Samuel Sefton, the father next of kin of the deceased, being the balance of this estate, as per accou closed to 17th November 1871.
ɔne, William Nelson,—share account of ɔhard William Shilstone, son of the deceased	10 July 1867 ...	27 July 1871 ...	0	2000 ...	...	26 3 8	Paid and delivered to Mr. Richard William Shilstone, being the balance of one-seventh share of the assets of the estate as per accounts closed to May 1868 and 17th July 1871, payable to him as one of the children of deceased, and in terms of his release executed 27th July 1871.

ham, Mrs. Charlotte,—share account of r J. Shouldham, son of the deceased ...	10 Aug. 1870 ...	20 Dec. 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	9651	10	3	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Major Arthur J. Shouldh being the balance of this account closed to 18th December 1871, payabl him as son and one of the next of kin of the deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander ..	21 Feb. 1870 ...	15 July 1871 ...	0	0	4* £360†		869	7	0	Transmitted to the Secretary of State for India in Council, and remitted the India Office, being the balance of this estate, as per account close 14th July 1871, to be held at the disposal of the Secretary of State distribution in accordance with the Regimental Debts' Act of 1863.
ard,—share account of Miss Annie ughter and only child of the deceased	28 July 1857 ...	27 Sept. 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	8112	15	1	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Miss Annie Slade, daughter only child of the deceased, being the balance of this account closed to 2 September 1871.
Mary ...	2 May 1868 .	5 July 1871 ...	0	0	..	...	414	10	0	Paid Mr. E. J. Smith, through Mr. R. Hoff, being his one-fourth share of balance of further assets of this estate, as per account closed to 24th J 1871, payable to him as a son of the deceased.
erly Herklots) ...	16 Aug. 1870 . .	28 July 1871 ...	0	2000	..	...	216	7	9	Paid and delivered to Mr. Alexander Herklots, through the Manager, A Bank Limited. Calcutta, being the balance of this estate, as per ac closed to 14th July 1871, which consists of the legacy left to him by grandfather, Mr. Gregories Herklots.
..	14 July 1869	26 Aug. 1871 ...	0	0	..	..	126	0	8	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Sergeant Major E. Smith, b the balance of further assets of this estate, as per account closed to 2 August 1871, payable to him as the brother and universal legatee under Will of the deceased.
abella,—legacy account of W. F. son of the deceased ...	21 May 1863	... ..	0	0	...	..	4257	1	8	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Mr. W. F. Stevenson, being balance of this account closed to 14th July 1871, payable to him as so the deceased.
es,—share account of E. Reily and sisters of the deceased ...	19 May 1869 ..	29 July 1871 ...	0	0	..	..	334	1	6	Paid Mrs. Emma Reily, being the half share of the balance of this acc closed to 27th July 1871, payable to her as a sister of the deceased.
lliam Weldon,—share account of Swinden, daughter of the deceased. T.	30 June 1863	29 Aug. 1871 ...	0	1400	..	...	236	15	0	Paid and delivered to Mrs. E. F. D'Cruz, being the balance of this acc closed to 21st August 1871, payable to her as one of the children of deceased.
ian Chatoor,—share account of ..	9 Mar. 1856 .	29 Aug. 1871 ...	0	500	...	..	30	5	4	Paid and delivered to Miss Thakooee S. Abraham, being the balance of account payable to her as daughter of the late Sarkies Abraham, broth the deceased, as per account closed to 21st August 1871.
tenant-Colonel Edwin ..	31 Mar. 1870 ...	14 & 25 July & 14 Aug. 1871	0	0	...	..	106	0	6	Remitted by transfer receipts to Mrs. Julliette Taylor, Pubna, and Cla Henry Palmer, Cachar, being their respective one-fourth share of their mother, Mrs. E. O. Palmer's one-fourth share of the balance of this es and also to Mrs. Harrietta Jane Power, Mirzapore, being her one-fo share of her late mother, Mrs. J. C. Watson's one-fourth share of the ba of this estate, as per account closed to 20th April 1871, payable to the children of the late Mrs. E. O. Palmer and Mrs. J. C. Watson, as siste the deceased.

* Elgin Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company's Shares.

† East Indian Railway Company's Consolidated Stock.

A.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Date of payment.	Payments.				Parties to whom paid.
			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
			In Sa. Rs.	In Co.'s Rs.		Rs. As. P.	
regent, Henry ...	7 Jan. 1871 ...	6 Dec. 1871 ..	0	0	... ...	6209 11 6	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Henry Wakeman Tregent the balance of the assets of this estate, and payable to him as fath next of kin of the deceased, as per account closed to 4th December 18
revor, Edward Taylor ...	... ..	13 Dec. 1871 ...	0	0	... ...	844 5 5	Remitted to the India Office, being three-fourth shares of the balance estate, as per account closed to 11th December 1871, being the sh Alice Herbert and Gerald Trevor, children of the deceased, paya G. A. Trevor as trustee of the deceased's Will.
rnbull, Sidney,—share account of Hannah, Emmah, Eliza Cooke, and Lucy Hyde Turnbull, the sisters of the deceased. ...	9 Aug. 1869 ...	12 Oct. 1871 ...	0	0	.. ..	126 1 11	Remitted by a transfer receipt to Mrs. Hannah Turnbull, Lucknow her one-ninth of half share of the balance of this estate as per a closed to 14th March 1871, and payable to her as one of the sisters deceased.
rner, W.,—share account of J. L. Turner ...	14 May 1863 ...	18 Sept. 1871 ...	0	1000	... ...	251 10 0	Paid and delivered to John Lathbury Turner, through Oriental Ban poration, being the balance of this account, and paid to him as the s legatee under the Will of the deceased, as per account closed to 8th 1871.
weedie, Miss Lucy Maria ...	9 Jan. 1871 ...	7 Nov. 1871 ...	0	3300	.. ..	37 0 6	Paid and delivered to Thomas Tweedie, through the Secretary and Tre Bank of Bengal, bieng the balance of this estate payable to him as and next of kin of the deceased, as per account closed to 5th Octobe
ydd, A. G.,—share account of the children ...	8 Oct. 1868 ..	18 Dec. 1871 ...	0	0	.. ...	52 7 4	Paid to Mrs. M. C. Hutchison, being her one-third share of the lat Augusta Georgiana Tydd's share of the estate of the deceased, account closed to 15th December 1871, payable to her as her mother.
W.							
alcot, Brevet Captain William Henry ...	... ...	19 Aug. 1871 ...	0	0	.. ...	2958 13 5	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Rev. J. Walcot, bei balance of the funds of this estate, as per account closed to 10th A 1871, payable to him as executor of the deceased in England on his r after payment of the costs of Messrs. Lawford and Waterhouse on a of the estate, should there be any due to them.

aters, Thomas Paine ...	Taken charge 2 July 1870	Ditto ...	0	0	...	...	166	7	9	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Mrs. Elizabeth Paine Wat being the balance of the estate, as per account closed to 16th August 1 payable to her as universal legatee under the Will of the deceased.
atts, Mrs. Norah,—share account of the three children ...	25 Jan. 1855 ..	15 July 1871 ...	0	0	..	..	216	1	11	Paid to Mrs. Olivia Maria Carter Nee Watts, being the balance of her one share of the remaining two-thirds share of this account, or one-third sh of the general estate, payable to her as one of the children of the decea as per account closed to 28th September 1869.
illiamson, Charles John ..	24 Feb. 1870 ...	12 Oct. 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	1767	4	0	Remitted by a transfer receipt to W. J. Williamson, Poonah, being balance of this estate, as per account closed to 27th April 1871, payab him as father of the deceased.
illis, Revd. Finch DeAugers ...	22 June 1870 ..	29 July & 13 Dec. 1871	0	0	...	...	1659	15	5	Remitted to the India Office Rs. 551-1-1 for payment to Mrs. Eliza Louisa Willis, being her one-fourth share of the balance of the estate able to her as mother of the deceased, and also Rs. 1,108-14-4 pay to Frederick DeAngers Willis and Wilbraham DeAngers Willis, brother the deceased, being two-fourth shares of the balance of this estate, as account closed to 9th December 1871.
Vilson, Horace Hayman,—share account of Thomas Luxmore Wilson ...	20 Nov. 1857 ...	15 July 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	11399	3	0	Remitted to the India Office for payment to Thomas Luxmore Wilson, b the proceeds of the Bank of Bengal shares, as per statement closed to July 1871, payable to him on his receipt countersigned by the executo the deceased in England confirming the payment.
Vood, John ...	Taken charge 16 Aug. 1867	5 Sept. 1871 ...	0	0	...	...	25	2	0	Paid to Mrs. Ann Wood, being the balance of her one-half share of estate, and paid to her as widow of the deceased, as per account close 30th August 1871.
Vood, Richard Augustus ...	9 Jan. 1871 ..	16 Ditto ...	0	0	...	...	8842	6	9	Remitted to the India Office, being the balance of this estate payab Miss Georgiana Wood and Samia Wood in equal shares, as per acc closed to 15th September 1871, and paid to them as sisters and only of kin of the deceased.
Y.										
ork, Serjeant Richard ...	Taken charge 1 Dec. 1869	6 Oct. 1871 ..	0	0	..	..	84	4	10	Paid to Charles J. Gray, assistant examiner, fund accounts, being the ba of this account to be held by him for the benefit of Henry John, Elizabeth, Amelia Levenia, Mary Ann, and Walter Charles York, chil of the deceased.
hoolam Cawder ...	2 Mar. 1871 ...	14 & 31 Aug. 1871, & 7 to 16 Sept. 1871, & 3 Oct. 1871	0	0	..	...	4842	6	1	Paid and remitted by transfer receipts to Zanoob Sahiba and Cossim widows; Khader Moiddeen, brother; Salma Sahiba, mother; and Sham Subjojee Bee and Asha Bee, children of the deceased, being their respe shares of the balance of this estate as per account closed to 19th July 1

CALCUTTA,
The 31st December 1871.

E. E.
L. P. D. BROUGHTON,
Administrator-General.

EDULE B. of all sums of money, bonds, and other securities received by the Administrator-General on account of Estates not being HINDOO or MAHOMEDAN remaining under his charge, together with the payments made thereout, and the balances prepared up to the 31st December 1871, under Section XLII of Act XXIV of 1867.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.							Receipts up to 31st December 1871.						Total.						Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.						Balance on 31st December 1871.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.				Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		
					To Credit.			To Debit.																					To Credit.			To Debit.	
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.
A.																																			
t, William Henry ...	30 Aug. 69	0	0	...	0	0	0	45	8	7	0	0	...	24	15	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	6	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	20	15
am, Carapiet,—legacy unt of Miss T. Abra-, sister and only next in of the deceased ...	6 Dec. 66	0	2000	...	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	...	40	0	0	0	2000	...	39	4	0	0	2000	...	39	4	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0
, Henry ..	23 May 45	0	8800	...	1438	13	2	0	0	0	0	0	...	1675	14	0	0	8800	...	3114	11	2	0	0	...	2986	5	7	0	8800	...	128	5	7	0	0
g, Aviet .	11 June 39	0	2500	...	104	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	...	50	0	0	0	2500	...	154	3	3	0	0	...	3	11	6	0	2500	...	150	7	9	0	0
—, Joseph ...	22 Nov. 69	0	0	...	24	9	7	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	24	9	7	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	24	9	7	0	0
—, Lazar (sugar mer-t) ...	19 June 39	0	4600	...	290	8	8	0	0	0	0	0	...	92	0	0	0	4600	...	382	8	8	0	0	...	6	3	1	0	4600	...	376	5	7	0	0
Band-Master An- r ...	Taken charge 16 Mar. 69	0	0	...	49	4	6	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	49	4	6	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	49	4	6	0	0
, Sub-Condr. John,—e account of the bro-s of the deceased ..	11 May 58	0	...	...	387	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	387	14	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	387	14	0	0	0
an, Lieutenant Her- s ...	Taken charge 15 Nov. 70	0	800	...	49	15	10	0	0	0	0	0	...	810	4	1	0	800	...	860	3	11	0	800	...	860	3	11	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0
, Dr. Robert ...	5 July 70	0	0	...	232	7	8	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	232	7	8	0	0	...	232	7	8	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0
nder, John ..	12 Oct. 41	0	0	...	21	14	3	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	21	14	3	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	21	14	3	0	0
Mrs. Ann,—legacy ac-it of the three nephews one niece of the de-ed ...	22 July 64	0	3500	...	0	0	0	0	14	9	0	0	...	80	0	0	0	3500	...	79	1	3	0	0	...	3	13	5	0	3500	...	75	3	10	0	0
Major Augustine ...	24 July 71	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	500	...	650	13	0	0	500	...	650	13	0	0	0	...	643	2	10	0	500	...	7	10	2	0	0
John William ...	23 Feb. 58	0	0	...	137	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	137	4	3	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	137	4	3	0	0
ham, John Alexander gh ...	Taken charge 14 July 71	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	355	8	6	0	0	...	355	8	6	0	0	...	355	8	6	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0
p, William,—share ac-t of the children of the ased ...	22 Feb. 64	0	31000	...	0	0	0	4	1	5	0	0	...	620	0	0	0	31000	...	615	14	7	0	0	...	570	15	5	0	31000	...	44	15	2	0	0

——; share account of T. Allsopp, son of the ..eased ...	Ditto	0	3800	...	0 0 0	282 11 0	0	0	...	76 0 0	0	3800	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	159 8 8	0	3800	...	0 0 0	366
..an, Earnest Dawes R.	Taken charge 14 Dec. 59	0	0	...	342 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	342 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	342 8 0	0
..rson, William	Taken charge 12 Mar. 68	0	0	...	188 8 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	188 8 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	188 8 5	0
..ew, David,—share account of A. S. Andrew, ..ughter of the deceased...	2 Dec. 62	0	800	...	147 13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	163 13 4	0	0	...	1 5 8	0	800	...	162 7 8	0
..ews, Richard ...	30 Aug. 69	0	1400	...	0 0 0	266 15 9	0	0	...	1432 13 1	0	1400	...	1165 13 4	0	1400	...	947 6 3	0	0	...	218 7 1	0
——, Thomas ...	8 Feb. 65	0	0	...	0 0 0	38 12 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	38
——, share account of the ..ildren of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	700	...	36 7 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	50 7 2	0	0	...	26 13 3	0	700	...	23 9 11	0
..tony, David ...	13 Dec. 70	0	1400	...	0 0 0	76 12 9	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 6 9	0	1400	...	0 0 0	51
..hoon, Miss Mary,—..gacy account of G. ..rathoon, son of the ..ceased ..	11 Dec. 66	0	3700	...	0 0 0	56 0 1	0	0	...	689 7 0	0	3700	...	633 6 11	0	0	...	559 4 11	0	3700	...	74 2 0	0
..er, Gunton William ...	7 May 67	0	10500	...	0 0 0	150 1 1	0	0	...	260 0 0	0	10500	...	109 14 11	0	0	...	7 4 5	0	10500	...	102 10 6	0
——, James,—share account of F. J. Archer, son of the deceased ..	4 July 66	0	1600	...	119 6 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 0 0	0	1600	...	163 6 7	0	0	...	44 0 0	0	1600	...	119 6 7	0
——, share account of C. Greenway, grandson of the deceased ..	Ditto	0	2100	...	8 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 0 0	0	2100	...	62 15 0	0	0	..	2 13 11	0	2100	...	60 1 1	0
..n, Major Samuel,—share account of A. Arden, son of the deceased ..	7 Oct. 23	0	0	...	1052 15 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1052 15 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1052 15 3	0
————, share account of the late G. ..rden, son of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	700	...	109 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	123 9 1	0	0	...	1 9 2	0	700	...	121 15 11	0
..strong, Mrs. Ann ...	17 Mar. 71	0	600	...	0 0 0	164 7 9	0	0	...	13 6 1	0	600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 8 11	0	600	...	0 0 0	173
————, Sub-Condr. J. W.	25 Feb. 70	0	2700	...	0 0 0	1098 6 11	0	0	...	1209 3 9	0	2700	...	110 12 10	0	2700	...	110 12 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
————, share account of the three children of the ..eceased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1500	...	111 0 4	0	1500	...	111 0 4	0	0	...	1 15 5	0	1500	...	109 0 11	0
..mott, David	Taken charge 29 Oct. 58	0	0	...	322 1 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	322 1 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	322 1 7	0
..akiel, Johannes Gregory	29 Jan. 58	0	0	...	812 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1166 7 10	0	0	...	1979 3 10	0	0	...	1792 1 8	0	0	...	187 2 2	0
————, account of Domingo Swarris for life interest ...	Ditto	0	900	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 12 0	0	900	...	24 12 0	0	0	...	24 12 0	0	900	...	0 0 0	0
————, account of house No. 24-1, now No. 29, Chitpore Road	Ditto	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	600	...	869 10 4	0	600	...	869 10 4	0	0	...	716 7 2	0	600	...	153 3 2	0
..akil, Mrs. Begoom Cachick,—share account of house No. 7, Armenian Street ...	6 Apl. 36	0	0	...	133 0 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 9 0	0	0	...	165 9 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	165 9 10	0

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. As.
A.																							
ril, Mrs. Begoom																							
rhick,—share account																							
house No. 8, Armenian																							
reet ...	6 Apl. 36	0	500	...	91 7 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	101 7 5	0	0	...	1 5 0	0	500	...	100 2 5	0 0
——, share account of																							
se No. 9, Armenian																							
reet ..	Ditto	0	0	...	72 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	72 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	72 0 0	0 0
——, share account of																							
use No. 42, Garden																							
ach ...	Ditto	0	0	...	2030 11 8	0 0 0	0	2200	..	701 14 0	0	2200	...	2732 9 8	0	0	...	2270 2 8	0	2200	...	462 7 0	0 0
——, share account of																							
use No. 1, Lucas' Lane	Ditto	0	0	...	28 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 8 0	0 0
nall, Henry Augustus																							
d Mrs. Mary Ann																							
spinall ...	2 Aug. 62	0	4700	...	200 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	91 0 0	0	4700	...	294 15 1	0	0	...	3 1 7	0	4700	...	291 13 6	0 0
nass. Mrs. Elizabeth.—																							
count of house at																							
lipore. and one house and																							
e bungalow at Meerut...	15 Dec. 48	0	23800	...	0 0 0	26 4 7	0	0	...	476 0 0	0	23800	...	449 11 5	0	0	...	29 6 10	0	23800	...	420 4 7	0 0
——, account of legacy																							
widow and orphan ..	Ditto	0	4100	...	326 3 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	82 0 0	0	4100	...	408 3 6	0	0	...	5 9 7	0	4100	...	402 9 11	0 0
——, account of legacy																							
Sicca Rs. 5,000 ...	Ditto	0	10900	...	267 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	218 0 0	0	10900	...	485 14 10	0	0	...	13 13 5	0	10900	...	472 1 5	0 0
——, John ...	24 Sept. 35	0	0	...	143 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	143 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	143 15 0	0 0
——, account one-fifth																							
the residue ...	Ditto	0	0	...	15 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	15 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	15 0 0	0 0
——, share account of																							
rs. Sophia Crane ...	Ditto	0	0	...	15 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	15 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	15 0 0	0 0
——, Manuel,—legacy																							
count of the mother of																							
e deceased ...	31 Jan. 49	0	9300	...	36 11 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	202 4 0	0	9300	...	238 15 9	0	0	...	12 11 9	0	9300	...	226 4 0	0 0
——, Manuel Joshua ...	7 Nov. 45	0	4600	...	216 13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	1489 5 0	0	4600	...	1706 2 4	0	4600	...	1706 2 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0

——, account of house No. 154, Dhurrumtollah Street ...	Ditto	o	o	...	21 11 9	o o o	o	o	...	408 11 0	o	o	...	430 6 9	o	o	...	400 13 2	o	o	...	29 9 7	o
——, Manuel Theomartyr	5 Aug. 57	o	500	...	16 5 1	o o o	o	o	...	209 12 2	o	500	...	226 1 3	o	o	...	3 15 4	o	500	...	222 1 11	o
——, share account of Mrs. E. E. Athanass, widow of the deceased ..	Ditto	o	800	...	86 15 5	o o o	o	o	...	16 0 0	o	800	...	102 15 5	o	o	...	1 5 8	o	800	...	101 9 9	o
——, share account of Miss T. Athanass, only child of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	30300	...	o o o	959 4 10	o	o	...	649 0 0	o	30300	...	o o o	o	o	...	1175 9 8	o	30300	...	o o o	1435 1
Aubery, Richard,—legacy account of G. P. Aubery, daughter of the deceased...	21 July 57	o	5100	...	413 4 1	o o o	o	500	...	102 0 0	o	5600	...	515 4 1	o	o	...	511 0 11	o	5600	...	4 3 2	o
Avice, Sub-Condr. Robert—share account of A. A. Avice, infant daughter of the deceased ...	15 Nov. 64	o	3300	...	182 7 4	o o o	o	o	...	66 0 0	o	3300	...	248 7 4	o	o	...	3 5 8	o	3300	...	245 1 8	o
Aviet, Johanna Roxana Minas ...	Taken charge 26 Feb. 63	o	o	...	25 1 9	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	25 1 9	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	25 1 9	o
——, Minas,—legacy to his daughter Mary ...	22 June 43	o	6500	...	19 11 4	o o o	o	o	...	130 0 0	o	6500	...	149 11 4	o	o	...	109 12 2	o	6500	...	39 15 2	o
Aylward, Thomas	Taken charge 30 Jan. 65	o	o	...	196 8 9	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	196 8 9	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	196 8 9	o
Ayre, Charles Edward,—share account of G. C. Ayre, son of the deceased ..	7 April 68	o	1500	...	102 6 10	o o o	o	o	...	30 0 0	o	1500	...	132 6 10	o	o	...	30 0 0	o	1500	...	102 6 10	o
B.																							
Babajohn. Massey, *alias* Martyrus,—account of the rents of house No. 109, and godowns No. 110 at 119, Old China Bazar Street ...	1 Nov. 14	o	o	...	1141 1 11	o o o	o	o	...	1377 9 6	o	o	...	2518 11 5	o	o	...	1677 14 1	o	o	...	840 18 4	o
——, account of legacy to the Institutions at New Naukchewan ..	Ditto	o	6200	...	33 15 0	o o o	o	700	...	822 12 0	o	6900	...	856 11 0	o	o	...	707 9 2	o	6900	...	149 1 10	o
——, account of legacy to the prisoners of the Court of Requests and the poor Armenians ...	Ditto	o	95200	...	1373 12 2	o o o	o	o	...	2602 12 0	o	95200	...	3976 8 2	o	o	...	2437 1 0	o	95200	...	1539 7 2	o
——, account of legacy to the poor Armenians ...	Ditto	o	o	...	781 11 2	o o o	o	o	...	580 5 8	o	o	...	1362 0 10	o	o	...	1362 0 10	o	o	...	o o o	o
——, account of legacy to the prisoners of the Court of Requests ...	Ditto	o	10100	...	190 6 5	o o o	o	o	..	1943 1 2	o	10100	...	2133 7 7	o	o	...	1944 6 2	o	10100	...	189 1 5	o
Babington, John Hastings ...	5 April 71	o	1600	...	o o o	49 9 0	o	o	...	33 9 0	o	1600	...	o o o	o	o	...	1 9 1	o	1600	...	o o o	17
Baddeley, Lieutenant Clinton,—share account of W. L. C. and H. D. Baddeley, children of the deceased ...	7 Sept. 52	o	1500	...	343 10 1	o o o	o	o	...	41 4 0	o	1500	...	384 14 1	o	o	...	1 2 0	o	1500	...	383 12 1	o
Baddiley, James ...	6 Jan. 48	o	21700	...	o o o	184 4 3	o	o	...	434 0 0	o	21700	...	249 11 9	o	o	...	394 4 0	o	21700	...	o o o	144

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.						Receipts up to 31st December 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																	To Credit.	To
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs.
B.																								
Bagg, Color Sergt. James,—legacy account of J. D. Bagg and Elizabeth A. Bagg, children of the deceased ...	11 Jan. 62	0	1500	...	298 6 7	0 0 0		0	0	...	33 12 0	0	1500	...	332 2 7	0	0	...	33 14 6	0	1500	...	298 4 1	0
Bagnall, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	3 Sept. 69	0	0	...	22 4 11	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 4 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 4 11	0
——, legacy account of the minor children of Mr. G. Smith ...	Ditto	0	2100	...	0 0 0	32 11 0		0	0	...	84 0 0	0	2 00	...	51 5 0	0	0	...	83 5 2	0	2100	...	0 0 0	32
Bailey, Benjamin ...	9 April 69	0	5500	...	0 0 0	119 11 9		0	0	...	143 0 0	0	5500	...	23 4 3	0	0	...	141 7 4	0	5500	...	0 0 0	118
——, Samuel ...	8 April 71	0	11800	...	0 0 0	161 6 9		0	0	...	336 0 0	0	11800	...	174 9 3	0	0	...	9 2 8	0	11800	...	165 6 7	0
Baillie, Captain George ...	3 Oct. 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	15 3 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	
Baker, Henry Frederick (a lunatic),—personalty account ...	... ...	0	22900	...	0 0 0	2429 9 8		0	0	...	3589 8 2	0	22900	...	1159 14 6	0	0	...	1005 7 9	0	22900	...	154 6 9	0
——, account of house No. 11, Barrackpore ...	... ...	0	7600	...	333 7 7	0 0 0		0	0	...	157 0 0	0	7600	...	490 7 7	0	0	...	490 7 7	0	7600	...	0 0 0	0
——, account of house No. 15, Barrackpore ...	... ...	0	13000	...	407 9 7	0 0 0		0	0	...	2261 3 9	0	1300	...	2668 13 4	0	2000	...	2668 13 4	0	11000	...	0 0 0	0
——, account of house No. 84, Barrackpore ...	... ...	0	9300	...	405 1 4	0 0 0		0	600	...	186 0 0	0	990	...	591 1 4	0	0	...	619 12 5	0	9900	...	0 0 0	28
——, James W ...	Taken charge 12 Mar. 56	0	0	...	171 13 2	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	171 13 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	171 13 2	0
——, Thomas,—share account of Miss L. Baker, daughter of the deceased.	0 Dec. 66	0	3900	...	0 0 0	32 7 7		0	0	...	78 0 0	0	3900	...	45 8 5	0	0	...	75 13 5	0	3900	...	0 0 0	30
Baldwin, Mrs. Catherine ..	2 May 63	0	0	...	16 6 7	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 6 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 6 7	0
Ballin, Mrs. Anna Maria,—realty account ...	3 Aug. 63	0	0	...	668 10 6	0 0 0		0	1800	...	1789 5 0	0	1800	...	2457 15 6	0	0	...	2479 1 2	0	1800	...	0 0 0	21
Banks, Major John Sherbrooke,—share account of Miss F. L. Banks, daughter of the deceased ...	17 Mar. 65	0	6100	...	0 0 0	24 6 5		0	0	...	159 8 0	0	6100	...	135 1 7	0	0	...	159 8 0	0	6100	...	0 0 0	24

Baptist, Anthony,—account of Rosa Hart ...	18 Mar. 58	o	3700	...	353 15 11	o o o	o	o	...	74 0 0	o	3700	...	427 15 11	o	o	...	3 9 6	o	3700	...	424 6 5	o
Barbaro, George Louis ...	Taken charge 30 Mar. 71	o	o	...	393 15 0	o o o	o	o	...	7 0 0	o	o	...	400 15 0	o	o	...	21 0 0	o	o	...	379 15 0	o
Barber, Mrs. Charlotte Elizabeth,—share account of R. F. Garvin, son of the late Mrs. M. G. Garvin, sister of the deceased ..	6 Mar. 68	o	600	...	39 3 1	o o o	o	o	...	12 0 0	o	600	...	51 3 1	o	o	...	1 3 9	o	600	...	49 15 4	o
———, share account of M. A. G. Garvin, daughter of the deceased ..	Ditto	o	600	...	39 3 1	o o o	o	o	...	12 0 0	o	600	...	51 3 1	o	o	...	1 3 9	o	600	...	49 15 4	o
———, share account of C. J. Garvin, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	600	...	39 3 1	o o o	o	o	...	12 0 0	o	600	...	51 3 1	o	o	...	1 3 9	o	600	...	49 15 4	o
———, share account of T. A. Garvin, son of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	600	...	o o o	76 13 10	o	o	...	12 0 0	o	600	...	o o o	o	o	...	21 3 9	o	600	...	o o o	86
Barjon, Louis,—share account of Mrs. C. Miller, wife of George Miller ...	17 Nov. 56	o	3200	...	202 13 8	o o o	o	o	...	67 12 6	o	3200	...	270 9 8	o	o	...	3 6 6	o	3200	...	267 3 2	o
Barlow, Sir Robert,—account of Captain Sir M. Barlow, the only son and next of kin of the deceased ...	29 May 57	o	o	...	10 3 0	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	10 3 0	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	10 3 0	o
Barnes, Thomas ...	20 May 42	o	500	..	146 2 10	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	..	155 2 10	o	o	..	1 5 0	o	500	...	154 13 10	o
Barr, A	Taken charge 14 Dec. 71	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	500	...	523 12 1	o	500	...	523 12 1	o	o	...	516 12 3	o	500	...	6 15 10	o
Barretto, Joseph ...	... ...	o	2000	...	384 4 4	o o o	o	o	...	40 0 0	o	2000	...	424 4 4	o	o	...	41 1 7	o	2000	...	383 2 9	o
Barsick, Arathoon,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	15 Dec. 66	o	500	...	46 15 1	o o o	o	o	...	499 7 4	o	500	...	546 6 5	o	500	...	184 11 3	o	o	...	361 11 2	o
Bason, Mrs. Catherine ...	... ...	o	500	..	o o o	175 15 7	o	o	...	30 3 10	o	500	...	o o o	o	o	...	15 1 10	o	500	...	o o o	161
———, Thomas ...	1 May 71	o	10700	5*	o o o	546 14 1	o	o	...	1084 4 1	o	10700	5*	538 0 10	o	500	...	546 1 8	o	10200	5*	o o o	108
Bayldon, Major R. ..	31 Dec. 41	o	o	...	3 8 0	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	3 8 0	o	o	.	3 8 0	o	o	...	o o o	o
Bazalgette, Captain Sydney Augustus ...	Taken charge 7 Mar. 70	o	700	...	362 7 11	o o o	o	o	...	713 6 0	o	700	...	1075 13 11	o	700	...	825 13 11	o	o	...	250 0 0	o
Beanland, David Henry,—share account of the children of the late J. G. Beanland, brother of the deceased ..	14 May 63	o	2500	...	11 9 1	o o o	o	o	...	65 0 0	o	2500	...	76 9 1	o	o	..	66 5 3	o	2500	...	10 3 10	o
———, share account of J. W. G. Beanland, son of the late A. Beanland, brother of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	3500	...	222 6 2	o o o	o	o	...	85 0 0	o	3500	...	307 6 2	o	o	...	4 2 10	o	3500	...	303 3 4	o
———, James William Graham ...	30 Mar. 64	o	o	...	o o o	83 7 7	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	.	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	83
Beatson, Joseph Walter ...	Taken charge 25 Nov. 70	o	500	...	o o o	2 13 7	o	o	...	o o o	o	500	...	o o o	o	o	...	1 0 0	o	500	...	o o o	3
———, Capt. Wm. Stuart	Ditto	o	o	...	146 6 3	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	146 6 3	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	146 6 3	o

* Bengal Uncovenanted Service Medical Hall Association "Limited" Shares.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.						Receipts up to 31st December 1871.				Total.			Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.			Balance on 31st December 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		
					To Credit.		To Debit.												To Credit.		To
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	R
B.																								
Beazley, Mrs. Ellen ...	Taken charge 17 Aug. 58	0	500	...	141	4 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	151 4 0	0	0	...	0 15 5	0	500	...	150 4 7	
Becher, Major Robert ...	Power from Executor.	0	500	...	81	4 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	91 4 7	0	0	...	1 5 0	0	500	...	89 15 7	
Bedell, William ...	27 Jan. 59	0	0	...	4	14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 14 0	0	0	...	4 14 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	
——, share account of W. H. R. Bedell ...	Ditto	0	7400	...	53	4 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	154 12 0	0	7400	...	208 0 5	0	0	...	154 12 0	0	7400	...	53 4 5	
Bedford, John,—personalty account ..	3 Dec. 65	0	1700	...	46	9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	80 9 0	0	0	...	1 9 2	0	1700	...	78 15 10	
——, account of leasehold properties ...	Ditto	0	15600	...	225	1 3	0 0 0	0	500	...	317 0 0	0	16100	...	572 1 3	0	0	...	527 0 9	0	16100	...	45 0 6	
——, account of freehold properties ...	Ditto	0	0	...	99	6 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	99 6 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	99 6 3	
Bell, Alexander Herbert ...	19 May 68	0	900	15*	0	0 0	4 1 1	0	1600	...	1632 15 0	0	2500	15*	1628 13 11	0	0	...	1631 9 9	0	2500	15*	0 0 0	
——, Andrew Ross ...	14 Mar. 71	0	20000	...	87	11 9	0 0 0	0	800	...	1193 15 0	0	20800	...	1281 10 9	0	0	...	1650 9 2	0	20800	...	0 0 0	56
——, Dr. Arthur ..	14 Dec. 70	0	0	...	1	4 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 4 0	0	0	...	1 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	
——, Dr. Henry Piele,—account of life interest for Mrs. J. B. Alker ...	4 Sept. 67	0	10000	...	0	0 0	0 12 0	0	0	...	200 0 0	0	10000	...	199 4 0	0	0	..	200 0 0	0	10000	...	0 0 0	
Benjamine, Mrs. Jane,—legacy account of Sicca Rs. 3,700 to C. J. Thomson ...	19 June 37		700	...	37	15 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	51 15 5	0	0	...	1 9 2	0	700	...	50 6 3	
——, legacy account of Sicca Rs. 5,700 to St. George Benjamine ...	Ditto	0	600	...	84	9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	96 9 1	0	0	...	1 7 7	0	600	...	95 1 6	
Bennett, Alfred ...	27 Feb. 63	0	500	...	6	13 11	0 0 0	0	0	..	10 0 0	0	500	...	16 13 11	0	0	...	0 15 5	0	500	...	15 14 6	
——, Lieutenant-Colonel John William,—account of George Inglis, legatee under the will of George Inglis ..	11 June 69	0	12000	...	0	0 0	0 12 0	0	0	...	240 0 0	0	12000	...	239 4 0	0	0	...	240 0 0	0	12000	...	0 0 0	
——, Cornet William Frederick ...	20 July 70	0	1300	...	0	0 0	3 1 0	0	0	..	1303 4 11	0	1300	...	1300 3 11	0	1300	...	1300 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	
——, William Henry	Taken charge 24 June 58	0	0	...	155	7 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	155 7 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	155 7 4	

Bensley, Benjamin,—legacy account of the five children of the deceased ...	9 May 70	o	14000	...	268 1 8	o o o	o	o	...	300 0 0	o	14000	...	568 1 8	o	o	...	300 0 0	o	14000	...	268 1 8	o
Bentley, Mrs. Anne,—life interest, for Miss E. C. Emmer ...	15 July 50	o	33000	...	o o o	88 7 3	o	o	...	660 0 0	o	33000	...	571 8 9	o	o	...	625 12 3	o	33000	...	o o o	54
———, Robert Alexander,—legacy to the Apprenticing Society ...	18 Feb. 53	o	4500	...	275 14 2	o o o	o	o	...	95 0 0	o	4500	...	370 14 2	o	o	...	1 10 0	o	4500	...	369 4 2	o
Bernard, Reverend Frederick ...	Taken charge 18 Jan. 65	o	500	...	22 4 6	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	32 4 6	o	o	...	0 15 5	o	500	...	31 5 1	o
Best, Major Henry White ..	18 Apl. 71	o	o	...	1667 15 4	o o o	o	2000	...	680 10 4	o	2000	...	2348 9 8	o	o	...	2335 0 10	o	2000	...	13 8 10	o
———, John Rycroft,—share account of the children of the deceased ..	22 Nov. 65	o	2300	...	42 3 1	o o o	o	o	...	46 0 0	o	2300	...	88 3 1	o	o	...	46 0 0	o	2300	...	42 3 1	o
Birch, Mrs. Frances Jane,—legacy account of the late Mrs. A. M. E. Hatch, daughter of the deceased..	28 Mar. 68	o	o	...	113 3 8	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	113 3 8	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	113 3 8	o
Blackwood, Lieut.-Colonel Archibald ...	30 Aug. 71	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	4000	...	4426 7 7	o	4000	...	4426 7 7	o	o	...	4357 10 5	o	4000	...	68 13 2	o
Blacquire, Miss Louisa ..	11 Feb. 57	o	1100	...	66 14 1	o o o	o	o	...	22 0 0	o	1100	...	88 14 1	o	o	...	1 4 4	o	1100	...	87 9 9	o
Blake, William ...	10 Jan. 72	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	72 1 0	o	o	...	72 1 0	o	o	...	5 13 4	o	o	...	66 3 8	o
Bland, Revd. Robert James	16 Nov. 69	o	900	...	15 10 7	o o o	o	o	...	18 0 0	o	900	...	33 10 7	o	o	...	2 3 4	o	900	...	31 7 3	o
Blaney, A. B. ..	3 Mar. 51	o	o	...	54 1 0	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	54 1 0	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	54 1 0	o
Blenman, Daniel Townsend,—share account of H. Blenman, son of the deceased...	29 June 66	o	2900	...	169 4 2	o o o	o	o	...	58 0 0	o	2900	..	227 4 2	o	o	...	340 9 9	o	2900	...	o o o	113
———, share account of C. A. L. M. Blenman, daughter of the deceased...	Ditto	o	2500	...	o o o	47 10 5	o	o	...	50 0 0	o	2500	...	2 5 7	o	o	...	50 0 0	o	2500	...	o o o	47 10
Blundell, William ...	20 Dec. 62	o	o	...	37 13 11	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	37 13 11	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	37 13 11	o
Blyth, Daniel T.,—share account of W. E. Blyth and M. Blyth, brother and sister of the deceased ..	12 Jan. 61	o	500	...	108 11 10	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	118 11 10	o	o	...	1 1 10	o	500	...	117 10 0	o
———, Robert,—share account of Miss M. Blyth, sister of the deceased ..	11 Aug. 69	o	o	...	351 8 5	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	351 8 5	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	351 8 5	o
Boezalt, Francis,—legacy account of Miss L. E. Boezalt, daughter of the deceased ...	... ...	o	2000	...	18 10 5	o o o	o	o	...	40 0 0	o	2000	...	58 10 5	o	o	...	40 3 0	o	2000	...	18 7 5	o
Bogle, Thomas Cameron ...	Taken charge 15 Sept. 70	o	500	..	135 14 4	o o o	o	o	..	10 0 0	o	500	...	145 14 4	o	o	...	33 13 2	o	500	...	112 1 2	o
Boileau, Major-General Alexander Henry Edmonstone,—share account of M. H. Boileau and A. C. T. Boileau, children of Mrs. M. G. Cadell ...	27 Feb. 63	o	16200	5*	18 9 10	o o o	o	o	...	417 12 0	o	16200	5*	436 5 10	o	o	...	378 0 0	o	16200	5*	58 5 10	o

* Agra Bank Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.								Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December. 1871.							
		Government Securities.			Cash.					Government Securities.			Cash.	Government Securities.			Cash.	Government Securities.			Cash.	Government Securities.			Cash.				
				Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	To Credit.			To Debit.				Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.				Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.				Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.				Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	To Credit.		To Debit	
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P	
B.																													
an. Simeon ...	3 Apl. 67	0	0	...	242	14	5	0	0	0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	242 14 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	242 14 5	0	0	
—. Bonong Edward ...	9 Aug. 68	0	12000	...	110	5	6	0	0	0	0	0	...	270 4 0	0	12000	...	380 9 6	0	0	...	7 3 10	0	12000	...	373 5 8	0	0	
l, William Coleridge...	6 June 65	0	0	...	0	0	0	14	2	0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	14	2	
rs. Mrs. Joanna,—legacy ount of D. Kitchenner, unatic), grandson of the eased ...	8 July 62	0	7100	...	355	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	...	143 4 0	0	7100	...	498 10 8	0	0	...	6 6 9	0	7100	...	492 3 11	0	0	
—, legacy account of Roman Catholic Church Nossa Senora de Dores Boitukhannah ...	Ditto	0	600	...	11	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	..	12 0 0	0	600	..	23 8 1	0	0	...	1 3 9	0	600	...	22 4 4	0	0	
s, Benjamin	Taken charge 1 Nov. 69	0	0	...	224	13	6	0	0	0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	224 13 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	224 13 6	0	0	
, Andrew,—account of rrison and Boyle's claim ainst the Railway Com- y ...	5 Apl. 64	0	1200	...	115	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	...	139 15 0	0	0	...	1 11 6	0	1200	...	138 3 6	0	0	
—, share account of children of the deceased	Ditto	0	131300	...	0	0	0	1119	13	5	0	0	...	2643 8 0	0	131300	...	1523 10 7	0	0	...	2628 13 11	0	131300	...	0 0 0	1105	3	
—, share account of T. Boyle, son of the eased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	5912	14	11	0	0	0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5912 14 11	0	0	...	5912 14 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	
bury, Samuel Watson ...	3 Feb. 60	0	0	...	78	4	10	0	0	0	0	0	...	0 0 0															
y ...	Taken charge 12 Apl. 61	0	0	...	24	5	11	0	0	0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	78 4 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	78 4 10	0	0	
Edward Fyffe ...	5 July 56	0	500	...	483	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	0	...	24 5 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 5 11	0	0	
Thomas, the elder ..	28 Jan. 51	0	0	...	32	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	493 4 4	0	0	...	0 15 5	0	500	...	492 4 11	0	0	
a, Charles ...	1 Aug. 70	0	0	...	177	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 5 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 5 3	0	0	
, Dr. Thomas ...	16 Aug. 71	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16400	73*	650 13 0	0	16400	73*	650 13 0	0	0	20*	837 6 11	0	16400	53*	0 0 0	186	9	
, G. A. ...	Taken charge 19 Dec. 66	0	0	...	301	9	6	0	0	0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	301 9 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	301 9 6	0	0	

r, Hugh Brady.—account of life interest for Mrs S. Brew, widow of the deceased ...	11 Dec. 66	0	5600	...	18 1 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	117 0 0	0	5600	...	135 1 10	0	0	...	113 1 5	0	5600	...	22 0 5	0 0
witt, William ...	8 Oct. 50	0	0	...	172 7 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	172 7 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	172 7 0	0 0
n, Sub-Condr. Maurice	Taken charge 10 April 66	0	600	...	18 10 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	30 10 3	0	0	...	1 0 11	0	600	...	29 9 4	0 0
ht, George Warren ...	16 Jan. 55	0	20200	...	59 4 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	404 0 0	0	20200	...	463 4 3	0	0	...	362 10 4	0	20200	...	100 9 11	0 0
tow, William,—share account of the children of the deceased	19 May 70	0	39500	...	0 0 0	12 9 1	0	0	...	1483 13 8	0	39500	...	1471 4 7	0	700	...	1312 10 10	0	38800	...	158 9 9	0 0
oke, William Augustus,—trust of Mahomedan woman ...	5 Aug. 33	0	10000	...	565 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	200 0 0	0	10000	...	765 11 0	0	0	...	12 13 0	0	10000	...	752 14 0	0 0
ome, Major-General Arthur	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 9 3	0	0	...	28 9 3	0	0	...	118 9 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	90 0
therhood, Edward ...	Taken charge 28 Feb. 71	0	0	...	274 14 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 0 0	0	0	...	281 14 9	0	0	...	281 14 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
wn, Brigadier and Major-General Clements ...	28 June 41	0	29200	...	0 0 0	27 7 7	0	0	...	584 0 0	0	29200	...	556 8 5	0	0	...	542 3 4	0	29200	...	14 5 1	0 0
—, James ...	Taken charge 31 Dec. 69	0	0	...	152 9 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	152 9 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	152 9 6	0 0
—, Patrick ...	Taken charge 9 June 59	0	0	...	372 4 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	372 4 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	372 4 11	0 0
—, Thomas John,—legacy account of J. S. Brown, son of the deceased	13 Dec. 67	0	900	...	37 3 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	907 2 1	0	900	...	944 5 11	0	900	...	944 5 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
—, legacy account of J. F. Brown, son of the deceased	Ditto	0	1200	...	42 9 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1200	...	42 9 6	0	0	...	122 5 11	0	1200	...	0 0 0	79 12
—, legacy account of Miss A. M. Brown, daughter and residuary legatee under the will of the deceased ..	Ditto	0	1400	...	133 3 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	1416 2 6	0	1400	...	1549 6 3	0	1400	...	1549 6 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
owne, Charles Henry.—legacy account of Miss M. A. J. Browne, sister of the deceased	29 Aug. 66	0	5200	...	0 0 0	46 14 11	0	0	...	118 0 0	0	5200	...	71 1 1	0	0	...	101 8 8	0	5200	...	0 0 0	30 [illegible]
—, Frederick William	12 Dec. 64	0	0	...	229 0 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	118 7 11	0	0	...	347 8 6	0	0	...	1 12 5	0	0	...	345 12 1	0 [illegible]
ruce, William ...	1 July 63	0	600	...	45 1 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	57 1 6	0	0	...	1 0 11	0	600	...	56 0 7	0
ruggen, Mrs. Emma Terher	12 Dec. 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	4500	...	4824 3 9	0	4500	...	4824 3 9	0	0	...	4645 8 10	0	4500	...	178 10 11	0
yson, Mrs. Mary Ann,—personalty account, share account of A. H. Bryson and A. C. Bryson, sons of the deceased ...	10 Aug. 66	0	3800	...	0 0 0	108 13 5	0	0	...	1333 0 5	0	3800	...	1224 3 0	0	3800	...	1224 3 0	0	0	...		
—, share account of A. C. Bryson, son of the deceased	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1500	...	603 7 1	0	1500	...	603 7 1	0	0	...	194 12 6	0	1500	...	0 0 0	0
uckner, John,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	5 May 64	0	1600	...	0 0 0	182 14 9	0	0	...	32 0 0	0	1600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 0 4	0	1600	...	408 10 7	0
																						0 0 0	153 1

* Sundry Shares.

† Dehra Doon Tea Company Limited Shares.

B.

ESTATES	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.						Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.		To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.
B.																								
Buller, Lieutenant John Edward ...	2 June 70	0	1400	...	3 11 5		0 0 0	0	0	...	1397 1 4	0	1400	...	1400 12 9	0	1400	...	1400 12 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
Bunbury, Captain Henry Fox ..	29 Nov. 71	0	0	...	0 0 0		0 0 0	0	1000		1173 8 10	0	1000	...	1173 8 10	0	0	...	1232 6 3	0	1000	...	0 0 0	58 1
Bunney, Serjeant Joseph,—legacy account of Emily Bunney, daughter of the deceased ...	21 Jan. 59	0	8800	...	0 0 0		385 7 1	0	0	...	185 0 0	0	8800	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	109 8 3	0	8800	...	0 0 0	309 1
Burgess, Thomas Chloff ...	Taken charge 18 April 71	0	800	...	3 10 0		0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	19 10 0	0	0	...	16 5 5	0	800	...	3 4 7	0
Burke, Michael ..	Taken charge 7 Jan. 58	0	0	...	172 12 9		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	172 12 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	172 12 9	0
Burn, Daniel ...	6 Jan. 69	0	600	...	11 13 4		0 0 0	0	700	...	835 4 9	0	1300	...	847 2 1	0	0	...	1125 1 3	0	1300	..	0 0 0	277 2
Burney, F. R. ...	Taken charge 4 Mar. 70	0	0	...	172 1 3		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	172 1 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	172 1 3	0
——, Major General George ...	3 Aug. 70	0	2800	...	92 14 7		0 0 0	0	0	...	115 11 9	0	2800	...	208 10 4	0	0	...	8 15 9	0	2800	...	199 10 7	0
Bushby, George Alexander. —Mrs. English's charity account ..	11 Aug. 57	0	67700	...	246 1 6		0 0 0	0	500	...	1354 0 0	0	68200	...	1600 1 6	0	0	...	1568 13 7	0	68200	...	31 3 11	0
Butcher, Gunner John ..	23 Jan. 66	0	1700	...	310 11 9		0 0 0	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	344 11 9	0	0	...	1 9 2	0	1760	...	343 2 7	0
Butler, James ...	Taken charge 10 Nov. 62	0	0	...	193 15 7		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	193 15 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	193 15 7	0
Buxton, George ..	14 June 71	0	2800	...	0 0 0		0 0 0	0	0	...	269 1 0	0	2800	...	33 4 10	0	0	...	20 11 2	0	2800	...	12 9 8	0
Byrne, Francis Patrick ...	29 May 66	0	700	...	77 0 11		235 12 2	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	91 0 11	0	0	...	17 12 3	0	700	...	73 4 8	0
——, Ensign Reginald Sutherland ...	19 Sept. 61	0	700	...	47 11 4		0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	61 11 4	0	0	...	1 1 4	0	700	...	60 10 0	0
C.																								
Caddy, Brevet Major Douglas Truscott,—legacy account of Miss A. Caddy, daughter of the deceased ...	8 Mar. 55	0	0	...	453 14 4		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	453 14 4	0	0	...	453 14 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0

legacy account of M. Frye, daughter of deceased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	453 14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	453 14 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	453 14 4 | 0 0
ugustus ...	Taken charge 9 April 69	0	0	...	17 15 7	0 c 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 15 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 15 7 | 0 0
t, Captain Cuthbert	Taken charge 13 May 70	0	0	...	76 5 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	66 3 9	0	0	...	142 9 7	0	0	...	2 5 11	0	0	...	140 3 8 | 0 0
Richard Thomas ...	2 Dec. 65	0	500	...	93 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	2117 10 6	0	500	...	2210 12 10	0	500	...	2210 12 10	0	0	...	0 0 0 | 0 0
ll, Major John rs ...	8 July 70	0	900	...	39 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	908 10 7	0	900	...	948 2 7	0	900	...	948 2 7	0	0	...	0 0 0 | 0 0
—, John Henry rgh ...	Taken charge 22 Aug. 70	0	0	...	196 5 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	196 5 2	0	0	...	196 5 2	0	0	...	0 0 0 | 0 0
—, Major General am Charles ..	7 July 66	0	600	...	73 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	85 9 1	0	0	...	1 0 11	0	600	...	84 8 2 | 0 0
—, account of Mirza imbeg ..	Ditto	0	14300	...	140 9 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	327 4 0	0	14300	...	467 13 6	0	0	...	8 14 6	0	14300	...	458 15 0 | 0 0
—, account of life in- for Narlee Begum...	Ditto	0	10800	...	55 0 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	216 0 0	0	10800	...	271 0 6	0	0	...	216 0 0	0	10800	...	55 0 6 | 0 0
Henry ...	Taken charge 6 Feb. 71	0	0	...	26 15 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 0 0	0	0	...	51 15 10	0	0	...	1 13 0	0	0	...	50 2 10 | 0 0
enry Currie,—share nt of T. G. Cape M. A. Cape, brother sister of the de- d ...	Taken charge 21 June 69	0	0	...	349 7 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	349 7 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	349 7 10 | 0 0
William Edwin ..	5 May 64	0	0	...	3 14 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 14 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 14 1 | 0 0
, James ...	18 Aug. 66	0	600	...	88 1 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	100 1 6	0	0	...	1 0 11	0	600	...	99 0 7 | 0 0
Jabez,—legacy ac- of the children of I. Carey, son of the sed ...	19 May 62	0	1300	...	73 10 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 0 0	0	1300	...	99 10 10	0	0	...	26 0 0	0	1300	...	73 10 10 | 0 0
John Charles,— account of H. E. ll, brother of the de- d ...	18 June 67	0	0	...	282 11 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	282 11 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	282 11 3 | 0 0
share account of the Mrs. A. Cargill, er of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	291 7 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	291 7 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	291 7 2 | 0 0
a, Pensioner Sergeant as ...	8 June 71	0	1400	...	0 0 0	70 1 7	0	0	...	140 10 0	0	1400	...	70 8 5	0	0	...	3 1 9	0	1400	...	67 6 8 | 0 0
William,—share ac- of the children of eceased ...	12 Jan. 61	0	0	...	393 7 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	393 7 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	393 7 6 | 0 0
eorge,—share account seph Brown ...	8 May 47	0	500	...	393 12 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	403 12 10	0	0	...	1 5 0	0	500	...	402 7 10 | 0 0
iet, Mrs. Anna Johan- Joseph Ter,—account y for the Holy See at ayatzeer ...	4 Mar. 43	0	2800	...	412 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	57 4 0	0	2800	...	499 15 0	0	0	...	4 1 10	0	2800	...	495 13 2 | 0 0

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.						Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.			
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																	To Credit.	To D
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs.
C.																							
et, Mrs. Anna Johan- Joseph Ter,—share nt of house No. 37, Street, in the Will 40, Doomtullah Street	4 Mar. 43	0	0	...	108 9 3	0 0 0		0	0	...	160 12 6	0	0	...	269 5 9	0	0	...	103 15 8	0	0	...	165 6 1	0
—, share account of e No. 38, Ezra Street, e Will No. 42, Doom- h Street ..	Ditto	0	0	...	339 5 0	0 0 0		0	0	...	210 9 0	0	0	...	549 14 0	0	0	...	239 8 8	0	0	...	310 5 4	0
—, share account of e No. 39, Ezra Street, e Will No. 41, Doom- h Street ...	Ditto	0	0	...	412 6 1	0 0 0		0	0	...	145 6 11	0	0	...	557 13 0	0	0	...	365 13 7	0	0	...	191 15 5	0
—, share account of e No. 53, Ezra Street, e Will No. 60, Doom- h Street ...	Ditto	0	3100	...	98 3 2	0 0 0		0	0	...	167 6 0	0	3100	...	265 9 2	0	0	...	55 11 8	0	3100	...	209 13 6	0
, Assistant Farrier Saddler Sergeant ick ...	Taken charge 20 July 63	0	12[illegible]	...	308 15 10	0 0 0		0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	...	332 15 10	0	0	...	1 5 9	0	1200	...	331 10 1	0
, Thomas,—account of e No. 6, Waterloo St.	19 Nov. 61	0	0	...	1254 7 8	0 0 0		0	0	...	2478 6 0	0	0	...	3732 13 8	0	0	...	2238 6 0	0	0	...	1494 7 8	0
legacy account of E. Cartner, widow of leceased ...	Ditto	0	20600	...	247 6 7	0 0 0		0	0	...	416 8 0	0	20600	...	663 14 7	0	0	...	376 12 0	0	20600	...	287 2 7	0
legacy account of ridow and children of leceased ...	Ditto	0	17000	...	0 0 0	203 1 7		0	0	...	363 12 0	0	17000	...	160 10 5	0	0	...	363 12 0	0	17000	...	0 0 0	203
legacy account of s Cartner, son of the ased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	996 1 11		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	996
legacy account of ph Cartner, son of the ased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	596 1 11		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	596

, Catherine (a lunatic)	... ...	o	17300	...	o o o	53 12 11	o	o	...	828 7 0	o	17300	...	774 10 1	o	o	...	788 10 11	o	17300	...	o o o	14
William Nathaniel...	5 Mar. 49	o	o	...	24 5 4	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	..	24 5 4	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	24 5 4	o
ck, James Thomas ...	15 Feb. 72	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	3100	...	3378 6 0	o	3100	...	3378 6 0	o	o	...	3128 11 2	o	3100	...	249 10 10	o
erlain, Lieutenant-nel Charles Francis on ...	7 June 71	o	o	...	39 7 11	o o o	o	10000	...	10115 9 7	o	10000	...	10185 1 6	o	o	...	10362 1 3	o	10000	...	o o o	-176 1
an, Mrs. Patience Eli-th ...	14 Feb. 56	o	4700	...	185 7 6	o o o	o	o	...	97 12 0	o	4700	...	283 3 6	o	o	...	1 10 0	o	4700	...	281 9 6	o
, William.—share ac-t of Miss C. A. de, daughter of the ased ...	7 Jan. 67	o	1000	...	86 6 8	o o o	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	1000	...	106 6 8	o	o	...	1 8 7	o	1000	...	104 14 1	o
, share account of iam Charde, son of deceased ...	Ditto	o	1000	...	o o o	164 3 10	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	1000	...	o o o	o	o	...	1 8 7	o	1000	...	o o o	145
Mathew ...	30 June 70	o	3800	...	152 4 0	o o o	o	o	...	3880 8 6	o	3800	...	4032 12 6	o	3800	...	68 0 0	o	o	...	3964 12 6	o
George Constable ...	20 Dec. 70	o	37000	...	60 15 1	o o o	o	o	...	2427 12 9	o	37000	...	2488 11 10	o	1700	...	2690 2 7	o	35300	...	o o o	201
e, Henry ...	9 Mar. 58	o	o	...	219 2 2	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	219 2 2	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	219 2 2	o
—, legacy account of Christie, a only ghter of the deceased...	Ditto	o	1400	...	157 9 0	o o o	o	o	...	28 0 0	o	1400	...	185 9 0	o	o	...	1 13 5	o	1400	...	183 11 7	o
Henry ...	5 Jan. 71	o	2900	...	122 4 1	o o o	o	900	...	971 8 3	o	3800	...	1093 12 4	o	o	...	1043 5 4	o	3800	...	50 7 0	o
Captain William son ...	Taken charge 25 Apl. 70	o	o	...	46 7 6	o o o	o	o	...	122 2 8	o	o	...	168 10 2	o	o	...	168 10 2	o	o	...	o o o	o
, Philip ...	25 Jan. 68	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	11 12 0	o	o	...	11 12 0	o	o	...	11 10 7	o	o	...	0 1 5	o
, legacy account of L. larke, daughter of the ased ...	Ditto	o	500	...	o o o	5 14 9	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	500	...	14 1 3	o	o	...	1 6 7	o	50	...	12 10 8	o
, legacy account of J. Clarke, daughter of the eased ..	Ditto	o	500	...	o o o	5 14 9	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	500	...	14 1 3	o	o	...	1 6 7	o	500	...	12 10 8	o
, legacy account of C. Clarke, daughter of the eased ..	Ditto	o	500	...	o o o	5 14 9	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	500	...	14 1 3	o	o	...	1 6 7	o	500	...	12 10 8	o
, legacy account of P. Clarke, son of the de-sed ...	Ditto	o	500	...	o o o	5 14 9	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	500	...	14 1 3	o	o	...	1 6 7	o	500	...	12 10 8	o
, legacy account of F. Clarke, son of the de-sed ...	Ditto	o	500	...	o o o	5 14 9	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	500	...	14 1 3	o	o	...	1 6 7	o	500	...	12 10 8	o
son, Captain Henry rcy ...	Taken charge. 2 July 70	o	500	...	31 2 11	o o o	o	o	...	555 13 2	o	500	...	587 0 1	o	500	...	587 0 1	o	o	...	o o o	o
, Assistant Overseer wrence ...	28 Sept. 70	o	500	...	219 13 5	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	229 13 5	o	o	...	0 15 5	o	500	...	228 14 0	o
, Captain Michael Wil-m Lade ...	27 June 65	o	o	...	20 9 7	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	20 9 7	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	20 9 7	o
nan, Conductor Geoffrey	22 June 58	o	2500	...	299 15 8	o o o	o	o	...	759 6 0	o	2500	...	1059 5 8	o	700	...	1030 11 10	o	1800	...	28 9 10	o
, Mrs. Catherine ...	25 Sept. 69	o	2500	...	291 14 9	o o o	o	o	...	81 3 0	o	2500	...	373 1 9	o	o	...	2 6 6	o	2500	...	370 11 3	o
yn, Captain Powell hn ...	Taken charge. 29 Mar. 71	o	500	...	33 15 7	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	43 15 7	o	o	...	16 3 0	o	500	...	27 12 7	o
an, John ...	24 Aug. 68	o	o	5*	1 4 10	o o o	o	o	...	434 15 0	o	o	5*	436 3 10	o	o	5*	6 4 0	o	o	...	429 15 10	o

5* United Service Bank "Limited" Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.						Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.		To Debit.																To Credit.	To
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	R.
C.																								
, John,—share account . Conlon and Miss C. on, children of the ased ...	22 Nov. 52	0	0	...	0 0 0		0 0 0	0	0	...	250 0 9	0	0	...	250 0 9	0	0	...	1 11 8	0	0	...	248 5 1	0
l, Owen ...	.....	0	0	...	0 0 0		0 0 0	0	1300	...	1450 10 0	0	1300	...	1450 10 0	0	0	...	1334 3 3	0	1300	...	116 6 9	0
lly, Sub-Conduct r es,—share account of iam Connolly, son of leceased ...	20 June 67	0	1300	...	74 12 8		0 0 0	0	0	...	26 0 0	0	1300	...	100 12 8	0	0	...	1 12 6	0	1300	...	99 0 2	0
—. share account of . Connolly, daughter e deceased ...	Ditto	0	1300	..	74 12 8		0 0 0	0	0	...	26 0 0	0	1300	...	100 12 8	0	0	...	1 12 6	0	1300	...	99 0 2	0
, James Arthur ...	Taken charge 31 Mar. 70	0	0	...	240 14 11		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	240 14 11	0	0	...	22 13 5	0	0	...	218 1 6	0
Edmond Cadell ...	Taken charge 1 Dec. 69	0	0	...	5 9 6		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	5 9 6	0	0	...	5 9 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
, Jacob ..	20 Sept. 70	0	2100	2*	110 8 1		0 0 0	0	0	...	4961 3 9	0	2100	2*	5071 11 10	0	2100	2*	4339 12 2	0	0	...	731 15 8	0
Henry ...	.....	0	0	...	0 0 0		0 0 0	0	900	...	1169 7 1	0	900	...	1169 7 1	0	0	...	1040 5 10	0	900	...	129 1 3	0
a, Henry ...	Taken charge 25 Jan. 69	0	0	...	6 2 9		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 2 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 2 9	0
, Mrs. Ellen ...	30 July 70	0	4000	...	99 6 2		0 0 0	0	0	...	96 4 0	0	4000	...	195 10 2	0	0	...	6 5 1	0	4000	...	189 5 1	0
George Fox ...	1 July 65	0	0	...	17 3 8		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 3 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 3 8	0
us, Charles, Junior ...	17 July 63	0	0	...	0 0 0		145 6 6	0	0	...	188 10 0	0	0	...	43 3 6	0	0	...	89 10 7	0	0	...	46 0 0	46
—, Senior, account of No. 8, Grant's Lane	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0		17 1 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	17
, Charles ...	Taken charge 6 Oct. 71	0	0	...	0 0 0		0 0 0	0	0	...	329 15 0	0	0	...	329 15 0	0	0	...	191 14 0	0	0	...	138 1 0	0
E. ...	31 Aug. 59	0	1200	...	85 7 3		0 0 0	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	...	109 7 3	0	0	...	1 5 9	0	1200	...	108 1 6	0
Lieutenant-Colonel y ...	11 May 58	0	800	...	53 4 10		0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	69 4 10	0	0	...	1 1 10	0	800	...	68 3 0	0
y, Gunner Humphrey	25 May 55	0	0	...	38 10 4		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	38 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	38 10 4	0
Captain Patrick ...	16 July 68	0	1800	...	101 12 6		0 0 0	0	0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	137 12 6	0	0	...	1 10 8	0	1800	...	136 1 10	0

Alfred,—personalty account ...	13 May 68	o	1800	...	113 0 0	o o o	o	o	...	36 0 0	o	1800	...	149 0 0	o	o	...	1 10 8	o	1800	...	147 5 4	o
realty account ...	Ditto	o	o	...	413 11 2	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	413 11 2	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	413 11 2	o
y, Robert Godlieb,—unt of house No. 10, pore Road ...	25 April 56	o	o	...	71 7 9	o o o	o	o	...	438 6 0	o	o	...	509 13 9	o	o	...	213 7 2	o	o	...	296 6 7	o
Alexander,—share account of Miss C. Craig ..	18 Nov. 51	o	12700	...	o o o	347 8 3	o	o	...	538 6 5	o	12700	...	190 14 2	o	o	...	497 14 10	o	12700	...	o o o	307
share account of the Mrs. C. Montgomery, ow of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	500	...	34 0 10	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	44 0 10	o	o	...	0 13 0	o	500	...	43 3 10	o
Alexander Guest,—e account of Miss C. g, sister of the deceased	19 May 68	o	14600	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	297 0 0	o	14600	...	297 0 0	o	o	...	297 0 0	o	14600	...	o o o	o
s, Lieutenant Arthur llesley ..	11 May 59	o	o	...	264 12 0	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	264 12 0	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	264 12 0	o
, Lieut.-Colonel John	18 May 41	o	o	...	20 6 8	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	20 6 8	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	20 6 8	o
, Major Patrick,—account of the Trustees of marriage settlement of or and Mrs. A. Q. per ...	2 June 41	o	24700	...	75 6 1	o o o	o	o	...	520 4 0	o	24700	...	595 10 1	o	o	...	463 4 0	o	24700	...	132 6 1	o
rd, Surgeon Major a Duncan ..	3 Oct. 71	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	49*	25559 15 1	o	o	49†	25559 15 1	o	o	13†	8719 2 8	o	o	36†	16840 12 5	o
, Pierse ..	28 Jan. 71	o	500	...	194 1 11	o o o	o	o	...	69 9 2	o	500	...	263 11 1	o	o	...	92 9 8	o	500	...	171 1 5	o
, Joseph ...	27 May 71	o	18600	...	o o o	9 14 0	o	o	...	372 0 0	o	18600	...	362 2 0	o	o	...	375 10 8	o	18600	...	o o o	13
Riding Master Richard,—legacy account of Wil- Crux, son of the deceased ...	30 Nov. 61	o	5800	...	91 10 11	o o o	o	o	...	126 0 0	o	5800	...	217 10 11	o	5800	...	217 10 11	o	o	...	o o o	o
ins, John ...	28 May 60	o	o	...	36 2 1	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	36 2 1	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	36 2 1	o
gham, Alexander,—cy account of Mrs. C. ones, daughter of the ased, for her separate ...	9 Mar. 64	o	36300	...	o o o	57 10 10	o	o	...	726 0 0	o	36300	...	668 5 2	o	o	...	700 0 5	o	36300	...	o o o	31
a, Mrs. Mary ..	... ...	o	o	...	95 6 1	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	95 6 1	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	95 6 1	o
ertson, James,—legacy unt of J. W. Cuthson and C. D. Cuthson ...	10 Dec. 55	o	30200	...	191 13 10	o o o	o	600	...	619 0 0	o	30800	...	810 13 10	o	o	...	640 10 10	o	30800	...	170 3 0	o
D.																							
ta, John Simon ..	30 Nov. 55	o	o	..	14 1 11	o o o	o	o	..	o o o	o	o	...	14 1 11	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	14 1 11	o
—, reserve fund account ...	Ditto	o	50000	...	o o o	743 14 3	o	7300	...	3296 9 0	o	57300	...	2552 10 9	o	o	...	1766 4 8	o	57300	...	786 6 1	o
—, share account of s S. L. F. DaCosta ...	Ditto	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	384 8 0	o	o	...	384 8 0	o	o	...	498 7 6	o	o	...	o o o	113
—, account life interest of Miss S. L. F. Costa ...	Ditto	o	63700	...	o o o	1335 15 3	o	o	...	1274 0 0	o	63700	...	o o o	o	o	...	1338 0 6	o	63700	...	o o o	1399

* Uncovenanted Service Bank Limited Shares. † Bank of Bengal Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.							Receipts up to 31st December 1871.						Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.				Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.				
					To Credit.			To Debit.																	To Credit.			To I
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.
D.																																
...sta, John—share account of Simon, H. N. Costa ...	30 Nov. 55	o	o	...	372	12	1	o o o	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	372	12	1	o	o	...	372	12	1	o	o	...	o	o	o	o
...—, account life interest of J. H. N. Costa ...	Ditto	o	184000	...	2763	5	8	o o o	o	o	...	4052	12	1	o	184000	...	6816	1	9	o	6600	..	6966	2	7	o	177100	...	119	15	2	o
...—, account life interest of Mrs. S. V. DaCosta, ...r Mrs. Laforgue ...	Ditto	o	o	...	419	9	5	o o o	o	o	...	435	6	0	o	o	...	854	15	5	o	o	..	500	1	8	o	o	...	354	13	9	o
...tuz, Mrs. Harriet,—life interest for her daughter ...abeth Wilkinson ..	5 June 58	o	1000	...	o	o	o	2 4 5	o	o	...	22	8	0	o	1000	...	20	3	7	o	o	...	2	14	0	o	1000	...	17	5	7	o
...tre, Henry Bonaventure	19 June 67	o	9000	...	570	9	5	o o o	o	500	...	220	0	0	o	9500	...	790	9	5	o	o	...	511	4	5	o	9500	...	279	5	0	o
...usett, Mrs. Margaret ...abeth ...	14 Sept. 59	o	1600	...	411	9	0	o o o	o	o	...	32	0	0	o	1600	...	443	9	0	o	o	...	1	8	8	o	1600	...	442	0	4	o
...—, George Harris ...	9 Jan. 64	o	500	...	213	10	5	o o o	o	o	...	10	0	0	o	500	...	223	10	5	o	o	...	0	15	5	o	500	...	222	11	0	o
...lva, Mathew ...	3 Dec. 45	o	o	...	30	15	3	o o o	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	30	15	3	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	30	15	3	o
...—, Domingo ...	16 Mar. 66	o	o	...	39	13	6	o o o	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	39	13	6	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	..	39	13	6	o
...—, Manuel ...	24 Aug. 55	o	o	...	848	0	11	o o o	o	800	...	16	0	0	o	800	...	864	0	11	o	o	...	807	2	6	o	800	...	56	14	5	o
...h, Lieutenant-Colonel ...nis Harman,—account the Trustees of the ...rriage settlement of Mrs. ...ry Charlotte Thunder...	11 Nov. 39	o	9300	54*	358	6	10	o o o	o	o	...	2346	0	0	o	9300	54*	2704	6	10	o	o	...	2347	8	0	o	9300	54*	356	14	10	o
..., Sergeant John,—share ...ount of the children ...	8 Mar. 65	o	800	...	69	0	4	o o o	o	o	...	20	0	0	o	800	...	89	0	4	o	o	...	38	10	5	o	800	...	50	5	11	o
...ell, Lieutenant Charles ...tell ...	28 Apl. 56	o	o	...	247	12	4	o o o	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	247	12	4	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	247	12	4	o
...—, Assistant Surgeon ...ekman Rose ...	12 Jan. 63	•	o	20†	4	8	0	o o o	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	20†	4	8	0	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	20†	4	8	0	o
...ell, Dr. Nelson,—account of the Trustees under ...Will ...	20 Apl. 57	o	7400	...	o	o	o	25 5 10	o	o	...	148	0	0	o	7400	...	122	10	2	o	o	...	148	0	2	o	7400	...	o	o	o	25

dson, Isaac ...	5 Dec. 63	o	500	...	118 15 1	o o o	o	o	...	12 8 0	o	500	...	131 7 1	o	o	...	1 1 6	o	500	...	130 6 1	o
—, Ensign John Tier-y ...	31 Aug. 58	o	o	...	316 2 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	316 2 1	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	316 2 10	o
a, Miss Mary ...	27 Apl. 56	o	500	...	314 0 2	o o o	o	o	...	13 12 0	o	500	...	327 12 2	o	o	...	0 14 0	o	500	...	326 14 2	o
—, James Henry ...	13 Dec. 57	o	3200	...	453 10 10	o o o	o	500	...	64 0 0	o	3700	...	517 10 10	o	o	...	508 10 4	o	3700	...	9 0 6	o
son, Ensign Alexander, 50th N. I. ...	Taken charge 29 Oct. 58	o	o	...	128 2 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	128 2 4	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	128 2 4	o
les, Edward,—share account of George Deedes ..	3 July 48	o	92200	...	o o o	17 13 7	o	o	...	1927 8 0	o	92200	...	1909 10 5	o	o	...	1755 14 5	o	92200	...	153 12 0	o
main, Lieut.-Colonel ames ...	19 Mar. 38	o	o	...	9 13 4	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	9 13 4	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	9 13 4	o
—, Capt. John William	23 July 60	o	o	...	106 2 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	106 2 10	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	106 2 10	o
is, G. ..	... ...	o	o	..	15 12 11	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	15 12 11	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	15 12 11	o
—, Colonel Maurice iffin ...	8 July 71	o	23000	...	o o o	393 3 0	o	o	...	o o o	o	23000	...	o o o	o	o	...	641 10 6	o	23000	...	o o o	1034
y, Ensign Charles Archild ...	24 Apl. 53	o	o	...	117 10 3	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	117 10 3	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	117 10 3	o
—, Robert Henry ...	16 Dec. 69	o	o	...	18 6 6	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	18 6 6	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	18 6 6	o
on, Miss Mary Hollier. life interest of Bebee anah ...	29 May 49	o	3100	..	o o o	236 10 0	o	o	...	62 0 0	o	3100	...	o o o	o	o	...	4 7 7	o	3100	...	o o o	179
tell, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	20 Apl. 40	o	2300	...	249 8 4	o o o	o	o	...	897 1 4	o	2300	...	1146 9 8	o	500	...	1543 8 2	o	1800	...	o o o	396
och, Mrs. Ann ...	30 May 45	o	1500	...	314 13 3	o o o	o	o	...	33 12 0	o	1500	...	348 9 3	o	o	...	2 11 1	o	1500	...	345 14 2	o
any, Mrs. Catherine,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	3 Dec. 65	o	o	...	271 11 9	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	271 11 9	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	271 11 9	o
rell, George Thomas ...	9 Dec. 70	o	9500	...	o o o	507 11 8	o	o	...	190 0 0	o	9500	...	o o o	o	o	...	6 8 7	o	9500	...	o o o	324
e, Serjeant John O'B.,—legacy account of widow and three children ..,	2 Feb. 57	o	10500	...	394 9 5	o o o	o	o	...	210 0 0	o	01500	...	604 9 5	o	o	...	159 12 9	o	10500	...	444 12 8	o
, Henry Franklin,—share account of the children	3 May 63	o	3200	...	132 13 9	o o o	o	o	...	64 0 0	o	3200	...	196 13 9	o	o	...	3 4 9	o	3200	...	193 9 0	o
nithorne, James Henry,—share account of the children ..	Feb. 64	o	1100	...	o o o	86 3 8	o	o	...	27 8 0	o	1100	...	o o o	o	o	...	1 13 2	o	1100	...	o o o	60
nelly, Edward ...	23 Mar. 60	o	2500	...	41 12 8	o o o	o	o	...	60 0 0	o	2500	...	101 12 8	o	o	...	2 2 5	o	2500	...	99 10 3	o
nohoe, William ...	24 Feb. 70	o	1000	...	250 11 4	o o o	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	1000	...	270 11 4	o	o	...	2 3 10	o	1000	...	268 7 6	o
zelle, Camillie ...	18 Apl. 68	o	6700	...	142 10 1	o o o	o	o	...	134 0 0	o	6700	...	276 10 1	o	o	..	4 1 2	o	6700	...	272 8 11	o
in, James Augustus ...	15 May 58	o	o	...	210 12 4	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	210 12 4	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	210 12 4	o
glas, Captain Charles Robert George	24 Apl. 61	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	700	...	1106 10 9	o	700	...	1106 10 9	o	700	...	1106 10 9	o	o	...	o o o	o
wning, William Pringle ...	21 May 67	o	o	...	340 9 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	340 9 10	o	o	...	228 0 0	o	o	...	112 9 10	o
yle, Sergeant John,—share account of Miss Jemima leads ...	15 Apl. 63	o	7700	...	78 6 0	o o o	o	o	...	154 0 0	o	7700	...	232 6 0	o	o	...	126 14 11	o	7700	...	105 7 1	o
ver, Sergeant George ...	27 Feb. 63	o	1000	...	188 11 2	o o o	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	1000	...	208 11 2	o	o	...	1 3 10	o	1000	...	207 7 4	o
able, William ...	... ...	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	1000	...	1338 1 0	o	1000	...	1338 1 0	o	o	...	1271 14 6	o	1000	...	66 2 6	o
bignon, Robert Walter,—share account of Mrs. Dawson ...	25 Aug. 68	o	900	...	34 7 3	o o o	o	o	...	18 0 0	o	900	...	52 7 3	o	o	...	1 7 8	o	900	...	50 15 7	o

* Bank of Bengal Shares. † East Indian Steam Navigation Company's Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December 1871.			Total.			Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.			Balance on 31st December 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities	Cash.		Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.														To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
D.																					
...ux, Alexander,—account for the repairs of his ...cent ...	9 Feb. 54	0	500	...	77 14 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	87 14 7	0	0	...	0 13 0	0	500	...	87 1 7	0 0
Mrs. Mary Anne,—account of M. A. ...n and W. R. Litford ...	3 June 67	0	1200	...	31 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	...	55 0 5	0	0	...	1 11 6	0	1200	...	53 4 11	0 0
..., Conductor James,—account of Harriet Duncan ...	25 Sept. 67	0	700	...	3 0 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	700	...	31 0 10	0	0	...	1 11 5	0	700	...	29 5 5	0 0
..., share account of Amelia Duncan ...	Ditto	0	700	...	3 0 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	700	...	31 0 10	0	0	...	1 11 5	0	700	...	29 5 5	0 0
..., share account of Ann Duncan ...	Ditto	0	700	...	3 0 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	700	...	31 0 11	0	0	...	1 11 5	0	700	...	29 5 6	0 0
..., share account of ...m Robert Litford ...	Ditto	0	600	...	56 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	68 12 4	0	0	...	1 3 9	0	600	...	67 8 7	0 0
...homas ...	30 June 68	0	2500	...	466 4 8	0 0 0	0	500	...	50 0 0	0	3000	...	516 4 8	0	0	...	508 4 11	0	3000	...	7 15 9	0 0
...alty account ...	Ditto	0	800	...	52 4 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	68 4 5	0	0	...	1 1 10	0	800	...	67 2 7	0 0
..., Peter Arson ...	24 April 38	0	0	...	53 6 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	53 6 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	53 6 1	0 0
...olonel G. A. D. ...	Ditto	0	0	...	17 12 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 12 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 12 3	0 0
William,—share account of the children ...	1 May 67	0	2400	...	263 0 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	48 0 0	0	2400	...	311 0 1	0	0	...	2 10 0	0	2400	...	308 6 1	0 0
E.																					
Assistant Surgeon ...m Lawson ...	16 Nov. 70	0	0	...	74 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	266 3 8	0	0	...	340 14 0	0	0	...	152 13 6	0	0	...	188 0 6	0 0
Hospital Steward ...s,—share account of ...ildren ...	28 June 64	0	600	...	106 5 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	118 5 1	0	0	...	1 3 9	0	600	...	117 1 4	0 0
Ensign Robert, ...a N.I.	Taken charge 30 Sept. 58	0	0	...	206 13 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	206 13 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	206 13 7	0 0
..., George Thomas...	13 Feb. 71	0	700	10*	0 0 0	91 5 11	0	0	...	1254 0 10	0	700	10*	1162 10 11	0	700	10*	1165 2 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	2 0

...atone, Hon'ble Sir ...ge Frederick,—share ...unt of the children ...	6 Sept. 65	o	o	...	o o o	25 3 2	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	25
...ds, Lewis,—share ac...t of the children ...	13 July 59	o	5000	...	207 14 10	o o o	o	o	...	135 0 0	o	5000	...	342 14 10	o	o	...	135 0 11	o	5000	...	207 13 11	o
...John,—account of the ...ry legatees ..	5 Jan. 56	o	12900	...	483 6 2	o o o	o	500	...	263 8 0	o	13400	...	746 14 2	o	o	...	510 9 2	o	13400	...	236 5 0	o
...hare account of Augus... Thackery ...	Ditto	o	11600	...	215 1 1	o o o	o	o	...	240 0 0	o	11600	...	455 1 1	o	o	...	10 2 3	o	11600	...	444 14 10	o
... John Bathurst ...	5 July 70	o	2800	...	o o o	143 6 2	o	o	...	56 0 0	o	2800	...	o o o	o	o	...	55 1 5	o	2800	...	o o o	142
...ieut.-Colonel Arthur...	... ...	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	10500	...	12160 9 9	o	10500	...	12160 9 9	o	o	...	11256 14 9	o	10500	...	903 11 0	o
...th, Mrs. Grace ...	7 Mar. 57	o	29500	...	61 9 1	o o o	o	o	...	605 0 0	o	29500	...	666 9 1	o	o	...	336 14 11	o	29500	...	329 10 2	6
... J. F. ...	... ...	o	o	...	64 6 3	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	64 6 3	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	64 6 3	o
...s, Sir John D. ...	... ...	o	o	...	13 4 8	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	13 4 8	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	13 4 8	o
...a, Antonio DeLima,—...account of Monica ...andes,—account of ...ph Francis Antonio ...andes ...	19 Dec. 55	o	1000	...	239 15 5	o o o	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	1000	...	259 15 5	o	o	...	1 7 7	o	1000	...	258 7 10	o
... John,—account of ...Sophia Evans, the ...w and universal ...ee under the deceased's	29 April 70	o	o	...	116 2 1	o o o	o	o	...	902 4 0	o	o	...	1018 6 1	o	o	...	348 10 0	o	o	...	669 12 1	o
... Thomas Lloyd ...	20 Dec. 58	o	1500	...	438 5 2	o o o	o	o	...	30 0 0	o	1500	...	468 5 2	o	o	...	0 15 0	o	1500	...	467 6 2	o
...l, Salloy Solomon ...	12 Sept. 67	o	o	...	390 15 5	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	390 15 5	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	390 15 5	o
F.																							
..., Christopher Weston, ...are account of Mrs. H. ...agan ...	8 June 57	o	73000	...	o o o	43 6 8	o	o	...	1460 0 0	o	73000	...	1416 9 4	o	o	...	1332 12 0	o	7300	...	83 13 4	o
..., share account of ...s M. A. Fagan ...	Ditto	o	49700	...	o o o	249 5 7	o	o	...	1005 0 0	o	49700	...	755 10 5	o	o	...	906 2 9	o	49700	...	o o o	150
..., share account of Miss ...anor Fagan ...	Ditto	o	49700	...	o o o	510 0 1	o	o	...	1013 0 0	o	49700	...	502 15 11	o	o	...	913 10 11	o	49700	...	o o o	410 1
..., share account of ...istopher Weston ...an ...	Ditto	o	49400	...	36 4 3	o o o	o	o	...	996 12 0	o	49400	...	1033 0 3	o	o	...	917 4 0	o	49400	...	115 12 3	o
..., Reverend Frederick ...istopher ...	28 May 66	o	o	...	47 9 9	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	47 9 9	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	47 9 9	o
...Lieutenant Hornby, ...th Native Infantry	Taken charge 5 Oct. 58	o	o	...	106 2 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	106 2 10	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	106 2 10	o
...eather, Jane,—account ...interest for Mrs. Eliza ...Fairweather ...	9 May 68	o	20500	...	o o o	40 7 2	o	o	...	410 0 0	o	20500	...	369 8 10	o	o	...	197 8 2	o	20500	...	172 0 8	o
...harson, Ensign Charles ...rtin ...	19 Nov. 59	o	o	...	161 1 3	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	161 1 3	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	161 1 3	o
...nte, Paolo ...	14 Feb. 56	o	2200	...	35 15 0	o o o	o	o	...	44 0 0	o	2200	...	79 15 0	o	o	...	1 12 7	o	2200	...	78 2 5	o
...tt, Mathew ...	20 Sept. 70	o	1500	...	119 10 10	o o o	o	o	...	1518 10 8	o	1500	...	1638 5 6	o	1500	...	1629 2 3	o	o	...	9 3 3	o
...s, John ...	Taken charge 12 July 70	o	o	...	370 6 3	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	370 6 3	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	370 6 3	o

B.

ESTATES	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December 1871.			Total.			Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.			Balance on 31st December, 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.											To Credit.	To I	
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs. Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs.
F.																						
D, Joseph,—share account of the children of Fegredo ...	9 May 66	0	3000	...	288 7 7	0 0 0	0 0	...	60 0 0	0	3000	...	348 7 7	0	0	...	116 7 8	0	3000	...	231 15 11	0
John Withington ns,—share account of Forbes ...	14 Aug. 58	0	500	...	299 8	0 0 0	0 0	...	11 4 0	0	500	...	310 9 8	0	0	...	1 2 4	0	500	...	309 7 4	0
Samuel ...	14 Nov. 68	0	25600	...	0 0 0	1812 15 8	0 0	...	2743 13 3	0	25600	...	930 13 7	0	0	...	1791 4 5	0	25600	...	0 0 0	860
s, Charles Rench ...	12 June 61	0	0	...	12 1 11	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 1 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 1 11	0
k, Major Alexander awaite ...	24 Nov. 64	0	0	...	36 6 2	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 6 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 6 2	0
son, John Tait ...	26 Nov. 69	0	0	...	617 8 7	0 0 0	0 600	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	617 8 7	0	0	...	603 0 9	0	600	...	14 7 10	0
Mrs. Rosalia Abrew	... ...	0	500	...	234 7 9	0 0 0	0 0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	244 7 9	0	0	...	1 5 0	0	500	...	243 2 9	0
, Walter,—realty ac- ...	5 Apl. 69	0	0	...	8 9 5	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 9 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 9 5	0
, Farrier Major Wil- ..	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	...	43 3 9	0	0	...	43 3 9	0	0	...	43 3 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
George ...	21 Oct. 57	0	0	...	70 1 7	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	70 1 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	70 1 7	0
Captain Joseph Law- ..	17 May 65	0	700	...	128 3 11	0 0 0	0 0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	142 3 11	0	0	...	1 1 4	0	700	...	141 2 7	0
Captain William berton ...	2 Nov. 65	0	0	...	13 10 4	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 10 4	0
James,—share ac- of Joseph Fisher ...	Ditto	0	0	...	412 1 2	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	412 1 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	412 1 2	0
ald, Pensioner Ser- Thomas,—share ac- of Gerald Dean e FitzGerald ...	16 Sept. 62	0	800	...	0 0 0	8 3 2	0 0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	7 12 10	0	0	...	110 14 8	0	800	...	0 0 0	103
—, Edmond ...	7 Feb. 71	0	700	...	41 11 6	0 0 0	0 0	...	725 11 4	0	700	...	767 6 10	0	700	...	194 9 9	0	0	...	572 13 1	0
Mrs. E ...	18 Mar. 44	0	0	...	28 5 7	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 5 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 5 7	0
Ensign James Keith	17 Jan. 45	0	0	...	35 1 0	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	35 1 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	35 1 10	0
Richard ...	20 Jan. 57	0	7000	...	130 5 11	0 0 0	0 0	...	152 8 0	0	7000	...	282 13 11	0	0	...	4 6 7	0	7000	...	278 7 4	0
s, William ...	8 Jan. 60	0	1500	...	107 5 8	0 0 0	0 0	...	37 8 0	0	1500	...	144 13 8	0	0	...	1 10 0	0	1500	...	143 3 8	0
, Captain Robert sby ...	3 May 59	0	0	...	369 8 11	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	369 8 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	369 8 11	0

Joseph ...	3 Nov. 61	o	o	...	129 5 7	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	129 5 7	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	129 5 7	o o
J ...	... ...	o	o	...	148 7 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	148 7 10	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	148 7 10	o o
Frederick Ranken ...	5 July 58	o	o	..	28 1 7	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	28 1 7	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	28 1 7	o o
Major W. ...	19 May 58	o	1200	...	200 8 6	o o o	o	o	...	24 0 0	o	1200	...	224 8 6	o	o	...	2 2 2	o	1200	...	222 6 4	o o
Duncan Edward ...	11 Feb. 67	o	o	...	o o o	1142 6 9	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	1142 6
immoveable property ..nt ...	Ditto	o	18400	...	689 9 11	o o o	o	1700	...	1539 2 0	o	20100	...	2228 11 11	o	o	...	2013 0 8	o	20100	...	215 11 3	o o
Thomas ...	22 Mar. 67	o	o	...	107 4 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	107 4 10	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	107 4 10	o o
..k, Lieut.-Colonel ..Octavius ...	17 Feb. 62	o	35200	...	o o o	55 10 9	o	o	...	704 0 0	o	35200	...	643 5 3	o	o	...	625 14 1	o	35200	...	22 7 2	o o
..er, Robert Vear ...	29 Nov. 69	o	o	...	14 12 6	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	14 12 6	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	14 12 6	o o
—, share account of C. G. Freeander ...	Ditto	o	1000	...	55 7 2	o o o	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	1000	...	75 7 2	o	o	...	1 8 7	o	1000	...	73 14 7	o o
—, share account of Emily Freeander ...	Ditto	o	1000	...	65 8 5	o o o	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	1000	...	85 8 5	o	o	...	1 8 7	o	1000	...	83 15 10	o o
Richard Alexander	9 July 64	o	7100	...	504 2 10	o o o	o	500	...	120 0 0	o	7600	...	624 2 10	o	7600	...	624 2 10	o	o	...	o o o	o o
Thomas ...	6 Oct. 69	o	o	...	289 1 9	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	289 1 9	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	289 1 9	o o
Miss Emmalia,—account of the late Ann Frost ..	17 Mar. 58	o	o	...	o o o	43 9 5	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o 9	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	43 9
Major Abraham ..rd ...	29 May 68	o	o	117*	o o o	9 0 0	o	o	...	15732 11 0	o	o	117*	15732 11 0	o	o	117*	15570 1 0	o	o	...	162 10 0	o o
Captain G. W. W. ...	17 Mar. 58	o	o	...	39 6 5	o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	39 6 5	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	39 6 5	o o
Mrs. Lydia,—account for the repairs of ..ment ...	... ...	o	3700	...	o o o	111 6 4	o	o	...	74 0 0	o	3700	...	o o o	o	o	..	5 3 2	o	3700	...	o o o	42 9
Lieutenant Sidney ..vell ...	... ...	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	500	...	746 2 7	o	500	...	746 2 7	o	o	...	518 3 11	o	500	...	227 14 8	o o
Lieutenant William ..,—legacy account of ..ane Repton, formerly ..Herring, Harry Fur.. ..Herring, and Emily ..l Herring ...	4 May 50	o	2500	...	o o o	458 15 8	o	o	...	62 8 0	o	2500	...	o o o	o	o	...	117 12 0	o	2500	...	o o o	514 3
Mrs. Eliza Amie, Mrs. King ...	23 Mar. 68	o	o	...	328 7 6	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	328 7 6	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	328 7 6	o o
G.																							
..iss Fannella Catherine ..n ...	7 May 50	o	900	...	59 10 6	o o o	o	o	...	18 0 0	o	900	...	77 10 6	o	o	...	0 15 0	o	900	...	76 11 6	o o
..r, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	10 Aug. 70	o	1500	...	o o o	179 11 4	o	o	...	37 8 0	o	1500	...	o o o	o	o	...	4 4 0	o	1500	...	o o o	146 7
.., Arthur,—legacy ..t of the children ...	9 June 65	o	38100	...	493 13 2	o o o	o	o	...	848 0 0	o	38100	..	1341 13 2	o	o	...	768 8 1	o	38100	...	573 5 1	o o
Lieut. C. H. F. ...	18 Feb. 59	o	o	...	109 12 11	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	109 12 11	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	109 12 11	o o
.., Lieutenant-Colonel ...	14 Sept. 70	o	1700	...	468 0 5	o o o	o	500	...	34 0 0	o	2200	...	502 0 5	o	o	...	503 13 8	o	2200	...	o o o	1 13
Lieutenant-Colonel ..t,—share account of F. E. Garbett ...	8 Sept. 59	o	2200	...	149 11 4	o o o	o	o	...	44 0 0	o	2200	...	193 11 4	o	o	...	2 7 2	o	2200	...	191 4 2	o
.., Captain Henry ..n ...	28 Feb. 71	o	o	10†	3710 3 6	o o o	o	3500	...	349 15 0	o	3500	10†	4060 2 6	o	o	10†	3575 9 11	o	3500	...	484 8 7	

* Delhie and London Bank Limited Shares.

† Muttuck Tea Company Limited Shares

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 187				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	T
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	E
H.																							
ayes, James,—share account of the children ...	12 Feb. 62	0	0	...	196 11 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	196 11 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	196 11 3	
ayton, John Lazenby ...	28 Oct. 53	0	13900	...	162 14 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	278 0 0	0	13900	...	440 14 1	0	0	...	250 12 11	0	13900	...	190 1 2	
ayward, Conductor W. ...	Ditto	0	0	...	195 4 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	195 4 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	195 4 2	
eathcote, Dr. Thomas Godfrey ...	7 Jan. 59	0	0	...	51 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	51 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	51 10 4	
———, share account of four children of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	1200	...	138 6 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 0 0	0	1200	...	168 6 4	0	0	...	30 5 0	0	1200	...	138 1 4	
eberden, Alfred Charles ...	18 June 58	0	3500	...	424 6 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	82 8 0	0	3500	...	506 14 8	0	0	...	2 11 11	0	3500	...	504 2 9	
ely, Veterinary Surgeon Forbes Augustus ...	... ...	0	0	...	259 2 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	259 2 8	0	0	...	259 2 8	0	0	..	0 0 0	
enderson, Lieutenant John Wright, of 56th Native Infantry ...	... ...	0	0	...	106 2 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	106 2 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	106 2 10	
———, David Henry	Taken charge 2 April 50	0	0	...	216 5 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	216 5 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	216 5 6	
———, Veterinary Surgeon Charles ...	27 June 60	0	500	...	297 5 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 8 0	0	500	...	309 13 1	0	0	...	1 1 0	0	500	...	308 12 1	
———, Lieut. David ...	... ...	0	0	...	206 13 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	206 13 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	206 13 7	
———, John ...	27 Aug. 67	0	0	...	139 2 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	139 2 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	139 2 1	
enman, Walter ...	14 Mar. 71	0	1000	...	0 0 0	7 15 7	0	0	...	1028 13 7	0	1000	...	1020 14 0	0	1000	...	1028 14 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	
enshawe, Daniel James ...	11 Jan. 56	0	3900	...	1109 10 11	0 0 0	0	1500	...	287 8 0	0	5400	...	1397 2 11	0	0	...	1515 1 8	0	5400	...	0 0 0	
erritage, Mrs. Julien ...	16 Dec. 61	0	0	...	424 7 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	424 7 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	424 7 9	
erklots, John Diederick ...	3 Sept. 69	0	0	...	659 15 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	233450 9 0	0	0	...	234110 8 9	0	0	...	230648 10 11	0	0	...	3461 13 10	
———, share account of D. G. Herklots ...	Ditto	0	0	...	528 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	528 14 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	528 14 0	
ewis, Henry H. ...	Taken charge 2 Apl. 50	0	0	...	406 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	406 1 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	406 1 9	
ickman, Captain Thomas...	8 Apl. 59	0	1300	...	88 15 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 0 0	0	1300	...	114 15 2	0	0	...	2 3 10	0	1300	...	112 11 4	
iggins, James William ...	5 Apl. 65	0	0	...	123 1 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	123 1 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	123 1 2	
———, George ...	12 Jan. 55	0	74300	...	0 0 0	299 6 8	0	0	...	1842 8 0	0	74300	...	1543 1 4	0	0	...	1455 2 5	0	74300	...	87 14 11	

——, Mrs. Amelia,—share account of John ames Higgins ...	13 Oct. 62	0	0	...	116 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	116 15 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	116 15 1	
——, share account of eorge Arthur Higins ...	Ditto	0	0	...	116 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	116 15 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	116 15 1	
——, Joseph ...	2 Feb. 63	0	4500	...	432 3 7	0 0 0	0	500	...	97 8 0	0	5000	...	529 11 7	0	0	...	511 11 12	0	5000	...	18 0 5	
gs, George Arden,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	22 Nov. 65	0	5000	...	247 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	125 0 0	0	5000	...	372 15 1	0	0	...	124 4 0	0	5000	...	248 11 1	
lebrand, Lieutenant Edward Humfray ...	Taken charge 5 Dec. 59	0	0	...	147 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	147 3 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	147 3 0	
—, Mrs. Mary Ann,—legacy account of Frederick Janson ...	8 May 62	0	500	...	86 1 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 12 0	0	500	...	99 13 1	0	0	...	13 12 0	0	500	...	86 1 1	
—, George ...	1 Dec. 64	0	600	...	201 6 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	213 6 8	0	0	...	1 0 11	0	600	...	212 5 9	
eredon, Major William eade ...	27 Apl. 58	0	0	...	128 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	128 2 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	128 2 4	
——, legacy to Fanny Waterfield ...	Ditto	0	8700	...	0 0 0	1478 3 8	0	0	...	1863 10 2	0	8700	...	385 6 6	0	1500	...	176 0 7	0	7200	...	209 5 11	
e, Reverend Maurice William ...	10 June 70	0	0	...	640 12 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	640 12 10	0	0	...	322 9 5	0	0	...	318 12 5	
g, Andrew,—share account of Jane Isabella ogg ...	12 July 60	0	0	...	0 0 0	81 9 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	
, Charles Swinton ...	9 Dec. 70	0	0	710*	2114 9 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	71964 2 11	0	0	710*	74078 12 8	0	0	135*	73239 2 8	0	0	575*	839 10 0	
n, Harold ...	5 Mar. 70	0	2800	...	0 0 0	2038 11 0	0	0	...	42869 11 10	0	2800	...	43831 0 10	0	2800	...	40814 13 5	0	0	...	16 3 5	
nes, John,—share account of John James olmes Anderson ...	16 Jan. 63	0	500	...	87 9 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	..	97 9 2	0	0	...	1 1 10	0	500	...	96 7 4	
—, Captain Thomas John	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1600	...	2238 14 0	0	1600	...	2238 14 0	0	0	...	2004 11 2	0	1600	...	234 2 10	
oyd, Henry,—share account of Mrs. Elizabeth rey ...	14 Mar. 59	0	6300	...	355 0 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	126 0 0	0	6300	...	481 0 8	0	0	...	5 12 6	0	6300	...	475 4 2	
——, share account of enry Graham Taylor ...	Ditto	0	6200	...	495 7 3	0 0 0	0	500	...	124 0 0	0	6700	...	619 7 3	0	0	...	510 11 1	0	6700	...	108 12 2	
afray, Lieutenant Robert opkin ...	20 May 59	0	0	...	109 1 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	109 1 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	109 1 4	
eywood, Lieutenant-Colonel Edward John ...	19 Apl. 70	0	2500	...	86 5 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	132 0 0	0	2500	...	218 5 8	2500	0	...	218 5 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	
per, Henry ...	2 Aug. 65	0	4000	...	296 8 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 0 0	0	4000	...	376 8 4	0	0	...	2 11 3	0	4000	...	373 13 1	
musjee, Kai Khoosro ...	23 Sept. 69	0	28000	...	803 12 11	0 0 0	0	3000	...	2795 4 0	0	31000	...	3599 0 11	0	0	...	3118 5 5	0	31000	...	480 11 6	
nby, George William ...	5 June 67	0	0	...	0 0 0	403 14 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	67 6 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	471
singer, Apothecary Frederick ...	5 Dec. 60	0	0	...	0 0 0	164 6 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	164
——, account of sundry legatees ...	Ditto	0	0	...	25 2 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 2 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 2 5	
enden, Lieut.-Colonel St. J. ...	16 Aug. 70	0	500	...	122 13 0	0 0 0	0	500	...	620 0 0	0	1000	...	742 13 0	0	0	...	740 4 9	0	1000	...	2 8 8	
ston, Lieutenant Alexander Cruickshank ...	2 Apl. 56	0	4700	...	135 15 11	0 e 0	0	0	...	108 4 0	0	4700	...	244 3 11	0	0	...	3 4 10	0	4700	...	240 15 11	

* Sundry Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	R. As. P.
H.																							
Howard, Mrs. Isabella,—share account of the children ..	17 Sept. 64	0	600	...	306 5 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	318 5 4	0	0	...	1 3 9	0	600	...	317 1 7	0 [illegible]
——, William ...	28 Mar. 65	0	500	...	0 0 0	120 0 5	0	0	...	378 2 6	0	500	...	258 2 1	0	0	...	122 9 3	0	500	...	35 8 10	0 [illegible]
Howell, Arthur ...	20 Apl. 70	0	0	...	172 4 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	172 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	172 4 0	0 [illegible]
Hughes, John,—share account of Harriet Stephen Hughes ...	2 Oct. 62	0	0	..	20 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 11 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 11 0	0 [illegible]
——, share account of Mary Ann Hughes ..	Ditto	0	0	...	26 10 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 10 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 10 3	0 [illegible]
——, Sub-Conductor James Lewis ...	3 Dec. 65	0	0	...	909 7 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 15 0	0	0	...	939 6 0	0	0	...	0 7 2	0	0	...	938 14 10	0 [illegible]
——, Charles ..	22 June 70	0	700	...	0 0 0	19 10 1	0	0	...	698 8 8	0	700	...	678 14 7	0	700	...	678 14 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 [illegible]
——, Frederick Hubert ..	14 Mar. 71	0	1200	...	121 7 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	38 0 0	0	1200	...	159 7 9	0	0	...	2 10 2	0	1200	...	156 13 7	0 [illegible]
——, John,—share account of Eliza Ann Harris ...	2 Oct. 62	0	0	...	0 0 0	26 11 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	26 [illegible]
Humfray, Brigade-Major Samuel Peter Crokat ...	8 July 39	0		...	10 0 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 2	0 [illegible]
——, Captain Alexander	... ...	0	0	...	364 3 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	364 3 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	364 3 3	0 [illegible]
Humphreys, Lieutenant Melvyn Archibald ...	21 May 58	0	0	...	343 13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	343 13 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	343 13 4	0 [illegible]
Hunt, Sergeant Major James,—legacy account of the children ...	4 May 58	0	1200	...	0 0 0	47 4 4	0	0	...	25 8 0	0	1200	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 12 3	0	1200	...	0 0 0	22 [illegible]
Hunter, Charles Marley,—legacy account of Charles Hunter, Ann Margaret Hunter, and George Phillip Hunter ...	6 Jan. 59	0	23500	...	0 0 0	1963 6 1	0	0	...	521 8 0	0	23500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	512 2 4	0	23500	...	0 0 0	1950 [illegible]
——, Lieutenant-Colonel John,—legacy account of widow and six children ...	9 June 65	0	0	...	8524 6 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8524 6 4	0	0	...	7108 3 9	0	0	...	1416 2 7	0 0 [illegible]
——, John Ross ...	... ...	0	0	...	11 0 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	380 3 6	0	0	...	391 4 0	0	0	...	5 11 2	0	0	...	385 8 10	0 0 [illegible]

——, Mrs. Louisa Maria...	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1445 0 11	0	0	...	1445 0 11	0	0	...	1031 4 11	0	0	...	413 13 0
Hutchison, Alexander ...	Taken charge 18 Oct. 70	0	600	...	102 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	630 7 6	0	600	...	733 6 2	0	600	...	685 6 2	0	0	...	48 0 0
Hyde, Apothecary William...	28 Mar. 60	0	0	...	46 11 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 11 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 11 6
——, Henry ..	12 Jan. 71	0	700	...	46 1 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	723 5 0	0	700	...	769 6 1	0	700	...	757 6 6	0	0	...	11 15 7
I.																						
Inglis, John,—life interest account for widow and children ...	1 Dec. 68	0	3000	66*	0 0 0	25 2 9	0	0	...	2700 0 0	0	3000	66*	2674 13 3	0	0	...	2745 14 10	0	3000	66*	0 0 0
——, share account of Master W. J. L. Inglis, son of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	40 12 8	0	0	...	345 4 6	0	0	...	305 7 10	0	0	...	204 12 0	0	0	...	100 11 10
——, share account of Miss M. E. L. Inglis, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	452 1 5	0 0 0	0	700	...	360 4 6	0	700	...	812 5 11	0	0	...	915 11 9	0	700	...	0 0 0
——, share account of Miss S. F. L. Inglis, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	462 4 5	0 0 0	0	700	...	346 4 6	0	700	...	808 8 11	0	0	...	920 7 0	0	700	...	0 0 0
Innes, Lieutenant General Peter ...	7 Sept. 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	6 0 0	0	14000	...	17133 12 6	0	14000	...	17127 12 6	0	0	...	17085 13 11	0	14000	...	41 14 7
Irvine, Clarence Hamilton ...	10 June 68	0	1700	...	0 0 0	37 15 0	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	140 3 9	0	1700	...	0 0 0
Irwin, Lieutenant Thomas Somerville ...	17 Dec. 70	0	0	22†	22 15 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	22†	22 15 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	22†	22 15 7
J.																						
Jack, Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander,—share account of Charles Jack ..	18 May 59	0	1400	...	435 0 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	463 0 7	0	0	...	1 13 5	0	1400	...	461 3 2
Jacks, Sergeant William ..	13 April 60	0	0	...	0 0 0	1 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0
Jackson, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	17 Oct. 37	0	2000	...	439 6 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	479 6 0	0	0	...	3 2 0	0	2000	...	476 4 0
——, Lieutenant Stewart Hare ...	9 May 59	0	0	...	127 7 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	127 7 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	127 7 10
——, Sergeant William ...	14 July 34	0	6100	...	99 2 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	6684 4 1	0	6100	...	6783 5 11	0	6100	...	6678 6 10	0	0	...	104 15 1
——, Lieutenant Philip Hayes ...	8 May 58	0	0	...	27 4 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 4 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 4 5
——, share account of Erice Sutherland Jackson	Ditto	0	2900	...	130 13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	58 0 0	0	2900	...	188 13 4	0	0	...	3 0 10	0	2900	...	185 12 6
——, Alexander ...	7 July 67	0	1200	...	0 0 0	15 7 1	0	0	...	727 7 1	0	1200	...	712 0 0	0	700	...	2 7 7	0	500	...	709 8 5
——, Henry ...	2 Nov. 65	0	0	30‡	57 9 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	30‡	57 9 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	30‡	57 9 5
——, Samuel ...	15 June 69	0	500	...	39 3 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	49 3 6	0	0	...	0 15 5	0	500	...	48 4 1
——, Dr Isaac ...	25 April 55	0	0	...	5 9 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 9 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 9 2
——, Dr. William ...	12 Mar. 55	0	0	...	36 2 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 2 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 2 9
——, Captain A. ...	... ...	0	0	...	2 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 0 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 0 5
Jacobs, Mrs. Sophia,—share account of the children by her second marriage ...	28 Mar. 66	0	800	...	0 0 0	18 2 0	0	0	0	16 0 0	0	800	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 5 8	0	800	...	0 0 0

* Bank of Bengal Shares. † Lahore Chronicle Press Shares. ‡ Sundry Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.						Receipts up to 31st December 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		
					To Credit.		To Debit.																To Credit.		To Debit.	
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.		
J.																									
Jameson, James Wardrop,—share account of the daughters of the deceased	... ...	0	2100	...	205	14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	2100	...	255 14 0	0	0	...	2 11 0	0	2100	...	253	3 0		
Jamison, Dr. James,—account of the executor and executrix under his Will	15 June 60	0	74500	...	0	0 0	345 12 4	0	0	...	1490 0 0	0	74500	...	1144 3 8	0	0	...	1360 14 0	0	74500	...	0	0 0	216	
Jaques, W. H.,—share account of the late Mrs. Isabella Jaques	23 Dec. 63	0	500	...	99	8 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	109 8 3	0	0	...	1 1 10	0	500	...	108	6 5		
Jebb, Nicholas	11 Nov. 70	0	0	...	0	0 0	15 1 0	0	6400	...	49 7 4	0	6400	...	34 6 4	0	0	...	752 15 6	0	6400	...	0	0 0	718	
Jenings, Lieutenant-Colonel George Bingham	5 July 70	0	5500	...	387	10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	110 0 0	0	5500	...	497 10 4	0	0	...	590 7 2	0	5500	...	0	0 0	92	
Johns, Edwin Johns	19 May 71	0	0	...	432	10 7	0 0 0	0	500	...	406 13 3	0	500	...	839 7 10	0	0	...	621 6 0	0	500	...	218	1 10		
Johnson, Quarter-Master Sergeant John, of Artillery,—share account of the children of the late William Johnson	26 Aug. 50	0	0	...	327	14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	327 14 4	0	0	...	32 14 8	0	0	...	294	15 8		
———, William	4 May 68	0	0	...	237	5 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	237 5 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	237	5 9		
———, Veterinary Surgeon William	20 Jan. 71	0	25100	50*	0	0 0	33 1 11	0	4000	...	6027 12 0	0	29100	50*	5994 10 1	0	0	50*	5767 0 10	0	29100	...	227	9 3		
———, Henry	13 Dec. 70	0	500	...	19	1 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 6	0	500	...	29 1 10	0	0	...	0 15 5	0	500	...	28	2 5		
———, John Charles	4 Jan. 72	0	0	...	0	0 0	0 0 0	0	3500	...	3913 13 0	0	3500	...	3913 13 0	0	0	...	3617 8 9	0	3500	...	296	4 3		
Johnston, Captain Joseph,—share account of Miss J. E Johnston	11 Dec. 26	0	1100	...	0	0 0	55 10 10	0	0	...	22 0 0	0	1100	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 0 7	0	1100	...	0	0 0	55	
———, share account of W. S. Johnston	Ditto	0	800	...	178	2 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	194 2 11	0	0	...	25 10 10	0	800	...	168	8 1		
———, Charles Kenroth	12 Oct. 65	0	0	...	307	15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	307 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	307	15 0		
———, Major-General Francis James Thomas	... ...	0	0	...	1	12 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 12 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1	12 5		
Johnstone, John Vivian	8 Mar. 71	0	0	...	181	5 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	181 5 7	0	0	...	15 3 7	0	0	...	166	2 0		
Jolly, Walter James	30 June 68	0	0	...	27	13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 13 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	27	13 4		

		o	o	...	208 10 3	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	208 10 3	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	208 10 3	o o
		o	30000	...	31 15 3	o o o	o	o	...	640 0 0	o	30000	...	671 15 3	o	o	...	596 9 2	o	30000	...	75 6 1	o o
——, John Moore ...	8 Dec. 57	o	500	...	84 9 7	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	94 9 7	o	o	...	0 15 5	o	500	...	93 10 2	o o
——, William Henry,—account of legacy for Elizabeth Charlotte Jones ...	11 Sept. 63	o	500	...	10 0 3	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	20 0 3	o	o	...	1 1 10	o	500	...	18 14 5	o o
——, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	9 Aug. 65	o	o	...	203 8 1	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	203 8 1	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	203 8 1	o o
——, William,—share account of Bhuttoo ...	Ditto	o	o	...	5 0 0	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	5 0 0	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	5 0 0	o o
——, share account of Begum ...	Ditto	o	o	..	5 0 0	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	5 0 0	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	5 0 0	o o
——, George Moran ...	23 Feb. 71	o	o	...	135 1 2	o o o	o	o	...	1042 12 6	o	o	...	1177 13 8	o	o	...	16 6 3	o	o	...	1161 7 5	o o
——, Mrs. Anna Maria ...	13 Mar. 72	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	2286 11 6	o	o	...	2286 11 6	o	o	...	135 2 9	o	o	...	2151 8 9	o o
Judah, Nasseem Ezekiel ...	21 July 69	o	18700	...	211 2 11	o o o	o	600	...	419 0 0	o	19300	...	630 2 11	o	o	...	611 5 3	o	19300	...	18 13 8	o o
——, legacy account to A. H. Judah, son of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	56700	...	1912 6 3	o o o	o	4000	...	7362 13 11	o	60700	...	9275 4 2	o	o	...	7601 14 3	o	60700	...	1673 5 11	o o
——, legacy account to Miss F. Judah, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	3200	...	o o o	1449 9 6	o	o	...	1037 9 0	o	3200	...	o o o	o	o	...	419 15 4	o	3200	...	o o o	881 15
K.																							
Kaloos, Arratoon ...	20 Dec. 60	o	o	..	24 3 6	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	24 3 6	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	24 3 6	o o
——, account of sundry legatees under the Will of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	10000	...	656 11 9	o o o	o	o	...	250 0 0	o	10000	...	906 11 9	o	o	...	464 0 0	o	10000	...	442 11 9	o o
——, share account of the children of the late Hanoojee Jacob ...	Ditto	o	o	...	24 3 5	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	24 3 5	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	24 3 5	o o
——, share account of the Wardens of the Armenian Church of St. Nazareth in Calcutta ...	Ditto	o	9800	...	728 1 3	o o o	o	o	...	216 0 0	o	9800	...	944 1 3	o	o	...	424 4 4	o	9800	...	519 12 11	o o
Kavanagh, John J. ...	Taken charge 17 Dec. 68	o	o	...	133 12 1	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	133 12 1	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	133 12 1	o o
Keelan, Mrs. Eliza L.,—share account of William Brophy Robert Luke Keelan ...	21 July 61	o	1000	...	155 10 4	o o o	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	1000	...	175 10 4	o	o	...	1 8 7	o	1000	...	174 1 9	o o
Kelly, John Hugh ...	14 Sept. 71	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	1900	...	2640 8 8	o	1900	...	2640 8 8	o	o	...	2496 7 4	o	1900	...	144 1 4	o o
——, George Lloyd Ashburnham ...	...	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	700	...	891 9 0	o	700	...	891 9 0	o	o	...	724 12 9	o	700	...	166 12 3	o o
Kemp, Henry Chapman,—share account of the children ...	7 Aug. 54	o	o	...	204 7 7	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	204 7 7	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	204 7 7	o o
Kempland, Captain George...	17 Jan. 59	o	o	...	106 2 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	106 2 10	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	106 2 10	o o
Kennedy, John Gordon,—share account of the widow of the deceased ...	9 July 65	o	1200	...	54 0 8	o o o	o	o	...	24 0 0	o	1200	...	78 0 8	o	o	...	1 11 6	o	1200	...	76 5 2	o o

* Agra Bank Shares.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.
K																							
Kennedy, John Gordon,—share account of Anna Jane, James Thomas David, Mary Louisa Berresford, and Edward Henry Kennedy, four children of the deceased ...	9 July 65	0	2400	...	138 5 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	48 0 0	0	2400	...	186 5 4	0	0	...	2 11 0	0	2400	...	183 10 4	0 0 0
Kenny, Thomas Irvin ...	25 Apl. 68	0	0	...	24155 3 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	24155 3 8	0	0	...	18899 9 3	0	0	...	5255 10 5	0 0 0
Kerr, Lieutenant Kenneth Malcolm Eliot ...	.....	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	271 14 4	0	0	...	271 14 4	0	0	...	19 1 2	0	0	...	252 13 2	0 0 0
Kerswell, William Peek ...	27 July 70	0	0	...	202 11 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	87 4 3	0	0	...	290 0 2	0	0	...	290 0 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Kidby, Charles,—legacy account of Mrs. E. Quinnell	.....	0	600	...	26 10 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	38 10 5	0	0	...	0 14 0	0	600	...	37 12 5	0 0 0
King, Arthur Kayne ...	22 July 58	0	2000	...	129 2 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	47 8 0	0	2000	...	176 10 9	0	0	...	1 14 5	0	2000	...	174 12 4	0 0 0
King, Mrs. Elizabeth Augustus, Amelia,—share account of C. A. King, son of the deceased ...	9 June 68	0	0	...	142 6 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	142 6 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	142 6 8	0 0 0
Kingsbright, Veterinary Surgeon F.	21 Jan. 65	0	0	...	11 5 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 5 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 5 2	0 0 0
Kirk, Mrs. Charles Louisa ...	14 June 64	0	1500	...	176 8 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 0 0	0	1500	...	206 8 7	0	0	...	1 7 3	0	1500	...	205 1 4	0 0 0
Kirke, Lieutenant St. George	19 July 64	0	0	...	408 11 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	408 11 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	408 11 7	0 0 0
Knight, Assistant Surgeon Richard Chalmer ...	10 Oct. 70	0	2400	...	82 2 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	48 0 0	0	2400	...	130 2 2	0	0	...	1 14 6	0	2400	...	128 3 8	0 0 0
Knox, William ...	Taken charge 7 Dec. 64	0	0	...	13 13 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 13 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 13 6	0 0 0
Knox, Assistant Surgeon James ...	18 Apl. 71	0	1000	...	217 15 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	205 15 0	0	1000	...	423 14 2	0	0	...	19 4 1	0	1000	...	404 10 1	0 0 0
Kyness, Reverend Frederick Augustus,—share account of the children ...	11 June 58	0	2900	...	32 1 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 8 0	0	2900	...	92 9 10	0	0	...	61 8 0	0	2900	...	31 1 10	0 0 0
Kyte, Henry ...	13 Aug. 54	0	0	...	92 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	92 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	92 8 0	0 0 0
L																							
Laing, William,—share account of Miss Isabella Laing ...	16 July 59	0	10600	...	13 12 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	252 0	0	10600	...	265 12 1	0	0	...	223 9 0	0	10600	...	42 3 1	0 0 0

...ter Alexander Lloyd Laing	Ditto	o	10600	...	4 0 6	o o o	o	o	...	252 0 0	o	10600	...	256 0 6	o	o	...	223 9 1	o	10600	...	32 7 5	o o o
...ambton, Lieutenant-Colonel William ...	8 June 62	o	1100	...	32 15 3	o o o	o	o	...	22 0 0	o	1100	...	54 15 3	o	o	...	2 0 7	o	1100	...	52 14 8	o o o
...ncaster, James ...	1 Feb. 71	o	o	...	401 7 8	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	401 7 8	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	401 7 8	o o o
...ng, Alexander Smith ...	7 Dec. 70	o	1300	*10	281 7 9	o o o	o	900	...	635 15 0	o	2200	10*	917 6 9	o	o	10*	917 3 2	o	2200	...	0 3 7	o o o
...atham, R. C. ...	Taken charge 21 Aug. 58	o	o	...	8 13 9	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	8 13 9	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	8 13 9	o o o
...ughton, Colonel John ...	10 Dec. 63	o	1000	...	274 2 6	o o o	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	1000	...	294 2 6	o	o	...	1 3 10	o	1000	...	292 14 8	o o o
...aw, Sergeant James,—share account of the children ...	5 Dec. 58	o	1700	...	422 7 8	o o o	o	o	...	39 4 0	o	1700	...	461 11 8	o	o	...	1 2 0	o	1700	...	460 9 8	o o o
—, William Alexander, (c.s.)	... ...	o	o	...	0 9 8	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	0 9 8	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	0 9 8	o o o
...awrence, Engine Driver Henry James ...	18 Oct. 70	o	o	...	453 6 8	o o o	o	o	...	1 5 5	o	o	...	454 12 1	o	o	...	454 12 1	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
...awson, Charles ...	29 Jan. 72	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	600	...	1045 5 4	o	600	...	1045 5 4	o	o	...	649 5 3	o	600	...	396 0 1	o o o
L'Estrange, Lieut. Frederick	18 Mar. 56	o	4000	...	406 7 8	o o o	o	o	...	80 0 0	o	4000	...	486 7 8	o	o	...	2 11 2	o	4000	...	483 12 6	o o o
...edger, Charles ...	18 Mar. 71	o	o	...	449 10 11	o o o	o	o	...	41 10 9	o	o	...	491 5 8	o	o	...	17 9 7	o	o	...	473 12 1	o o o
...eggatt, Edward	28 Sept. 69	o	o	...	278 0 0	o o o	o	o	...	228 3 0	o	o	...	506 3 0	o	o	...	46 15 11	o	o	...	459 3 1	o o o
...eighton, David ..	5 Jan. 71	o	o	...	247 10 5	o o o	o	o	...	7 0 0	o	o	...	254 10 5	o	o	...	254 10 5	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
...eendy, Mrs. Angelica George ...	17 May 42	o	9300	...	72 9 6	o o o	o	o	...	611 4 0	o	9300	...	683 13 6	o	o	...	1068 2 7	o	9300	...	o o o	384 5 1
...ePelly, Carey ...	Taken charge 7 Apl. 64	o	o	...	193 5 9	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	193 5 9	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	193 5 9	o o o
...eslie, Asst. Surgeon William Henry,—share account of Walter Vernon Leslie ...	6 Dec. 66	o	2800	...	137 3 7	o o o	o	o	...	56 0 0	o	2800	...	193 3 7	o	o	...	56 0 0	o	2800	...	137 3 7	o o o
—, share account of Henry William Leslie ...	Ditto	o	2800	...	137 3 7	o o o	o	o	...	56 0 0	o	2800	...	193 3 7	o	o	...	56 0 0	o	2800	...	137 3 7	o o o
—, share account of Laura Gertrude Leslie ..	Ditto	o	2800	...	137 3 6	o o o	o	o	...	56 0 0	o	2800	...	193 3 6	o	o	...	56 0 0	o	2800	...	136 3 6	o o o
...evi, Mrs. Shinnee David Solomon ...	18 Mar. 71	o	1600	...	57 9 10	o o o	o	3300	...	3493 0 3	o	4900	...	3550 10 1	o	o	...	3515 3 3	o	4900	...	35 6 10	o o o
...evinge, Hon'ble Edward Parkins ...	17 Mar. 65	o	o	...	4621 13 11	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	4621 13 11	o	o	...	4621 13 11	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
...ewis, Major Granville Frederick John ...	15 July 68	o	700	...	o o o	316 3 0	o	o	...	4304 2 2	o	700	...	3987 15 2	o	700	...	3987 15 2	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
—, Lieutenant Frederick Caloner ...	20 July 70	o	o	...	287 5 11	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	287 5 11	o	o	...	287 5 11	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
...ewis, Gabriel ...	20 Nov. 70	o	8000	...	o o o	343 11 7	o	o	...	382 9 0	o	8000	...	38 13 5	o	o	...	548 5 9	o	8000	...	o o o	509 8 4
...idiard, Richard ...	5 Feb. 62	o	o	...	36 14 5	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	36 14 5	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	36 14 5	o o o
—, account of life interest for Ann Sarson ...	Ditto	o	9500	...	64 2 0	o o o	o	o	...	237 8 0	o	9500	...	301 10 0	o	o	...	238 8 0	o	9500	...	63 2 0	o o o
—, account of life interest for Lucinda May Lidiard	Ditto	o	13500	...	o o o	42 9 6	o	o	...	317 8 0	o	13500	...	274 14 6	o	o	...	309 4 0	o	13500	...	o o o	34 5 4
—, account of legacy for Thomas William Lidiard, Junior ...	Ditto	o	o	...	* 356 6 0	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	356 6 0	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	356 6 0	o o o
—, share account of Thomas William Lidiard Junior ...	Ditto	o	o	...	356 6 0	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	356 6 0	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	356 6 0	o o o
...arick, Mrs. Margaret ...	10 Aug. 41	o	5600	...	143 11 7	o o o	o	o	...	112 0 0	o	5600	...	255 11 7	o	o	...	7 7 7	o	5600	...	248 4 0	o o o

* Bengal Tea Company's Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.			
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
L.																							
mrick, Reverend Paul ...	11 Dec. 45	0	13300	...	264 0 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	3344 4 0	0	13300	...	3608 4 11	0	0	...	473 4 11	0	13300	...	3135 0 0	0 0 0
ndsay, Mrs. Catherine ...	11 Mar. 54	0	7700	...	214 5 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	1162 12 0	0	7700	...	377 1 11	0	0	...	2 4 0	0	7700	...	374 13 11	0 0 0
nsley, William Henry,—account of Joseph Rider and Reverend William Coates, Trustees under the Will ...	12 Mar. 61	0	64200	...	343 0 11	0 9 0	0	0	...	1470 4 0	0	64200	...	1813 4 11	0	0	...	1342 5 9	0	64200	...	470 15 2	0 0 0
thfield, John,—share account of Catherine Henrietta Raleigh ...	30 Aug. 64	0	900	...	0 0 0	403 6 7	0	0	...	18 0 0	0	900	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 7 8	0	900	...	391 14	0 0 0
——, share account of Elizabeth, John, Robert, and Mary Ann Bowden ...	Ditto	0	3200	...	101 12 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	64 0 0	0	3200	...	165 12 8	0	0	...	203 4 9	0	3200	...	0 0 0	37 [illegible]
swellen, Dr. C., of 40th Native Infantry ...	... ...	0	0	...	0 11 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 11 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 11 8	0 0 0
ekwood, Robert ...	8 June 68	0	600	...	73 4 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	85 4 0	0	0	...	1 0 10	0	600	...	84 3 2	0 0 0
gman, Mrs. Mary ...	2 Mar. 68	0	8000	...	386 12 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	8000	...	386 12 1	0	8000	...	386 12 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, legacy account of the charities under the Will of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	9700	...	2419 11 1	0	9700	...	2419 11 1	0	2000	...	2053 4 8	0	7700	...	366 6 5	0 0 0
yd, Major Frederick,—legacy to Mr. Arthur Lloyd, son of the deceased ...	14 Jan. 57	0	2100	...	85 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 0 0	0	2100	...	127 15 0	0	0	...	42 0 0	0	2100	...	85 15 0	0 0 0
cas, Gregory,—legacy for Mrs. E. A. Gregory,—share account of the children ...	19 Feb. 41	0	12000	...	1 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	245 11 6	0	12000	...	247 3 6	0	3000	...	240 0 0	0	9000	...	7 3 6	0 0 0
maden, George ...	17 Feb. 68	0	12600	...	35 2 1	0 0 0	0	1500	...	16634 0 0	0	14100	...	1669 2 1	0	14100	...	15027 2 3	0	0	...	1641 15 10	0 0 0
nch, Miss Elizabeth ...	23 June 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	185 14 0	0	3000	...	1397 8 1	0	3000	...	1211 10 1	0	0	...	1066 1 8	0	3000	...	145 8 5	0 0 0
M.																							
cCallum, Reverend John,—share account of Miss Regina Cameron McCallum	26 Oct. 70	0	5200	.	237 7 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	104 0 0	0	5200	...	341 7 4	0	0	...	104 0 0	0	5200	...	237 7 4	0 0 0

McCarthy, William ...	27 June 65	o	o	...	457 0 4	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	457 0 4	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	457 0 4	o o
——, [redacted] ...	20 Sept. 70	o	4300	25*	456 14 2	o o o	o	2400	...	2386 2 0	o	6700	25*	2842 0 2	o	o	...	2447 10 11	o	6700	25*	394 5 3	o o
——, [redacted] ...	7 Nov. 70	o	o	25†	21 7 2	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	25†	21 7 2	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	25†	21 7 2	o o
McDonald, Peter ...	28 Oct. 72	o	o	...	1734 1 2	o o o	o	o	...	0 12 0	o	o	...	1734 13 2	o	o	...	1732 11 2	o	o	...	2 2 0	o o
——, of Moulmein ...	Taken charge 3 Sept. 64	o	o	...	195 14 7	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	195 14 7	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	195 14 7	[illegible]
——, Francis ...	2 May 60	o	4500	...	126 10 2	o o o	o	o	...	105 0 0	o	4500	...	231 10 2	o	o	...	3 4 3	o	4500	...	228 5 11	o o
——, Dr. John Banatyne,—share account of Miss Catherine Helen McDonald ...	22 June 59	o	1100	...	53 2 1	o o o	o	o	...	22 0 0	o	1100	...	75 2 1	o	o	...	1 9 7	o	1100	...	73 8 6	o o
——, John ..	......	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	1399 13 7	o	o	...	1399 13 7	o	o	...	21 12 0	o	o	...	1378 1 7	o o
McDowell, Lieut. Charles Theophilus Metcalfe ...	21 Aug. 59	o	o	...	134 10 1	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	134 10 1	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	134 10 1	o o
McEwan, Alexander,—share account of Leela McEwan, daughter of the deceased...	9 Dec. 68	o	1100	...	17 1 9	o o o	o	o	...	22 0 0	o	1100	...	39 1 9	o	o	...	48 6 9	o	1100	...	o o o	[illegible]
McFarlane, John ...	20 Nov. 70	o	o	...	417 11 7	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	417 11 7	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	417 11 7	[illegible]
McGill, Dr. Edward ...	13 Aug. 70	o	8900	121‡	119 7 2	o o o	o	o	...	12614 0 4	o	8900	124‡	12733 7 6	o	8900	19‡	12172 14 1	o	o	105†	560 9 5	o o
——, Gunner John ...	22 Mar. 71	o	o	...	89 15 3	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	89 15 3	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	89 15 3	o o
——, Reverend F. A. ...	......	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	4 10 0	o	o	...	o o o	4 10
McIntosh, Daniel ...	7 Dec. 69	o	900	...	197 8 2	o o o	o	o	...	18 0 0	o	900	...	215 8 2	o	o	...	111 11 3	o	900	...	103 12 11	o o
McIntyre, William Robert,—share account of William Clayton McIntyre, son of the deceased ...	14 Aug. 67	o	1900	...	52 8 7	o o o	o	o	...	38 0 0	o	1900	...	90 8 7	o	o	...	27 3 3	o	1900	...	63 5 4	o o
——, share account of Gilbert Hogg McIntyre, son of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	1900	...	52 8 7	o o o	o	o	...	38 0 0	o	1900	...	90 8 7	o	o	...	27 3 3	o	1900	...	63 5 4	o o
——, share account of Caroline Margaret McIntyre, son of the deceased	Ditto	o	1900	...	48 11 8	o o o	o	o	...	38 0 0	o	1900	...	86 11 8	o	o	...	22 3 3	o	1900	...	64 8 5	o o
McKay, Band Master William	22 Nov. 55	o	500	...	168 15 6	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	178 15 6	o	o	...	0 13 0	o	500	...	178 2 6	o o
McKeown, John,—share account of Francis John Everingham McKeown ...	25 Dec. 58	o	800	...	o o o	72 12 6	o	o	...	16 0 0	o	800	...	o o o	o	o	...	1 6 2	o	800	...	o o o	58 [illegible]
——, share account of William Henry Everingham McKeown ...	Ditto	o	800	...	o o o	127 8 6	o	o	...	16 0 0	o	800	...	o o o	o	o	...	1 6 2	o	800	...	o o o	112 14
McLaughlin, George ...	16 Apl. 68	o	500	...	127 7 4	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	137 7 4	o	o	...	0 15 5	o	500	...	136 7 11	o o
McLean, Captain Wellwood George Moultrie ...	15 July 58	o	o	...	442 2 1	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	442 2 1	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	442 2 1	o o
McLeod, George Gordon ...	22 Feb. 70	o	o	...	3941 14 11	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	3941 14 11	o	o	...	3941 14 11	o	o	...	o o o	o o
McMullan, W. ...	5 Apl. 71	o	1800	3§	o o o	22 6 5	o	3200	...	3471 9 7	o	5000	3§	3449 3 2	o	o	...	3262 1 1	o	5000	3§	187 3 1	o o
——, Major Charles Noble ...	20 Mar. 64	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	1000	...	1224 11 3	o	1000	...	1224 11 3	o	o	...	1247 9 3	o	1000	...	o o o	22 14
McNamara, Mrs. Mary ...	Ditto	o	2700	...	250 14 6	o o o	o	o	...	54 0 0	o	2700	...	304 14 6	o	o	...	2 1 0	o	2700	...	302 13 6	o o
McNaughton, Donald ...	14 Sept. 70	o	700	...	49 8 5	o o o	o	o	...	14 0 0	o	700	...	63 8 5	o	o	...	2 1 4	o	700	...	61 7 1	o o
McPherson, William,—account of life interest of Mrs. C. E. McPherson, now Mrs. Rollo ...	26 April 67	o	6800	...	30 14 4	o o o	o	o	..	149 12 0	o	6800	...	180 10 4	o	o	...	149 12 0	o	6800	...	30 14 4	o o

* Indian Life Assurance Company's Shares.

† Indian Life Assurance Company Limited Shares.

‡ Sundry Shares.

§ Great Eastern Hotel Company's Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December 1871.			Total.			Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.			Balance on 31st December 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.													To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs. Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. As.
M.																				
McPherson, Wlliam,—share account of the children ...	26 Apl. 67	0	3800	...	0 0 0	7 9 3	0 0	...	82 4 0	0	3800	...	74 10 9	0	0 ...	82 4 0	0	3800	...	0 0 0	7 9
Mabert, William ...	21 Apl. 68	0	0	...	51 8 1	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	51 8 1	0	0 ...	0 0 0	0	0	...	51 8 1	0 0
———, account of house No. 55, Wellesley Street ...	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	774 15 7	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0 ...	407 6 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	1182 5
Mace, Frederick,—account of the trustees of the marriage settlement of Mrs. C. Blick ...	28 Mar. 52	0	15200	...	0 0 0	3 8 5	0 0	...	304 0 0	0	15200	...	300 7 7	0	0 ...	274 4 8	0	15200	...	26 2 11	0 0
Macdonald, Duncan Forbes	19 May 70	0	500	...	828 3 5	0 0 0	0 0	...	40 0 0	0	500	...	868 3 5	0	0 ...	10 6 7	0	500	...	857 12 10	0 0
Macdonell, Colonel Alexander Anthony ...	5 Jan. 71	0	28700	...	0 0 0	82 6 3	0 0	...	574 0 0	0	28700	...	491 9 9	0	0 ...	15 3 9	0	28700	...	476 6 0	0 0
Mackinon, Charles ..	12 Mar. 44	0	0	...	25 11 9	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 11 9	0	0 ...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 11 9	0 0
Mackenzie, Dr. H. ...	... ...	0	0	...	2 10 0	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 10 0	0	0 ...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 10 0	0 0
MacLeod, Alexander Donald	12 May 65	0	0	50*	0 0 0	0 1 6	0 0	...	1499 15 0	0	0	50*	1499 13 6	0	0 50*	98 4 11	0	0	...	1401 8 7	0 0
———, share account of Sarah Mackenzie, only child of the late Charles MacLeod ...	Ditto	0	2600	...	466 15 5	0 0 0	0 500	...	52 0 0	0	3100	...	518 15 5	0	0 ...	502 1 9	0	3100	....	16 13 8	0 0
———, share account of Charles Bryan and Isabella Hodgson, now Mrs. Isabella Gaun, children of the late Christiana Hodgson ...	Ditto	0	1800	...	257 14 3	0 0 0	0 0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	293 14 3	0	0 ...	2 3 3	0	1800	...	291 11 0	0 0
Macnash, Mrs. Frances Christiana Sophia ..	15 Feb. 66	0	0	...	2099 2 11	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2099 2 11	0	0 ...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2099 2 11	0 0
MacIvier, Assistant Surgeon James Robertson ...	14 Sept. 70	0	8300	...	5 7 6	0 0 0	0 0	...	164 8 0	0	8300	...	169 15 6	0	0 ...	478 9 6	0	8300	...	0 0 0	308 13
Macnaughton, Sir W. H. ..	... ...	0	0	...	13 6 7	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 6 7	0	0 ...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 6 7	0 0
Mactier, Thomas Binny,—share account of S. C. Mactier ...	8 June 60	0	0	...	27 13 10	0 0 0	0 0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 13 10	0	0 ...	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 13 10	0 0

———, share account of the children of the late Mrs. Bailey, formerly Isabella Mactier ...	Ditto	0	14200	...	39 14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	305 0 0	0	14200	...	314 14 4	0	0	...	13 15 4	0	14200	...	330 15 0	0
Mailer, Robert ...	Taken charge 19 Nov. 69	0	500	...	0 0 0	293 3 0	0	0	...	501 4 5	0	500	...	208 1 5	0	500	...	208 1 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
Mansell, Mrs. Sophia Caroline ...	5 July 71	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	3200	...	824 1 6	0	3200	...	824 1 6	0	0	...	357 2 8	0	3200	...	466 14 10	0
Manser, Serjeant John,—share account of R. Manser, only child of the deceased	29 Mar. 67	0	6700	...	0 0 0	129 3 8	0	0	...	134 10 0	0	6700	...	5 6 4	0	0	...	134 10 0	0	6700	...	0 0 0	129
Manuk, Gavork,—legacy to the Armenian School at Calcutta ..	23 Aug. 61	0	32400	...	0 0 0	33 3 5	0	0	...	648 0 0	0	32400	...	614 12 7	0	0	..	39 14 5	0	32400	...	574 14 2	0
———, legacy to the convent Aminah Perjetseh at Ispahan ...	Ditto	0	11200*	...	286 10 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	224 0 0	0	11200	...	510 10 9	0	0	...	436 12 10	0	11200	...	73 13 11	0
———, legacy to the convent Arseh Meatson at Arrarat	Ditto	0	88300	...	331 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	63712 10 2	0	88300	...	64016 12 6	0	61700	...	63963 0 10	0	26600	...	83 11 8	0
———, legacy to the convent for females at Ispahan ..	Ditto	0	5300	...	194 2 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	106 0 0	0	5300	...	300 2 7	0	0	...	205 12 2	0	5300	...	94 6 5	0
———, legacy to the convent at Jelusigam ...	Ditto	0	10800	...	408 9 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	216 0 0	0	10800	...	624 9 6	0	0	...	13 11 9	0	10800	...	610 13 9	0
———, Zorab Malcolm,—personalty account ...	3 Aug. 66	0	0	...	1803 6 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1803 6 3	0	0	...	1803 6 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
———, Johannes Malcolm ...	... ...	0	0	...	376 2 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	376 2 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	376 2 3	0
Marcus, John Paul, Senior,—legacy to Emaumun ...	18 Mar. 65	0	4100	...	158 4 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	85 0 0	0	4100	...	243 4 5	0	0	...	1 7 0	0	4100	...	241 13 5	0
———, George Thomas,—realty account ...	23 April 61	0	73300	...	0 0 0	1642 8 11	0	9000	...	15976 13 3	0	82300	...	14334 4 4	0	0	...	2132 5 9	0	82300	...	12201 14 7	0
———, John Paul, senior ...	18 Mar. 65	0	0	...	159 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	159 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	159 15 0	0
Marks, Charles Henry ...	... ...	0	0	...	13 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 12 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 12 2	0
Marley, Captain C. H. ...	25 Sept. 69	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	6171 9 10	0	0	...	6171 9 10	0	0	...	4994 8 7	0	0	...	1177 1 3	0
Marshall, Dr. John ...	19 June 54	0	9900	...	0 0 0	9 15 11	0	0	...	198 0 0	0	9900	...	188 0 1	0	0	...	197 12 10	0	9900	...	0 0 0	9
———, Mrs. Caroline (formerly Daly), account of the legacy to William Francis Pudintian Murray, and father mother of the deceased ...	18 June 54	0	6300	...	60 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	146 0 0	0	6300	...	206 2 4	0	0	...	6 8 1	0	6300	...	199 10 3	0
———, Serjeant William Shields,—share account of the four children ...	10 Mar. 66	0	5800	...	0 0 0	15 8 1	0	0	...	116 0 0	0	5800	...	100 7 11	0	0	...	116 0 0	0	5800	...	0 0 0	15
Martin, Charles Ray ..	31 May 31	0	0	...	153 11 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	153 11 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	153 11 5	0
———, Mrs. Eliza ..	14 April 60	0	0	...	29 6 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 6 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 6 9	0
———, Allan C. ...	3 Aug. 70	0	2500	...	32 14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	587 15 0	0	2500	...	620 13 4	0	0	...	306 4 8	0	2500	...	314 8 8	0
———, Phillip ..	23 Sept. 71	0	1300	...	0 0 0	2 11 1	0	0	...	52 0 0	0	1300	...	49 4 11	0	0	...	143 6 1	0	1300	...	0 0 0	94
———, Lieutenant R. ...	... ...	0	0	...	3 0 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 0 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 0 1	0
Mason, Lieutenant and Brevet Captain George Henry Monk ...	... ...	0	0	...	303 15 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	303 15 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	303 15 5	0

* British India Tea Company's Shares.

K 1

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December. 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
M.																							
Masson, William Puttney ..	3 May 70	0	25000	...	235 0 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	337 8 0	0	25000	...	572 8 9	0	0	...	335 14 0	0	25000	...	236 10 9	0 0
Masters, Mrs. Ann ...	6 Sept. 67	0	0	...	131 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	131 14 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	131 14 10	0 0
Mathews, Revd. Isaac Constantine,—share account of Elizabeth Matilda Maria Mathews ...	18 Aug. 68	0	1800	...	110 13 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	146 13 9	0	0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	110 13 9	0 0
———, share account of Theodore Mathews ...	Ditto	0	1800	...	110 13 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	146 13 9	0	0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	110 13 9	0 0
———, share account of St. John Frederick Mathews	Ditto	0	1800	...	110 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	146 13 10	0	0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	110 13 10	0 0
———, share account of Isaac Humphries Mathews	Ditto	0	1800	...	110 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	146 13 10	0	0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	110 13 10	0 0
———, William ...	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	500	...	1009 12 9	0	500	...	1009 12 9	0	0	...	515 3 1	0	500	...	494 9 8	0 0
Matheson, Alexander,—share account of Robert Matheson ...	20 Feb. 60	0	500	...	147 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	157 0 0	0	0	...	1 1 10	0	500	...	155 14 2	0 0
Maxwell, Colonel James,—share account of George Maxwell ...	10 July 62	0	5800	...	148 12 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	118 8 0	0	5800	...	267 4 6	0	0	...	4 11 4	0	5800	...	262 9 2	0 0
———, share account of David Maxwell ...	Ditto	0	5800	...	139 14 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	118 8 0	0	5800	...	258 6 11	0	0	...	5 6 0	0	5800	...	253 0 11	0 0
Mawson, John ...	20 Dec. 64	0	1000	...	108 6 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	128 6 4	0	0	...	1 3 10	0	1000	...	127 2 6	0 0
Mead, Henry ...	Taken charge 16 Oct. 62	0	0	...	31 7 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 7 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 7 8	0 0
Medley, J. ...	10 Dec. 69	0	500	...	160 4 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	170 4 4	0	0	...	0 15 5	0	500	...	169 4 11	0 0
Meek, J S ...	15 Jan. 70	0	0	...	263 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	150 0 0	0	0	...	413 3 0	0	0	...	413 3 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Mellor, Mrs. Eleanor,— personalty account ...	24 Apl. 67	0	0	...	1181 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1181 1 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1181 1 9	0 0
———. account of the Bungalow No. 3, Tank Place, Coolie Bazar ...	Ditto	0	0	...	47 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	47 9 3	0	0	...	44 11 3	0	0	...	2 14 0	0 0
Melvill, Philip,—share account of the children ...	14 Aug. 64	0	24300	...	177 0 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	486 0 0	0	24300	...	663 0 6	0	0	...	444 10 4	0	24300	...	218 6 2	0 0

Melville, William ...	4 Nov. 46	0	600	...	361	15	1	0	0	0	0	0	...	12	0	0	0	600	...	373	15	1	0	0	...	1	7	7	0	600	...	372	7	6
———, on account Asiatic Annuity Company ...	Ditto	0	7300	...	403	2	10	0	0	0	0	500	...	157	12	0	0	7800	...	560	14	10	0	0	...	509	5	11	0	7800	...	51	8	11
———, on account annuity for Mrs. Sarah Waterman ...	14 Nov. 46	0	500	...	4	3	10	0	0	0	0	0	...	20	0	0	0	500	...	24	3	10	0	0	...	1	13	0	0	500	...	22	6	10
———, on account annuity of Capt. R. D. Watson ...	Ditto	0	0	...	311	7	10	0	0	0	0	0	...	533	3	4	0	0	...	844	11	2	0	0	...	533	3	4	0	0	...	311	7	10
———, Alexander Brodie, Captain, Bengal Staff Corps	19 May 71	0	0	...	58	15	3	0	0	0	0	1700	...	2009	15	3	0	1700	...	2068	14	6	0	0	...	1929	14	6	0	1700	...	139	0	0
Mercer, G. G. ...	13 May 71	0	13000	...	0	0	0	212	0	11	0	0	...	487	8	0	0	13000	...	275	7	1	0	0	...	65	1	10	0	13000	...	210	5	3
Meredith, James,—share account of Mr. E. J. Meredith, only son of the deceased ...	24 Nov. 63	0	3200	...	114	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	...	64	0	0	0	3200	...	178	7	4	0	0	...	64	0	0	0	3200	...	114	7	4
Meyers, Mrs. Mariam,—share account of the late Mrs. E. S. Aviet, daughter of the deceased ...	4 Sept. 61	0	1000	...	5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	25	0	0	0	1000	...	30	14	0	0	0	...	25	0	0	0	1000	...	5	14	0
———, Ferdinand ...	6 Sept. 65	0	0	...	86	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	86	2	7	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	86	2	7
Middleton, John ...	11 May 65	0	3900	50*	557	10	8	0	0	0	0	600	...	78	0	0	0	4500	50*	635	10	8	0	0	50*	611	10	0	0	4500	...	24	0	8
———, Joseph Richard, —annuity account of Miss Middleton ...	Ditto	0	8300	...	0	0	0	132	5	8	0	0	...	186	12	0	0	8300	...	54	6	4	0	0	...	216	15	9	0	8300	...	0	0	0
———, Joseph Richard	Ditto	0	10400	10†	289	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	238	0	0	0	10400	10†	527	3	0	0	0	10†	16	11	1	0	10400	...	510	7	11
Milford, Henry ...	19 May 40	0	0	...	12	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	12	4	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	12	4	0
Millard, Captain William Stallard ...	12 Oct. 71	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20000	274‡	126397	7	3	0	20000	274‡	126397	7	3	0	0	103‡	109397	1	9	0	20000	171‡	16500	5	6
Miller, Lieutenant George	Taken charge 15 Aug. 62	0	0	...	290	11	8	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	290	11	8	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	290	11	8
———, John Cains ...	18 June 67	0	1700	...	504	3	8	0	0	0	0	500	...	34	0	0	0	2200	...	538	3	8	0	0	...	500	13	11	0	2200	...	37	5	9
Mills, Thomas Whitehead,—share account of Misses Sarah and Clara Mills, daughters of the deceased	13 Dec. 65	0	2000	...	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	...	40	0	0	0	2000	...	38	12	11	0	0	...	40	0	0	0	2000	...	0	0	0
———, George Henry,—separate account ...	11 Jan. 67	0	0	...	28	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	28	14	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	28	14	0
Milner, Mrs. Mary ...	22 June 70	0	1300	...	0	0	0	120	7	7	0	0	...	26	0	0	0	1300	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	540	11	1	0	1300	...	0	0	0
Minos, Pogose,—share account of Mrs. E. S. Aviet ...	28 Feb. 61	0	900	...	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	18	0	0	0	900	...	17	4	0	0	0	...	18	0	0	0	900	...	0	0	0
Mitchell, Miss Isabella,—share account of Georgiana Mitchell ...	14 Jan. 64	0	1500	...	310	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	35	0	0	0	1500	...	345	3	0	0	0	...	2	1	10	0	1500	...	343	1	2
Moir, Colonel George ...	26 Aug. 71	0	5500	...	81	10	9	0	0	0	0	0	...	5587	9	1	0	5500	...	5669	3	10	0	5500	...	5669	3	10	0	0	...	0	0	0
Monk, Pay-Master R. ...	... ...	0	0	...	2	3	9	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	2	3	9	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	2	3	9
Montgomery, Lieut.-Colonel George James ...	20 Feb. 61	0	0	...	95	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	95	1	1	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	95	1	1
Montreaux, Michael Francis	6 Sept. 65	0	1700	...	231	14	5	0	0	0	0	0	...	36	8	0	0	1700	...	268	6	5	0	0	...	1	9	9	0	1700	...	266	12	8
Moodie, Aflock ...	20 Dec. 71	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	501	6	0	0	0	...	501	6	0	0	0	...	507	11	1	0	0	...	0	0	0
Moore, Mrs. Catherine Ann	4 Nov. 58	0	0	...	190	9	8	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	190	9	8	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	190	9	8

* Sylhet and Cachar Shares.

† Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company's Shares.

‡ Sundry Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.			
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.
M.																						
s, Mrs. Catherine Ann,—																						
re account of L. B. Chew	4 Nov. 58	0	1700	...	68 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 8 0	0	1700	...	110 10 4	0	0	...	42 8 0	0	1700	...	68 2 4
–, account of legacy for ry Norah Best ...	Ditto	0	0	...	33 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 3 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 3 5
–, legacy account of hard Leonard Wallis ...	Ditto	0	3100	...	129 11 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	62 0 0	0	3100	...	191 11 8	0	0	...	64 4 0	0	3100	...	129 7 8
–, legacy account of bella Rachael Townsid ...	Ditto	0	3600	...	88 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	72 0 0	0	3600	...	160 13 8	0	0	...	3 9 7	0	3600	...	157 4 1
–, Mrs. Susan ...	15 Feb. 43	0	7300	...	417 8 10	0 0 0	0	500	...	151 0 0	0	7800	...	568 8 10	0	0	...	525 0 6	0	7800	...	43 8 4
–, William Richard ...	19 Aug. 67	0	0	...	10 13 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 13 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 13 3
–, William Jenkins ...	... ...	0	0	...	33 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 15 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	33 15 1
–, Assistant Surgeon mas,—legacy account he children ...	22 July 58	0	32000	...	0 0 0	122 14 5	0	0	...	640 0 0	0	32000	...	517 1 7	0	0	...	586 14 0	0	32000	...	0 0 0
–, E. P. ...	7 June 71	0	0	...	694 11 6	0 0 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	694 11 6	0	0	...	876 6 1	0	600	...	0 0 0
nax, Hippolyte (Mariner)	17 Apl. 71	0	600	...	83 14 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	131 14 6	0	600	...	215 13 1	0	600	...	215 13 1	0	0	...	0 0 0
an, Dr. Nathaniel ...	11 Sept. 49	0	0	...	52 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 13 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 13 8
tet, Alphonse Rami,— ncy account of Francis thonse Morinet ...	18 Sept. 60	0	12600	...	134 13 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	290 0 0	0	12600	...	424 13 0	0	0	...	12 6 2	0	12600	...	412 6 10
no, S. ...	28 Jan. 69	0	0	...	40 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 11 2	0	0	...	40 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 10
s, Thomas ...	3 Oct. 61	0	500	...	307 6 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 12 0	0	500	...	321 2 2	0	0	...	1 1 3	0	500	...	320 0 11
–, H. H. ...	4 May 68	0	0	...	430 15 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	430 15 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	430 15 8
n, Dr. James,—account life interest for Mathew –, legacy account of the dren ...	1 Aug. 70	0	8000	...	0 0 0	0 12 0	0	0	...	160 0 0	0	8000	...	159 4 0	0	0	...	160 0 0	0	8000	...	0 0 0
	Ditto	0	55100	...	281 0 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	3200 0 0	0	55100	...	348 0 9	0	0	...	3400 12 4	0	55100	...	80 4 5
, George ...	12 July 68	0	2000	...	275 2 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	315 2 6	0	0	...	1 11 7	0	2000	...	313 6 11
Lieutenant-Colonel A. ...	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 9 0	0	0	...	16 9 0	0	0	...	0 4 0	0	0	...	16 5 0
ne, George Edward ...	29 June 66	0	0	...	6 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 11 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 11 0

…thleen Moultrie ...	Ditto	0	600	...	248 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	260 14 10	0	0	...	1 3 9	0	600	...	259 11 1	0
——, C. B.,—share account of Ernest M. Her…t, W. R., and Miss Kath…n Moultrie, brothers and …r of the deceased ...	5 June 69	0	0	...	299 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	299 6 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	299 6 11	0
…, Captain R. ...	... ...	0	0	...	206 13 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	206 13 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	206 13 7	0
…, Qr-Master Daniel ...	21 Mar. 71	0	500	...	47 10 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	47 10 10	0	0	...	16 15 10	0	500	...	30 11 0	0
…, Ensign John ...	... ...	0	0	...	78 11 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	78 11 10	0	0	...	78 11 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
…, O. H. ...	29 Apl. 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	198 11 11	0	2000	...	2633 7 1	0	2000	...	2434 11 2	0	0	...	2376 3 3	0	2000	...	58 7 11	0
…, Launcelot,—share account of the children ...	2 Aug. 65	0	1600	...	96 5 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 8 0	0	1600	...	132 13 2	0	0	...	35 8 0	0	1600	...	97 5 2	0
N.																							
…, Gunner John,—life interest account of Mrs. J. …gle, widow of the deceased ...	19 June 63	0	2000	...	352 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	2000	...	402 14 10	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	2000	...	352 14 10	0
…, Walter Wadell ...	23 Feb. 58	0	4100	...	473 3 7	0 0 0	0	500	...	100 0 0	0	4600	...	573 3 7	0	0	...	500 2 8	0	4600	...	73 0 11	0
… James,—share account James Wells and Florence Elizabeth Neil, children of the deceased ...	21 Aug. 68	0	4800	...	78 11 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	96 0 0	0	4800	...	174 11 6	0	0	...	174 11 3	0	4800	...	0 0 3	0
…n, William ...	23 Nov. 68	0	5300	...	27 8 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	106 0 0	0	5300	...	133 8 7	0	0	...	42 6 5	0	5300	...	91 2 2	0
…att, C. H. ...	Taken charge 9 May 71	0	0	...	123 2 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	123 2 0	0	0	...	15 3 7	0	0	...	107 14 5	0
…t, W. H. ...	Taken charge. 15 Jan. 70	0	0	...	0 0 0	12 8 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	12
…son, Thomas ...	5 Feb. 62	0	0	...	298 0 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	298 0 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	298 0 1	0
…erlein, Frederick ...	20 Dec. 67	0	0	...	166 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	3000 0 0	0	0	...	3166 14 0	0	0	...	4625 1 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	1458
——, realty account...	Ditto	0	56400	...	0 0 0	483 1 3	0	500	...	1128 0 0	0	56900	...	644 14 9	0	0	...	526 2 5	0	56900	...	118 12 4	0
——, share account of …. A. M. Nichterlein, widow of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	5962 2 11	0 0 0	0	7000	...	1110 0 0	0	7000	...	7072 2 11	0	0	...	7004 13 4	0	7000	...	67 5 7	0
——, share account Master Frederick James …chterlein, son of the deceased	Ditto	0	231200	...	175 4 0	0 0 0	0	12000	...	12114 0 0	0	243200	..	12289 4 0	0	0	...	12408 5 1	0	243200	...	0 0 0	119
…, Mrs. Isabella C.,—share account of Anna …ria Hackett, Arthur …rbert Nolan, and Allen …rnest Nolan, children of the deceased ..	23 Nov. 61	0	0	...	187 4 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	187 4 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	187 4 2	0
…ate, Colonel Charles ...	9 Feb. 65	0	0	11*	0 0 0	0* 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	11*	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	11*	0 0 0	0
…an, Alfred,—share account of the children of the deceased	13 Dec. 65	0	500	...	68 11 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	506 3 7	0	500	...	574 15 5	0	500	...	143 15 2	0	0	...	431 0 3	0
…s, Conductor William...	15 Dec. 70	0	0	...	496 14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	496 14 4	0	0	...	496 14 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0

* North-Western Bank Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 18			
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not Government securities.	Cash.
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.
N.																						
ris, Conductor William,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	15 Dec. 70	0	1000	...	0 0 0	9 1 8	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	10 14 4	0	0	...	2 1 2	0	1000	...	8 13 2
tham, Miss Ann ...	19 June 62	0	1500	...	485 8 4	0 0 0	0	500	...	42 8 0	0	2000	...	528 0 4	0	0	...	508 13 0	0	2000	...	19 3 4
val, Dr. Joseph,—account f saundry next of kin ...	12 Feb. 62	0	0	...	20 15 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 15 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 15 6
O.																						
rien, James Lloyd ...	18 Nov. 57	0	0	...	38 3 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	38 3 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	38 3 6
onnell, John W. ...	9 Jan. 69	0	0	...	52 2 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 2 0	0	0	...	25 2 0	0	0	...	0 0 0
——, Major Morgan ames ...	15 Dec. 70	0	1200	..	40 7 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	1215 3 3	0	1200	...	1255 11 2	0	1200	...	1145 11 2	0	0	...	110 0 0
ll, Captain William,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	12 Jan. 61	0	5200	...	0 0 0	8 4 10	0	0	...	131 0 0	0	5200	...	122 11 2	0	0	...	6 10 5	0	5200	...	116 0 9
owda, Lieutenant Robert harles ...	15 July 58	0	0	...	80 1 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 1 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 1 6
rady, Patrick ...	25 Mar. 71	0	700	...	0 0 0	77 14 9	0	0	...	307 2 8	0	7000	...	229 3 11	0	0	...	378 0 5	0	7000	...	0 0 0
Hanlon, Patrick,—share account of the children of he late H. M. O'Hanlon .	24 Mar. 51	0	0	6*	4995 2 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	6*	4995 2 0	0	0	6*	4995 2 0	0	0	...	0 0 0
——, share account of he children of Revd. W. L. O'Hanlon ...	Ditto	0	18100	18†	0 0 0	46 14 5	0	0	...	1082 0 0	0	18100	18†	1035 1 7	0	0	...	1051 10 4	0	18100	18†	0 0 0
nt, Captain Edward ubby ...	Taken charge 18 Nov. 65	0	0	...	112 2 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	112 2 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	112 2 1
low, Henry Phillips,—ate account of the child f the deceased ...	3 Oct. 63	0	500	...	312 8 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 8 0	0	500	...	325 0 11	0	0	...	1 4 0	0	500	...	323 12 11
ard, Mrs. Maria Espe- ...	23 Oct. 56	0	500	...	471 9 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 4 0	0	500	...	482 13 9	0	0	...	0 15 8	0	500	...	481 14 1
William Christopher ...	13 June 56	0	11600	...	236 3 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	247 0 0	0	11600	...	483 3 3	0	0	...	7 11 4	0	11600	...	475 7 11

Reilly, John ...	21 Aug. 27	o	2600	...	128	13	7	o	o	o	o	o	...	52	0	0	o	2600	...	180	13	7	o	o	...	3	13	7	o	2600	...	177	0	0
...sby, Private James ...	Taken charge 23 Nov. 71	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	...	61	15	0	o	o	...	61	15	0	o	o	...	34	3	10	o	o	...	27	11	2
..., Patrick James,—share account of Miss Louisa Fanny Orr, daughter of the deceased ...	15 June 58	o	19100	... *	51	6	8	o	o	o	o	o	...	382	0	0	o	19100	...	433	6	8	o	o	...	16	12	10	o	19100	...	416	9	10
..., William Hector,—life interest account of the widow of the deceased ...	9 Nov. 68	o	15800	10†	o	o	o	119	0	9	o	o	...	316	0	0	o	15800	10†	196	15	3	o	o	10†	287	8	0	o	15800	...	o	o	o
Shaughnessy, Serjeant Terence,—legacy account of Miss Mary Ellen O'Shaughnessy, daughter of the deceased ...	11 Mar. 68	o	1000	...	318	12	2	o	o	o	o	o	...	20	0	0	o	1000	...	338	12	2	o	o	...	1	8	7	o	1000	...	337	3	7
——, legacy account of Francis O'Shaughnessy, son of the deceased	Ditto	o	o	...	26	12	3	o	o	o	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	26	12	3	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	26	12	3
——, legacy account of William O'Shaughnessy, son of the deceased	Ditto	o	o	...	26	12	2	o	o	o	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	26	12	2	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	26	12	2
...ueley, Lieut.-Colonel John Ralph, late in the 57th N.I.	8 April 50	o	o	...	44	15	10	o	o	o	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	44	15	10	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	44	15	10
...wen, Conrad Travers ...	Taken charge 23 Feb. 70	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	...	154	9	6	o	o	...	154	9	6	o	o	...	154	9	6	o	o	...	o	o	o
P.																																	
...ge, Mrs. Eliza Ann,—share account of Alfred Page, son of the deceased ...	27 Oct. 68	o	500	...	5	0	2	o	o	o	o	o	...	10	0	0	o	500	...	15	0	2	o	o	...	1	1	10	o	500	...	13	14	4
—, share account of Sarah Page, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	500	...	5	0	2	o	o	o	o	o	...	506	6	6	o	500	...	511	6	8	o	500	...	511	6	8	o	o	...	o	o	o
—, Benjamin (the younger), —share account of Alfred Page, son of the deceased	Ditto	o	500	...	2	12	1	o	o	o	o	o	...	10	0	0	o	500	...	12	12	1	o	o	...	1	1	10	o	500	...	11	10	3
—, share account of Sarah Page, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	1000	...	71	15	11	o	o	o	o	o	...	1012	13	1	o	1000	...	1084	13	0	o	1000	...	1084	13	0	o	o	...	o	o	o
—, Miss Mary Ann,—share account of Alfred Page, nephew of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	500	...	23	12	5	o	o	o	o	o	...	10	0	0	o	500	...	33	12	5	o	o	...	1	1	10	o	500	...	32	10	7
—, share account of Sarah Page, niece of the deceased	Ditto	o	500	...	23	12	4	o	o	o	o	o	...	506	6	6	o	500	...	530	2	10	o	500	...	530	2	10	o	o	...	o	o	o
...almer, John ...	31 Aug. 54	o	47000	...	306	13	1	o	o	o	o	1000	...	985	8	0	o	48000	...	1292	5	1	o	o	...	1043	13	8	o	48000	...	248	7	5
——, William Samuel ...	3 Aug. 70	o	500	...	o	o	o	4	14	10	o	o	...	547	10	5	o	500	...	542	11	7	o	500	...	540	2	11	o	o	...	2	8	8
...arker, Captain Sir George (*Baronet*) ...	17 Jan. 59	o	o	...	121	9	1	o	o	o	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	121	9	1	o	o	...	o	o	o	o	o	...	121	9	1

* Bank of Bengal Shares.

† Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company's Shares.

B.

STATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December 1871.			Total.			Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.			Balance on 31st December 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.													To Credit.	To
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs.
P.																				
aptain Sir George, f),—legacy account																				
Eliza Emma Mar-rker ...	17 Jan. 59	0	0	...	121 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	121 9 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	121 9 1	0
acy account of Miss Parker ...	Ditto	0	0	...	121 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	121 9 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	121 9 1	0
hn ...	13 Dec. 65	0	1000	...	347 2 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 0 0	0	1000	...	372 2 10	0	0	...	1 6 0	0	1000	...	370 12 10	0
s. Dinah ...	Taken charge 12 Mar. 68	0	800	...	104 5 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	120 5 9	0	0	...	74 6 8	0	800	...	45 15 1	0
n ...	8 Jan. 67	0	0	...	221 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	221 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	221 0 0	0
obert Frederick	Taken charge 12 Mar. 70	0	0	...	456 1 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	456 1 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	456 1 7	0
Major Francis Stuart	28 Sept. 60	0	0	...	156 10 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	156 10 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	156 10 3	0
Dr. John James ...	11 Dec. 37	0	0	...	28 9 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 9 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 9 9	0
Captain Francis,—ccount of Begum ...	23 May 43	0	13000	...	0 0 0	99 10 0	0	0	...	277 8 0	0	13000	...	177 14 0	0	0	...	18 12 6	0	13000	...	159 1 6	0
John James ...	... ...	0	10[illegible]	...	265 7 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 0 0	0	1000	...	290 7 5	0	0	...	1 6 0	0	1000	...	289 1 5	0
utenant William	Taken charge 14 Apl. 58	0	0	...	213 0 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	213 0 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	213 0 9	0
na ...	28 July 56	0	22000	...	342 11 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	440 0 0	0	22000	...	782 11 10	0	0	...	417 14 8	0	22000	...	364 13 2	0
David,—share ac-the children of the in the life policy	10 Aug. 65	0	2700	...	691 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	758 14 10	0	2700	...	1453 13 6	0	700	...	1381 8 4	0	2000	...	69 5 2	0
nuel,—share ac-f John Hogan eir-at-law ...	21 Oct. 51	0	2500	...	413 8 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	2500	...	463 8 10	0	0	...	1 4 0	0	2500	...	462 4 10	0
homas ...	30 Mar. 70	0	2500	...	365 5 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	2500	...	415 5 3	0	0	...	159 11 9	0	2500	...	255 9 6	0
ed James ...	Taken charge 14 Nov. 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	500	...	824 15 1	0	500	...	824 15 1	0	0	...	583 13 8	0	500	...	241 1 5	0
[illegible] nes,—share ac-the children of the ...	1 Oct. 58	0	900	...	87 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	913 6 2	0	900	...	1001 2 6	0	900	...	1001 2 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0

... share account of ...rd and Eliza Emily ...h, son and daughter ...deceased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	600	...	666 4 6	0	600	...	666 4 6	0	0	...	605 14 11	0	600	...	60 5 7
... Mrs. Anne ...	29 July 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	76400	...	5114 15 6	0	76400	...	5114 15 6	0	5000	...	5128 1 7	0	71400	...	0 0 0
...rs. Mary Ann ...	... ...	500	0	...	0 0 0	12 15 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	500	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	500	0	...	0 0 0
...ton, James Jeremiah, ...acy account of Ann ...mberton, daughter of ...eceased ...	9 Sept. 65	0	2000	...	191 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	2000	...	241 9 3	0	0	...	2 12 0	0	2000	...	238 13 3
———, legacy account ...ncy Kate Pember- ...daughter of the de- ...d ...	Ditto	0	2000	...	236 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	2152 12 4	0	2000	...	2389 5 7	0	2000	...	37 11 2	0	0	...	2351 10 5
...s, Lieutenant Henry ...ge ...	12 April 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	11 7 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0
Frederick George ...	5 April 71	0	0	...	316 8 6	0 0 0	0	3000	...	2674 0 0	0	3000	...	2990 8 6	0	0	...	3081 2 11	0	3000	...	0 0 0
...l, Surgeon Major ...am ...	Taken charge 28 June 70	0	800	...	143 5 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	852 12 10	0	800	...	996 2 8	0	800	...	996 2 8	0	0	...	0 0 0
Captain Caitano ...mio ..	29 May 55	0	500	...	0 0 0	1058 12 8	0	0	...	243 13 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	62 7 1	0	500	...	0 0 0
..., Mrs. Catherine	16 Mar. 71	0	3000	...	0 0 0	45 3 6	0	0	...	120 0 0	0	3000	...	74 12 6	0	0	...	76 4 2	0	3000	...	0 0 0
Mrs. A. M. ...	Taken charge Nov. 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	316 6 5	0	0	...	316 6 5	0	0	...	105 2 0	0	0	...	211 4 5
...ore, Captain William ...nton ...	15 Dec. 58	0	0	...	45 6 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	45 6 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	45 6 9
John ...	22 Dec. 40	0	0	...	98 13 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	98 13 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	98 13 0
Captain Edward ...les (Mariner) ...	28 Jan. 51	0	6400	...	171 10 1	0 0 0	0	12000	...	6450 1 10	0	6400	...	6621 11 11	0	6400	...	6621 11 11	0	0	...	0 0 0
..., Abraham Nicholas...	6 May 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	1312 11 3	0	0	...	14040 0 9	0	12000	...	12727 5 6	0	0	...	12680 11 5	0	12000	...	46 10 1
...by, Lieutenant-Colonel ...ur Edward Val- ...	15 Feb. 69	0	0	4*	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	4*	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	4*	0 0 0
...erjeant John ...	Taken charge 7 Sept. 60	0	0	...	195 11 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	195 11 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	195 11 8
...n, Major-Genl. George ...ro ...	4 Sept. 38	0	14400	...	72 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	288 0 0	0	14400	...	360 14 0	0	0	...	288 0 0	0	14400	...	72 14 0
...harles ...	Taken charge 18 Jan. 60	0	0	...	94 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	94 1 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	94 1 9
Mrs. Mary Ann ...	Taken charge 20 Apl. 57	0	500	...	304 15 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 8 0	0	500	...	317 7 5	0	0	...	1 1 0	0	500	...	316 6 5
...a, John,—life interest ...nt of Mrs. E. A. ...son, widow and legatee ...r the will of the ...ased ...	18 Nov. 67	0	3000	...	0 0 0	7 6 0	0	0	...	60 0 0	0	3000	...	52 10 0	0	0	...	52 10 0	0	3000	...	0 0 0
..., Edwin Plantaganet...	18 May 60	0	500	...	208 0 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 12 0	0	500	...	221 12 8	0	0	...	2 1 4	0	500	...	219 11 4
..., Lieutenant John ..	15 Dec. 58	0	0	3†	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	3†	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	3†	0 0 0
...t, Miss Emma Vic- ...	Taken charge 21 June 70	0	800	...	0 0 0	19 7 4	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 1 10	0	800	...	0 0 0
Joseph ...	14 Aug. 49	0	0	...	25 8 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 8 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 8 9

* Oudh Banking Corporation Limited Shares.

† Per Cent. Annuity £600.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 18			
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.
P.																						
Price, John Graham,—share account of Miss R. K. Price, sister of the deceased	3 Apl. 69	0	1000	...	111 8 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	131 8 7	0	0	...	1 8 7	0	1000	...	130 0 0
——, Rose Randall ...	12 Sept. 66	0	0	...	447 14 10	0 0 0	0	600	...	227 6 0	0	600	...	675 4 10	0	0	...	606 7 8	0	600	...	68 13 2
Pryse, Revd. William ...	7 Jan. 71	0	1200	...	0 0 0	133 0 0	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 4 9	0	120	...	0 0 0
Q.																						
Quinlan, Dr. Patrick ...	Taken charge 7 Jan. 67	0	0	...	7 3 0	0 9 0	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	0	...	7 3 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 3 0
R.																						
Raikes, George Davy,—share account of Revd. Francis Walter, Henry Campbell, Emma Finch, and Lawra Georgiana Raikes ...	11 Jan. 58	0	25500	...	0 0 0	22 11 0	0	0	...	635 0 0	0	25500	...	612 5 0	0	0	...	578 0 0	0	25500	...	34 5 0
Raleigh, Lieutenant Walter Frederick Keppel, of 7th Light Cavalry ...	Taken charge 23 Dec. 58	0	0	...	300 14 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	300 14 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	300 14 2
Ralph, James ...	27 Apl. 58	0	0	...	356 9 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	356 9 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	356 9 6
Ramsay, Cornet James Andrew	20 July 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	2000	...	2053 8 2	0	2000	...	2053 8 2	0	0	...	2212 15 6	0	2000	...	0 0 0
Randolph, Henry ...	5 Jan. 53	0	700	...	438 11 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 4 0	0	700	...	457 15 10	0	0	...	0 15 0	0	700	...	457 0 10
——, account of legatees	Ditto	0	500	...	212 8 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	222 8 11	0	0	...	0 13 0	0	500	...	221 11 11
——, Henry Pritchard...	10 Aug. 55	0	0	...	134 9 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	134 9 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	134 9 11
Rayson, Paul,—share account of Isabella Emblyn and Anna Rayson, daughters of the deceased ...	24 Nov. 63	0	1000	...	395 8 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	415 8 8	0	0	...	1 8 7	0	1000	...	414 0 1
——, share account of John Elliott Rayson, son of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	1300	...	0 0 0	240 7 10	0	0	...	26 0 0	0	1300	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 12 6	0	1300	...	0 0 0
——, share account of Thomas Ellis Rayson, son of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	1200	...	0 0 0	622 3 4	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 11 6	0	1200	...	0 0 0

Read, Captain James ...	9 June 70	o	2800	...	o o o	0 10 2	o	o	...	56 0 0	o	2800	...	55 5 10	o	o	...	3 6 5	o	2800	...	51 15 5	o
Beason, Edwin ...	1 June 58	o	500	...	269 5 8	o o o	o	o	...	13 12 0	o	500	...	283 1 8	o	o	...	1 1 4	o	500	...	282 0 4	o
Reband, Mrs. Mary ...	Taken charge 1 Oct. 50	o	500	...	281 2 10	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	291 2 10	o	o	...	0 13 0	o	500	...	290 5 10	o
Rebeiro, Lyon ...	Taken charge 21 Apl. 70	o	o	...	220 15 0	o o o	o	o	...	914 3 0	o	o	...	230 13 3	o	o	...	221 1 5	o	o	...	9 11 10	o
Reid, Captain Hugh Atkins	27 June 50	o	5000	...	18 9 5	o o o	o	o	...	100 0 0	o	5000	...	118 9 5	o	o	...	99 14 2	o	5000	...	48 11 3	o
——, Peter ...	11 July 63	o	o	...	72 4 3	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	72 4 3	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	72 4 3	o
Reilly, Apothecary John ...	29 Aug. 70	o	1000	37*	100 8 9	o o o	o	o	...	1143 13 0	o	1000	37*	1244 5 9	o	o	12†	224 1 11	o	1000	25*	1020 3 10	o
Remmington, Lieut.-Colonel Frederick Freeman ...	27 May 62	o	o	...	334 8 4	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	334 8 4	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	334 8 4	o
Reveley, Lieut. Mathew Hugh ...	Taken charge 10 May 69	o	o	...	233 15 8	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	233 15 8	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	233 15 8	o
Richardson, George,—share account of William Richardson, son of the deceased...	10 Nov. 59	o	2100	...	486 7 1	o o o	o	500	...	61 8 0	o	2600	...	547 15 1	o	o	...	509 14 3	o	2600	...	38 0 10	o
Richmond, Thomas ...	... ...	o	o	...	42 1 9	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	42 1 9	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	42 1 9	o
Rider, Jacob ...	2 Oct 7	o	o	...	70 0 0	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	70 0 0	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	70 0 0	o
Ridsdale, Dr. George ...	10 Dec. 62	o	500	...	35 5 0	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	45 5 0	o	o	...	0 15 5	o	500	...	44 5 7	o
Riley, Lieutenant-General Stephen Davis,—legacy account of Mrs. Mary Ann Madge and her children and grandchildren ...	5 July 67	o	91100	...	o o o	209 1 6	o	o	...	2277 8 0	o	91100	...	2068 6 6	o	o	...	2069 2 6	o	91100	...	o o o	o
——, legacy account of Mrs. Louisa Alice Turner and children ...	Ditto	o	45500	...	o o o	316 9 6	o	o	...	1137 8 0	o	45500	...	790 14 6	o	o	...	1030 5 6	o	45500	...	o o o	o
——, legacy account of Julia Oram ...	Ditto	o	9100	...	19 2 1	o o o	o	o	...	227 8 0	o	9100	...	246 10 1	o	o	...	227 8 0	o	9100	...	19 2 1	o
——, legacy account of Miss Isabella Matilda Cameron	Ditto	o	9100	...	19 2 1	o o o	o	o	...	227 8 0	o	9100	...	246 10 1	o	o	...	227 8 0	o	9100	...	19 2 1	o
——, legacy account of Mrs. Louisa A. Turner and youngest son Stephen D. R. D. Turner ...	Ditto	o	600	...	30 4 9	o o o	o	o	...	12 0 0	o	600	...	42 4 9	o	o	...	1 3 9	o	600	...	41 1 0	o
——, share account of the children of William Riley, a pre-deceased brother of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	219500	...	o o o	987 15 7	o	1500	...	223914 9 4	o	221000	...	222926 9 9	o	221000	...	222926 9 9	o	o	...	o o o	o
Ritchie, Ensign Thomas James ...	Taken charge 6 Aug. 59	o	o	...	85 4 3	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	85 4 3	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	85 4 3	o
Ritson, Captain William ...	11 Sept. 55	o	600	...	413 3 4	o o o	o	o	...	16 8 0	o	600	...	459 11 4	o	o	...	1 2 0	o	600	...	458 9 4	o
Roach, James Holloway,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	21 May 68	o	1200	...	45 1 0	o o o	o	o	...	24 0 0	o	1200	...	69 1 0	o	o	...	1 11 6	o	1200	...	67 5 6	o
——, Mary Ann ...	Taken charge 27 May 71	o	600	...	40 13 4	o o o	o	o	...	12 0 0	o	600	...	52 13 4	o	o	...	27 3 2	o	600	...	25 10 2	o
——, Phillip Halloway ...	12 Aug. 67	o	o	...	14 15 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	14 15 10	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	14 15 10	o
——, share account of Miss Rebecca Roach, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	1900	...	218 11 4	o o o	o	o	...	38 0 0	o	1900	...	256 11 4	o	o	...	2 4 3	o	1900	...	254 7 1	o

* Sundry Shares.

† Uncovenanted Service Bank Limited Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.
R.																							
Robertson, Alexander ...	Taken charge 1 June 70	0	0	...	42 5 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 5 0	0	0	...	42 5 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
———, John ..	5 Apl. 59	0	0	...	372 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	372 0 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	372 0 5	0
Robinson, Charles ...	9 Aug. 67	0	1000	...	0 0 0	74 1 5	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 3 10	0	1000	...	0 0 0	55
———, Captain J. S. ..	... ...	0	0	...	33 13 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 13 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 13 7	0
———, William,—share account of Miss Margaret Jane Robinson, daughter of the deceased ...	6 Sept. 64	0	500	...	10 4 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	20 4 2	0	0	...	1 1 10	0	500	...	19 2 4	0
Robson, John Smith ...	13 Feb. 54	0	1200	...	70 1 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	...	94 1 0	0	0	...	0 15 0	0	1200	...	93 2 0	0
Roche, C. Bagot ...	2 Aug. 65	0	1300	...	141 4 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 8 0	0	1300	...	173 12 4	0	0	...	1 8 10	0	1300	...	172 3 6	0
———, Serjeant Garrett Meany ...	20 Mar. 71	0	5600	...	0 0 0	282 15 2	0	0	...	129 0 0	0	5600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 12 2	0	5600	...	0 0 0	217 1
Roderick, Anthony William	Taken charge 4 May 69	0	0	...	357 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	357 14 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	357 14 3	0
Rodgers, George ...	18 Mar. 45	0	2000	...	411 4 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	43 12 0	0	2000	...	455 0 4	0	0	...	3 5 0	0	2000	...	451 11 4	0
———, Robert,—account of legacy to St. Patrick's Church at Moulmein ...	16 May 66	0	1100	...	158 14 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 0 0	0	1100	...	180 14 9	0	0	..	1 9 7	0	1100	...	179 5 2	0
———, share account of Henry Christopher Rodgers, son of the deceased	Ditto	0	4500	...	462 12 3	0 0 0	0	500	...	120 0 0	0	5 00	...	582 12 3	0	0	...	512 4 7	0	5000	...	70 7 8	0
———, share account of Julia Genuine Rodgers, daughter of the deceased..	Ditto	0	4500	...	433 2 9	0 0 0	0	500	...	120 0 0	0	5000	...	553 2 9	0	0	...	512 4 7	0	5000	...	40 14 2	0
Rodrigues, Mrs. Catherine..	14 May 50	0	2000	...	199 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	43 12 0	0	2000	...	242 14 4	0	0	...	1 2 0	0	2000	...	241 12 4	0
Roelofsz, Ebenezer ...	Taken charge 7 Dec. 68	0	0	...	10 4 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 4 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 4 11	0
Rogers, George ...	8 Feb. 45	0	0	...	30 11 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 11 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 11 7	0
———, Conductor George Joseph ...	18 April 71	0	600	...	438 8 8	0 0 0	0	2200	...	2171 4 5	0	2800	...	2609 13 1	0	0	...	3576 10 2	0	2800	...	0 0 0	966 1
Rondo, Joseph ...	18 May 46	0	0	...	0 0 0	174 2 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	174
———, account of sundry legatees ...	Ditto	0	9600	...	40 10 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	187 8 0	0	9600	...	228 2 9	0	0	...	12 14 11	0	9600	...	215 3 10	0

Roofe, Riding Master William	13 Apl. 41	0	1300	...	186 12 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 8 0	0	1300	...	215 4 10	0	0	...	2 6 10	0	1300	...	212 14 0	0
Roper, Henry ...	11 May 58	0	3800	...	40 11 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	88 12 0	0	3800	...	129 7 4	0	0	...	2 13 4	0	3800	...	126 10 0	0
Rose, F. ...	Taken charge 21 Aug 58	0	0	...	19 2 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 2 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 2 8	0
Ross, Alexander Benjamin,— (personalty account) ...	5 Jan. 71	0	1600	...	0 0 0	724 8 2	0	0	...	32 0 0	0	1600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 8 9	0	1600	...	0 0 0	694
——, realty account ...	Ditto	0	3500	...	545 9 11	0 0 0	0	2200	...	2435 6 0	0	5700	...	2980 15 11	0	0	...	2992 8 0	0	5700	...	0 0 0	11
——, Robert Balerma ...	Taken charge 3 Feb. 71	0	0	...	99 14 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	99 14 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	99 14 6	0
Rossetto, Domeine ...	24 Sept. 69	0	7000	..	318 15 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	7137 4 8	0	7000	...	7456 3 11	0	7000	...	7396 13 11	0	0	...	60 0 0	0
Rozario, Thomas ...	Taken charge 21 Oct. 67	0	0	...	183 6 0	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	..	183 6 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	183 6 0	0
Russell, Captain Claud William ...	3 Nov. 58	0	0	...	388 14 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	388 14 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	388 14 1	0
Rutledge, Major Francis ...	13 Sept. 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	10300	...	409 0 5	0	10300	...	409 0 5	0	0	...	850 12 5	0	10300	...	0 0 0	441
Ryan, Mrs. Bridget ...	25 Nov. 57	0	500	...	461 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 8 0	0	500	...	477 5 8	0	0	...	1 1 0	0	500	...	476 4 8	0
——, Serjeant Joseph ...	26 May 65	0	3200	...	277 15 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	79 0 0	0	3200	...	356 15 11	0	0	...	2 10 0	0	3200	...	354 5 11	0
Ryley, John Charles ...	26 Sept. 71	0	8000	2*	169 9 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	209 15 0	0	8000	2*	379 8 6	0	0	2*	237 15 10	0	8000	...	141 8 8	0
S.																							
Saabye, Hans Henry Ede (Mariner) ...	16 Aug. 71	0	700	...	2292 15 4	0 0 0	0	2300	...	111 10 9	0	3000	...	2404 10 1	0	0	...	2502 6 10	0	3000	...	0 0 0	97
Sainte, Antoine Francois,—legacy account of Paul Auguste Sainte, son of the deceased ...	4 June 58	0	43500	...	323 15 0	0 0 0	0	1000	...	1077 4 0	0	44500	...	1401 3 0	0	0	...	1683 5 1	0	44500	...	0 0 0	281
Salew, Color Serjeant John	30 June 70	0	0	...	310 12 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	310 12 8	0	0	...	310 12 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
——, share account of William Joseph Salew, son of the deceased ..	Ditto	0	0	...	621 9 5	0 0 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	621 9 5	0	0	...	606 9 6	0	600	...	14 15 11	0
Salmon, Captain Mordaunt Money ...	Taken charge 20 Apl. 59	0	0	...	123 0 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	123 0 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	123 0 11	0
Salter, Charles Henry.—share account of Ella Augusta Salter, daughter of the deceased ...	5 Oct. 49	0	2000	...	251 15 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	292 15 11	0	0	...	79 1 11	0	2000	...	212 14 0	0
Sanderson, Alexander ...	2 Nov. 55	0	500	...	252 6 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	262 6 1	0	0	...	0 13 0	0	500	...	261 9 1	0
Sands, Alexander ...	Taken charge 28 Sept. 58	0	0	...	85 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	85 14 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	85 14 3	0
Sandys, Ensign John Dalrymple ...	Taken charge 9 Jan. 71	0	0	...	248 8 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	248 8 10	0	0	...	248 8 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
Sarkies, Petruse Johannes ...	3 Aug 69	0	4000	...	398 9 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 0 0	0	4000	...	478 9 6	0	0	...	2 11 3	0	4000	...	475 14 3	0
Satchwell, John Adrian Vanrenen ..	29 June 58	0	500	...	231 12 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 12 0	0	500	...	245 8 10	0	0	...	1 2 5	0	500	...	244 6 5	0
Saunders, Paterson Tandy ...	29 June 70	0	18000	...	0 0 0	133 6 11	0	0	...	4561 15 2	0	18000	...	4428 8 3	0	3800	...	3582 12 4	0	14200	..	845 11 11	0
Savage, Major George William ...	21 June 70	0	1200	...	0 0 0	897 11 7	0	0	...	1210 0 7	0	1200	...	312 5 0	0	1200	...	312 5 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
Scolfield, John ...	Taken charge 26 Apl. 69	0	0	...	157 13 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	157 13 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	157 13 11	0
Scott, David ...	Taken charge 29 Oct. 66	0	0	...	232 7 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	232 7 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	232 7 11	0

* Dehra Doon Tea Company Limited Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December 1871.			Total.			Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.			Balance on 31st December 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.													To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
S.																				
Scott, George Leal Tiernan	14 Aug. 67	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 15 4	0	0	...	13 15 4	0	0	...	7 3 0	0	0	...	6 12 4	0 0 0
——, share account of J. E. Scott, J. G. Scott, and A. C. Scott, brothers and sister of the deceased	Ditto	0	1500	...	148 7 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 12 4	0	1500	...	185 3 4	0	0	...	1 15 5	0	1500	...	183 3 11	0 0 0
——, Apothecary James George,—account of the widow and children of the deceased	18 May 61	0	0	...	56 1 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	56 1 10	0	0	...	56 1 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Alice C. Scott, daughter of the deceased	Ditto	0	10800	...	244 3 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	239 15 5	0	10800	...	484 3 2	0	0	...	186 2 6	0	10800	...	298 0 8	0 0 0
——, share account of James Edlin Scott, son of the deceased	Ditto	0	10400	...	373 15 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	88 9 1	0	10400	...	462 8 6	0	10400	...	462 8 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of James George Scott, son of the deceased	Ditto	0	10800	...	0 0 0	303 11 3	0	0	...	239 15 5	0	10800	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	328 12 6	0	10800	...	0 0 0	303 11 3
——, Major John Augustus	16 Feb. 70	0	0000	...	0 0 0	118 5 6	0	0	...	78 0 0	0	6000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	96 5 10	0	6000	...	0 0 0	118 5 6
——, Mrs. Julia Frances	10 Mar. 70	0	3500	...	103 15 1	0 0 0	0	18100	...	20792 15 0	0	21600	...	20896 14 1	0	0	...	20904 1 10	0	21600	...	0 0 0	7 2 9
——, Ensign Montague Alexander,—share account of William Wilkinson Scott	9 Sept. 61	0	500	...	355 6 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	365 6 9	0	0	...	1 1 10	0	500	...	364 4 11	0 0 0
——, William	29 June 47	0	500	...	432 3 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	442 3 11	0	0	...	0 13 0	0	500	...	441 6 11	0 0 0
——, Colonel William	24 June 34	0	1100	...	351 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 0 0	0	1100	...	373 4 6	0	0	...	2 0 7	0	1100	...	371 3 11	0 0 0
Seddon, Felix John Vaughan	23 Jan. 66	0	0	30*	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	30*	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	30*	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of William Robert Morgan, a son of Mrs. Eliza Morgan, sister of the deceased	Ditto	0	2000	...	307 3 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	347 3 4	0	0	...	16 10 9	0	2000	...	330 8 7	0 0 0
Sefton, Samuel Henry	Taken charge 6 Sept. 70	0	0	...	377 15 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 0 0	0	0	...	384 15 6	0	0	...	367 13 6	0	0	...	17 2 0	0 0 0
Serle, Lieut. Edward Gambier	12 Feb. 69	0	0	...	1434 4 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1057 7 0	0	0	...	2491 11 0	0	0	...	671 14 5	0	0	...	1819 12 7	0 0 0

Serrao, Anthony ...	12 June 51	o	1300	...	380 2 3	0 0 0	o	o	...	26 0 0	o	1300	...	406 2 3	o	o	...	0 15 0	o	1300	...	405 3 3	o
Sexton, Serjeant Patrick,—account of J. A. Sexton and T. B. Sexton, sons of the deceased ..	10 Dec. 66	o	o	...	200 15 7	0 0 0	o	o	...	0 0 0	o	o	...	200 15 7	o	o	...	0 0 0	*o	o	...	200 15 7	o
——, share account of the children of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	7500	...	263 14 6	0 0 0	o	o	...	150 0 0	o	7500	...	413 14 6	o	o	...	6 12 0	o	7500	...	407 2 6	o
——, share account of the widow of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	4100	...	165 13 10	0 0 0	o	o	...	82 0 0	o	4100	...	217 13 10	o	o	...	3 15 4	o	4100	...	243 14 6	o
Shaw, Lieutenant Alexander	23 Nov. 59	o	500	...	301 5 2	0 0 0	o	o	...	12 8 0	o	500	...	313 13 2	o	o	...	1 1 0	o	500	...	312 12 2	o
——, James ...	Taken charge 2 Aug. 66	o	o	...	176 6 0	0 0 0	o	o	...	0 0 0	o	o	...	176 6 0	o	o	...	0 0 0	o	o	...	176 6 0	o
——, William ...	Taken charge 22 April 65	o	o	...	137 4 1	0 0 0	o	o	...	0 0 0	o	o	...	137 4 1	o	o	...	0 0 0	o	o	...	137 4 1	o
Sheehan, Mrs. Eliza,—share account of Thomas O'Brien, son of the deceased ...	1 Oct. 58	o	14200	...	258 1 4	0 0 0	o	500	...	281 0 0	o	14700	...	542 1 4	o	o	...	508 6 10	o	14700	...	33 10 6	o
Sherman, James Hawes ...	12 Apl. 58	o	o	...	399 5 4	0 0 0	o	o	...	0 0 0	o	o	...	399 5 4	o	o	...	0 0 0	o	o	...	399 5 4	o
Sherriff, Lieutenant David Francis ...	9 Mar. 59	o	o	...	106 2 3	0 0 0	o	o	...	0 0 0	o	o	...	106 2 3	o	o	...	0 0 0	o	o	...	106 2 3	o
Sherrington, Thomas ...	25 Nov. 62	o	600	...	46 13 5	0 0 0	o	o	...	12 0 0	o	600	...	58 13 5	o	o	...	1 0 11	o	600	...	57 12 6	o
Shilstone, William Nelson,—realty account ...	10 July 67	o	1200	...	387 1 4	0 0 0	o	500	...	303 10 0	o	1700	...	690 11 4	o	o	...	546 15 7	o	1700	...	143 11 9	o
——, share account of Richard William Shilstone, son of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	2000	...	56 1 8	0 0 0	o	o	...	0 0 0	o	2000	...	56 1 8	o	2000	...	56 1 8	o	o	...	0 0 0	o
——, share account of William Nelson Shilstone, son of the deceased ..	Ditto	o	2500	...	225 8 0	0 0 0	o	o	...	60 0 0	o	2500	...	285 8 0	o	o	...	103 1 10	o	2500	...	183 6 2	o
——, share account of Miss Louisa Magdaline Shilstone, daughter of the deceased ..	Ditto	o	2500	...	108 13 0	0 0 0	o	o	..	60 0 0	o	2500	...	168 13 0	o	o	...	3 1 10	o	2500	...	165 11 2	o
——, share account of Miss Ellen Mary Shilstone, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	2500	...	108 13 1	0 0 0	o	o	...	60 0 0	o	2500	...	168 13 1	o	o	...	3 1 10	o	2500	...	165 11 3	o
——, share account of Walter Arthur Augustus Shilstone, son of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	2000	...	134 1 5	0 0 0	o	o	...	50 0 0	o	2000	...	184 1 5	o	o	...	2 12 0	o	2000	...	181 5 5	o
Shircore, Mrs. Elizabeth Aratoon Manook,—share account of Miss Voskum A. M. Shircore, daughter of the deceased ..	14 Feb. 56	o	3300	...	55 2 3	0 0 0	o	o	...	77 0 0	o	3300	...	132 2 3	o	o	...	403 13 0	o	3300	...	0 0 0	271 1
Short, Mrs. Charlotte Elizabeth ...	Taken charge 8 July 70	o	o	...	437 7 7	0 0 0	o	o	...	0 0 0	o	o	...	437 7 7	o	o	...	15 3 7	o	o	...	422 4 0	o
——, Joseph ...	14 Mar. 71	o	600	...	369 0 7	0 0 0	o	o	...	12 0 0	o	600	...	381 0 7	o	o	...	1 0 11	o	600	...	379 15 8	o

* Agra Bank Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December 1871.			Total.			Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.			Balance on 31st December 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.											To Credit.	To Debit.		
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. As.
S.																						
ıouldham, Mrs. Charlotte,—share account of Arthur J. Shouldham, son of the deceased ...	10 Aug. 70	0	9400	...	31 4 5	0 0 0	0	0	... 9635 4 1	0	9400	...	9666 8 6	0	9400	...	9666 8 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
——, share account of Athelia W. Shouldham, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	4200	...	58 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	... 54 0 0	0	4200	...	112 4 6	0	0	...	2 14 11	0	4200	...	109 5 7	0 0
ıter, Richard Valpey ..	13 Feb. 43	0	500	...	229 13 5	0 0 0	0	0	... 12 8 0	0	500	...	242 5 5	0	0	...	1 8 0	0	500	...	240 13 5	0 0
ddons, Major George Richard ...	17 Feb. 57	0	25100	...	172 7 7	0 0 0	0	0	... 519 8 0	0	25100	...	691 15 7	0	0	...	462 6 0	0	25100	...	229 9 7	0 0
mpson, Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander ...	21 Feb. 70	0	500	7* 4†	343 12 7	0 0 0	0	0	... 615 1 2	0	500	7* 4†	958 13 9	0	500	7* 4†	958 13 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
——, Lieutenant John Robert ...	24 Nov. 58	0	0	...	206 12 7	0 0 0	0	0	... 0 0 0	0	0	...	206 12 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	206 12 7	0 0
ene, George Alexander ...	21 Nov. 42	0	500	...	383 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	... 10 0 0	0	500	...	393 9 3	0	0	...	1 5 0	0	500	...	392 4 3	0 0
ade, Edward,—share account of Miss Annie Slade, daughter and only child of the deceased ...	28 July 57	0	7800	...	23 15 6	0 0 0	0	0	... 8137 5 3	0	7800	...	8161 4 9	0	7800	...	8161 4 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
—, Capt. John,—share account of the seven children of Mrs. Anne Swaffield,—the pre-deceased half sister of the deceased ...	22 Nov. 65	0	900	...	170 7 3	0 0 0	0	0	... 18 0 0	0	900	...	188 7 3	0	0	...	1 7 8	0	900	...	186 15 7	0 0
ater, Mrs. Harriet Lydia	19 Mar. 57	0	3400	...	0 0 0	225 11 4	0	0	... 330 4 0	0	3400	...	104 8 8	0	0	...	298 7 1	0	3400	...	0 0 0	193 14
nalley, Lieutenant Robert Thornton ...	Taken charge 4 Aug. 59	0	0	...	82 7 11	0 0 0	0	0	... 0 0 0	0	0	...	82 7 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	82 7 11	0 0
nallpiece, Ensign Charles	8 Nov. 54	0	1500	...	435 8 3	0 0 0	0	0	... 30 0 0	0	1500	...	465 8 3	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	1500	...	464 8 3	0 0
neaton, George ...	25 Nov. 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	2000	... 2224 5 3	0	2000	...	2224 5 3	0	0	...	2171 15 2	0	2000	...	52 6 1	0 0
nelf, Henry ...	30 July 50	0	0	...	21 3 8	0 0 0	0	0	... 0 0 0	0	0	...	21 3 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 3 8	0 0
nith, Mrs. Agnes ...	Taken charge 16 Feb. 69	0	600	...	171 6 4	0 0 0	0	0	... 12 0 0	0	600	...	183 6 4	0	0	...	1 0 11	0	600	...	182 5 5	0 0

—, Captain Brenton aliburton ...	Taken charge 24 April 66	0	0	...	13 10 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 10 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 10 9
—, Captain Bruce Neil-n ...	8 Aug. 66	0	0	...	191 7 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	191 7 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	191 7 4
—, David ...	15 Dec. 58	0	500	...	257 15 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 4 0	0	500	...	269 3 8	0	0	...	0 15 8	0	500	...	268 4 0
—, George (Chief Offi-r of the Ship *Ismail*) ...	Taken charge 11 May 66	0	0	...	217 12 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	217 12 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	217 12 3
—, Color Serjeant Ed-rd George ...	5 Feb. 70	0	0	...	1 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 8 0	0	0	...	1 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0
—, Lieutenant-Colonel orge Acklom ...	27 Mar. 58	0	3000	..	2 5 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	70 0 0	0	3000	...	72 5 0	0	0	...	3 6 10	0	3000	...	68 14 2
, George Edward,—gacy account of the andchildren of the de-ased ...	13 Sept. 65	0	21800	...	171 15 2	0 0 0	0	500	...	610 8 0	0	25300	...	782 7 2	0	0	...	897 12 10	0	25300	...	0 0 0
—, George Maccallan ow ...	18 Jan. 58	0	500	...	141 1 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	151 1 11	0	0	...	0 15 5	0	500	...	150 2 6
—, John ...	Taken charge 7 July 68	0	0	...	317 10 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	317 10 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	317 10 8
—, John (Mariner),—are account of William ngmire, son of the ceased ..	21 Dec. 61	0	700	...	232 7 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	246 7 10	0	0	...	13 4 9	0	700	...	233 3 1
—, John L. ...	Taken charge 15 Sept. 63	0	0	...	60 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 0 0
—, Qr.-Master Joseph...	Taken charge 1 Feb. 71	0	0	...	181 8 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	181 8 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	181 8 10
—, Mrs. Mary ...	2 May 68	0	0	...	414 10 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	414 10 0	0	0	...	414 10 0	0	0	...	0 0 0
—, share account of ichard, George, and Wil-m Smith, children of the ceased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	1689 11 8	0 0 0	0	1200	...	0 0 0	0	1200	...	1689 11 8	0	0	...	1627 1 0	0	1200	...	62 10 8
—, Mrs. Mary (formerly erklots) ...	16 Aug. 70	0	2000	...	96 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	160 0 0	0	2000	...	256 3 0	0	2000	...	256 3 0	0	0	...	0 0 0
—, Peter ...	14 July 69	0	0	...	127 15 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	127 15 10	0	0	...	127 15 10	0	0	...	0 0 0
—, legacy account of Ser-ant-Major E. Smith ...	Ditto	0	1000	...	58 4 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 0 0	0	1000	...	83 4 0	0	0	...	1 12 0	0	1000	...	81 8 0
—, Captain Rowland ainwaring ...	Taken charge 28 Mar. 58	0	0	...	156 10 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	156 10 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	156 10 3
—, Theodore Francis illiam ...	9 Jan. 71	0	2900	...	0 0 0	182 6 3	0	0	...	58 0 0	0	2900	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 2 11	0	2900	...	0 0 0
th, Mrs. Jane,—legacy count of the orphans at e Entally Convent ...	24 Sept. 60	0	6000	...	91 1 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	136 4 0	0	6000	...	227 5 5	0	0	...	139 1 0	0	6000	...	88 4 5
—, Sub-Conductor Pat-ck ...	8 Nov. 54	0	8400	...	369 0 10	0 0 0	0	500	...	171 12 0	0	8900	...	540 12 10	0	0	...	518 1 9	0	8900	...	22 11 1
—, Thomas William,—are account of C. R., W., and J. C. Smyth, ns of the deceased ...	6 Oct. 63	0	600	...	42 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	54 1 9	0	0	...	1 3 9	0	600	...	53 14 0
thward, Thomas ...	6 June 71	0	2000	...	0 0 0	7 14 6	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	32 1 6	0	0	...	16 15 2	0	2000	...	15 2 4

East Indian Railway Company's Consolidated Stock £360.

† Elgin Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company's Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.						Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 18			
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.
S.																							
rs, Thomas ...	11 Nov. 68	0	0	...	0 0 0	103 3 6		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0
—, legacy account of na Spears ...	Ditto	0	19600	...	227 7 2	0 0 0		0	0	...	441 4 0	0	19600	...	668 11 2	0	0	...	317 4 4	0	19600	...	351 6 10
—, legacy account of therine Spears ...	Ditto	0	19600	...	227 7 0	0 0 0		0	0	...	441 4 0	0	19600	...	668 11 0	0	0	...	317 4 4	0	19600	...	351 6 8
—, legacy account of bella Spears ...	Ditto	0	19600	...	225 7 3	0 0 0		0	0	...	441 4 0	0	19600	...	666 11 3	0	0	...	317 4 4	0	19600	...	349 6 11
—, legacy account of rgaret Spears ...	Ditto	0	19600	...	282 15 8	0 0 0		0	0	...	403 4 0	0	19600	...	686 3 8	0	0	...	317 2 8	0	19600	...	369 1 0
—, legacy account of illiam Spears ...	Ditto	0	19600	...	282 15 7	0 0 0		0	0	...	403 4 0	0	19600	...	686 3 7	0	0	...	317 2 8	0	19600	...	369 0 11
—, legacy account of hn Spears ...	Ditto	0	12300	...	0 0 0	419 0 5		0	0	...	257 4 0	0	12300	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	192 4 7	0	12300	...	0 0 0
s, Mrs. Helen (*alias* bee Bunnoo) ...	22 June 60	0	1500	...	453 12 4	0 0 0		0	500	...	30 0 0	0	2000	...	483 12 4	0	0	...	507 13 1	0	2000	...	0 0 0
e, Lieutenant Edward...	14 Sept. 58	0	0	...	144 2 8	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	144 2 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	144 2 8
ter, Brevet-Maj. Robert	4 May 58	0	0	...	207 13 3	0 0 5		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	207 13 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	207 13 3
iswoode, Lieutenant mbert Lovsday ...	Taken charge 6 July 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0		0	0	...	236 4 9	0	0	...	236 4 9	0	0	...	18 12 4	0	0	...	217 8 5
es, Mrs. Catherine Elizeth ...	7 Nov. 54	0	0	...	37 11 5	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	37 11 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	37 11 5
t, William Plunkett,— re account of Annie ck, daughter of the ceased ...	4 June 63	0	13500	...	273 6 11	0 0 0		0	500	...	279 0 0	0	14000	...	552 6 11	0	0	...	518 0 10	0	14000	...	34 6 1
rd, Miss Eliza ...	Taken charge 18 Jan. 67	0	500	...	72 11 3	0 0 0		0	0	...	12 8 0	0	500	...	85 3 3	0	0	...	1 1 0	0	500	...	84 2 3
ton, Michael Stokes ...	7 Dec. 59	0	500	...	142 11 8	0 0 0		0	0	...	12 8 0	0	500	...	155 3 8	0	0	...	1 1 0	0	500	...	154 2 8
nan, George Gabriel ...	8 June 60	0	0	...	248 4 3	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	248 4 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	248 4 3
ns, Boyle Grant ...	11 May 67	0	0	...	0 0 0	248 2 7		0	0	...	248 2 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0
—, share account of ury Boyle Stevens, son the deceased ...	Ditto	0	1400	...	20 11 7	0 0 0		0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	48 11 7	0	0	...	119 0 5	0	1400	...	0 0 0

———, share account of Catherine Mary Amelia Stevens, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	1400	...	20 11 7	o o o	o	o	...	28 0 0	o	1400	...	48 11 7	o	o	...	119 0 4	o	1400	...	o o o	70 4
———, Major James ...	14 July 69	o	2000	...	o o o	49 14 0	o	o	...	60 0 0	o	2000	...	10 2 0	o	o	...	2 0 5	o	2000	...	8 1 7	o o
———, legacy account of Miss Elizabeth Pearse ...	Ditto	o	1100	...	22 6 9	o o o	o	o	...	22 0 0	o	1100	...	44 6 9	o	o	...	1 9 7	o	1100	...	42 13 2	o o
———, Major James,—legacy account of Miss Jane Pearse ...	Ditto	o	2200	...	47 8 5	o o o	o	o	...	44 0 0	o	2200	...	91 8 5	o	o	...	2 8 1	o	2200	...	89 0 4	o o
———, legacy account of Miss Susan Pearse ...	Ditto	o	22 0	...	47 8 5	o o o	o	o	...	44 0 0	o	2200	...	91 8 5	o	o	...	2 8 1	o	2200	...	89 0 4	o o
———, Robert ...	16 Dec. 70	o	o	...	667 11 11	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	667 11 11	o	o	...	1 12 0	o	o	...	665 15 11	o o
Stevenson, Isabella,—legacy account of W. F. Stevenson, son of the deceased ...	21 May 63	o	4000	...	272 6 4	o o o	o	o	...	3991 10 8	o	4000	...	4264 1 0	o	4000	...	4264 1 0	o	o	...	o o o	o o
Stewart, Serjeant James ...	21 Aug. 48	o	8300	...	187 9 3	o o o	o	o	...	174 12 0	o	8300	...	362 5 3	o	o	...	11 1 9	o	8300	...	351 3 6	o o
———, Surg.-Maj. Haldane	19 Dec. 71	o	1000	...	194 8 11	o o o	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	1000	...	214 8 11	o	o	...	1 3 10	o	1000	...	213 5 1	o o
———, Wilson ...	Taken charge 9 Sept. 70	o	500	...	32 1 5	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	42 1 5	o	o	...	1 15 5	o	500	...	40 2 0	o o
Stobo, Captain James ...	Taken charge 2 July 63	o	o	...	69 5 5	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	69 5 5	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	69 5 5	o o
Stockwell, George ...	5 July 57	o	21600	...	o o o	23 14 0	o	o	...	432 0 0	o	21600	...	408 2 0	o	o	...	54 6 2	o	21600	...	353 11 10	o o
Stonehouse, George Harris (Indigo Planter) ...	24 Dec. 41	o	500	...	462 6 1	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	472 6 1	o	o	...	1 5 0	o	500	...	471 1 1	o o
Stowell, Christopher Sweedland,—share account of Creasy Sweedland Stowell	12 June 55	o	1700	...	12 7 5	o o o	o	o	...	102 12 0	o	4700	...	115 3 5	o	o	...	102 12 0	o	4700	...	12 7 5	o o
Streatfield, Lieutenant Herbert Philip ...	... ...	o	o	...	101 15 2	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	101 15 2	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	101 15 2	o o
Stretton, George ...	Taken charge 4 June 70	o	o		401 10 0	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	401 10 0	o	o	...	401 10 0	o	o	...	o o o	o o
Stroyan, Stuart ..	28 Feb. 60	o	1500	...	85 12 8	o o o	o	o	...	30 0 0	o	1500	...	115 12 8	o	o	...	1 8 2	o	1500	...	114 4 6	o o
Struthers, Brevet-Major William	5 Feb. 49	o	500	...	262 9 5	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	272 9 5	o	o	...	1 5 0	o	500	...	271 4 5	o o
Stuart, Quarter-Master Serjeant Michael ...	14 Sept. 40	o	1200	...	203 2 0	o o o	o	o	...	24 0 0	o	1200	...	227 2 0	o	o	...	2 2 2	o	1200	...	224 15 10	o o
Stubbs, Charles,—share account of Emma Riley and Flora Stubbs, sisters of the deceased ...	19 May 69	o	600	...	65 0 0	o o o	o	o	...	603 5 9	o	600	...	668 5 9	o	600	...	334 4 3	o	o	...	334 1 6	o o
Sturgeon, Thomas Church ..	22 June 71	o	10000	...	o o o	149 2 0	o	o	...	200 0 0	o	10000	...	50 14 0	o	o	..	552 3 3	o	10000	...	o o o	501
Sturt, Richard Rocke ...	20 June 54	o	1000	...	300 5 3	o o o	o	o	...	25 0 0	o	1000	...	325 5 3	o	o	...	1 0 0	o	1000	...	324 5 3	o o
Sullivan, Michael Mayne...	Taken charge 14 Sept. 70	o	o	...	173 12 1	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	173 12 1	o	o	...	2 14 0	o	o	...	170 14 1	o o
Sutherland, Charles,—share account of C. G. Sutherland ...	1 Dec. 59	o	45000	...	629 9 8	o o o	o	1700	...	1123 0 0	o	46700	...	1752 9 8	o	o	...	1765 13 7	o	46700	...	o o o	13 3
———, Lieutenant-Colonel John ..	4 June 49	o	700	...	413 15 2	o o o	o	o	...	14 0 0	o	700	...	457 15 2	o	o	...	15 7 2	o	700	...	442 8 0	o o
———, Patrick ...	23 Mar. 65	o	1500	...	374 5 9	o o o	o	o	...	32 8 0	o	1500	...	406 13 9	o	o	...	1 7 10	o	1500	...	405 5 11	o o

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.						Receipts up to 31st December 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																	To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	R. As.
S.																								
Sutherland, Samuel ..	5 July 67	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0		0	0	...	499 15 0	0	0	...	499 15 0	0	0	...	414 9 0	0	0	...	85 6 0	0 0
———, Assistant Surgeon William,—share account of Collin and William Sutherland, sons of the deceased.	3 Oct. 63	0	0	...	98 1 2	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	98 1 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	98 1 2	0 0
Swan, Henry,—share account of Henry William Swan, son of the deceased ...	23 Jan. 66	0	16600	...	0 0 0	29 4 0		0	0	...	332 0 0	0	16600	...	302 12 0	0	0	...	14 0 5	0	16600	...	288 11 7	0 0
Swetenham James Robert ...	23 Jan. 69	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0		0	0	...	7 3 11	0	0	...	7 3 11	0	0	...	0 1 9	0	0	...	7 2 2	0 0
Swinden, William Weldon, personalty account ...	30 June 63	0	0	...	41 9 1	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	41 9 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	41 9 1	0 0
———, realty account ...	Ditto	0	0	..	247 12 0	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	247 12 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	247 12 0	0 0
———, share account of Miss Emma Florence Swinden, daughter of the deceased .	Ditto	0	1400	...	238 12 5	0 0 0		0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	266 12 5	0	1400	...	266 12 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
———, share account of John Ripley Swinden, son of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	1400	...	238 12 5	0 0 0		0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	266 12 5	0	1400	...	1 13 5	0	1400	...	264 15 0	0 0
Sydenham, John ...	14 Feb. 70	0	16500	...	356 11 2	0 0 0		0	700	...	330 0 0	0	17200	...	696 11 2	0	0	...	736 1 9	0	17200	...	0 0 0	39 6
T.																								
Tabernacle, Henry William,—share account of Miss Harrietta Helen Tabernacle ...	2 Feb. 64	0	600	...	145 6 0	0 0 0		0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	157 6 0	0	0	...	1 8 9	0	600	...	156 2 3	0 0
Tait, W. R. ...	Taken charge 17 Feb. 70	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0		0	0	...	4 0 0	0	0	...	4 0 0	0	0	...	4 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Tanner, William Fraser ...	27 Sept. 64	0	11800	...	0 0 0	743 14 10		0	0	...	342 12 0	0	11800	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	465 5 11	0	11800	...	0 0 0	866 5
Tapp, Henry Thomas,—realty account ...	6 Sept. 65	0	6000	...	456 12 1	0 0 0		0	500	...	120 0 0	0	6500	...	576 12 1	0	0	...	509 14 9	0	6500	...	66 13 4	0 0
——, personalty account ...	Ditto	0	700	...	259 5 11	0 0 0		0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	273 5 11	0	0	...	1 1 4	0	700	...	272 4 7	0 0

Taylor, Captain John Henry George ...	21 May 58	0	2400	...	109 6 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	49 4 0	0	2400	...	158 10 10	0	0	...	1 13 10	0	2400	...	156 13 0	0 0 0
———, Elkanah ...	21 Feb. 68	0	0	...	18 2 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 2 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 2 1	0 0 0
———, John ...	23 Aug. 71	0	1700	...	359 5 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	373 5 4	0	0	...	4 7 2	0	1700	...	368 14 2	0 0 0
———, Luke ...	22 June 70	0	2300	...	144 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 0 0	0	2300	...	190 11 0	0	0	...	5 10 0	0	2300	...	185 1 0	0 0 0
Tedford, Mrs. Honoria ...	12 Jan. 61	0	10000	...	39 1 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	207 8 0	0	10000	...	246 9 7	0	0	...	5 11 10	0	10000	...	240 13 9	0 0 0
Temple, Captain Algar Boudin ..	4 June 63	0	0	...	77 2 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	77 2 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	77 2 9	0 0 0
———, Henry George ...	27 June 68	0	31000	...	0 0 0	46 11 2	0	0	...	632 8 0	0	31000	...	585 12 10	0	0	...	2595 8 9	0	31000	...	0 0 0	2009 11 11
———, Mrs. Emily ...	5 Apl. 70	0	0	...	84 11 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	84 11 10	0	0	...	1 4 0	0	0	...	83 7 10	0 0 0
Terry, John William ...	Taken charge 1 Aug. 70	0	0	...	52 7 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	68 6 10	0	0	...	120 14 2	0	0	...	37 8 10	0	0	...	83 5 4	0 0 0
Thoman, Mariam Chatoor,—share account of Thakooee ..	9 Mar. 56	0	500	...	35 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	35 12 4	0	500	...	35 12 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Thomas, Lieutenant-Colonel John Nelson,—realty account of Robert Edward Nelson Thomas ..	6 June 65	0	3500	...	328 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	77 8 0	0	3500	..	406 4 0	0	0	...	3 13 3	0	3500	...	402 6 9	0 0 0
———, Lieut. Walter Harrington ...	19 Nov. 59	0	0	...	13 15 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 15 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 15 11	0 0 0
———, David,—share account of James Thomas...	18 Nov. 57	0	0	...	281 3 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	281 3 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	281 3 10	0 0 0
———, share account of Michael William Thomas...	Ditto	0	0	...	281 3 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	281 3 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	281 3 10	0 0 0
———, share account of the next of kin of the late John Thomas ..	Ditto	0	0	...	281 3 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	281 3 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	281 3 10	0 0 0
———, share account of the two daughters of the late Henry Thomas ...	Ditto	0	0	...	281 3 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	281 3 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	281 3 10	0 0 0
———, Lieutenant-Colonel Edwin ...	31 Mar. 70	0	0	...	256 7 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	256 7 3	0	0	...	106 0 6	0	0	...	150 6 9	0 0 0
———, Daniel ...	Taken charge 10 Aug. 71	0	9300	43*	1221 4 10	0 0 0	0	8500	...	26661 14 1	0	17800	43*	27883 2 11	0	17800	23‡	8699 6 11	0	0	20§	19183 12 0	0 0 0
Thompson, William Francis (c. s.) ...	30 June 43	0	0	...	53 12 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	53 12 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	53 12 3	0 0 0
———, William ...	2 May 67	0	0	50†	1 12 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	999 15 0	0	0	50†	1001 11 3	0	0	...	999 15 0	0	0	50†	1 12 3	0 0 0
———, Revd. James Charles ...	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	7600	50*	6124 9 9	0	7600	50*	6124 9 9	0	0	17*	5947 5 1	0	7600	33*	177 4 8	0 0 0
Thomson, Dr. William J. ...	18 May 42	0	1100	...	16 11 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	23 4 0	0	1100	...	39 15 4	0	0	...	2 1 7	0	1100	...	37 13 9	0 0 0
———, George Nathaniel Alves ...	17 Aug. 70	0	1500	...	129 15 0	0 0 0	0	6000	...	6205 14 0	0	7500	...	6335 13 0	0	0	0	6007 15 2	0	7500	...	0 0 0	272 [illegible]
———, Captain Henry George ...	Taken charge 8 Aug. 70	0	0	...	369 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	369 12 4	0	0	0	0 0 0	0	0	...	369 12 4	0 0 0
———, Captain James ..	15 Dec. 70	0	2500	...	398 15 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	2500	...	448 15 7	0	0	0	2 0 0	0	2500	...	446 15 7	0 0 0
———, Major John Robert. ...	17 April 71	0	23200	...	218 5 10	0 0 0	0	600	...	594 0 0	0	23800	...	812 5 10	0	0	0	766 1 1	0	23800	...	46 4 9	0 0 0
Thornhill, Henry Bensley ...	9 May 58	0	8900	...	291 6 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	190 8 0	0	8900	...	481 14 9	0	0	0	5 6 10	0	8900	...	476 7 11	0 0 0
Thornton, Henry ...	18 May 67	0	0	...	3 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 14 3	0	0	0	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 14 3	0 0 0
Thrall, Edward ...	10 June 68	0	0	...	416 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	416 12 4	0	0	0	0 0 0	0	0	...	416 12 4	0 0 0

* Sundry Shares. † Bonded Warehouse Association Shares. ‡ East Indian Railway Shares. § East India Coal Company's Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December 1871.				Total.			Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.			Balance on 31st December 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Cash.	Government Securities.		Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.														To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
T.																					
Thriepland, Thomas,—share account of Miss Lucy Thriepland ...	23 Feb. 58	0	4200	...	390 3 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	106 12 0	0	4200	... 496 15 6	0	0	... 4 15 3	0	4200	...	492 0 3	0 0
Tiernan, Serjeant-Major Edward Ethelred.—legacy account of Edward Ethelred Tiernan ...	8 Feb. 65	0	700	...	17 7 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	... 31 7 10	0	0	... 1 4 9	0	700	...	30 3 1	0 0
——, legacy account of Miss Georgiana Letitia Mary Tiernan ...	Ditto	0	700	...	17 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	... 31 8 0	0	0	... 1 4 9	0	700	...	30 3 3	0 0
——, legacy account of Charles Roger Gallagher...	Ditto	0	700	...	22 4 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	... 36 4 8	0	0	... 1 4 9	0	700	...	34 15 11	0 0
——, legacy account of Miss Mary Anne Gallagher ..	Ditto	0	700	...	22 4 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	... 36 4 8	0	0	... 1 4 9	0	700	...	34 15 11	0 0
——, legacy account of Miss Teresa Gallagher ...	Ditto	0	700	...	22 4 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	... 36 4 8	0	0	... 1 4 9	0	700	...	34 15 11	0 0
Todgood, William ...	Taken charge 26 June 60	0	0	...	5 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	... 5 15 0	0	0	... 0 0 0	0	0	...	5 15 0	0 0
Tormey, W. James,—share account of Miss Isabella Harding ...	13 Feb. 67	0	8300	...	456 15 4	0 0 0	0	500	...	180 12 0	0	8800	... 637 11 4	0	0	... 514 6 11	0	8800	...	123 4 5	0 0
Tosh, James,—share account of Louisa Tosh ...	21 Oct. 51	0	6500	...	0 0 0	96 10 7	0	0	...	1637 9 4	0	6500	... 1540 14 9	0	1500	... 1502 6 0	0	5000	...	38 8 9	0 0
Tregent, Henry ...	7 Jan. 71	0	5000	...	3 12 10	0 0 0	0	1400	...	7992 4 1	0	6400	... 7996 0 11	0	6400	... 7996 0 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Treston, Edward,—account realization of the North-Western Bank shares and dividends ...	28 May 55	0	0	...	0 0 0	693 14 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	... 0 0 0	0	0	... 0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	693 14
——, Mrs. E. ...	... ...	0	2300	...	360 15 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 0 0	0	2300	... 406 15 3	0	0	... 1 14 0	0	2300	...	405 1 3	0 0
Trevor, Edward Taylor ...	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1000	...	2351 12 7	0	1000	... 2351 12 7	0	1000	... 2066 10 6	0	0	...	285 2 1	0 0
Tripp, Benjamin Capel,—share account of Samuel Sumner Tripp, brother of the deceased ...	Taken charge 18 June 60	0	0	...	184 4 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	... 184 4 3	0	0	... 0 0 0	0	0	...	184 4 3	0 0

Tritton, Major William Mills	22 July 61	o	600	...	193 15 5	o o o	o	o	...	15 0 0	o	600	...	208 15 5	o	o	...	1 1 7	o	600	...	207 13 10	o
Tucker, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Tudor ...	30 July 58	o	9500	...	453 6 10	o o o	o	600	...	202 8 0	o	10100	...	655 14 10	o	o	...	614 3 8	o	10100	...	41 11 2	o
Tully, Mrs. Maria ...	15 Dec. 56	o	2000	...	454 6 4	o o o	o	o	...	43 12 0	o	2000	...	498 2 4	o	o	...	1 13 6	o	2000	...	496 4 10	o
Turnbull, John Law ...	18 June 61	o	o	...	455 6 6	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	455 6 6	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	455 6 6	o
———, separate account...	Ditto	o	6900	...	537 9 6	o o o	o	500	...	174 4 0	o	7400	...	711 13 6	o	o	...	507 8 7	o	7400	...	204 4 11	o
———, share account of Hannah, Emma, Eliza Cooke, and Lucy Hyde Turnbull, sisters of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	o	...	504 7 8	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	504 7 8	o	o	...	126 1 11	o	o	...	378 5 9	o
Turner, William,—share account of J. L. Turner ...	14 May 63	o	1000	...	251 10 0	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	1000	...	251 10 0	o	1000	...	251 10 0	o	o	...	o o o	o
———, Benjamin C. ...	6 Apl. 65	o	o	...	188 9 2	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	188 9 2	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	188 9 2	o
———, Captain Athill,—share account of James Turner ...	25 Jan. 58	o	4800	...	o o o	2 8 4	o	o	...	121 12 0	o	4800	...	119 3 8	o	o	...	121 12 0	o	4800	...	o o o	o
———, Mrs. Elizabeth, *alias* Miss Mary Jane George	Taken charge 24 Mar. 71	o	o	...	481 4 3	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	481 4 3	o	o	...	15 3 7	o	o	...	466 0 8	o
———, Lieutenant W. ...	... ...	o	o	...	1 4 7	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	1 4 7	o	o	...	1 4 7	o	o	...	o o o	o
Tweedie, Miss Lucy Maria...	9 Jan. 71	o	3300	...	64 13 9	o o o	o	o	...	67 13 4	o	3300	...	132 11 1	o	3300	...	132 11 1	o	o	...	o o o	o
Tydd, Arthur George,—realty account ...	8 Oct. 68	o	o	...	o o o	3 4 0	o	o	...	19 4 0	o	o	...	16 0 0	o	o	...	16 0 0	o	o	...	o o o	o
———, share account of the children ...	Ditto	o	1300	...	76 5 9	o o o	o	1000	...	1331 0 3	o	2300	...	1407 6 0	o	1300	...	1396 2 5	o	1000	...	11 3 7	o
U.																							
Urquhart, Mrs. Elizabeth Caroline ...	1 June 70	o	1900	...	94 2 10	o o o	o	o	...	38 0 0	o	1900	...	132 2 10	o	o	...	337 15 3	o	1900	...	o o o	205 11
V.																							
Valentine, Major Edward ...	27 Aug. 70	o	1700	...	122 7 1	o o o	o	o	...	1716 5 9	o	1700	...	1838 12 10	o	1700	...	1838 12 10	o	o	...	o o o	o
Vassilion, Constantine ...	29 Aug. 66	o	o	...	3 8 1	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	3 8 1	o	o	...	3 8 1	o	o	...	o o o	o
———, share account of Miss Virginia Aurora Vassilion ...	Ditto	o	1500	...	435 10 5	o o o	o	o	...	32 8 0	o	1500	...	468 2 5	o	o	...	62 15 8	o	1500	...	405 2 9	o
———, share account of Miss Amelia Jane Vassilion ...	Ditto	o	1500	...	398 11 11	o o o	o	o	...	32 8 0	o	1500	...	431 3 11	o	o	...	32 8 0	o	1500	...	398 11 11	o
———, share account of Charles Edward Vassilion	Ditto	o	1500	...	409 7 0	o o o	o	o	...	32 8 0	o	1500	...	441 15 0	o	o	...	32 9 1	o	1500	...	409 5 11	o
Vaughan, Frederick Mayhew, share account of Charles Nelson Vaughan, son of the deceased ...	1 May 67	o	o	...	330 4 2	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	330 4 2	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	330 4 2	o
Vanquilin, John ...	27 May 50	o	o	...	19 9 9	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	19 9 9	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	19 9 9	o
———, account of Esther Sophia Vanquilin,—legatee under the Will of the deceased ...	Ditto	o	o	...	9 12 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	9 12 10	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	9 12 10	o

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.						Receipts up to 31st December 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																	To Credit.	To
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs.
V.																								
Vanqulin, Miss Margaret Victor,—share account of Esther Sophia Vanqulin ...	27 May 50	0	800	...	96 7 2	0 0 0		0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	112 7 2	0	0	...	1 5 8	0	800	...	111 1 6	0
Verboon, Richard ...	13 Feb. 71	0	30000	...	0 0 0	554 11 8		0	0	...	1512 9 9	0	30000	...	957 14 1	0	500	...	1038 15 9	0	29500	...	0 0 0	81
Vrignon, Francis,—trust account ...	5 July 29	0	2600	...	429 11 4	0 0 0		0	0	...	52 0 0	0	2600	...	481 11 4	0	0	...	3 13 7	0	2600	...	477 13 9	0
W.																								
Waddy, Capt. William Poole	8 Sept. 60	0	1300	...	241 13 6	0 0 0		0	0	...	27 4 0	0	1300	...	269 1 6	0	0	...	1 5 6	0	1300	...	267 12 0	0
Walcot, Brevet-Captain William Henry ...	... ...	0	2500	...	491 5 8	0 0 0		0	0	...	2766 11 7	0	2500	...	3258 1 3	0	2500	...	3016 2 9	0	0	...	241 14 6	0
Walker, John ...	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0		0	54000	...	41 8 11	0	54000	...	41 8 11	0	0	...	2142 6 3	0	5400	...	0 0 0	2100
———, Captain Samuel Cooper ...	7 July 70	0	1400	...	54 2 2	0 0 0		0	0	...	1418 9 11	0	1400	...	1472 12 1	0	1400	...	1472 12 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
———, George ...	15 Jan. 70	0	9300	...	0 0 0	1348 3 7		0	0	...	168 0 0	0	9300	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	159 5 9	0	9300	...	0 0 0	1339
———, share account of Mrs. Mary Walker, widow of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	895 14 0	0 0 0		0	800	...	0 0 0	0	800	...	895 14 0	0	0	...	810 13 4	0	800	...	85 0 8	0
———, share account of Miss Catherine Walker, daughter of the deceased...	Ditto	0	0	...	8261 14 8	0 0 0		0	8000	...	0 0 0	0	8000	...	8261 14 8	0	0	...	7978 11 7	0	8000	...	283 3 1	0
———, share account of Miss Elizabeth Walker, daughter of the deceased...	Ditto	0	26600	...	6663 10 8	0 0 0		0	7100	...	464 0 0	0	33700	...	7127 10 8	0	0	...	7611 15 8	0	33700	...	0 0 0	484
———, share account of George Walker, son of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	26600	...	6663 10 8	0 0 0		0	6600	...	332 0 0	0	33200	...	6965 10 8	0	0	...	7145 1 6	0	33200	...	0 0 0	149
Wallace, Robert,—account for the next of kin ...	8 Mar. 57	0	0	...	356 9 5	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	356 9 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	356 9 5	0
———, Captain Alfred James {	Taken charge 22 Aug. 70	0	0	...	0 0 0	15 3 7		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	15
Waller, Joseph Gabriel ...	10 July 60	0	500	...	78 7 0	0 0 0		0	0	...	12 8 0	0	500	...	90 15 0	0	0	...	1 1 0	0	500	...	89 14 0	0
Wallis, William ...	24 Oct. 51	0	0	...	145 9 4	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	145 9 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	145 9 4	0

——, account of life interest for John Wallis ...	Ditto	0	45600	...	1074 8 6	0 0 0	0	1100	...	912 0 0	0	46700	...	1986 8 6	0	0	...	1946 6 5	0	46700	...	40 2 1
——, account of life interest for Mrs. Ann Preston, share account of William Preston ...	Ditto	0	7500	...	253 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	150 0 0	0	7500	...	403 2 4	0	0	...	150 0 0	0	7500	...	253 2 4
——, legacy account of Miss Ellen Louisa Tweedie, one of the children of Mrs. Lydia Tweedie ...	Ditto	0	7200	...	548 12 1	0 0 0	0	600	...	144 0 0	0	7800	...	692 12 1	0	0	...	609 12 6	0	7800	...	82 15 7
——, legacy account of Miss Mary Llewelyn Tweedie, one of the children of Mrs. Lydia Tweedie	Ditto	0	7200	...	548 12 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	144 0 0	0	7200	...	692 12 1	0	0	...	144 4 9	0	7200	...	548 7 4
——, Revd. Arthur William ...	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	5300	...	5539 6 10	0	5300	...	5539 6 10	0	0	...	5793 9 9	0	5300	...	0 0 0
alsh, Pension Serjt. John	16 July 62	0	1500	...	231 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 0 0	0	1500	...	261 13 10	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	1500	...	263 13 10
——, Serjeant Michael ...	28 June 71	0	1600	...	315 15 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	1892 14 5	0	1600	...	2208 14 0	0	1600	...	1194 13 9	0	0	...	1014 0 3
alter, Dr. Hopkins	... ...	0	0	...	2 10 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 10 2	0	0	...	2 10 2	0	0	...	0 0 0
alters, William ...	Taken charge 12 Feb. 70	0	0	...	163 9 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	163 9 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	163 9 8
ard, James Townsend	Taken charge 20 Aug. 62	0	0	...	89 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	89 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	89 8 0
——, Capt. Andrew George	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	4500	...	172 6 10	0	4500	...	172 6 10	0	0	...	212 1 10	0	4500	...	0 0 0
arden, Col. Robert Palmer	10 Aug. 69	0	0	...	1001 1 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1001 1 8	0	0	...	1 6 0	0	0	...	999 11 8
arnekey, *alias* Renter Adolphe Charles ...	18 Dec. 66	0	2000	...	367 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	2000	...	417 13 8	0	0	...	35 3 0	0	2000	...	382 10 8
arwick, Lieut. Francis ...	3 May 61	0	8600	...	0 0 0	33 7 1	0	0	...	174 8 0	0	8600	...	141 0 11	0	0	...	5 0 10	0	8600	...	136 0 1
aters, Thomas Paine ...	Taken charge 2 July 70	0	700	...	51 14 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	704 14 8	0	700	...	756 12 9	0	700	...	756 12 9	0	0	...	0 0 0
atkins, Asst.-Surgeon J.	10 Apl. 62	0	0	...	229 12 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	229 12 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	229 12 6
——, John ...	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	15 3 7	0	0	...	0 0 0
atson, Dr. James ...	1 July 64	0	0	...	12 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 8 0
——, share account of James Stewart Palmer ...	Ditto	0	500	...	0 0 0	0 13 1	0	0	...	11 4 0	0	500	...	10 6 11	0	0	...	1 2 5	0	500	...	9 4 6
atts, Mrs. Norah,—share account of the three children ...	25 Jan. 55	0	0	...	432 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	432 13 10	0	0	...	216 1 11	0	0	...	216 11 11
eatherburn, Thomas,—legacy account of Miss Margaret Ann Weatherburn ...	15 May 68	0	1500	...	151 10 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 0 0	0	1500	...	181 10 6	0	0	...	1 14 5	0	1500	...	179 12 1
eaver, John ...	4 Mar. 51	0	0	...	53 13 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	53 13 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	53 13 7
ebster, John Albert ...	15 Dec. 69	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 7 7	0	0	...	3 7 7	0	0	...	0 0 10	0	0	...	3 6 9
eir, John,—share account of Jane and Maria Weir, children of the deceased...	1 Sept. 69	0	600	...	0 0 0	180 13 7	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 3 9	0	600	...	0 0 0
elch, James,—life interest to Louisa Margaret Onslow ...	8 Aug. 61	0	40500	...	376 14 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	922 8 0	0	40500	...	1299 6 9	0	0	...	843 0 0	0	40500	...	456 6 9
eld, Lieut.-Colonel George	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	2000	...	2318 15 6	0	2000	...	2348 15 6	0	0	...	2023 14 5	0	2000	...	325 1 1

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.			
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.
W.																							
Weldon, Henry ...	Taken charge 19 Dec. 70	0	0	...	317 7 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	317 7 5	0	0	...	15 3 7	0	0	...	302 3 10	0 0 0
Welldon, E ...	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	439 2 8	0	0	...	439 2 8	0	0	...	439 2 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Wells, Alfred ...	Taken charge 8 July 67	0	0	...	76 9 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	76 9 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	76 9 11	0 0 0
Wellsteed, John Bishop ...	7 Jan. 66	0	0	...	114 14 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	114 14 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	114 14 9	0 0 0
Welton, John (Inspector) ...	16 Apl. 56	0	1700	...	379 6 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	37 12 0	0	1700	...	417 2 4	0	0	...	1 11 1	0	1700	...	415 7 3	0 0 0
Wemyss, Mrs. Amy,—legacy to Robert Wemyss Tod, otherwise called Wemyss Tod ..	15 Aug. 61	0	15400	...	259 10 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	382 0 0	0	15400	...	641 10 1	0	0	...	329 2 1	0	15400	...	312 8 0	0 0 0
———, legacy to John Green Beanland's five children ..	Ditto	0	13900	...	0 0 0	178 14 3	0	0	...	347 8 0	0	13900	...	168 9 9	0	0	...	350 11 10	0	13900	...	0 0 0	182 1 7
———, annuity account of Mrs. Agnes Campbell ...	Ditto	0	8600	...	613 4 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	236 8 0	0	8600	...	849 12 9	0	0	...	427 9 9	0	8600	...	422 3 0	0 0 0
Weston, Bazar Serjeant Joseph ...	Taken charge 29 July 70	0	0	...	451 10 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	451 10 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	451 10 8	0 0 0
Westropp, Geo. Daven Court	30 June 70	0	1500	...	15 4 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	68 10 3	0	1500	...	83 14 10	0	0	...	245 14 5	0	1500	...	0 0 0	116 14 5
Wharton, Mrs. H. ...	Taken charge 5 June 57	0	0	...	60 7 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 7 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 7 2	0 0 0
Wheatley, Lieutenant Charles Edward ...	19 Nov. 59	0	0	...	156 10 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	156 10 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	156 10 3	0 0 0
Whelan, Serjeant James ...	3 Feb. 60	0	4100	...	167 2 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	97 0 0	0	4100	...	264 2 3	0	0	...	3 2 3	0	4100	...	261 0 0	0 0 0
Whish, Lieut.-Genl. Sir William Samson, K.C.B. ...	6 Sept. 53	0	0	...	144 11 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	144 11 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	144 11 8	0 0 0
Whitaker, Dr. J. H.,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	Taken charge 8 Oct. 68	0	0	...	234 10 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	234 10 10	0	0	...	234 10 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
White, William ...	8 June 60	0	2000	...	396 13 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	45 0 0	0	2000	...	441 13 5	0	0	...	1 12 10	0	2000	...	440 0 7	0 0 0
———, Patrick William ...	4 Sept. 70	0	1000	...	0 0 0	41 14 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 3 10	0	1000	...	0 0 0	24 3 10

——, Cornelius ...	... ...	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o e	o	o	...	58 13 11	o	o	...	o o o
——, Surgeon-Major John	... ...	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	4000	...	4091 9 9	o	4000	...	4091 9 9	o	o	...	4081 11 7	o	4000	...	9 14 2
Wildig, Captain Henry Park	22 June 58	o	o	...	o o o	77 15 4	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o
Wilford, Colonel Francis ...	16 May 37	o	600	...	99 0 6	o o o	o	o	...	12 0 0	o	600	...	111 0 6	o	o	...	1 7 7	o	600	...	109 8 11
——, share account of Mrs. Matilda Warden ..	Ditto	o	8500	...	842 0 11	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	8500	...	842 0 11	o	o	...	o o o	o	8500	...	842 0 11
Wilkins, Joseph ...	18 Feb. 59	o	1100	...	357 9 10	o o o	o	o	...	25 0 0	o	1100	...	382 9 10	o	o	...	1 5 0	o	1100	...	381 4 10
Willetts, William ...	3 Jan. 56	o	21100	...	80 3 7	o o o	o	o	...	444 8 0	o	21100	...	524 11 7	o	o	...	11 8 8	o	21100	...	513 2 11
Williams, Mrs. Nancy ...	30 May 45	o	2700	...	328 1 5	o o o	o	o	...	112 14 6	o	2700	...	440 15 11	o	o	...	29 4 0	o	2700	...	411 11 11
——, Thomas Scourfield,—account for the next of kin of the deceased ...	26 May 56	o	3500	...	378 3 9	o o o	o	o	...	70 0 0	o	3500	...	418 3 9	o	o	...	3 7 8	o	3500	...	444 12 1
——, Lieutenant-Colonel Stephen ...	24 Nov. 58	o	o	...	106 4 5	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	106 4 5	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	106 4 5
——, J. Rowland Roope	20 Sept. 70	o	1100	...	o o o	44 8 9	o	o	...	1368 6 1	o	1100	...	1323 13 4	o	1100	...	68 0 1	o	o	...	1255 13 3
Williamson, Captain William,—share account of Miss Alice Williamson, only child of the deceased ...	14 June 71	o	67500	...	o o o	599 6 9	o	o	...	1529 0 0	o	67500	...	929 9 3	o	o	...	1398 12 1	o	67500	...	o o o
——, Charles John ...	24 Feb. 70	o	o	...	1767 4 0	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	1767 4 0	o	o	...	1767 4 0	o	o	...	o o o
——, Lieut. H. S. ...	14 June 71	o	o	...	309 4 8	o o o	o	600	...	681 9 3	o	600	...	990 13 11	o	o	...	786 11 4	o	600	...	204 2 7
Willis, Reverend Finch De Auyers ..	22 June 70	o	2100	...	217 6 9	o o o	o	2100	...	3234 11 2	o	4200	...	3942 1 11	o	3700	...	3896 13 5	o	500	...	45 4 6
Wilson, Archibald ..	18 Nov. 57	o	o	...	22 0 2	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	22 0 2	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	22 0 2
——, Horace Hayman ...	20 Nov 57	o	o	68*	o o o	5 12 2	o	o	...	2720 0 0	o	o	68*	2714 3 10	o	o	...	2731 15 4	o	o	68*	o o o
——, Mrs. Jane ..	16 Mar. 59	o	3000	...	120 13 11	o o o	o	o	...	75 0 0	o	3000	...	195 13 11	o	o	...	2 9 0	o	3000	...	193 4 11
——, George Skinner ...	Taken charge 7 Mar. 63	o	o	...	226 13 8	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	226 13 8	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	226 13 8
——, Horace Hayman,—share account of Maria Vonzglinitzski ...	20 Nov. 57	o	o	8*	o o o	0 12 0	o	o	...	320 0 0	o	o	8*	319 4 0	o	o	...	320 0 0	o	o	8*	o o o
——, share account of Thomas Luxmore Wilson ...	Ditto	o	o	8*	o o o	0 12 0	o	o	...	11479 15 0	o	o	8*	11479 3 0	o	o	8*	11479 3 0	o	o	...	o o o
——, share account of Robert Tait ..	Ditto	o	o	8*	o o a	0 12 0	o	o	...	320 0 0	o	o	8*	319 4 0	o	o	...	320 0 0	o	o	8*	o o o
Wilsone, Charles Michael ...	6 Jan. 70	o	33900	...	2182 9 2	o o o	o	2700	...	1428 0 0	o	36600	...	3610 9 2	o	o	...	3639 9 8	o	36600	...	o o o
Wimberley, Lieut. Edwin Balfour,—personalty account ...	28 Sept. 64	o	1800	...	392 0 5	o o o	o	o	...	36 0 0	o	1800	...	428 0 5	o	o	...	1 10 8	o	1800	...	426 5 9
——, realty account ...	Ditto	o	1200	...	345 4 5	o o o	o	o	...	24 0 0	o	1200	...	369 4 5	o	o	...	1 5 9	o	1200	...	367 14 8
Winniett, Lieut. Augustus Wolsley ...	Taken charge 10 Feb. 60	o	o	...	210 12 5	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	210 12 5	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	210 12 5
Winterfeld, A. M. ...	23 Mar. 65	o	600	...	169 1 1	o o o	o	o	...	15 0 0	o	600	...	184 1 1	o	o	...	1 1 7	o	600	...	182 15 6
Wise, Thomas Allan McPherson ...	1 May 67	o	o	...	19 11 2	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	19 11 2	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	19 11 2
Wood, William Clayton ...	... ...	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	19600	8*	314 15 11	o	19600	8*	314 15 11	o	o	...	1591 1 7	o	19600	8*	o o o
——, John ...	Taken charge 16 Aug. 67	o	o	...	348 9 1	o o o	o	o	...	7 0 0	o	o	...	355 9 1	o	o	...	177 13 1	o	o	...	177 12 0

* Bank of Bengal Shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.						Receipts up to 31st December 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.					
		Government Securities.			Cash.			Government Securities.			Cash.	Government Securities.			Cash.	Government Securities.			Cash.	Government Securities.			Cash.		
					To Credit.		To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.
W.																									
Wood, William Caractacus	Taken charge 27 June 70	0	0	...	291 12 10		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	291 12 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	291 12 10	0 0
——, Richard Augustus	9 Jan. 71	0	8800	...	165 10 0		0 0 0	0	0	...	8884 11 1	0	8800	...	9050 5 1	0	8800	...	9050 5 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Woodroffe, Pensioned Condr. John	5 Apl. 70	0	4100	4*	0 0 0		235 7 8	0	2000	...	2402 0 0	0	6100	...	2166 8 4	0	0	4*	2705 7 3	0	6100	...	0 0 0	538 14
Woodson, H.	Taken charge 3 May 71	0	0	...	472 9 4		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	472 9 4	0	0	...	15 4 0	0	0	...	457 5 4	0 0
Wooley, Alfred	Taken charge 9 Feb. 71	0	500	...	301 7 8		0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	311 7 8	0	0	...	0 15 5	0	500	...	310 8 3	0 0
Wright, Captain Alfred	3 Jan. 57	0	1500	...	0 0 0		83 14 6	0	0	...	33 12 0	0	1500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 3 9	0	1500	...	0 0 0	84 6
Wright, William,—share account of the children of the deceased	25 Aug. 68	0	1000	...	101 1 2		0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	121 1 2	0	0	...	1 8 7	0	1000	...	119 8 7	0 0
Wottesley, Hugh Edward	15 Dec. 69	0	2000	...	297 0 0		0 0 0	0	0	...	2480 0 0	0	2000	...	2777 0 0	0	2000	...	1648 7 0	0	0	...	1128 9 0	0 0
Wyatt, Alexander,—gift for the children of the deceased	12 Jan. 61	0	0	...	391 15 7		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	391 15 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	391 15 7	0 0
——, share account of the eight children	11 July 59	0	2[illegible]	...	0 0 0		224 0 7	0	0	...	58 12 0	0	2500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	305 5 2	0	2500	...	0 0 0	470 9
Wylly, Captain Frederick Adolphus	24 Nov. 58	0	0	...	154 8 0		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	154 8 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	154 8 0	0 0
——, Aylmer Charles Alexander,—share account of Miss Mary Charlotte Jessie Wylly	23 Mar. 69	0	1400	...	117 0 0		0 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	145 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	117 0 0	0 0
Wynter, Band-Master John	... ...	0	6500	...	280 7 5		0 0 0	0	0	...	130 0 0	0	6500	...	410 7 5	0	0	...	3 15 3	0	6500	...	406 8 2	0 0
Wynne, Michael	8 June 60	0	0	...	76 0 3		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	76 0 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	76 0 3	0 0
Y.																									
Yates, Dr. William Henry	... ...	0	1500	...	48 0 4		0 0 0	0	0	...	1593 15 7	0	1500	...	1641 15 11	0	1500	...	1562 5 7	0	0	...	79 10 4	0 0
Yerbury, James Browning,—share account of William Browning Yerbury	20 Dec. 64	0	500	...	125 12 9		0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	135 12 9	0	0	...	1 1 10	0	500	...	134 10 11	0 0

, share account of Frances Jeneatta ...	Ditto	0	600	...	147	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	15	0	0	0	600	...	162	9	0	0	0	...	1	5	2	0	600	...	161	3	10
, legacy account of hildren under the f their grandfather n Yerbury ...	Ditto	0	3700	...	32	8	9	0	0	0	0	0	...	74	0	0	0	3700	...	106	8	9	0	0	...	3	10	6	0	3700	...	102	14	3
rjeant Richard,— ccount of the chil- ...	Taken charge 1 Dec. 69	0	0	...	84	4	10	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	84	4	10	0	0	...	84	4	10	0	0	...	0	0	0
ieutenant James ...	1 June 58	0	1000	...	302	13	3	0	0	0	0	0	...	25	0	0	0	1000	...	327	13	3	0	0	...	2	6	0	0	1000	...	325	7	3
Major Thomas, of Native Infantry,— ıccount of the late essie Hunter ...	26 June 32	0	0	...	149	15	4	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	149	15	4	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	149	15	4
hare account of the Irs. Isabella Ram- ..	Ditto	0	0	...	199	15	1	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	199	15	1	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	199	15	1

* Simla Bank Corporation Shares.

CALCUTTA,
e 31st December 1871.

E. E.,
L. P. D. BROUGHTON,
Administrator-Ge

SCHEDULE C. of all sums of money, bonds, and other securities received by the Administrator-General on account of HINDOO or MAHOMEDAN Estates remaining under his charge, together with the payments made thereout, and the balances prepared up to the 31st December 1871, under Section X of Act XXIV of 1867.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.						Receipts up to 31st December 1871.						Total.						Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.																								
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.
A.																													
Assaram Burmono ..	20 May 56	0	500		0	0	0	506	4	6	0	0	...	230	14	0	0	4600	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	59	4	3	0	4600	...	0	0	0	331
B.																													
Baney Madub Mitter.—joint account of two widows ..	26 June 60	0	700	...	62	6	10	0	0	...	14	0	0	0	700	...	76	6	10	0	0	...	1	4	9	0	700	...	75	2	1	0		
Bebee, Bidwell ..	9 April 56	0	30	0	...	257	11	7	0	0	0	...	60	0	0	0	3000	...	317	11	7	0	0	...	2	2	5	0	3000	...	315	9	2	0		
——, Hosseince ...	Taken charge 1 Oct. 58	0	500	...	293	11	5	0	0	0	...	10	0	0	0	500	...	303	11	5	0	0	...	0	15	5	0	500	...	302	12	0	0		
——, Kuthky ...	2 Oct. 58	0	500	...	359	13	8	0	0	0	...	10	0	0	0	500	...	369	13	8	0	0	...	1	5	0	0	500	...	368	8	8	0		
——, Mahondy Khanum ..	1 Aug. 31	0	600	...	378	2	1	0	0	0	...	12	0	0	0	600	...	390	2	1	0	0	...	1	7	7	0	600	...	388	10	6	0		
——, Mary ..	31 July 38	0	8400	...	179	10	9	0	0	0	...	168	0	0	0	8400	...	347	10	9	0	0	...	169	5	0	0	8400	...	178	5	9	0		
Beharry Dossee ...	Taken charge 19 Dec. 61	0	0	...	68	7	4	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	68	7	4	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	68	7	4	0		
C.																													
Chunder Nissa Khatoon (*alias* Bebee C. M. Hunter).—account of Douglas Adam Hunter, sole legatee under the will ...	10 May 60	0	3000	...	0	0	0	607	12	2	0	0	...	72	8	0	0	3000	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	153	12	4	0	3000	...	0	0	0	669
D.																													
Dhone Monee Bye ...	19 Feb. 68	0	2400	...	101	12	2	0	0	0	...	51	0	0	0	2400	...	152	12	2	0	0	...	2	0	3	0	2400	...	150	11	11	0		

G.																							
[illegible] Cawder ...	2 Mar. 71	o	8600	...	o o o	154 14 6	o	o	...	8598 11 0	o	8600	...	8443 12 6	o	8600	...	4984 14 11	o	o	...	3458 13 7	o
H.																							
[illegible]omoney Bewah, Sree-[illegible]tty ...	15 July 63	o	o	...	162 6 5	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	162 6 5	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	162 6 5	o
I.																							
[illegible]e Khanum, mother of [illegible] child of Dr. A. Murray	... ...	o	o	...	858 0 0	o o o	o	800	...	o o o	o	800	...	858 0 0	o	o	...	810 1 4	o	800	...	47 14 8	o
J.																							
[illegible]issen Doss ...	23 Feb. 46	o	6500	...	441 2 6	o o o	o	500	...	130 0 0	o	7000	...	574 2 6	o	o	...	509 7 2	o	7000	...	64 11 4	o
K.																							
[illegible] Hussain, Khan Baha-[illegible]r, Nawab Meer ...	12 Sept. 67	o	o	...	144 12 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	144 12 10	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	144 12 10	o
L.																							
[illegible]h Meah, S. ...	5 Sept. 67	o	38200	...	479 11 6	o o o	o	1100	...	769 0 0	o	39300	...	1248 11 6	o	o	...	1125 13 4	o	39300	...	122 14 2	o
M.																							
[illegible]azooma Dowlah Mehdy [illegible]y Khawn ...	14 Sept. 45	o	17000	...	330 7 9	o o o	o	500	...	360 4 0	o	17500	...	690 11 9	o	o	...	523 9 3	o	17500	...	167 2 6	o
[illegible]run Doss ...	3 Apl. 45	o	500	...	262 8 6	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	272 8 6	o	o	...	1 5 0	o	500	...	271 3 6	o
[illegible]noololl Tewary ...	10 Dec. 70	o	o	...	78 3 3	o o o	o	o	...	30520 6 0	o	o	...	30598 9 3	o	o	...	30148 3 5	o	c	...	450 5 10	o
N.																							
[illegible]mee Dossee, Sree-[illegible]tty,—share account of [illegible]teyonee Dossee ...	6 July 67	o	1000	...	348 12 8	o o o	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	1000	...	368 12 8	o	o	...	1 8 7	o	1000	...	367 4 1	o
[illegible]n Chunder Paul ...	1 July 69	o	6600	...	24 2 5	o o o	o	o	...	141 0 0	o	6600	...	165 2 5	o	o	...	155 9 5	o	6600	...	9 9 0	o
[illegible]kissore Dhur ...	13 Dec. 67	o	1800	...	195 13 3	o o o	o	o	...	36 0 0	o	1800	...	231 13 3	o	o	...	1 9 8	o	1800	...	230 3 7	o

C.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1871.					Receipts up to 31st December 1871.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1871.				Balance on 31st December 1871.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs.
P.																							
akissen Chuckerbutty,—re account of Debendro uth Chuckerbutty ...	5 Feb. 66	0	5400	...	0 0 0	199 5 10	0	0	...	90 0 0	0	5400	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	76 5 2	0	5400	...	0 0 0	185
R.																							
amadhub Banerjee ... ——— account of rents	13 July 60	0	42100	...	140 9 4	0 0 0	0	900	...	853 4 0	0	43000	...	993 13 4	0	0	...	934 9 5	0	43000	...	59 3 11	0
Baraset property ... ——— share account	Ditto	0	19200	...	510 8 1	0 0 0	0	1900	...	1546 3 0	0	21100	...	2056 11 1	0	0	...	1938 15 9	0	21100	...	117 11 4	0
Sibkissen Bannerjee in siduary estate ... ———, share account	Ditto	0	2100	...	297 6 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 0 0	0	2100	...	339 6 1	0	0	...	2 7 2	0	2100	...	336 14 11	0
Tarakissen Bannerjee in siduary estate ... ———, account of rents	Ditto	0	1200	...	161 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 0	0	1200	...	185 8 0	0	0	...	1 11 6	0	1200	...	183 12 6	0
land at Garden Reach t for the purpose of king road ...	Ditto	0	0	...	60 12 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 12 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 12 1	0
issen Mitter ...	26 Nov. 66	0	23400	...	0 0 0	778 0	0	0	...	468 0 0	0	23400	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1474 2 0	0	23400	...	0 0 0	1784
ajessury Dossee ...	Taken charge 20 July 57	0	500	...	445 0 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	455 0 11	0	0	...	0 15 5	0	500	...	454 1 6	0
S.																							
b Ally Khan ...	20 Feb. 48	0	11600	...	48 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	244 12 0	0	11600	...	293 5 0	0	0	...	15 4 9	0	11600	...	278 0 3	0
Bukah Sing, Soobadar...	13 Jan. 44	0	5500	...	0 0 0	3 0 1	0	0	...	133 12 0	0	5500	...	130 11 11	0	0	...	8 11 0	0	5500	...	122 0 11	0
arain Misser ...	Taken charge 23 June 70	0	28200	...	0 0 0	342 3 10	0	500	...	11545 2 2	0	28700	...	11202 14 4	0	16700	...	9994 10 1	0	12000	...	1208 4 3	0
kissen Ghose,—legacy ecount of Bissoluckhy asee ...	25 Feb. 63	0	2600	...	65 5 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 0 0	0	2600	...	117 5 3	0	0	...	2 13 0	0	2600	...	114 8 3	6

e estate of Sremutty																															
ipola Dassee ...	Ditto	0	116000	...	50	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	...	2676	7	0	0	116000	...	2726	12	5	0	0	...	2796	8	6	0	116000	...	0	0
Bhoo Chunder Bannerjee	3 Sept. 59	0	6300	...	404	9	6	0	0	0	0	0	...	2407	13	0	0	6300	...	2812	6	6	0	0	...	4469	7	9	0	6300	...	0	0
T.																															
ior Doss, Baboo,—share																															
ount of Luckhey Bebee,																															
ly child of the deceased	20 Aug. 61	0	38200	...	457	8	9	0	0	0	0	800	...	764	0	0	0	39000	...	1221	8	9	0	0	...	1261	8	0	0	39000	...	0	0
kissen Bannerjee ...	11 May 55	0	0	...	249	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	249	9	9	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	249	9
——, account of house																															
o. 6, Cossitollah ...	Ditto	0	5900	...	703	10	10	0	0	0	0	1700	...	1485	10	0	0	7600	...	2189	4	10	0	0	...	1990	1	10	0	7600	...	199	3

CALCUTTA,

he 31st December 1871.

E. E.,
L. P. D. BROUGHTON,
Administrator-Gener

"EDULE D. of Balances in the hands of the Administrator-General on the 1st December 1871, set apart to meet the admitted claims of Creditors ag undermentioned Estates:—

ESTATES.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1871. Rs. A. P.	ESTATES.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1871. Rs. A. P.	ESTATES.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1871. Rs. A. P.
A.					
ey, Bazar Serjeant H.	73 4 10	Baker, Brevet-Captain Frederick	27 10 3	Bishop, Lieutenant St. G. M.	
ott, W. H.	145 6 4	Balderston, Major G. V.	43 1 6	Bizzett, Dr. W. W.	
man, Lieutenant C. R.	106 1 2	Baldry, Private John	35 8 0	Black, Captain William	
rman, Lieutenant H.	646 2 3	Balk, Captain R.	8 13 3	——, Dr. J. H.	
ck, Captain R. P.	903 5 8	Ballard, W. J.	9 9 10	Blackburn, Lieutenant T. G.	
ander, Lieutenant D. C.	1026 0 4	Banks, Major J. S.	53 0 0	Blair, Lieutenant-Colonel C. D.	
——, Ensign G. W.	51 2 6	Barber, Dr. J.	131 15 3	——, D. G.	
——, Ensign W. F.	39 5 6	Barlow, Captain G. R. P.	135 8 3	Blake, Lieutenant G. C.	
——, Lieutenant George	54 7 0	Barnard, A. C.	26 13 2	Blaney, A. B.	
n, R. W.	96 5 2	Barry, Captain H.	161 13 6	Bloomfield, Lieutenant C. R.	
es, Riding-Master W. E. H.	5 2 6	Barwell, Lieutenant E. W.	387 11 6	Boileau, Lieutenant F. D.	
erson, Major J.	13 2 0	Bathurst, John	88 5 0	——, Major H. C.	
——, Lieutenant J. W. S.	282 7 9	Battye, Lieutenant Q.	23 0 0	——, S.	
——, Lieutenant R. W.	36 10 0	Bayldon, Major R.	168 13 10	Bolshaw, F. G.	
——, Serjeant Joseph	16 15 0	Bayley, Lieutenant J. M.	75 7 10	Bonzon, L. D.	
——, Lieutenant E. A.	40 8 9	Bean, Captain C. J.	964 14 0	Bordieu, Mrs. H.	
erton, Lieutenant H. C.	35 3 4	Beatson, Captain W. S.	92 10 2	Boulnois, Lieutenant A.	
lan, Captain the Baron F. V.	30 6 0	Bebee, Hosseinee	4 12 0	Bourchier, Lieutenant P.	
rew, David	592 7 6	——, Sarah Russell	5 7 0	Bourke, J. B.	
rews, Thomas	692 8 0	Becher, Lieutenant R. A.	16 6 3	Bovell, W. C.	
erly, Captain H., of Horse Artillery ...	295 13 0	Bell, Malcolm	32 8 0	Bowie, Lieutenant A. B.	
ner, Henry	18 7 4	——, C.	59 10 0	Bowring, Captain G. G.	
strong, Sub-Conductor J. W.	63 8 0	——, R. A.	77 15 3	Box, Captain Thomas	
burner, Lieutenant B.	26 8 0	Bennett, Captain J. S.	16 0 0	Boyd, Lieutenant F. B.	
, Lieutenant St. George	172 0 10	Bentley, Mrs. F.	55 0 0	Boyle, Revd. W.	
l, James	26 13 1	Benton, W.	100 6 6	Boys, Captain W. J. E.	
en, Captain G. P.	59 8 7	Berkeley, L.	0 13 11	Braga, Charles	
B.		——, Hospital Steward J. D.	4 3 6	Braide, Ensign W.	
er, Henry	42 15 6	Best, J. R.	9 3 0	Brierley, R.	
on, Overseer Serjeant T.	19 9 8	Biggs, Veterinary Surgeon George	189 0 0	Brierly, Serjeant John	
shaw, Lieutenant F. J. S.	10 8 0	Bignell, Captain W. E. P.	19 8 10	Bright, G. W.	
ey, Jonathan	77 1 0	Billings, H. W.	3 4 11	——, Lieutenant A.	
d, Ensign G. W.	43 6 9	Birch, Lieutenant-Colonel F. W.	222 9 0	Brodie, Lieutenant F. W.	

Lieutenant John	57	4	2	Cary, Lieutenant S.	11	13	7	Crawford, W. E.			
Lieutenant J. H.	13	0	0	Caspersz, Mrs. L. L.	128	4	5	Creighton, Lieutenant Robert			
W. J.	15	10	0	Caulfield, Captain H. M.	427	11	9	Crichton, C			
Dr. A.	302	2	10	———, Major J. P.	215	15	2	Crolly, Lieutenant P. R.			
Mrs. Caroline	0	11	7	———, Mrs. E. A.	465	12	9	Crosbie, Assistant-Surgeon P. M.			
Serjeant-Major F. B.	98	11	2	Cauntor, Lieutenant John Eales	18	15	0	Cumberlege, Major John			
John (late of Cawnpore)	31	13	4	Chalmers, Lieutenant W A.	90	9	5	Cunliffe, C. W.			
, Colonel B.	150	10	4	———, Captain William G.	200	5	0	———, Lieutenant F. J.			
, Lieutenant G. D.	7	4	8	Champneys, M. S.	91	12	0	Cunningham, Captain J. D.			
, C. H.	3740	0	0	Chase. Captain D. A.	313	6	5	Currie, Captain J. A.			
Lieutenant-Colonel L.	456	11	4	Chattelier. Sub-Assistant Surgeon J.	36	9	6	———, Assistant-Surgeon J. A.			
Major C. F.	1210	5	0	Chavasse. Dr. W. B.	29	11	3	D.			
Lieutenant J. R. J.	167	5	5	Cheyne, Surgeon G. M.	198	14	0	DaCosta, Captain L. G.			
Lieutenant J. H.	93	11	1	Chisholm, J. S.	121	14	6	DeBrandy, Monsieur C.			
r, John	67	7	4	———, Lieutenant L. H.	22	0	0	DeCourcey, Mrs. Mary			
Lieutenant J. E.	352	11	10	Christian, G. J.	37	10	7	DeCruze, Dr. F. F.			
, Lieutenant F. J.	100	11	0	Christie, Brevet-Major E.	694	13	11	DeGama, J. X.			
, Serjeant H.	92	0	0	———, Robert	85	6	2	DeMello, Mrs. Anna Maria			
John	18	0	0	Clark, E. N.	15	0	0	DeMomet, Lieutenant Theodore			
, Lieutenant P. H. C.	50	0	0	———, Private William	16	7	6	DeRozario, P.			
Captain F. M. H.	488	13	1	——, Captain W. J.	118	6	7	DeSouza. Mrs. B.			
)aniel	4	8	0	Clarke, Mrs. Jane	11	4	0	Dalston, Major G.			
, Captain C. J. F.	1036	5	4	——, P.	2	0	0	Daniel, M. E.			
aptain J.	2	2	4	Claxton, William	51	10	9	Daniell, Captain J. H.			
, Captain and Brevet-Major C. E. ...	58	6	0	Clarkson, Captain H. M.	108	12	5	———, Lieutenant C. A.			
, W. W.	5	0	0	Cleghorn, John	670	7	3	Danvers, Ensign R. W.			
, G. A.	60	1	2	Clements, Alfred...	36	9	10	Darby, Assistant-Surgeon E.			
Captain George	13	12	1	Clifford. W.	89	0	8	Darling, Lieutenant P.			
Captain G. W. H.	28	7	9	Coast, Captain M. W. L.	26	0	9	Davidson, Ensign J. T.			
, G. H. B.	46	14	5	Cock, H.	199	10	8	———, T. R.			
Captain C. J.	155	3	9	Cockerell, H. E.	25	8	0	Davis, Captain Charles F.			
rth, Joseph	17	5	3	Cole, C.	14	0	0	Dawkins, Captain C. D.			
Reverend W.	504	2	0	Collett, G. S.	99	0	4	Dawson, Veterinary Surgeon C. J.			
Captain E. D.	30	0	0	Compton, Captain D.	469	9	9	Day, Ensign H. W.			
aptain the Hon'ble R. B. P.	84	12	0	Connolly, Lieutenant C.	49	8	0	Delamain, Captain J. W.			
F. J.	565	6	5	———, Brevet-Captain E. B.	1835	12	6	Delany, Mrs. Mary			
C.				Conway. Jacob	7	8	0	Denny. R H.			
Major-General H. F.	175	2	0	Cooper, Lieutenant-Colonel J. C.	2006	3	0	Depratz, F.			
n, F. M.	38	12	8	Copeland, Lieutenant J. E.	70	4	6	Dick, John			
ell, Major A.	184	8	11	Corbitt, Lieutenant E.	225	14	9	Dillon, Peter			
—, N. H. A.	4	12	8	Corfield, Captain H. R.	46	1	7	———, Serjeant James			
—, A. E.	8	11	9	Corser, E.	18	4	0	Doeg, H. F.			
—, J. A. B.	145	13	2	Coupland, W.	62	7	6	Don, Captain W. G.			
—, J. F.	433	4	2	Cowley, Major C. W.	217	8	1	Doran, John			
—, J. H. D. B.	17	9	8	——-, Captain P.	47	8	11	Dorin, Captain Henry Alexander			
, Captain F. W.	83	8	10	Cowsell, Thomas	741	1	7	———, Lieutenant J. A.			
ieutenant J.	62	12	6	Cox, Captain G. H.	24	11	11	Down, Ensign R. W.			
, Lieutenant C. M.	243	3	6	Coyde, Thomas	222	1	3	Dowson, Captain R., of 5th Native Infantry ...			
, Apothecary G. E.	32	7	8	Crahley, R. G.	5	1	0	Drews, Assistant Overseer E. V.			
re, Reverend J. J.	1480	4	11	Craig, Alexander...	129	8	0	Driver, Serjeant George			
Lieutenant H.	31	6	6	Craigie, Lieutenant A. W.	51	12	0	Dublin, Charles			
John	2054	0	8	———, Dr. George	146	7	5	Dukes, Dr. F. F.			

D.

ESTATES.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1870. Rs. As. P.	ESTATES.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1870. Rs. As. P.	ESTATES.
D.				
Duncan, Captain J. J. L.	32 13 0	Fentum, C. R.	98 14 2	Gallichan, John
———, Mrs. Mary Anne	9 1 0	Fergusson, J. T.	584 15 3	Garbett, Lieutenant-Colonel H.
Duthoit, Assistant-Surgeon T. J.	40 0 0	Ferrier, W.	218 2 6	Gardner, Lieutenant H. F.
E.		Ferris, Captain J. H.	238 5 6	Garstin, Brevet-Major W. T.
Eales, Captain E. D. O.	13 0 0	Field, W. H.	98 8 0	Gavins, Thomas
Earle, Hospital Steward C.	9 1 0	Fielding, Alexander	72 8 0	Gee, Assistant-Surgeon A. J.
Eaton, James	29 13 0	Finch, A.	252 13 2	Gennys, Lieutenant R. H.
———, Lieutenant G. W.	2 0 6	Finney, Farrier Major W.	58 8 0	Gepp, Lieutenant T. S.
Eaves, Henry	37 5 6	Fisher, Ensign H. G., of 60th Native Infantry	17 0 6	Gerrard, Miss Mary Ann
Eborall, W. H.	229 12 3	———, Captain John	2086 7 0	———, Dr. W. R.
Eccles, Lieutenant J. W.	25 7 10	———, Brevet and Lieutenant-Colonel S.	210 14 0	Gibbings, Captain A.
Eden, Lieutenant F. G.	506 8 6	———, Captain W. P.	125 13 1	Giles, C.
Edmonds, G. T.	300 0 0	FitzGerald, James	83 5 4	Gilbertson, F. W. G.
Edwards, Lieutenant H. J.	259 3 0	———, Lieutenant J. H.	15 0 0	Gillet, Captain A.
Ekins, Lieutenant G. E., of 1st E. B. Fusiliers	18 0 0	———, Thomas	69 0 0	Gilmour, David
Elliot, Lieutenant G.	42 4 6	Fogarty, Surgeon G. T. C.	18 13 11	Gladstone, Lieutenant C. A.
———, Lieutenant G. D.	16 0 0	Forbes, Assistant-Surgeon Charles	166 13 4	Glennie, Dr. W. R.
———, Lieutenant E. H. H.	81 5 3	———, F. C.	1 12 0	Goad, Lieutenant C. R.
Ellis, John C.	438 5 6	Ford, William	4 1 9	Goldie, Brevet-Major B. W.
Erskine, J. M.	1454 13 8	Forder, W. B.	62 6 3	Goldsworthy, Lieutenant F. T.
Espinassee, Lieutenant-Colonel J. W.	10 0 0	Fortescue, Major F. R. N.	650 0 4	———, T.
Evans, Captain H. J.	110 4 11	Fox, William Henry	152 15 9	Gomes, Mrs. M.
F.		Frankland, Lieutenant T.	130 1 3	Goode, Mrs. H.
Fagan, Captain James	20 12 9	Fraser, J. J.	223 0 0	Gordon, Ensign Arthur
———, Captain R. C. H. B.	1026 10 5	———, Captain E. W.	26 6 11	———, James
Fairhurst, Reverend P.	100 0 0	———, Lieutenant S. C.	0 13 0	———, Captain R. K.
Faithful, Major-General H.	1063 11 0	Frederick, Lieutenant-Colonel H. O.	12 0 0	———, Lieutenant H. T.
Farley, G. T.	6 4 0	French, J. G.	17 3 3	———, Dr. W. G.
Farquhar, A.	58 0 0	Frushard, Lieutenant-Colonel J.	331 12 3	Gorton, James
Farquharson, Lieutenant F. E.	174 12 9	Fullerton, Assistant-Surgeon John	30 0 0	Goss, Dr. W. F.
Farrelly, Assistant Apothecary B.	7 5 0	Furnell, Lieutenant W. H.	305 0 0	Gother, Lieutenant William
Farrington, Captain J. J.	472 10 1	**G.**		Gough, Veterinary Surgeon W. R.
Fell, Robert	52 3 6	Gair, Lieutenant D.	45 12 2	———, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas
——, J. W. A.	96 0 0	Galland, B. H.	108 0 0	Graham, Lieutenant J.

——, R. B.	...	...	...	...
——, Captain W.	...	...	...	...
Grahame, W. L.	...	...	...	...
Granger, H.	...	...	...	...
Grant, Lieutenant A. P.	...	...	...	...
——, Lieutenant R. J.	...	...	...	...
Grant, W. C.	...	...	...	...
Gray, Major J. C. C.	...	...	...	...
Greaves, William	...	...	...	...
Green, Lieutenant G. W.	...	...	...	...
Greenhill, N. (*alias* Cooper)	...	...	...	...
Gregg, Lieutenant H. J.	...	...	...	...
Greig, Dr. A.	...	...	...	...
Grenon, Captain F. J.	...	...	...	...
Grey, Lieutenant C. W.	...	...	...	...
Griffith, Dr. S. M.	...	...	...	...
Grissell, Major C.	...	...	...	...
Groeme, Captain P. St. George	...	...	...	...
Grome, Cattle Serjeant C. F.	...	...	...	...
Grubb, P. R.	...	...	...	...
Guise, Captain H. J.	...	...	...	...
Gunning, Lieutenant R.	...	...	...	...
Gustavinski, Lieutenant L. T. K. H.	...	...	...	...
Hailes, Captain H. W.	...	...	...	...
Hair, W. F.	...	...	...	...
Hale, Captain E. D.	...	...	...	...
Halfhide, R. S.	...	...	...	...
Halford, Lieutenant-Colonel W. H.	...	...	...	...
Halkett, Lieutenant R. D. C.	...	...	...	...
Hall, W. J.	...	...	...	...
——, S.	...	...	...	...
Halloran, Serjeant M.	...	...	...	...
Hamilton, Lieutenant F. W. A.	...	...	...	...
——, John	...	...	...	...
——, Hon'ble Mrs. M. A.	...	...	...	...
——, W. H.	...	...	...	...
——, Lieutenant R. A.	...	...	...	...
——, J. K.	...	...	...	...
——, Captain G. F.	...	...	...	...
Hampton, J. P.	...	...	...	...
Handscombe, Brigadier-General J. H.	...	...	...	...
Handyside, Lieutenant C.	...	...	...	...
Harcourt, Lieutenant H.	...	...	...	...
Hardinge, Captain G. N.	...	...	...	...
Hardy, Thomas	...	...	...	...
——, Lieutenant T. F.	...	...	...	...
——, W.	...	...	...	...
Harkness, Mrs. C. V.	...	...	...	...
Harper, Serjeant T. H.	...	...	...	...
Harris, Major A.	...	...	...	...

96	1	7	Harrison, Lieutenant W. L. S. ... ...
228	15	10	Harvey, Robert ... ...
202	2	0	Hastings, Captain the Hon'ble E. P. R. H. ...
109	3	0	Hatch, Lieutenant R. C. ... ...
25	0	0	Hathorn, H. C. V. ... ...
399	0	0	Hawes, Captain B. ... ...
121	4	3	——, Lieutenant G. H. ... ...
470	9	7	Hay, Captain John ... ...
162	3	10	——, J. D. ... ...
37	6	3	——, Lieutenant R. ... ...
4	0	0	Hayton, J. L. ... ...
10	0	0	Heald, Thomas ... ...
17	11	10	Heather, Mrs. Elizabeth ... ...
11	1	9	Heffernan, R. ... ...
51	4	3	Heinze, P. L. ... ...
22	15	9	Hely, Veterinary Surgeon F. A. ... ...
111	12	0	Henderson, Lieutenant D. H. ... ...
39	3	3	——, E. ... ...
205	0	2	Henry, Dr. William ... ...
21	0	0	Hickey, Captain C. E. ... ...
20	0	0	——, Captain W. A. G. ... ...
35	15	1	Hickie, Michael ... ...
128	10	9	Hicks, Captain G. W. S. ... ...
			Hildebrand, Lieutenant E. H. ... ...
54	10	3	Hilliard, Lieutenant T. H. ... ...
1000	0	0	Hindmarsh, Captain J. ... ...
305	14	2	Hodgetts, T. H. ... ...
40	0	0	Hodgson, John ... ...
38	15	1	Holford, Lieutenant Henry ... ...
200	0	0	Holl, A. ... ...
10	8	0	Hollings, Captain G. E. ... ...
146	10	6	Holm, Harold ... ...
7	10	11	Holmes, Major J. G. ... ...
495	5	8	——, J. O. ... ...
346	13	6	Hook, Lieutenant F. A. ... ...
2	0	0	Hooper, H. ... ...
5	3	6	Horn, John ... ...
84	12	7	Horst, J. V. ... ...
93	11	10	Hotham, Lieutenant G. F. ... ...
468	0	7	Hoston, Lieutenant R. M. ... ...
571	4	9	Hourigan, Gunner D. ... ...
50	0	0	Houtson, Lieutenant A. C. ... ...
231	8	3	Howe, T. S. C. ... ...
105	5	10	Howell, Captain W. R. H. J. ... ...
79	10	0	——, Arthur ... ...
150	0	5	Hughes, Edward ... ...
14	0	5	——, Captain E. J. ... ...
194	3	0	——, Charles, ...
24	4	3	Hughesdon, J. ... ...
115	7	0	Hull, Major L. N. ... ...
7	9	5	Humfrays, Captain A. ... ...

76	2	1	Humphrys, Lieutenant M. A. ... ...
84	5	0	Hungerford, Lieutenant-Colonel T. J. W. ...
215	5	0	Hunt, George ... ...
409	12	4	——, Lieutenant C. J. ... ...
6	4	0	——, T. W. ... ...
0	11	0	Hunter, C. M. ... ...
21	10	11	——, Lieutenant John ... ...
37	5	8	——, Lieutenant T. H. ... ...
11	0	0	Hutcheson, Charles ... ...
1221	10	8	Hutchings, Lieutenant George ... ...
14	12	6	Hutchinson, Lieutenant B. M. ... ...
16	12	10	——, J. C. ... ...
16	0	0	I.
35	0	0	Imlach, Alexander ... ...
3	0	0	Ingelby, Lieutenant R. M. ... ...
167	14	10	Ingram, C. G. ... ...
20	12	9	Innerarity, H. ... ...
3	8	0	Ireland, Captain W. F. ... ...
44	12	7	Irwin, Lieutenant T. S ... ...
289	15	10	J.
865	9	6	Jackson, Mrs. C. ... ...
541	10	0	——, Lieutenant S. H. ... ...
259	11	11	James, Dr. W. H. ... ...
110	13	2	Jellicoe, Major A. H., of 55th N. I. ... ...
22	7	9	Jervois, Lieutenant J. P. ... ...
47	4	3	Jeune, Lieutenant F. A. ... ...
42	2	0	Johnson, Captain E. ... ...
714	6	0	——, Serjeant W. ... ...
112	4	6	Johnston, George ... ...
11	8	0	——, Lieutenant G. B. ... ...
9	0	0	Jones, Key Serjeant J. ... ...
20	5	0	——, J. M. ... ...
67	10	1	——, W. H. W. ... ...
40	5	2	——, A. ... ...
6	6	0	——, Lieutenant T. P. ... ...
116	1	3	Jordon, Captain C. ... ...
69	0	0	K.
640	3	9	Keating, A. S. ... ...
61	3	2	Kearney, M. ... ...
124	13	5	Keelan, Thomas ... ...
67	11	8	Keighley, Captain C. H. ... ...
2	10	6	Keiller, Major D. C. ... ...
120	2	5	Kellner, H. ... ...
112	1	6	Kelly, W. ... ...
55	2	0	Kemp, H. C. ... ...
24	4	3	Kennedy, J. G. ... ...
499	15	10	——, Lieutenant E. S. ... ...
11	0	0	——, Lieutenant J. E. ... ...
44	2	6	King, Thomas ... ...
967	4	4	Kirk, Mrs. C. L. ... ...
296	4	4	Kirnor, Joseph ... ...

ESTATES.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1871. Rs. As. P.
K.	
Knowles, Assistant-Surgeon B.	3 0 0
Knox, Lieutenant R. T.	1040 11 7
Knyvett, Captain F. A. C.	37 11 4
L.	
Lamb, Dr. M. B.	59 2 0
Lambert, Lieutenant J.	1089 15 11
———, Lieutenant P. C.	34 0 0
Lane, C.	2 0 0
Larmour, R. T.	203 4 1
Latter, Captain Thomas	272 7 11
Laughton, Colonel John	401 3 5
Lawrence, H. J.	89 7 0
Leadbeater, Major W. E. B.	815 5 1
Leeson, Brevet-Major J.	857 10 3
Lefebur, Victor	161 1 10
Legett, W. R.	15 2 0
Leslie, Lieutenant Sir N. R.	12 13 11
Lester, Lieutenant H. S.	70 14 1
Lever, George Melville	260 2 11
Lewin, G. F. J.	118 0 0
——, Lieutenant F. C.	83 12 0
Lewis, Lieutenant E. D. F.	250 0 0
——, J. H. T.	1 12 3
Lewsey, W. R.	2 11 1
Liddy, M. H.	75 8 0
Lindesay, Lieutenant T. E.	2 3 0
Lindsay, Colin	18 5 9
ochner, F. H.	1 2 4
oner, Captain O.	82 5 8
oose, B. E.	71 12 2
oveday, Captain B. M.	194 8 7
udwig, P.	10 4 11
uken, Lieutenant J. H. H	125 0 6
ynch, Dr. W. E.	603 6 2
——, J. D.	35 9 6
M.	
McBarnett, Captain G. G.	1515 0 0
McCallan, Andrew	51 0 3
McCaushland, Lieutenant J. K.	26 15 11
McDonald, Captain A. R.	2189 8 0
———, Dr. J. B.	106 7 0
McDonnell, Lieutenant F. J.	597 10 11
McDowell, Lieutenant C. T. M.	266 3 9
McFarquhar, A. H.	4 0 0
McGrath, Surgeon John	5 12 10
McGregor, Brevet-Captain A. N. M.	178 9 1
———, Lieutenant E. O. H.	276 0 0
———, Lieutenant F. A. R. M.	5 5 4
McIntosh, Daniel	90 0 0
McKechine, Ensign W B.	13 7 0
McKenly, Captain H. C.	791 3 9
McKenzie, George Hay	158 4 1
———, John.	2 0 0
———, Lieutenant N. K. J.	151 4 0
McLean, Assistant-Surgeon A.	94 11 0
———, Captain A. M. L.	938 1 8
McLaughlin, George	416 6 0
McLeod, Dr. B. W.	370 5 0
———, Captain D. J.	198 9 4
———, G. G.	2 10 0
McMullen, Lieutenant T. S.	348 2 5
McMurray, J. W.	14 8 0
McNally, Lieutenant John	38 14 6
McPherson, Ensign A. G.	12 1 9
Macansh, Mrs. F. C. S.	172 14 11
Macarthur, John	1961 5 0
Macdonald D. F.	24 8 0
Macfarlane, W.	56 15 3
Machell, Thomas	21 12 0
Macintire, Dr. J.	78 2 8
MacIver, Assistant-Surgeon J. R.	365 6 0
Mackenzie, Henry	
Mackeson, Lieutenant-Colonel F.	
Mackie, John	
Maconachie, H. D. M.	
Macsween, Lieutenant H. D., of Artillery ...	
Maddock, R.	
Magway, Lieutenant Christopher	
Mahon, Michael	
Mainwaring, Cornet C.	
———, Captain J. J.	
———, Captain N. W.	
Maitland, Overseer C.	
Maling, Lieutenant-Colonel C. S.	
Mallock, Lieutenant R. J.	
Mann, Dr. G. S.	
Manson, Captain G. W.	
Manuk, J. M.	
———, M. T.	
———, Z. M.	
Mapleton, Lieutenant F. M. M.	
Marcus, J. P.	
———, J. P., Junior	
Marley, Captain C. H.	
Marsh, Charles	
Marshall, Ensign H. W.	
———, C. A.	
———, H. P.	
———, Apothecary William	
———, W.	
Martin, Cornet L.	
———, William	
———, A. C.	
Martindell, G. H.	
Masson, Dr. J. M.	
Mathews, Apothecary John	

———, Reverend J. C.	62	15	6	Nueville, J. T.	80	4	1	Phillipps, Ensign E. H. L. ... ...
Mathison, A.	47	13	0	Nevin, Henry	118	2	3	Phillips, Dr. John ... ...
Maxwell, Brigadier-Colonel W. G.	84	5	0	Newham, F.	195	4	0	———, Captain J. G. ... ...
Moe, Ensign John E.	144	3	9	Nicholas, Lieutenant-Colonel R.	31	6	9	Pickard, Lieutenant W. ... ...
Meek, J. S.	3	0	0	Nicholls, George	32	13	0	Pierson, Captain W. S. ... ...
Meer Mahomed Ally Khan (His Highness) ...	3481	6	1	Nicholetts, Captain and Brevet-Major W. H. ...	1736	0	10	Pilkington, Captain J. F. ... ...
Meiklejohn, H. C.	96	11	11	Nicholls, Private Thomas	65	9	7	———, J. W. ... ...
Mellish, Captain D. G. A. F. H.	381	10	11	Nicholson, Lieutenant-Colonel J.	102	1	3	Pitt, Lieutenant R. H. ... ...
Mellor, Mrs. E.	150	0	0	———, Reverend A. D.	134	12	3	——, Lieutenant S. ... ...
Melvill, Philip	7	2	0	Niven, Serjeant George	292	6	9	Playfair, Lieutenant H. A. ... ...
Mendes, F. P.	236	5	0	Norman, Reverend R. A. H.	15	15	9	Plowden, A. U. C. ... ...
Mercer, Lieutenant E. S.	102	8	0	O.				Plowden, Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. C. ...
Merewether, Brevet-Captain A.	50	0	0	O'Brien, J. L.	102	10	7	Plum, Captain E. C. (Mariner) ... ...
Metcalfe, Captain H.	6	9	11	O'Dowda, Lieutenant R. C.	55	8	0	Plunkett, Captain John ... ...
Michell, Lieutenant M. T. B.	1	0	0	Odell, Captain W.	50	0	0	Ponsonby, Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. V. ...
Middleton, R. B.	98	12	8	Oliver, Andrew	10	15	3	Poole, G. H. M. ... ...
Miles, Assistant-Surgeon R. D.	2	5	4	———, Captain E. D.	33	0	0	——, Dr. C. A. ... ...
Mill, Captain and Brevet-Major J.	2	8	3	Oman, C. E. E.	796	11	6	Pope, Serjeant John ... ...
Millett, Lieutenant C. G.	252	8	0	Oswald, Lieutenant A. J. T. E.	147	3	6	Powell, Lieutenant T. E. ... ...
Milner, Mrs. Mary.	124	10	0	Oultram, Thomas...	75	3	2	———, W. R. ... ...
Moir, Colonel George, C. B.	659	4	3	Ouseley, R. O.	231	4	7	Powys, Lieutenant John ... ...
Moline, Staff Surgeon J. P.	31	4	0	———, Lieutenant-Colonel J. R.	240	8	7	Pratt, J. N. ... ...
Money, Captain James	81	2	8	Ovenger, H. A.	13	0	1	Presgrave, Captain D. K. ... ...
Montgomery, Lieutenant-Colonel G. J. ...	105	0	0	Ovens, Ensign E. L.	127	2	10	Price, R. R. ... ...
Moore, Assistant Surgeon T.	7	14	0	Ovenstone, Captain D.	56	14	5	Priestley, Major A. G. ... ...
———, Mrs. C. M. O.	2	8	0	Owen, C. B.	584	0	0	Pringle, Ensign G. S. ... ...
———, Ensign H. N.	302	6	0	———, C. T.	583	2	10	Proctor, Lieutenant A. ... ...
Moorehead, Hospital Apprentice H. J.	35	0	2	P.				Pronjie, J. L. ... ...
Moreau, H.	43	4	0	Page, Lieutenant E. D.	177	2	0	Prosser, John ... ...
Morgan, Assistant Surgeon R. B.	7	11	11	Palmer, George	49	2	5	Prudhoe, J. ... .
———, Ensign A. H.	389	1	0	———, Serjeant E. W.	53	13	7	Q.
Morris, Brevet-Captain A. B.	90	15	9	———, W. S.	275	4	2	Quin, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas ... ...
———, Lieutenant William Lucas Gordon, of 56th Native Infantry				Park, G. F. W. J.	7	9	5	Quinlan, Dr. P. ... ...
	8	14	0	Parfitt, F. H.	270	10	0	R.
———, Thomas	24	0	0	Parlby, Captain B. S. B.	94	1	3	Raikes, G. D. ... ...
Morrison, Ensign C. M.	308	8	0	Partridge, Lieutenant J. C.	745	11	3	———, R. C. ... ...
———, George	39	4	9	Paterson, Major F. S.	305	4	6	Raleigh, Lieutenant W. F. K. ... ...
Mosley, Brevet-Captain W. B.	102	4	6	Paton, Dr. A.	6	0	0	Ramsay, Lieutenant D. ... ...
Mowatt, Lieutenant-Colonel J. L.	2	1	0	Pattenson, T. F.	168	0	0	Randolph, Henry ... ...
Munro, D. E.	23	4	0	Paul, Lieutenant W.	6	7	0	Ratray, R. H. ... ...
———, Major R.	22	14	0	Payter, J. W.	16	0	0	Rawlins, Lieutenant-Colonel J. ... ...
Murphy, Ensign John	124	0	10	Peel, Lieutenant J., of 37th Native Infantry ...	28	0	0	Reddie, John ... ...
Murray, Lieutenant J. M.	69	8	0	Pemberton, Dr. J. M.	90	6	3	Reid, Lieutenant D. T. ... ...
———, Lieutenant A. W.	5	5	0	Pennel, S. P.	4	12	9	——, Captain C. A. ... ...
———, Serjeant James	8	0	11	Perkins, Lieutenant H. G.	58	8	0	Remmington, Lieutenant J. C. ... ...
N.				Perry, Ensign C. H.	79	4	6	———————, Lieutenant-Colonel F. F. ... ...
Napier, Mrs. J. C.	8	0	0	Peskett, Surgeon Major William	55	10	11	Renny, Colonel R. ... ...
Napleton, Lieutenant-Colonel T. E. A.	389	15	5	Peter, Lieutenant J. J.	26	7	4	Repton, Ensign H. T. ... ...
Narain Chund Set	186	5	1	Petrie, Lieutenant M.	106	15	1	———, Captain W. W. ... ...
Nash, Major S.	1668	8	11	Pettet, Captain F.	64	5	0	Reveley, Lieutenant M. H. ... ...
Naylor, C. T. M.	19	8	0	Phillimore, Captain W. T.	103	2	9	Reynolds, Captain C. S. ... ...

ESTATES.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1871. Rs. As. P.	ESTATES.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1871. Rs. As. P.	ESTATES
R.				
Reynolds, Captain H. C.	191 11 11	Sarkies, P. J.	58 6 0	Smith, Lieutenant B. C.
Rich, Brigadier-General Robert	68 10 0	Savigny, Alfred	86 13 6	——, H. J.
Richardson, Richard	109 7 0	Scott, Ensign M. A.	829 4 0	——, Captain J. H.
Richmond, Mrs. Mary	125 0 0	——, James	65 0 5	——, Captain R. M.
——, Lieutenant G. M.	38 12 3	——, Cornet W.	190 5 4	——, Captain S.
——, Apothecary John	18 12 3	——, Captain T. F. O.	3 0 0	——, Ensign W. J.
Ricks, Band-Master Frederick	40 0 0	——, John	0 10 2	——, P. K.
Ridge, E.	9 11 0	——. Mrs. A.	6 5 9	——, G. M. G.
Ripley, Lieutenant F. T.	16 4 0	Searles, George	5 8 3	——, Captain J. W.
Ritchie, Ensign T. J.	2 4 3	Sewell, Captain A. H. C.	37 10 6	——, Captain B. N.
Rix, Serjeant R.	4 11 0	——, Lieutenant H. T.	94 7 1	Smyth, C. C.
Roach, P. H.	240 0 0	Sharkey, Conductor P.	0 6 1	Solly, Lieutenant W. H.
Robertson, Lieutenant G., of 37th Native Infantry	72 10 10	Sharpe, Lieutenant Edmond	180 8 5	Somerville, Captain M. R.
Robinson, John	48 0 0	——, Captain J. E.	12 13 4	Sparke, Major J. G.
Rogers, Lieutenant George	20 0 6	Shaw, Lieutenant A.	29 6 0	Spencer, Brevet-Major R.
——, Conductor G. J.	817 0 9	——, William	37 10 9	Spens, Lieutenant T. J. H.
Rolland, Dr. P.	205 15 0	Shebbeare, Major R. H.	773 2 6	Sperling, Captain F. V. H.
Roper, Henry	19 8 0	Sheriff, Lieutenant D. F.	119 12 0	Spilsbury, Dr. G. G.
Ross, Lieutenant-Colonel D.	9 12 0	Short, Lieutenant-Colonel W. D. A. R.	12 0 3	Sprot, Lieutenant G. H.
——, Captain D.	99 15 6	Siddons, Captain W. Y.	1441 14 3	Stainforth, Lieutenant R.
——, J. R. B.	1625 14 3	——, Major G. R.	23 3 0	Staples, Captain John
Rossetto, D.	6094 1 8	Sim, Lieutenant H. G.	27 1 6	Stedman, G. G.
Russell, Captain J. J.	454 10 11	Simons, A. M.	58 3 7	Stephens, James
Ryves, Captain W. C. L.	327 0 7	Simpson, G. E.	205 15 9	Sterling, R. S.
S.		Sinaes, William Demonte	20 8 0	——, Captain W. C.
Sale, Lieutenant H. P.	380 4 0	Sinclair, Lieutenant Henry	42 8 0	Stewart, Assistant Surgeon J. F.
Salkeld, Lieutenant P.	418 0 0	Slade, E.	19 15 0	——, Captain W. F.
Salmon, Captain M. M.	250 0 9	Slater, Mrs. H. L.	42 10 0	St. George, R. J.
——, W. T.	275 8 0	Small, A.	35 13 2	——, Lieutenant Sir R. D.
Salter, C. H.	7 12 0	Smalley, F. J. R.	228 5 0	St. John, Lieutenant the Hon'ble S. M.
Samson, Captain C. L.	23 5 3	Smallwood, T. P.	192 10 4	——, Captain M. K.
Sanders, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas	165 12 4	Smalpage, Lieutenant Francis James	616 7 4	St. Quintin, Lieutenant C. R.
Sandford, E. M.	92 7 5	Smart, Captain J. R.	7 12 0	Stokes, Dr. J. M
Sandham, Captain G. H.	118 9 6	Smith, Captain B. H.	53 8 11	——, Lieutenant S. W.
Sandford, Major C. A.	49 13 7	——. John	10 0 0	Stowell, C. S.

[illegible]					116	2	9	Tierney, Assistant Surgeon J. F.			8	11	0
n, Stuart					6	14	0	Till, Gilbert			2	8	0
, Dr. A. M.					171	7	9	Tissendie, Jacques			1172	2	6
, W. S.					32	0	0	Tonge, Mrs. M.			138	6	6
land, Captain and Brevet-Major A. G. C.					1014	4	6	Toulmin, Edward			10	0	0
, Lieutenant G. F. D.					1	8	0	———, Lieutenant T. H.			4	1	0
land, W. H. M.					5	8	10	Tranter, Sub-Assistant Surgeon G.			672	3	0
nham, J. R.					419	1	6	Travers, Lieutenant R.			18	10	0
en, W. W.					10	10	6	Trevanion, Lieut. J. F.			9	9	3
m, Captain S. C. A.					87	8	0	Tritton, Major W. M.			281	0	6
s, Assistant Surgeon John S. C.					58	5	1	———, Lieutenant E. S.			7	12	9
								Trood, Charles			639	9	10
		T.						Troup, Major W. A.			63	8	0
nacle, H. W.					31	8	0	Trower, Captain C. F.			3306	14	11
, Captain S. J.					489	0	6	Tulloh, Captain R. Henry			12	0	2
Serjeant W. R.					74	3	8	Turnbull, J. L., Dividend Account			8366	8	5
, Lieutenant W.					175	7	4	Turner, Mrs. Ann			28	0	0
, Lieutenant F. L.					7	2	0	———, Lieutenant F. M.			259	15	8
y, Lieutenant Richard					117	7	6	———, Lieutenant and Brevet-Captain G. F. W.			136	7	10
kissen Bannerjee					33	1	0	———, Captain J.			81	2	6
m, Robert					38	7	0	———, William			57	9	1
k, Assistant Surgeon W.					11	14	5	Twycross, Lieutenant W. S.			190	10	4
r, Captain J. H. G.					10	4	0	Tydd, A. G.			12	0	0
, Mrs. M. M., *alias* Dhermainville					28	9	11	Tytler, Lieutenant R. C. S. C.			499	2	0
, Lieutenant R. T.					726	13	2		U.				
, William					7	8	0	Urquhart, Major C. F.			11	4	0
, Dr. H. M.					58	10	6		V.				
, Lieutenant T. R.					0	10	0	Valentine, Major E.			223	11	10
rd, Mrs. H.					37	0	0	Vanhomrigh, Captain H. D.			122	15	10
leton, Jeremiah					5	8	3	Veal, Dr. William			205	4	0
well, Lieutenant O. D.					164	7	8	Vivian, Lieutenant R.			70	4	0
——, Captain F. J. R.					4	0	0	Volkers, G. H.			46	6	0
e, William					51	2	0	VonLintzgy, Dr. W. J.			7	8	6
ald, Lieutenant George					43	8	9		W.				
as, Joseph					5	0	0	Waddy, Captain W. P.			7	6	5
, Lieutenant W. H.					3	0	0	Walker, Captain S. C.			766	2	5
, J. S.					15	6	6	Wallace, Lieutenant F.			86	8	5
, Lieutenant-Colonel J. N.					1133	4	5	———, Serjeant William			24	2	5
, H. L.					29	13	0	Walsh, C.			4	0	0
, Lieutenant-Colonel E.					4375	14	8	Ward, T. C. B.			306	13	5
, David					10	0	0	——, Samuel			87	8	0
pson, Captain R.					718	0	0	Warne, Captain G. F.			28	1	3
——, Ensign William					275	14	2	Warner, Captain and Brevet-Major W. K.			16	6	0
son, Sir James (K.C.B.)					14	0	0	Warrand, R. H. M.			93	3	3
——, Lieutenant-Colonel G.					181	9	10	Warren, Lieutenant C. H. L.			208	1	3
——, Captain M. A. F.					230	9	0	———, Lieutenant D. C.			24	13	11
hill, Captain A.					11	14	2	Waterfield, Major John			44	0	0
——, J. B.					4	0	0	Waterworth, C. A.			34	4	0
mbe, Lieutenant Thomas					26	13	0	Watkins, Dr. John			16	13	10
								Watkis, Harry			163	15	
								Watson, Lieutenant-Colonel W. C.			14	12	
								Wandby, Lieutenant W. R.			18	0	
								Wealins, James			6	0	
								Webb, Gilbert			13	1	
								——, John			0	4	
								West, James			8	0	
								——, Mrs. E. M.			8	2	
								Whelan, Lieutenant E.			94	13	
								Whish, Lieutenant E. S.			7	15	
								Whitaker, Dr. J. H.			105	14	
								White, C. P.			47	4	
								——, Captain E. J.			73	1	
								——, Captain W. C.			3	2	
								——, Assistant Surgeon James Henry			0	0	
								Williams, Lieutenant-Colonel S.			280	12	
								Williamson, Major F. A.			75	7	
								——————, Brigadier George			806	10	
								Willis, George			14	12	
								——, Reverend F. D. A.			30	0	
								Willoughby, Lieutenant G. D.			18	1	
								Wilsey, Conductor E.			13	5	
								Wilson, Mrs. Jane			4819	3	
								——, Private John			52	7	
								——, Assistant Surgeon John			3	15	
								——, John			10	11	
								——, T. N.			285	13	
								——, Captain J. E. D.			381	0	
								Wimberley, Lieutenant E. B.			376	11	
								Winniett, Lieutenant A. W.			17	6	
								Winter, Serjeant George			35	4	
								Wishart, W.			149	6	
								Wollen, Lieutenant J. G.			380	6	
								Woodcock, Lieutenant H. T.			80	11	
								Woodhouse, Captain C. R.			1652	2	
								Wray, Assistant Surgeon C. W.			119	9	
								Wrench, Captain Alfred			62	1	
								Wrixon, R. B.			88	15	
								Wrottesley, H. E.			2181	6	
								Wylly, Captain F. A.			1516	6	
									Y.				
								Yates, Thomas			545	15	
								——, Surgeon W. H.			500	9	
								Yerbury, J. B.			60	0	
								York, Serjeant Richard			40	0	
								Young, Lieutenant J. M.			5	12	
								Younge, Mrs. Caroline			25	0	
								Younghusband, Lieutenant G. D. A.			13	9	

CALCUTTA,
The 31st December 1871.

E. E., L. P. D. BROUGHTON,
Administrator-General.

SCHEDULE E. of Unclaimed Balances of Estates under 500 Rupees deposited [illegible]lliam, under the Financial Secretary's letter [illegible] October 1852, Interest being allowed thereon by Government.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Cash. Rs. A. P.
A.		
Abbott, Lieutenant G.	5 June 63	2 1 7
Abdool Summud, Moulvy	Taken charge 1 June 58	45 3 8
Abraham, Mrs. S.	15 May 47	55 4 11
Ainslie, Colonel J.	23 Sept. 34	7 12 0
Alexander, Ensign W. F.	15 April 33	317 6 5
———, John	12 Oct. 41	53 13 3
———, Ensign G. W.	2 Nov. 40	20 1 4
Alldin, Lieutenant-Colonel J. J.	15 Dec. 34	41 9 2
Amos, Serjeant A.	16 Sept. 34	301 3 8
Anderson, Lieutenant R. W.	20 Nov. 54	4 11 1
———, James	15 May 43	7 12 5
Andrews, Brevet-Major W. E.	21 Nov. 54	7 8 2
Anquitel, Lieutenant-Colonel T. J.	4 Aug. 43	26 2 3
Aplin, Major C. D.	19 May 34	15 10 5
Apperley, Overseer J.	Taken charge 26 July 52	45 15 3
Apperly, Captain H., of Horse Artillery ...	... ...	57 5 4
Arrow, Lieutenant C.	12 Oct. 38	5 3 11
Ashruff Mistry, Shaik	4 Aug. 45	6 15 2
Auber, Captain Charles	17 Nov. 41	3 5 10
Augustin, Clement Simon	25 June 44	285 1 11
Auslan, C. P.	... ...	15 11 0
Austin, Mrs. Alice	Taken charge 2 Jan. 55	107 4 10
B.		
Babington, Dr. H.	15 Oct. 34	2 10 0
Baboman, H.	2 July 41	17 13 5
Bacon, Brevet-Major W.	27 Aug. 39	84 7 4
Bagg, Color Serjeant J.,—legacy account of Private Charles Arter	11 Jan. 62 / 10 Nov. 51	20 0 0 / 111 9 1
Bailey, Francis	12 June 19	45 1 6
Baillie, Mrs. Rosinah	13 Feb. 55	4 3 1
Baird, Ensign G. W.	... ...	36 3 11
Baker, Brevet-Captain F.	12 May 35	10 0 4
Bannerman, D.	... ...	21 12 4
———, J. M.	... ...	47 8 9
Barlow, A.	27 Nov. 37	2 4 2
Barnett, E.	1 Oct. 33	19 13 7
Barretto, Mrs Rozalia (Senior)	31 Dec. 44	8 6 5
Bayldon, Major R.	Taken charge In 1849	46 5 8
Beadon, H.	Taken charge 11 Oct. 54	3 2 0
Bean, Lieutenant C. C.	27 May 20	8 12 10
Bebee Hannah	... ...	14 12 3
——— Jowanee	... ...	12 7 3
——— Nancy Munro	... ...	13 7 4
——— Mahorel Nissa	22 Jan. 38	13 6 0
——— Radha	3 Mar. 46	187 4 7
——— Sophia	... ...	18 3 0
——— Sydee	... ...	53 12 0
Becher, C.	... ...	33 14 2
Begbie, Peter	28 Nov. 43	8 15 9
Bell, James	Taken charge 18 Aug. 55	3 1 9
Bendall, George Henry	... ...	7 12 5
Bennet, Miss L.	Taken charge 23 Aug. 53	4 12 1
Benson, James W.		
Bernard, Charles	12 June 51	
Billing, H. W.	... ...	
Binny, Charles	17 Oct. 37	
———, Mrs. Isabella	10 Feb. 34	
Birch, C. J. (formerly Lieutenant)	Taken charge 1 Aug. 50	
Black, Ensign J. R. C.	23 April 53	
———, Captain William	3 Mar. 46	
Blackburne, W.	16 Jan. 37	
Blake, Captain B	26 June 38	
Blood, Lieutenant M.	20 Dec. 31	
Boddam, R. H.	20 Dec. 36	
Bogle, George	10 June 34	
Bond, F. E.	24 April 48	
Bonner, Alexander	17 Dec. 45	
Bordieu, Mrs. H.	24 Nov. 58	
Bosanquet, J. J.	10 Sept. 45	
Boulton, Lieutenant C.	20 Oct. 40	
Bowie, Mrs. Mary	... ...	
Boys, Captain W. J. E.	25 July 54	
Braddon, Major R.	22 Aug. 34	
Bradshawe, Mrs. C. M.	... ...	
Brenan, Major A.	14 July 34	
Brightman, Ensign John Edward	Taken charge 15 Mar. 51	
Brodie, W.	8 Dec. 34	
Brown, John (Preventive Officer)	27 Mar. 50	
———, R. C.	... ...	
———, W. A.,—account legacy to Jeremiah Averahaw	... ...	
———, Dr.,—account legacy to Miss Rose DeCrus	... ...	

Browne, Captain A. P.	1 April 39	3 10 7	
———, Colonel B.	... ...	16 12 7	
Bruce, Lieutenant-Colonel L.	... ...	37 8 0	
———, Lieutenant R. R., of Artillery	1 April 39	19 14 4	
Buckingham, J.	23 Nov. 30	45 2 3	
Burgess, Mrs. Catherine	3 Jan. 43	16 5 11	
Burke, J.	... ...	195 14 0	
Burney, Lieutenant-Colonel H.	25 Aug. 46	100 1 0	
Burridge, Joseph	28 Sept. 57	6 1 8	
Burrows, Lieutenant R.	... ...	2 2 6	
Burt, Captain J.	9 Jan. 55	13 8 2	
Byng, Captain E. D.	... ...	12 12 6	
Byrne, Felix	Taken charge 1 Aug. 50	1 9 10	

C.

Cahil, R.	22 July 44	2 11 11	
Calcroft, Major-General H. F.	20 Oct. 34	9 1 11	
Camac, W.	... ...	5 9 9	
Campbell, D. K.	9 Dec. 50	4 14 1	
———, E.	4 Jan. 40	5 10 5	
———, H.	6 Dec. 64	271 14 4	
———, Lieutenant-Colonel J.	17 May 36	17 9 10	
Capes, E. E	8 Mar. 41	25 9 11	
——, William Edwin	5 May 64	94 0 7	
Carbery, D.,—share account of Robert, George, and Amelia Hanna A. Carbery, children of the deceased	Taken charge 13 April 60	68 12 1	
Carey, P., Deputy Assistant Commissary	3 April 50	5 13 11	
Carnel, Lieutenant R. R.	28 Sept. 60	8 14 8	
Carr, Gunner Joseph	5 July 56	4 10 9	
——, Gunner J.,—legacy account of William Henry Carr	Ditto	4 1 2	
Carrington, Mrs. Eliza	Taken charge 22 Aug. 53	127 4 6	
Carter, Richard	Taken charge 18 Oct. 53	45 14 5	
Carty, John	... ...	328 9 11	
Casement, Julius	25 June 35	13 7 0	
———, Major-General Sir W.	... ...	5 5 1	
Cearns, Master Pilot W. N.	5 Mar. 49	15 0 8	
Charlton, Dr. C.	... ...	16 6 8	
Chew, P. W.	29 Dec. 46	47 8 0	
Chisholm, John Seton	24 Jan. 54	12 3 5	
Christie, Brevet-Major E.	20 Nov. 49	75 0 0	
Clarke, Allen	Taken charge In 1847	117 5 11	
Claxton, W.	12 June 49	6 9 8	
Clarkson, Mrs. Eliza	20 Mar. 43	8 8 2	
———, Lieutenant H. C.	3 July 27	7 15 0	
Clerkson, Lieutenant H.	... ...	3 6 8	
Cliff, Captain E. H.	21 Nov. 42	20 14 6	
Clifford, Band-Master J.	Taken charge 19 Aug. 50	37 15 9	
Collins, G. T.	2 Dec. 33	48 4 0	
Colquhoun, A.	25 Aug. 34	46 10 4	
Compton, Dr. T.	17 Sept. 33	20 10 9	
———, John	Taken charge 6 Aug. 50	191 10 1	
Condie, Lieutenant W.	5 April 59	7 7 6	
Conroy, Conductor H. F.	... ...	67 10 9	
Cooke, Henry	... ...	162 2 6	
Cooper, Lieutenant-Colonel J. C.	21 Sept. 58	96 13 4	
Cormac, W.	16 May 37	54 0 10	
Cormick, Dr. John	13 May 34	13 15 0	
Corrie, Captain A. A. L.	9 Jan. 41	9 7 11	
Corson, A.	25 Mar. 28	2 11 11	
Cox, E. G.	14 May 55	7 4 9	
——, Captain G. H.	8 June 41	10 3 5	
Crahley, R. G.,—account of the ground at Sealdah	25 April 56	321 5 5	
Craig, James	Taken charge 6 Nov. 54	36 12 9	
Craigie, Lieutenant-Colonel John	... ...	145 4 10	
Cubitt, Lieutenant Thomas, of 49th N. I.	23 Dec. 50	35 2 6	
Cumming, A.	... ...	1 3 1	
Cunningham, David	Taken charge In 1839	90 13 6	

D.

DaCosta, J. S.	7 May 41	124 10 0	
DaCruz, Mrs. H.	5 June 58	55 8 4	
DeRozario, Miss Ann	... ...	119 4 3	
DeCruz, Mrs. Rose	... ...	173 4 1	
Dalston, Major G.	29 May 49	20 13 1	
Daniell, Captain J. H.	22 April 50	25 15 5	
Dare, Lieutenant William	13 Dec. 20	185 6 11	
Darling, Lieutenant P.	Taken charge 22 Dec. 54	10 4 1	
Davidson, Captain G. (Mariner)	Taken charge 5 Feb. 50	4 6 9	
———, T. R.	21 Oct. 51	54 3 3	
———, William	21 April 29	102 1 1	
Davis, Captain Charles Farquhar	1 June 55	7 0 3	
———, Bugle-Major G. W.	2 Dec. 52	2 2 3	
Dawkins, Captain C. D.	... ...	7 9 4	
Day, John Emmet	Taken charge 10 Mar. 65	8 11 10	
Deeds, E.	3 July 48	25 9 5	
DeMello, Mrs. Anna Maria	Taken charge 17 April 52		
Denby, Lieutenant-Colonel W. C.	3 May 42		
Denham, F. R.	7 Nov. 54		
———, T. H.	Ditto		
DeRozario, John	6 Dec. 53		
D'Escalento, Anna Maria	... ...		
DeSequiera, Maria	1 June 46		
DeSilva, D.	15 July 48		
Dick, J.	9 Aug. 25		
Dickson, Lieutenant-Colonel William	4 June 44		
Dillner, Band-Master C.	Taken charge 15 Dec. 60		
Doathis, F.	Taken charge 5 Nov. 60		
Donald, J. A.	Taken charge 7 Dec. 57		
Donovan, Mr. and Mrs. James	Taken charge 26 Sept. 51		
Dornet, J.	... ...		
Doris, Mrs. F.	... ...		
Douglas, Mrs. Catherine	Taken charge 7 Nov. 55		
Dowie, Lieutenant-Colonel D.	7 Nov. 32		
Dowson, Captain R., of 5th N. I.	12 Aug. 51		
Doyle, Mrs. Anne	1 Oct. 33		
Doyly, Captain T.	8 Aug. 37		
Duff, W. H.	31 July 54		
Dun, Major-General J.	17 Feb. 51		
Dunbersing, Lalla	15 April 46		
Duncan, Captain J. J. L.	Taken charge 10 July 61		
Dunlop, William	17 Sept. 41		
Duntze, S. M.	10 Aug. 41		
Dupius, Monsieur G.	Taken charge 8 April 55		
Durie, Lieutenant A. L.	16 Mar. 30		
Dyce, C. A.	Taken charge 9 April 53		
——, Colonel G. A. D.	24 April 34		
Dyson, Ensign J. C.	Taken charge 3 Jan. 59		

E.

Edmonstone, N. B.	23 July 41
Edom, Monsieur C.	Taken charge 28 April 35
Edward, George (Groom)	Taken charge 7 Aug. 50
Egerton, Captain J. F.	7 Sept. 47

E.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Cash. Rs. A. P.
E.		
Ekins, Lieutenant G. D., of 1st E. B. Fusiliers ...	6 Dec. 53	107 7 2
Elison, L.	Taken charge 13 Jan. 60	157 1 0
Erskine, Sir John Drummond	9 June 40	32 1 2
———, Major-General J.	... ...	76 7 10
F.		
Fagan, Lieutenant H., of 56th N. I.	Taken charge 5 Oct. 58	14 9 2
Falconer, Captain Peter ...	... ...	20 15 9
Fewell, W.	2 Dec. 34	8 6 1
Field, W. H.	21 July 46	226 14 0
FitzClarence, Lieutenant Henry	17 Nov. 41	2 15 9
FitzGerald, Mrs. M.	... ...	281 5 6
Fleming, D.	Taken charge 15 May 50	129 9 2
Flood, James	26 Dec. 37	2 5 7
Fogarty, Surgeon G. T. C.	21 Feb. 55	12 4 3
Foley, Mrs. E.	18 Mar. 44	76 11 5
Foote, Captain J.	2 Dec. 34	96 11 10
Forbes, Assistant Surgeon Charles	3 Jan. 55	4 1 9
Fowley, W.	... ...	12 5 0
Fraser, Lieutenant W.	... ...	4 6 3
———, Lieutenant S. C., of 2nd E. B. Fusiliers ...	6 Mar. 54	10 1 0
———, Captain E. W.	2 Sept. 51	184 9 3
French, Serjeant R.	17 Nov. 53	6 8 8
———, J. G. G.	... ...	50 13 10
Frushard, Lieutenant-Colonel James	30 Oct. 48	29 5 11
Fullerton, Assistant Overseer John	Taken charge 19 Jan. 52	257 5 11
F.		
Fulton, Captain G. W. W.	... ...	370 14 5
Futhulla, Esoof Suba	... ...	43 2 1
G.		
Gerard, Captain P.	22 Dec. 51	12 1 7
Gerrard, Mrs. M. A.	... ...	51 11 11
Gibson, Mrs. Sophia	4 Dec. 37	189 15 10
———, Stewart	3 April 50	297 7 11
———, W.	... ...	2 4 7
Gilbert, James	3 Aug. 35	13 8 9
Glanville, H. B. or H. V.	Taken charge 27 June 55	9 10 10
Glennie, Dr. W. R.	29 April 50	45 2 2
Glomier, M. S.	6 April 35	5 14 11
Goluckmoney Raur	... ...	13 14 2
Gomes, Mrs. M.	... ...	25 5 5
Gonsalves, Mrs. A. M. B.	... ...	21 2 8
Goons, Miss Mary	... ...	9 12 6
Gordon, James	31 Jan. 53	124 14 11
———, John	Taken charge 20 Feb. 50	102 0 0
———, Captain P.	30 Dec. 34	102 4 2
Graham, John	25 April 37	1 7 2
———, Robert	27 Dec. 25	4 13 8
———, R. B.	23 July 55	411 14 8
Grant, Lieutenant B. D.	12 June 55	6 4 1
———, Dr. G.	31 July 55	4 13 9
———, Dr. James (Civil Assistant Surgeon) ...	Taken charge 25 June 53	8 5 2
———, William (Auditor)	3 Feb. 47	47 8 5
Gray, Major J. C. C.	21 Sept. 52	19 0 0
G.		
Graves, William	13 Sept. 45	45
Gregg, Lieutenant H. J.	6 Jan. 47	205
Gregorie, Miss Julia	3 April 47	96
Grenon, Captain F. J.	... ...	35
Griffin, Ensign J. C.	Taken charge 1 Aug. 50	12
Griffiths, Evan	6 April 48	57
———, Lieutenant T. E.	30 Mar. 30	1
Grindall, Lieutenant C. F.	20 May 50	191
H.		
Hajee Mahomed Ally	22 June 46	178
Hall, H.	27 Feb. 43	53
Hamilton, Lieutenant F. W.	... ...	104
Hampton, John	7 Aug. 48	2
Handscomb, Brigadier-General J. H.	28 Mar. 58	45
Harcourt, Lieutenant Henry	18 Sept. 48	8
Hardwick, Captain Thomas...	22 Oct. 41	1
———, Major-General Thomas	22 Oct. 41	53
Harknett, Thomas	24 April 51	119
Hart, Captain and Brevet-Major S.	9 Nov. 40	7
Hartley, Mrs. E.	16 Jan. 37	27
Hatch, Lieutenant R. C.	30 April 44	20
Hay, Brevet-Captain E.	18 June 44	20
——, Captain J. (Mariner)	13 Oct. 40	24
——, Lieutenant R.	20 Jan. 37	176
Haynes, Assistant Surgeon William	24 Oct. 53	18
Heald, Thomas	Taken charge 14 Sept. 52	10
Heap, Thomas	10 Sept. 33	9
Heather,—account of legatees of Mathew Cranenburgh	... ...	222

Heffernan, R.	Taken charge 8 July 58	26	11	4
Hemming, Captain F.	24 Sept. 28	1	14	3
Henderson, Lieutenant D.	Taken charge 2 Oct. 58	379	4	0
Henley, Edward	14 Nov. 46	91	1	5
Henly, John	Taken charge 4 Jan. 51	5	0	8
Henry, Dr. W.	Taken charge 15 April 53	11	8	1
Hickie, Michael	2 May 37	137	9	4
Hickman, Mrs. M. A.	Taken charge 7 Jan. 57	17	0	4
Hicks, Captain G. W. S.	20 April 52	46	9	0
Higgins, G. F.	Taken charge 15 Sept. 51	106	11	4
———, Mrs. Amelia,—legacy to the beggars of Chunar	13 Oct. 62	50	0	0
Hill, J. M.	9 July 55	311	5	5
Hindmarsh, Captain J.	Taken charge In 1839	48	4	2
Hodges, Mrs. S.	... ...	3	8	9
Hodgson, Brian (C.S.)	23 Oct. 49	79	11	0
Hogg, Andrew,—share account of James Hogg	Taken charge 13 July 60	138	6	9
Horn, P. S.	22 Aug. 56	114	15	11
Hopkins, Captain P.	19 Dec. 43	3	6	8
Hore, Major W., of Her Majesty's 67th Foot	12 Jan. 35	75	6	11
Howard, Lieutenant James J. E.	28 Nov. 54	4	1	9
———, Captain W. H.	... ...	10	8	8
Howe, T. S. C.	... ...	29	0	11
Howell, Captain W. R. H. T.	5 Dec. 58	179	11	0
Hust, R. H.	8 Feb. 59	45	15	1
Hughes, M. John	1 Oct. 23	31	12	7
———, Captain E. J.	17 Jan. 59	17	6	8
Hull, Major L. N.	4 May 48	118	0	0
Humfrays, Captain A., of Artillery	17 Sept. 47	34	4	0
Humfreys, Captain R. A.	... ...	8	5	4
Hunt, J.	Taken charge 22 Aug. 57	14	6	3
Hunter, Lieutenant John	30 Dec. 45	49	4	9
Hutchings, Lieutenant G.	14 July 40	18	9	4
Hutchinson, Lieutenant B. M.	15 July 50	84	0	3
Hutchison, Lieutenant P. G.	8 Oct. 60	22	5	0
I.				
Inhoff, Charles Imhoff	10 May 25	419	11	0
Irwin, J. A.	29 June 30	147	1	6
Issur Chunder Mookerjee	Taken charge In 1847	11	10	1

J.				
Jackson, Captain A.	2 June 40	1	15	3
———, Mrs. C.	Taken charge 24 Feb. 58	191	8	9
Jalee Syrang	Taken charge 30 Sept. 56	21	15	10
Jamehoodeen, Prince	28 Sept. 44	10	11	0
James, Lieutenant J. T.	... ...	32	13	4
———, Mrs. M.	... ...	215	13	5
Jellicoe, Major A. H., of 55th N. I.	14 Jan. 56	8	9	3
Jenkins, E. W.	17 Dec. 41	3	2	0
Jerdan, G. C.	... ...	36	3	1
Jervis, Gamaliel	Taken charge 26 June 54	182	10	11
Johnson, Major J.	3 Feb. 40	115	7	10
———, Colonel J. M.	23 Sept. 34	67	7	6
Johnston, George	... ...	9	15	5
Jones, G.	... ...	204	8	11
K.				
Kadar Hussain, Khan Bahadoor, Nawab Meer	12 Sept. 37	337	12	10
Kauntze, Julia	29 Oct. 49	26	0	4
Keating, Mrs. Bridget	Taken charge 11 Dec. 51	41	1	5
Keiller, Major D. C.	9 Sept. 51	8	1	10
Kelley, M.	Taken charge 11 May 50	152	5	11
Kenderdine, D.	25 Jan. 36	6	11	1
Kennedy, Serjeant D.	3 May 45	3	13	10
Kerr, W. D.	... ...	5	9	4
Kew, W. D.	... ...	12	15	2
Keymer, James	22 April 33	183	3	3
Kirk, Mrs. C. L.	... ...	113	7	6
Kistomoney Bistobee	15 May 38	51	13	10
——— Dossee, Sreemutty	... ...	9	2	4
Knight, Captain J. R.	24 Jan. 27	4	7	6
Komulpersaud Banniah	1 Oct. 49	76	15	0
Kootuboodeen, Prince	... ...	78	12	8
———, share account of Jebunnessa and Khoyrunnessa Begum	... ...	108	9	5
L.				
Lacy, Captain W.	Taken charge 3 Mar. 51	68	8	2
Lambert, Lieutenant J.	1 June 47	86	8	7
———, J. C.	24 Nov. 45	97	5	0
———, Lieutenant P. C.	8 Feb. 47	90	9	10
Landers, J. H.	7 June 42	1	4	4

Lane, W.	... ...
———, Thomas	... ...
Larke, —	Taken charge 4 Oct. 59
Lawrence, E. C.	4 June 44
———, T. J.	Taken charge 27 Mar. 59
Lawrie, A.	6 May 45
Leeson, Brevet-Major J.	16 Oct. 48
LeFevre, Major-General P.	13 Mar. 46
Lefraper, E.	Taken charge 1 Nov. 53
LeVade, Mrs. Mary	... ...
Lewis, Ensign C. L.	16 May 46
Lindsay, G.	Taken charge 2 Oct. 50
Ling, Trooper Thomas	Taken charge 15 Dec. 60
Lithgow, Conductor Thomas	30 May 56
Lockhart, Major R. A.	Taken charge 3 Nov. 48
Long, Lieutenant E.	12 Oct. 38
Lowman, Mrs. E.	Taken charge 27 June 53
Lowrie, James	Taken charge 3 Oct. 50
Luckin, Lieutenant John H., of 14th N. I.	Taken charge 13 June 50
M.	
Mabert, W. T.	... ...
Macalister, Major-General K.	17 Oct. 37
Maconochie, D. S.	... ...
Macdonald, Alexander	15 Sept. 40
———, Lieutenant J. J.	8 Dec. 51
———, Major R. D. H.	... ...
Macdonell, Mrs. H.	Taken charge 16 Dec. 56
McCoy, Captain	Taken charge 29 July 52
McFarquhar, Major H.	... ...
McGrath, Surgeon John	20 Jan. 47
McGregor, Brevet-Captain A. N. M.	3 Nov. 46
McGowan, Ensign S.	16 Sept. 34
McHardy, Captain James	11 Aug. 34
McKenly, Captain C. B.	21 Nov. 42
McLanders, Serjeant T. M.	Taken charge 29 Nov. 58
Mackenzie, Alexander	10 Sept. 34
———, Captain George	26 Jan. 35

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Cash. Rs. A. P.
M.		
Mackenzie, Lieutenant G. S.	31 Mar. 45	11 10 7
——— ——, Dr. H.	27 Nov. 37	4 4 10
Mackinnon, C.	12 Mar. 44	63 2 0
———, Miss J.,—personalty account ...	29 Mar. 49	127 11 1
McLachlan, James	Taken charge 4 Aug. 52	186 0 2
McLean, Dr. Alexander	29 Jan. 55	5 12 6
McLellan, Charles	19 Nov. 49	7 15 0
McLeod, J.	... ...	2 4 0
———, Dr. B. W.	23 Dec. 56	15 8 0
McPherson, Ensign A. G.	... ...	116 5 11
Maconachie, H. D. M.	... ...	88 13 4
Macsween, Lieutenant H. D.	... ...	16 0 0
Maden, Mrs. C.	18 Feb. 42	5 13 0
Madhub Doss *alias* Madoo Mistry	Taken charge 6 April 58	163 14 2
Maelzer, Mrs. Amelia	Taken charge 14 Sept. 49	4 4 10
Maghoo, Mrs. Catherine	17 Dec. 41	3 7 4
Magney, Lieutenant C.	Taken charge 10 May 56	10 2 4
Mahon, Mrs. Mary Ann	16 May 37	25 7 11
Malchus, P. G.	... ...	147 4 8
Mansfield, James	... ...	11 9 0
Marcus, C. P.	... ...	2 14 8
———, J. P. (Senior)	27 July 58	58 1 2
———, J. P. (Junior)	18 June 59	35 5 8
Marshall, C. A.	19 Aug. 56	181 9 8
Martin, Lieutenant R.	14 Aug. 43	3 0 1
Marooth, H.	24 Sept. 39	212 15 5
Mason, Lieutenant and Brevet-Captain G. H. M. ...	3 Nov. 58	12 14 2
Maple, Lieutenant R.	... ...	20 2 8
Mavar, Captain G.	19 Jan. 35	8 2 6
Maxwell, Dr. Charles	30 Jan. 44	164 0 5
———, Brigadier-Colonel W. G.	... ...	4 12 8
May, Captain J. F.	11 Mar. 36	101 11 9
Mee, Ensign John Edmund ...	12 May 40	35 2 6
Meiklejohn, H. C.	19 July 49	21 2 11
Melville, William,—on account annuity for Mrs. M. McNair	1 Nov. 40	8 10 11
———, J.	... ...	6 14 8
Michie, Jonathan	Taken charge In 1841	31 1 10
Middleton, R. B.	12 Nov 34	36 10 0
Mill, Captain and Brevet-Major J.	5 April 59	8 0 0
Miller, Lieutenant George	1 Aug. 53	4 1 9
———, Mrs. A	... ...	9 5 8
Mills, John	.. ...	99 1 11
Mist, H.	Taken charge 18 Nov. 54	93 3 7
Mitford, Robert...	3 Aug. 41	83 6 10
Money, Lieutenant A. K.	27 June 12	29 10 7
———, Captain James	21 Nov. 55	10 4 9
Monk, Pay-Master R.	14 Dec. 41	2 3 8
Money, W.	Taken charge 6 April 59	42 10 11
More, F.	Taken charge 7 Oct. 58	61 10 5
Morgan, Dr. John	22 Nov. 58	446 14 4
Morris, Mrs. Ann	... ...	3 8 11
———, Brevet-Captain A. B., of 29th N. I. ...	2 Sept. 50	31 6 10
Morton, Revd. William	23 Feb. 58	5 13 11
Muir, M. F.	... ...	4 2 3
Mullins, Captain F.	23 Jan. 44	58 3 4
Mundy, Henry	16 Jan. 37	18 10 11
Munro, David E.	27 Sept. 36	142 1 0
Munro, W. R.	27 Mar. 37	
Munroud, T.	Taken charge 24 June 58	
Murton, C. C.	Taken charge 13 June 57	
Musslebrooke, James	Taken charge 6 May 51	
N.		
Napleton, Lieutenant-Colonel T. E. A.	15 June 52	
Narain Chund Sett	... ...	
Naylor, Major C. H.	Taken charge 28 Dec. 54	
Nepean, F.	14 Oct. 33	
Nevell, Charles...	Ditto	
Newall, Henry	28 Aug. 50	
Newton, Assistant Surgeon C.	2 Aug. 36	
Nicollee, Colonel P.	30 June 34	
Norton, F.	3 April 37	
——— ———, account of legacy for Mr. and Mrs. Benoist	3 April 57	
Norval, Dr. J.,—account for sundry legatees ...	12 Feb. 62	
Nott, Major-General Sir William	24 April 41	
O.		
O'Conor, M. J.	Taken charge 26 July 49	
Ogilvy, Lieutenant A. B.	17 Nov. 37	
Oliver, Captain James	2 Oct. 44	
Orton, Robert	3 Mar. 40	
Ousely, Lieutenant-Colonel J. P.	8 April 50	
Ovenstone, Captain D.	23 Mar. 43	
Owen, Assistant Surgeon W. C.	18 Oct. 53	

———	...	...	10	10	6
schal, Mrs. A., or Nayrah ...	1 Dec. 57	253	6	10	
terson, Dr. J. J. ...	11 Dec. 37	31	10	8	
ton, Captain John ...	18 Dec. 27	3	2	11	
ttenson, Charles ...	14 Nov. 42	11	2	3	
———, John	6 Feb. 35	10	8	6	
yne, Mrs. E.	13 June 51	8	15	8	
—, M.	21 Oct. 51	9	12	6	
ach, Serjeant	Taken charge 5 Feb. 50	7	1	9	
arson, D.	27 Dec. 42	34	11	9	
ckett, Colonel James ...	... ...	44	4	10	
dderick, Henry ...	Taken charge 7 Mar. 53	6	4	8	
el, Lieutenant J., of 37th N. I. ...	27 Aug. 49	3	10	0	
nny, Mrs. Margaret ...	8 April 39	13	8	5	
rron, General C.	... ...	25	14	11	
rry, Ensign C. H.	Taken charge 18 July 55	18	5	3	
w, Colonel P. L.	... ...	201	2	0	
ychers, A.	23 Mar. 60	53	2	1	
illips, Captain R. H.	8 Oct. 41	7	10	10	
ipps, Lieutenant W. F.	16 June 34	17	13	9	
you, William	... ...	3	2	1	
char, C. P., Private of Her Majesty's 3rd Dragoons	Taken charge 20 April 50	13	14	11	
ito, Francis D'Assis	Taken charge 22 Dec. 51	23	3	9	
tyfair, Lieutenant H. A.	2 July 50	20	1	0	
le, A.	Taken charge In 1843	62	12	3	
ole, G. H. M.	29 Jan 51	118	11	8	
ran, Hammerman	Taken charge 23 Oct. 56	52	3	3	
ynton, William	12 June 51	163	10	8	
ice, Band-Master J. H.	22 Sept. 46	3	8	7	
—, Joseph	14 Aug. 49	402	15	6	
—, Captain J....	... ...	9	7	11	
iest, Pensioner Bombardier O.	Taken charge 6 Sept. 56	40	15	11	
onje, Monsieur J. L.	... ...	9	14	5	
gh, Hugh	5 Nov. 45	4	15	3	
rvis, Lieutenant William (R. N.)	Taken charge In 1843	12	13	8	
ne, Lieutenant A. T.	24 June 23	20	2	10	
—, John	Taken charge 22 April 65	162	6	5	
... ...	10 Jan. 47	7	10	5	
Ramdhone Capooriah	21 Dec. 61	450	0	0	
Ramnarain Koondoo	22 April 45	15	9	4	
Ravenscroft, Mrs. J.,—legacy account of G. Stagg	Dec. 43	12	9	0	
Rawlins, Lieutenant-Colonel J.	12 June 57	69	0	0	
Read, James Henry Wallace	.. ...	143	15	4	
Reaves, George	12 Aug. 45	119	8	5	
Rees, Lieutenant W. E.	14 Oct. 33	4	4	10	
Remmington, Lieutenant J. C.	2 April 38	54	7	7	
Repton, Ensign H. T.	3 June 45	42	5	3	
———, Captain W. W.	17 Aug. 41	20	6	2	
Rich, Brigadier-General Robert	12 April 54	10	13	2	
Richard, L.	3 Jan. 53	3	4	8	
Robertson, Captain C. (Mariner)	... ...	4	5	4	
———, Colonel J.	7 Mar. 32	2	10	7	
Robinson, George	16 Mar. 35	9	6	0	
———, John	11 Mar. 36	7	11	5	
———, Lieutenant D.	Taken charge 24 Jan. 55	64	15	8	
Rogers, George	23 Mar. 35	1	11	3	
———, Dr. W. H.	8 Feb. 45	56	2	6	
Rolland, Assistant Surgeon P.,—legacy account of the widow of the deceased	20 Sept. 36	12	14	9	
Rees, David	1 Dec. 58	50	0	0	
Ross, Lieutenant-Colonel H.	Taken charge In 1848	6	14	4	
——, Lieutenant William Henry Drummond ...	5 Nov. 38	13	9	10	
Rothney, Assistant Surgeon J. H.	Taken charge 25 April 55	4	3	11	
Rowarth, Mark	31 Oct. 43	68	13	4	
Roy, Captain Peter	28 Dec. 30	7	1	0	
Roshworth, Mrs. E.	5 July 41	6	10	4	
Ruspini, Ensign W. B.	... ...	34	10	10	
Ryder, Major C.	... ...	12	6	6	
	7 July 34	53	15	7	
S.					
Sale, Lieutenant Henry P.	14 April 42	15	9	2	
Salt, J.	Taken charge 1 Aug. 50	39	4	4	
Sandford, E. M.	8 Dec. 41	5	3	8	
Sargent, Captain W.	23 Nov. 30	59	6	3	
Savigny, Alfred	1 Nov. 52	117	11	9	
Scott, Bazar Serjeant James...	... ...	14	10	3	
———, Dr. W.	22 Mar. 35	11	6	7	
Seanor, William, *alias* W. D.	21 Dec. 35	23	9	5	
Seeler, Sahib	Taken charge 6 Dec. 60	63	13	0	
Seers, F.	... ...	2	15	9	
Seton, A.,—on account Mural Tablet	... ...	6	11	7	
Shaw, Captain Duncan	Taken charge 15 July 52				
———, Jessina Rose	22 Sept. 34				
Sheills, Edward	26 May 47				
Sheriff, M.	30 Sept. 34				
Simons, A. M.	27 June 53				
Sinaes, William DeMonte	12 June 51				
Sinion, P.	Taken charge 28 Nov. 59				
Siret, Mathew	16 April 17				
Skane, George	Taken charge 21 Mar. 53				
Small, A.	Taken charge 5 Mar. 51				
Smalpage, Lieutenant Francis James	29 June 47				
Smith, Lieutenant-Colonel E. J.	9 Aug. 44				
———, J. F. (Mariner)	12 July 53				
———, Captain J. H.	21 Dec. 41				
———, Captain M.	... ...				
———, William	... ...				
———, William, Attorney's Clerk	... ...				
———, W. B.	Taken charge before 1838				
———, Ensign W. J.	17 Feb. 46				
———, William T.	13 May 34				
———, John	... ...				
———, J. T.	Taken charge 25 Oct. 58				
Sparks, Mrs. Mary	17 Nov. 41				
Spencer, Dr. T. K.	20 Sept. 36				
Spear, Dr. R.	... ...				
Sprat, Lieutenant G. H.	29 Oct. 49				
Stanley, Charles Hatfield	Taken charge 11 May 59				
Stewart, Colonel B.	21 Dec. 30				
———, John	5 Oct. 47				
———, Assistant Surgeon J. F.	7 Feb. 47				
———, Major-General Robert	7 Aug. 38				
St. John, Lieutenant the Hon'ble S. M. ...	2 Sept. 50				
Stotiery, H., *alias* C. Knight	Taken charge 13 Jan. 60				
Stratton, Assistant Surgeon A.	4 Dec. 37				
Strettel, C. G.	Taken charge 11 June 60				
Stuart, James	31 Dec. 38				
———, T. L. N.	... ...				
Sumbhoo Persaud Ruckett	18 July 56				
T.					
Takoor Tewary, Jemadar	Taken charge 6 May 57				
Talbert, John (Ship Chandler)	5 Dec. 43				

ESTATES.	Date of administration	Cash. Rs. A. P.
T.		
allan, Lieutenant William	7 Mar. 53	19 10 0
apley, Lieutenant R.	6 Mar. 16	132 9 9
atham, Robert	Taken charge In 1848	21 10 7
aylor, Mrs. M., *alias* Dhermanville	1 June 41	41 6 3
——, William	Taken charge 6 Feb. 52	48 5 1
homas, George	Taken charge 6 May 15	61 0 10
——, John	... ...	14 11 6
——, Major-General L.	... ...	251 7 5
——, W. B.	19 July 52	6 12 5
——, Joseph	29 Oct. 57	181 14 0
hompson, William	5 June 40	1 11 3
——, William (Attorney-at-Law)	25 July 54	343 8 5
homson, Captain M. A. F.	... ...	25 2 2
dcombe, Lieutenant Thomas	30 Dec. 53	8 1 11
t, J. O.	13 Aug. 41	71 10 2
rrens, H. W.	14 Sept. 52	20 4 6
ulmein, E.	Taken charge In Jan. 48	238 2 9
wnshend, W.	23 Dec. 63	567 9 8
egear, V.	21 Sept. 48	69 14 4
evor, Brevet Captain R. S.	25 April 43	23 8 11
oup, Major W. A.	31 July 48	24 3 1
neman, Serjeant	Taken charge 23 Dec. 50	9 10 10
rnbull, Dr. David	30 Sept. 34	101 7 3
rner, Mrs. Ann	Taken charge 6 June 53	293 14 4

ESTATES.	Date of administration	Cash. Rs. A. P.
Turner, Mrs. Frances	26 Jan. 53	5 1 10
Tweddle, Revd. W.	7 Jan. 33	8 12 2
Tytler, Lieutenant A. F.	7 Sept. 32	1 5 7
V.		
Vans Agnew, P. A.	Taken charge 11 Mar. 51	299 5 9
Vanvoorst, G.	... ...	3 7 2
Vardon, S. M.	15 July 45	3 4 0
Veal, Dr. William	25 June 50	69 0 1
W.		
Waddilove, J.	21 Mar. 36	29 10 10
Walker, J.	8 Feb. 59	161 15 7
Wallace, D.	... ...	86 8 8
Walsh, F. C.	Taken charge 18 May 60	64 6 4
Wallis, R. R.	... ...	105 14 3
Walter, Dr. Hopkins	2 May 37	2 10 2
Ward, Lieutenant E. B.	... ...	75 9 8
Ward, T. C. B.	2 June 51	19 5 11
Warde, Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur	27 Aug. 39	57 6 7
Warne, Captain George Frederick	11 Aug. 52	16 4 5
Watson, John	27 April 54	231 1 9
Webster, J. (Mariner)	6 Dec. 44	123 15 8
Welland, Captain W. P.	22 Aug. 48	12 13 0
Wellard, John Dunning	Taken charge 1 May 49	134 10 11
Wellesley, Gerald	7 Nov. 34	166 5 3
Wesmacott, Captain G. E., of 37th N. I. ...	2 Dec. 45	4 1 8
Whelan, Lieutenant Edward	Taken charge 2 Mar. 55	8 10 9

ESTATES.	Date of administration	C Rs
White, Mrs. E.	29 July 38	4
——, Henry	Taken charge 22 April 65	2
Whiteford, Captain Joseph	24 Jan. 41	14
Williamson, Brigadier G.	7 Mar. 42	6
Wingrave, Lieutenant J. H.	18 Dec. 36	5
Wishart, William	... ...	3
Woollen, Lieutenant J. G.	14 June 47	2
Wollocombe, Captain Thomas	... ...	
Wood, Captain B.	... ...	
——, Captain D. P.	17 Oct. 37	1
——, Lieutenant J. A.	17 Sept. 33	18
——, Samuel	20 Dec. 47	8
——, Lieutenant-Colonel S.	16 Nov. 30	2
Woodburn, Captain J.	13 Jan. 45	
Wray, Dr. O.	... ...	2
Wright, A.	15 Feb. 42	1
Wynch, P. M.	8 June 41	2
Wynne, R. O.	10 June 34	5
Y.		
Young, Assistant Overseer J. W.	Taken charge 7 Feb. 52	9
——, Captain M.	22 Dec. 34	
——, Captain P. A.	... ...	
Z.		
Zaffer Jung, Bahadoor, Nawab	16 May 37	2

CALCUTTA,
The 31st December 1871.

E. E.,
L. P. D. BROUGHTON,
Administrator-General.

(12

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No. 25 of 1872

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1872.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT, *separately, on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

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he Lower Provinces of Bengal during the week ending Monday, the 10th June 1872.

) SER AS DEFINED IN ACT XXXI, 1871, CONSISTING OF 85·7353 TOLAHS.

CE, COMMON.		BAJRA.			JOWAR.			GRAM.			SALT.			REMARKS.
Past week ending 3rd June 1872.	Corresponding week of 1871.	Present week ending 10th June 1872.	Past week ending 3rd June 1872.	Corresponding week of 1871.	Present week ending 10th June 1872.	Past week ending 3rd June 1872.	Corresponding week of 1871.	Present week ending 10th June 1872.	Past week ending 3rd June 1872.	Corresponding week of 1871.	Present week ending 10th June 1872.	Past week ending 3rd June 1872.	Corresponding week of 1871.	
20·5	21·4	...	...	...	...	...	31·7	29·8	29·8	24·2	7·4	7·4	7·4	
18·6	19·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	23·3	23·3	18·6	6·9	6·5	6·5	
19·5	21·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	22 3	20 5	18·6	6·5	6·5	6·5	
18	21	...	...	...	...	...	29	25	26	26	8	8	7	
16·7	18·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	20·9	20·9	17·7	6·9	6·9	6·9	
18·0	25·4	...	...	...	...	...	30·3	30·3	31·3	25·1	7·6	7·3	7·3	
26·1	28·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	23·3	23·3	22·3	6·9	6 9	6 9	
22·3	26·1	...	...	...	32·6	32·6	...	22·3	21·2	21·4	7·4	7 4	...	
21·5	30·9	...	...	...	23·3	23·3	40·1	...	...	...	5·5	5·5	5·5	
22·3	22·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	27·9	29·8	...	7·1	7·4	...	
27·9	33 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	16·3	17·9	17·7	6·9	6·9	6·9	
23·3	26,1	...	...	...	...	...	...	16·7	16·7	21·4	7·4	7·4	7·4	
25·7	20·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	15·2	15·2	13·9	6·9	6·9	6·9	
22·	21·9	24·7	25·1	23·7	29·1	32·1	26·1	16·3	16·2	14·4	8·2	8·2	7·5	
24·2	24·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	18·6	18 6	18·6	8·3	8·3	7·9	
26·1	19·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	18.7	18·7	14·9	8·7	8 7	7·4	
31·7	19·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	14·9	14·9	14·9	8·5	8·5	8·8	
27·1	27·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 9	15 6	14·9	8·0	8·0	7·8	
21·4	20·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	13·0	14·9	11·1	6·7	6·7	6·9	
37·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10·02	10·02	...	7·8	7·8	...	
29	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	23	21	8	8	8	
19·5	24·2	27·9	27·9	33·5	27·9	25·1	30·7	19 5	18·6	17·7	6·5	6·7	6·7	
22·3	23·3	...	...	...	27·9	29·8	33·5	13·0	13·0	...	5·5	4·1	5·1	
22·8	27·9	...	...	...	..	...	...	16·7	16·7	15·8	6·9	6 9	6·9	
37·3	41·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	21·4	21·4	23·3	5·7	5·7	5·8	
14·9	18·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	8·3	7·4	10·2	4·6	5·5	5·9	
16·7	18·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6·5	6·5	6·5	
20·5	24·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	7·4	7·4	7·4	5·5	5·5	5·5	
18·6	18·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 8	10·3	8·3	7·4	7·4	7·1	
16·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12·1	12·1	...	5·5	6·5	...	
18·6	13·06	...	...	...	37·3	37·3	39·6	14·9	14·9	10·2	7·9	7·9	7·4	
9·3	11·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	7·1	7·4	7·4	4·1	4·1	4·1	

the Lower Provinces of Bengal during the week ending Monday, the 10th June 1872.

17th, and past week ending Monday, 10th June 1872.

18·6	17·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	20·5	20·5	18·6	8·3	8·3	8·3
17·5	17·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	26·1	26·1	22·8	8·2	8·2	7·8
19·5	18·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	14·9	16·7	18·6	8·4	8·4	8·4
23·3	20·5	...	...	...	...	A.	..	21	25·3	...	7·4	7·4	7·9

ceived. | † Return defective.

Published for general information.

J. WARE ED

Offg. Junior Secretary to Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of the Lower Provinces of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending 15th June 1872.

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
1	Patna ...	June 15th	1·24	Very hot with strong easterly winds up to the 14th, on which date there was a good fall of rain as shown in the previous column, which is considered to have been general, but no information yet received from sub-divisions.	Very few crops in the fields, but what there are are doing fairly well, and must have been much benefited by the rain of the 14th.	
2	Gya ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.
3	Chumparun ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
4	Sarun ...	„ 15th	·69	East winds. Fair weather until Friday. The rains have apparently commenced.	The prospects of indigo are favorable. Cotton has been almost gathered. Sugarcane, sate dhan, moongh, and late cheena have grown up well Kado, shama, and Indian corn will soon be put in the ground.	
5	Shahabad ...	„ 15th	·11	Strong east wind. Heat excessive until 14th when rain fell. The appearance of the weather generally indicates the commencement of the rains.	Sowings for the bhadoi crops will now generally commence. Reports have not been received yet, but the rain, it is supposed, will benefit the indigo crop.	
6	Tirhoot ...	„ 15th	1·40	Cloudy with east winds almost all over the district. Rain wanted in some parts. In the north rain fell.	Indigo, rice, moongh, and other crops are doing well.	
7	Bhaugulpore ...	„ 15th	2·88	No rain reported in the north. Return from south not received.	The rains are evidently close at hand Indigo and young rice want rain. Sowings will proceed rapidly now.	
8	Monghyr ...	„ 15th	0·14	High east winds with threatening rain; little rain fell in places; storm and lightning in Jumooe sub-division.	There is a decided want of rain. The bhadoi crops, which are all in the ground, are greatly in want of rain; they are backward; but the rain of the 14th did good, and from the appearance of the weather it seems certain that rain has now set in for the season. In the Jumooe sub-division the prospects are good. In Begoo Serai jenerah sown in two or three places. Rain much wanted for it; mahai commenced in indigo. Rain also desirable for successful manufacture as there is a dearth of water.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
9	Purneah ...	June 15th	8·97	In the north there has been rain on and off all the week at the sudder station: and in the southern parts of the district it was very hot and rain was much wanted till last night when it fell in torrents.	Good every where; the recent rain has been of great benefit.	
10	Rajmehal ...	„ 15th	1·90	Rain appears fairly divided over district a little excess perhaps in the centre.	The rain has done much good every where. Agricultural operations have commenced; hitherto suspended for want of rain. Indigo well spoken of.	
11	Deoghur ...	„ 15th	1·85	Frequent storms with heavy rains; weather clearly indicating setting in of rains.	Sugarcane much improved; sowing generally has commenced.	
12	Nya Doomka ...	„ 15th	1·12	Hot with gathering clouds in early part of the week, ending with some rain the last three days, and great humidity.	General sowings commenced, and some dhan also has been sown where it is not intended to transplant.	
13	Godda ...	„ 15th	.....	Cloudy and strong easterly breezes, and the monsoons apparently have set in	There has not been rain enough to allow of the land being broken up. Cultivation will be backward this year	Rain gauge not yet received.
14	Jamtara ...	„ 15th	0·80	Stormy with passing showers. Rain has fallen throughout the sub-division.	Weather is very favorable for ploughing and sowing. Sugarcane thriving.	
15	Rajshahye ...	„ 15th	4·91	Cloudy and cool; the rains set in with a downpour on the night of Wednesday.	The rain has been of benefit to the amun and ous rice crops, and also to indigo. The teel crop is being harvested, and has turned out well. Sugarcane is doing well.	
16	Bograh ...	„ 15th	2·22	Heavy showers of rain during the past week. Atmosphere cloudy Hot.	Satisfactory.	
17	Dinagepore ...	„ 15th	2·07	There has been little or no rain during the week to the east and south of the district. Rain in other parts— Temp. highest 90° „ lowest 70°	What little boro dhan is grown has been cut: ploughing progressing: both bhadoi rice and jute reported promising.	
18	Maldah ...	„ 15th	4·62	Rainy and cool with strong easterly winds	The rain has done much good to bhadoi, amun, Indian corn, and Koda, and will benefit agricultural operations generally.	
19	Moorshedabad ...	„ 15th	10·82	A good deal of rain during the week; weather cooler.	Prospects of crops good, provided the water drains off rapidly enough: will do the mulberry a great deal of good, but has come rather late for the indigo.	
20	Pubna ...	„ 15th	7·16	Cloudy with some rain generally throughout the district.	Rain has been of benefit to rice and Indian corn and indigo.	
21	Rungpore ...	„ 15th	3·23	Heavy rain ...	The ous crop began to be cut. Other crops favorably progressing.	
22	Burdwan ...	„ 15th	2·69	Cool; sky overcast: general rainfall throughout the district which has proved beneficial to the agricultural operations. Rain fell on four days during the week.	Paddy seeds sown generally; sugarcane and cotton promising in the subdivision of Raneegunge, Cutwa, Bood-Bood, and Sudder.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
23	Bancoorah ...	1872. June 15th	1·93	Cloudy with sharp rain on the 8th and heavy rain on the 11th. Rain general except in the north-east where it had been slight. Rains evidently set in.	The rain has benefited considerably the growing crops—sugarcane, indigo, &c.; ploughing is vigorously pursued.	
24	Beerbhoom ...	„ 15th	0·6	The weather has been generally cloudy in the sudder station, but little rain has yet fallen, but there has been more or less almost throughout the district. The rains are undoubtedly setting in.	The want of rain for a month past retarded operations very much. Lands are still partly under preparation and partly sown. Sugarcane suffered from drought.	
25	Hooghly ...	„ 15th	4·80	Clear, cloudy, and high wind from the south. Rained throughout the district in showers for three days.	The last rains have greatly benefited the sowing and planting of the ous and amun crops and the growth of the seeds.	
26	Howrah ...	„ 15th	4·87	Rain has fallen more or less throughout the district and almost daily.	All crops have been improved by the rain; paddy is being sown in some places, while in others the seed has germinated, and the young seedlings in the nurseries are progressing satisfactorily. In some places the dhan has been sown broadcast and is doing well. In Oolooberia only there are no crops as yet.	
27	Midnapore ...	„ 15th	2·99	The rains appear to have set in definitely. Rain fell almost every day	The rain was somewhat late for the ous crop but will be greatly beneficial. Ploughing for the amun is general, and the prospects for this crop are all that could be desired at present.	
28	Nuddea ...	„ 15th	1·85	Showers and sunshine; monsoon commenced on Tuesday.	Excellant, except in the sub-division of Meherpore where rain is still wanted.	
29	Jessore ...	„ 15th	8·41	In north-west and east of district heavy rain; in south and south-east little or no rain. Weather very hot.	In the parts of the district where rain has fallen state of all crops—indigo, rice, jute—good; in parts where rain has not fallen the rice has suffered somewhat, but not as yet seriously.	
30	24-Pergunnahs ...	„ 15th	4·26	Cloudy and rained every where. The moonsoon has evidently commenced. Mean temperature 86°. Direction of wind south and east.	Ous and jute thriving; amun seedlings are flourishing, and the amun sowings have fairly commenced. Prospects favorable.	
31	Dacca ...	„ 15th	7·80	Rainy and cloudy. The rains have at last set in.	Prospects of the crops good all over the district.	
32	Backergunge ...	„ 15th	3·51	Rainy and cool ..	The rains have done much good and the prospects of the crops are more favorable.	
33	Furreedpore ...	„ 15th	1·60	Cloudy and tolerably cool, with frequent drizzling rain and showers from the 11th instant.	The rain has been very frequent during the week. The prospect of all crops in the ground is good.	Health continues good.
34	Mymensingh ...	„ 15th	4·16 6·46	Rain on six days of the week, and general throughout the district. Cool weather.	Cultivation of ous rice going on successfully. Prospects of crops good.	

	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
5	Sylhet ...	June 8th	24·82	The heavy rains this week have made the weather very pleasant— Max. Temp 89° Min. „ 72° 50′ Mean ... 16° 5″ Mean of H. Readings ... 84 : 4″ Mean of L. Readings ... 74—4″ Appx ditto of week ... 79·4″	Promising well. But much more weather like what there had been this week will be bad for the crops.	
	Cachar ...	„ 8th	4·35	Cloudy and rainy and cool.	Ploughing going on; prospects good at present.	
	Chittagong ...	„ 8th	·62	Hot, but generally windy with little rain.	Early sowings commenced in some parts.	
	Noakhally or Bullooah	„ 8th	0·69	It rained a little almost every day during the past week.	Ous crops, good.	
	Tipperah ...	„ 15th	1·56	Rainfall general but mild; weather generally cloudy and very cool.	The weather has been very beneficial after the sultriness of previous weeks to the young rice and jute crops. Chillies, teel and other small spring crops yielded a fair harvest.	
	Hill Tipperah ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.
	Hill Tracts of Chittagong.	.....	.....	.....	.. ...	Return not received.
	Cuttack ...	„ 15th	2·44	Cloudy; rain general, though less than at sudder station.	Ploughing and sowing for rice crop have progressed favorably.	
	Balasore ...	„ 15th	1·18	Commencement of the rains; heavy showers daily; less rain as yet in the south.	The rice crop has been sown and is coming up nicely.	
	Pooree ...	„ 8th	·08	Unseasonable drought	Sowing deferred in most places for want of rain.	
	Hazareebaugh ...	„ 15th	1·23 ...	Rain has fallen generally over the whole district.	Ground being broken up and prepared for Indian corn, &c.	
	Lohardugga ...	„ 15th	3·22 ...	The rains set in on Thursday; the fall appears to have been general in the district.	The dhan already sown is progressing favorably, and sowing is still going on.	
	Maunbhoom ...	...	...	.....	.....	Return not received.
	Singbhoom ...	„ 8th	0·30	Seasonable; dry and very hot.	Very discouraging.	
	Durrung ...	„ 8th	3·19	Variable ...	Favorable both as regards tea and the prospects of the ordinary crops.	
	Nowgong ..	„ 8th	3·46	Weather, rainy and seasonable.	Crops doing well. Tea ditto ditto.	
	Seebsaugor ...	„ 8th	0·71	The weather during the week was warm damp, and unhealthy	Satisfactory.	
	Kamroop ...	„ 8th	3·41	Wet ...	Prospects of crops and of tea favorable.	
	Luckimpore	„ 8th	1·72	Occasional showers daily; weather warm but seasonable. Thermometer— Maximum ... 96° Minimum ... 88°	No crops in the ground. Young rice not planted out.	
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills.	„ 8th	2·3	Fine.	Favorable.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
55	Naga Hills ...	June 1st	0·37	Intensely hot, close, and muggy. Rain much wanted.	Good in parts but not in others. At Samaguting the crops are suffering from want of rain.	
56	Julpigoree ...	„ 15th	7·37	From Saturday till Thursday few heavy showers with great heat, when rain was not falling. On Thursday night steady rain set in and continued to end of week. Rain is general over the district, but less towards Purneah.	Owing to early fall of rain bhadoi dhan and flax not as good as was anticipated where rain fell at sowing time. In other parts crops promise well.	There has been for the last fortnight a great deal of sickness: cholera and fever all over the district. This has been aggravated by irregular rainfall and great heat between the heavy showers. Weather has been more seasonable from last two days and sickness on decrease.
57	Gowalparah ...	„ 8th	17·26	Very heavy rain with occasional intervals of sunshine.	If not injured by heavy rains, there is prospect of a good harvest of asoo crop. Sowing of winter crops in nurseries has commenced.	
58	Garo Hills ...	„ 8th	7·85	Heavy storms in the beginning of the week, thunders and lightning and very heavy rain.	The Deputy Commissioner visited the Garo village of Rupajirra on Thursday. Crops look good. Rain was very late this season, and until lately rather scanty, but the prospects appear fair.	
59	Darjeeling ...	„ 15th	7·61	Seasonable. Rain has fallen freely.	The crops due at this season of this year in the hills have more or less failed. Food is therefore scarce, but continued enquiries do not lead the Deputy Commissioner to anticipate famine. The Collectors of Dinagepore, Rungpore, Purneah, and Julpigoree, have been asked to inform the grain-dealers of the price of rice in the Darjeeling bazar, and of the willingness of the authorities to afford assistance in the way of shed for their cattle, should they be tempted by the price to visit the district.	In consequence of the seasonable rains cholera is no longer epidemic.
60	Cooch Behar ...	„ 15th	12·57	Rainy. Seasonable.	Satisfactory.	

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA,
The 18th June 1872.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Divisions.	Stations.	Rain from 27th May to 2nd June 1872.	Rain from 3rd to 9th June 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872. Inches.	Rain from 1st January 1872. Up to date.	Remarks.
		Inches.	Inches			
Cuttack.	Cuttack { Telegraph Office ...	Nil	0·10	2·70	9th June 1872.	
	Cuttack { Jail ...	ditto	0·17	3·83	ditto.	
	False Point	ditto	Not received	5·04	2nd June 1872	
	Jajipore	ditto	Nil	5·17	9th June 1872.	
	Kendraparah	ditto	ditto	2·35	ditto.	
	Jugutsingpore	ditto	ditto	3·50	ditto.	
	Sambulpore	Not received	Not received	Nil	5th May 1872	
	Balasore	Nil	Nil	6·53	9th June 1872.	
	Bhuddruck	ditto	ditto	7·10	ditto.	
	Pooree	ditto	0·08	1·08	ditto.	
	Khoordah	Not received	Not received	0·58	26th May 1872.	
Chota Nagpore.	Hazareebaugh { Jail ..	Nil	Nil	2·73	9th June 1872.	
	Hazareebaugh { Dispensary ...	ditto	ditto	2·70	ditto	
	Burhee	Not received	Not received	3·53	5th May 1872.	
	Puchumba	Nil	1·78	4·81	9th June 1872.	
	Ranchee	ditto	Nil	4·97	ditto.	
	Palamow	ditto	ditto	3·02	ditto.	
	Purulia	ditto	0·15	5·86	ditto.	
	Gobindpore	ditto	2·16	4·58	ditto.	
	Chyebassa	ditto	0·70	4·61	ditto.	
Patna.	Patna (Bankipore) ...	ditto	Nil	4·05	ditto.	
	Dinapore { Jail	Not received	Not received	2·86	14th April 1872	
	Dinapore { Cantonment ...	Nil	Nil	5·58	9th June 1872	
	Behar	ditto	ditto	4·27	ditto.	
	Barh	ditto	ditto	5·03	ditto.	
	Gya	ditto	ditto	3·15	ditto.	
	Sherghotty	ditto	ditto	5·87	ditto.	
	Nowadah	ditto	ditto	4·62	ditto.	Not received 13th to 19th May.
	Arungabad	ditto	Not received	3·73	2nd June 1872	
	Chumparun	ditto	Nil	3·51	9th June 1872.	
	Bettiah	ditto	ditto	2·20	ditto.	
	Chuprah	ditto	ditto	4·18	ditto.	
	Sewan	ditto	ditto	2·26	ditto.	Not received 27th May to 2nd June.
	Mozuffurpore	Not received	ditto	7·84	ditto ...	
	Durbhangah	Nil	ditto	1·73	ditto.	Not received 13th May to 2nd June.
	Seetamaree	Not received	1·10	6·35	ditto ...	Not received 27th May to 2nd June.
	Tajpore	ditto	Nil	5·67	ditto ...	
	Mudhubani	Nil	ditto	6·27	ditto.	
	Hajipore	ditto	ditto	4·59	ditto.	
	Arrah	ditto	ditto	3·59	ditto.	
	Buxar	ditto	ditto	3·41	ditto.	
	Sasseram	ditto	ditto	2·52	ditto.	
	Bhubooah	ditto	ditto	3·30	ditto.	
	Benares	ditto	ditto	2·15	ditto	
Bhaugulpore.	Bhaugulpore	ditto	0·63	3·68	ditto.	
	Mudheypoorah	ditto	Nil	5·48	ditto.	
	Banka	ditto	0·70	4·85	ditto.	
	Soopool	ditto	Nil	3·05	ditto.	
	Monghyr	ditto	ditto	5·28	ditto ...	Not recorded 29th January to 3rd February.
	Jamoore	ditto	Not received	4·96	26th May 1872	
	Begooserai	Nil	0·30	4·10	9th June 1872.	
	Deoghur	Not received	1·15	7·52	ditto ...	Not received 27th May to 2nd June.
	Jamtara ...	Nil	Not received	3·10	2nd June 1872	
	Rajmehal	ditto	0·19	5·71	9th June 1872.	
	Pakour	ditto	0·35	5·56	ditto.	
	Nya-Doom'	ditto	Nil	4·62	ditto.	
	[illegible]	0·02	3·28	8·94	ditto.	
	Kishengunge	Nil	Nil	7·14	ditto ...	Not recorded 22nd to 28th Jan.
	Arrareah					
Rajshahye.	Rampore Beauleah... ...	ditto	0·48	6·62	ditto.	
	Nattore	ditto	0·64	9·73	ditto.	
	Bograh	ditto	1·83	15·83	ditto.	
	Dinagepore	ditto	3·32	9·17	ditto.	
	Maidah	ditto	0·54	5·29	ditto.	
	Berhampore	0·03	0·71	7·66	ditto.	
	Jungipore	Nil	1·08	8·21	ditto.	
	Laulbaugh	ditto	1·20	8·24	ditto.	
	Jamoonakandi	Not received	Not received	2·75	19th May 1872.	
	Pubna .. .	Nil	1·09	12·78	9th June 1872.	
	Serajgunge	ditto	3·21	14·31	ditto.	
	Rungpore	0·80	6·97	20·39	ditto.	
	Bhowanigunge	1·32	Not received	9·95	2nd June 1872.	
	Titalya	0·41	3·56	13·54	9th June 1872	
Burdwan.	Burdwan	Nil	1·38	6·51	ditto.	
	Cutwa	ditto	3·01	7·81	ditto.	
	Culna	ditto	1·15	5·79	ditto.	
	Bood-Bood	ditto	2·13	6·44	ditto.	
	Bancoorah ...	ditto	1·35	7·15	ditto.	
	Raneegunge	0·40	1·14	4·73	ditto.	
	Sooree	Nil	Nil	9·26	ditto.	
	Hooghly	ditto	1·00	9·78	ditto.	
	Serampore	ditto	1·34	13·16	ditto.	
	Jehanabad	ditto	0·02	8·71	ditto.	
	Howrah	ditto	0·58	7·04	ditto.	
	Midnapore ..	ditto	1·81	4·65	ditto.	
	Contai { Ly. Collr.'s Office...	ditto	1·77	5·07	ditto.	
	Contai { Exe. Engr.'s Office...	ditto	1·97	5·97	ditto.	
	Gurbetta	ditto	0·62	5·84	ditto.	
	Tumlook	ditto	1·15	4·45	ditto.	

Divisions.	Stations.	Rain from 27th May to 2nd June 1872.	Rain from 3rd to 9th June 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872.		Remarks.
				Inches.	Up to date.	
		Inches.	Inches.			
Presidency.	Krisnaghur	Nil	0·93	8·08	9th June 1872.	
	Bongong	ditto	0·65	6·53	ditto.	
	Ranaghat	0·18	0·76	8·09	ditto.	
	Meherpore	Nil	0·38	9·38	ditto.	
	Chooadangah	ditto	0·80	11·10	ditto.	
	Kooshtea	ditto	1·02	7·43	ditto.	
	Jessore ...	0·02	1·79	21·18	ditto.	
	Khoolnaah	Nil	1·00	11·98	ditto.	
	Jeindah	Not received	Not received	13·08	26th May 1872.	
	Nurail	ditto	ditto	20·04	ditto.	
	Magoorah	ditto	ditto	8·83	ditto.	
	Bagirhaut	ditto	ditto	9·42	ditto.	
	Saugor Island	Nil	1·70	6·22	9th June 1872.	
	Calcutta	ditto	0·78	7·77	ditto.	
	Alipore { Hospital ...	ditto	0·62	7·09	ditto.	
	Alipore { Jail	ditto	0·68	7·11	ditto.	
	Barrackpore	ditto	0·80	12·05	ditto.	
	Dum-Dum	ditto	0·34	11·40	ditto.	
	Baraset	0·10	0·21	8·42	ditto.	
	Satkherah	Nil	1·48	12·85	ditto.	
	Busseerhaut	ditto	2·00	10·60	ditto.	
	Diamond Harbour	ditto	0·86	4·57	ditto.	
	Barripore	ditto	0·64	7·03	ditto.	
Dacca.	Dacca { Telegraph Office ...	Not received	0·68	18·21	ditto. ...	Not received 27th May to 2nd June.
	Dacca { Jail	Nil	1·15	17·80	ditto.	
	Burrisaul	ditto	Nil	17·86	ditto.	
	Dowlat Khan	ditto	0·38	11·00	ditto.	
	Perozepore	ditto	1·35	12·07	ditto.	
	Madaripore	ditto	1·67	26·14	ditto.	
	Patoonkhally ...	ditto	0·19	4·28	ditto ...	From 13th May.
	Furreedpore	ditto	Nil	11·72	ditto.	
	Goalundo	ditto	0·11	11·13	ditto.	
	Mymensing	ditto	6·48	18·77	ditto.	
	Jamalpore	ditto	4·95	14·50	ditto.	
	Attiah	ditto	1·00	11·17	ditto.	
	Kishoregunge	0·90	2·25	24·49	ditto.	
	Sylhet	7·75	24·30	79·02	ditto.	
	Cachar	0·43	7·10	50·74	ditto.	
	Hylakandy	0·58	ditto	38·69	2nd June 1872.	
	Koyah	4·93	7·06	52·69	9th June 1872	Not received 6th to 12th May.
Chittagong.	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	0·10	0·90	10·90	ditto.	
	Chittagong { Jail ...	Nil	0·68	11·33	ditto.	
	Cox's Bazar	0·24	Not received	17·87	2nd June 1872.	
	Rangamatee Hill	Nil	2·62	23·66	9th June 1872.	
	Noakhally	ditto	2·78	21·25	ditto.	
	Tipperah	ditto	1·95	19·73	ditto.	
	Brahmanbariah ...	0·09	Not received.	17·82	2nd June 1872.	
	Akyab	5·00	14·00	31·90	9th June 1872.	
Cooch Behar.	Cooch Behar	6·53	19·83	46·87	ditto.	
	Buxa	7·16	5·50	30·59	ditto.	
	Goalparah	Not received	Not received	15·53	19th May 1872.	
	Dhoobree	6·30	15·15	48·25	9th June 1872.	
	Tura (Garo Hills) ...	4·36	6·82	27·50	ditto.	
	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	Not received	ditto	8·44	30th April 1872	
	Darjeeling { Hospital ..	0·31	2·63	13·13	9th June 1872.	
	Rungbee	Not received	Not received	8·13	30th April 1872	
	Julpigoree	5·01	4·31	28·82	9th June 1872	
	Boda	0·02	0·09	8·64	ditto.	
Assam.	Tezpore	3·77	1·70	23·33	ditto.	
	Nowgong	5·13	1·67	54·38	ditto.	
	Mungledye	1·74	Not received	23·55	2nd June 1872.	
	Burpettan	3·65	ditto	27·96	ditto.	
	Gowhatty	2·28	2·94	22·42	9th June 1872.	
	Seebsangor	0·12	Not received	33·46	2nd June 1872	
	Jorehaut	0·80	ditto	26·12	ditto.	
	Golaghat	1·10	ditto	20·47	ditto.	
	Nazeerah	1·36	ditto	23·09	ditto.	
	Debrooghur	0·87	ditto	3·48	ditto.	
	Suddiya	Nil	ditto	29·03	ditto ...	Not received 20th to 26th May.
	Shillong	0·55	ditto	10·28	ditto.	
	Cherrapoonjee	7·92	ditto	81·96	ditto.	
	Jaowai	0·17	ditto	19·66	ditto.	
	Samoogoodting	Not received	ditto	2·23	11th April 1872.	

W. G. Willison,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Calcutta,
The 15th June 1872.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 9th to 15th June 1872.

Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	Thermometer. Dry.	Thermometer. Wet.	Humidity Sat. =100.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
June											
9th	10	29·740	29·758	85·3	82·3	91	S by W	...	0·29	.....	*o*
	16	29·642	29·660	89·6	81·2	67	S	...	0·16	CK	
10th	10	29·711	29·759	91·0	83 1	70	S	...	Nil	CK,K	
	16	29 6·8	29·826	91·9	82·2	63	S	...	Nil	S	
11th	10	29·857	29 675	90 7	82·0	66	S by W	...	0·67	K,CK	
	16	29 529	29 547	89·7	82·5	71	S	...	...	N	*o*
12th	10	29 625	29·643	83·3	80·5	87	S W	...	0·40	.....	*o, d*
	16	29·519	29·537	84·0	80·5	85	S S E	...	0·03	N	
13th	10	29·608	29·626	80·8	82·5	81	S S E	...	0 06	N, K	
	16	29 549	29·567	87·0	80·8	75	S S E	...	...	N	*o, t*
14th	10	29·729	29·747	78·	77·	95	S E	...	3·78	.....	*o*
	16	29·668	29 686	84·9	85·	85	S by E	...	...	S	Scuds from S by E
15th	10	29·789	29·8 7	82 5	80·3	91	S S E	...	0·33	S	
	16	29·678	29·696	88·9	81 0	69	S	...	...	C, CK	
9th	10	29·776	29·782	89	83	76	S W	16·1*	...	N	*o*, scuds
	16	29·646	29·652	90	84	76	S	17·9*	...	KS	
10th	10	29·753	29·759	91	85	77	S S W	18·9*	...	N	*b*, scuds
	16	29·630	29 636	91	83	70	S	17·1*	...	N	*u*, scuds
11th	10	29 669	29·675	91	84	73	S W	19 5*	...	K	scuds
	16	29·534	29 540	89	83	76	S S W	21 7*	...	N	
12th	10	29·609	29·615	86	83	87	S W	15·9*	0·90	N	*o, m, u*
	16	29·519	29·525	86	82	83	S	14·4*	0·10	N	*m. p, o, u*
13th	10	29·645	29 651	80	79	95	W S W	10 9*	0 40	N	*p, o, u, v*
	16	29·557	29·563	83	80	87	S S W	11·7*	0·50	N	*o, r*
14th	10	29 732	29·738	84	81	87	S S E	5 2*	1·50	N	*o, r*
	16	29·675	29·681	83	80	87	S E	10·7*	0·10	N	*o, u, v*
15th	10	29·739	29 805	87	83	83	S E	7·1*	0·20	N	*o, u*
	16	29·698	29·704	88	81	72	S	14·3*	...	N	*b*
9th	10	29·725	29·817	87	81	76	S W	4·2*	...	K, KS	*b*
	16	29·643	29·734	89	82	73	W	10·4*	...	K, KS	*b*
10th	10	29·730	29·821	88	80	69	W	3·8*	...	K, KS	
	16	29·625	29·716	86	80	75	W S W	11·3*	...	C, CK, KS	*b*
11th	10	29·676	29·768	83	80	87	W	4·2*	0·30	KS	*u, g*
	16	29·573	29·666	82	79	87	W N W	10·4*	...	KS, C	
12th	10	29·651	29·743	85	79	75	S	4·4*	...	K, KS	
	16	29·546	29·639	82	78	82	W N W	8 1*	1·00	K	*u, g*
13th	10	29·664	29·757	78	77	95	S	5·1*	0·80	KS	*d, u, g*
	16	29·601	29·694	80	77	86	S W	8·5*	...	KS	*d, u*
14th	10	29·758	29·851	81	78	86	S	5·4*	...	N	*d, u, g*
	16	29 653	29 745	85	79	75	S	10·4*	0·40	K, C, KS	*u*
15th	10	29·770	29·862	87	79	68	S	8·1*	...	K, CK	*b*
	16	29·663	29·754	90	81	66	W	7·8*	...	CK, C	*b*
9th	10	29·767	29·797	88	78	62	S E by S	9*	...	.....	*b*
	16	29·660	29·690	90	80	63	E S E	12*	...	.....	*b*
10th	10	29·747	29·777	91	79	56	S S E	5*	...	C	*b*
	16	29 661	29·691	88	79	65	S E by E	13*	...	.....	*bc*
11th	10	29·723	29 753	91	80	60	S E by S	9*	...	.....	*bc*
	16	29 604	29 634	89	80	66	S E	13*	...	.....	fine
12th	10	29 653	29 683	89	80	66	S S E	8*	...	.....	light clouds
	16	29 547	29·577	89	81	69	S E	12*	...	.....	*m*
13th	10	29 639	29 699	94	79	49	W N W	11*	...	.....	*m*
	16	29·607	29·637	83	73	60	N N E	13*	0·04	.....	cloudy
14th	10	29 689	29 719	89	76	52	W by N	14*	0·45	.....	*m*
	16	29 602	29·632	98	77	35	S W	6*	...	.....	*bc*
15th	10	29·706	29·736	92	78	51	W N W	5*	...	.....	cloudy
	16	29 621	29 651	84	79	79	E S E	3*	0·01	.....	cloudy
9th	10	29·683	29·764	93	79	51	S W	9·5*	...	C	fair
	16	29·550	29 631	97	70	42	S S W	13·0*	...	.....	fair
10th	10	29 683	29·764	94	81	55	S W	9·5*	...	CK	fair
	16	29·614	29·697	81	79	91	S	7·7*	1·20	N	*p*
11th	10	29·616	29.697	92	82	63	W S W	6·4*	...	.....	fair
	16	29·454	29 535	96	87	68	S W	9·4*	...	K	fair
12th	10	29 519	29 600	90	82	69	S S W	6 5*	0·30	CS	*r, l*, cloudy
	16	29 451	29·532	92	80	57	S	6 3*	...	K, N	cloudy
13th	10	29·547	29·629	83	78	78	S W	5 6*	...	KS, N	cloudy
	16	29·509	29 590	90	79	59	S S W	0·22*	...	KS, N	cloudy
14th	10	29 646	29 728	85	80	79	S W	4·5*	0 20	C, K	cloudy
	16	29·594	29·676	87	79	68	S S E	3·4*	0·80	.....	*r*
15th	10	29·700	29 783	84	80	83	S S E	2·4*	...	N	cloudy
	16	29·641	29·723	87	82	79	S E	6 3*	...	N	cloudy
9th	10	29·818	29·839	86	80	75	S	0·1*	...	.....	*b*
	16	29 707	29 728	86	81	79	S S W	0·3*	0·40	.....	*b*
10th	10	29 798	29·819	85	80	79	S	0·1*	...	.....	*b*
	16	29 697	29·718	87	80	72	N N W	1·8*	...	.....	*b, g*
11th	10	29·758	29·779	84	79	79	S S W	0·2*	...	.....	*b*
	16	29·635	29·656	87	82	79	S S W	2·3*	...	.....	*b*
12th	10	29·690	29·712	82	79	87	S E	1·1*	...	.....	*b*
	16	29·615	29 636	83	79	83	S	4·1*	0·80	.....	*b*
13th	10	29·750	29·772	82	80	91	S E	1·6*	...	.....	*d*
	16	29·670	29·692	82	79	87	S	1·8*	0·60	.....	*d*
14th	10	29·870	29·892	77	75	90	E	2·5*	...	.....	*r*
	16	29·737	29·758	83	78	78	E	2 0*	4·30	.....	*b*
15th	10	29 831	29·852	87	82	79	E N E	0·5*	...	.....	*b*
	16	29·741	29·762	83	75	67	S	0·8*	...	.....	*b*

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
he 15th June 1872.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 8th to 14th June 1872.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Thermometer.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Wind.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	General Remarks.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	O	O	O	O	O	O	O		lb	Miles.	In.		
June ...	8th	29·670	95·5	79·5	141·4	87·8	80·0	75·3	0·67	S by E & S	1·8	288·6	0·07	...	Clear, cumuli, and overcast. Brisk wind from 8½ A.M. to 6 P.M. Thunder from 8½ to 10 P.M. Lightning from 7 to 10 P.M. Slight rain from 8½ to 11 P.M.
	9th	·684	90·2	80·0	135·0	85·0	81·1	78·4	·81	S by W & S	0·8	318·2	0 38	...	Overcast and stratoni. Lightning at 8 and 11 P.M. Slight rain from 3¾ to 11 P.M.
	10th	·679	91·9	80·0	140·0	86·1	81·0	77·4	·76	S by E & S	1·0	212·9	0·67	...	Clear, cirro cumuli, stratoni and overcast. Brisk wind from 9½ to 11 A.M. Thunder from 5½ to 8 P.M. Lightning at 7 and 8 P.M. Slight rain at 1 and from 7½ to 9 P.M.
	11th	·602	92·3	77·1	138·0	84·1	80·3	77·6	·81	S by E & S	2·3	231·3	0·40	...	Cirrocumuli, stratoni and overcast. Brisk wind from 4½ to 5 P.M. Thunder from 4½ to 7 P.M. Lightning from 4½ to 9 P.M. Slight rain from 4½ to 8 P.M.
	12th	·573	85·5	77·5	...	81·8	79·3	77·5	·87	S by E., S. W & S S E	...	138·0	0·03	...	Overcast and cirrocumuli. Thunder at 11½ A.M. Lightning on S. at 8 P.M. Light rain from 10 A.M. to 1½ P.M.
	13th	·591	91·0	79·0	145·0	83·3	79·9	77·5	·83	S S E & S	0·8	183·0	0·64	...	Cumuli and overcast. Thunder from 4 to 11 P.M. Lightning at 2 A.M. and from 5¾ to 11 P.M. Slight rain at midnight and from 4¼ to 8, and at 10½ P.M.
	14th	·686	84·0	76·5	119·5	80·0	78·5	77·4	·92	S E & S S E	0·5	292·0	3·20	)	Overcast and cirrocumuli. Thunder from midnight to 4 A.M. Lightning from midnight to 5 A.M. Rain from midnight to 8 A.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four-hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet, 10 inches, above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days ...	19·0
The max. temperature during the past seven days ...	95·5
The max. temperature during the corresponding period of the past year ...	90·0
The mean humidity during the past seven days ...	0·81
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year ...	0·90
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th ... by lower rain gauge ...	·39
The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th ... by anemometer gauge ...	4·81
Ditto ditto average of eighteen previous years ...	4·02
Ditto between the 1st January and the 14th June ...	12·79
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, average of eighteen previous years ...	17·88

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 17th June 1872.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th June 1872, on 1,280 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.			Total traffic receipts.
	Number of Passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	118,239	1,35,961 15 4	12,463 3 7	636,097 20	2,80,732 2 3*	26,568 15 7	39,021 19 2
Per mile of railway ...	...	106 3 6	9 14 9	.....	226 5 8	20 15 0	30 9 9
For previous 22 weeks of half-year...	2,374,872	36,84,507 7 0	337,746 10 3	15,201,832 10	84,24,736 1 9	772,267 9 7	1,110,013 19 10
Total for 23 weeks ...	2,493,111	38,20,469 6 4	350,209 13 10	15,840,929 30	87,14,468 4 0	798,826 5 2	1,149,035 19 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	101,601	1,14,830 1 7	10,526 1 10	533,524 20	3,09,835 6 10	28,401 11 7	38,927 13 5
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	89 11 11	8 4 7	.....	242 2 6	22 3 11	30 8 6
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,468,841½	35,04,051 4 5	321,204 14 6	14,834,400 30	86,41,598 5 11	792,146 10 3	1,113,351 4 3

* Rupees 6,000 added on account of freight less included in previous weeks.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th June 1872, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	6,231	18,539 11 5	1,698 13 0	86 039 30	21,705 9 6	1,989 13 7	3,688 6 7
Per mile of railway	... ...	82 14 7	7 12 0	.....	97 1 10	8 18 1	16 10 1
For previous 22 weeks of half-year...	122,728	3,68,158 2 11	33,747 16 8	1,577,725 30	4,51,775 4 3	41,412 14 8	75,160 11 4
Total for 23 weeks ...	128,959	3,86,698 14 4	35,446 9 8	1,663,765 20	4,73,480 13 9	43,402 8 3	78,848 17 11
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	4,403½	11,160 3 6	1,023 0 5	66,190 30	19,347 11 9	1,773 10 10	2,796 11 3
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	.....	50 0 9	4 11 9	.. ..	86 12 2	7 19 1	12 10 10
Total to corresponding date of previous year	106,635½	3,51,484 6 5	32,219 8 1	1,354,828 30	3,97,827 1 3	36,467 9 7	68,086 17 8

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th June 1872, on 28 miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	4,510	785 6 3	78 10 9	14,350 0	438 5 6	43 16 9	122 7 6
Or per mile of railway ...	162	28 0 10	2 16 1	513 0	15 10 6	1 11 4	4 7 5
For previous 9 weeks of half-year ..	52,989½	8,544 14 6	854 9 10	140,934 20	4,362 13 6	436 5 8	1,290 15 6
Total for 10 weeks ...	57,529½	9,330 4 9	933 0 7	155,284 20	4,801 3 0	480 2 5	1,413 3 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	5,478	1,245 11 9	124 11 6	10,114 0	308 7 6	30 16 11	161 8 5
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	196	44 7 10	4 9 0	361 9	11 3 0	1 2 4	5 11 4
Total to corresponding date of previous year	59,637½	12,651 5 9	1,265 2 9	116,302 10	3,310 2 9	331 0 3	1,602 3 0

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th June 1872, on 156½ miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	28,272½	17,325 3 9	1,558 2 11	121,711 12	21,204 11 2	1,943 15 3	3,531 18 2
Or per mile of railway ...	181	110 11 3	10 2 11	778 0	135 7 11	12 8 5	22 11 4
For previous 22 weeks of half-year	715,369½	4,52,510 13 9	41,480 3 8	2,862,586 32	5,69,854 1 1	54,070 19 1	95,551 2 9
Total for 23 weeks ...	743,642	4,69,836 1 6	43,038 6 7	2,984,298 4	5,91,058 12 3	56,014 14 4	99,083 0 11
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	27,469	16,198 2 10	1,504 1 7	113,800 38	29 056 13	2,663 10 11	4,167 12 6
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year .	176	104 13 6	9 12 2	727 0	185 10 8	17 0 5	26 12 7
Total to corresponding date of previous year	727,651½	4,27,596 1 9	40,199 2 8	2,813,296 38	6,13,854 9 11	56,270 0 2	96,469 2 10

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th June 1872, on 28 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Md. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	4,554	779 5 3	77 18 8	11,836 0	355 4 3	35 10 6	113 9 2
Or per mile of Railway	163	27 13 4	2 15 8	423 0	12 11 0	1 5 5	4 1 1
For previous 10 weeks of half-year	57,529½	9,330 4 9	933 0 7	155,284 20	4,801 3 0	480 2 5	1,413 3 0
Total for 11 weeks	62,083½	10,109 10 0	1,010 19 3	167,120 20	5,156 7 3	515 12 11	1,526 12 2
Comparison.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	5,163	1,184 14 9	118 9 11	9,899 0	274 2 3	27 8 3	145 18 2
Per mile of Railway corresponding week of previous year	184	42 5 1	4 4 8	353 7	9 12 8	0 19 7	5 4 3
Total to corresponding date of previous year	64,709½	13,836 4 6	1,373 12 8	1,26,828 10	3,584 5 0	358 8 6	1,748 1 2

No. 26 of 1872

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1872. REGISTERED No. 50.

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Notice.

THE Lieutenant-Governor will be happy to receive any Native gentleman who wishes to call on him on Wednesdays and Saturdays from 4 to 6 in the afternoon.

Gentlemen who have not been before introduced to the Lieutenant-Governor, and who do not hold some official position, are requested to bring an introduction.

H. LUTTMAN-JOHNSON,
Private Secretary.

BELVEDERE,
The 8th May 1872.

Government of India.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 6th June 1872, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XIV OF 1872.

An Act to exempt the Straits Settlements from the Indian Emigration Act, 1871.

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to provide for the exemption of the islands and territories known as the Straits Settlements from all or some of the provisions contained in the Indian Emigration Act, 1871; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Power to exempt Straits Settlements from Emigration Act.

1. The Governor General in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, exempt emigration to, or contracts for labour to be performed in, the whole or any part of the said Settlements from all or any of the provisions contained in the Indian Emigration Act, 1871;

and may also, from time to time, by like notification, revoke or alter any notification previously made under this Act.

Bar of certain proceedings.

2. No suit or other proceeding shall be maintained against any person for anything done or omitted, in respect of such emigration or contracts, before the date of the notification made under the first clause of section one.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Revenue and General Departments.

No. 1239R.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 19th June 1872.—Babu Gourdas Bysack, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X. of 1870, for the payment of compensation for lands taken up in Howrah for the Midnapore and Ooloobariah Canal.

Babu Jadunath Chowdhry is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Magistrate, under Act XV. of 1843, and a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in Maunbhoom, and is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class. Baboo Jadunath Chowdhry is also vested with the powers of a Collector under the District Road Cess Act, No. X. (B.C.) of 1871.

The 20th June 1872.—Moulvi Azharul Huq, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, on leave, is transferred to Shahabad.

The 21st June 1872.—Babu Dhanesh Chunder Roy to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Mozufferpore.

The following gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Motecharí, *viz.*:—

Mr. Charles Archibald Samuells.
„ James Cullen, M.D. and M.B.
„ Samuel Cooper.
Babu Luchminarain.
„ Matadeen.
„ Mukhoo Lall.

Mr. James Austin Bourdillon, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Shahabad, is transferred to Tirhoot.

The 22nd June 1872.—Mr. Alexander Abercrombie to officiate as Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Burdwan Division, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. C. T. Buckland, or until further orders.

The 25th June 1872.—Mr. Francis William Badcock, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Bhaugulpore, is transferred temporarily to Monghyr.

Leave of Absence.

The 19th June 1872.—Mr. Anthony Patrick MacDonnell, B.A., Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Mymensing, is allowed sixteen months' furlough on Medical Certificate, under Section 7 (a) of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. Anthony Patrick MacDonnell is allowed four days' leave in extension of the twenty-five days' leave which was granted to him in orders of the 30th April last, to enable him to appear at the examination in Bengali by the high proficiency test which will be held in Calcutta in July next.

The 20th June 1872.—Mr. Charles Thomas Buckland, Commissioner of Burdwan, for three months, under Section 18 of the Civil Leave Code, from the 9th July next.

Mr. William George Black, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Purneah, for two months, under Section 18 of the Civil Leave Code.

Notifications.

The 19th June 1872.—The following Officers reported their departure from India on furlough on the 22nd ultimo:—

Mr. Francis Jeffrey Cockburn, C.S.
„ Harold Francis Matthews, C.S.

The 22nd June 1872.—The subsidiary leave granted to Mr. Alfred Corbyn Brett to join his appointment at Jumooie will have effect from the 14th April last, the day following the date of his disembarkation in Calcutta, instead of from the 12th idem, as notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th ultimo.

C. Bernard,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION.

The 19th June 1872.—The Lieutenant-Governor thinks it necessary to direct the attention of all officers of his Government to the extreme importance of rendering as accurately and as completely as they can be rendered by enquiry the statistics which are at different times called for by Government on matters vitally affecting the people. His Honor has sometimes feared that local officers, who are not accustomed to these things, treat even the orders of Government on such subjects in an off-hand and summary manner. This cannot be tolerated; and any officer who fails to evince a proper interest in such important matters will incur the severe displeasure of Government. Recently a great discrepancy between the prices of salt in * * * and neighbouring districts being observed in certain price current returns, and explanation of the causes called for from the Commissioner, a brief memorandum of the Superintendent of Police was submitted to Government, with a formal endorsement of the Collector, as a sufficient reply. The following letter was in consequence written, and is now published, that local officers may see the importance which the Lieutenant-Governor attaches to such questions:—

To—The Commissioner of * * *

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your office memorandum No. 101, dated the 22nd May 1872, and in reply to say that the Lieutenant-Governor is much dissatisfied at the very insufficient explanation therewith submitted, from the Officiating Collector of * * *, in reply to orders No. 1573 of the 10th April, as to the high price of salt in that district as compared with the prevailing prices in surrounding districts.

2. It seems quite unaccountable to His Honor that any Collector should show such want of interest in a subject so important to the people of his district, as simply to send under docket a brief and unsatisfactory memorandum of his Superintendent of Police in answer to an enquiry made by Government.

3. Such conduct impresses the Lieutenant-Governor with the belief that Mr. * * * is under a misconception of his duties, and also of the relative functions of the Magistrate, Collector, and the Superintendent of Police.

4. It is accordingly requested that you will obtain and submit a further explanation, after full enquiry, on the following points:—

(1) From whence salt comes into * * *, and how?

(2) What is the expense of boats with reference to tonnage, &c.?

(3) What is the wholesale price at the place from which it is brought?

(4) What is the wholesale price in the * * * district, and what the retail price?

(5) Whether the question is in any degree affected by the customs' jurisdiction, or, as it is called, chokee limits; and if so, how far those limits extend in * * * * *?

5. * * * *

6. The Lieutenant-Governor requests that you will also give your particular attention to the matter, and see that the inquiries of Government on such important matters are more carefully dealt with in future.

C. Bernard,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Financial Department, is republished for general information :—

No. 287.—*Simla, the* 14*th June* 1872.—*Leave and Allowances.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the undermentioned rules in the Civil Leave Code are applicable to Commissioned Military Officers in Civil employ :

Rule 2 under section 4 (*d*) in chapter II.
Rules 2 and 3 under section 9 (*b*) in chapter III.
„ 2 and 4 „ 15 in chapter V.
Rule 3 under section 18 in chapter VI.
Rules 2, 4, and 5 under section 21 in chapter VII.
„ 4, 9, and 10 under section 24 in chapter XII.

2. His Excellency in Council is also pleased to direct the republication of the following rules applicable to Commissioned Military Officers in civil employ :

I.—The words "prior to his proceeding on furlough" in section V. of the military furlough regulations of the 10th November 1868, shall, in the case of an officer who takes subsidiary or preparatory leave before furlough, be understood to mean *prior to his being relieved of his duties.*

II.—Days of embarkation and debarkation are parts of furlough, and furlough allowances only are admissible for such days.

III.—Subsidiary leave ceases the day before embarkation, and commences the day after debarkation. It cannot be extended on the ground that the vessel in which an officer leaves India, or returns to it, touches at some other part in India after the first embarkation or before the final debarkation.

IV.—If an officer remains in India after the end of subsidiary leave prefixed to furlough, his furlough is held to have begun in India, and his absence on furlough is reckoned from the date on which he gave up office.

V.—An officer may draw allowances as if he were on privilege leave for any part of his subsidiary leave before furlough, for which, if he were not going on furlough, privilege leave would be admissible to him.

VI.—When an officer applies for leave he should distinctly state under what rule he wants leave, and show that he is entitled to leave under that rule.

II.—Officers going on leave from the Public Works Department are required to produce no-demand certificates from account officers of that Department.

II.—The Government to which an officer is subordinate may exempt him from loss of appointment when he overstays privilege leave by more than a week.

X.—Leave may be retrospectively commuted, by the authority which granted it, to any other kind of leave which the said authority would have been competent to allow when the original leave was sanctioned.

X.—When privilege leave is, on medical certificate, retrospectively commuted to furlough out of India, so much of the leave passed before embarkation may be treated as subsidiary leave, as the officer would have been entitled to count as subsidiary leave if he had originally obtained furlough and not privilege leave.

II.—An officer on privilege cannot draw his allowances in England, but his agent may draw them in India in the manner prescribed in rule 2 under section 23 (*a*) of the Civil Leave Code.

II.—If an officer receive an advance of pay in England to enable him to return to duty in India, the advance must be recovered at the rate of exchange fixed for transactions with the Imperial Government at the time it was made.

This notification supersedes the notes in italics below undermentioned rules in the Covenanted Civil Service Code of 1871 :

Rules 5 and 6 under section I. in chapter I.
„ 2, 5, and 6 under section VII. } in chapter II.
Rule 1 under section X. }
Rules 1 to 4 under section XI. in chapter III.
„ 1 and 3 under section XII. in chapter IV.
„ 5, 7, and 8 under section XIX. }
The subsidiary rule under section XXI. } in chapter VI.
Rules 1 and 3 under section XXVI. in chapter IX.
„ „ „ „ XXVIII. in chapter X.
„ „ in chapter XIII.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is republished for general information :—

No. 633.—*Simla the* 14*th June* 1872.—The undermentioned Officers of the Staff Corps having completed five years' service as substantive Lieutenant-Colonel, are promoted to the rank of Colonel by brevet, from the dates specified, under the operation of the Royal Warrant dated 16th January 1861, clause 2, subject to Her Majesty's approval :

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Stuart Bivar, Bengal Staff Corps,—11th June 1872.

* * * * * * *

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 20*th June* 1872.—John Foster Campbell, late Extra Assistant Commissioner, in charge of the Sub-division of Darjeeling Terai, having absconded, and a defalcation in the subdivisional treasury having since been discovered, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that the said John Foster Campbell be dismissed from the service, and declared disqualified for future employment in any situation under this Government.

A reward of Rs. (500) five hundred will be paid to any person giving information which may lead to the arrest of the said John Foster Campbell in India.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25*th June* 1872.—With reference to the provisions of the District Road Cess Act, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to fix the 1st of October as the date from which the cess year is to run. All estimates and accounts will therefore be made up, and all plans arranged and works carried on, in accordance with the cess year, from the 1st of October to the 30th of September.

A sketch account will be separately compiled from the best data available for the ordinary financial year (1st of April to 31st of March), in order to satisfy the requirements of the Financial Department.

With reference to section 70 of the aforesaid Act, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to fix the month of August as the month in which the Road Fund Committees shall meet to prepare an estimate of income and expenditure, and to specify the works to be executed for the year commencing the 1st of October 1872.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Judicial and Political Departments.

No. 867J.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 17th June 1872.—Lieutenant-Colonel William Lowndes Randall, Agent to the Governor-General with the King of Oude, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in the 24-Pergunnahs, for the trial of cases arising within the precincts of the King of Oude.

The 19th June 1872.—Assistant Surgeon W. A. D. Fasken, recently arrived from England, is posted temporarily to the Presidency General Hospital.

The following gentlemen to form a committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary established at Begoo Serai in Monghyr :—

The Magistrate of Monghyr ...	*President.*
The Sub-divisional Officer of Begoo Serai ...	*Members.*
The Moonsiff of Begoo Serai ...	
Mr. L. J. Crowdy ...	
Mohunt Chaterbhooj Bharti ...	
Babu Huri Pershad ...	

The 21st June 1872.—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Odiutoollah, on leave, to have medical charge of the Sub-division of Sewan and of the Charitable Dispensary at that station.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Radhanath Bose is appointed temporarily to have medical charge of the Sub-division of Sewan, and also of the Charitable Dispensary at that station, until relieved by Sub-Assistant Surgeon Odiutoollah.

The orders of the 10th instant, appointing Sub-Assistant Surgeon Woomesh Chunder Roy to have medical charge of the Sub-division of Sewan and of the Charitable Dispensary at that station, are cancelled. He will remain attached to Monghyr until further orders.

The 22nd June 1872.—Mr. Ernest Montague Money to be a Municipal Commissioner for the town of Burdwan.

The following gentlemen to be Members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Dinagepore :—

Mr. J. Fennessy.
„ J. J. O'Flaherty.

Mr. Thomas Gwyther Charles to be a Municipal Commissioner for the town of Chuprah.

Mr. John Mangles Lowis to officiate as District and Sessions Judge of Dacca, during the absence, on duty, of Mr. A. Abercrombie, or until further orders.

The following gentlemen to form a committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary established at Burisha, in the 24-Pergunnahs, *viz.* :—

The Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs ...	*President.*
The Chairman of the South Suburban Town ...	*Vice-President.*
The Civil Surgeon of the 24-Pergunnahs ...	*Members.*
Revd. Taraprosad Chatterjee ...	
Babu Jadub Chunder Ghose	
„ Chunder Canto Roy Chowdry ...	
„ Shoshee Bhoosun Banerjee ...	
„ Tara Coomar Roy Chowdry ...	
„ Bhowani Churn Dutt, M.A. ...	
„ Nilmoney Banerjee...	
„ Chunder Shekur Banerjee ...	
„ Soorjee Coomar Roy Chowdry ...	
„ Shama Belash Roy Chowdry ...	
„ Bacharam Chatterjee	
„ Protabchunder Ghose, B.A. ...	*Secretary.*

The 25th June 1872.—Captain Colin Hubert Garbett, Assistant Commissioner, Maunbhoom, is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Judge.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 22nd June 1872.—Babu Norottum Mullick, Subordinate Judge and Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Moorshedabad and the Cantonment of Berhampore, for one month, under Section 3, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him in orders of the 19th March last.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st June 1872.—The orders of the 10th instant, placing the services of Third Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon Radhanath Bose at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Oude, are cancelled.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd June 1872.—Under the power vested in him in Section 2 of Act VI. (B.C.) of 1867, (an Act for the punishment of public gambling and the keeping of common gaming houses) the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to extend the provisions of the said Act to the towns of Baulcah and Nattore, in the district of Rajshahye.

2. The limits of the towns for the purposes of this Act will be the same as those for the purposes of Act VI. (B.C.) of 1868.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th June 1872.—In continuation of the Government Notification of the 18th instant, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, it is hereby notified that the Thannahs of Ramporehaut and Nulhatty, which have been transferred from the civil and criminal jurisdiction of the district of Beerbhoom to that of Moorshedabad, have for the present been attached to the city sub-division of Moorshedabad.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 231.

The 18th June 1872.

Notification.—Sub-Conductor J. Keane, Sub-Engineer, Second Grade, joined the First Calcutta Division on the 25th May 1872, before noon.

No. 232.

The 19th June 1872.

Transfers.—Baboo Benode Chand Mookerjee, Overseer, First Grade, from the First to the Second Calcutta Division.

No. 233.

Baboo Peary Mohun Banerjee, Overseer, Third Grade, from the Third to the Second Calcutta Division.

No. 234.

The 21st June 1872.

Baboo Prosono Coomar Duniary, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, from the Berhampore to the Cuttack Division.

No. 235.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, are republished for information :—

No. 321 of the 12th June 1872.—Mr. F. Hutchinson, Assistant Controller, Second Grade, attached to the Office of the Controller of Public Works Accounts, Bengal, is transferred to the Office of the Accountant-General, Public Works Department.

No. 326 of the 14th June 1872.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. D. Swayne, s.c., Executive Engineer, Midnapore, held charge of the Western Circle, in addition to his own duties, from the 24th April to the 13th May 1872.

H. LEONARD, C.E.,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. D.

Irrigation.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 151.

The 20th June 1872.

Mr. H. P. Wylly is appointed a Deputy Superintendent of Canal Revenue in Orissa on probation.

No. 152.

The 24th June 1872.

Mr. T. Fouracres, Sub-Engineer, Second Grade, rejoined the Brahminee Division from privilege leave on the forenoon of the 11th June 1872.

No. 153.

Mr. P. B. Roberts, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, rejoined the Eastern Sone Division from privilege leave on the forenoon of the 15th June 1872.

No. 154.

Errata.—In notification No. 142, dated 13th June 1872, for "Sasseram Division" read Arrah Division, and for "Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade," read Executive Engineer, Third Grade.

IRRIGATION.

No. 155.

The 24th June 1872.

Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing two weirs, one across the Burha, and one across the Byturni River, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring more or less 170 acres 7,766 square feet, situated in Mouzah Tikra, Pergunnah Matkuddabad, Mouzahs Mál-Anandpur and Roorya, Pergunnah Jajpur, Mouzah Moolapal, Pergunnah Surgurrah, in the district of Cuttack, and Khardigi, Mouzah Balipokhori, Pergunnah Jajpur, and Mouzah Balipokhori, Pergunnah Munjooree, in the district of Balasore, and bounded on the North by the Calcutta Road and Byturni River, on the East by the cultivated lands of Mouzahs Tikra and Jagannath Prosad, on the South by the Rivers Byturni and Burha and the land between them, and on the West by the cultivated lands of Mouzahs Roorya and Moolapal, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section VI, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. T. HAIG, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Irrgn. Branch.

Departmental Notices.

Notification.

Deputy Collector Baboo Luchminarain has been placed in charge of the Chumparun Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

By order of the Commissioner,

Durgagati Bankerjee,
Personal Assistant to Commr.

Patna Commr.'s Office,
The 24th May 1872.

Notification.

Extra Assistant Commissioner Mr. W. C. Muller has been placed in charge of the Julpigooree Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

By order,

Denonath Mookerjee,
Persl. Asst., for Commr.

Commr.'s Office, Cooch Behar Divn.,
Julpigooree, the 11th June 1872.

Notification.

Baboo Kedarnath Dutt, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Poorce Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries from the 29th instant.

T. E. Ravenshaw,
Commissioner.

Commr.'s Office, Orissa Divn.,
Cuttack, the 30th May 1872.

Notification.

Baboo Nundkissore Dass, Deputy Collector, is placed in charge of Poorce Treasury from 11th instant, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

T. E. Ravenshaw,
Commissioner.

Commr.'s Office, Orissa Division,
The 14th June 1872.

Notice.

Uncovenanted Deputy Collector Baboo Dwarka Nath Rai has been placed in charge of the Bograh Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

W. Lef. Robinson,
Offg. Commissioner.

Commr.'s Office, Rajshahye Divn.,
Berhampore, the 14th June 1872.

Notice.

Uncovenanted Deputy Collector Baboo Amar Nath Bhuttacharjee has been placed in charge of the Pubna Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

W. Lef. Robinson,
Offg. Commissioner.

Commr.'s Office, Rajshahye Divn.,
Berhampore, the 6th June 1872.

Notification.

Uncovenanted Deputy Collector Babu Lalit Mohun Chatterjea has been placed in charge of the Nuddea Treasury from the 6th instant, and authorized to draw bills on other public treasuries.

Horace A. Cockerell,
Offg. Commissioner.

Commr.'s Office;
Presidency Division,
Calcutta, the 19th June 1872.

Opium Notification.

No. 313C.

Notice is hereby given that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1870-71, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Thursday, the 4th July 1872, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,575 Chests, *viz.*:—

		Chests.
Behar Opium ...	...	2,000
Benares „ ...	...	1,575
Total Chests	...	3,575

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual: they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 10th November 1871, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th July respectively; that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 9th July 1872, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 19th July 1872.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 5th August 1872	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Sept. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Tuesday, 1st October „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Wednesday, 6th Nov. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Dec. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
Total Chests ...	10,000	7,875	17,875

By order of the Member in charge,

T. B. Lane,
Secretary.

Board of Rev., Fort William,
The 28th May 1872.

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse. 1872.	No., mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
June 8th	27 Casks, [M D]	Day & Chunder	Strath Blane.
„ 8th	6 Cases, [H C B]	Order	Tythonius.
„ 8th	24 Cases, [H & E] C & B	„	Ditto.
„ 8th	6 Packages, [27] W D	„	Ditto.
„ 8th	32 Bars, no mark	„	Ditto.
„ 9th	9 Round Bars, no mark or II white	Peetambur Pyne & Co.	Norna.
„ 4th	2 Cases, [C]	Order	Lord Clive.
„ 4th	1 Case, [S S G]	„	Ditto.
„ 4th	2 Cases, [S C B]	„	Ditto.
„ 8th	48 Cases, [7] Co.	„	Bayard.
„ 8th	1 Cask, G E H C	G. E. Hotel	Ditto.
„ 8th	1 Case, [J L L 103] B. B. & Co.	Order	Ditto.
„ 8th	38 Casks. [125] 6 S. S. S. & Co.	„	Ditto.
„ 8th	2 Cases, [A R C]	Abdool Rohomon	Ditto.
„ 8th	2 Cases, D. & Co.	Day & Chunder	Ditto.
„ 8th	1 Case, D & T I W, R C	Mackenzie Lyall & Co.	Ditto.
„ 8th	2 Kegs, [G C D]	Order	Ditto.
„ 8th	1 Cask, K M S G	„	Ditto.
„ 8th	2 Cases, [M J]	Meer Juggoo	Ditto.
„ 8th	1 Cask, [R & C] B. B. & Co.	Order	Ditto.
„ 8th	1 Case, [19] S	G. E. Hotel	Ditto.

CALCUTTA,
The 24th June 1872.

WM. DUFF BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*

(1271—1

NOTICE.

THE following Packages landed from the undermentioned Ships are lying unclaimed at th Custom House. If the Goods are not cleared on or before the dates stated against each item, they wi be sold under Section 57 of Act VI of 1863 for the realization of duty, wharfage, and other charges :—

Date of Sale.	Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
1872, July 13th	4 Mats, no mark	Glenartney.
„ 13th	1 Bag, K P C	Dacca.
„ 13th	2 Cases, N. & Co., Calcutta, L	Sumatra.
„ 20th	1 Case, [J L L 101]	Asia.
„ 20th	1 Case, [C S] W D	Ditto.
„ 20th	1 Bale, J K S L, Calcutta	Salsette.
„ 20th	A quantity of empty bottles, no mark	Wrick Victor.
„ 20th	A quantity of Corks & an Iron Rod, no mark	Ditto.
„ 20th	1 Case, [K S G S] A. B. & Co,	Mongolia.
„ 20th	1 Case, C L & C	Ditto.
„ 20th	2 Cases, N. & Co., L	Ditto.
„ 20th	1 Case, [Y Y]	Ditto.
„ 20th	2 Cases, D G C	Ditto.
„ 20th	2 Cases, [C D & B] S. S. S. & Co.	Surat.
„ 20th	3 Cases, [K S G S] A. B. & Co.	Ditto.
„ 20th	1 Box, Mrs. J. S. Rochfort's Ayah, Calcutta	Ditto.
„ 20th	1 Case, [E. R. B. & Co]	Ditto.
„ 20th	3 Cases, D G C	Ditto.
„ 20th	1 Case, F. R & Co.	Ditto.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 25th June 1872.

J. A. CRAWFORD, *Collector of Customs.*

NOTICE.

THE following Packages have been landed at the Custom House from the undermentioned Ships under the provisions of Section 52 of Act VI of 1863. If the Goods are not cleared before the dates stated against each item, they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharf rent, and other charges under Section 56 of Act VI of 1865 :—

Date of Sale.	Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
872, July 20th	1 Cask, [G C S] R A	Roslin Castle.
„ 20th	3 Cases, H J	Hindoostan.
„ 20th	2 Casks, S R B	Ditto.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 25th June 1872.

J. A. CRAWFORD, *Collector of Customs.*

Notice.

SEALED TENDERS for printing the Commercial Annual for 1871-72 will be received up to noon on Saturday, the 29th instant.

All particulars on to the number of copies, quantity of paper, &c., may be ascertained by personal application at the Custom House.

The undersigned will open the tenders at 1 P.M. on Saturday, the 29th. He does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,
The 25th June 1872.

Statement shewing the importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on River Hooghly subject to Customs duty on the 16th June 1872.

	Government Golahs.	Private Golahs.	Afloat.	Total.
	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.
Liverpool Pungah ...	1,542,300½	95,358½	128.195½	1,766,154
French Kurkutch ...	2,822	.....	27,114½	29,936½
Italian „ ...	15,026	.....	.....	15,026
Cadiz „ ...	21,241	.....	.....	21,241
Bombay „ ...	57,530	.....	17,622	75,152
Madras „ ...	10,280½	.....	10,850	21,130½
Arabian and Persian Gulf's Kurkutch and Muscat Rock...	322,615	.....	18,071	340,686
Total ...	1,972,415	95,358½	202 152½	2,269,926

By order of the Board of Revenue, L.P.,

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,
The 20th June 1872.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

THE undermentioned Students have passed the examination in Civil Engineering:—

B. C. E.

SECOND DIVISION.

Bremner, A. G. ... Presy. College, C. E. Dept.

L. C. E.

FIRST DIVISION.

Chandhuri, Kirtichandra ... Presy. College, C. E. Dept.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of Merit.

Ráy, Chandramohan... Presy. College, C. E. Dept.
Milne, W. P. ... ditto ditto.
Bandyopádhyáy, Dharanidhar ... ditto ditto.
Swinden, J. R. ... ditto ditto.
Rees, J. C. ... ditto ditto.
Pál, Prasannakumár ... ditto ditto.

J. SUTCLIFFE,
Registrar.

The 25th June 1872.

Presidency College—D. P. W. Examination.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for promotion and employment in the Department of Public Works will be held on Monday, the 5th August.

Candidates are requested to forward their applications and fees for admission to the examination to the Principal on or before the 5th July.

J. SUTCLIFFE,
PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, *Principal.*
The 30th May 1872.

Sheriff's Office, the 11th June 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Criminal Session of the year 1872 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the eighth day of July next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

JOHN COWIE,
Sheriff.

সাধিক আধিক্য ১৮৭২ সাল ১১ জুন।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামি ৮ জুলাই সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭২ সালের ষষ্টম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্দ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে ঐ সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি সন ১৮৭২ সাল তারিখ ১১ জুন।

JOHN COWIE,
Sheriff.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 2,405 acres and 3 roods, situate in the District of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (chapter XXVI of the Rules of the Board of Revenue") will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees 2-8 an acre, on the 2nd day of September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

Boundaries.

East—Singlijan and jungle.
West—Jungle and Grant No. 27 F.S.
North—Jungle.
South—Jungle.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Dy. Commissioner.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 3rd June 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 1,233 acres, situate in the District of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (chapter XXVI of the Rules of the Board of Revenue") will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees 5 an acre, on the 2nd day of September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

Boundaries.

North—Kotaljan.
South—Jungle.
East—Kotaljan.
West—Jungle and Grant No. 100 F.S.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Dy. Commissioner.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 3rd June 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 2,989 acres, situate in the District of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (chapter XXVI of the Rules of the Board of Revenue") will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees 5 an acre, on the 2nd day of September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

Boundaries.

North—Dangori River.
South—Kotaljan.
East—Jungle.
West—Dangori River.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Dy. Commissioner.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 3rd June 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 718 acres, situate in Mouzah Tingrai, in the District of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal, (Chapter XXVI of the Rules of the Board of Revenue,)" all claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 2-8 an acre, on the 2nd day of September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863:—

Boundaries.

North.—Tingrai Nuddee.
South.—Ballijan Garden and a path.
East.—Chapoori.
West.—Tingrai Nuddee.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Depy. Commissioner.

DEPY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE;
The 10th June 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 270 acres, more or less, situated in Mouzah Rungamattee, Zillah Seebsagur, and bounded as shewn at foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 5 per acre, on the 2nd September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Seebsagur, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863:—

Boundaries of Lot.

South.—A boundary road cut seventy-five feet from the Gur Allee, 800 yards.
West.—The eastern boundary of land applied for by Mr. R. B. Pringle on the 16th June 1871, 1,600 yards.
East.—The western boundary of grant applied for by Mr. Stocks of Brohmaputro Company, 1,600 yards.
North.—A line connecting extreme points of east and west boundary, 800 yards.

A. E. CAMPBELL, *Major,*
Deputy Commissioner.

ZILLAH SEEBSAGUR; DEPY. COMMR.'S OFFICE,
The 29th May 1872.

CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4811	A/47 13689	1000	Trilochun Nundy.
	A/46 70058	500	
	A/29 33446	500	
	A/37 94680	100	
	A/88 68566	100	
	,, 62037	100	
	A/39 38946	100	
	A/50 71959	100	
	A/13 05290	100	
	,, 16549	100	
	,, 11443	100	
	,, 06984	100	
	A/14 05072	100	
	A/70 58412	100	
	A/75 98882	50	
4812	A/85 71297	500	Said Hosan Noeb.
	A/00 70970	100	
	A/85 07643	50	
	,, 48992	50	
	A/00 05414	100	
	A/70 35030	100	
	A/86 54492	1000	
	,, 71087	1000	
4814	A/83 76901	50	Coonjo Behary Nundy.
4819	A/09 05671	20	The Depy. Post-Master, Calcutta.
4820	A/83 01614	50	G. M. Laren.
4821	A/00 69572	100	Grindlay and Co.
4822	A/34 03495	50	Baroda Doss Bose.
4823	A/90 63747	100	Mongle Chunder Aus.
	,, 63748	100	
	,, 63749	100	
	A/83 53968	50	
4824	A/70 57860	100	Zahoor Hossein.
4825	A/85 85819	500	Kamence Coomud Mookerjee.
	A/85 93371	50	
4826	A/59 75967	100	Jodoonath Ghose.
	A/55 02865	100	
4834	A/84 95608	100	Shaikh Koodrah Tollah.
4838	L/1 53771	10	Gungachurn Shome.
4845	A/90 87747	100	The Dist. Supdt. of Police, Hooghly.
	A/84 95605	100	
4846	A/86 76979	1000	Doolychund Kandary Mull.
4847	A/86 78194	500	The Depy. Commr. of Cachar.
4849	A/85 81399	50	Toyluckhonauth Dutt.
	,, 74486	50	
4852	A/78 37159	50	Joggeshur Audeykarey.
4853	L/3 35977	10	Golam Arfin Kazee.
	L/1 20962	10	
	L/7 56492	20	
	,, 56493	20	
4854	A/90 86088	100	Hosain Bux.
	,, 46013	100	
	,, 93123	100	
	A/85 93535	50	

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4855	A/94 46980	20	Petumber Chatterjee.
	,, 84728	20	
	A/98 20248	20	
	A/74 84711	20	
	A/96 71629	20	
	L/1 21503	10	
4856	A/93 58429	20	The Officiating District Superintendont of Police, Ghazeepore.
4860	A/85 88232	500	Goygopaul Ghose.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

4818	A/00 80559	10	Nilmoney Paul.
4804	L/1 04902	10	Sreechurn Roy.
4827	A/90 40155	10	Deepchund Roy.
	,, 40154	10	
4828	A/98 84916	10	Bissumbher Dutt.
4829	A/07 32082	10	Tippoo Mull.
	A/83 40576	50	
	A/00 17672	100	
	,, 01920	100	
4830	A/94 93279	20	Williyat Hossein.
4831	A/94 65766		Roghonath Pandey.
	A/82 94238		
	A/03 54210		
	,, 51802		
	,, 56061		
	,, 77356		
	A/94 34028		
	A/03 07631		
	A/07 00532		
	,, 32396		
	A/94 10482		
	,, 12917		
	A/03 30964		
	A/71 94451		
	A/00 58406	20 each.	
	A/09 13209		
	A/04 61523		
	A/74 46246		
	A/94 47924		
	,, 77932		
	A/82 75627		
	A/00 25554		
	A/00 26113		
	,, 43542		
	A/03 13320		
	,, 27571		
	,, 58401		
	A/94 91766		
	A/03 01411		
	A/04 81910		
	A/58 62675	50	
	A/84 07663	100	
	A/85 78045	500	
4837	A/00 08796	100	Jahangeer Khan.
	,, 08797	100	
	,, 08798	100	
	,, 08799	100	
	,, 08800	100	
4839	A/78 27190	20	Messrs. J. D'Cruz & Co.
4840	A/97 13282	10	G. Seals.
4842	A/94 83907	20	Roghonath Banerjee.
	,, 83908	20	
4843	A/70 41452	10	M. J. McDonald.
545 B	A/11 74819	50	H. P. Rustan.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4851	A/65 93435	20	Krishna Chundra Roy.
4857	A/65 79957	50	The Jailor European Penitentiary.
4858	A/65 82867	16	The Officer Commanding 4th Bengal Cavalry, Segowlee.

Wrongly joined.

4816	A/75 16542 „ 16545	10	J. Gordon.
4737	A/75 87481 „ 87480	10	Trevor Lloyd.
4835	A/65 30509 „ 30506	10	Gosiedoss Seal.
4836	A/99 54057 „ 54058	20	Mohesh Chunder Roodder.
4841	A/80 91223 „ 91225	10	W. W. Kiernander.
4844	A/97 95042 „ 95043	10	W. N. Love.
4848	A/96 95536 „ 95537	10	G. Groves, Esq.
4859	A/70 07616 „ 07617	10	The Commander, Ship "Lincoln."

H. G. COWIE,
Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 24th June 1872.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagirattee River, for the week ending Friday, 14th June 1872.

NAMES OF PLACES, &c.	Least depth of Water.	REMARKS.
	Ft. In.	
On the Entrance Bar ...	5 3	
From thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	5 3	
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles ...	3 6	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles ...	3 6	
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	6 3	

Height of water on guage at Berhampore on the 16th June 1872, above zero, 6 feet 11 inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E.,
Exc. Engr., Nuddea (Local) Rivers Division.

BERHAMPORE,
The 17th June 1872.

Postal Notice.

SEA AND OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer
Ceylon and the Australian Colonies.	7 P.M.	26 June	
Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, Hong-Kong, China, Japan and Australia.	7 „	28th „	
Chittagong, Akyab & Kyouk Phyoo.	7 „	28th „	*Penang.*
Rangoon and Moulmein ...	7 „	28th „	*Madras.*
Guadar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Bagdad, and Bussorah.	7 „	29th „	
Port Blair and Camorta ...	7 „	30th „	*Punjaub.*
Madras and Ceylon ...	7 „	1st July	*Pekin.*
Gopaulpore, Bimlipatam. Vizagapatam, Coconada, Madras, Negapatam, Galle, Colombo, Tuticocorin. Narrakal, and Bombay.	7 „	1st „	*Himalaya.*

The next Overland Mail *vid* Bombay will close on Tuesday, the 2nd July 1872.

2. Book Post and Pattern Packets must be posted on the 1st.

3. Letters, &c., for Mauritius, St. Denis, and Réunion. can be sent by this opportunity.

N.B.—The letter box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two annas on each cover will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four annas on each cover up to 8 P.M., and after 8 up to 9 P.M., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât

CALCUTTA, E. R. DOUGLAS,
The 25th June 1872. *Offg. Post-Master.*

List of Remaining and Unclaimed Letters accumulated in the Calcutta Post Office during the week ending 19th June 1872.

Atkinson, A.
Aylmer, A. P.
Birch, Capt. E. G.
Brown, Mrs.
Burrow, Mr. C.
Backchee, O. C.
Babbage, Lt.-Col. H. P.
Burton, Mrs.
Cumberland, A. H.
Cardozo, Mrs. W.
Colleer, Mrs. H.
Dinning, H.
Dingwall, A.
D'Rozario, Miss.
Deans, Col.
D'Rozario, F.
Davidson, Mrs. W. H.
Douglas, James.
Day, Mr. J.
Eanie, E.
Ewing, G.
Greenborli, E.
Gopal Singh.
Gomes, P.
Herbert, S. J.
Hinde, H. M.
Jackson, A., M.B.
Johnson, J.
Joseph, J. S.
Joseph, J.
Kahmike, Mrs.
Klein, Mrs. T.
Kenny, Mrs. H.
Knowles, J.
Keates, H.
Law, D.
Levaidier, J.
Laborado, A.
Lee, Mrs. G.
Laademan, J. C. J.
Lawless, J. D.
McCarthy, C.
McCallum, J.
Marshall, C.
McDonald, Mary.
Miller, Mrs. M. A.
Muller, Mrs.
MacLean, N. S.
MacCherkie, W.
Mayne, Lt.
May, R.
Mayee, C.
Murphy, Mr. J.
Oakley, W. H.
Owen, W. C.
Ray Narain, Baboo.
Raon, Mrs.
Ralph, J.
Roberts, A. K.
Swetenham, Mrs.
Sewill, Dr.
Sweeney, Mrs.
Soloman, J. B.
Sankey.
Stewart, G.
Sherriff, R. W.
Tomlinson, J. A.
Taylor, Mrs.
Undo Chunder Shaw.
White, W.
Williams, J.
Watkins, R.
Williams, E. J.

E. R. DOUGLAS,
Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.

Insolvent Notices.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of THOMAS GAYNOR, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 14th day of June instant, it was ordered that Saturday, the 3rd day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally, as well as to his after-acquired property, from all liabilities for debts, claims, and demands, of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

I. N. Mackertich, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 18th June 1872.

In the matter of JAMES EDWIN STAPLES, late of the Traffic Department of the East Indian Railway, and at present of Anees Barber's Lane in Calcutta, an Assistant in the office of Messrs. Wyman and Company, of Hare Street, an Insolvent.

NOTICE that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Cap. 21, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Friday, the 21st day of June instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

H. R. Fink, *Attorney.*

In the matter of JAMES EDWIN STAPLES, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 21st day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. R. Fink, *Attorney.*

In the matter of JAMES EDWIN STAPLES, an Insolvent.

NOTICE that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Monday, the 1st day of July next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

H. R. Fink, *Attorney.*

In the matter of WALTER HOVENDEN PRINGLE, an Insolvent.

NOTICE that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Monday, the 1st day of July next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

C. F. Pittar, *Attorney.*

In the matter of WALTER HOVENDEN PRINGLE, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 19th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

C. F. Pittar, *Attorney.*

In the matter of WALTER HOVENDEN PRINGLE, of No. 44, Wellesley Street, in the Town of Calcutta, formerly a Superintendent in the employ of the Equitable Coal Company, and lately carrying on trade and business in co-partnership with Henry Hogan, at present of Simla, under the style and firm of the Calcutta Coal Association, as Coal miners at No. 22, Strand Road, in Calcutta aforesaid, and also of Raneegunge, in the Zillah of Beerbhoom, and lately a Superintendent of the Equitable Coal Company's Depôt at Howrah, but at present without employ, an Insolvent.

NOTICE that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., Cap. 21, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Wednesday, the 19th day of June instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

C. F. Pittar, *Attorney.*

In the matter of JULIUS POSNER, an Insolvent.

NOTICE that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Monday, the 1st day of July next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Carruthers and Dignam, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 25th July 1872.

In the Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of ANTHONY THOMAS, an Insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Hon'ble Presiding Commissioner has fixed Saturday, the 6th day of July next, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of claims in the above estate. Dated this 19th day of June 1872.

A. B. MILLER,
(1267—1) *Official Assignee.*

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

Notice.

MR. LEWIS GELHARD and MR. GEORGE APPEL are authorized to sign our firm per procuration from this date.

The power-of-attorney held by Mr. E. Pilgram for the same purpose has been withdrawn.

RENTIERS AND CO.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th June 1872. (1262—3)

Tender for the supply of Funds to Indore Treasury.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of funds in Government Rupees to the Indore Treasury for two years from the 1st August next.

The estimated amount required is thirty lakhs annually, or two lakhs fifty thousand monthly.

Tenders should be for such amounts as may be required from time to time; information as to the amounts required will be given on application to the Comptroller-General, Calcutta, or to the Agent to the Governor-General, Indore.

Tenders should state the place at which it is proposed that the amounts supplied to Government at Indore shall be repaid; if any option on this point is allowed to the Government or reserved to the tenderer, the terms or rates for payment at different places should be specified.

Tenders will be received under seal, addressed to the Comptroller-General, Calcutta, up to noon on Saturday, the 20th July next.

HUGH SANDEMAN,
Comptroller-General.

CALCUTTA,
The 14th June 1872.

In the Court of the District Judge of Bhaugulpore.

CITATION
Under Section 250, *Indian Succession Act X of* 1865.

In the matter of the estate of Serjeant James McHugh, deceased.

WHEREAS an application under the Indian Succession Act, 1865, for letters of administration to the estate of Serjeant McHugh, deceased, late of Monghyr, has been made by one of his sons Samuel McHugh, (Assistant in the Government Secretariat at Allahabad, North-Western Provinces,) and whereas the 11th day of July 1872 has been fixed for the hearing of this case, notice is hereby given that any person having any interest in the administration of the estate of the said deceased may, if he desire, appear in this Court on the said day before noon, and show cause why the application of the said Samuel McHugh should not be granted.

Dated this 11th day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

J. M. LOWIS,
Offg. Judge of the Districts of Bhaugulpore and Monghyr.

(1266—3)

Estate Charles Harrington Barnes, deceased.

NOTICE.

CERTAIN properties belonging to the Planter and Landholder Mr. C. H. Barnes, an European British subject, some time of Bhaugulpore, Purneah, Darjeeling, and lastly of Julpigooree, who is reported by the Judge of Julpigooree District to have died intestate at the last mentioned station, are under the seal of this Court, and will be made over to any party legally entitled to receive the same.

J. M. LOWIS,
Offg. Judge.

BHAUGULPORE DISTRICT, JUDGE'S COURT,
The 12th June 1872. (1261—3)

Notice.

THE Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's establishment:—

Mr. John Gordon to officiate as Deputy Secretary and Treasurer.

Mr. F. A. Gillam, Agent at Cawnpore, to be Officiating Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

By Order of the Directors,
R. HARDIE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 24th June 1872. (1273—1)

Notice.

THE Akyab Branch of the Bank was closed for the season on 15th instant.

By order of the Directors,
R. HARDIE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 24th June 1872. (1272—1)

In Chancery.

IN the *matter* of the (English) Companies' Acts 1862 and 1867, and in the *matter* of the Life Assurance Companies' Act 1870, and in the matter of the European Assurance Society.

ALL persons and bodies corporate in British India insured in the European Assurance Society, and all other persons and bodies corporate in British India being creditors of, or having claims against, the said Society, are required, on or before the fifteenth day of September 1872, to send their names and addresses, and particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors, if any, to Charles John Bunyon, William Pollard Pattison, and Stephen Philpot Low, the Official Liquidators of the said Society, either at the office of William Joseph Curtoys, of Messrs. Grindlay and Co., No. 6, Strand, Calcutta, or at the office of Charles James Groom, of Messrs. Grindlay, Groom and Co., Bombay, the Constituted Attorneys in India of the said Official Liquidators and of the said European Assurance Society appointed with the approval of the Court.

Dated at Calcutta, this 10th day of June 1872.

C. J. BUNYON,
W. P. PATTISON,
S. P. LOW,
} *Official Liquidators.*

By their Attorney,
W. J. CURTOYS.

(1266—3)

Stolen,

ON the night of the 8th June from the person, the undermentioned Government of India Notes, *viz.*:—

No. A/5 85819, for Rs. 500.
„ A/10 33459, for „ 100.
„ A/50 93371, for „ 50.
„ G/5 01141, for „ 50 Bombay Circle.

Total Rs. ... 700

K. C. MOOKERJEE.

BANKIPORE,
The 10th June 1872. (1256—3)

***STATEMENT** of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th June 1872.*

PARTICULARS.	3½ per cent. Loan of 1853-54.	4 PER CENT. LOAN						4½ PER CENT.				5 PER CENT.		5 per cent. Loan of 1859-60.	DEBENTURES FOR			Total amount.
		of 1824-25.	of 1828-29.	of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865	of 1856-57.	Transfer Loan dated 15th July 1870.	Loan dated 4th July 1871.	Transfer Loan of 1872.	P. W. of 1854-55.	Loan of 1856-57.		5 years at 5 per cent. Repayable June 1872.	10 years at 5 per cent. Repayable June 1877.	15 years at 5 per cent. Repayable June 1882.	
Balance of 31st May 1872 ...	53,100	20,374	2,880	19,42,080	40,44,700	1,19,95,300	1,22,12,400	1,31,83,100	14,500	37,78,900	9,91,000	3,45,97,400	...	12,79,300	4,13,44,300	7,41,000	33,78,000	36,80,000	13,92,58,334
ADD—																			
Amount enfaced at Madras between 1st and 15th June 1872 ...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,800	1,200	1,000	...	.....	.....	74,300	...	.....	6,800	.....	.....	.....	91,100
Amount enfaced at Bombay between 1st and 15th June 1872 ...	...	.....	.....	533	.....	2[illegible],000	11,000	.....	...	1,33,30[illegible]	.....	56,000	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,22,833
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th June 1872 ...	...	.....	10,666	5,333	6,300	38,400	31,50[illegible]	1,10,100	...	.....	.....	56,500	...	.....	3,90,500	.....	.....	.....	6,79,299
TOTAL ...	53,100	20,374	13,546	19,47,946	40,51,000	1,50,63,500	1,22,56,100	1,33,24,200	14,500	39,12,200	9,91,000	3,47,84,200	...	12,79,300	4,47,41,600	7,41,000	33,78,000	36,80,000	14,02,51,566
DEDUCT—																			
Amount written off in the London Registers	...	.....	.....	19,200	1,19,300	60,2[illegible]0	1,30,500	1,00,700	...	15,00[illegible]	7,000	58,000	...	2,95,900	92,500	1,70,000	.....	.....	10,68,300
Balance on 15th June 1872 ...	53,100	20,374	13,546	19,28,746	39,31,700	1,50,03,3[illegible]0	1,21,25,600	1,32,23,500	14,500	38,97,200	9,84,000	3,47,26,200	...	9,83,400	4,46,49,100	5,71,000	33,78,000	36,80,000	13,91,83,266

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 15th April 1872—Enfaced from India 1,456 lakhs, re-transferred from London 1,445 lakhs.
From 16th April 1872 to 30th „ „ ditto ditto 48 „ ditto ditto 14 „
From 1st May „ to 15th May „ ditto ditto 25 „ ditto ditto 12 „
From 16th „ „ to 31st „ „ ditto ditto 16 „ ditto ditto 6 „
From 1st June „ to 15th June „ ditto ditto 9 „ ditto ditto 10 „

1,554 — 1,487 lakhs.
1,487

Balance against India ... 67 lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 18th June 1872.

R. HARDIE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

(1268—1)

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 18th June 1872.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	As.	P.
Proprietors' Capital, paid-up	2,20,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	15,28,761	1	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office ... Rs. 1,80,27,638 15 2	4,10,59,714	6	4
General Treasury Balance at Branches ... Rs. 2,21,32,075 7 2			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches ...	2,73,90,877	7	10
Bank Post Bills, &c.	17,85,397	10	5
Sundries	14,55,821	5	0
	9,52,20,571	15	3

ASSETS.	Rs.	As.	P.
Government Securities	1,02,25,738	10	0
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	39,62,089	6	1
Accounts of Credit on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	24,17,384	5	10
Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches	2,32,59,779	7	11
Dead Stock	11,92,082	13	11
Stamps	13,330	13	0
Balances with other Banks	8,65,925	5	11
Sundries	2,77,069	8	8
	4,82,13,400	7	4
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office ... Rs. 1,40,33,710 3 10	4,70,07,171	7	11
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches ... Rs. 3,29,73,461 4 1			
	9,52,20,571	15	3

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL, *Calcutta, 20th June 1872.*

J. GORDON, *Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.*

R. HARDIE, *Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.*

(1269—1)

Caution.

PUBLIC are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way dealing with the undermentioned Government Promissory Notes belonging to the estate of Joygopaul Bysack, deceased, but standing in the name of his widow, Sreemutty Breejessory Dassee. Sreemutty Bhoobun Mohiney Dassee, the only daughter and heiress in reversion, is about to institute a suit against the said widow to divest her of the estate and to have a Receiver appointed to restrain waste thereof. Any one purchasing or in any way dealing with the same will do so at his own risk and peril:—

No. 013347 of 1842-43 of the 4 per cent Loan, for Rs. 20,900.

No. 013348 of 1842-43 of the 4 per cent Loan, for Rs. 30,000.

No. 013349 of 1842-43 of the 4 per cent Loan, for Rs. 15,000.

CALCUTTA, *The 8th June* 1872.

D. C. DUTT, *Attorney-at-Law.*

(1255—3)

Lost,

SHARE certificates for 25 shares in the Tukvar Tea Company, Nos. 598 to 609, 2429 to 2434, and 3319 to 3325.

(1257—*f. n.*)

NOTICE.

Bengalee Edition of the Acts of Government.

THE Acts of the Government of India, and those of the Government of Bengal, will, after publication in the *Bengalee Government Gazette*, be printed, in pamphlet form, for sale to the public, at a price which will be fixed in each instance to cover the cost of printing and paper. The first of the series will be the Criminal Procedure Act, now in the Press, the price of which will be Rs. 1-4 per copy.

Notice.

COPIES of Act VII of 1871, the Indian Emigration Act, in Urdoo and Hindee, can be obtained on application at the Bengal Secretariat at 8 annas per copy.

Notice.

The 6th March 1872.

NOW PUBLISHED

The Quarterly Civil List for Bengal, No. XXIII., corrected up to 1st April 1872.

Price Rs. 3—*Postage annas* 5.

To be had at the Bengal Secretariat, Chowringhee.

Just Published.

Bengal Official Army List.

Corrected up to April 1, 1872.

The Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is added a Non-Official Supplement, containing the latest corrected Civil List, &c., &c., *Price Rs.* 5; *and* 8 *annas extra for packing and postage.*

Central Provinces Gazetteer.

EDITION OF 1870 in one VOL.

A LIMITED number of the above work, strongly bound in cloth, octavo size, for sale at Rs. 12 per vol., exclusive of postage charge. Apply to

MESSRS. THACKER, VINNING, *Bombay,*

MESSRS. THACKER, SPINK & Co., *Calcutta,*

or to Supdt., Chief Commr.'s Office, Nagpur.

WASTE LAND RULES,

Being Chap. XXVI. of the Rules of the Board of Revenue

Price, 4 annas. Packing and postage charges, 2 annas extra.

Calcutta: Office of Supdt. of Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street.

Rates of Subscription to the Calcutta Gazette

FROM 1ST JANUARY 1872.

Payable in advance.

For one year without postage Rs. 15 0 0

Do. with postage ... ,, 20 0 0

When postage stamps are remitted in payment of subscription, half an anna in the rupee should be added for discount.

Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund.

Result of Votes received on the subjects of the Circular No. 1, *dated the 28th March* 1872.

Subject.	For	Against
I.—To classify subscribers in five grades of 3, 6, 9, 12, 15 years' standing, instead of in four grades of 3, 6, 9, 12 years' standing	618	39
II.—To divide Rs. 42,900 in the Widows' and Rs. 18,000 in the Orphans' Branch during the year 1872-73 amongst qualified members of 15, 12, 9, 6, and 3 years' standing	621	25
III.—To pay the pensions of Widows and Orphans free of income tax during the year 1872-73	622	23

By order of the Directors,

W. H. Ryland,
Officiating Secretary.

Calcutta Uncov. Serv. Family Pension Fund Office,
The 20th June 1872.

(1270—1)

inted and published by Edwin Morris Lewis, at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—June 26, 1872.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1872.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietory right of Government to the undermentioned estate, situate in the district of Bancoorah, will be put up to sale at the Bancoorah Collectorate on Saturday, the 28th September 1872, corresponding with 13th Assin 1279 *B.S.*

2. The purchasers of this estate will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The estate to be sold in revenue free tenure to the highest bidders above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government estate.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah	Approximate area in acres.	Government Revenue.			Upset price.
				Present revenue assessed.	Road Cess.	Total.	
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
.....	918	Satghate (site of an old road). Pergunnah Bishenpore.	1 0 0	0 14 6	.....	0 14 6	8 12 0

BANCOORAH COLLECTORATE,
The 18th May 1872.

W. R. LARMINIE, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plot of class C lands no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situate in the district of Burdwan, will be put up to sale at the Burdwan Collectorate on Monday, the 29th July 1872, corresponding with 15th Srabun 1279 *B.S.*

2. The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions :—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plot will be sold revenue free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government estate.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government Revenue.				Remarks.
				Revenue assessed.	Road Cess.	Total.	Upset price.	
			A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
67	25	Doniepur, Pergunnah Muzzuffershahi.	6 0 0	60 5 0	.....	60 5 0	603 0 0	

BURDWAN,
The 8th June 1872.

C. T. METCALFE, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government to the undermentioned plots of Class B land, situated in the district of Burdwan, relinquished by the East Indian Railway Company, and resumed and taken possession of by Government, will be put up to sale at the Burdwan Collectorate at 11 A.M. on Monday, the 29th July 1872, corresponding with 15th Sraban 1279 *B.S.*

2. The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions :—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plots will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders, with the addition of the following condition :—

The purchasers shall be put up in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings :—

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From 45 mile, 2,420 feet to end of mile 46, as per plan.*	
1	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Balagonee, and Panparah.	46	South ...	4 3 33	East—Boundary of Mouzah Cochmalee, in the District of Hooghly. West—End of mile 46, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From 45 mile, 3,130 feet to end of mile 46, as per plan, containing 11 plots.*	
2	ditto ..	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Panparah.	46	North ...	1 3 33	East—Boundary of Mouzah Cochmalee. West—End of mile 46, as per plan. North—As per plan. South—Railway fencing. *From 46 mile to 1,780 feet, containing 12 plots.*	
3	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Panparah and Alipore.	47	ditto ..	0 2 16	East—End of mile 46. West—Road to gate No. 27. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From 46 mile, 1,810 feet to end of mile 47, as per plan, containing 17 plots.*	
4	ditto ..	pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Alipore.	47	ditto ...	2 3 22	East—Road to gate No. 27. West—End of mile 47, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From 46 mile to 2,275 feet.*	
5	ditto ...	ditto ...	47	South ..	3 3 34	East—End of mile 46, as per plan. West—Corner of Prem Ch. Sircar's land. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From 46 mile, 2,275 feet to 2,955.*	
6	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Panparah and Alipore.	47	ditto ...	0 3 11	East—B land of lot No. 5. West—Land restored by Government. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From 46 mile, 3,045 feet to 3,825 feet.*	
7	ditto ...	ditto ...	47	ditto ...	1 0 25	East—Land restored by Government. West—B land of lot No. 8. North—Railway fencing. South—Land belonging to Bhoyrub Nad and Modhoosoodun Nad. *From 46 mile, 3,825 feet to 5,280 feet.*	
8	ditto ...	ditto ..	47	ditto ...	2 0 9	East—Corner of Seeta Nauth Nad's land. West—End of mile 47, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From 47 mile, to 4,000 feet, containing 20 plots.*	
9	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Alipore, Choulchondo, Colsi, and Hetumpore.	48	ditto ...	5 2 12	East—End of mile 47, as per plan. West—Nulla under culvert No. 163 North——Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From* 47 *mile to* 4,100 *feet, containing* 26 *plots.*	
10	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Alipore, Choulchondo, Colsi, and Hetumpore.	48	North ...	3 1 14	East—End of mile 47; as per plan. West—Nulla under culvert No. 163. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 47 *mile,* 4,100 *feet to* 5,280 *feet.*	
11	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Colsi.	48	ditto ...	2 3 15	East—Nulla under culvert No. 163. West—End of mile 48, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—Land of Noffer Mondole and others. *From* 47 *mile,* 4,000 *feet to* 5,280 *feet.*	
12	ditto ...	ditto ...	48	South ..	3 2 34	East—Land of lot No. 9. West—End of mile 48, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—Land of Bhoobun Mohun Mondle and others. *From* 48 *mile to* 5,280 *feet.*	
13	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Choulchondo, Colsi, and Nundipore.	49	ditto ...	12 2 5	East—End of mile 48, as per plan. West—End of mile 49, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 48 *mile to* 5,280 *feet.*	
14	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Choulchondo, Colsi, and Backlee.	49	North ..	12 3 26	East—End of mile 48, as per plan. West—End of mile 49, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 49 *mile to* 1,900 *feet, containing* 8 *plots.*	
15	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi Mouzahs Nundipore and Backlee.	50	ditto ...	3 3 4	East—End of mile 49, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 168. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 49 *mile to* 1,900 *feet, containing* 8 *plots.*	
16	ditto ...	ditto ..	50	South ...	2 3 0	East—End of mile 49, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 168. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 49 *mile,* 1,900 *feet to* 5,280 *feet.*	
17	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Backlee and Mymaree.	50	ditto ...	5 2 37	East—Culvert No. 168. West—End of mile 50, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 19 *mile,* 1,900 *feet to* 5,280 *feet.*	
18	ditto ...	ditto ...	50	North ...	5 2 27	East—End of culvert No. 168. West—End of mile 50, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 50 *mile to* 2,565 *feet, containing* 10 *plots.*	
19	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Mymaree.	51	ditto ...	4 0 27	East—End of mile 50, as per plan. West—Samlall Baboo's tank. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 50 *mile to* 2,450 *feet, containing* 12 *plots.*	
20	ditto ...	ditto ...	51	South ...	2 1 32	East—End of mile 50, as per plan. West—Grand Trunk Road. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 50 *mile,* 2,270 *feet to* 2,506 *feet.*	
21	ditto ...	ditto ...	51	ditto ...	0 3 16	East—Land of Dabey Prosaud Dutt. West—Road leading to Mymaree Station. North—Grand Trunk Road. South—Land of Dabey Prosaud Dutt and others. *From* 50 *mile,* 3,030 *feet to* 3,490 *feet.*	
22	ditto ...	ditto ...	51	North ..	0 3 14	East—Grand Trunk Road. West—Radha Romun Bissoy's land. North—Grand Trunk Road. South—Railway fencing.	

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From* 50 *mile*, 3,590 *feet to* 4,080 *feet.*	
23	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Mymaree.	51	North ...	0 3 32	East—Radha Romun Bissooy's land. West—Ditto ditto. North—Ditto ditto. South—Railway fencing. In this land there is a fine tank. *From* 50 *mile*, 4,170 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 8 *plots.*	
24	ditto ...	ditto ...	51	ditto ...	0 3 25	East—Radha Romun Bissooy's land. West—End of mile 50, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 50 *mile*, 3,140 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 11 *plots.*	
25	ditto ...	ditto ...	51	South ...	2 0 37	East—Railway fencing. West—End of mile 51, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 51 *mile to* 2,560 *feet, containing* 16 *plots.*	
26	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Mymaree and Talpore.	53	North ...	2 1 17	East—End of mile 51, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 176. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 51 *mile to* 2,560 *feet, containing* 17 *plots.*	
27	ditto ...	ditto ...	52	ditto ...	2 1 24	East—End of mile 51, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 51 *mile*, 2,660 *feet to* 3,010 *feet.*	
28	ditto ...	Mouzah Talarpore ...	52	North ...	2 0 12	East—Jote land of Rakal Shaik and others West—Land of lot No. 29. South—Railway fencing. North—Jote land of Kutaz Bafat Shaik. *From* 51 *mile*, 2,660 *feet to* 3,110 *feet.*	
29	ditto ...	ditto ...	52	South ..	1 2 25	East—Land of lot No. 28. West—Jote land of Kinoo and Aindee Shaik. South—Railway fencing. North—Jote land of Kinoo and Aindee Shaik. *From* 51 *mile*, 2,660 *feet to* 3,480 *feet, containing* 3 *plots.*	
30	ditto ...	ditto ...	52	ditto ..	1 0 26	East—Land of Kinoo Safatoolah. West—Ditto ditto. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 51 *mile*, 3,560 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 7 *plots.*	
31	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Talarpore.	52	ditto ...	1 1 25	East—Land of Kinnoo Shaik and others. West—End of mile 52, and others. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 51 *mile*, 3,560 *feet to* 5280 *feet, containing* 6 *plots.*	
32	ditto ..	Pergunnah Nalhi. Mouzah Jatarpore.	52	ditto ..	1 1 25	East—Land of Kinoo Shaik and others. West—End of mile 52, as per plan. North—As per plan. South—Railway fencing. *From* 52 *mile to* 2,040 *feet, containing* 14 *plots.*	
33	ditto ..	Pergunnah Nalhi. Mouzahs Jatarpor and Shahapore.	53	North ..	1 0 11	East—End of mile 52, as per plan. West—Road to gate No. 35. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 52 *mile to* 2,040 *feet, containing* 14 *plots.*	
34	ditto ..	ditto ..	53	South ...	0 3 38	East—End of mile 52, as per plan. West—Road to gate No. 35. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From* 52 *mile*, 2,055 *feet to* 3,395, *containing* 8 *plots.*	
35	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Shahapore and Nemay.	53	South ...	1 1 33	East—Road to gate No. 35. West—Land of lot No. 38. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 52 *mile*, 2,080 *feet to* 3,395, *containing* 8 *plots.*	
36	ditto ...	ditto ...	53	North ...	0 3 31	East—Culvert No. 179. West—Land of Lot No. 37. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 52 *mile*, 3,465 *feet to* 4,535, *containing* 7 *plots.*	
37	ditto ...	ditto ...	53	ditto ...	0 3 0	East—Land of lot No. 36. West—Land of lot No. 40. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 52 *mile*, 3,395 *feet to* 4,535 *feet*, *containing* 7 *plots.*	
38	ditto ..	ditto ...	53	South ...	0 2 25	East—Land of lot No. 35. West—Land of lot No. 39. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 52 *mile*, 4,535 *feet to* 5,280 *feet*, *containing* 6 *plots.*	
39	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Haitpore and Nemay.	53	ditto ...	0 1 38	East—Land of lot No. 38. West—End of mile 53, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 52 *miles*, 4,535 *feet to* 5,280 *feet*, *containing* 6 *plots.*	
40	ditto ...	ditto ...	53	North ...	0 1 36	West—End of mile 53, as per plan. East—Land of lot No. 37. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 53 *mile to* 1,750 *feet*, *containing* 10 *plots.*	
41	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Shahapore and Nemay.	54	ditto ...	1 0 27	East—End of mile 53, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 181. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 53 *mile to* 1,750 *feet*, *containing* 10 *plots.*	
42	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Masdanga.	54	South ...	0 3 27	East—End of mile 53, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 181. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 53 *mile*, 1,750 *feet to* 2,500 *feet*, *containing* 4 *plots.*	
43	ditto ...	ditto ...	54	North ...	0 2 8	East—Culvert No. 181. West—Land of lot No. 46. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 53 *mile*, 1,750 *feet to* 2,400 *feet*, *containing* 1 *plots.*	
44	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Nalhi, Mouzahs Shahapore and Nemay.	54	South ...	0 1 21	East—Culvert No. 181. West—Land of lot No. 45, and boundary of Mouzah Kathalgachee. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 53 *mile*, 2,400 *feet to* 3,850 *feet*, *containing* 9 *plots.*	
45	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Kathalgachee.	54	ditto ...	0 2 29	East—Land of lot No. 44. West—Boundary of Mouzah Kathalgachee. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 53 *mile*, 2,400 *feet to* 3,850 *feet*, *containing* 8 *plots.*	
46	ditto ...	ditto ...	54	North ...	0 2 33	East—Land of lot No. 43. West—Boundary of Mouzah Kathalgachee South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From* 53 *mile*, 3,850 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 10 *plots.*	
47	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Rosoolpore.	54	North ...	1 0 13	East—Land of lot No. 46. West—End of mile 54, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 53 *mile*, 3,850 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 10 *plots.*	
48	ditto ...	ditto ...	54	South ...	1 0 26	East—Land of lot No. 45. West—End of mile 54, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 54 *mile*, 15 *feet to* 490 *feet.*	
49	ditto ...	ditto ...	55	ditto ...	0 3 8	East—Zemindary land. West—Ditto. North—Ditch of Grand Trunk Road. South—Jote land of Seram and Hara dhone.	
						From 54 *mile*, 330 *feet to* 2,130 *feet.*	
50	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Rosoolpore.	55	North ...	2 1 14	East—Grand Trunk Road. West—Land of Gobindo Biswas. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 54 *mile*, 2,130 *feet to* 4,330 *feet, containing* 13 *plots.*	
51	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Rosoolpore and Daloocbazar.	55	ditto ...	1 1 13	East—Land of lot No. 50. West—Land of lot No. 54. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 54 *mile*, 2,185 *feet to* 4,385 *feet, containing* 15 *plots.*	
52	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Daloocbazar and Rosoolpore.	55	South ...	1 0 27	East—Zemindary land. West— Ditto ditto. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 54 *mile*, 4,435 *feet to* 5,265 *feet.*	
53	ditto ...	Mouzah Daloocbazar.	55	ditto ...	2 1 25	East—Zemindary land. West—Ditto ditto. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 54 *mile*, 4,330 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 2 *tanks.*	
54	ditto ...	ditto ...	55	North ...	3 1 0	East—Land of lot No. 51. West—End of mile 55, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North——As per plan.	
						From 55 *mile to* 2,055 *feet, containing* 9 *plots.*	
55	ditto ...	ditto ...	56	ditto ...	2 2 17	East—End of mile 55, as per plan. West—Boundary of Mouzah Daloocbazar. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 55 *mile to* 2,055 *feet, containing* 9 *plots.*	
56	ditto ...	ditto	56	South ...	2 2 12	East—End of mile 55, as per plan. West—Boundary of Mouzah Daloocbazar. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 55 *mile*, 2,055 *feet to* 4,105 *feet.*	
57	ditto ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzah Boloot.	56	ditto ...	1 3 26	East—Boundary of Mouzah Daloocbazar. West—Road to gate No. 41. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 55 *mile*, 2,055 *feet to* 4,1[illegible] *feet, containing* 14 *plots.*	
58	ditto ...	ditto ...	56	North ...	2 0 29	East—Boundary of Mouzah Daloocbazar. West—Road leading to gate No. 41. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From 55 mile, 4,105 feet to 5,280 feet, containing 6 plots.*	
59	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzahs Boloot and Shaikpore.	56	North ..	1 2 39	East—Road leading to gate No. 41. West—End of mile 56, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 55 mile, 4,105 feet to 5,280 feet, containing 6 plots.	
60	ditto ..	ditto ...	56	South ...	1 1 32	East—Road leading to gate No. 41. West—End of mile 56, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 56 mile to 5,280 feet.	
61	ditto ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzahs Shaikpore, Mamoodpore, and Dadpore.	57	North ...	12 1 17	East—End of mile 56, as per plan. West—End of mile 57, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 56 mile to 5,280 feet.	
62	ditto ...	ditto ...	57	South ...	12 1 32	East—End of mile 56, as per plan. West—End of mile 57, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 57 mile to 2,435 feet.	
63	ditto ...	Mouzah Dadpore ...	58	North ...	3 3 10	East—End of mile 57, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 190. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 57 mile to 2,435 feet, containing 8 plots.	
64	ditto ..	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzah Dadpore.	58	South ...	4 0 28	East—End of mile 57, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 190. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 57 mile, 2,435 feet to 5,280 feet, containing 19 plots.	
65	ditto ..	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzahs Dadpore and Koomarparah.	58	North ...	2 3 11	East—Culvert No. 190. West—End of mile 58, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 57 mile, 2,435 feet to 5,280 feet, containing 19 plots.	
66	ditto ...	ditto ...	58	South ..	2 2 14	East—Culvert No. 190. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 58 mile to 1,675 feet, containing 11 plots.	
67	ditto ...	Mouzah Koomarparah.	59	North ...	1 3 23	East—End of mile 58, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 192. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 58 mile to 1,675 feet, containing 15 plots.	
68	ditto ...	ditto ...	59	South ...	2 0 26	East—End of mile 58. West—Culvert No. 192. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From 58 mile, 1,675 feet to 3,730 feet, containing 14 plots.*	
69	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzahs Koomarparah and Tatkhond.	58	South ...	2 0 20	East—Culvert No. 192. West—Culvert No. 193. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 58 mile, 1,675 feet to 3,730 feet, containing 14 plots.	
70	ditto ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzahs Koomarparah and Tatkhond.	59	North ...	2 0 5	East—Culvert No. 192. West—Culvert No. 193. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 58 mile, 3,730 feet to 5,280 feet, containing 10 plots.	
71	ditto ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzah Tatkhond.	59	ditto ...	1 0 23	East—Culvert No. 193. West—End of mile 59, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 59 mile, 3,730 feet to 5,280 feet, containing 10 plots.	
72	ditto ...	ditto ...	59	South ...	1 1 16	North—Railway fencing. East—Culvert No. 193. West—End of mile 59, as per plan. South—As per plan.	

FORT WILLIAM;
RAILWAY DEPY. COLLR.'S OFFICE,
The 20th June 1872.

OBHOY CHURN MULLICK,
Railway Deputy Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plot of land no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Patna, will be put up to sale at the Patna Collectorate on the 9th July 1872, corresponding with 28th Asarh 1279 F.S.

The purchasers of this plot will be subject to the following conditions :—

1*st.*—If the amount of the purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of the purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plot will be sold revenue free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estate.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government Revenue.			Upset Price.
				Revenue assessed.	Road cess.	Total.	
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As P.	Rs. As. P
229	542	Purayo Khas, Pergunnah Munair.	10 2 30	.....	.....	.....	1,022 0 0

PATNA COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 27th May 1872.

A. C. MANGLES, *Officiating Collector.*

اشتہار نامہ کچہري کلکٹري ضلع پٹنہ *

اس تحویرے رو سے اطلاع دیجاتے ھی کہ ٹکڑہ اراضے مفصلہ الذیل واقع ضلع پٹنہ کہ جسکي درکار سرکار کوھي ھی بتاریخ ۱۹ ماہ جولاي سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع مطابق ۲۸ ماہ حال سنہ ۱۲۷۹ فصلے روز جمعہ کچہري کلکٹري ضلع پٹنہ مین نیلام کیا جایگا دفعہ ۲ خریداران اراضے کو پاي بندي شرایط مفصلہ الذیل کا کرنا ھوگا *

شرایط اول *

اگر تعداد زر سمن یک سو روپیہ سے زیادہ نہو تو کل تعداد زر سمن فورا داخل کے جاینگي *

شرایط دوم *

اگر تعداد زر سمن سو روپیہ سے زیادہ ھو تو اوسکا ایک ربع فورا داخل کیا جایگا اور اگر باقي روپیہ نیلام کے پندرہوین دن وقت دو پہر تک اداي نہ کیا جاے اوس پندرہ روز مین روز نیلام ھی شامل ھی یا اگر پندرھوین روز تعطیل عام ھو اور اوسکي بعد کھولنے کچہري کے اول روز کے دو پہر تک اداي نہ کیا جاے تو نیلام منسوخ ھوکر زر مداخلہ سرکار مین ضبط کیا جایگا اور محال مذکور بعد مشتہر اشتیہار حسب طریقہ نیلام اول کے خریدار باقیدار کے ذمہ داري پر مکرر نیلام کیا جایگا *

شرایط سوم *

اراضے مذکور لاخراج نیلام ھوکے اور قیمت مظہرہ سرکاري سے جو شخص سب سے زیادہ بولیگا اوسکي نام نیلام ختم ھوگا *

نمبر محالات	نمدو	نام محال بقید	رقبہ بحساب اِکر	مالگذاري سرکار	قیمت مظہرہ
مندرجہ نقشہ	توزیع	پرگنہ پرپو خاص	اِکر روڈ پول	جمع روڈ پول	قبل نیلام
محالات سرکار	۵۴۲	پرگنہ صابر	۱۰ ۲ ۳۰	شخصے	
۲۲۹				۰ ۰ ۰	۱۲۲۰

اِي سي: منگلس
ڈپوٹي کلیکٹر

تحریر فی التاریخ ۲۰ ماہ مي سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—June 26, 1872.

APPENDIX (No. II.) TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1872.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the under-mentioned estate, in the district of Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's office of that district, on the 5th day of July 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of March 1872:—

Permanently-settled Estate.

Number on the Register A, 1468; number on the Revenue Roll, 814; name of Estate, Káminá Chok; name of Pergunnah, Kásijorá; name of Proprietor, Prathináth Singha; Government revenue, Rs. 1,916-9-7; amount of arrear of Government revenue for which the estate is to be sold, Rs. 899-10-9.

REMARKS.—Agreeably to the statement and Rubákari, dated 29th March 1869, of the Deputy Collector, 6 beegahs and 6 cottahs, equal to 2 acres and 24 poles of land in this estate, have been taken for making a canal.

MIDNAPORE,
The 27th May 1872.

T. WALTON, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's office of that district, on the 12th day of July 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of March 1872:—

For arrears of rent.—First Class.

No. 1326.—Lot No. 20.—Abad Bhuzobanpore; recorded proprietors, Hurchunder Mookhopadhya; sudder jumma, Rs. 628-8-5.

G. GRAHAM, *Offg. Collector.*

24-PERGUNNAHS COLLECTORATE,
The 3rd June 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the District of Sarun will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District on Tuesday, the 30th day of July 1872, corresponding with 10th Sawan 1279 *F. S.*, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 7th day of June 1872:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 1634.—Mehal Dooba Kurum, Pergunnah Chowbara; recorded proprietors, Mussamut Rameshar Kúer and others; Sudder Jumma, Rs. 640-0-¾. This Mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 6-9-3 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 2984.—Mehal Yehyapore, Pergunnah Murhul; recorded proprietors, Sheo Narain Rai and others; Sudder Jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 274-14-6. This Mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 25-14-11¼ on account of arrears of Government revenue.

SARUN COLLECTORATE,
The 17th June 1872.

J. S. DRUMMOND, *Offg. Collector.*

اشتہار نیلام بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار *

واضع هو کہ حسب دفعہ ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع کے بہہ محالات مرقومہ الذیل ضلع ساران مین بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار و دیگر دعوي جو ازروے دستورات وقوانین مجاریہ موافق سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے بتاریخ ۷ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع واجب الوصول هی بروز سہ شنبہ تاریخ ۳۰ جولاي سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع مطابق ۱۰ سانون سنہ ۱۲۷۹ فصلے کچہري مین صاحب کلکٹر اوسي ضلع کے بلا عذر و عام نیلام مین رکہا جایگا *

نمبر توزیع	قسم اول نام محال	محالات بندوبستے دوامي

نمبر ۱۶۳۴ــــمحال دوباکروم پرگنہ چوبارہ جسکے خانہ مالگذار مین نام مسماۃ رامیشر کنور وغیرہ کا لکہا جاتا هی و جمع صدر اوسکے $۶۴۰\text{-}۰\text{-}۰^{م}_{ع}$ هی بعلت باقیما لگذاري سرکار بہ تعداد مبلغ ۳-۹-۶ کے نیلام هوگا *

نمبر ۲۹۸۴ــــمحال الهي پور پرگنہ مذهل جسکے خانہ مالگذار مین نام شیونراین راي وغیرہ کا لکہا جاتا هی و جمع صدر اوسکي بعد منهائے جمع تفریق رول شدہ مبلغ ۶-۱۴-۲۷۴ هی بعلت باقي مالگذاري سرکار بہ تعداد و مبلغ $۲۵\text{-}۱۴\text{-}۱۱^{م}_{ع}$ کے نیلام هوگا *

جے : اِس: ڈرومنڈ
کلکٹر

تحریر فتاریخ هفدهم ماہ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—June 26, 1872.

No. 26 of 1872

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1872.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT, *separately, on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

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Robert Campbell's Case.

Dated Calcutta, the 30th April 1872.

From—C. MILLER, Esq., Coroner of Calcutta.

To—T. J. CHICHELE PLOWDEN, Esq., Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

I HAVE the honor to bring to the notice of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor a presentment made by a Coroner's Jury on the 29th April 1872, at an inquiry into the cause of the death of one Robert Campbell.

"We the gentlemen of the Coroner's Jury here assembled are of opinion that in all cases of insensibility from apparent drunkenness taken by the police, the person so taken should be carried to the hospital instead of to the lock-up."

No. 2873.

COPY forwarded to the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, for report.

No. 2874.

COPY forwarded to the Inspector-General of Hospitals, Indian Medical Department, with a request that he will be so good as to state whether there is any objection to the proposal.

No. 181, dated Fort William, the 17th May 1872.

From—DR. J. C. BROWN, Inspector-General of Hospitals, Indian Medical Department.

To—The Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Judicial Department.

IN reply to your memorandum No. 2874 of the 10th instant, inquiring whether there is any objection to a proposal that in all cases of insensibility from apparent drunkenness taken by the police, the person so taken should be carried to the hospital instead of to the lock-up, I have the honor to state that so far from there being any objection, I think the course proposed a most desirable one.

No. 571, dated Calcutta, the 22nd May 1872.

From—S. WAUCHOPE, ESQ., C.B., Officiating Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Judicial Department.

I HAVE the honor to ackowledge the receipt of your docket No. 2873 of the 10th instant, giving cover to a presentment made by a Coronor's Jury on the 29th ultimo, at an inquiry into the cause of the death of one Robert Campbell, and to report for the information of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that if the recommendation of the Jury, that in all cases of insensibility from apparent drunkenness taken up by the police, the person should be conveyed to hospital instead of the lock-up, were adopted, it would be necessary to have two sets of police to look after prisoners,—one at the College Hospital for Europeans, and another at the Chandney Hospital for Natives, as all persons so arrested should be placed before the Magistrates after discharge from hospital.

2. As the Police Surgeon, Dr. Woodford, visits the lock-up daily, and there is besides a native doctor always in attendance, I do not consider it necessary that every case should be taken to hospital direct. They should, as heretofore, be taken to the lock-up, and only removed to hospital when the emergency arises.

No. 3486, dated Calcutta, the 8th June 1872.

From—A. MACKENZIE, ESQ., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

To—The Officiating Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 571, dated the 22nd ultimo, reporting on the presentment made by a Coroner's Jury in an inquiry into the cause of the death of one Robert Campbell, to the effect that in all cases of insensibility from apparent drunkenness taken up by the police, the person so apprehended should be carried to the hospital instead of to the lock-up.

2. In reply I am to say that the Lieutenant-Governor thinks that when Europeans are picked up in the street insensible, they should certainly in the first instance be taken to the hospital for treatment.

3. In the present case a man apparently perfectly decent and respectable, the 2nd engineer of a large sea-going steamer, unaccustomed to the climate of India, is struck down by heat apoplexy, is carried to the lock-up on the supposition that he is insensibly drunk, and dies without receiving any proper medical attendance till it was too late to save his life. The native doctor of the lock-up does not appear to have gone near him from 5 P.M. to 8-30 P.M., nor to have realized in any way the seriousness of the case. Such an occurrence should not be possible in Calcutta.

4. I am accordingly to request that you will issue instructions to the police that in every such case in future, where a European is picked up in a state of insensibility, if the visit of the Police Surgeon to the lock-up is not imminent, the insensible man shall be taken at once to the hospital. If he is insensible and suspected of nothing more than drunkenness, it will be unnecessary to station a guard at the hospital. A policeman can go to the hospital later and ascertain the result, bringing the patient away to the lock-up if necessary after his recovery.

No. 3487.

COPY forwarded to the Inspector-General of Hospitals, Indian Medical Department, for information, with reference to his letter No 181, dated the 17th ultimo.

No. 3488.

COPY forwarded to the Coroner of Calcutta for information, with reference to his letter dated the 30th April last.

Charles Phelps' Case.

No. 3309, dated Calcutta, the 30th May 1872.
From—A. MACKENZIE, Esq., Junior Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.
To—The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

I AM directed to draw your attention to the report published in the *Englishman* newspaper of the 21st instant of the inquest held on the body of a European named Charles Phelps, and to request that you will be good enough to report, in communication with the chief medical officers of the hospital, if there is any truth in the statement made in the papers that a sick man has much difficulty in getting into a hospital, and also whether the House of Industry is freely open to any European paupers who choose to apply for admission to it.

No. 629, dated Fort William, the 3rd June 1872.
From—S. WAUCHOPE, Esq., C.B., Officiating Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Judicial Department.

I HAVE the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 3309 of the 30th May, relative to the case of the European named Charles Phelps which appeared in the *Englishman* of the 21st idem, directing me to make certain inquiries of the chief medical officers of the hospitals and Secretary to the District Charitable Society.

2. In reply I beg to submit copies of letters from those officials, from which it seems that Charles Phelps could, if he had tried, have procured immediate admission to the General and Medical College Hospitals, or to the House of Industry.

3. It is therefore clear that the statement which Phelps is said to have made as to his inability to procure admission to an hospital is untrue.

4. His statement that he had been lying on the maidaun for days unheeded is also untrue. He said nothing of the kind to the inspector of police who sent him to hospital, and as many Europeans and Natives must have passed in the morning and forenoon close to the place where he was found, I believe he could have been in the maidaun only a few hours before information was sent to the police.

5. When I heard of Phelps' death I made strict inquiries regarding him. He was a tramp of the lowest description, who would have nothing to do with the House of Industry or any place where he would be compelled to work. I am told that he lived on the charity of the shop-keepers in the Kidderpore Bazar. He was twice arrested and sentenced to rigorous imprisonment. He was also twice brought up before the Magistrate as a vagrant, but on both occasions I hear he escaped being sent to the Government Work-house by bringing up persons who said they supported him. He died of dysentery on the 21st April.

6. I may add that having now more leisure, I am endeavoring to work effectually the Vagrancy Act and clear out of Calcutta as many "loafers" as possible, for they are an intolerable nuisance.

7. Among the vagrants who have been brought up, I have found several very sad cases,—men who have fallen from a respectable position of life owing to no fault of their own, but the majority consists of unmitigated scoundrels who prefer begging to work, and who employ every description of dodge to avoid being sent to the Government Work-house. I have, however, no doubt that with the co-operation of the Calcutta Magistrates, which has been most heartily given me, we shall succeed in mitigating considerably, if not in putting an end to, the "loafer" nuisance in Calcutta.

No. 119, dated Calcutta General Hospital, the 1st June 1872.
From—DR. J. EWART, Surgeon, General Hospital.
To—S. WAUCHOPE, Esq., C.B., Officiating Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

IN reply to your No. 607 of 31st ultimo, I have the honor to state for the information of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor that the standing orders of this Hospital have always been never to refuse admission to any European who applies to be admitted.

Though we are not as yet, I regret to think, permitted to receive and treat natives, although the Hospital is situated in the heart of a large native population, I have thought it right to direct on my own responsibility the temporary reception of natives suffering from serious illness until they can be safely conveyed to the College or Chandney Hospital.

No. 144, dated Calcutta, the 1st June 1872.

From—Dr. David B. Smith, Offg. Principal, Medical College.

To—S. Wauchope, Esq., c.b., Officiating Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

With reference to your letter No. 606 of yesterday's date, I have the honor to reply, for the information of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, that a sick man has no difficulty in obtaining admission into this hospital.

2. We however can only accommodate a certain number of patients, and when the wards are so full that two or three extra beds have been placed in each, it becomes impossible with safety permanently to receive any new cases.

3. Under these circumstances the standing order (which is continually being impressed on all officers on duty) is as follows:—If there is a want of beds in the regular wards of the hospital, any person applying for relief must be carefully accommodated on the ground floor of the building. He must further be nursed, fed, and prescribed for, until better arrangements can be made for him.

4. Europeans thus received are, as a rule, (if there is no likelihood of beds being available up-stairs,) sent after the heat of the day in a palki to the General Hospital at our own (*i.e.*, the college,) expense.

5. The physicians and surgeons of the hospital are very desirous that every case brought here should be received and treated with the utmost care and humanity, and the orders under this head are constantly being forced on the attention of the sub-assistant surgeons and students on duty.

6. I beg to enclose for His Honor's information a notice on this subject which was placed conspicuously in different parts of the college and hospital only a few days ago.

7. The poor man named "Phelps," referred to in your letter, was under my immediate observation and care. He was admitted in a half-starved, dying state, and was kept alive for three or four days by continuous and most careful nursing. Students and nurses were told off to attend on him night and day, but he never rallied.

Notice.

As the Principal of the College has reason to believe that considerable public dissatisfaction has in certain cases lately arisen from the non-admission of persons seeking relief at the Medical College Hospital, all native medical officers and pupils on duty are directed to take notice that *no* patient (whether European, East Indian, or Native,) who seeks admission to the hospital is *on any account* to be sent away without the approval of the Resident House Surgeon or Physician. Every one who comes must if possible be admitted, and when this is found impossible (as it may be in a comparatively small number of cases), the patient must be prescribed for, treated, fed, and kept under observation in the basement floor of the hospital till evening, when steps must be taken for his careful removal to one of the other hospitals.

Medical College; D. B. Smith, m.d.,

Calcutta, the 29th May 1872. *Offg. Principal, Medical College.*

Dated 3rd June 1872.

From—Lord H. Ulick Browne, Honorary Secretary, District Charitable Society.

To—S. Wauchope, Esq., c.b., Officiating Commissioner of Police.

With reference to your letter No. 608 of the 31st ultimo, inquiring whether the House of Industry is freely open to European paupers who choose to apply for admission into it, I have the honor to forward a copy of rules 1 to 6 of the institution for your information.

Practically no one is refused admission or re-admission unless he has lately misconducted himself very badly, and in such cases he is generally re-admitted after a day or two, and then not allowed leave for a long time.

The calls of this description on the funds of the Society would not be so heavy if Government would work the Vagrant Act a little more, regarding which I hope to address the Government before long.

Rules for admission into the House of Industry.

Destitute persons are to be admitted into the House of Industry in any one of the following modes, and in no other, viz:—

I. By an order in writing of the President or Honorary Secretary of the Central Committee, or the Secretary of any District Committee, or of any subscriber to the District Charitable Society of not less than Rs. 25 annually, and by the master of the House of Industry, without any such order, in case of any sudden or urgent necessity.

II. No person shall be admitted under any written order as above mentioned if the same bear date more than six days before the applicant presents it and claims to be admitted.

III. If an applicant be admitted by the master of the House of Industry in a case of sudden and urgent necessity, the admission of such person shall be immediately reported to the Honorary Secretary, in order that the usual inquiry may be made into the case.

IV. If the medical officer of the institution upon examination pronounces the person admitted to be laboring under any disease of body or mind, the said person shall be sent to one of the public hospitals or to the police authorities, according to the circumstances of the case.

V. If the medical officer pronounces the applicant to be free from disease, he shall be placed in that part of the institution assigned to the class to which he may belong, and shall thereafter be treated according to the regulations hereinafter contained.

VI. Before any one is finally located in the House, he shall be thoroughly cleansed.

No. 3611, dated Calcutta, the 14th June 1872.

From—A. MACKENZIE, ESQ., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

To—The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 629, dated the 3rd instant, with enclosures, reporting on the case of Charles Phelps, noticed in the *Englishman* newspaper of the 21st May last.

2. In reply I am to state that the Lieutenant-Governor is relieved by your assurance that Phelps was a man who by choice rather than from necessity led the life he did. At the same time the case of this European is a very sad one.

3. The late case of Robert Campbell shows that a respectable man, a stranger to the country, when struck down by the sun, may be mistaken for an insensible drunken loafer. And even among loafers there are doubtless, as you say in your 7th paragraph, men who are suffering from real misfortune, as well as the large class who are vagrants by habit and character.

4. The position of Europeans left destitute or without employment in this country is a very difficult one. Still in Calcutta there are the Jails for the criminal class, the Hospitals for the sick, the House of Industry for the unemployed, and the Vagrant Act for habitual vagrants; and if all these are carefully and judiciously worked, and a man is not unduly driven about from one department or institution to another, or sent to the wrong place and left uncared for altogether, the difficulty may, the Lieutenant-Governor hopes, be got over. He thinks that the police should have instructions to bring up every European who passes the night out of doors without a home or place of sojourn, or who wanders about the streets begging. The Lieutenant-Governor trusts that you will go into the matter very carefully, and work judiciously the means at your disposal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of the Lower Provinces of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending 22nd June 1872.

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
1	Patna ..	June 22nd	3·53	Rain from the 14th to 19th, which was quite sufficient; since then fine weather, which was what was wanted to allow of the lands being ploughed.	What crops there are, are doing well; ploughing everywhere going on for the planting of rice.	
2	Gya ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return no received.
3	Chumparun ...	June 22nd	2·70	Heavy showers of rain during the week, supposed to have been pretty general throughout the district.	The rain has been of much benefit to the indigo, cheena, and rice crops, but no rain is now required for 8 or 10 days	
4	Sarun ...	„ 22nd	3·21	East and west winds. Rain general through out the district.	The prospects of indigo are favorable (mahai); manufacture will shortly be commenced. Late cheena is being cut. Sali dhan, moongh, and sugarcane, have grown up well. The fields are being prepared for bhadoi crops. Kado, shama, and Indian corn, are being put in the ground. The rain has been of great benefit to the crops.	
5	Shahabad ...	„ 22nd	4·26	Heavy rain; cloudy and variable wind. Thermometer— Max. ... 93° Min. ... 74° Barometer— H. reading ... 29·700 L. do. ... 29·440	The bhadoi crops and indigo are being sown.	
6	Tirhoot ...	„ 22nd	2·2	Cloudy; heavy rains in general.	The rain has been of the greatest benefit to indigo, rice, and other crops. The lands are being prepared for sowing bhadoi crops.	
7	Bhaugulpore ...	„ 22nd	1·61	Heavy rain in the north.	Too early to give an opinion. Extensive sowings have taken place; the seeds are germinating rapidly.	
8	Monghyr ...	„ 22nd	1·05	Weather, as before, constantly threatening but very little rain, except at Soorujgurra. Heavy and constant rain, more than enough, drowns the seed, and at Jamooie sub-division where between the 14th and 18th it rained steadily.	There has been enough of rain to give a good start to the crops in the ground and to admit of the sowing of jenara and bhadoi crops. Indigo manufacture begun in parts. Cheena and jenara sown in parts.	
9	Purneah ...	„ 22nd	12·74	Heavy rains in the early part of the week, then stormy; for the last two days fine and bright.	Bhadoi and aughany crops both good. The rain has been most beneficial, succeeded as it is by bright weather.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
10	Rajmehal ...	June 22nd	4·92	South and centre of district well off from rain; scanty in the north.	Everything at present looks promising, if the rains take off and do not hurt the young plants or rot freshly sown seed. In the south ploughing and sowing going on vigorously.	
11	Deoghur ...	„ 22nd	·41	Much rain in east and south-east portion of the district. Heavy thunder-storm in the north and north-west, but no continuous rain.	Weather generally favorable to agriculture; fields under preparation for transplanting; appearance of sugarcane favorable.	
12	Nya Doomka ...	„ 22nd	5·96	Raining 4 days out of 7; on the 20th 4·35 fell in two hours.	Jenara being sown; dry weather is now wanted to complete the sowings; prospects generally favorable, if rain hold off for a few days.	
13	Godda ...	„ 22nd	Rain fell three days	Generally cloudy and rainy.	Rain heavy in the hills to east, but partial in the westerly portions of the district. Agricultural operations commenced actively all over. In the hills the Indian corn crop is a fortnight ahead of the crops in the plains.	No rain-gauge.
14	Jamtara ...	...	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.
15	Rajshahye ...	„ 22nd	1·08	Cloudy, the sky often threatening rain, which, however, did not fall always. Occasional storms of wind during the day, followed by slight falls of temperature.	The amun and ous rice crops are doing well. Indigo has improved since the rains set in. Mangoes are abundant and cheap. Jute and sugarcane crops look promising.	
16	Bograh ...	„ 22nd	4·57	Heavy showers of rain fell during the past week, with occasional thunder-storm.	Rain has fallen generally and has been very advantageous to both ous and amun rice, and to jute. Ous sowings generally completed; amun rice is being planted out. General result is favorable.	District unusually healthy.
17	Dinagepore ...	„ 22nd	7·97	Cloudy, with heavy showers daily; wind variable. Temp. highest 97° „ lowest 72° Rains all over the district.	All the crops, bhadoi rice, and jute, are promising well.	
18	Maldah ...	„ 22nd	6·52	Rainy. The rains have regularly set in.	There was rain all over the district, which will prove beneficial to the bhadoi, bhootta, & shama crops, and also to the amun which is now being sown.	
19	Moorshedabad ...	„ 22nd	1·09	Cloudy and threatening, but not much rain. No heavy fall of rain.	Indigo and sugarcane have been much benefited by the rains. In parts of the district the ous paddy crop is promising.	
20	Pubna ...	„ 22nd	2·0	Weather warm and seasonable, with occasional storms and heavy showers; much less rain in the eastern parts of the district.	Rice, sugarcane, turmeric, Indian corn, juté, and Indigo, much benefited by the rain. There is every prospect of a good harvest.	
21	Rungpore ...	„ 22nd	6·18	Wet and rainy, with gleams of sunshine.	The ous dhan seems to be a good crop. It is now being cut.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872				
22	Burdwan ...	June 22nd	2·81	Cooler; rain very general everywhere in the district.	Late rains have done much good. Transplantation of amun paddy is being carried on. Prospects of sugarcane and cotton continue favorable.	
23	Bancoorah ...	„ 22nd	0·80	Generally cloudy, with occasional rain.	Ploughing is going on very well throughout the district. The moderate amount of rain during the last few days after the heavy rains of last week has been beneficial to the rice seedlings; sugarcane, indigo, cotton, &c, are looking better; but these crops will not be first-rate this year.	
24	Beerbhoom ...	„ 22nd	1·01	In the sudder station no rain until Thursday night; there was some in other parts of the district, and the general appearance has been rainy.	Sugarcane has been in great part planted. Paddy has been partially sown, but there still remains a good deal to be done.	
25	Hooghly ...	„ 22nd	Drizzling.	Cloudy.	All crops are progressing rapidly.	
26	Howrah ...	„ 22nd	1·59	Rain general throughout the district on 16th, 18th, and 21st June, except in Shampore (in south), where a little rain fell on the 18th only.	All crops have much improved since the beginning of last week. Paddy, sugarcane, and jute, are flourishing. Dhan is still being sown broadcast in places.	
27	Midnapore ...	„ 22nd	2·82	Showery and cloudy.	Rain has fallen in all parts of the district, but not to the extent required, especially towards the south The ous crop, a small one in this district, will not be a full one. Fodder also for cattle is scarce. Prospects of amun crop fair, as far as can be estimated now.	
28	Nuddea ...	„ 22nd	1·16	Showers and sunshine: heavy rain in the south and north of the district.	All crops unusually good, except in the north of Meherpore, where rain has now fallen plentifully, and there is no cause for anxiety.	
29	Jessore ...	„ 22nd	1·67	Generally cloudy, with seasonable rain. In the east and south-east of the district little rain.	State of all crops in the district good. The heavy rain of last week in the north of the district swamped some of the rice in the low lying bheels, but on the whole the prospects of rice and indigo are most favorable. Manufacturing has begun in three indigo concerns.	
30	24-Pergunnahs ...	„ 22nd	·85	Warm, occasional showers of rain. Mean temperature 87° Direction of wind, south and south-east.	Ous and jute plants thriving, amun being sown in the low lands. Prospects favorable, as there has been a good fall of rain throughout the district.	
31	Dacca ...	„ 22nd	1·40	Showery, with bright sunshine between; very favorable for crops.	Prospects of the crops good; ous harvest commenced.	
32	Backergunge ...	„ 22nd	1·09	Cloudy and rainy ...	Good. The rains came rather late for the ous crop, but they have been very beneficial to the cultivation of the amun crop.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
33	Furreedpore ..	June 22nd	·8	Weather cloudy, close, and oppressive, with occasional light showers since the 18th instant.	Good ...	Health of the district continues satisfactory.
34	Mymensing ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.
35	Sylhet ...	„ 15th	5·39	Comparatively dry weather in this week. Heat not oppressive. Max. temp. of week ... 88° Min. ditto ... 74·5° Range ... 13·5° Mean of highest reading ... 85·2° Do. lowest do. 76° Appx mean of week ... 80·6°	The sail or boro crops have been reaped. The hailstorms in April have damaged these crops to some extent,—about two annas. The ous and amun crops promise well, but the heavy rains recently have destroyed about two annas of the whole crops.	
36	Cachar ...	„ 15th	4·41	Sultry and overcast, with clouds during the daytime; a good deal of rain has fallen, principally during the night.	Ploughing is going on all over the district for the ous crop; the seedlings for the sail rice crop are coming up well Tea is still not up to the mark.	
37	Chittagong ...	„ 15th	1·72	Windy and cloudy, with rain.	Ploughing going on everywhere, and early sowings commenced. In the south of the district more rain appears to have fallen than in the north.	
38	Noakhally or Bullooah	„ 15th	7·16	Constant heavy showers during the morning and the afternoon. Rain not so heavy towards the north and north-west.	Rain has done much good to the ous crops. In places where rain has not been plentiful, the crops are progressing satisfactorily.	
39	Tipperah ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.
40	Hill Tipperah ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.
41	Hill Tracts of Chittagong.	June 15th	3·39	Heavy rain on the 12th. Generally cloudy; shower from all sides; wind very variable, both in direction and force; squalls from south and south-west.	The rain has been of much good to paddy. The prospects of all crops have been improved by the rainfall, which was much required	
42	Cuttack	„ 22nd	0·61	Cloudy and very close; only a few showers of rain.	In Cuttack and Jajpore sub-divisions weather has been favorable and crops are progressing. In Kendrapara and Jugguisingpore sub-divisions rain is greatly required.	
43	Balasore ..	„ 22nd	1·68	Cloudy and close; moderate rain has fallen all over the district.	The rice crop is coming up well, except in the south, where it is only just being sown.	
44	Pooree ...	„ 15th	·01	Every sign of the monsoon breaking; abundance of rain.	Sowing going on.	
45	Hazareebaugh ..	„ 22nd	0·48	Seasonable, cool, and cloudy.	Rainfall sufficient over the whole district, except in the immediate neighbourhood of sudder station	
46	Lohardugga ...	„ 22nd	0·50	Hot and cloudy. There has been heavy rain to the south and east of the district	Good accounts of the dhan; sowing is still going on in parts.	
47	Maunbhoom ...	„ 22nd	5·67	The rains set in on the 13th, and have since continued.	The broadcast rice is now everywhere being sown, and all distress for want of water has ceased.	
48	Singbhoom ...	„ 15th	0·70	Weather more promising, but more rain wanted. The rainfall in the district has been more plentiful than at the head-quarters.	Of the first sowings, what seed germinated has been nearly all lost from the hot dry days that followed; but what seed did not germinate, is all right, and more encouraging hopes are now entertained of success.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known..	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
49	Durrung ...	June 15th	1·74	Variable, constant showers followed by hot sunshine.	Weather excellent for ploughing and for such crops as are in the ground. Tea outturn heavy and above average.	
50	Nowgong ...	„ 15th	5·67	Cloudy; rain very general in the district.	The rain is benefiting the ahoo crops; the weather is admirably adapted for the tea crop, which is doing very well.	
51	Seebsaugor ...	„ 15th	2·08	The weather during the week continued warm, damp, and unhealthy.	Satisfactory up to date, but more rain is required.	An earthquake on the night of the 9th.
52	Kamroop ...	„ 15th	2·63	Rain very general, the weather was cold during the week under report.	Cotton, sugarcane, and tea, progressing favorably; ous harvest is being gathered. The crop is good, but the sub-divisional officer fears that the rising of the rivers may cause some loss within his jurisdiction. The land is now being ploughed for transplanting "shalee," and weather for it is favorable.	
53	Luckimpore ...	„ 15th	3 28	Occasional heavy showers during the week, with excessively warm weather in the intervals, favorable to growth of staple crops of the district.	No crops on the ground	
54	Khasi and Jynteah Hills.	„ 15th	3·11	Heavy rains throughout the district.	Rice is now being planted out in low lands. The Indian corn is growing, and a good crop is expected. The potatoes are also advancing, the plant being well grown.	
55	Naga Hills ...	„ 8th	1·63	Slightly cooler than last week, but still close and muggy.	Good in parts and much improved in others.	Fever very prevalent.
56	Julpigooree ...	„ 22nd	9·7 3	Rain general in the district, but not as continuous as is usual at this period; it falls fitfully in torrents one day, the other two or three days without rain Heat not as great as in preceding week.	Transplanting of dhan commenced; crops generally promise well.	Health at sudder station improved; cholera abating all over the district.
57	Gowalparah ...	„ 15th	2·62	Fine the early part of the week; cloudy and rain pretty general the last three days.	Assoo crop looking well. Sowing of winter crops in nurseries continues. Jute and sugarcane slightly injured by last week's rain.	
58	Garo Hills ...	„ 15th	2·87	Cloudy, with occasional rain in beginning of week. Atmosphere occasionally very clear. Heavy rain Friday and Saturday, and it appears to have been general in the district.	Crops look good. Rain was very late this season, and until lately, rather scanty, but the prospects appear fair.	
59	Darjeeling ...	„ 22nd	8·36	Insufficient rain ...	The rising crops are everywhere reported flourishing. Reports from eastern portions of the district continue to indicate scarcity of food. Under instructions from the Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner shall proceed on Tuesday next to the other side of the Teesta to make inquiries in person.	Several parts of the district are still affected with cholera. The season is decidedly an unhealthy one.
60	Cooch Behar ...	...	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA,
[illegible] 1872.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Divisions.	Stations.	Rain from 3rd to 9th June 1872.	Rain from 10th to 16th June 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872.		Remarks.
				Inches.	Up to date.	
		Inches.	Inches.			
Cuttack.	Cuttack { Telegraph Office ...	0·10	2·00	5·00	16th June 1872.	
	Cuttack { Jail	0·17	2·74	6·57	ditto.	
	False Point	Nil	Not received	5·01	9th June 1872.	
	Jajipore	ditto	1·40	6·57	16th June 1872.	
	Kendraparah	ditto	1·30	3·05	ditto.	
	Jugutsingpore	ditto	1·70	5·20	ditto.	
	Sumbulpore	Not received	Not received	Nil	5th May 1872.	
	Balasore	Nil	2·75	9·28	16th June 1872.	
	Bhuddruck	ditto	Not received	7·10	9th June 1872.	
	Pooree	0·08	0·33	1·41	16th June 1872.	
	Khoordah	0·03	Not received	0·69	9th June 1872.	
Chota Nagpore.	Hazareebaugh { Jail ...	Nil	1·10	3·83	16th June 1872.	
	Hazareebaugh { Dispensary ...	ditto	1·23	3·93	ditto.	
	Burhee	Not received	Not received	3·53	5th May 1872	Not recorded since 5th May.
	Puchumba	1·78	1·35	6·16	16th June 1872	
	Ranchee	Nil	3·22	8·19	ditto.	
	Palamow	ditto	0·17	3·19	ditto.	
	Purulia	0·45	3·57	9·43	ditto.	
	Gobindpore	2·16	1·50	6·08	ditto.	
	Chyebassa	0·70	0·73	5·34	ditto.	
Patna.	Patna (Bankipore)	Nil	3·83	7·88	ditto.	
	Dinapore { Jail	Not received	Not received	2·86	14th April 1872.	
	Dinapore { Cantonment ...	Nil	ditto	5·58	9th June 1872.	
	Behar	ditto	ditto	4·27	ditto.	
	Barh	ditto	2·69	7·72	16th June 1872.	
	Gya	ditto	1·50	4·65	ditto.	
	Sherghotty	ditto	0·90	6·77	ditto.	
	Nowadah	ditto	0·95	5·57	ditto.	
	Arungabad	Not received	2·43	6·16	ditto ...	Not received 3rd to 9th June.
	Chumparun	Nil	7·20	10·71	ditto.	
	Bettiah	ditto	6·75	8·95	ditto.	
	Chuprah	ditto	2·69	6·87	ditto.	
	Sewan	ditto	9·52	11·78	ditto.	
	Mozufferpore	ditto	2·30	9·94	ditto.	
	Durbhangah	ditto	2·47	4·20	ditto.	
	Seetamaree	1·10	Not received	6·35	9th June 1872	Not received 13th May to 2nd June.
	Tajpore	Nil	ditto	5·67	ditto ...	Not received 27th May to 2nd June.
	Mudhubani	ditto	8·20	14·17	16th June 1872.	
	Hajipore	ditto	3·95	8·54	ditto.	
	Arrah	ditto	2·64	3·27	ditto.	
	Buxar	ditto	2·50	5·91	ditto.	
	Sasseram	ditto	Not received	2·52	9th June 1872.	
	Bhubooah	ditto	3·08	6·68	16th June 1872.	
	Benares	ditto	2·80	4·95	16th June 1872.	
Bhaugulpore.	Bhaugulpore	0·63	4·27	7·05	ditto.	
	Mudheypoorah	Nil	3·20	8·68	ditto.	
	Banka	0·70	Not received	9·66	9th June 1872.	
	Soopool	0·06	5·60	10·45	16th June 1872.	
	Monghyr	Nil	0·88	3·07	ditto.	
	Jamooie	ditto	Not received	5·28	9th June 1872	Not recorded 29th January to 3rd February.
	Begooserai	ditto	ditto	4·96	ditto.	
	Deoghur	0·30	1·91	6·41	16th June 1872.	
	Jamtara	1·15	Not received	7·52	9th June 1872.	
	Rajmehal	Not received	ditto	3·10	2nd June 1872.	
	Pakour	0·19	3·67	9·38	16th June 1872.	
	Nya-Doomka	0·35	1·12	6·88	ditto.	
	Purneah	Nil	12·89	17·51	ditto.	
	Kishengunge	3·28	9·22	18·16	ditto.	
	Arrareah	Nil	9·50	16·64	ditto ...	Not recorded 22nd to 28th Jan.
Rajshahye.	Rampore Beauleah... ...	0·48	4·66	11·28	ditto.	
	Nattore	0·64	Not received	9·73	9th June 1872.	
	Bograh	1·84	4·75	20·61	16th June 1872.	
	Dinagepore	3·32	7·17	16·34	ditto.	
	Maldah	0·51	7·30	12·59	ditto.	
	Berhampore	0·71	11·13	18·79	ditto.	
	Jungipore	1·68	4·53	12·74	ditto.	
	Laulbaugh	1·20	9·09	17·33	ditto.	
	Jamoonakandi	0·17	2·80	6·68	ditto.	
	Pubna	1·09	7·25	20·03	ditto.	
	Serajgunge	3·24	4·18	18·79	ditto.	
	Rungpore	6·97	5·77	26·07	ditto.	
	Bhowanigunge	5·18	1·63	17·12	ditto.	
	Titalya	3·55	9·53	23·07	ditto.	
Burdwan.	Burdwan	1·38	2·23	8·74	ditto.	
	Cutwa	3·01	4·87	12·71	ditto.	
	Culna	1·15	Not received	5·79	9th June 1872.	
	Bood-Bood	2·13	ditto	6·44	ditto.	
	Bancoorah	1·35	1·32	8·47	16th June 1872.	
	Raneegunge	1·14	2·27	7·00	ditto.	
	Sooree	Nil	0·92	10·13	ditto.	
	Hooghly	1·00	Not received	9·78	9th June 1872.	
	Serampore	1·34	ditto	13·16	ditto.	
	Jehanabad	0·02	ditto	8·71	ditto.	
	Howrah	0·58	4·82	12·46	16th June 1872.	
	Mianapore	1·81	2·32	6·95	ditto.	
	Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office .	1·77	2·51	7·58	ditto.	
	Contai { Exe. Engr.'s Office...	1·97	2·90	8·87	ditto.	
	Gurbetta	0·62	0·50	6·37	ditto.	
	Tumlook	1·15	1·64	11·09	ditto.	

Divisions.	Stations.	Rain from 3rd to 9th June 1872.	Rain from 10th to 16th June 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872.		Remarks.
				Inches.	Up to date.	
		Inches.	Inches.			
Presidency.	Krisnaghur	0·93	Not received	8·08	9th June 1872.	
	Bongong	0·65	ditto	6·53	ditto.	
	Ranaghat	0·76	ditto	8·09	ditto.	
	Meherpore	0·38	ditto	9·38	ditto.	
	Chooadangah	0·80	ditto	11·10	ditto.	
	Kooshtea	1·02	6·42	13·85	16th June 1872.	
	Jessore	1·79	7·34	28·52	ditto.	
	Khoolneah	1·00	Not received	11·98	9th June 1872.	
	Jenidah	1·92	ditto	15·03	ditto.	
	Nurail	0·59	ditto	20·63	ditto.	
	Magoorah	1·23	ditto	10·18	ditto.	
	Bagirhaut	0·79	ditto	10·21	ditto.	
	Saugor Island	1·70	3·70	9·92	16th June 1872.	
	Calcutta	0·78	5·36	13·13	ditto.	
	Alipore { Hospital	0·62	3·92	11·01	ditto.	
	Alipore { Jail	0·68	3·58	10·69	ditto.	
	Barrackpore	0·80	6·06	18·71	ditto.	
	Dum-Dum	0·34	7·77	19·26	ditto.	
	Baraset	0·21	4·22	12·64	ditto.	
	Satkherah	1·18	4·77	17·62	ditto.	
	Busseerhaut	2·00	5·04	15·64	ditto.	
	Diamond Harbour	0·86	5·43	10·00	ditto.	
	Barripore	0·64	3·37	10·40	ditto.	
Dacca.	Dacca { Telegraph Office ...	0·68	9·66	28·01	ditto.	
	Dacca { Jail	1·15	7·30	25·10	ditto.	
	Burrisaul	Nil	3·57	21·43	ditto.	
	Dowlat Khan	0·38	5·10	19·10	ditto.	
	Perozepore	1·35	4·43	16·50	ditto.	
	Madaripore	1·07	4·08	30·22	ditto.	
	Patoakhully ...	0·19	7·21	11·19	ditto. ...	From 13th May.
	Furreedpore	Nil	1·66	13·38	ditto.	
	Goalundo	0·11	6·57	17·70	ditto.	
	Mymensing	6·48	Not received	18·77	9th June 1872.	
	Jamalpore	4·95	ditto	14·50	ditto.	
	Atteah	1·00	4·80	15·97	16th June 1872.	
	Kishoregunge	2·25	5·42	29·91	ditto.	
	Sylhet	24·60	1·98	87·00	ditto.	
	Cachar	7·10	1·46	52·20	ditto.	
	Hylakandy	7·74	Not received	46·13	9th June 1872.	
	Koyah	7·06	ditto	52·69	ditto ...	Not received 6th to 12th May.
Chittagong.	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	0·90	2·80	13·70	16th June 1872.	
	Chittagong { Jail ...	0·68	1·64	12·97	ditto.	
	Cox's Bazar	3·20	6·73	27·80	ditto.	
	Rangamatee Hill	2·62	2·59	26·25	ditto.	
	Noakhally	2·78	5·27	20·52	ditto.	
	Tipperah	1·95	1·01	20·74	ditto.	
	Brahmanbariah ...	1·65	0·35	19·82	ditto.	
	Akyab	1·09	5·70	37.60	ditto.	
Cooch Behar.	Cooch Behar	19·83	9·83	56·70	ditto.	
	Buxa	5·50	20·87	51·16	ditto.	
	Goalparah	19·06	Not received	36·99	9th June 1872.	
	Dhoobree	15·15	5·31	53·56	16th June 1872.	
	Tura (Garo Hills) ...	6·82	4·97	32·47	ditto.	
	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	Not received	Not received	13·84	31st May 1872.	
	Darjeeling { Hospital ...	2·63	11·49	25·12	16th June 1872.	
	Rungbee	Not received	Not received	8·43	30th April 1872.	
	Julpigoree	4·34	5·96	34·78	16th June 1872.	
	Boda	0·09	Not received	8·64	9th June 1872.	
Assam.	Tezpore	1·70	ditto	23·33	ditto.	
	Nowgong	1·67	5·58	59·96	16th June 1872.	
	Mungledye	4·65	Not received	28·20	9th June 1872	
	Burpettah	15·30	ditto	43·26	ditto.	
	Gowhatty	2·91	2·63	25·05	16th June 1872.	
	Seebsangor	0·74	Not received	34·20	9th June 1872.	
	Jorehaut	1·44	ditto	27·56	ditto.	
	Golaghat	2·15	ditto	22·92	ditto.	
	Nazeerah	1·64	ditto	24·73	ditto.	
	Debrooghur	2·06	ditto	35·51	ditto.	
	Suddya	1·35	ditto	30·38	ditto ...	Not received 20th to 26th May.
	Shillong	2·37	3·04	15·69	16th June 1872.	
	Cherrapoonjee	34·09	6·94	122·99	ditto.	
	Jaowai	5·47	Not received	25·13	9th June 1872.	
	Samoogoodting	Not received	ditto	2·23	14th April 1872.	

W. G. Willson,

Offg. Veteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Calcutta,
The 22nd June 1872.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 16th to 22nd June 1872.

Stations.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	Thermometer. Dry.	Thermometer. Wet.	Humidity Sat. =100.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity.*	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
Calcutta.	June											
	16th	10	29·795	29·813	88·2	82·4	74	S S E	...	0·02	K	scuds
		16	29·701	29·718	91·5	82·8	68	S by W	...	0 07	K	
	17th	10	29·730	29·748	88·5	83 0	78	S by W	...	...	K	
		16	29·592	29·610	92·0	82 5	65	S by W	...	...	K	
	18th	10	29·670	29·688	90 0	82·9	73	S S W	...	...	K	
		16	29·551	29·569	88·0	83 0	80	S	...	0 02	.....	o
	19th	10	29·662	29·680	90 0	83·8	76	S S W	...	...	CK	scuds
		16	29 559	29·577	92·7	81·0	59	S by W	...	...	C	
	20th	10	29·670	29·688	89·8	82·6	71	S by E	...	...	C, K	
		16	29·527	29·545	94·0	83·0	61	S S E	...	...	K	
	21st	10	29·908	29·926	89·0	83·7	78	E by N	...	..	K	d
		16	29·524	29·542	87·6	82·8	81	S S E	..	0·40	S, CK	
	22nd	10	29·543	29·561	85·0	82·5	89	E by N	...	0·32	.....	o
		16	29 445	29·463	85·7	81·7	83	S E	...	0·11	S, K	
Saugor Island.	16th	10	29·800	29·806	89	84	80	S	9 5	...	K	b, scuds
		16	29·727	29·733	89	83	76	S	10 3	...	N	b, scuds
	17th	10	29·737	29·743	90	85	80	S S W	11·1	...	N	b, p
		16	29·616	29·622	89	83	76	S S W	11·9	...	KS	b
	18th	10	29·682	29·688	91	85	77	S W	16·4	...	N	b
		16	29·578	29·584	88	84	83	S	13·6	...	N	b
	19th	10	29·685	29·691	90	85	80	S S W	15·1	0·10	N	b, v
		16	29·591	29 597	90	84	76	S S E	13·3	...	KS	b
	20th	10	29·671	29·677	89	82	73	S E	8·2	...	N	b
		16	29·553	29·559	91	85	77	S E	9·2	...	KS	b
	21st	10	29·587	29·593	87	84	87	S E	5 8	0·30	N	b, p, g, v
		16	29 515	29 521	87	83	83	E	7·4	0·20	N	d, o, g, v
	22nd	10	29 524	29·530	87	83	83	E	6 9	0·40	N	b, p, r
		16	29 444	29·450	89	84	80	S S E	8·9	0·10	N	b, u, v
Chittagong.	16th	10	29·754	29·845	90	82	69	S	2·8	...	K, CK, CS	b
		16	29·672	29·763	88	81	72	S E	11·3	...	CK	b
	17th	10	29 677	29·769	85	81	83	W	3·7	0·10	K, KS	u, t
		16	29·575	29 667	87	82	79	S W	8·8	...	K, KS	u
	18th	10	29 635	29·726	89	82	73	S W	6·7	...	K, KS	b
		16	29·546	29·638	86	81	79	S W	13 2	...	K, CK, C	b
	19th	10	29·635	29·727	87	81	76	W S W	4·9	...	K, KS	b
		16	29 563	29·655	86	81	79	S W	14·4	...	N	d, u, g
	20th	10	29·625	29·716	88	81	72	S S E	3·9	...	K	b
		16	29·523	29·615	87	81	76	W	8·8	...	KS	b
	21st	10	29·585	29·676	88	80	69	S W	4·0	...	K	b
		16	29·476	29·568	86	81	79	W	14·6	...	KS	b
	22nd	10	29·585	29·627	87	80	72	S E	4·1	...	K, C	b
		16	29·456	29 548	87	81	76	S W	13·1	0·40	K, CK	b, v
Madras.	16th	10	29·756	29·786	82	73	63	W	14	0·08	.....	cloudy
		16	29 610	29·670	92	78	51	S W by W	9	...	.....	cloudy
	17th	10	29·755	29 785	92	75	42	W N W	10	...	.....	lc
		16	29 637	29·667	88	77	58	E	8	...	.....	o
	18th	10	29·734	29·764	89	75	49	W by N	14	...	.....	cloudy
		16	29 632	29·662	91	77	50	S W by S	7	...	.....	cloudy
	19th	10	29·711	29 741	88	75	52	W by N	10	0·03	.....	cloudy
		16	29·654	29·684	86	76	61	S W by S	6	..	.....	o
	20th	10	29 697	29·727	84	75	64	W S W	11	0·34	.....	o
		16	29·620	29·650	81	77	82	N E by N	6	0·0.	.....	o
	21st	10	29 725	29 755	85	74	57	S W by W	12	...	.....	m
		16	29 621	29 651	87	74	51	S W	10	..	.....	o
	22nd	10	29·721	29·751	87	75	55	W S W	12	...	.....	cloudy
		16	29 640	29·670	89	74	46	S	14	...	.....	lc
Cuttack.	16th	10	29·720	29·801	91	81	63	S S E	2·3	...	K	cloudy
		16	29·616	29 697	92	80	57	S S E	4·6	...	K, CK	fair
	17th	10	29·658	29 739	90	80	63	S S W	3·0	..	K	cloudy
		16	29·580	29·611	94	81	55	S	8·5	...	KS, N	cloudy
	18th	10	29·636	29·717	92	80	57	S S W	4·6	...	CK	
		16	29·476	29·557	97	82	50	S S E	5·9	...	KS, N	fair
	19th	10	29 616	29 697	92	81	60	S W	5·1	...	N	fair
		16	29·499	29·580	94	80	52	S S W	4·1	...	N	cloudy
	20th	10	29 566	29·647	92	81	60	N N E	2·2	...	K, KS	fair
		16	29·469	29·550	96	80	47	E S E	5 6	...	K, N	cloudy
	21st	10	29·541	29 623	85	82	87	N N E	2·8	...	N	
		16	29 457	29.539	83	80	87	N N E	5·2	0·30	N	cloudy
	22nd	10	29·455	29 537	83	80	87	N N E	2 1	0·20	N, KS	r, p
		16	29·375	29 457	87	82	79	N N E	6·1	...	N, KS	cloudy
Akyab.	16th	10	29·833	29·854	89	84	80	E	0·3	...	.....	b
		16	29·714	29·735	88	82	76	S	0·3	...	.....	b
	17th	10	29·753	29·774	88	82	76	S E	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·654	29·675	87	82	79	W S W	1·0	...	.....	b
	18th	10	29·720	29·741	87	81	76	E S E	0·3	...	.....	b
		16	29·625	29 646	87	82	79	W	1·6	...	.....	b
	19th	10	29 717	29 738	88	83	80	E	0·7	...	.....	b
		16	29 625	29·646	87	82	79	S	3·1	...	.....	b
	20th	10	29·715	29·736	87	81	76	S S E	1·1	...	.....	b
		16	29 610	29·631	85	81	83	S	4·8	0 20	.....	b
	21st	10	29·716	29 738	80	78	91	S	3·2	...	.....	b
		16	29·593	29·614	85	81	83	S	4·6	3·50	.....	b
	22nd	10	29·663	29·685	80	79	95	S E	3·2	...	.....	b
		16	29·550	29·571	85	81	83	S	4·8	0·60	.....	b

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd June 1872.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 15th to 21st June 1872.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Thermometer.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Wind.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	General Remarks.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	O	O	O	O	O	O			lb.	Miles.	In.		
June ...	15th	29·743	89·5	77·5	142·7	83·3	80·3	78·2	0·85	S S E & S by E	0·4	143·6	0·33	...	Overcast, and cumuli and cirrocumuli. Thunder at 5 A.M. Slight rain from 3 to 6 A.M.
	16th	·748	91·5	81·2	142·5	85·8	81·9	79·2	·81	S S E & S	0·3	169·4	0·09	...	Cirri and cumuli. Light rain at 5, and from 10½ to 12¾ A.M.
	17th	·666	92·6	81·8	148·0	86·7	82·0	79·2	·79	S & S by W	0·8	151·2	...	...	Cirri, cumuli, and straton. Lightning on west at 8 P.M. Drizzled at 9¾ A.M.
	18th	·607	92·5	78·0	145·0	85·3	81·3	78·5	·81	S & S S W	1·2	230·8	0·02	...	Cirri, cumuli, and overcast. Thunder at 2½ and 7½ P.M. Lightning at 7 P.M. Light rain at 11½ A.M., 1½, and from 7½ to 9 P.M.
	19th	·606	93·2	79·0	141·0	86·6	81·4	78·3	·77	S by W & S	...	204·4	...	...	Stratoni, cumuli, and cirri.
	20th	·612	95·0	82·0	146·0	87·9	81·9	78·3	·74	S by E & S S E	...	168·1	...	...	Stratoni, cirri, and cumuli. Lightning from 8 to 11 P.M.
	21st	·579	80·0	80·8	110·0	84·5	81·6	79·6	·86	S S E	...	94·2	0·66	O	Stratoni, cumuloni, and overcast. Lightning on north-west at midnight and 1 A.M. Thunder at noon, 1, 4½, and 6 P.M. Slight rain at 7, from 10 to 12 A.M., and 4½ to 7 P.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four-hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	...	17·5
The max. temperature during the past seven days	...	95·0
The max. temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	90·5
The mean humidity during the past seven days	...	0·80
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0·85
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st ... by lower rain gauge	...	1·10
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st ... by anemometer gauge	...	1·01
Ditto ditto average of eighteen previous years	...	3·36
Ditto between the 1st January and the 21st June	...	13·89
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, average of eighteen previous years	...	21·24

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 24th June 1872.

Abstract of the Results of the Hourly Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, in the month of May 1872.

LATITUDE 22° 33′ 1″ north. Longitude 88° 20′ 34″ east. Height of the cistern of the standard barometer above the sea-level, 18·11 feet.

MONTHLY RESULTS.	Inches.
Mean height of the barometer for the month	29·655
Max. height of the barometer occurred at 11 P.M. on the 13th	29·862
Min. height of the barometer occurred at 4 and 6 P.M. on the 7th and 8th ...	29·476
Extreme range of the barometer during the month	0·386
Mean of the daily max. pressures	29·723
Ditto ditto min. ditto	29·578
Mean daily range of the barometer during the month	0·145
	⊖
Mean dry bulb thermometer for the month	86·8
Max. temperature occurred at 3 P.M. on the 27th	101·3
Min. temperature occurred at 11 A.M. on the 10th	74·8
Extreme range of the temperature during the month	26·5
Mean of the daily max. temperature	95·8
Ditto ditto min. ditto	79·7
Mean daily range of the temperature during the month	16·1
Mean wet bulb thermometer for the month	80·3
Mean dry bulb thermometer above mean wet bulb thermometer	6·5
Computed mean dew-point for the month	76·4
Mean dry bulb thermometer above computed mean dew-point	10·4
	Inches.
Mean elastic force of vapour for the month	0·893
	Troy grain.
Mean weight of vapour for the month	9·53
Additional weight of vapour required for complete saturation	3·68
Mean degree of humidity for the month, complete saturation being unity ...	0·72
Mean max. solar radiation thermometer for the month	142·6
	Inches.
Rained fourteen days,—max. fall of rain during 24 hours	0·59
Total amount of rain during the month	1·99
Total amount of rain indicated by the gauge* attached to the anemometer during the month	1·51
Prevailing direction of the wind	S, S. by W., & S. S. W.

* Height 70 feet 10 inches above ground.

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 22nd June 1872.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th June 1872, on 1,280 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.			Total traffic receipts.
	Number of Passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	137,623	1,23,128 5 7	11,286 15 4	601,491 0	3,10,804 13 9	28,495 18 11	39,782 14 3
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	96 3 1	8 16 4	.....	242 13 10	22 5 3	31 1 7
For previous 23 weeks of half-year...	2,493,111	38,20,469 6 4	350,209 13 10	15,840,929 30	87,14,408 4 0	798,826 5 2	1,149,035 19 0
Total for 24 weeks ...	2,630,734	39,43,597 11 11	361,496 9 2	16,442,420 30	90,25,333 1 9	827,322 4 1	1,188,818 13 3
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	94,198	1,08,510 9 9	9,946 16 2	515,244 0	3,22,405 1 5	29,553 16 0	39,500 12 2
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	84 12 11	7 15 6	.....	251 15 8	23 1 11	30 17 5
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,563,039½	36,12,561 14 2	331,151 10 2	15,340,644 30	89,64,003 7 4	821,700 6 3	1,152,851 16 5

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th June 1872, on 223⅓ miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	6,377	17,057 7 3	1,618 12 0	80,785 20	21,044 9 0	1,929 1 8	3,547 13 8
Or per mile of railway	.....	79 0 1	7 4 10	.....	94 2 6	8 12 8	15 17 6
For previous 23 weeks of half-year...	128,959	3,86,688 14 4	35,446 9 8	1,663,765 20	4,73,480 13 9	43,402 8 3	78,848 17 11
Total for 24 weeks ...	135,336	4,04,346 5 7	37,065 1 8	1,744,551 0	4,94,525 6 9	45,331 9 11	82,396 11 7
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	3,845½	9,798 10 10	898 4 3	52,574 30	15,103 14 1	1,384 10 5	2,282 14 8
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	.....	43 15 1	4 0 7	.....	67 11 8	6 4 2	10 4 9
Total to corresponding date of previous year	110,381	3,61,283 1 3	33,117 12 4	1,407,403 20	4,12,930 15 4	37,852 0 0	70,969 12 4

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th June 1872, on 156½ miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	31,151	18,726 12 9	1,716 12 5	72,067 6	15,847 12 5	1,452 14 3	3,169 6 8
Or per mile of railway	199	119 10 6	10 19 5	460 0	101 4 3	9 5 8	20 5 0
For previous weeks of half-year	743,642	4,69,836 1 6	43,068 6 7	2,984,298 4	5,91,058 12 3	56,014 14 4	99,083 0 11
Total for weeks ...	774,793	4,88,562 14 3	44,784 19 0	3,056,365 10	6,06,906 8 8	57,467 8 7	102,252 7 7
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	26,934½	15,582 4 5	1,428 7 6	156,114 27	22,419 9 8	2,055 2 6	3,483 10 0
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	172	99 9 1	9 2 6	998 0	143 4 1	13 2 8	22 5 2
Total to corresponding date of previous year	754,586	4,43,118 6 2	41,627 10 2	2,999,411 25	6,36,274 3 7	58,325 2 8	99,952 12 10

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No. 26 of 1872

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1872.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT, *separately, on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

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Robert Campbell's Case.

Dated Calcutta, the 30th April 1872.

From—C. MILLER, ESQ., Coroner of Calcutta.

To—T. J. CHICHELE PLOWDEN, ESQ., Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

I HAVE the honor to bring to the notice of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor a presentment made by a Coroner's Jury on the 29th April 1872, at an inquiry into the cause of the death of one Robert Campbell.

"We the gentlemen of the Coroner's Jury here assembled are of opinion that in all cases of insensibility from apparent drunkenness taken by the police, the person so taken should be carried to the hospital instead of to the lock-up."

No. 2873.

COPY forwarded to the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, for report.

No. 2874.

COPY forwarded to the Inspector-General of Hospitals, Indian Medical Department, with a request that he will be so good as to state whether there is any objection to the proposal.

No. 181, dated Fort William, the 17th May 1872.

From—DR. J. C. BROWN, Inspector-General of Hospitals, Indian Medical Department.

To—The Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Judicial Department.

IN reply to your memorandum No. 2874 of the 10th instant, inquiring whether there is any objection to a proposal that in all cases of insensibility from apparent drunkenness taken by the police, the person so taken should be carried to the hospital instead of to the lock-up, I have the honor to state that so far from there being any objection, I think the course proposed a most desirable one.

No. 571, dated Calcutta, the 22nd May 1872.

From—S. WAUCHOPE, Esq., C.B., Officiating Commissioner of Police; Calcutta.

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Judicial Department.

I HAVE the honor to ackowledge the receipt of your docket No. 2873 of the 10th instant, giving cover to a presentment made by a Coronor's Jury on the 29th ultimo, at an inquiry into the cause of the death of one Robert Campbell, and to report for the information of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that if the recommendation of the Jury, that in all cases of insensibility from apparent drunkenness taken up by the police, the person should be conveyed to hospital instead of the lock-up, were adopted, it would be necessary to have two sets of police to look after prisoners,—one at the College Hospital for Europeans, and another at the Chandney Hospital for Natives, as all persons so arrested should be placed before the Magistrates after discharge from hospital.

2. As the Police Surgeon, Dr. Woodford, visits the lock-up daily, and there is besides a native doctor always in attendance, I do not consider it necessary that every case should be taken to hospital direct. They should, as heretofore, be taken to the lock-up, and only removed to hospital when the emergency arises.

No. 3486, dated Calcutta, the 8th June 1872.

From—A. MACKENZIE, Esq., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

To—The Officiating Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 571, dated the 22nd ultimo, reporting on the presentment made by a Coroner's Jury in an inquiry into the cause of the death of one Robert Campbell, to the effect that in all cases of insensibility from apparent drunkenness taken up by the police, the person so apprehended should be carried to the hospital instead of to the lock-up.

2. In reply I am to say that the Lieutenant-Governor thinks that when Europeans are picked up in the street insensible, they should certainly in the first instance be taken to the hospital for treatment.

3. In the present case a man apparently perfectly decent and respectable, the 2nd engineer of a large sea-going steamer, unaccustomed to the climate of India, is struck down by heat apoplexy, is carried to the lock-up on the supposition that he is insensibly drunk, and dies without receiving any proper medical attendance till it was too late to save his life. The native doctor of the lock-up does not appear to have gone near him from 5 P.M. to 8-30 P.M., nor to have realized in any way the seriousness of the case. Such an occurrence should not be possible in Calcutta.

4. I am accordingly to request that you will issue instructions to the police that in every such case in future, where a European is picked up in a state of insensibility, if the visit of the Police Surgeon to the lock-up is not imminent, the insensible man shall be taken at once to the hospital. If he is insensible and suspected of nothing more than drunkenness, it will be unnecessary to station a guard at the hospital. A policeman can go to the hospital later and ascertain the result, bringing the patient away to the lock-up if necessary after his recovery.

No. 3487.

COPY forwarded to the Inspector-General of Hospitals, Indian Medical Department, for information, with reference to his letter No. 181, dated the 17th ultimo.

No. 3488.

COPY forwarded to the Coroner of Calcutta for information, with reference to his letter dated the 30th April last.

Charles Phelps' Case.

No. 3309, dated Calcutta, the 30th May 1872.
From—A. MACKENZIE, ESQ., Junior Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.
To—The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

I AM directed to draw your attention to the report published in the *Englishman* newspaper of the 21st instant of the inquest held on the body of a European named Charles Phelps, and to request that you will be good enough to report, in communication with the chief medical officers of the hospital, if there is any truth in the statement made in the papers that a sick man has much difficulty in getting into a hospital, and also whether the House of Industry is freely open to any European paupers who choose to apply for admission to it.

No. 629, dated Fort William, the 3rd June 1872.
From—S. WAUCHOPE, ESQ., C.B., Officiating Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Judicial Department.

I HAVE the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 3309 of the 30th May, relative to the case of the European named Charles Phelps which appeared in the *Englishman* of the 21st idem, directing me to make certain inquiries of the chief medical officers of the hospitals and Secretary to the District Charitable Society.

2. In reply I beg to submit copies of letters from those officials, from which it seems that Charles Phelps could, if he had tried, have procured immediate admission to the General and Medical College Hospitals, or to the House of Industry.

3. It is therefore clear that the statement which Phelps is said to have made as to his inability to procure admission to an hospital is untrue.

4. His statement that he had been lying on the maidaun for days unheeded is also untrue. He said nothing of the kind to the inspector of police who sent him to hospital, and as many Europeans and Natives must have passed in the morning and forenoon close to the place where he was found, I believe he could have been in the maidaun only a few hours before information was sent to the police.

5. When I heard of Phelps' death I made strict inquiries regarding him. He was a tramp of the lowest description, who would have nothing to do with the House of Industry or any place where he would be compelled to work. I am told that he lived on the charity of the shop-keepers in the Kidderpore Bazar. He was twice arrested and sentenced to rigorous imprisonment. He was also twice brought up before the Magistrate as a vagrant, but on both occasions I hear he escaped being sent to the Government Work-house by bringing up persons who said they supported him. He died of dysentery on the 21st April.

6. I may add that having now more leisure, I am endeavoring to work effectually the Vagrancy Act and clear out of Calcutta as many "loafers" as possible, for they are an intolerable nuisance.

7. Among the vagrants who have been brought up, I have found several very sad cases,—men who have fallen from a respectable position of life owing to no fault of their own, but the majority consists of unmitigated scoundrels who prefer begging to work, and who employ every description of dodge to avoid being sent to the Government Work-house. I have, however, no doubt that with the co-operation of the Calcutta Magistrates, which has been most heartily given me, we shall succeed in mitigating considerably, if not in putting an end to, the "loafer" nuisance in Calcutta.

No. 119, dated Calcutta General Hospital, the 1st June 1872.
From—DR. J. EWART, Surgeon, General Hospital.
To—S. WAUCHOPE, ESQ., C.B., Officiating Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

IN reply to your No. 607 of 31st ultimo, I have the honor to state for the information of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor that the standing orders of this Hospital have always been never to refuse admission to any European who applies to be admitted.

Though we are not as yet, I regret to think, permitted to receive and treat natives, although the Hospital is situated in the heart of a large native population, I have thought it right to direct on my own responsibility the temporary reception of natives suffering from serious illness until they can be safely conveyed to the College or Chanduey Hospital.

No. 144, dated Calcutta, the 1st June 1872.

From—Dr. David B. Smith, Offg. Principal, Medical College.

To—S. Wauchope, Esq., c.b., Officiating Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

With reference to your letter No. 606 of yesterday's date, I have the honor to reply, for the information of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, that a sick man has no difficulty in obtaining admission into this hospital.

2. We however can only accommodate a certain number of patients, and when the wards are so full that two or three extra beds have been placed in each, it becomes impossible with safety permanently to receive any new cases.

3. Under these circumstances the standing order (which is continually being impressed on all officers on duty) is as follows:—If there is a want of beds in the regular wards of the hospital, any person applying for relief must be carefully accommodated on the ground floor of the building. He must further be nursed, fed, and prescribed for, until better arrangements can be made for him.

4. Europeans thus received are, as a rule, (if there is no likelihood of beds being available up-stairs,) sent after the heat of the day in a palki to the General Hospital at our own (*i.e.*, the college,) expense.

5. The physicians and surgeons of the hospital are very desirous that every case brought here should be received and treated with the utmost care and humanity, and the orders under this head are constantly being forced on the attention of the sub-assistant surgeons and students on duty.

6. I beg to enclose for His Honor's information a notice on this subject which was placed conspicuously in different parts of the college and hospital only a few days ago.

7. The poor man named "Phelps," referred to in your letter, was under my immediate observation and care. He was admitted in a half-starved, dying state, and was kept alive for three or four days by continuous and most careful nursing. Students and nurses were told off to attend on him night and day, but he never rallied.

Notice.

As the Principal of the College has reason to believe that considerable public dissatisfaction has in certain cases lately arisen from the non-admission of persons seeking relief at the Medical College Hospital, all native medical officers and pupils on duty are directed to take notice that *no* patient (whether European, East Indian, or Native,) who seeks admission to the hospital is *on any account* to be sent away without the approval of the Resident House Surgeon or Physician. Every one who comes must if possible be admitted, and when this is found impossible (as it may be in a comparatively small number of cases), the patient must be prescribed for, treated, fed, and kept under observation in the basement floor of the hospital till evening, when steps must be taken for his careful removal to one of the other hospitals.

Medical College; D. B. Smith, m.d.,

Calcutta, the 29th May 1872. *Offg. Principal, Medical College.*

Dated 3rd June 1872.

From—Lord H. Ulick Browne, Honorary Secretary, District Charitable Society.

To—S. Wauchope, Esq., c.b., Officiating Commissioner of Police.

With reference to your letter No. 608 of the 31st ultimo, inquiring whether the House of Industry is freely open to European paupers who choose to apply for admission into it, I have the honor to forward a copy of rules 1 to 6 of the institution for your information.

Practically no one is refused admission or re-admission unless he has lately misconducted himself very badly, and in such cases he is generally re-admitted after a day or two, and then not allowed leave for a long time.

The calls of this description on the funds of the Society would not be so heavy if Government would work the Vagrant Act a little more, regarding which I hope to address the Government before long.

Rules for admission into the House of Industry.

Destitute persons are to be admitted into the House of Industry in any one of the following modes, and in no other, viz:—

I. By an order in writing of the President or Honorary Secretary of the Central Committee, or the Secretary of any District Committee, or of any subscriber to the District Charitable Society of not less than Rs. 25 annually, and by the master of the House of Industry, without any such order, in case of any sudden or urgent necessity.

II. No person shall be admitted under any written order as above mentioned if the same bear date more than six days before the applicant presents it and claims to be admitted.

III. If an applicant be admitted by the master of the House of Industry in a case of sudden and urgent necessity, the admission of such person shall be immediately reported to the Honorary Secretary, in order that the usual inquiry may be made into the case.

IV. If the medical officer of the institution upon examination pronounces the person admitted to be laboring under any disease of body or mind, the said person shall be sent to one of the public hospitals or to the police authorities, according to the circumstances of the case.

V. If the medical officer pronounces the applicant to be free from disease, he shall be placed in that part of the institution assigned to the class to which he may belong, and shall thereafter be treated according to the regulations hereinafter contained.

VI. Before any one is finally located in the House, he shall be thoroughly cleansed.

No. 3611, dated Calcutta, the 14th June 1872.

From—A. MACKENZIE, ESQ., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

To—The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 629, dated the 3rd instant, with enclosures, reporting on the case of Charles Phelps, noticed in the *Englishman* newspaper of the 21st May last.

2. In reply I am to state that the Lieutenant-Governor is relieved by your assurance that Phelps was a man who by choice rather than from necessity led the life he did. At the same time the case of this European is a very sad one.

3. The late case of Robert Campbell shows that a respectable man, a stranger to the country, when struck down by the sun, may be mistaken for an insensible drunken loafer. And even among loafers there are doubtless, as you say in your 7th paragraph, men who are suffering from real misfortune, as well as the large class who are vagrants by habit and character.

4. The position of Europeans left destitute or without employment in this country is a very difficult one. Still in Calcutta there are the Jails for the criminal class, the Hospitals for the sick, the House of Industry for the unemployed, and the Vagrant Act for habitual vagrants; and if all these are carefully and judiciously worked, and a man is not unduly driven about from one department or institution to another, or sent to the wrong place and left uncared for altogether, the difficulty may, the Lieutenant-Governor hopes, be got over. He thinks that the police should have instructions to bring up every European who passes the night out of doors without a home or place of sojourn, or who wanders about the streets begging. The Lieutenant-Governor trusts that you will go into the matter very carefully, and work judiciously the means at your disposal.

Provinces of Bengal during the week ending Monday, the 17th June 1872.

DEFINED IN ACT XXXI, 1871, CONSISTING OF 85·7353 TOLAHS.

	Bajra.			Jowar.			Gram.			Salt.			REMARKS.
	Present week ending 17th June 1872.	Past week ending 10th June 1872.	Corresponding week of 1871.	Present week ending 17th June 1872.	Past week ending 10th June 1872.	Corresponding week of 1871.	Present week ending 17th June 1872.	Past week ending 10th June 1872.	Corresponding week of 1871.	Present week ending 17th June 1872.	Past week ending 10th June 1872.	Corresponding week of 1871.	
6	...	...	...	...	...	...	20·7	20·7	17·7	6·9	6·9	6·9	
9	...	...	...	...	...	...	23·3	23·3	21·4	6·9	6·9	6·9	
2	...	...	...	32·6	32·6	37·3	22·3	22·3	...	7·4	7·4	7·4	
6	...	...	...	...	...	40·1	18·6	...	...	5·5	5·5	5·5	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	16·7	16·7	20·5	7·4	7·4	7·4	
9	...	...	...	...	...	...	15·2	15·2	13·9	6·9	6·9	6·9	
1	24·7	24·7	24·2	27·9	29·1	27·6	16·7	16·3	14·6	8·2	8·2	7·5	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	13·0	13·0	13·0	6·7	6·7	6·7	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	23	21	8	8	8	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	7·4	7·4	7·4	5·5	5·5	5·5	

Provinces of Bengal during the week ending Monday, the 24*th June* 1872.

ding 17th June 1872, and corresponding week of 1871.

37·3	37·3	37·3	37·3	37·3	37·3	20·5	20·5	20·5	7·4	7·4	7·4	
...	...	...	...	...	...	26·1	26·1	21·8	8·2	8·2	7·8	
...	..	...	...	...	...•	14·9	14·9	18·6	8·1	8·1	8·1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	23·3	21 ·	...	7·2	7·4	7·9	

† Return defective.

Published for general information.

J. Ware Edgar,

Offg. Junior Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of the Lower Provinces of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending 22nd June 1872.

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
1	Patna ..	June 22nd	3·53	Rain from the 14th to 19th, which was quite sufficient; since then fine weather, which was what was wanted to allow of the lands being ploughed.	What crops there are, are doing well; ploughing everywhere going on for the planting of rice.	
2	Gya ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return no received.
3	Chumparun ...	June 22nd	2·70	Heavy showers of rain during the week, supposed to have been pretty general throughout the district.	The rain has been of much benefit to the indigo, cheena, and rice crops, but no rain is now required for 8 or 10 days	
4	Sarun ...	„ 22nd	3·21	East and west winds. Rain general through out the district.	The prospects of indigo are favorable (mahai); manufacture will shortly be commenced. Late cheena is being cut. Sali dhan, moongh, and sugarcane, have grown up well. The fields are being prepared for bhadoi crops. Kado, shama, and Indian corn, are being put in the ground. The rain has been of great benefit to the crops.	
5	Shahabad ...	„ 22nd	4·26	Heavy rain; cloudy and variable wind. Thermometer— Max. ... 93° Min. ... 71° Barometer— H. reading ... 29·700 L. do. ... 29·440	The bhadoi crops and indigo are being sown.	
6	Tirhoot ...	„ 22nd	2·2	Cloudy; heavy rains in general.	The rain has been of the greatest benefit to indigo, rice, and other crops. The lands are being prepared for sowing bhadoi crops.	
7	Bhaugulpore ...	„ 22nd	1·61	Heavy rain in the north.	Too early to give an opinion. Extensive sowings have taken place; the seeds are germinating rapidly.	
8	Monghyr ...	„ 22nd	1·05	Weather, as before, constantly threatening but very little rain, except at Soomjgurra. Heavy and constant rain, more than enough, drowns the seed, and at Jamooie sub-division where between the 14th and 18th it rained steadily.	There has been enough of rain to give a good start to the crops in the ground and to admit of the sowing of jenara and bhadoi crops. Indigo manufacture begun in parts. Cheena and jenara sown in parts.	
9	Purneah ...	„ 22nd	12·74	Heavy rains in the early part of the week, then stormy; for the last two days fine and bright.	Bhadoi and aughany crops both good. The rain has been most beneficial, succeeded as it is by bright weather.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
10	Rajmehal ...	June 22nd	4·92	South and centre of district well off from rain; scanty in the north.	Everything at present looks promising, if the rains take off and do not hurt the young plants or rot freshly sown seed. In the south ploughing and sowing going on vigorously.	
11	Deoghur ...	„ 22nd	·41	Much rain in east and south-east portion of the district Heavy thunder-storm in the north and north-west, but no continuous rain.	Weather generally favorable to agriculture; fields under preparation for transplanting; appearance of sugarcane favorable.	
12	Nya Doomka ...	„ 22nd	5·96	Raining 4 days out of 7; on the 20th 4·35 fell in two hours.	Jenara being sown; dry weather is now wanted to complete the sowings: prospects generally favorable, if rain hold off for a few days.	
13	Godda ...	„ 22nd	Rain fell three days	Generally cloudy and rainy.	Rain heavy in the hills to east, but partial in the westerly portions of the district. Agricultural operations commenced actively all over. In the hills the Indian corn crop is a fortnight ahead of the crops in the plains.	No rain-gauge.
14	Jamtara ...	...	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.
15	Rajshahye ...	„ 22nd	1·08	Cloudy, the sky often threatening rain, which, however, did not fall always. Occasional storms of wind during the day, followed by slight falls of temperature.	The amun and ous rice crops are doing well. Indigo has improved since the rains set in. Mangoes are abundant and cheap. Jute and sugarcane crops look promising.	
16	Bograh ...	„ 22nd	4·57	Heavy showers of rain fell during the past week, with occasional thunder-storm.	Rain has fallen generally and has been very advantageous to both ous and amun rice, and to jute. Ous sowings generally completed; amun rice is being planted out. General result is favorable.	District unusually healthy.
17	Dinagepore ...	„ 22nd	7·97	Cloudy, with heavy showers daily; wind variable. Temp. highest 97° „ lowest 72° Rains all over the district.	All the crops, bhadoi rice, and jute, are promising well.	
18	Maldah ...	„ 22nd	6·52	Rainy The rains have regularly set in.	There was rain all over the district, which will prove beneficial to the bhadoi, bhootta, & shama crops, and also to the amun which is now being sown.	
19	Moorshedabad ...	„ 22nd	1·09	Cloudy and threatening, but not much rain. No heavy fall of rain.	Indigo and sugarcane have been much benefited by the rains. In parts of the district the ous paddy crop is promising.	
20	Pubna ...	„ 22nd	2·0	Weather warm and seasonable, with occasional storms and heavy showers; much less rain in the eastern parts of the district.	Rice, sugarcane, turmeric, Indian corn, jute, and Indigo, much benefited by the rain. There is every prospect of a good harvest.	
21	Rungpore ...	„ 22nd	6·18	Wet and rainy, with gleams of sunshine.	The ous dhan seems to be a good crop. It is now being cut.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872				
22	Burdwan ...	June 22nd	2·81	Cooler; rain very general everywhere in the district.	Late rains have done much good. Transplantation of aman paddy is being carried on. Prospects of sugarcane and cotton continue favorable.	
23	Bancoorah ...	„ 22nd	0 80	Generally cloudy, with occasional rain.	Ploughing is going on very well throughout the district. The moderate amount of rain during the last few days after the heavy rains of last week has been beneficial to the rice seedlings; sugarcane, indigo, cotton, &c, are looking better; but these crops will not be first-rate this year.	
24	Beerbhoom ...	„ 22nd	1·01	In the sudder station no rain until Thursday night; there was some in other parts of the district, and the general appearance has been rainy.	Sugarcane has been in great part planted. Paddy has been partially sown, but there still remains a good deal to be done.	
25	Hooghly ...	„ 22nd	Drizzling.	Cloudy.	All crops are progressing rapidly	
26	Howrah ...	„ 22nd	1·59	Rain general throughout the district on 16th, 18th, and 21st June, except in Shampore (in south), where a little rain fell on the 18th only.	All crops have much improved since the beginning of last week Paddy, sugarcane, and jute, are flourishing. Dhan is still being sown broadcast in places.	
27	Midnapore ...	„ 22nd	2 82	Showery and cloudy	Rain has fallen in all parts of the district, but not to the extent required, especially towards the south The ous crop, a small one in this district, will not be a full one Fodder also for cattle is scarce Prospects of aman crop fair, as far as can be estimated now	
28	Nuddea ...	„ 22nd	1·16	Showers and sunshine; heavy rain in the south and north of the district.	All crops unusually good, except in the north of Meherpore, where rain has now fallen plentifully, and there is no cause for anxiety.	
29	Jessore ...	„ 22nd	1·67	Generally cloudy, with seasonable rain In the east and south-east of the district little rain.	State of all crops in the district good. The heavy rain of last week in the north of the district swamped some of the rice in the low lying beels, but on the whole the prospects of rice and indigo are most favorable. Manufacturing has begun in three indigo concerns.	
30	24-Pergunnahs ...	„ 22nd	·85	Warm, occasional showers of rain Mean temperature 87 Direction of wind, south and south-east	Ous and jute plants thriving, aman being sown in the low lands. Prospects favorable, as there has been a good fall of rain throughout the district.	
31	Dacca ...	„ 22nd	1·40	Showery, with bright sunshine between; very favorable for crops.	Prospects of the crops good; ous harvest commenced.	
32	Backergunge ...	„ 22nd	1·09	Cloudy and rainy ...	Good. The rains came rather late for the ous crop, but they have been very beneficial to the cultivation of the aman crop.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
33	Furreedpore ..	June 22nd	·8	Weather cloudy, close, and oppressive, with occasional light showers since the 18th instant.	Good ...	Health of the district continues satisfactory.
34	Mymensing ...	.....	... ..	.....	.....	Return not received.
35	Sylhet ...	„ 15th	5·39	Comparatively dry weather in this week. Heat not oppressive Max. temp of week ... 88° Min. ditto ... 71·5° Range ... 13·5° Mean of highest reading ... 85·2° Do. lowest do. 76° Appx mean of week ... 80·6°	The sail or boro crops have been reaped. The hailstorms in April have damaged these crops to some extent,—about two annas. The ous and aman crops promise well, but the heavy rains recently have destroyed about two annas of the whole crops.	
36	Cachar ...	„ 15th	4·41	Sultry and overcast, with clouds during the daytime; a good deal of rain has fallen, principally during the night.	Ploughing is going on all over the district for the ous crop; the seedlings for the sail rice crop are coming up well Tea is still not up to the mark.	
37	Chittagong ...	„ 15th	1·72	Windy and cloudy, with rain.	Ploughing going on everywhere, and early sowings commenced. In the south of the district more rain appears to have fallen than in the north.	
38	Noakhally or Bulloah	„ 15th	7·16	Constant heavy showers during the morning and the afternoon. Rain not so heavy towards the north and north-west.	Rain has done much good to the ous crops. In places where rain has not been plentiful, the crops are progressing satisfactorily.	
39	Tipperah ...	.....	.....	.....	.. ...	Return not received.
40	Hill Tipperah ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.
41	Hill Tracts of Chittagong.	June 15th	3·39	Heavy rain on the 12th Generally cloudy; showers from all sides; wind very variable, both in direction and force; squalls from south and south-west.	The rain has been of much good to paddy. The prospects of all crops have been improved by the rainfall, which was much required	
42	Cuttack	„ 22nd	0·61	Cloudy and very close; only a few showers of rain.	In Cuttack and Jajpore sub-divisions weather has been favorable and crops are progressing. In Kendrapara and Juggutsingpore sub-divisions rain is greatly required.	
43	Balasore ..	„ 22nd	1·68	Cloudy and close; moderate rain has fallen all over the district.	The rice crop is coming up well, except in the south, where it is only just being sown	
44	Poorce ...	„ 15th	·01	Every sign of the monsoon breaking; abundance of rain.	Sowing going on.	
45	Hazareebaugh ..	„ 22nd	0·48	Seasonable, cool, and cloudy.	Rainfall sufficient over the whole district, except in the immediate neighbourhood of sudder station	
46	Lohardugga ...	„ 22nd	0·50	Hot and cloudy There has been heavy rain to the south and east of the district	Good accounts of the dhan; sowing is still going on in parts.	
47	Maunbhoom ...	„ 22nd	5·67	The rains set in on the 13th, and have since continued.	The broadcast rice is now everywhere being sown, and all distress for want of water has ceased.	
48	Singbhoom ...	„ 15th	0·70	Weather more promising, but more rain wanted. The rainfall in the district has been more plentiful than at the head-quarters.	Of the first sowings, what seed germinated has been nearly all lost from the hot dry days that followed; but what seed did not germinate, is all right, and more encouraging hopes are now entertained of success.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
49	Durrung ...	June 15th	1·74	Variable, constant showers followed by hot sunshine.	Weather excellent for ploughing and for such crops as are in the ground. Tea outturn heavy and above average.	
50	Nowgong ...	„ 15th	5·67	Cloudy; rain very general in the district.	The rain is benefiting the ahoo crops: the weather is admirably adapted for the tea crop, which is doing very well.	
51	Seebsaugor ...	„ 15th	2·08	The weather during the week continued warm, damp, and unhealthy.	Satisfactory up to date, but more rain is required.	An earthquake on the night of the 9th.
52	Kamroop ...	„ 15th	2·63	Rain very general, the weather was cold during the week under report.	Cotton, sugarcane, and tea, progressing favorably; ous harvest is being gathered. The crop is good, but the sub-divisional officer fears that the rising of the rivers may cause some loss within his jurisdiction. The land is now being ploughed for transplanting "shalee," and weather for it is favorable.	
53	Luckimpore ...	„ 15th	3·28	Occasional heavy showers during the week, with excessively warm weather in the intervals, favorable to growth of staple crops of the district.	No crops on the ground	
54	Khasi and Jynteah Hills.	„ 15th	3·11	Heavy rains throughout the district.	Rice is now being planted out in low lands. The Indian corn is growing, and a good crop is expected. The potatoes are also advancing, the plant being well grown.	
55	Naga Hills ...	„ 8th	1·63	Slightly cooler than last week, but still close and muggy.	Good in parts and much improved in others.	Fever very prevalent.
56	Julpigooree ...	„ 22nd	9·73	Rain general in the district, but not as continuous as is usual at this period; it falls fitfully in torrents one day, the other two or three days without rain Heat not as great as in preceding week.	Transplanting of dhan commenced; crops generally promise well.	Health at sudder station improved; cholera abating all over the district.
57	Gowalparah ...	„ 15th	2·62	Fine the early part of the week; cloudy and rain pretty general the last three days.	Assoo crop looking well. Sowing of winter crops in nurseries continues. Jute and sugarcane slightly injured by last week's rain.	
58	Garo Hills ...	„ 15th	2·87	Cloudy, with occasional rain in beginning of week. Atmosphere occasionally very clear. Heavy rain Friday and Saturday, and it appears to have been general in the district.	Crops look good. Rain was very late this season, and until lately, rather scanty, but the prospects appear fair.	
59	Darjeeling ...	„ 22nd	8·36	Insufficient rain ...	The rising crops are everywhere reported flourishing. Reports from eastern portions of the district continue to indicate scarcity of food. Under instructions from the Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner shall proceed on Tuesday next to the other side of the Teesta to make inquiries in person.	Several parts of the district are still affected with cholera. The season is decidedly an unhealthy one.
60	Cooch Behar ...	...	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA,
The 25th June 1872.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Divisions.	Stations.	Rain from 3rd to 9th June 1872.	Rain from 10th to 16th June 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872. Inches.	Rain from 1st January 1872. Up to date.	Remarks.
		Inches.	Inches.			
Cuttack.	Cuttack { Telegraph Office ...	0·10	2·90	5·60	16th June 1872.	
	Cuttack { Jail	0·17	2·74	6·57	ditto.	
	False Point	Nil	Not received	5·01	9th June 1872.	
	Jajipore	ditto	1·40	6·57	16th June 1872.	
	Kendraparah	ditto	1·30	3·65	ditto.	
	Jugutsingpore	ditto	1·70	5·20	ditto.	
	Sumbulpore	Not received	Not received	Nil	5th May 1872.	
	Bamsore	Nil	2·75	9·28	16th June 1872.	
	Bhuddruck	ditto	Not received	7 10	9th June 1872.	
	Pooree	0·08	0·33	1·41	16th June 1872.	
	Khoordah	0·03	Not received	0·69	9th June 1872.	
Chota Nagpore.	Hazareebaugh { Jail ...	Nil	1·10	3·83	16th June 1872.	
	Hazareebaugh { Dispensary ...	ditto	1·23	3 93	ditto.	
	Burhee	Not received	Not received	3·53	5th May 1872	Not recorded since 5th May.
	Puchumba	1·78	1·35	6·16	16th June 1872	
	Ranchee	Nil	3·22	8·19	ditto.	
	Palamow	ditto	0·17	3·19	ditto.	
	Purulia	0·45	3·57	9·43	ditto.	
	Gobindpore	2·16	1·50	6·08	ditto.	
	Chyebassa	0·70	0·73	5·34	ditto.	
Patna.	Patna (Bankipore)	Nil	3·83	7·88	ditto.	
	Dinapore { Jail	Not received	Not received	2·86	11th April 1872.	
	Dinapore { Cantonment ...	Nil	ditto	5·58	9th June 1872.	
	Behar	ditto	ditto	4·27	ditto.	
	Barh	ditto	2·69	7·72	16th June 1872.	
	Gya	ditto	1·50	4·65	ditto.	
	Sherghotty	ditto	0·90	6·77	ditto.	
	Nowadah	ditto	0 95	5·57	ditto.	
	Arungabad	Not received	2·43	6 16	ditto ...	Not received 3rd to 9th June.
	Chumparun	Nil	7·20	10 71	ditto.	
	Bettiah	ditto	6 75	8 95	ditto.	
	Chuprah	ditto	2·69	6·87	ditto.	
	Sewan	ditto	0·52	11·78	ditto.	
	Mozufferpore	ditto	2·30	0·94	ditto.	
	Durbhangah	ditto	2·47	1·20	ditto.	
	Seetamaree	1·10	Not received	6·35	9th June 1872	Not received 13th May to 2nd June.
	Tajpore	Nil	ditto	5·67	ditto ...	Not received 27th May to 2nd June.
	Mudhubani	ditto	8·20	11·17	16th June 1872	
	Hajipore	ditto	3·95	8·51	ditto.	
	Arrah	ditto	2 64	6·27	ditto	
	Buxar	ditto	2·50	5·91	ditto.	
	Sasseram	ditto	Not received	2·52	9th June 1872.	
	Bhubooah	ditto	3·08	6 68	16th June 1872.	
	Benares	ditto	2 8)	4 95	16th June 1872.	
Bhaugulpore.	Bhaugulpore	0·63	4·27	7 95	ditto.	
	Mudheypoorah	Nil	3·20	8 68	ditto.	
	Banka	0·70	Not received	9·66	9th June 1872.	
	Soopool	0·06	5 60	10·15	16th June 1872.	
	Monghyr	Nil	0·88	3 97	ditto.	
	Jamooie	ditto	Not received	5·28	9th June 1872	Not recorded 29th January to 3rd February.
	Begoosserai	ditto	ditto	4·96	ditto.	
	Deoghur	0·30	1·91	6·41	16th June 1872.	
	Jumtara	1·15	Not received	7·52	9th June 1872.	
	Rajmehal	Not received	ditto	3·10	2nd June 1872.	
	Pakour	0·49	3 67	9·38	16th June 1872.	
	Nya-Doomka	0·35	1·12	6·88	ditto.	
	Purneah	Nil	12·83	17·51	ditto.	
	Kishengunge	3·28	9·22	18·16	ditto.	
	Arrareah	Nil	9 50	16·64	ditto ...	Not recorded 22nd to 28th Jan.
Rajshahye.	Rampore Beauleah... ...	0·18	4 66	11 28	ditto.	
	Nattore	0·01	Not received	9·73	9th June 1872.	
	Bograh	1·83	4·75	20·61	16th June 1872.	
	Dinagepore	3·32	7·17	16·34	ditto.	
	Maldah	0·54	7·30	12·59	ditto.	
	Berhampore	0·71	11·13	18·79	ditto.	
	Jungipore	1·18	4·53	12·74	ditto.	
	Lauldaugh	1·20	9·09	17·33	ditto.	
	Jamoeakandi	0·17	2·80	6·68	ditto.	
	Pubna	1·09	7·25	20·03	ditto.	
	Serajgunge	3·24	4·18	18·79	ditto.	
	Rungpore	6·97	5·77	26·67	ditto.	
	Bhowanigunge	5·48	1·69	17·12	ditto.	
	Titalya	3·55	9·53	23·07	ditto.	
Burdwan.	Burdwan	1·38	2·23	8·74	ditto.	
	Cutwa	3 01	4·87	12·71	ditto.	
	Culna	1·15	Not received	5·79	9th June 1872.	
	Bood-Bood	2·13	ditto	6·14	ditto.	
	Bancoorah	1·35	1·32	8·47	16th June 1872.	
	Raneegunge	1·14	2·27	7·00	ditto.	
	Soorie	Nil	0·92	10·13	ditto.	
	Hooghly	1·00	Not received	0·78	9th June 1872.	
	Serampore	1·34	ditto	13·16	ditto.	
	Jehanabad	0·02	ditto	8·71	ditto.	
	Howrah	0·58	4·82	12·46	16th June 1872.	
	Mumapore	1·81	2·32	6·95	ditto.	
	Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office..	1·77	2·51	7·58	ditto.	
	Contai { Exe. Engr.'s Office...	1·97	2·90	8·87	ditto.	
	Gurbetta	0·62	0·53	6·37	ditto.	
	Tumlook	1·15	1·64	11·09	ditto.	

Divisions.	Stations.	Rain from 3rd to 9th June 1872.	Rain from 10th to 16th June 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872.		Remarks.
				Inches.	Up to date.	
		Inches.	Inches.			
Presidency.	Krisnaghur	0·93	Not received	8·08	9th June 1872.	
	Bongong	0·65	ditto	6·53	ditto.	
	Ranaghat	0·76	ditto	8·09	ditto.	
	Meherpore	0·38	ditto	9·38	ditto.	
	Chooadangah	0·80	ditto	11·10	ditto.	
	Kooshtea	1·02	6·42	13·85	16th June 1872.	
	Jessore	1·79	7·34	28·52	ditto.	
	Khoolneah	1·00	Not received	11·98	9th June 1872.	
	Jenidah	1·92	ditto	15·01	ditto.	
	Nurail	0·59	ditto	20·63	ditto.	
	Magoorah	1·23	ditto	10·18	ditto.	
	Bagirhaut	0·79	ditto	10·21	ditto.	
	Saugor Island	1·70	3·70	9·92	16th June 1872.	
	Calcutta	0·78	5·36	13·13	ditto.	
	Alipore { Hospital	0·62	3·92	11·01	ditto.	
	Alipore { Jail	0·68	3·58	10·89	ditto.	
	Barrackpore	0·80	6·06	18·71	ditto.	
	Dum-Dum	0·34	7·77	19·26	ditto.	
	Baraset	0·21	4·22	12·04	ditto.	
	Satkhorah	1·48	4·77	17·62	ditto.	
	Busseerhaut	2·00	5·04	15·64	ditto.	
	Diamond Harbour	0·86	5·13	10·00	ditto.	
	Barripore	0·64	3·37	10·40	ditto.	
Dacca.	Dacca { Telegraph Office ...	0·68	9·66	28·01	ditto.	
	Dacca { Jail	1·15	7·30	25·10	ditto.	
	Burrisaul	Nil	3·57	21·43	ditto.	
	Dowlat Khan	0·38	5·10	19·10	ditto.	
	Perozepore	1·35	4·13	16·50	ditto.	
	Madaripore	1·07	4·08	30·22	ditto.	
	Patoakhally ...	0·19	7·21	11·19	ditto. ...	From 13th May.
	Furreedpore	Nil	1·66	13·38	ditto.	
	Goalundo	0·11	6·57	17·70	ditto.	
	Mymensing	6·48	Not received	18·77	9th June 1872.	
	Jamalpore	4·95	ditto	14·50	ditto.	
	Atteah	1·00	4·80	15·97	16th June 1872.	
	Kishoregunge	2·25	5·12	29·91	ditto.	
	Sylhet	24·60	1·98	87·00	ditto.	
	Cachar	7·10	1·46	52·20	ditto.	
	Hylakandy	7·74	Not received	46·13	9th June 1872.	
	Koyah	7·06	ditto	52·69	ditto ...	Not received 6th to 12th May.
Chittagong.	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	0·90	2·80	13·70	16th June 1872.	
	Chittagong { Jail ...	0·68	1·64	12·97	ditto.	
	Cox's Bazar	3·20	6·73	27·80	ditto.	
	Rangamatee Hill	2·62	2·59	26·25	ditto.	
	Noakhally	2·78	5·27	29·52	ditto.	
	Tipperah	1·95	1·01	20·74	ditto.	
	Brahmanbariah ...	1·65	0·35	19·82	ditto.	
	Akyab	14·09	5·70	37·60	ditto.	
Cooch Behar.	Cooch Behar	19·83	9·83	56·70	ditto.	
	Buxa	5·50	20·87	51·16	ditto.	
	Goalparah	19·06	Not received	36·99	9th June 1872.	
	Dhoobree	15·15	5·31	53·56	16th June 1872.	
	Tura (Garo Hills) ...	6·82	4·97	32·47	ditto.	
	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	Not received	Not received	13·81	31st May 1872.	
	Darjeeling { Hospital ...	2·63	11·59	25·12	16th June 1872.	
	Rungbee	Not received	Not received	8·13	30th April 1872.	
	Julpigoree	4·34	5·96	34·78	16th June 1872.	
	Boda	0·09	Not received	8·64	9th June 1872.	
Assam.	Tezpore	1·70	ditto	23·33	ditto.	
	Nowgong	1·67	5·58	59·96	16th June 1872.	
	Mungledye	4·65	Not received	28·20	9th June 1872.	
	Barpettah	15·30	ditto	13·26	ditto.	
	Gowhatty	2·91	2·63	25·05	16th June 1872.	
	Sibsaugor	0·71	Not received	31·40	9th June 1872.	
	Jorehaut	1·14	ditto	27·36	ditto.	
	Golaghat	2·15	ditto	22·52	ditto.	
	Nazeerah	1·04	ditto	21·73	ditto.	
	Debrooghur	2·06	ditto	45·51	ditto.	
	Suddya	1·35	ditto	30·78	ditto ...	Not received 20th to 26th May.
	Shillong	1·37	3·04	15·69	16th June 1872.	
	Cherrapoonjee	7·40	6·94	122·90	ditto.	
	Jaowai	2·17	Not received	25·13	9th June 1872.	
	Samoogoodting	Not received	ditto	2·23	11th April 1872.	

W. G. Willson,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Calcutta,
The 22nd June 1872.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 16th to 22nd June 1872.

Stations.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	Thermometer. Dry.	Thermometer. Wet.	Humidity Sat. =100.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
	June											
Calcutta.	16th	10	29·795	29·813	88·2	82·4	74	S S E	...	0·02	K	scuds
		16	29·701	29·718	91·5	82·8	68	S by W	...	0 07	K	
	17th	10	29·730	29·748	88·5	83·0	78	S by W	...	...	K	
		16	29·592	29·610	92·0	82 5	65	S by W	...	...	K	
	18th	10	29·670	29·688	90·0	82·9	73	S S W	...	...	K	
		16	29·551	29·569	88·0	83 0	80	S	...	0 02	.....	*o*
	19th	10	29·602	29·680	90·0	83·8	76	S S W	...	...	CK	scuds
		16	29·559	29·577	92·7	81·0	59	S by W	...	...	C	
	20th	10	29·670	29·688	89·8	82·6	71	S by E	...	...	C, K	
		16	29·527	29·545	94·0	83·0	61	S S E	...	...	K	
	21st	10	29·608	29·626	89·0	83·7	78	E by N	...	...	K	*d*
		16	29·524	29·542	87·6	82·8	81	S S E	...	0·40	S, CK	
	22nd	10	29·543	29·561	85·0	82·5	89	E by N	...	0·32	.....	*o*
		16	29·445	29·463	85·7	81·7	83	S E	...	0·11	S, K	
Sagor Island.	16th	10	29·800	29·806	89	84	80	S	9·5	...	K	*b*, scuds
		16	29·727	29·733	89	83	76	S	10·3	...	N	*b*, scuds
	17th	10	29·737	29·743	90	85	80	S S W	11·1	...	N	*b*, *p*
		16	29·616	29·622	89	83	76	S S W	11·9	...	KS	*b*
	18th	10	29·682	29·688	91	85	77	S W	16·4	...	N	*b*
		16	29·578	29·584	88	84	83	S	13 6	...	N	*b*
	19th	10	29·685	29·691	90	85	80	S S W	15·1	0·10	N	*b*, *v*
		16	29·591	29·597	90	84	76	S S E	13·3	...	KS	*b*
	20th	10	29·671	29·677	89	82	73	S E	8·2	...	N	*b*
		16	29·553	29·559	91	85	77	S E	9·2	...	KS	*b*
	21st	10	29·587	29·593	87	84	87	S E	5 8	0·30	N	*b*, *p*, *g*, *v*
		16	29 515	29 521	87	83	83	E	7·4	0·20	N	*d*, *v*, *g*, *v*
	22nd	10	29 524	29·530	87	83	83	E	6·9	0·40	N	*b*, *p*, *v*
		16	29 444	29·450	89	84	80	S S E	8·9	0·10	N	*b*, *u*, *v*
Chittagong.	16th	10	29·754	29·845	90	82	69	S	2·8	...	K, CK, CS	*b*
		16	29·672	29·763	88	81	72	S E	11·3	...	CK	*b*
	17th	10	29·677	29·769	85	81	83	W	3·7	0·10	K, KS	*u*, *t*
		16	29·575	29 067	87	82	79	S W	8·8	...	K, KS	*u*
	18th	10	29 635	29·726	89	82	73	S W	6·7	...	K, KS	*b*
		16	29·546	29·638	86	81	79	S W	13·2	...	K, CK, C	*b*
	19th	10	29·635	29·727	87	81	76	W S W	4·9	...	K, KS	*b*
		16	29 563	29·655	86	81	79	S W	14·4	...	N	*d*, *u*, *g*
	20th	10	29·625	29·716	88	81	72	S S E	3·9	...	K	*b*
		16	29·523	29·615	87	81	76	W	8·8	...	KS	*b*
	21st	10	29·585	29·676	88	80	69	S W	4·0	...	K	*b*
		16	29·476	29·568	86	81	79	W	14·6	...	KS	*b*
	22nd	10	29·535	29·627	87	80	72	S E	4·1	...	K, C	*b*
		16	29·456	29·548	87	81	76	S W	13·1	0·40	K, CK	*b*, *v*
Madras.	16th	10	29·756	29·786	82	73	63	W	14	0·08	.....	cloudy
		16	29·640	29·670	92	78	51	S W by W	9	...	.....	cloudy
	17th	10	29·755	29·785	92	75	42	W N W	10	...	.....	*lc*
		16	29 637	29·667	88	77	58	E	8	...	.....	*o*
	18th	10	29·734	29·764	89	75	49	W by N	14	...	.....	cloudy
		16	29·632	29·662	91	77	50	S W by S	7	...	.....	cloudy
	19th	10	29·711	29·741	88	75	52	W by N	10	0·03	.....	cloudy
		16	29·654	29·684	86	76	61	S W by S	6	...	.....	*o*
	20th	10	29 697	29·727	84	75	64	W S W	11	0·34	.....	*o*
		16	29·620	29·650	81	77	82	N E by N	6	0·01	.....	*o*
	21st	10	29 725	29·755	85	74	57	S W by W	12	...	.....	*m*
		16	29 621	29·651	87	74	51	S W	10	..	.....	*o*
	22nd	10	29·721	29·751	87	75	55	W S W	12	...	.....	cloudy
		16	29·649	29·679	89	74	46	S	14	...	.....	*lc*
Cuttack.	16th	10	29·720	29·801	91	81	63	S S E	2·3	...	K	cloudy
		16	29·616	29 697	92	80	57	S S E	4·6	...	K, CK	fair
	17th	10	29·658	29 739	90	80	63	S S W	3·0	...	K	cloudy
		16	29·530	29·611	94	81	55	S	8·5	...	KS, N	cloudy
	18th	10	29·636	29·717	92	80	57	S S W	4·6	...	CK	
		16	29·476	29 557	97	82	50	S S E	5·9	...	KS, N	fair
	19th	10	29·616	29·697	92	81	60	S W	5·1	...	N	fair
		16	29·499	29·580	94	80	52	S S W	4·4	...	N	cloudy
	20th	10	29·566	29·647	92	81	60	N N E	2·2	...	K, KS	fair
		16	29·469	29·550	96	80	47	E S E	5 6	...	K, N	cloudy
	21st	10	29·541	29·623	85	82	87	N N E	2·8	...	N	*p*
		16	29·457	29.539	88	80	87	N N E	5·2	0·30	N	cloudy
	22nd	10	29·455	29 537	83	80	87	N N E	2·1	0·20	N, KS	*r*, *p*
		16	29·375	29 457	87	82	79	N N E	6·1	...	N, KS	cloudy
Akyab.	16th	10	29·833	29·854	89	84	80	E	0·3		.....	*b*
		16	29·714	29·735	88	82	76	S	0·3	...	.....	*b*
	17th	10	29·753	29·774	88	82	76	S E	...	...	.....	*b*
		16	29·654	29·675	87	82	79	W S W	1·0	...	.....	*b*
	18th	10	29·720	29·741	87	81	76	E S E	0·3	...	.....	*b*
		16	29·625	29 646	87	82	79	W	1·6	...	.....	*b*
	19th	10	29·717	29 738	88	83	80	E	0·7	...	.....	*b*
		16	29·625	29·646	87	82	79	S	3·1	...	.....	*b*
	20th	10	29·715	29·736	87	81	76	S S E	1·1	...	.....	*b*
		16	29·610	29·631	85	81	83	S	4·8	0 20	.....	*b*
	21st	10	29·716	29 738	90	78	91	S	3·2	...	.....	*b*
		16	29·593	29·614	85	81	83	S	4·6	3·50	.....	*b*
	22nd	10	29·663	29·685	80	79	95	S E	3·2	...	.....	*b*
		16	29·550	29·571	86	81	83	S	4·8	0·60	.....	*b*

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd June 1872.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 15th to 21st June 1872.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Thermometer.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Wind.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	General Remarks.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	○	○	○	○	○	○			lb.	Miles.	In.		
June ...	15th	29·743	89·5	77·5	142·7	83·3	80·3	78·2	0·85	S S E & S by E	0·4	148·6	0·33	...	Overcast, and cumuli and cirrocumuli. Thunder at 5 A.M. Slight rain from 3 to 6 A.M.
	16th	·748	91·5	81·2	142·5	85·8	81·9	79·2	·81	S S E & S	0·3	169·4	0·09	...	Cirri and cumuli. Light rain at 5, and from 10½ to 12¾ A.M.
	17th	·666	92·6	81·8	148·0	86·7	82·0	79·2	·79	S & S by W	0·8	151·2	...	...	Cirri, cumuli, and straton. Lightning on west at 8 P.M. Drizzled at 9¾ A.M
	18th	·607	92·5	78·0	145·0	85·3	81·3	78·5	·81	S & S S W	1·2	230·8	0·02	...	Cirri, cumuli, and overcast. Thunder at 2½ and 7½ P.M. Lightning at 7 P.M. Light rain at 11½ A.M., 1½, and from 7½ to 9 P.M.
	19th	·606	93·2	79·0	141·0	86·6	81·4	78·3	·77	S by W & S	...	204·4	...	...	Stratoni, cumuli, and cirri.
	20th	·612	95·0	82·0	146·0	87·9	81·9	78·3	·74	S by E & S S E	...	158·1	...	...	Stratoni, cirri, and cumuli. Lightning from 8 to 11 P.M.
	21st	·579	80·0	69·8	110·0	84·5	81·6	79·6	·86	S S E	...	94·2	0·66	○	Stratoni, cumuloni, and overcast. Lightning on north-west at midnight and 1 A.M. Thunder at noon, 1, 4½, and 6 P.M. Slight rain at 7, from 10 to 12 A.M., and 4½ to 7 P.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four-hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	...	17·5
The max. temperature during the past seven days	...	95·0
The max. temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	90·5
The mean humidity during the past seven days	...	0·80
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0·85
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st ... by lower rain gauge	...	1·10
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st ... by anemometer gauge	...	1·01
Ditto ditto average of eighteen previous years	...	3·36
Ditto between the 1st January and the 21st June	...	13·89
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, average of eighteen previous years	...	21·24

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 24th June 1872.

Abstract of the Results of the Hourly Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, in the month of May 1872.

LATITUDE 22° 33′ 1″ horth. Longitude 88° 20′ 34″ east. Height of the cistern of the standard barometer above the sea-level, 18·11 feet.

MONTHLY RESULTS.	Inches.
Mean height of the barometer for the month	29·655
Max. height of the barometer occurred at 11 P.M. on the 13th	29·862
Min. height of the barometer occurred at 4 and 6 P.M. on the 7th and 8th ...	29·476
Extreme range of the barometer during the month	0·386
Mean of the daily max. pressures	29·723
Ditto ditto min. ditto	29·578
Mean daily range of the barometer during the month	0·145
	⊖
Mean dry bulb thermometer for the month	86·8
Max. temperature occurred at 3 P.M. on the 27th	101·3
Min. temperature occurred at 11 A.M. on the 10th	74·8
Extreme range of the temperature during the month	26·5
Mean of the daily max. temperature	95·8
Ditto ditto min. ditto	79·7
Mean daily range of the temperature during the month	16·1
Mean wet bulb thermometer for the month	80·3
Mean dry bulb thermometer above mean wet bulb thermometer	6·5
Computed mean dew-point for the month	76·4
Mean dry bulb thermometer above computed mean dew-point	10·4
	Inches.
Mean elastic force of vapour for the month	0·893
	Troy grain.
Mean weight of vapour for the month	9·53
Additional weight of vapour required for complete saturation	3·68
Mean degree of humidity for the month, complete saturation being unity ...	0·72
	☉
Mean max. solar radiation thermometer for the month	142·6
	Inches.
Rained fourteen days,—max. fall of rain during 24 hours	0·59
Total amount of rain during the month	1·99
Total amount of rain indicated by the gauge* attached to the anemometer during the month	1·54
Prevailing direction of the wind	S, S. by W., & S. S. W.

* Height 70 feet 10 inches above ground.

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 22nd June 1872.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th June 1872, on 1,280 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.			Total traffic receipts.
	Number of Passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	137,623	1,23,128 5 7	11,286 15 4	601,491 0	3,10,864 13 9	28,495 18 11	39,782 14 3
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	96 3 1	8 16 4	.....	242 13 10	22 5 3	31 1 7
For previous 23 weeks of half-year...	2,493,111	38,20,469 6 4	350,209 13 10	15,840,929 30	87,14,468 4 0	798,826 5 2	1,149,035 19 0
Total for 24 weeks ...	2,630,734	39,43,597 11 11	361,496 9 2	16,442,420 30	90,25,333 1 9	827,322 4 1	1,188,818 13 3
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	94,198	1,08,510 9 9	9,946 16 2	515,244 0	3,22,405 1 5	29,553 16 0	39,500 12 2
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	84 12 11	7 15 6	.....	251 15 8	23 1 11	30 17 5
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,563,039½	36,12,561 14 2	331,151 10 2	15,340,644 30	89,64,003 7 4	821,700 6 3	1,152,851 16 5

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th June 1872, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	6,377	17,657 7 3	1,618 12 0	80,785 20	21,044 9 0	1,929 1 8	3,547 13 8
Or per mile of railway	.....	79 0 1	7 4 10	.....	94 2 6	8 12 8	15 17 6
For previous 23 weeks of half-year...	128,959	3,86,088 14 4	35,446 0 8	1,663,765 20	4,73,480 13 9	43,402 8 3	78,848 17 11
Total for 24 weeks ...	135,336	4,04,346 5 7	37,065 1 8	1,744,551 0	4,94,525 6 0	45,331 9 11	82,396 11 7
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	3,845½	9,798 10 10	898 4 3	52,574 30	15,103 14 1	1,384 10 5	2,282 14 8
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	.....	43 15 1	4 0 7	.....	67 11 8	6 4 2	10 4 9
Total to corresponding date of previous year	110,381	3,61,283 1 3	33,117 12 4	1,497,403 20	4,12,930 15 4	37,852 0 0	70,969 12 4

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th June 1872, on 156½ miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	31,151	18,726 12 9	1,716 12 5	72,067 6	15,847 12 5	1,452 14 3	3,169 6 8
Or per mile of railway	199	119 10 6	10 10 5	460 0	101 4 3	9 5 8	20 5 0
For previous weeks of half-year	743,642	4,69,836 1 6	43,068 6 7	2,984,298 4	5,91,058 12 3	56,014 14 4	99,083 0 11
Total for weeks ...	774,793	4,88,562 14 3	44,784 19 0	3,056,365 10	6,06,906 8 8	57,467 8 7	102,252 7 7
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	26,934½	15,582 4 5	1,428 7 6	156,114 27	22,419 9 8	2,055 2 6	3,483 10 0
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	172	99 9 1	9 2 6	998 0	143 4 1	13 2 8	22 5 2
Total to corresponding date of previous year	754,586	4,43,118 6 2	41,627 10 2	2,999,411 25	6,36,274 3 7	58,325 2 8	99,932 12 10

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[REGISTERED No. 50.]

No. 27 of 1872

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1872.

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

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Notice.

THE Lieutenant-Governor will be happy to receive any Native gentleman who wishes to call on him on Wednesdays and Saturdays from 4 to 6 in the afternoon.

Gentlemen who have not been before introduced to the Lieutenant-Governor, and who do not hold some official position, are requested to bring an introduction.

H. LUTTMAN-JOHNSON,
Private Secretary.

BELVEDERE,
The 8th May 1872.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Revenue and General Departments.

No. 1268R.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 18th June 1872.—Moulvi Kussimuddin to be Sub-Registrar of Assurances of the Sub-district of Morrellgunge in Jessore.

The 26th June 1872.—Mr. George Lucian Taylor Harris to officiate as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, with effect from the 18th instant.

The 27th June 1872.—Captain William John Williamson to officiate as a Deputy Commissioner of the Third Grade, with effect from the 14th instant.

Moulvi Mahomed, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinagepore, on leave, is transferred to Furreedpore.

The 28th June 1872.—Mr. William Charles Muller is promoted to the Sixth Grade of Extra Assistant Commissioners.

Captain Samuel Hunter Cowan, Officiating Assistant Superintendent, First Grade, in charge First Division, Revenue Survey, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Regulation VII of 1822 and Act XX of 1848 in the districts of Nowgong, Durrung, and Kamroop.

Baboo Chunder Sikhur Banerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, on leave, to be Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Patna.

The 1st July 1872.—Mr. J. H. Mendies to officiate as Special Sub-Registrar of Sooree, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Dinobundhoo Sanyal, or until further orders, with effect from the 21st May last.

Mr. William Humphrey Page, Assistant Magistrate of Goalundo, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870, for the purpose of taking up land for a road from the Rajabari Railway Station to meet the Belgachi road from Furreedpore.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 27th June 1872.—Mr. Daniel Walter McMullen Testro, B.A., Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Second Grade, Backergunge, is allowed subsidiary leave for a

period not exceeding thirty days, to enable him to appear before the Standing Medical Committee at the Presidency.

The 1st July 1872.—Babu Dinobundhoo Sanyal, Special Sub-Registrar of Sooree, for six weeks, under Section 3, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 21st May last.

Sir William Herschel, *Bart.*, Officiating Commissioner of Dacca, is allowed leave of absence from the 24th April last to the 9th instant, under Section 18 of the Civil Leave Code.

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th June 1872.—Babu Kaliprosonno Sircar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, having joined his appointment at Nuddea on the 14th instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 13th idem is cancelled

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th June 1872.—It is hereby declared, for general information, that Rule 43 of the Rules under Section 69 of the Indian Registration Act No. VIII of 1871, published at page 1183 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 7th June 1871, is cancelled.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st July 1872.—Under Section 3 of Act III of 1872 the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint the following Officers to be *ex-officio* Registrars of Marriages under the said Act in the districts mentioned against each:—

		Districts.
The Sub-Registrar,	Kamroop	... Kamroop.
,, ,,	Durrung	... Durrung.
,, ,,	Nowgong	... Nowgong.
,, ,,	Seebsangor	.. Seebsangor.
,, ,,	Luckimpore	... Luckimpore.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st July 1872.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 27 of the Court Fees' Act of 1870 (Act No. VII) the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to issue the following directions to be observed throughout the territories of the Lieutenant-Governorship of Bengal:—

1. When the exact amount of any fee chargeable under the said Act can be denoted by a single stamp such fee shall be denoted by a single stamp, unless the Collector of the district certify that such stamp is not in stock. In this latter case those stamps are to be used of which the fewest number will make up the necessary amount.

2. When the amount of the fee cannot be denoted by a single stamp the next lower stamp shall be used, and the deficiency made up by one or more additional stamps of such value that the fewest possible number of stamps will make up the necessary amount.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd July 1872.—The following Rules for the examination of candidates for Civil Appointments are published for general information:—

Date of examination.

1. An examination of candidates for admission into the roll of persons qualified for civil appointments under this Government will be held in the month of February 1873.

Preliminary examination.

2. A preliminary examination in English and the vernacular, of those candidates who have not already qualified in those subjects, will be held on a prior date to be hereafter notified.

Persons eligible for admission as candidates for appointments of Rs. 100 and upwards.

3. The following persons only will be admitted as candidates for appointments of Rs. 100 per mensem and upwards:—

(*a*) Persons who have been six years in the service of Government.

(*b*) Persons who have passed the Entrance examination and have been three years in the service of Government.

(*c*) Persons who have passed the First Arts examination and have been one year in the service of Government.

Provided that they have in each case attained and have held for not less than one year a responsible permanent appointment above that of copyist in one of the civil departments of the Government service, and can produce a sufficient certificate of ability, good conduct, and fitness for promotion from their official superiors.

(*d*) Persons who have taken a University degree in Arts, Law, Medicine, or Engineering.

(*e*) Persons who may be specially authorized by Government to appear as candidates by a certificate under the hand of a Secretary to Government.

Persons eligible for admission as candidates for appointments of less than Rs. 100 per mensem.

4. The following persons will be also admitted as candidates for appointments of less than Rs. 100 per mensem:—

(*a*)—Persons who have served Government with credit and efficiency for not less than three years, whose thorough facility in the use of the vernacular is certified, and who pass a preliminary examination in English.

(*b*)—Natives of Hindustan and of other districts which may be hereafter specially notified, who have served Government with credit and efficiency for not less than three years, and who can show that they have received a thoroughly good education in the vernacular.

(*c*)—Persons who have passed the Entrance examination in one of the two first divisions.

(*d*)—Persons who may be specially authorized by Government to appear as candidates by a certificate under the hand of a Secretary to Government.

Certificate of character, &c.

5. A certificate will be required from every candidate of his character, respectability, and general moral fitness,—such certificate being signed by two gentlemen of his own nationality, resident in the district of which he is a native or where he usually resides, and also signed by the Judge or Magistrate of such district. The certificate of the two first named is expected to be based upon personal knowledge, and the certificate of

the Judge or Magistrate to indicate that the gentlemen who have signed it are qualified by their position and character to give such a certificate, and that the Judge or Magistrate himself knows nothing to the prejudice of the candidate. In the case of the town of Calcutta, instead of the signature of the Judge or Magistrate, the certificate should bear that of any Judge of the High Court, or the Commissioner of Police, or the Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

Medical certificate.

6. Each candidate will be required to produce a certificate from a medical officer, who will be specially selected for the purpose, stating that the candidate is generally a man of sound health, that he has expressed his willingness to serve in any district of the Lower Provinces, and that he (the medical officer) believes him to be capable of doing so, so far as can be judged antecedently.

Certificate of riding or walking.

7. (*a*)—Every candidate for an appointment of Rs. 100 per mensem and upwards will also be required to prove that he can ride, and for this purpose he may apply to the Magistrate of the district, who will either satisfy himself on the point, or select some other person he thinks competent for that purpose. The examiner must certify from his own personal observation that the candidate can ride not less than 12 miles at a rapid pace, and is in this respect competent for all practical purposes of district work; and if such examiner be not the Magistrate himself, the certificate must be countersigned by the Magistrate. All candidates presenting themselves without such certificate will be required to appear before some person in Calcutta who will be selected for the purpose.

(*b*)—Every candidate for an appointment of less than Rs. 100 will be required to prove either that he can ride as above, or that he can walk twelve miles within 3½ hours without difficulty or prostration, to be certified in the same manner as the riding.

Examination of European candidates in English.

8. Previous to the other examinations, European candidates who have not passed any University examination will be required to pass an examination in English, in order to show that they possess a thorough knowledge of reading, writing, and arithmetic. They must be able to write well, quickly, and correctly, from dictation, to compose a report, and to do all ordinary arithmetic correctly and quickly, which must be duly certified by the examiners.

By European is meant any person whose native language is English or any other European tongue.

Examination for all candidates.

9. Besides procuring the above certificates, all candidates, subject to certain exceptions hereinafter mentioned, will be required to pass an examination

(1) In the Vernacular.

(2) In Drawing, Surveying, and Engineering.

They may also pass an examination

(3) In Law.

(4) In the elements of Botany and Chemistry.

(5) In Gymnastics.

And a qualification in the three last subjects will count *pro tanto* in their favor.

10. No candidate who does not pass in Law will be eligible for an appointment of Rs. 100 and upwards. For all appointments those who pass in the elements of Botany and Chemistry and in Gymnastics will be preferred if they are otherwise fit.

Examination in the Vernacular.

Vernacular examination for native candidates.

11. All native candidates will be required to show that they can read and write office papers and orders in the vernacular with complete facility.

Vernacular examination for European candidates.

12. All European candidates will be examined as to their ability to speak and understand a vernacular language, to read it in print, and translate it. Their knowledge of it must be sufficient to enable them to do business easily immediately on appointment.

Vernacular languages.

13. The vernacular language in which candidates will be required to pass under the two preceding rules may be either Bengali or Hindustani, Oorya or Assamese.

Candidates who pass in Bengali only will not be eligible for vacancies in Behar, nor will candidates who pass in Hindustani only be eligible for vacancies in Bengal or Orissa.

Examination in Drawing, Surveying, and Engineering.

14. Candidates will be examined in the following subjects:—

I. *Drawing,*

II. *Surveying,*

Including 1.—Mensuration.
2.—Surveying with chain, and with compass and chain.
3.—Levelling.
4.—Construction of field-book, plotting, tracing on the ground.
5.—Construction and use of scales.

III. *Engineering,*

Including 1.—General knowledge of properties of building materials in most common use, and of constructive trades.
2.—Estimating for a simple building or bridge.
3.—Construction of simple buildings.
4.—Construction of simple roof and bridge trusses for small spans.
5.—Elements of road-making (including the construction of culverts and small bridges).

15. Candidates for appointments of Rs. 100 per mensem and upwards, who have obtained an overseer's certificate, and candidates for appointments under Rs. 100 per mensem, who have obtained a sub-overseer's certificate, will be exempted from examination in drawing, surveying, and engineering.

Examination in Law.

16. Candidates who possess a degree in Indian law will not be required to pass the examination in law.

All others will be examined in the elements of the law prevailing in Bengal in the following branches:—

(*a.*) To qualify for the Police and Non-Regulation appointments.

Criminal Law.

Penal Code.
New Code of Criminal Procedure.
Police Act V of 1861.

In this examination books will be allowed.

(*b.*) To qualify for Subordinate Executive Service and other civil appointments—

1. Criminal Law as in (*a*).
2. Revenue and General Law as follows:—

Regulations I, XIII, and XLVIII of 1793, and XII of 1817.
" I, II, and VIII of 1819.
" VII of 1822, IX and XI of 1825, and IX of 1833.
Acts IX of 1847, XXXI of 1858, and IV (B.C.) of 1868.
" XI of 1859.
" VII (B. C.) of 1868 and VIII (B. C.) of 1869.
" XXI of 1856, XXIII of 1860.
" V of 1861.
" VIII of 1871.
" X (B. C.) of 1871.
Municipal Acts in force in Lower Bengal.

In the examination for Revenue and General law books will not be allowed.

(*c.*) To qualify for the Opium Department.

Act XXI of 1856.
" XIII of 1857.
The Board's rules for the guidance of officers in the Opium Department.

In this examination books will not be allowed.

18. Candidates will not be examined for Police, Non-Regulation, and Opium appointments, without special permission. In the absence of such permission, all candidates must be examined in the subjects prescribed for civil appointments generally.

Procedure—Fees.

19. Every candidate when submitting his application, should state the subjects in which he desires to be examined, and annex certificates in the other subjects in which he is required by these rules to show that he is duly qualified. He must at the same time tender a fee for each subject in which he has to be examined, computed according to the scale given below, if he is a candidate for the higher class of appointments:—

	Rs.
Elementary English examination for European candidates	8
Law	8
Surveying and Engineering	8
Each vernacular	4
Medical examination	4
Riding or Walking examination ..	4

Candidates for appointments of less than Rs. 100 per mensem will pay fees at half the above rates.

It will be seen that the fee for the medical examination and for examination in one vernacular will be payable by all candidates, and the fee for the English examination by all Europeans liable to it. In other subjects no fee will be required when a certificate is produced.

20. Classes for teaching the above subjects including Riding and Gymnastics, will be immediately opened at the Hooghly College, and the best arrangements possible for the same purpose will be made at the Patna College.

Certificate of qualification.

21. To every candidate who passes the examinations above prescribed, a certificate will be given stating the subjects in which he has passed, and that he is qualified for a Civil appointment, or for an appointment in the Police, or the Opium Department, as the case may be.

N. B.—This certificate will give no claim to an appointment.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION.

The 2nd July 1872.—With reference to the notification regarding the examination for civil appointments to be held in February next, and to the promise therein contained that classes for teaching the prescribed subjects will be immediately opened in the Hooghly College, the Lieutenant-Governor, after considering the report of a committee on the subject, is pleased to sanction the following arrangements, and to direct that the classes shall be opened on 1st August next, or sooner if possible.

2. Eventually it is proposed to establish a two years' course for the purpose of teaching the prescribed subjects, but in the meantime a short course will be at once undertaken, in order to secure an early supply of candidates fitted for the public service, by adding to a good general education already received by capable and vigorous young men so much of the special subjects now required as may be attainable by earnest students in the time intervening before the examination.

3. Under instructions communicated to him, the Director of Public Instruction will at once obtain for the Hooghly College the best man he can find to teach drawing, surveying, and engineering. Probably an assistant on Rs. 50 or Rs. 75 per mensem would suffice, instead of an independent teacher, to enable him to carry on the ordinary school classes on these subjects as well as the college classes.

4. The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the entertainment of a qualified man from the Medical College on a salary of Rs. 200 per mensem to teach the elements of Botany and Chemistry; and of a competent Batchelor of Law on Rs. 100 per mensem to teach the Criminal, Revenue, and General Law, required for the examination.

5. A suitable gymnasium will be set up immediately in the college, and an allowance of Rs. 40 per mensem is sanctioned for a teacher. Swimming and other athletic exercises will be included under the title of gymnastics. Arrangements will also be made to engage the services of a competent horseman with a couple of horses to teach riding.

6. All students of the college, and other persons whom the Principal may consider to be fit and eligible, and possessed of a sufficient education, will be admitted to the civil service class on payment of the ordinary college fees as now charged for

Mahomedans and others respectively, that is to say, 1 rupee per mensem for Mahomedans, and Rs. 5 per mensem for all others. Boys of the upper classes of the collegiate school whom the Principal may consider to be fit and to be qualified to pass with credit the next University Entrance Examination may be admitted if they desire it.

7. An extra fee of Rs. 10 (once for all) will be charged for instruction in riding.

8. Students who elect to follow the full civil service course must continue to attend the English classes and any classes in which arithmetic and writing are taught, but attendance in the other classes will be optional with them.

9. Permission having been given to the present scholarship-holders to attend this course, no special scholarships need at present be provided for.

10. The following elementary books on Botany and Chemistry, as proposed by the Committee, will be studied by the students attending the civil service class, viz :—

Oliver's Manual of Indian Botany.

Roscoe's Lessons on Elementary Chemistry.

11. The following sums are sanctioned for the necessary preparations and apparatus, viz :—

	Rs.
For adapting the college building for class rooms	1,500
For school furniture	1,500
For a gymnasium, with apparatus ..	1,000
Apparatus for lectures on drawing, surveying, and engineering ...	1,000
Apparatus for Botany and Chemistry	1,000
Total ...	6,000

12. The following allowances are also sanctioned, *i.e.*—

	Rs.	
For chemicals ...	25	per mensem.
For a mallee ...	10	,,
For a compounder to assist in lectures on Chemistry	12	,,
Total ...	47	per mensem.

13. An allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem is also sanctioned for a lecturer on the prescribed law subjects at Patna.

14. Competent teachers of drawing, surveying, and engineering, have already been sent to Patna, Dacca, and Cuttack.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce, is republished for general information :—

No. 700.—*Simla, the* 21*st June* 1872.—*Notification.*—*Forests.*—The Governor General in Council is pleased to notify the appointment of the following officers as Sub-Assistant Conservators of Forests, with the dates on which their appointments have effect, and the Provinces to which they are attached :

Names.	Date of appointment.	Province to which attached.	REMARKS.
* * * * * * *	* * *	*	
14. Mr. C. H. James ...	30th April 1872	Bengal.	

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is republished for general information :—

No. 670.—*Simla, the* 21*st June* 1872.—The undermentioned Officers of the Bengal Staff Corps, having completed twenty years' service, are promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 808 of the 26th September 1860, subject to Her Majesty's approval :

Captain Edmund Yeamans Walcott,—20th June 1872.

* * * *

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Judicial and Political Departments.

No. 883J.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 27*th June* 1872.—Babu Pyari Mohun Chowdhuri to be a Member of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary and Hospital at Sherpore in Mymensing.

The 1*st July* 1872.—Mr. John Briscoe Birch to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Tipperah, during the absence, on duty, of Mr. J. Masters, or until further orders.

Babu Jogendranath Bose, B L., to officiate as Moonsiff of Nattore, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Nobogopal Mullick, or until further orders.

The 2*nd July* 1872.—Babu Braja Behary Shome, B.L., to officiate as Moonsiff of Ghattal in Hooghly, during the absence, on duty, of Babu Uma Churn Kastogry, or until further orders.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 1*st July* 1872.—Captain William Brereton Birch, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Tipperah, is allowed subsidiary leave for fifteen days to enable him to proceed on furlough.

The 2*nd July* 1872.—Babu Punchanun Banerjee, Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Hooghly, Serampore, and Howrah, for twenty days on medical certificate, under Section 3, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, from the 25th June last. Babu Punchanun Banerjee is authorized to make over charge of his offices to the Clerk of the Courts.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 25*th June* 1872.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. James Murdoch of his appointment as a Municipal Commissioner for the Suburbs of Calcutta.

The 27*th June* 1872.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. Henry Lucius Dampier of his seat in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making laws and regulations in the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

The following Bye-laws, under Act IV (B.C.) of 1871 (Sanitation of Pooree, &c.,) have been approved by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor :—

PART I.

On the appointment and constitution of a committee to aid in carrying out Act IV (B.C.) of 1871.

1. For the purposes of this Act the "town of Pooree" shall be considered all the land within a circle with a radius of five miles from the great temple.

2. A committee, consisting of three official and three non-official members, shall be appointed to assist the Magistrate and Health Officer in carrying out the provisions of the Act.

3. On the 1st of December in each year the Magistrate shall nominate the members to serve on the committee during the ensuing calendar year, and shall report the nomination for the sanction of the local Government.

4. In the event of the death, removal, or resignation of any member of the committee during his year of office, an official member shall be succeeded by the successor to his appointment or any other official; and in the case of a non-official member, his successor shall be appointed by the remainder of the committee.

PART II.

Rules for the conduct of business.

5. That a meeting of the local committee appointed by the local Government to assist the Magistrate and the Health Officer to carry out the provisions of the Act, shall be held for the transaction of business and inspection of accounts at the office of the Magistrate on the fifteenth of every month, not being a Sunday or holiday, in which case the meeting shall be held on the next open office day, provided that it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to call a meeting at any other time during the month, recording his reasons for doing so.

6. That notice of every meeting shall be given to each member at least four clear days before the day appointed for the meeting.

7. No question shall be finally decided on the first occasion it is brought before the committee, unless the nature of the question has been fully described in the notice prescribed by the last bye-law.

8. That the subject or subjects brought before the committee shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the event of divisions, the Magistrate or, in his absence, the Health Officer shall have a casting vote.

9. The Health Officer shall be ex-officio Secretary to the committee, and the Magistrate President; the proceedings of every meeting shall be recorded by the Secretary in a book kept for the purpose.

PART III.

On the receipt and disbursement of monies under the Act.

10. On the 15th of March in each year a budget of probable receipts and of proposed expenditure during the ensuing year shall be submitted for the sanction of the Government.

11. It shall be competent for the committee, subject to the orders of Government, to transfer sums from one item of the budget to another, provided that the total expenditure be not exceeded, and provided that an annual review of the same be submitted to the Commissioner.

12. In forming every annual estimate an amount not exceeding 25 per cent. shall be reserved for emergent contingencies, such as a sudden outbreak of cholera and sickness, and necessity for employment of extra and special establishment.

13. At the close of every year the Magistrate shall submit a report on the working of the Act during the year, showing the works of improvement and conservancy carried out, and a detailed account of the receipts and expenditures during the year, and the balance in hand at its close. This report shall be forwarded through the Commissioner to Government.

PART IV.

14. If any person shall carry night-soil or other offensive matter through the town otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

15. The committee shall open a register of the sweepers engaging for the various quarters of the town, specifying the name or names of the sweepers engaging for each of the limits of the quarter, for whose cleanliness they are responsible; the spots fixed under section 24 of the Act, in which they are bound to deposit dirt; and any other detail may seem necessary. Any sweeper neglecting to remove night-soil from any part of the quarter for which he is responsible once in twenty-four hours shall be liable for each omission to a fine not exceeding Re. 1.

16. The Magistrate may issue notice to any occupier of house or land within the town ordering him to remove any *tati* privy or urinal that he may have kept within ten feet of any public road or street, such notice shall give a specific term for removal of the privy, &c., or for application to have the notice withdrawn, and except the notice be withdrawn by the Magistrate on due cause shown, the keeper of the privy, &c., shall be liable to a daily fine not exceeding Rs. 3 from the date of expiry of the notice, or of final order until the privy, &c., be removed.

17. If any person shall bury or allow to be buried within limits, &c., leave night-soil or other offensive matter within the premises occupied by him, he shall be liable to a fine which may extend to Rs. 20. Provided that this penalty shall not extend to manure heaps until notice to remove them have been issued by the Health Officer. The Magistrate may issue notice ordering any person to remove any offensive matter that may be buried on the premises occupied by him within limits, &c., within a specific term. Any person neglecting to comply with such notice shall be liable to a daily fine not exceeding Rs. 2 from the date of the expiry of notice.

18. If any person shall dispose or cause to be disposed of within the limits of Pooree any corpse or part of a corpse otherwise than by burning or burying it at or in some burning or burial ground specially set apart for that purpose, fixed by the Magistrate, with the assent of the Health Officer for that purpose, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

19. Whoever shall keep carts and bullocks or any cattle in any public place within the limits of Pooree for more than twenty-four hours, except in some place recognised as a public camping

ground, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for each day or part of a day for each cart and bullock, and for each other beasts of draught or burden which he may so keep. No ground shall be considered a public camping ground until a notice board defining its limits shall have been set up thereon.

20. Any person allowing land or premises occupied by him within the limits, &c., as above to be used as a camping place for cattle, carts or any beasts of draught or burden, shall be bound to permit such premises to be inspected by the Health Officer or Magistrate, or any officer they may depute, and shall be liable to any penalty provided for any infringement of the law or bye-laws committed on his premises.

21. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate, with assent of the Health Officer, to except bathing from the penalties provided in section 31 of the Act, and to appropriate any such tank to domestic purposes and to bathing under such restrictions as may be approved by the committee. No such tank shall be considered as legally set apart under this section for the purpose of bathing until a legible notice board shall have been put up.

22. The Magistrate shall be the medium of communication between the Committee and bringing to notice the laws and bye-laws that may be required by the Committee for the it, and for proposing any measures for securing a due supply and proper conservancy within the temple. Provided that the Magistrate shall carry out all works of sanitation or conservancy inside the temple through the superintendent.

23. The Magistrate, with approval of the Commissioner, may by public proclamation prohibit the sale of fish within the town limited as above, except in certain places specified. Whoever shall offer for sale fish unfit for food, or shall offer for sale any fish in any part of the town except the places notified shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

PART V.

Miscellaneous.

24. Every lodging-house keeper taking out a license under this Act shall provide himself with a copy of the Act and with a printed copy of the notice prescribed in section 14, which notice shall be in the form shown in appendix A of these bye-laws.

25. The register referred to in section 15 of the Act shall be in the form shown in appendix B of these bye-laws.

26. There shall be hung up in each compartment of a lodging-house a board on which shall be legibly written in Ooriah, Bengali, and Hindustanee the dimensions of such department and the number of pilgrims it can properly accommodate, and this board shall bear the signature of the Health Officer.

27. Every lodging-house keeper shall be bound on requisition by the Health Officer, to provide himself with tickets or token bearing consecutive numbers, and to furnish each of his lodgers with one of such tickets or tokens.

28. For the purposes of this Act the year shall be considered to commence from 1st April, and all licenses shall run from that date.

29. Every panda or other person who brings pilgrims to Pooree shall be bound to furnish the Magistrate or Health Officer with any information they may require as to the disposal of such pilgrims in the town of Pooree; any refusal to furnish such information shall be punished with a fine not exceeding Rs. 20, and any false information as to such disposal of pilgrims shall render the person giving it liable to prosecution under section 177 of the Indian Penal Code.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th March 1872.—To remove any doubts that may exist as to the proper jurisdiction in cases of crime or accident occurring on the river Hooghly outside the limits of the port of Calcutta, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is hereby pleased to notify that so much of the river below Calcutta as is not included within the limits of the port is attached to the district of the 24-Pergunnahs; and it is further notified that the jurisdiction over this part of the river, down to the commencement of the Diamond Harbour sub-division, (the most northerly point of which on the river bank is the Byde Khallee village) is the jurisdiction of the Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs, river to the sea is in charge of the head-quarters sub-officer at Diamond Harbour. arrangement exists, and portion of the

Crimes and accidents on the part of the divisional above defined should be made to the Magistrate having jurisdiction, as well as to the nearest police station.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th June 1872.—In continuation of the Notification dated 28th March last, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 3rd April, and republished above, regarding jurisdiction in cases of crime or accident occurring on the river Hooghly outside the limits of the port of Calcutta, it is hereby notified that the police stations below port limits to which reports of crime or accident should be made are—

	District.
Atcheepore	24-Pergunnahs.
Pulta	
Out-post of Dabeepore station	
Diamond Harbour station	
Sootabatta	Midnapore.
Nundegram	
Balooghatta out-post	
Tumlook	
Kedgeree	
Contai	
Russoolpore in Contai Sub-division	
Oolooberia	
Sankrail	Howrah.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 654.—*Simla, the 19th June* 1872.—The services of Assistant Surgeon Fokeer Chunder Ghose, of the Medical Department, officiating in medical charge of the 37th (The Meerut) Regiment of Native Infantry are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal with effect from the 2nd May 1872.

No. 672.—*The 21st June* 1872.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs :—

Captain William Brereton Birch, of the Bengal Staff Corps, District Superintendent of Police, Bengal,—for six months under the Regulations of 1868.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd June 1872.—Under the power vested in him in Section 2 of Act VI. (B.C.) of 1867, (an Act for the punishment of public gambling and the keeping of common gaming houses) the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to extend the provisions of the said Act to the towns of Bauleah and Nattore, in the district of Rajshahye.

2. The limits of the towns for the purposes of this Act will be the same as those for the purposes of Act VI. (B.C.) of 1868.

A. MAC...
Offg. Secy.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th June 1872.—Whereas in consequence of the conduct of the inhabitants of the village of Sunadea, in the district of Noakhally, it has been deemed expedient to increase the police force in that village in accordance with the provisions of Section 15, Act V of 1861, it is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor, under the power vested in him by that section, has been pleased to direct that an additional force consisting of one head constable and eight constables at a cost of Rs. 86-14 per mensem, as shown below, be quartered in the said village for six months, the cost of the force being borne by the inhabitants of the village :—

		Rs.	As.	P.
1 head constable ...	...	15	0	0
8 constables, @ Rs. 8 each	...	64	0	0
Contingencies at 10 per cent. on the cost of the establishment	...	7	14	4
Total	...	86	14	4

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th June 1872.—It is hereby notified, with reference to the Notification dated 11th June 1868, and published in page 1181 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of 24th idem, that the Mouzah of Kolabaree therein mentioned as transferred from the district of Luckimpore to that of Durrung did not include the following villages and portions of villages, *viz.* :—"Kasoa," "Katonigaon," "Duflagaon," "Aureemara-Chaporee," "Gurmara," "Seekajoolee," part of "Khootikotea-Koocoorachooa and Takrabaree," and "Jadooram Borooa's Nankar," which with the lands appertaining thereto, are included in and belong to the Mouzah of Narainpore of district Luckimpore.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th June 1872.—In continuation of the Government Notification of the 17th May last, regarding the transfer of Thannahs Pulsa, Nulhatti, and Rampore Haut from the civil jurisdiction of the district of Beerbhoom to that of the district of Moorshedabad, it is hereby further notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to transfer the Thannah of Pulsa from the Rampore Haut Moonsiffee to the Mo... Jungypore. The Thannahs of Ran... and Nulhatti will, until further orders, retain to be under the Moonsiff at Rampore ... will for the present remain w... regards those two ... Judge of Thannahs hitherto under him which has not been transferred to Moorshedabad.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Circular No. 34.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL.

To all Commissioners and all Magistrates of Districts,—
(dated Calcutta, the 1st July 1872.)

I AM directed to call your very particular attention to the new Code of Criminal Procedure, Act X of 1872, which will come into force on 1st September next.

2. The changes in the powers and position of Magistrates effected by the Code are so considerable, that it will be desirable to re-gazette all Magistrates with the powers which it is deemed desirable to invest them with under the new law. The Lieutenant-Governor accordingly wishes to have submitted to him complete lists of Officers and Honorary Magistrates, with the powers for which each is recommended. These are to be submitted by Magistrates of districts through the Commissioners.

3. Magistrates will now be first, second, and third class, and Special Magistrates (section 42). Also power is taken, and will be very freely used, for the creation of benches of Magistrates (sections 50 to 56), and powers of summary trial may be conferred on any first class Magistrate and on benches of Magistrates (sections 222 to 230).

4. The powers of Magistrates of the first and second class are considerably enlarged. Grievous hurt by dangerous weapons, false evidence, and some other offences hitherto exclusively triable by Courts of Sessions, may in future be tried by

a Magistrate of the first class; and very large classes of cases of common occurrence, hitherto triable by a first class Magistrate only, are now made triable by a Magistrate of the second class, who has also now power to pass a sentence of solitary confinement.

5. In fact, it may be said that almost all offences are now either entered in column 7 of the schedule as triable by the Court of Sessions, or are triable by a Magistrate of the second class. Almost the only cases entered as triable exclusively by a Magistrate of the first class are a very few offences by or relating to public servants (Penal Code, sections 163, 166, 169); and against public justice (sections 204, 208, 209, 210, 211, 215, 216), which are not so much separate offences in themselves, as offences occurring in the course of judicial proceedings. Practically then all sub-divisional officers and second class Magistrates invested with power to commit for trial will have, either [illegible] of their own powers, or as qualified to [illegible]nary in inquiry in sessions cases, jurisshall early every case that can occur; and and the[illegible]ame necessity as before for rank.

6. Except where an officer [illegible]econd class Magistrate for such powers sub-divisi[illegible] has, as such, very large powers, that when in cas[illegible] within his jurisdiction he deems a more seve[illegible] punishment than he can give [illegible], he can send on the file for orders to the Magistrate of the district after completing the trial. And in those sessions cases which are also triable by a first class Magistrate, if he deems that the case may best be tried by the latter officer, he can stop the preliminary inquiry at any stage and send the parties and witnesses on to the first class Magistrate.

7. All Magistrates in charge of sub-divisions will be able to hear on complaint, and to take up without complaint, cases within their jurisdiction; but the Lieutenant-Governor will invest all Magistrates of districts with power under section 48 to withdraw from any Magistrate subordinate to him the cognizance of any classes of cases which he may think proper to reserve.

8. No Magistrate other than the Magistrate of the district or of a sub-division of district has power to entertain any case (not made over to him) unless he is specially authorized to do so.

9. It will be observed that in most cases authority to hear complaints and exercise certain powers may be delegated by the Magistrate of the district to his subordinates; but there are some powers which can only be given by the Government: and when it is desired to give these powers to any officer, special application must be made. That will principally be necessary in the case of Magistrates *not* in charge of sub-divisions, the latter having by the law very large powers, subject to reservation by the Magistrate of the district.

10. A new provision of very great importance is that for giving power of summary trial (sections 222-230). This power must only be entrusted to first class Magistrates of approved efficiency and discretion. At the same time it will be a very great advantage that competent officers should exercise the power. The qualifications of each first class Magistrate must then be very carefully considered, and recommendation made accordingly to give or not to give him this summary power.

11. The Lieutenant-Governor hopes that he may be able very freely to use the power of appointing benches of Magistrates and special Magistrates. Most of the Honorary Magistrates may probably be utilized under these designations, and many new ones may be created for the purpose. The Lieutenant-Governor thinks it most desirable that petty assaults and such cases should be disposed of summarily (under the provisions of section 225) by a bench sitting say once a week, and composed either of one paid and one or two unpaid Magistrates or wholly of unpaid Magistrates. Possibly an arrangement might be made by which a sub-divisional officer or other paid Magistrate should visit by way of circuit several of the most important places in each sub-division, and sitting with the local Magistrates of each place dispose periodically of all the petty cases without any cumbrous procedure or record of evidence.

And whether as benches or as special Magistrates, the Lieutenant-Governor hopes that the leading men of each considerable Municipality might themselves dispose of the municipal and [illegible] petty cases. He will therefore freely and [illegible] applications for the investing very

Under the provi[illegible]on with powers as special trate of the district must ma[illegible] ance of the benches of Magistrates [illegible] Magisdistrict, regarding the classes of cases to be tried, the times and places of sitting, the constitution of the bench, and the mode of settling differences of opinion. These rules will much depend on local circumstances, and the Lieutenant-Governor will therefore await the submission of proposed rules. They should be sent to the Commissioner, collated by him, and submitted to Government with his remarks.

12. In addition to the above-noticed provisions for summary trial, there are other provisions of the new Code calculated to diminish the burden of an excessive and labourious record of the evidence.

There are some special provisions regarding evidence, sections 327 to 330; but the new section, which will give very great relief to all the Magistrates of the first and second class, is section 333. Under this provision these Magistrates will be relieved from taking full evidence, reading it over to the witnesses, &c., &c., in all cases of petty theft, house trespass, rioting, mischief, &c.,—in fact in all the common classes of cases, and will only be required to keep in all these, as well as in all summons cases, a mere memorandum or note of the *substance* of the evidence as it proceeds—a process which ought not to be very long or tedious.

13. It is also to be observed that under the provisions of sections 361 and 362, the Magistrate has now a discretion in regard to the summoning of unnecessary witnesses, and will thus be able to keep cases within reasonable bounds.

14. The full and formal record of evidence will be confined then to exceptionally heinous and important cases. That being so, the Lieutenant-Governor thinks that the work will be quite

manageable, and he does not propose to alter the present rule requiring Magistrates to take down with their own hands any evidence that must be recorded.

15. It is, however, different in regard to Sessions Judges. Except in so far as the enlarged powers of the Magistrates may relieve them of some cases, their procedure is not abbreviated The Lieutenant-Governor has doubts whether all men are capable of taking down the evidence and conducting the cases efficiently at the same time, when a long trial and succession of trials is carried on from day to day and from week to week in the Sessions Court. With reference, therefore, to the provisions of section 335, the Lieutenant-Governor will be willing to consider the application of any overburdened Sessions Judge who may desire to be relieved of the duty of taking the full evidence in his own hand, and who would prefer to have a vernacular record of the evidence taken down by a skilled native writer, the Judge himself making only a memorandum of the substance of the evidence. This, however, will only be possible if a good and quick writer is available to take the evidence down.

16. In connection with the subject of evidence, it will be observed that section 126 leaves no doubt of the full power of the criminal courts to make use of the police diaries during a trial.

17. It is not necessary to enter here upon many other changes introduced by the [illegible] for The provisions regarding juri[illegible]volve judicial pean British subject[illegible] Lieutenant-Governor will themselves and the hope that all officers will without delay make themselves thoroughly masters of the new Code, and he will hope for the early and careful submission of the lists called for by this circular, that he may be able in due time to confer the powers proper to be conferred on each class of officers and unpaid Magistrates, and so may at the earliest possible time give full effect to the new Code.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd July 1872.—Cholera is reported to be unusually prevalent in the districts of the Orissa division and along the lines of route to Pooree. Pilgrims should therefore be warned by District and Police Officers of the risk they incur in proceeding to Juggernath at present.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 25th June 1872.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, *viz.* for cutting a channel connecting the Damooda at Banka rivers, with a view to conveying Damooda water into the town of Burdwan, in the village of Joojooti, Pergunnah Bagha, Zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a strip of land measuring, more or less, 2,498 feet long × 142 feet wide = 24 beegahs 8 cottahs 11 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the south by the river Damooda, north by Banka, and east and west by the lands of village Joojooti, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Joojooti.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 236.

The 24th June 1872.—Moonsiffee of [illegible]sa from the

Notification.—Major H[illegible]urther orders, cont[illegible]e-cutive Engineer, First G[illegible]siff at Rampore Ha[illegible]the Nuddea District, remain wi[illegible]labor[illegible] leave on the 12th [illegible]ct, over the [illegible]annahs hitherto unde[illegible]sferred to Moorsld,

Leave of Absence.—[illegible] Executive Engineer, First Grade, Cuttack Division, is allowed four days preparatory leave, in addition to that already granted to him in the orders specified in the margin.

Bengal Government, Public Works Department, Notification No. 51, dated 5th February 1872.

No. 238.

Baboo Madhub Chunder Roy, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, attached to the Second Calcutta Division, is allowed privilege leave for one month, under Supplement F, Section 12, of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 239.

Transfer.—Mr. C. A. James, Accountant, Fourth Grade, from the Eastern Soane Division to the Central Office of Account, Bengal, which he joined on the 1st June 1872.

No. 240.

Notifications.—Baboo Nobogopal Dutt, Supervisor, Second Grade, joined the 24-Pergunnahs District on the 10th June 1872, before noon.

No. 241

Baboo Dinonath Roy, Overseer, First Grade, joined the 24-Pergunnahs District on the 5th June 1872, before noon.

No. 242.

Baboo Shib Chunder Mullick, Supervisor, Second Grade, joined the 24-Pergunnahs District on the 10th June 1872, before noon.

No. 243.

The 28th June 1872.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. J. Caldwell, Supervisor, First Grade, attached to the Purneah District, for one month, on Medical Certificate, under Supplement F, Section 3, of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 244.

The 1st July 1872.

Leave of Absence,—Mr. J. James, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Sylhet Division, is allowed furlough for one year, under Supplement F, Section 7, of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 245.

Appointment.—Mr. C. Thomson, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the Sylhet Division, to officiate as Executive Engineer of that Division, during the absence, on furlough, of Mr. James, or until further orders.

No. 246.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Public Works Department, is republished for information :—

No. 338 *of the 20th June* 1872.—Mr. P. A. Buckland, Assistant Controller, Public Works Accounts, Bengal, is permitted, at his own request, to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department, with effect from 1st June 1872, forenoon.

H. LEONARD, C.E.,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. D.

Irrigation.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 156.

The 28th June 1872.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, are republished for information :—

No. 335 *of the 19th June* 1872.—Lieutenant F. F. Cotton, R.E., Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, Irrigation Branch, Bengal, is transferred to the Eighth Circle of Military Works, and posted to the Ferozepore Division.

No. 337 *of the 20th June* 1872.—Colonel F. H. Rundall, Royal (Madras) Engineers, having vacated his appointments as Chief Engineer of Irrigation Works and Joint-Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, and Officiating Inspector-General of Irrigation and Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, on succeeding to Colonel's allowances, in accordance with Military Department Notification No. 711 of the 9th July 1867, the Governor General in Council is pleased to re-appoint him to those offices subject to the confirmation of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council.

No. 157.

The 29th June 1872.

Mr. T. B. Stoney, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Dehree and Sasseram Divisions, availed himself of the subsidiary leave granted him in the orders marginally noted on the afternoon of the 20th June 1872.

Notification No. 137 of the 10th June 1872.

No. 158.

Lieutenant A. D. McArthur, R.E., Assistant Engineer, First Grade, assumed charge of the Dehree and Sasseram Divisions on the afternoon of the 20th June 1872.

No. 159.

Private M. Doyle, Probationary Overseer, First Grade, joined the 24-Pergunnahs Division on the forenoon of the 16th June 1872.

No. 160.

Leave.—Baboo Parbutty Churn Mitter, Supervisor, Second Grade, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under Supplement F, Section 12, of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 161.

Transfer.—Mr. A. Waldron, Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, from the Sasseram Division to the Dehree Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 23rd May 1872.

No. 162.

Transfer.—Baboo Nursimloo Naidoo, Supervisor, First Grade, from the Beropa to the Brahminee Division.

No. 163.

The 1st July 1872.

Transfer.—Mr. R. A. Oldham, C.E., Assistant Engineer, First Grade, from the Cossye to the 24-Pergunnahs Division, which he joined on the afternoon of the 20th June 1872.

No. 164.

Mr. T. R. Roberts, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, attached to the Beropa Division, is granted departmental leave of absence for three months to study the native language, under Chapter II, Section 4, paragraph 29 of the Public Works Department Code, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

F. T. HAIG, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Irrgn. Branch.

Circular Order by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

MEMO. No. 11.

To all District Judges and Judicial Commissioners.—(dated Calcutta, the 3rd June 1872.)

HIGH COURT,
CIVIL SIDE.
Present :
The Hon'ble Louis S. Jackson,
One of the Judges of the Court.

THE Court directs all District Judges and Judicial Commissioners to make the following entries in column 1 superscribed "Declared value of assets of estates" of the tabular form annexed to Circular Order No. 20, dated the 13th July 1871 :—

"Above Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 5,000
" " 5,000 " 10,000
" " 10,000 " 50,000
" " 50,000 " 1,00,000
Above 1,00,000 Rupees."

2. The above classification of values is not intended to affect the forms of *registers* which were ordered to be opened in Judges' Offices from the 1st July last; but they must be adopted in the *periodical returns* to be made to the Court for the information of Government, and should embrace the annual return for the current year 1872, and all future years.

3. It will not be necessary to include in the annual return in question any probates, letters or certificates, where the amount or value of the property "does not exceed one thousand rupees," no fee being chargeable in such cases—Vide Clause VIII, Section 19, Court Fees' Act (VII) of 1870.

By order of the High Court,
F. B. PEACOCK,
Registrar.

Sheriff's Office, the 11th June 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Criminal Session of the year 1872 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the eighth day of July next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

JOHN COWIE,
Sheriff.

শরিফ আফিস ১৮৭২ সাল ১১ জুন।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামি ৮ জুলাই সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭২ সালের ষষ্ঠম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্দ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে ঐ সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি সন ১৮৭২ সাল তারিখ ১১ জুন।

JOHN COWIE,
Sheriff.

Treasury Notices.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR MOULVIE ZAINOODDEEN HOSSEIN has been placed in charge of the Patna Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

DURGAGATI BANERJEE,
Persl. Asst. to Commr., for Commr.

PATNA COMMR.'S OFFICE,
Bankipore, the 25th June 1872.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO LUCHMINARAIN has been placed in charge of the Chumparun Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

By order of the Commissioner,
DURGAGATI BANERJEE,
Personal Assistant to Commr.

PATNA COMMR.'S OFFICE,
The 24th May 1872.

BABOO NUNDKISSORE DASS, Deputy Collector, is placed in charge of Pooree Treasury from 11th instant, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

T. E. RAVENSHAW,
Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, ORISSA DIVISION,
The 14th June 1872.

BABOO KEDARNATH DUTT, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Pooree Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries from the 29th instant.

T. E. RAVENSHAW,
Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, ORISSA DIVN.,
Cuttack, the 30th May 1872.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO DWARKA NATH RAI has been placed in charge of the Bograh Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

W. LEF. ROBINSON,
Offg. Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHYE DIVN.,
Berhampore, the 14th June 1872.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO AMAR NATH BHUTTACHARJEE has been placed in charge of the Pubna Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

W. LEF. ROBINSON,
Offg. Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHYE DIVN.,
Berhampore, the 6th June 1872.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABU LALIT MOHUN CHATTERJEA has been placed in charge of the Nuddea Treasury from the 6th instant, and authorized to draw bills on other public treasuries.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Offg. Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE;
PRESIDENCY DIVISION,
Calcutta, the 19th June 1872.

EXTRA ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER MR. W. C. MULLER has been placed in charge of the Julpigooree Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

By order,
DENONATH MOOKERJEE,
Persl. Asst., for Commr.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, COOCH BEHAR DIVN.,
Julpigooree, the 11th June 1872.

Opium Notification.

No. 313C.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1870-71, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Thursday, the 4th July 1872, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,575 Chests, *viz.*:—

	Chests.
Behar Opium	2,000
Benares „	1,575
Total Chests ...	3,575

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual: they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 10th November 1871, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th July respectively; that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 9th July 1872, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 19th July 1872.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 5th August 1872	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Sept. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Tuesday, 1st October „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Wednesday, 6th Nov. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Dec. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
Total Chests ...	10,000	7,875	17,875

By order of the Member in charge,
T. B. LANE,
Secretary.

BOARD OF REV., FORT WILLIAM,
The 28th May 1872.

No. 398C.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1870-71, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 5th August 1872, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,575 Chests, *viz.*:—

Behar Opium	2,000
Benares ditto	1,575
Total Chests ...	3,575

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual: they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 10th November 1871, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th August respectively; that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 10th August 1872, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 20th August 1872.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 5th Sept. 1872	2,000	1,575	3,5
On or about Tuesday, 1st Oct. „	2,000	1,575	3,5
On or about Wednesday, 6th Nov. „	2,000	1,575	3,5
On or about Thursday, 5th Dec. „	2,000	1,575	3,5
Total Chests ...	8,000	6,300	14,3

By order of the Member in charge,
T. B. LANE,
Secretary

BOARD OF REV., FORT WILLIAM,
The 2nd July 1872.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

THE undermentioned Students have passed the examination in Civil Engineering:—

B. C. E.

SECOND DIVISION.

Bremner, A. G. ... Presy. College, C. E. Dept.

L. C. E.

FIRST DIVISION.

Chandhuri, Kirtichandra ... Presy. College, C. E. Dept.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of Merit.

Ráy, Chandramohan...	Presy. College,	C. E. Dept.
Milne, W. P. ...	ditto	ditto.
Bandyopádhyáy, Dharanidhar ...	ditto	ditto.
Swinden, J. R. ...	ditto	ditto.
Rees, J. C. ...	ditto	ditto.
Pál, Prasannakumár ...	ditto	ditto.

J. SUTCLIFFE,
Registrar.

The 25th June 1872.

Presidency College—D. P. W. Examination.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for promotion and employment in the Department of Public Works will be held on Monday, the 5th August.

Candidates are requested to forward their applications and fees for admission to the examination to the Principal on or before the 5th July.

J. SUTCLIFFE,
Principal.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE,
The 30th May 1872.

Gilchrist Scholarships.

THE Trustees of the Gilchrist Educational Trust have announced that Nandakumar Ray of the Presidency College and Balai Narayan Das of the Medical College are the successful candidates at the recent examination for the Gilchrist Scholarships.

They have also given notice that the Latin subject for the examination of January 1873 will be Jugurtha's War of Sallust, and that for the examination of January 1874, the second Georgic and twelfth Æneid of Virgil.

H. WOODROW,
Offg. Director of Public Instruction.
The 25th June 1872.

STATEMENT showing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export in the undermentioned Districts:—

Name of District.	Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.	Quantity remaining in Store actually available for export on the 16th May 1872.	REMARKS.
		Indian Mds.	
Ganjam ...	Bavanapadu, at the Nowpadah Salt Pans ...	50,000	
Godavery ...	Cocanada ...	.....	
Kistna ...	Nizampatam ...	42,000	
Chingleput ... S	Madras ...	286,131	
	Ennore ...	179,646	
	Covelong ...	.....	
outh Arcot ...	Merkanum ...	50,000	
Tanjore ...	Negapatam ...	9,000	
	Katmavady ...	12,000	
	Total ...	629,677	

N. B.—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rates specified in the Notifications dated 21st March 1868 and 22nd April 1869, published at pages 737, FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE, dated 24th March 1868, and 637, dated 27th April 1869.

H. E. STOKES,
Acting *Sub-Secretary.*

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE,
Madras, the 4th June 1872.

PUBLISHED for general information.
By order of the Member in charge,
T. B. LANE.
Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P.,
Fort William, the *June* 1872.

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1872.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietory right of Government to the undermentioned estate, situate in the district of Bancoorah, will be put up to sale at the Bancoorah Collectorate on Saturday, the 28th September 1872, corresponding with 13th Assin 1279 *B.S.*

2. The purchasers of this estate will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The estate to be sold in revenue free tenure to the highest bidders above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government estate.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government Revenue.			Upset price.
				Present revenue assessed.	Road Cess.	Total.	
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
.....	918	Satghate (site of an old road), Pergunnah Bishenpore.	1 0 0	0 14 6	.....	0 14 6	8 12 0

BANCOORAH COLLECTORATE,
The 18th May 1872.

W. R. LARMINIE, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plot of class C lands no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situate in the district of Burdwan, will be put up to sale at the Burdwan Collectorate on Monday, the 29th July 1872, corresponding with 15th Srabun 1279 *B.S.*

2. The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions :—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plot will be sold revenue free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government estate.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government Revenue.				Remarks.
				Revenue assessed.	Road Cess.	Total.	Upset price.	
			A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
67	25	Doniepur, Pergunnah Muzzuffershahi.	6 0 0	60 5 0	.....	60 5 0	603 0 0	

BURDWAN,
The 8th June 1872.

C. T. METCALFE, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government to the undermentioned plots of Class B land, situated in the district of Burdwan, relinquished by the East Indian Railway Company, and resumed and taken possession of by Government, will be put up to sale at the Burdwan Collectorate at 11 A.M. on Monday, the 29th July 1872, corresponding with 15th Sraban 1279 *B.S.*

2. The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions :—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plots will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders, with the addition of the following condition :—

The purchasers shall be put up in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings :—

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From 45 mile, 2,420 feet to end of mile 46, as per plan.*	
1	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Balagonee, and Panparah.	46	South ...	4 3 33	East—Boundary of Mouzah Cochmalee, in the District of Hooghly. West—End of mile 46, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From 45 mile, 3,130 feet to end of mile 46, as per plan, containing 11 plots.*	
2	ditto ..	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Panparah.	46	North ...	1 3 33	East—Boundary of Mouzah Cochmalee. West—End of mile 46, as per plan. North—As per plan. South—Railway fencing. *From 46 mile to 1,780 feet, containing 12 plots.*	
3	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Panparah and Alipore.	47	ditto ..	0 2 16	East—End of mile 46. West—Road to gate No. 27. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From 46 mile, 1,810 feet to end of mile 47, as per plan, containing 17 plots.*	
4	ditto ..	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Alipore.	47	ditto ...	2 3 22	East—Road to gate No. 27. West—End of mile 47, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From 46 mile to 2,275 feet.*	
5	ditto ...	ditto ...	47	South ...	3 3 34	East—End of mile 46, as per plan. West—Corner of Prem Ch. Sircar's land. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From 46 mile, 2,275 feet to 2,955.*	
6	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Panparah and Alipore.	47	ditto ...	0 3 11	East—B land of lot No. 5. West—Land restored by Government. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From 46 mile, 3,045 feet to 3,825 feet.*	
7	ditto ...	ditto ...	47	ditto ...	1 0 25	East—Land restored by Government. West—B land of lot No. 8. North—Railway fencing. South—Land belonging to Bhoyrub Nad and Modhoosoodun Nad. *From 46 mile, 3,825 feet to 5,280 feet.*	
8	ditto ...	ditto ...	47	ditto ...	2 0 9	East—Corner of Seeta Nauth Nad's land. West—End of mile 47, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From 47 mile, to 4,000 feet, containing 20 plots.*	
9	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Alipore, Choutkhondo, Colsi, and Hetumpore.	48	ditto ...	5 2 12	East—End of mile 47, as per plan. West—Nulla under culvert No. 163 North——Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From* 47 *mile to* 4,100 *feet, containing* 26 *plots.*	
10	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Alipore, Choutkhondo, Colsi, and Hetumpore.	48	North ...	3 1 14	East—End of mile 47, as per plan. West—Nulla under culvert No. 163. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 47 *mile,* 4,100 *feet to* 5,280 *feet.*	
11	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Colsi.	48	ditto ...	2 3 15	East—Nulla under culvert No. 163. West—End of mile 48, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—Land of Noffer Mondole and others. *From* 47 *mile,* 4,000 *feet to* 5,280 *feet.*	
12	ditto ...	ditto ...	48	South ..	3 2 34	East—Land of lot No. 9. West—End of mile 48, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—Land of Bhoobun Mohun Mondle and others. *From* 48 *mile to* 5,289 *feet.*	
13	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Choutkhondo, Colsi, and Nundipore.	49	ditto ...	12 2 5	East—End of mile 48, as per plan. West—End of mile 49, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 48 *mile to* 5,280 *feet.*	
14	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Choutkhondo, Colsi, and Backlee.	49	North ..	12 3 26	East—End of mile 48, as per plan. West—End of mile 49, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 49 *mile to* 1,900 *feet, containing* 8 *plots.*	
15	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi Mouzahs Nundipore and Backlee.	50	ditto ...	3 3 4	East—End of mile 49, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 168. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 49 *mile to* 1,900 *feet, containing* 8 *plots.*	
16	ditto ...	ditto ...	50	South ...	2 3 0	East—End of mile 49, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 168. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 49 *mile,* 1,900 *feet to* 5,280 *feet.*	
17	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Backlee and Mymaree.	50	ditto ...	5 2 37	East—Culvert No. 168. West—End of mile 50, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 49 *mile,* 1,900 *feet to* 5,280 *feet.*	
18	ditto ...	ditto ..	50	North ...	5 2 27	East—Culvert No. 168. West—End of mile 50, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 50 *mile to* 2,565 *feet, containing* 10 *plots.*	
19	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Mymaree.	51	ditto ..	4 0 27	East—End of mile 50, as per plan. West—Samlall Baboo's tank. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 50 *mile to* 2,450 *feet, containing* 12 *plots.*	
20	ditto ...	ditto ...	51	South ...	2 1 32	East—End of mile 50, as per plan. West—Grand Trunk Road. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 50 *mile,* 2,270 *feet to* 2,506 *feet.*	
21	ditto ...	ditto ...	51	ditto ...	0 3 16	East—Land of Dabey Prosaud Dutt. West—Road leading to Mymaree Station. North—Grand Trunk Road. South—Land of Dabey Prosaud Dutt and others. *From* 50 *mile,* 3,030 *feet to* 3,490 *feet.*	
22	ditto ...	ditto ...	51	North ..	0 3 14	East—Grand Trunk Road. West—Radha Romun Bisooy's land. North—Grand Trunk Road. South—Railway fencing.	

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From* 50 *mile*, 3,590 *feet to* 4,080 *feet.*	
23	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Mymaree.	51	North ...	0 3 32	East—Radha Romun Bissooy's land. West—Ditto ditto. North—Ditto ditto. South—Railway fencing. In this lot there is a fine tank. *From* 50 *mile*, 4,170 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 8 *plots.*	
24	ditto ...	ditto ...	51	ditto ...	0 3 25	East—Radha Romun Bissooy's land. West—End of mile 50, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 50 *mile*, 3,140 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 11 *plots.*	
25	ditto ...	ditto ...	51	South ...	2 0 37	East—Railway fencing. West—End of mile 51, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 51 *mile to* 2,560 *feet, containing* 16 *plots.*	
26	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Mymaree and Tatarpore.	52	North ...	2 1 17	East—End of mile 51, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 176. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 51 *mile to* 2,560 *feet, containing* 17 *plots.*	
27	ditto ...	ditto ...	52	ditto ...	2 1 24	East—End of mile 51, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 51 *mile*, 2,660 *feet to* 3,010 *feet.*	
28	ditto ...	Mouzah Talarpore ...	52	North ...	2 0 12	East—Jote land of Rakal Shaik and others. West—Land of lot No. 29. South—Railway fencing. North—Jote land of Entaz Bafat Shaik. *From* 51 *mile*, 2,660 *feet to* 3,110 *feet.*	
29	ditto ...	ditto ...	52	South ...	1 2 35	East—Land of lot No. 28. West—Jote land of Kinoo and Aindee Shaik. South—Railway fencing. North—Jote land of Kinoo and Aindee Shaik. *From* 51 *mile*, 2,660 *feet to* 3,480 *feet, containing* 3 *plots.*	
30	ditto ...	ditto ...	52	ditto ...	1 0 26	East—Land of Kinoo Safatoolah. West—Ditto ditto. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 51 *mile*, 3,560 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 7 *plots.*	
31	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Talarpore.	52	ditto ...	1 1 25	East—Land of Kinnoo Shaik and others. West—End of mile 52, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 51 *mile*, 3,560 *feet to* 5280 *feet, containing* 6 *plots.*	
32	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Jatarpore.	52	ditto ..	0 3 0	East—Land of Kinoo Shaik and others. West—End of mile 52, as per plan. North—As per plan. South—Railway fencing. *From* 52 *mile to* 2,040 *feet, containing* 14 *plots.*	
33	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Jatarpore and Shahapore.	53	North ...	1 0 11	East—End of mile 52, as per plan. West—Road to gate No. 35. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 52 *mile to* 2,040 *feet, containing* 14 *plots.*	
34	ditto ...	ditto ...	53	South ...	0 3 38	East—End of mile 52, as per plan. West—Road to gate No. 35. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From* 52 *mile*, 2,055 *feet to* 3,395, *containing* 8 *plots.*	
35	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Shahapore and Nemay.	53	South ...	1 1 33	East—Road to gate No. 35. West—Land of lot No. 38. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 52 *mile*, 2,080 *feet to* 3,395, *containing* 8 *plots.*	
36	ditto ...	ditto ...	53	North ...	0 3 31	East—Culvert No. 179. West—Land of Lot No. 37. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 52 *mile*, 3,465 *feet to* 4,535, *containing* 7 *plots.*	
37	ditto ...	ditto ...	53	ditto ...	0 3 0	East—Land of lot No. 36. West—Land of lot No. 40. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 52 *mile*, 3,395 *feet to* 4,535 *feet*, *containing* 7 *plots.*	
38	ditto ..	ditto ...	53	South ...	0 2 25	East—Land of lot No. 35. West—Land of lot No. 39. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 52 *mile*, 4,535 *feet to* 5,280 *feet*, *containing* 6 *plots.*	
39	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Haitpore and Nemay.	53	ditto ...	0 1 38	East—Land of lot No. 38. West—End of mile 53, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 52 *miles*, 4,535 *feet to* 5,280 *feet*, *containing* 6 *plots.*	
40	ditto ...	ditto ..	53	North ...	0 1 36	West—End of mile 53, as per plan. East—Land of lot No. 37. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 53 *mile to* 1,750 *feet*, *containing* 10 *plots.*	
41	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Shahapore and Nemay.	54	ditto ...	1 0 27	East—End of mile 53, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 181. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 53 *mile to* 1,750 *feet*, *containing* 10 *plots.*	
42	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Masdanga.	54	South ...	0 3 27	East—End of mile 53, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 181. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 53 *mile*, 1,750 *feet to* 2,500 *feet*, *containing* 4 *plots.*	
43	ditto ...	ditto ...	54	North ...	0 2 8	East—Culvert No. 181. West—Land of lot No. 46. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan. *From* 53 *mile*, 1,750 *feet to* 2,400 *feet*, *containing* 4 *plots.*	
44	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Nalhi, Mouzahs Shahapore and Nemay.	54	South ...	0 1 21	East—Culvert No. 181. West—Land of lot No. 45, and boundary of Mouzah Kathalgachee. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 53 *mile*, 2,400 *feet to* 3,850 *feet*, *containing* 9 *plots.*	
45	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Kathalgachee.	54	ditto ...	0 2 29	East—Land of lot No. 44. West—Boundary of Mouzah Kathalgachee. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan. *From* 53 *mile*, 2,400 *feet to* 3,850 *feet*, *containing* 8 *plots.*	
46	ditto ...	ditto ...	54	North ...	0 2 33	East—Land of lot No. 43. West—Boundary of Mouzah Kathalgachee. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From* 53 *mile*, 3,850 *feet to* 5,280 *feet*, *containing* 10 *plots*.	
47	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Rosoolpore.	54	North ...	1 0 13	East—Land of lot No. 46. West—End of mile 54, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 53 *mile*, 3,850 *feet to* 5,280 *feet*, *containing* 10 *plots*.	
48	ditto ...	ditto ...	54	South ...	1 0 26	East—Land of lot No. 45. West—End of mile 54, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 54 *mile*, 15 *feet to* 490 *feet*.	
49	ditto ...	ditto ...	55	ditto ...	0 3 8	East—Zemindary land. West—Ditto. North—Ditch of Grand Trunk Road. South—Jote land of Seram and Haradhone.	
						From 54 *mile*, 330 *feet to* 2,130 *feet*.	
50	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzah Rosoolpore	55	North ...	2 1 14	East—Grand Trunk Road. West—Land of Gobindo Biswas. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 54 *mile*, 2,130 *feet to* 4,330 *feet*, *containing* 13 *plots*.	
51	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Rosoolpore and Dalooebazar.	55	ditto ...	1 1 13	East—Land of lot No. 50. West—Land of lot No. 54. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 54 *mile*, 2,185 *feet to* 4,385 *feet*, *containing* 15 *plots*.	
52	ditto ...	Pergunnah Nalhi, Mouzahs Dalooebazar and Rosoolpore.	55	South ...	1 0 27	East—Zemindary land. West— Ditto ditto. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 54 *mile*, 4,435 *feet to* 5,265 *feet*.	
53	ditto ...	Mouzah Dalooebazar.	55	ditto ...	2 1 25	East—Zemindary land. West—Ditto ditto. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 54 *mile*, 4,330 *feet to* 5,280 *feet*, *containing* 2 *tanks*.	
54	ditto ...	ditto ...	55	North ...	3 1 0	East—Land of lot No. 51. West—End of mile 55, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North——As per plan.	
						From 55 *mile to* 2,055 *feet*, *containing* 9 *plots*.	
55	ditto ...	ditto ...	56	ditto ...	2 2 17	East—End of mile 55, as per plan. West—Boundary of Mouzah Dalooebazar. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 55 *mile to* 2,055 *feet*, *containing* 9 *plots*.	
56	ditto ...	ditto		South ...	2 2 12	East—End of mile 55, as per plan. West—Boundary of Mouzah Dalooebazar. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 55 *mile*, 2,055 *feet to* 4,105 *feet*.	
57	ditto ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzah Boloot.	56	ditto ...	1 3 26	East—Boundary of Mouzah Dalooebazar. West—Road to gate No. 41. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 55 *mile*, 2,055 *feet to* 4,105 *feet*, *containing* 14 *plots*.	
58	ditto ...	ditto ...	56	North ...	2 0 29	East—Boundary of Mouzah Dalooebazar. West—Road leading to gate No. 41. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From* 55 *mile*, 4,105 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 6 *plots.*	
59	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzahs Boloot and Shaikpore.	56	North ..	1 2 39	East—Road leading to gate No. 41. West—End of mile 56, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 55 *mile*, 4,105 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 6 *plots.*	
60	ditto ...	ditto ...	56	South ...	1 1 32	East—Road leading to gate No. 41. West—End of mile 56, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 56 *mile to* 5,280 *feet.*	
61	ditto ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzahs Shaikpore, Mamoodpore, and Dadpore.	57	North ...	12 1 17	East—End of mile 56, as per plan. West—End of mile 57, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 56 *mile to* 5,280 *feet.*	
62	ditto ...	ditto ...	57	South ...	12 1 32	East—End of mile 56, as per plan. West—End of mile 57, as per plan. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 57 *mile to* 2,435 *feet.*	
63	ditto ...	Mouzah Dadpore ..	58	North ...	3 3 10	East—End of mile 57, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 190. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 57 *mile to* 2,435 *feet, containing* 8 *plots.*	
64	ditto ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzah Dadpore.	58	South ...	4 0 28	East—End of mile 57, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 190. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 57 *mile*, 2,435 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 19 *plots.*	
65	ditto ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzahs Dadpore and Koomarparah.	58	North ...	2 3 11	East—Culvert No. 190. West—End of mile 58, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 57 *mile*. 2,435 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 19 *plots.*	
66	ditto ...	ditto ...	58	South ..	2 2 14	East—Culvert No. 190. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 58 *mile to* 1,675 *feet, containing* 11 *plots.*	
67	ditto ...	Mouzah Koomarparah.	59	North ...	1 3 23	East—End of mile 58, as per plan. West—Culvert No. 192. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 58 *mile to* 1,675 *feet, containing* 15 *plots.*	
68	ditto ...	ditto ...	59	South ...	2 0 26	East—End of mile 58. West—Culvert No. 192. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	

Lot number.	Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile in which land is situated.	Situated on what side of Railway.	Approximate area.	Boundary of Lot.	Property attached to the land.
					A. R. P.	*From* 58 *mile*, 1,675 *feet to* 3,730 *feet, containing* 14 *plots.*	
69	Burdwan ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzahs Koomarparah and Tatkhond.	59	South ...	2 0 20	East—Culvert No. 192. West—Culvert No. 193. North—Railway fencing. South—As per plan.	
						From 58 *mile*, 1,675 *feet to* 3,730 *feet, containing* 14 *plots.*	
70	ditto ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzahs Koomarparah and Tatkhond.	58	North ...	2 0 5	East—Culvert No. 192. West—Culvert No. 193. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 58 *mile*, 3,730 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 10 *plots.*	
71	ditto ...	Pergunnah Ameerabad, Mouzah Tatkhond.	59	ditto ...	1 0 23	East—Culvert No. 193. West—End of mile 59, as per plan. South—Railway fencing. North—As per plan.	
						From 59 *mile*, 3,730 *feet to* 5,280 *feet, containing* 10 *plots.*	
72	ditto ...	ditto ...	59	South ...	1 1 16	North—Railway fencing. East—Culvert No. 193. West—End of mile 59, as per plan. South—As per plan.	

FORT WILLIAM;
RAILWAY DEPY. COLLR.'S OFFICE,
The 20th June 1872.

OBHOY CHURN MULLICK,
Railway Deputy Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plot of land no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Patna, will be put up to sale at the Patna Collectorate on the 19th July 1872, corresponding with 28th Asarh 1279 F.S.

The purchasers of this plot will be subject to the following conditions :—

1*st.*—If the amount of the purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of the purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plot will be sold revenue free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estate.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government Revenue.			Upset Price.
				Revenue assessed.	Road cess.	Total.	
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P
229	542	Burayo Khas, Pergunnah Munair.	10 2 30	.....	.....	.....	1,022 0 0

PATNA COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 27th May 1872.

A. C. MANGLES, *Officiating Collector.*

اس تحویرے رو سے اطلاع دیجاتے ہی کہ [redacted] کہ جسکي درکار سرکار کو
بتاریخ ۱۹ ماہ جولاي سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع مطابق ۲۸ ماہ حال سنہ ۱۲۷۹ فصلے روز جمعہ کچہري کلکٹري ضلع پگنہ میں
کیا جایگا دفعہ ۲ خریداران اراضے کو پاي بندي شرایط مفصلہ الذیل کا کرنا ہوگا ۔

شرایط اول ۔

اگر تعداد زر سمن یک سو روپیہ سے زیادہ نہو تو کل تعداد زر سمن فورا داخل کے جاینگي ۔

شرایط دوم ۔

اگر تعداد زر سمن سو روپیہ سے زیادہ ہوتو اوسکا ایک ربع فورا داخل کیا جایگا اور اگر باقي روپیہ نیلام
پندرہوین دن وقت دو پہر تک اداي نہ کیا جاے اوس پندرہ روز مین روز نیلامہ شامل ہی یا اگر پندرہوین
تعطیل عام ہو اور اوسکي بعد کھولنے کچہري کے اول روز کے دو پہر تک اداي نہ کیا جاے تو نیلام منسوخ ہو
مداخلہ سرکار مین ضبط کیا جایگا اور محال مذکور بعد مشتہر اشتہار حسب طریقہ نیلام اول کے خریدار باقیدا
ذمہ داري پر مکرر نیلام کیا جایگا ۔

شرایط سوم ۔

اراضے مذکور لاخراج نیلام ہوے اور قیمت مظہرہ سرکاري سے جو شخص سب سے زیادہ بولیگا اوسکي نام نیلام
ہوگا ۔

نمبر محالات مندرجہ نقشہ محالات سرکار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال بقید پرگنہ پرپو خاص	رقبہ بحساب اکر	مالگذاري سرکار جمع روکہ پول شخصے	قیمت مظہرہ قبل نیلام
			اکر روکہ پول		
۲۲۹	۵۴۲	پرگنہ منیر	۱۰ ۲ ۳۰	۰ ۰ ۰	۱۲۲۰

اي سي: منگلس
ڈیپوٹي کلیٹر

تحریر فی التاریخ ۲۷ ماہ مي سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع

LAND SALE NOTICES.

s hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the under-mentioned estate, f Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's office of , the 5th day of July 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the l Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue i day of March 1872:—

Permanently-settled Estate.

n the Register A, 1468; number on the Revenue Roll, 814; name of Estate, Káminá Pergunnah, Kásijorá; name of Proprietor, Prathináth Singha; Government revenue, amount of arrear of Government revenue for which the estate is to be sold, Rs. 899-10-9. —Agreeably to the statement and Rubákari, dated 29th March 1869, of the Deputy gahs and 6 cottahs, equal to 2 acres and 24 poles of land in this estate, have been taken nal

T. Walton, *Offg. Collector.*

ORE,
y 1872.

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is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate, in 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's office of , the 12th day of July 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the d Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue i day of March 1872:—

For arrears of rent.—First Class.

– Lot No. 20.—Abad Bhuzobanpore; recorded proprietors, Hurchunder Mookhopadhya; udder jumma, Rs. 628-8-5.

G. Graham, *Offg. Collector.*

AHS Collectorate,
June 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the District of Sarun will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District on Tuesday, the 30th day of July 1872, corresponding with 10th Sawan 1279 *F. S.*, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 7th day of June 1872 :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 1634.—Mehal Dooba Kurum, Pergunnah Chowbara; recorded proprietors, Mussamut Rameshser Kúer and others; Sudder Jumma, Rs. 640-0-$\frac{3}{4}$. This Mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 6-9-3 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 2984.—Mehal Yehyapore, Pergunnah Murhul; recorded proprietors, Sheo Narain Rai and others; Sudder Jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 274-14-6. This Mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 25-14-11$\frac{1}{4}$ on account of arrears of Government revenue.

SARUN COLLECTORATE,
The 17th June 1872.

J. S. DRUMMOND, *Offg. Collector.*

اشتہار نیلام بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار *

واضع ہو کہ حسب دفعہ ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع کے یہہ محالات مرقومہ الذیل ضلع سارن مین بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار و دیگر دعوي جوازروے دستورات و قوانین مجاریہ موافق سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے بتاریخ ۷ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع واجب الوصول ہی بروز سہ شنبہ تاریخ ۳۰ جولاي سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع مطابق ۱۰ سانون سنہ ۱۲۷۹ فصلے کچہري مین صاحب کلکٹر اوسي ضلع کے بلا عذر و عام نیلام مین رکہا جایگا *

نمبر توزیع	قسم اول نام محال	محالات بندوبستے دوامي

نمبر ۱۶۳۴—محال دوباکروم پرگنہ چوبارہ جسکے خانہ مالگذار مین نام مسماۃ رامیشر کنور وغیرہ کا لکہا جاتا ہی و جمع صدر اوسکے ع ۶۴۰-۰-۰ ہی بعلت باقیما لگذاري سرکار بہ تعداد مبلغ ۶-۹-۳ کے نیلام ہوگا *

نمبر ۲۹۸۴—محال ایحي پوز پرگنہ مذہل جسکے خانہ مالگذار مین نام شیونراین راي وغیرہ کا لکہا جاتا ہی و جمع صدر اوسکي بعد منہائے جمع تفریق رول شدہ مبلغ ۲۷۴-۱۴-۶ ہی بعلت باقي مالگذاري سرکار بہ تعداد و مبلغ ع ۲۵-۱۴-۱۱ کے نیلام ہوگا *

جے : اِس : ڈرومنڈ
کلکٹر

تحریر فتاریخ ہفدہم ماہ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 19th day of August 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 25th day of May 1872 :—

CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY-SETTLED ESTATE.

To be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

No 388.—Taraf Ahmedullah and Naserullah; proprietors, Ahmedullah and Naserullah; Sudder jumma Rs. 739-11-4.

To be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

No. 3880.—Compromised estate. Talook Obedullah, Mahomed Osee and Ahmed Ali; proprietors, Aman Khatoon, Ahmed Ali, Bonnijan Bibee, and Abdullah Khan; sudder jumma Rs. 678-7.

To be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

No. 33514.—Mehal Lakhiraj resumed Mouzah Harbang, Thannah Chuckeria, Talook Mobarek Ali; proprietors, Lal Mahomed Darogah and Moonshee Azumollah Khan. A separate account under Section 13, Act XI. of 1859, having been opened for the share of Moonshee Azumollah Khan, bearing a sudder jumma of Rs. 437-0-3, and the revenue of his share having been paid, the share of the remaining proprietor, Lal Mahomed, Darogah, will be sold. Sudder jumma of the whole estate is Rs. 874-0-6.

A. L. CLAY, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, and Section 11, Act VII. of 1868, that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 19th day of August 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 25th day of May 1872:—

MEHAL NOABAD.

To be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

No. 84.—Mouzah Chakmarkool, Thannah Ramoo, Talook Mahomed Kaloo and Komar Ali; proprietors, Mahomed Kaloo and Komar Ali; sudder jumma Rs. 835-6-9.

To be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

No. 160.—Mouzah Vamoria Ghounah, Thannah Ramoo, Talook Komolaphroo; proprietors, Boydanath Sein and Ramkishore Sein; sudder jumma Rs. 531-13.

To be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

No. 177.—Mouzah Varooa Khali, Thannah Ramoo, Talook Mahomed Rajah Jumsher; proprietor, Jafar Ali Moonshee; sudder jumma Rs. 1,000-3.

To be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

No. 559.—Mouzah Bakolia, Kismut Char Shabeek Bakolia, Thannah Town, Talook Ahmed Ali, Mohmed Isof, Korban Ali, Ajgar Ali, Sreemoti Noor Bibee; proprietors, Ahmed Ali, Mahomed Isof, Korban Ali, Ajgar Ali, and Sreemoti Noor Bibee; sudder jumma Rs. 686-4.

CHITTAGONG COLLECTORATE, *The 19th June 1872.*

A. L. CLAY, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Shahabad, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 29th day of July 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 7th day of June 1872:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 423.—Mehal Sheopore Bhikhum, Pergunnah Behcah; recorded proprietors, Bhirgoonath Misir, Girdhur Tewary and others; sudder jumma Rs. 669-13-10. This mehal will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 8-15-4.

No. 508.—Mehal Rutansenpore appertaining to Buxar, Pergunnah Bhojcpore; recorded proprietors, Sikhir Chund and Ukhouri Ramsilah Sing *alias* Lulooji and others, applicants; sudder jumma of the entire mehal Rs. 10,704-10-½. The share of applicants alone will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 38, with the exception of the shares of the undermentioned proprietors with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 10, Act XI. of 1859, and Section 33, Regulation XIX. of 1814:—

Names of mehals.		Names of applicants.		Sudder jumma. Rs. A. P. K.
Etari, &c., 35 Kulum	...	Maharajah Moheshur Bux Sing Bahadoor	...	6,260 4 2 12
Rutansenpore	...	Ukhouri Ramnuraen Sing and others	...	158 5 4 0
Ditto	...	Ditto Ramessury Sing	...	25 5 4 0
Pandeputee	...	Joogul Kishore Lall	...	1,200 0 0 0
Rutansenpore	...	Moonshee Isripershad	...	76 0 0 0
Ditto	...	Bishoon Chund, sale purchaser	...	63 5 4 0
Ditto	...	Lala Sikhir Chund	...	63 5 4 0
Ditto	...	Mahomed Ibrahim	...	63 5 4 0
Ditto	..	Shekh Bezaet Ally	...	50 10 8 0
Ditto	...	Shekh Aminuddin	..	95 0 0 0
Hurpore	...	Moonshee Thakoorpershad	...	8 14 2½ 0
Ditto	...	Kazi Zuhoor Alum	...	8 14 2¾ 0
Ditto	..	Moonshee Bholanath	...	8 14 2¾ 0
Rutansenpore	...	Ramanund	...	95 0 0 0
Girdhurpore	...	Munoo Lall	...	128 0 0 0
Busoodhur	...	Baboo Bishashur Sing and others	...	80 0 0 0
Ditto	...	Moonshee Thakoorpershad	...	80 0 0 0
Ditto	...	Ditto Bholanath	...	80 0 0 0
Ditto	...	Kazi Zuhur Alum	...	80 0 0 0
Hunsrajdihree	...	Bhugwan Dass	...	3 14 6 18
Ditto	...	Sheonuraen Sing	..	3 14 6 19
Ditto	...	Bishoondut	...	3 14 6 19
Misroulia	...	Hira Ram	...	52 11 7 0
Chuck Luchmi	...	Hira Ram and Suhodra Kooner	...	26 10 8 0
Ditto	...	Bungali Ram	...	6 10 8 0
Ditto	...	Narsingpershad	...	6 10 8 0
Ditto	...	Bishoondut	...	13 5 4 0
Gogoura	...	Bungali Ram	...	26 10 8 0
Ditto	...	Narsingpershad	...	26 10 8 0
Ditto	...	Hira Ram	...	106 10 8 0
Ditto	...	Bishoondut	...	53 5 4 0
Doobouli	...	Ditto	...	266 10 8 0
Bumhuni	...	Kasinath Misir	...	21 5 4 0
Suhniputi	...	Gudadhur Lall	...	318 11 9 0

			Rs.	A.	P.	K.
Pandeputi	...	Muhiput, guardian of Ujmeri Lall and others ...	400	0	0	0
Misroulia	...	Mussamut Suhodra Kooner ...	52	11	7	0
Buxarijmali	..	Ranee Jugurnath Kooneri, mother and guardian of Rajah Rampergash Sing and others ...	568	7	2	2

No. 615.—Mehal Budoura Bahadoorpore, Pergunnah Puwar; recorden proprietors, Oojagir Sing and Ramgoolam Sing and others; sudder jumma of the entire mehal Rs. 666-10-8. The share of non-applicants alone will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 6, with the exception of the shares of the undermentioned proprietors (applicants) with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 11, Act XI. of 1859 :—

Names of mehals.		Names of applicants.		Sudder jumma. Rs.	A.	P.
Budoura	..	Shekh Mahomed Kasim	..	320	0	0
Buhadoorpore	..	Bibee Wuhidun and others	..	80	0	0

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estates.

No. 723.—Mehal Benarpore, Pergunnah Chousa; recorded proprietor, Thakoorpershad; sudder jumma Rs. 2,977-11-3 will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 1,559-14.

No. 884.—Mehal Deokulee Toolshipore, Pergunnah Chousa; recorded proprietors, Rameswurdyal and Bishoondyal; sudder jumma Rs. 516-2-8 will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 132-12-2.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 1054.—Mehal Amaon, Pergunnah Chynpore; recorded proprietors, Joogmundil Dass, Dewan Futeh Hoosen Khan and others; sudder jumma Rs. 11,337-6-6½. The share of applicants alone will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 71-12-4, with the exception of the shares of the undermentioned proprietors with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 11, Act XI. of 1859 :—

Names of mehals.		Names of proprietors.		Sudder jumma. Rs.	A.	P.	K.	M.
Amaon	..	Mussamut Doorgadaee	...	2,125	11	11	0	0
Ditto	...	Ditto Goonranikooer and Sheoburt Sing		126	0	1	0	0
Dusouti Khur Sounda	...	Dyalnuraen and Nuraen Dass	...	44	0	0	0	0
Koolhuria	...	Dewan Ally Bux Khan and others	...	66	6	3	0	0
Gohari	...	Mussamut Luchmina Kooner and Chourasi Kooner	...	50	0	0	0	0
Junoorti	...	Jutadhari Lall	...	31	6	5	0	0
Sikundurpore Mehdoora	...	Peryagpande and others	...	95	3	2	8	15
Soodhna	...	Sheodut Roy and others	...	68	12	9	10	0
Buradhi	...	Jaigobind Sing and others	...	154	2	1	10	0
Seluhri	...	Dyalnuraen and others	...	89	0	0	0	18¾
Mahenagobindrampore Semuria	...	Dewan Fateh Hosscin Khan and others	...	43	13	9	15	0
Serae Dhurhun	...	Gunesh Sing and others	...	24	0	0	0	0
Gungapore	...	Mussamut Nore Juhan Bibee	...	8	1	7	2	10½
Sahipahi	...	Jairam Lall and others	...	21	13	4	0	12¼
Amaonijmali	...	Mukhun Lall and Monsubri Das and others	...	6 676	11	9	11	10

No. 1999.—Mehal Putee Kuneari, Pergunnah Dinareh; recorded proprietors, Dewan Ramjeawun Sing and Baboo Ramkoomar Sing; sudder jumma Rs. 1,025-1-1 will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 269-9-3.

No. 2272.—Mehal Purusia, Pergunnah Sasseram; recorded proprietors, Dewan Ramjeawun Sing and Baboo Ramkoomar Sing; sudder jumma Rs. 762-10-8 will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 238-0-2.

No. 2493.—Mehal Sumuhoota, Pergunnah Sasseram; recorded proprietors, Dewan Ramjeawun Sing and Baboo Ramkoomar Sing; sudder jumma Rs. 587-11-9 will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 181-9-6.

No. 2503.—Mehal Sonbursa, Pergunnah Sasseram; recorded proprietors, Jainath Tewari and Ramlochun Tewari and others; sudder jumma Rs. 948-4-3 will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 1-8-11.

No. 4040.—Mehal Sulemporepursa, Pergunnah Arrah; recorded proprietor, Hursurnnuraen Sing; sudder jumma Rs. 4,000 will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 1,749-5-8

No. 4397.—Mehal Beladhi Runjit, Pergunnah Dunwar; recorded proprietor, Luchmina Kooner, herself and guardian of Dabeepershad, minor; sudder jumma Rs. 1,100 will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 941-14.

No. 4661.—Mehal Kuthraeen, Pergunnah Peero; recorded proprietors, Jugun Roy, Parmeshur Roy and others; sudder jumma Rs. 558-1-4. The share of applicants alone will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, amounting to Rs. 13-7, with the exception of the shares of the undermentioned proprietors (non-applicants) with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 10, Act XI. of 1859 :—

Name of mehal.		Names of proprietors.		Sudder jumma. Rs.	As.	P.	K.
Kuthraeen	...	Bhuruth Rae and others	...	348	12	6	12½

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 14th June 1872.

H. ALEXANDER.
Collector.

اشتہار نامہ واسطے فروخت زمیداري •

سنہ ۱۸۵۹ سال کے قانون ۱۱ دفعہ ۶ کے مضمون مطابق بذریعہ اِسکے سب لوگون کو واقف کیا جاتا ہی کہ ضلع شاہآباد کے شامل محالات مندرجۂ ذیل ضلع مذکور کے صاحب کلکٹر کے آفیس مین باقي مالگذاري اور جو سب دعوي سنۂ ۱۸۷۲ ع جون تاریخ ۷ مین صیغہ دین ہونے سے باقي مالگذاري کے بطور مجریہ ائین کے مطابق ادا ہونے کا ضابطہ ہی اِسکے ادا کے واسطے سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع جولاي تاریخ ۲۹ مین نیلام عام کے اخیر پکار مین فروخت ہوگا سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع جون تاریخ ۱۲ •

تفصیل •

نمبر ۴۲۳—محال شیوپور بیگم پرگنہ بہا جسکے خانہ مالگذار مین نام ہرکھہ ناتھہ مصرو گردھر تیواري و پرمیش تیواري و اچھوتا نند تیواري و گوپال تیواري و بھون دوبہ و ہنومان تیواري و مولے دوبہ و نراین تیواري مندرج ہی ومبلغ ۱۰-۳-۶۶۹ جمعصدر اس محال کا ہي بعلت ایصال مبلغ ۴-۱۵-۸ باقي مالگذاري مین نیلام ہوگا •

نمبر ۵۰۷—محال رتن‌سینپور متعلقہ بکسر پرگنہ بھوجپور جسکے خانہ مالگذار مین نام شنکر چند واگھوري رام سیلاح سنگھ عرف للوجي و اکھوري رام مادھورج سنگھ عرف جوماجي وغیرہ سایلان تقسیم مندرج ہی ومبلغ ۲-۱۰-۱۰۷۰۴ پاي جمع صدر گوشوارہ اس محال کا ہی بعلت ایصال مبلغ ۳۸ باقي مالگذاري حصہ سایلان تقسیم باستثناء حصہ مفصلہ‌ذیل کہ جسکا جمع از روي دفعہ ۱۰ قانون ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع و دفعہ ۳۳ قانون ۱۹ سنہ ۱۸۱۴ علیحدہ لیا جاتا ہی نیلام ہوگا •

نام محال	نام سایلان تفریق رول و تقسیم	جمع صدر روپیہ	آنہ	پاي	کوڑي
ایٹاري وغیرہ ۳۵ قلم	مہاراجہ مہیشر بخش سنگھ بہادر سایل تفریق رول	۱۲	۲	۴	۶۲۶۰
رتن‌سین‌پور	اکھوري رام نراین سنگھ و لالہ شنکر چند سایلان تقسیم	۰	۴	۵	۲۵۸
ایضا	اکھوري رام ایسري سنگھ سایل تقسیم	۰	۴	۵	۲۵
پانڈہپٹي	جوگل کیشور لال سایل تقصیم	۰	۰	۰	۱۲۰۰
رتن‌سین‌پور	منشے اسري پرشاد سایل تقسیم	۰	۰	۰	۷۶
ایضا	بشن چند خریدار نیلام	۰	۴	۵	۶۳
ایضا	لالہ شنکر چند سایل تقسیم	۰	۴	۵	۶۳
ایضا	محمد ابراہیم سایل تقسیم	۰	۴	۵	۶۳
ایضا	شیخ بضاعت علے سال تقسیم	۰	۸	۱۰	۵۰
ایضا	شیخ امین‌الدین سایل تقسیم	۰	۰	۰	۹۵
ہرپرر	منشے ٹھاکر پرشاد سایل تقسیم	۰	۲ ۱/۲	۱۴	۸
ایضا	قاضي ظہرر عالم سایل تقسیم	۰	۲ ۳/۴	۱۴	۸
ایضا	منشے بھولا ناتھہ سایل تقسیم	۰	۲ ۳/۶	۱۴	۸
رتن‌سینپور	رامانند سایل تقسیم	۰	۰	۰	۹۵
گردھرپور	منولعل سایل تقسیم	۰	۰	۰	۱۲۸
بسودھر	بابو بیشیشر سنگھ و بابو رام شرن سنگھ و بابو بنیاد ناتھہ سنگھ و بابو رام یاد سنگھ و مسماۃ بھکھا کنور مادر و ولیہ رام کشن سنگھ پسر نابالغ و بابو ٹھاکر دیال سنگھ و مسماۃ دیا کنور و ولے رام جیبن پسرہ نابالغ و بابو درگا دیال سنگھ و مسماۃ بھاگمانے کنور زوجہ بابو پرمیشر سنگھ سایلان تقسیم	۰	۰	۰	۸۰
ایضا	منشے بھولا ناتھہ سایل تقسیم	۰	۰	۰	۸۰
ایضا	منشے ٹھاکر پرشاد سایل تقسیم	۰	۰	۰	۸۰
ایضا	قاضے ظہور عالم سایل تقسیم	۰	۰	۰	۸۰
ہنسراجدھري	بھگوان داس سایل تقسیم	۱۸	۶	۱۴	۳
ایضا	شیو نراین سنگھ سایل تقسیم	۱۹	۶	۱۴	۳
ایضا	بشن دت سایل تقسیم	۱۹	۶	۱۵	۳
مصرولیا	ہیرا رام سایل تقسیم	۰	۷	۱۱	۵۲
چک لچمي	ہیرا رام و مہود را کنور سایلان تقسیم	۰	۸	۱۰	۲۶
ایضا	بنگالے رام سایل تقسیم	۰	۸	۱۰	۵

ایضا	نرسنگه پرشاد سایل تقسیم	۰	۸	۱۰	۶
ایضا	بشن دت سایل تقسیم	۰	۴	۵	۱۳
گوگورا	بنگالے رام سایل تقسیم	۰	۸	۱۰	۲۶
ایضا	نرسنگه‌پرشاد سایل تقسیم	۰	۸	۱۰	۲۶
ایضا	هیرا رام سایل تقسیم	۰	۸	۱۰	۱۰۶
ایضا	بشن دت سایل تقسیم	۰	۴	۵	۵۳
دوبولے	ایضا ایضا	۰	۸	۱۰	۲۶۶
بمهنے	کاشے ناتهه مصرسایل تقسیم	۰	۴	۵	۲۱
منے پتے	گدادهرلال سایل تقسیم	۰	۹	۱۱	۳۱۸
پانده پتي	مهیپت لال ولے اجمیري لال پربهولال ولے سودیسرلال سایلان تقسیم	۰	۰	۰	۴۰۰
مصروها	مسماة شهودرا کنور سایل تقسیم	۰	۷	۱۱	۵۲
بکسراجمالے	رانے جگرناتهه کنوري مادرو ولیه راجه رام پرکاش سنگه وشومشر چند و گردهاري داس جیتن لال روپ نراین و مدن کیشور لال فریقثانیان	۲	۲	۷	۵۰۰

نمبر ۶۱۸—محال بدورا بهادرپور پرگنه پوار جسکے خانه مالگذارمین نام اوجاگرسنگه و رام غلام سنگه و رمن راي و هیرة پانده و شیو پرتاپ سنگه و شالگرام و جے پرکاش سنگه چودهري رام تهل سنگه و ارنمول سنگه و رگهونندن پرشاد سنگه و مسماة جے گوبندي کنور و چونے لال اگروالہ و مهنته کوجا پتي گنگا رام وغیرة مندرج هی ۸-۱۰-۶۶۶ جمع صدر گوشوارة اهی محال کا هی بعلت ایصال مبلغ ۶ باقي مالگذاري حصه غیرسایلان تفریق رول باستثناء حصه سایلان تفریق رول که جسکا جمع از روي دفعه ۱۱ قانون ۱۱ سنه ۱۸۵۹ ع علیحدة لیا جاتا هی نیلام هوگا *

نام محال	نام سایلان	جمع صدر پاي	آنه	روپیه
بدورا	شیخ محمد قاسم سایل تفریق رول	۰	۰	۳۲۰
بهادرپور	بے بے وحیدن و بے بے کنیز فاطمه و بے بے امن سایلان تفریق رول	۰	۰	۸۰

قسم دویم *

نمبر ۷۲۳—محال بینارپور پرگنه چوسه جسکے خانه مالگذارمین نام ٹهاکرپرشاد مندرج هی و مبلغ ۳-۱۱-۲۹۷۷ جمع صدر اس محال کا هی بعلت ایصال مبلغ ۱۴-۱۵۵۹ باقي مالگذارمین نیلام هوگا *

نمبر ۸۳۴—محال دیوکلے تلشےپور پرگنه چوسه جسکے خانه مالگذارمین نام رامیسر دیال و بشن دیال مندرج هی و مبلغ ۸-۲-۵۱۶ جمع صدر اس محال کا هی بعلت ایصال مبلغ ۲-۱۲-۱۳۲ باقي مالگذاري مین نیلام هوگا *

قسم اول

نمبر ۱۰۵۴—محال امایون پرگنه چین‌پور جسکے خانه مالگذارمین نام جوگمندر داس و دیوان فتح حسین خان و امیرحسین خان و غلام غوث خان و جهومک لعل و گوپال سنگه و تیلک سنگه و شیوک سنگه و کنهیا سنگه و بشیشر دیال سنگه و دیبي راي و اجودیها راي و دلوسنگه و بهون سنگه و بهرتهه سنگه و لچهومن سنگه و پدارتهه سنگه و هرکهه سنگه و شیو دیال سنگه و مسماة سندرباشے کنور و دسرتهه راي و معدل خان و شیخ هیرا و وجتهادهاري تیواري و اوتار داس و پرکاش راي و اودت راي و رام گل راي و اودان راي و شیودهاري راي و سندر تیواري و رام کیو تیواري و بیشیشر دیال و جے پرکاش لال و پرسید راي و رامبرن راي و متهورا ساهو و لچمي ساهو و سالگ رام ساهو و پرت ناتهه سنگه و پریاددت تیواري و امید علے خان و بهمل داس و الهے بیگم و رام شرن سنگه و لچمي پرشاد سنگه وغیرة مندرج هی و مبلغ ۱۱-۱۲-۱۳۳۷-۶-۶½ جمع صدر گوشوارة اس محال کا هی بعلت ایصال مبلغ ۱۱-۱۲-۰ باقیما لگذاري حصه سایلان تفریق رول باستثناء حصه سایلان تفریق رول وغیر سایلان تقسیم که جسکا جمع از روي دفعه ۱۱ قانون ۱۱ سنه ۱۸۵۹ علحده لیا جاتا هی نیلام هوگا *

نام محال	نام سایلان	جمع صدر مسانت	کرانت	پاي	آنه	روپیه
امانون	مسماة درگا دبي سایله تفریق رول	۰	۰	۲۱	۱۱	۲۱۲۵
ایضا	مسماة گونرانے کنور و شیوبرت سنگه سایلان تفریق رول	۰	۰	۱	۶	۱۲۶
دیسولے کرسونده	دیالنراین و نرائن داس سایلان تفریق رول	۰	۰	۰	۰۰	۴۴
کلویا	امرت سنگه و دیوان علے بخش خان و خدا بخش خان	۰	۳	۶	۶	۶۶
گوهاري	مسماة لچمیان کونور و چوراسے کنور سایلان تفریق رول	۰	۰	۳	۰	۵۰

جنورے	جگادهاري لعل سايلان تفريق رول	۰	۰	۵	۶ ۳۱
سکندرپور مهدورا	پواگ پانڈه و سريپت پانڈه و هدوان پانڈه سايلان تفريق رول	۱۵	۰۸	۲	۳ ۹۵
سودينا	شيدت راي و برتهه راي و ديب نراين سنگه و لوکناتهه سنگه و رام لگن سنگه خود وولے رام کيشور سنگه و رداه سنگه سايلان تفريق رول	۰	۱۰	۹	۱۲ ۶۸
برادهي	جے گوبند سنگه و ديب نراين سنگه و سنگه خود وولے رام کيشور سنگه و رام لگهن سنگه و راداه کشن سنگه سايلان تفريق رول	۰	۱۰	۱	۲ ۱۵۴
سلهري	ديالنراين و بهگوبت لال و رام غلام مصر و رام برن تيواي سايلان تفريق رول	۳/۴ ۱۸	۰	۰	۰ ۸۹
مهيما گوبندراميور سمراه	ديوان فتح حسين خان و ديوان اميرعلے خان سايلان تفريق رول	۰	۱۵	۹	۱۳ ۴۳
گنگاپور	مسماة نور جهان بےبے	۱۰	۹	۷	۱ ۸
ساهےپاهے	جے رام لال و ڈومن لال و سيدہ لال	۱/۲ ۱۲	۰	۰۴	۱۲ ۲۱
امانون اضمالے	مکهن لال و مسريداس و مهانند پرشاد و سيد احمد علے و مصطفے بيگم و حاجے بيگم و اسري پانڈه و رام برن تيواي شيرنراين تيواري و منکر علے خان و جودهري و موندهي سنگه و جانکيچرن تيواري و سيدهو سنگه غير سايلان تفريق رول	۱/۴ ۱۰	۱۱	۹	۱۱ ۶۶۷۶
		۱/۴ ۶	۱۹	۳	۳ ۹۶۰۵

نمبر ۱۹۹۹—محال پٹے کناري پرگنه ديناڈ جسکے خانه مالگذار مين نام ديوان رام جاون سنگه و بابو رام کمار سنگه مندرج هی و مبلغ ۱۰۲۵-۱-۱ جمع صدر اس محالکا هی بعلت ايصال مبلغ ۲۶۹-۹-۳ باقي مالگذاري مين نيلام هوگا *

نمبر ۲۲۷۳—محال پرسيا پرگنه سسيرام جسکے خانه مالگذار مين نام ديوان رام جاون سنگه و بابو رام کمار سنگه مندرج هی مبلغ ۷۶۲-۱۰-۸ جمع صدر اس محالکا هی بعلت ايصال مبلغ ۲۳۸-۲ باقي مالگذاري مين نيلام هوگا *

نمبر ۲۴۹۳—محال سموٹا پرگنه سسيرام جسکے خانه مالگذار مين نام ديوان رام جاون سنگه و بابو رام کمار سنگه مندرج هی و مبلغ ۵۸۷-۱۱-۹ جمع صدر اس محال کا هی بعلت ايصال مبلغ ۱۸۱-۹-۶ باقي مالگذاري مين نيلام هوگا *

نمبر ۲۵۰۳—محال سونبرسا پرگنه سسرام جسکے خانه مالگذار مين نام جے ناتهه تيواري و رام لوچن تيواري شيو بالگ پانڈه و شيو شنکر پانڈه و شيو بالگ تيواري و رام شرن تيواري و رام جاون تيواري و رام ياد پانڈه و رام برن پانڈه و بهگوان پانڈه و نراين تيواري و راج نندن راي مندرج هی و مبلغ ۹۴۸-۴-۳ جمع صدر اس محال کا هی بعلت ايصال مبلغ ۱-۸-۱۱ باقي مالگذاري مين نيلام هوگا *

نمبر ۴۰۴۰—محال سليم‌پور پرسا پرگنه اره جسکے خانه مالگذار مين نام هرشرن نراين سنگه خيرخواه مندرج هی و مبلغ ۴۰۰ جمع صدر اس محال کا هی بعلت ايصال مبلغ ۱۷۴۹-۵-۸ باقي مالگذاري مين نيلام هوگا *

نمبر ۴۳۹۷—محال بهاڈي رنجيت پرگنه دنوار جسکي خانه مالگذار مين نام لچمينا کنور خود وولے ديبي پرشاد نابالغ مندرج هی و مبلغ ۱۱۰۰ جمع صدر اس محال کا هی بعلت ايصال مبلغ ۳۴۴-۱۴ باقي مالگذاري مين نيلام هوگا *

نمبر ۴۹۶۱—محال قنراين پرگنه پيرو جسکے خانه مالگذار مين نام جگن راي و پرميشرراي و رسال راي و بابو پانڈه و مسماة مولے کنور زوجه ديگمبرراي سايلان تفريق رول مندرج هی و مبلغ ۵۵۸-۱-۴ جمع صدر اس محال کا گوشوارة هی بعلت ايصال مبلغ ۱۳-۷ باقي مالگذاري حصه سايلان تفريق رول باستثناء حصه غير سايلان تفريق رول که جسکا جمع از روي دفعه ۱۰ قانون ۱۱ سنه ۱۸۵۹ عليحده ليا جاتا هی نيلام هوگا *

نام محال	نام سايلان	جمع صدر کرانت پاي آنه روپيه
قنراين	بهرتهه راي و شيو لال راي و پربهو راي و جانکے پرشاد اودت راي و منگر راي و بهونا راي و بيکار پانڈه غير سايلان تفريق رول	۱/۲ ۱۹ ۶ ۱۲ ۳۴۸

ايچ: آلکچاندر
کلکٹر

شاه‌آباد کلکٹوريٹ تحويل في‌التاريخ ۱۴ جون سنه ۱۸۷۲ ع

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI, Act XI., of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Monghyr will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 5th day of August 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 7th day of June 1872:—

Class I—Permanently-settled Estate.

Serial No.	Touzi No.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Sudder Jumma.	Amount of arrear of revenue.	REMARKS.
				Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	1166	Kusba Sheikh and Hetumpore, Pergunnah Masjidpore.	Sheikh Fazal Husain and others.	1,026 5 0	2 0 0	The whole of this mehal will be sold for recovery of arrear of revenue.

Temporary-settled Estate.

2	1406	Bhawanandpore *oorf* Ramdeari, Pergunnah Mulki.	Bhikhi Singh, Khoodar Singh, Shewram Singh and others.	20,907 0 0	7,348 11 0	The 2*a*.15*g* share of Bhikhi Singh and others, and 2*a*. 2*c*. share of Khodan Sing and others, for both of which separate accounts have been made under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, and remaining 11*a*. 4*g*.18*c* share of Shewram Singh (the entire 16 annas) will be put up to sale for the recovery of the arrear of revenue due up to 7th June 1872.

MONGHYR COLLECTORATE,
The 25th June 1872.

J. GRANT, *Offg. Collector.*

اشتہار نامہ واسطے فروخت زمینداري ۔

سنہ ۱۸۵۹ سال کے قانون ۱۱ دفعہ ۶ کے مضمون مطابق بذریعہ اسکے سب لوگونکو واقف کیا جاتا ہی کہ ضلع مونگر کے شامل محالات مندرجۂذیل ضلع مذکور کے صاحب کلکٹر کے آفیس مین باقي مالگذاري اور جوسب دعوي سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع ۷ جون تاریخ مین دین ہونے سے باقي مالگذاري کے بطور مجریۂ آئین کے مطابق ادا ہونے کا ضابطہ ہی اسکے ادا کے واسطے سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع ۵ اگشت تاریخ مین نیلام عام کے اخیر پکار مین فروخت ہوگا سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع ۲۴ جون تاریخ ۔

نمبر توزیع محال

نمبر ۱ نمبر ۱۱۶۶ توزیع ۔ محال قصبہ شمدیہہ و دیتمپور پرگنہ مشچدپور جسکا صدر جمع ۱۰۲۶-۵ و جسکے خانہ مالگذار مین شیخ فضل حسین وغیرہ مندرج ہی بعلت مبلغ ۲ باقي مالگذاري سرکار نیلام ہوگا ۔

نمبر ۲ نمبر ۱۴۰۶ توزیع ۔ محال بھوانندپور عرف رامدیوري پرگنہ ملکے بندوبستے حوالے جسکا صدر جمع ۲۰۹۰۷ جسکے خانہ مالگذار مین نام بھکنے سنگھ و کنور سنگھ و شیورام سنگھ وغیرہ مندرج ہي موازي ۲ آنہ ۱۵ گنڈہ کہ حصہ بھکنے سنگھ وغیرہ و موازي ۲ آنہ ۲ کوڑي حصہ کاور سنگھ وغیرہ جو حسب مراد دفعہ ۱۰ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع تفریق رول ہي وموازي ۱۱ آنہ ۴ گنڈہ ۱۸ کوڑي حصہ شیرام سنگھ جو اجمالے ہی کل ۱۶ حصہ تفریق و بلا تفریق بعلت مبلغ ۷۳۴۸-۱۱ باقي مالگذاري سرکار نیلام ہوگا ۔

مونگر کلکٹریٹ ۲۴ جون ۱۸۷۲ ع

جے : گرانٹ

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 2,405 acres and 3 roods, situate in the District of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (chapter XXVI of the Rules of the Board of Revenue") will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees 2-8 an acre, on the 2nd day of September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

Boundaries.

East—Singlijan and jungle.
West—Jungle and Grant No. 27 F.S.
North—Jungle.
South—Jungle.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Dy. Commissioner.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 3rd June 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 1,235 acres, situate in the District of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (chapter XXVI of the Rules of the Board of Revenue") will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees 5 an acre, on the 2nd day of September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

Boundaries.

North—Kotaljan.
South—Jungle.
East—Kotaljan.
West—Jungle and Grant No. 100 F.S.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Dy. Commissioner.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 3rd June 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 2,989 acres, situate in the District of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (chapter XXVI of the Rules of the Board of Revenue") will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees 5 an acre, on the 2nd day of September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

Boundaries.

North—Dangori River.
South—Kotaljan.
East—Jungle.
West—Dangori River.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Dy. Commissioner.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 3rd June 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 718 acres, situate in Mouzah Tingrai, in the District of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal, (Chapter XXVI of the Rules of the Board of Revenue,)" all claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 2-8 an acre, on the 2nd day of September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863:—

Boundaries.

North.—Tingrai Nuddee.
South.—Baljan Garden and a path.
East.—Chanoori.
West.—Tingrai Nuddee.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Depy. Commissioner.

DEPY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE;
The 10th June 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 51 acres, more or less, situated in Mouzah Bamoonee, Zillah Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 5 per acre on the 2nd day of November 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rule above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

Boundaries.

North.—Madar tree and a post.
South—Mouzah Dwar Bamoonee.
West—Sookhan Jooree.
East.—Chengalee Jooree.

J. SHERER,
Deputy Commissioner.

ZILLAH NOWGONG, ASSAM,
The 15th June 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 270 acres, more or less, situated in Mouzah Rungamattee, Zillah Seebsagur, and bounded as shewn at foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 5 per acre, on the 2nd September 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Seebsagur, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863 :—

Boundaries of Lot.

South.—A boundary road cut seventy-five feet from the Gur Allee, 800 yards.

West.—The eastern boundary of land applied for by Mr. R. B. Pringle on the 16th June 1871, 1,600 yards.

East.—The western boundary of grant applied for by Mr. Stocks of Brohmaputro Company, 1,600 yards.

North.—A line connecting extreme points of east and west boundary, 800 yards.

A. E. CAMPBELL, *Major*,
Deputy Commissioner.

ZILLAH SEEBSAGUR; DEPY. COMMR.'S OFFICE,
The 29th May 1872.

Notice.

Sale of Waste Lands.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned lot of waste land estimated to consist of about 300 acres, more or less, situated in Mouzah Thengal, Zillah Seebsagur, and bounded as shewn at foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of two rupees eight annas per acre, on the 2nd August 1872, at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Seebsagur, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

Boundaries of Lot.

North—Doi or Gotonga Jan.

South—Kachari Pathar, Dageer Hola, and Grant No. 93.

East—Kamarbunda Allee and Mr. Raban's pottah land.

West—Dageer Hola and Grant No. 84.

A. E. CAMPBELL, *Major*,
Deputy Commissioner.

ZILLAH SEEBSAGUR, DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE,
The 18th April 1872.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

ON or about the 29th ultimo, a Native of the Madras Presidency calling himself D. VANCUTTA CHULLAMYA *alias* BUNCUTTA CHUL, and giving himself out to be an Agent of some Madras Rajah, succeeded in passing about 254 forged Currency Notes of the Madras Circle, and in obtaining for them a quantity of property consisting of valuable jewellery and 32 Currency Notes of the Bengal Circle, the numbers of which are given below, for Rs. 31,000.

The Government of India have directed me to issue the accompanying Notification offering a reward of Rs. 10,000 for the arrest and conviction of D. VANCUTTA CHULLAMYA *alias* BUNCUTTA CHUL, a description of whom is given therein; and a further reward of Rs. 10,000 for information which may lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who forged the said Madras Currency Notes.

It is particularly requested that if any of the undermentioned Bengal Currency Notes be presented for payment, immediate steps be taken to trace them back, and information of the same sent by wire to the District Superintendent of Police at Benares, and to the Commissioner of Police in Calcutta.

H. SANDEMAN,
CALCUTTA, *Head Commr. of Paper Currency.*
The 22nd June 1872.

Numbers of Bengal Currency Notes known to have been in the possession of D. Vancutta Chullamya on the 10th June 1872.

1,000-RUPEE NOTES.

A/86 38498	A/86 70328	A/86 75896
„ 44004	„ 70504	„ 75992
„ 46246	„ 72892	„ 75993
„ 50625	„ 73045	„ 75994
„ 52503	„ 73046	„ 75995
„ 59923	„ 73204	„ 81404
„ 60144	„ 73227	„ 85714
„ 63117	„ 73632	„ 85715
„ 63118	„ 73689	„ 85716
„ 67572	„ 74888	A/75 93946

500-RUPEE NOTES.

A/85 38677	A/85 85039

NOTIFICATION.

10,000 Rupees Reward.

THE above reward will be paid for information leading to the arrest and conviction of Vancutta Chullamya *alias* Buncutta Chul, Native of Madras, who stands charged with having uttered 254 forged Government Currency Notes of the Madras Circle for 1,000 Rupees each at Benares on or about 29th May 1872, knowing them to have been forgeries. Also a reward of 10,000 Rupees for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who forged the said Notes.

DESCRIPTION OF VANCUTTA CHULLAMYA.

Age about 33 years; sallow complexion; thin; tall; large eyes; wears his hair long; small teeth; speaks English; generally wears a *mirzai* and *dhotee* of *nainsookh*; red shawl pugree; has also a pugree with gold bolder.

HUGH SANDEMAN,
Head Commr. of Paper Currency.
CALCUTTA,
The 20th June 1872.

Tender for the supply of Funds to Indore Treasury.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of funds in Government Rupees to the Indore Treasury for two years from the 1st August next.

The estimated amount required is thirty lakhs annually, or two lakhs fifty thousand monthly.

Tenders should be for such amounts as may be required from time to time; information as to the amounts required will be given on application to the Comptroller-General, Calcutta, or to the Agent to the Governor-General, Indore.

Tenders should state the place at which it is proposed that the amounts supplied to Government at Indore shall be repaid; if any option on this point is allowed to the Government or reserved to the tenderer, the terms or rates for payment at different places should be specified.

Tenders will be received under seal, addressed to the Comptroller-General, Calcutta, up to noon on Saturday, the 20th July next.

HUGH SANDEMAN,
Comptroller-General.

CALCUTTA,
The 14th June 1872.

Wanted,

A HEAD CLERK for the Deputy Commissioner's Office; salary Rs. 150 per mensem. He must be thoroughly acquainted with the duties of a Head Clerk and the work of a District Office in the Non-Regulation Provinces. He must also be a good Accountant, and able to do Treasury work. Apply (forwarding copies of testimonials) to the Deputy Commissioner, Naga Hills, Assam.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee River, for the week ending Friday, 21st June 1872.

NAMES OF PLACES, &c.	Least depth of Water.		REMARKS.
	Ft.	In.	
On the Entrance Bar ...	8	0	The River Bhaugiruttee is now open for steamer traffic.
From thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	7	0	
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles ...	7	6	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles ...	6	9	
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	7	9	

Height of water on guage at Berhampore on the 23rd June 1872, above zero, 11 feet 2 inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E.,
Exe. Engr., Nuddea (Local) Rivers Division.

BERHAMPORE,
The 24th June 1872.

Insolvent Notices.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of JAMES EDWIN STAPLES, an Insolvent.

ON Friday, the 21st day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. R. Fink, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of WALTER HOVENDEN PRINGLE, an Insolvent.

ON Wednesday, the 19th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

C. F. Pittar, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 25th July 1872.

IN the matter of ATMARAM, TOMAKULRAM and RAMLAGANRAM, Insolvents.

ON Saturday, the 22nd day of June last, it was ordered that the creditors of the said Insolvents do, within two months from this day, file in the Office of the Chief Clerk of this Court a statement of their respective claims against the estate of the said Insolvents duly verified by affidavit, and that the Chief Clerk do form a schedule from the claims so to be filed.

G. Gregory, *Attorney.*

In the matter of GEORGE BERNARD Martin, an Insolvent.

ON Saturday, the 6th day of May 1871, by an order of this Court the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI Vic., cap. 21, as to all persons named in his schedule as creditors or claiming to be creditors respectively.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of JULIUS POSNER, an Insolvent.

ON Monday, the 24th day of June last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 7th day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Carruthers and Dignam, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of PERTAUB CHUNDER ROY and JOY CHUNDER ROY, Insolvents.

On Friday, the 21st day of June last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of August next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

W. T. Weskin, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 2nd day of July 1872.

CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4822	A/21 03495	50	Baroda Doss Bose.
4823	A/90 63747	100	Mongle Chunder Aus.
	,, 63748	100	
	,, 63749	100	
	A/83 53968	50	
4824	A/70 57860	100	Zahoor Hossein.
4825	A/85 85819	500	Kamenee Coomud Mookerjee.
	A/88 93371	50	
4826	A/54 75967	100	Jodoonath Ghose.
	A/69 02865	100	
4831	A/84 95608	100	Shaikh Koodrahtollah.
4838	L/1 53771	10	Gungachurn Shome.
4845	A/00 87747	100	The Dist. Supdt. of Police, Hooghly.
	A/84 95605	100	
4846	A/80 76979	1000	Doolychund Kandary Mull.
4847	A/85 73194	500	The Depy. Commr. of Cachar.
4849	A/83 81399	50	Toyluckhonauth Dutt.
	,, 74486	50	
4852	A/53 37159	50	Joggeshur Audeykarey.
4853	L/2 35977	10	Golam Arfin Kazee.
	L/1 20962	10	
	L/7 56492	20	
	,, 56493	20	
4854	A/90 86088	100	Hosain Bux.
	,, 46013	100	
	,, 93123	100	
	A/88 93535	50	
4855	A/94 46980	20	Petumber Chatterjee.
	,, 84728	20	
	A/93 20248	20	
	A/71 84711	20	
	A/09 71629	20	
	L/1 21503	10	
4856	A/97 58429	20	The Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Ghazeepore.
4860	A/8 88232	500	Joygopaul Ghose.
4862	A/9 02786	50	The Dist. Supdt. of Police, Hooghly.
4865	A/53 55712	50	Jogeshur Audeykarey.
4877	A/00 89341	100	Kalidas Palit.
	A/81 97073	100	
	L/1 39052	10	
	,, 39053	10	
	,, 39054	10	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4828	A/86 84916	10	Bissumbher Dutt.
4829	A/96 32082	10	Tippoo Mull.
	A/83 40576	50	
	A/00 17672	100	
	,, 01920	100	
4830	A/94 93279	20	Williyat Hossein.
4831	A/94 65766		Roghonath Pandey.
	A/82 94238		
	A/93 54210		
	,, 51802		
	,, 56061		
	,, 77356		
	A/94 34028		
	A/01 07631		
	A/00 00532		
	,, 32396		
	A/04 10482		
	,, 12917		
	A/93 30964		
	A/71 94454		
	A/ 58406	20 each.	
	A/00 13209		
	A/01 61523		
	A/76 46246		
	A/04 47924		
	,, 77932		
	A/82 75627		
	A/06 25554		
	A/00 26113		
	,, 43542		
	A/93 13320		
	,, 27571		
	,, 58401		
	A/01 91766		
	A/01 01411		
	A/01 81910		
	A/53 62675	50	
	A/84 07663	100	
	A/ 78015	500	
4837	A/00 08796	100	Jahangeer Khan.
	,, 08797	100	
	,, 08798	100	
	,, 08799	100	
	,, 08800	100	
4839	A/72 27190	20	Messrs. J. D'Cruz & Co.
4840	A/07 13282	10	G. Seals.
4842	A/04 83907	20	Roghonath Banerjee.
	,, 83908	20	
4843	A/79 41452	10	M. J. McDonald.
515 B	A/ 74819	50	H. P. Rustan.
4851	A/03 93435	20	Krishna Chundra Roy.
4857	A/83 79957	50	The Jailor, European Penitentiary.
4858	A/06 82867	16	The Officer Commanding 4th Bengal Cavalry, Segowlee.
4861	A/79 72425	10	The Secy., Bengal Uncov. Serv. Medl. Hall Association.
4866	A/75 87029	10	Hurrish Chunder Sircar.
	A/07 24656	10	
	L/ 77546	10	
4868	A/80 35045	10	Moicoo.
4869	A/05 45649	10	Obinash Chunder Bhuttacharjee.
	A/06 18115	10	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4870	A/56 95573	10	Subba Rai.
	,, 06866	10	
	A/50 82364	10	
4872	A/90 01746	100	J. Rose.
	,, 01800	100	
4873	A/77 83290	10	Aughore Nath Singhee.
4874	A/97 25942	10	The Revd. Z. Henry, S. Z.
4878	A/95 97470	10	Colvin, Cowie & Co.
	A/85 61084	50	
4879	A/90 02240	100	The Agent, Oriental Bank Corporation.
4880	A/90 85085	100	J. N. Lawrie.
4881	A/04 78049	20	J. Cullen.
	,, 78048	20	
4882	A/57 37751	50	Moulvi Syed Tujummal Ally.
	A/84 26708	50	
	,, 39543	50	
	A/93 93769	20	

Wrongly joined.

4835	A/98 30509	10	Gosiedoss Seal.
	,, 30506		
4836	A/90 54057	20	Mohesh Chunder Roodder.
	,, 54058		
4841	A/86 91223	10	W. W. Kiernander.
	,, 91225		
4844	A/97 95042	10	W. N. Love.
	,, 95043		
4848	A/96 95536	10	G. Groves, Esq.
	,, 95537		
4859	A/79 07616	10	The Commander, Ship "Lincoln."
	,, 07617		
4867	A/0 25363	20	Isaac Joseph.
	,, 25362		
4871	A/94 89871	20	Mohendro Nath Bose.
	,, 89091		
	A/96 48966	10	
	,, 48960		
4875	A/99 12026	20	J. Sutcliffe, M.A.
	,, 12027		
4876	Allahabad D/75 24353	10	Mohamed Kazim.
	Calcutta A/60 67025		

H. G. COWIE,
Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 1st July 1872.

Muttuck Tea Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered Office, No. 9, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, on Monday, the 29th July next, at 3 P.M., to receive the Directors' report, to pass the accounts, and to transact such other business as may be brought forward.

C. N. KERNOT, M.D.,
Managing Director.

CALCUTTA,
The 26th June 1872. (1274—3)

In the Court of the District Judge of Bhaugulpore.

CITATION

Under Section 250, *Indian Succession Act X of* 1865.

In the matter of the estate of Serjeant James McHugh, deceased.

WHEREAS an application under the Indian Succession Act, 1865, for letters of administration to the estate of Serjeant McHugh, deceased, late of Monghyr, has been made by one of his sons Samuel McHugh, (Assistant in the Government Secretariat at Allahabad, North-Western Provinces,) and whereas the 11th day of July 1872 has been fixed for the hearing of this case, notice is hereby given that any person having any interest in the administration of the estate of the said deceased may, if he desire, appear in this Court on the said day before noon, and show cause why the application of the said Samuel McHugh should not be granted.

Dated this 11th day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

J. M. LOWIS,
Offg. Judge of the Districts of Bhaugulpore and Monghyr.

(1260—3)

In the Court of the District Judge of Bhaugulpore.

CITATION.

Under Section 250, *Indian Succession Act X of* 1865.

In the matter of the estate of Mr. James Reily, deceased, (formerly Principal Sudder Ameen, for some time of Dacca, Hooghly, Dinagepore, and lastly of Burdwan).

WHEREAS an application under the Indian Succession Act, 1865, for Probate of the last Will and Testament of Mr. James Reily, deceased, late of Monghyr, has been made by his widow and executrix named in the Will, Mrs. Mary Reily, and whereas the 27th day of July 1872 has been fixed for the hearing of this case, notice is hereby given that any person having any interest in the estate of the said deceased may, if he desire, appear in this Court at Bhaugulpore on the said day before noon, and show cause why the application of the said Mrs. Mary Reily should not be granted.

R. J. RICHARDSON,
Offg. Judge of the Districts of Bhaugulpore and Monghyr.

CIRCUIT HOUSE, MONGHYR,
The 27th June 1872. (1277—3)

Estate Charles Harrington Barnes, deceased.

NOTICE.

CERTAIN properties belonging to the Planter and Landholder Mr. C. H. Barnes, an European British subject, some time of Bhaugulpore, Purneah, Darjeeling, and lastly of Julpigooree, who is reported by the Judge of Julpigoorce District to have died intestate at the last mentioned station, are under the seal of this Court, and will be made over to any party legally entitled to receive the same.

J. M. LOWIS, *Offg. Judge.*

BHAUGULPORE DISTRICT, JUDGE'S COURT,
The 12th June 1872. (1261—3)

MAPS OF THE SURVEY OF INDIA.

Published at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta,

During the month of May 1872.

Sole Agents in Calcutta,—Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co.
Agent at Allahabad,—Curator of Books.
Ditto Nagpore,—Curator of Books.
Ditto Lahore,—Manager, Printing Co.
Ditto Simla,—Mr. T. Williams, Music & Fancy Depôt.

Maps are *not sold* at the Surveyor-General's Office.

Description.	Size.	Price. Unmounted.
		Rs. As.
GENERAL MAPS.		
Scale 8 *Miles* = 1 *Inch.*		
Punjab Compilation Map, Sheet No. 5	Double Elephant	2 0
Eastern Bengal, Sheet No. 7	Imperial	1 8
Scale 4 *Miles* = 1 *Inch.*		
Indian Atlas, Quarter Sheet, No. 72 S. W.	Super Royal	0 12
" " " " 11 N. W.	"	0 12
Skeleton Map of Oudh in 6 Sheets	6 Sheets Atlas	4 0
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY MAPS.		
Scale 1 *Mile* = 1 *Inch.*		
Chota Nagpore, Sheet No. 33	Double Elephant	1 0
" " " 52	"	1 0
" " " 60	"	1 0
" " " 61	"	1 0
Orissa & Central Provinces, Sheet No. 58 (a)	"	1 0
" " " " No. 59 (a)	"	1 0
North Eastern Division, Central Provinces, Sheet No. 1	"	1 0
" " " " " 2	"	1 0
Rajpootana, Sheet No. 28	"	1 0
Scale 4 *Miles* = 1 *Inch.*		
Degree Sheet V. Rajpootana (Sheet 27 to 34)	"	1 0
REVENUE SURVEY MAP.		
Scale 1 *Mile* = 1 *Inch.*		
Sindh, Sheet No. 91	Double Elephant	1 8

SURVEYOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Calcutta, 15th June 1872.

H. L. THUILLIER, *Colonel,*
Surveyor-General of India.

Notice

Is hereby given that the interest and responsibility of the undersigned George Hebberd Cable of the Town of Calcutta, in the Province of Bengal in the East Indies, in the business of Merchants and Agents, heretofore carried on by Charles Joseph Keep of No. 1, Guildhall Chambers, London, Frederick Parsons of the City of Sydney in new South Wales, and the undersigned George Hebberd Cable at Calcutta aforesaid, under the style or firm of "William Keep & Co.," ceased on the thirtieth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two. Dated the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Witness,

SYLVR. DIGNAM, *Solicitor,* G. H. CABLE.
7½, *Hastings Street, Calcutta,*
and 18, *Bedford Row, London* (1279—1)

Administrator-General's Office.

THE undermentioned estates have come under charge of this Office. All persons having claims upon, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the said estates, are requested to place themselves in immediate communication with the undersigned:—

Estate George Davidson, late an Engineer in the Gun Foundry at Cossipore.

Estate Henry Alfred Boyce, late a Lieutenant in the Bengal Staff Corps.

Estate William Love, late Chief Engineer of the Steamer "Arratoon Apcar."

C. J. WILKINSON,
Offg. Administrator-General.

HIGH COURT,
Calcutta, 28th June 1872. (1278—1)

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse. 1872.	No., mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
June 17th ...	1 Case, addressed	... H. Banner & Co., Columbo	S. S. Agra.
„ 17th ...	1 Case, addressed	... Bank of Bengal ...	Ditto.
„ 17th ...	1 Case, [S K B, S C D]	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 17th ...	2 Cases, [H B R] C J J K	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 17th ...	1 Bale, J B C, D G C, Colombo	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 17th ...	1 Bale, [S] C D S M	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 17th ...	3 Cases, addressed	... J. Russel, Esq. ...	Ditto.
„ 17th ...	1 Case, addressed	... G. D. Wibrow, Madras	Ditto.
„ 17th ...	1 Case, addressed	... H. Hamilton, Esq. ..	Ditto.
„ 17th ...	1 Parcel Sample [22]	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 19th ...	3 Cases, [C. P. & Co.]	... „ ...	Bagdad.
„ 19th ...	1 Case, addressed	... Major Blewitt ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	1 Case, [5] B B M E & Co.	... Order ...	Good Hope.
„ 12th ...	1 Case, [555] D. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	1 Case, [D] B S	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	2 Cases, [H C] A. B. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	10 Cases, H. & Co., Lucknow	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	1 Case, H. M. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	1 Case, [H & Co.]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	10 Bales, Hoop Iron [X]	... Ahmutty & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	2 Cases, [K C M]	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	2 Cases, [K S G S] A. B. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	5 Cases, [N L] Agra	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	1 Case, S K C	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	1 Parcel, addressed	.. Schoene, Kilburn & Co.	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	2 Cases, [S C B]	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	1 Case, [M D]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	25 Cases, [3] Mc. C. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 12th ...	2 Casks, [20] P. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 8th ...	12 Casks, [37] A. J. & Co.	... „ ...	Tythonius.
„ 12th ...	2 Cases, [P] J C S	... „ ...	Good Hope.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st July 1872.

WM. DUFF BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*

(1282—1)

Notice.

MR. LEWIS GELHARD and MR. GEORGE APFEL are authorized to sign our firm per procuration from this date.

The power-of-attorney held by Mr. E. Pilgram for the same purpose has been withdrawn.

RENTIERS AND CO.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th June 1872. (1262—3)

Stolen,

ON the night of the 8th June from the person, the undermentioned Government of India Notes, *viz.* :—

No. $\frac{A}{85}$ 85819, for Rs. 500.
„ $\frac{A}{33}$ 33459, for „ 100.
„ $\frac{A}{93}$ 93371, for „ 50.
„ $\frac{G}{9}$ 04141, for „ 50 Bombay Circle.

Total Rs. ... 700

K. C. MOOKERJEE.

BANKIPORE,
The 10th June 1872. (1256—3)

Caution.

PUBLIC are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way dealing with the undermentioned Government Promissory Notes belonging to the estate of Joygopaul Bysack, deceased, but standing in the name of his widow, Sreemutty Breejessory Dassee. Sreemutty Bhoobun Mohiney Dassee, the only daughter and heiress in reversion, is about to institute a suit against the said widow to divest her of the estate and to have a Receiver appointed to restrain waste thereof. Any one purchasing or in any way dealing with the same will do so at his own risk and peril :—

No. 013347 of 1842-43 of the 4 per cent Loan, for Rs. 20,000.

No. 013348 of 1842-43 of the 4 per cent Loan, for Rs. 30,000.

No. 013349 of 1842-43 of the 4 per cent Loan, for Rs. 15,000.

CALCUTTA,
The 8th June 1872.

D. C. DUTT,
Attorney-at-Law.

(1255—3)

List of Remaining and Unclaimed Letters accumulated in the Calcutta Post Office on the 26th June 1872.

Atkinson, A.
Armstrong, Mrs. G. R.
Aushootosh Mookerjee and Co.
Achille, Mrs J.
Batcher, P. L.
Beatson, Mrs.
Beard, Mrs. M.
Brown, J. C.
Beatson, J. R.
Baboo Khan.
Breton, A. M.
Corcoran, Revd. D.
Chapman, E. G.
Campbell, W. A.
Chew, Edward.
Cooke, G. H.
Cammilleri, J. P.
Degono, Mr.
D'Cruze, W.
Double, J.
D'Cruz, Mrs.
Filmer, Mrs. C.
Farncombe. Dr. J. B.
Groieris and Co.
Girling, T. H.
Good, J. T.
Greig, W. W.
Goldney, F.
George, A.
Gray, Mrs. H.
Harvey, J. D. F.
Harris, H. T.
Holliwell, Mrs. G. E.
Henri Weni & Co.
Holloway, W.
Holloway, C.
Hastings, F. B.
Jones, Mrs. F. A.
Kedarnath Roy, Baboo.
Kierchner. Mrs. F.
Lowgan, Miss.
Moore, Miss E.
Radhien Churna Chatterjee, Baboo.
Myers, H.
Marsden, C.
Murphy, Mrs. M A.
Munro, Mrs. J. T.
Milner, W.H.
Martin, C.
Nash, Miss.
P. L. Bannerjee, Baboo.
Rampersad, Baboo.
R. C. Chatterjee, Baboo.
Rose, Mrs. M.
R C. Chatterjee, Baboo.
Sree Churn Bannerjee, Baboo.
Smith, Capt. H. W.
The Hony. Secy., Corpus Hill College Endowt. Fund.
Turter, T. H.
To the Manager, Mookerjee's Magazine.
Wilson, Mrs. M.
Wallace, Mrs. G.
Weguline, Mrs. D. C.

E. R. DOUGLAS,
Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

Bengalee Edition of the Acts of Government.

THE Acts of the Government of India, and those of the Government of Bengal, will, after publication in the *Bengalee Government Gazette*, be printed, in pamphlet form, for sale to the public, at a price which will be fixed in each instance to cover the cost of printing and paper. The first of the series will be the Criminal Procedure Act, now in the Press, the price of which will be Rs. 1-4 per copy.

Lost,

SHARE certificates for 25 shares in the Tukvar Tea Company, Nos. 598 to 609, 2429 to 2434, and 3319 to 3325.

(1257—*f. n.*)

Notice.

COPIES of Act VII of 1871, the Indian Emigration Act, in Urdoo and Hindee, can be obtained on application at the Bengal Secretariat at 8 annas per copy.

Central Provinces Gazetteer.

EDITION OF 1870 in one VOL.

A LIMITED number of the above work, strongly bound in cloth, octavo size, for sale at Rs. 12 per vol., exclusive of postage charge. Apply to

MESSRS. THACKER, VINNING, *Bombay*,
MESSRS. THACKER, SPINK & Co., *Calcutta*,
or to Supdt., Chief Commr.'s Office, Nagpur.

In Chancery.

IN the *matter* of the (English) Companies' Acts 1862 and 1867, and in the *matter* of the Life Assurance Companies' Act 1870, and in the matter of the European Assurance Society.

ALL persons and bodies corporate in British India insured in the European Assurance Society, and all other persons and bodies corporate in British India being creditors of, or having claims against, the said Society, are required, on or before the fifteenth day of September 1872, to send their names and addresses, and particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors, if any, to Charles John Bunyon, William Pollard Pattison, and Stephen Philpot Low, the Official Liquidators of the said Society, either at the office of William Joseph Curtoys, of Messrs. Grindlay and Co., No. 6, Strand, Calcutta, or at the office of Charles James Groom, of Messrs. Grindlay, Groom and Co., Bombay, the Constituted Attorneys in India of the said Official Liquidators and of the said European Assurance Society appointed with the approval of the Court.

Dated at Calcutta, this 10th day of June 1872.

C. J BUNYON,
W. P. PATTISON,
S. P. LOW,
} *Official Liquidators.*

By their Attorney,

(1266—3) W. J. CURTOYS.

Notice.

THE Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's Establishment:—

Mr. E. Fishbourne to be Acting Agent at Cawnpore Branch.

Mr. Thomas Taylor, Accountant at Allahabad, to be Acting Agent at Benares Branch temporarily.

By Order of the Directors,

R. HARDIE,
Offg. Secy. & Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 27th June 1872. (1276—1)

Notice.

MR. R. L. BISS has been appointed Acting Superintendent of the Public Debt Office during the absence of Mr. N. W. Mackenzie, Superintendent, on leave to Europe.

By order of the Directors,

R. HARDIE,
Offg. Secy. & Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 28th June 1872 (1281—1)

Notice

IS hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Bank will be closed from the 1st to the 15th July 1872, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

R. HARDIE,
Offg. Secy. & Treasurer.

(1280—1)

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 25th June 1872.

LIABILITIES.		Rs.	As.	P.
Proprietors' Capital, paid-up		2,20,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund		15,28,761	1	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office ... Rs. 2,09,16,139 4 8		4,37,99,554	8	7
General Treasury Balance at Branches ... Rs. 2,28,83,415 4 4				
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches ...		2,73,81,721	5	0
Bank Post Bills, &c.		18,63,381	6	6
Sundries		11,50,441	12	11
		9,77,29,860	2	8

ASSETS.		Rs.	As.	P.
Government Securities		1,59,21,232	8	0
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches		37,20,723	13	7
Accounts of Credit on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches		33,16,322	5	2
Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches		2,31,86,356	11	8
Dead Stock		11,93,089	12	8
Stamps		12,619	2	0
Balances with other Banks		4,95,150	14	2
Sundries		2,78,022	8	6
		4,81,23,517	11	9
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office ... Rs. 1,59,21,099 9 2		4,96,06,342	6	11
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches ... Rs. 3,36,85,242 13 9				
		9,77,29,860	2	8

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 27th June 1872.

F. A. GILLAM,
Offg. Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.

R. HARDIE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

(1275—1)

Notice.

The 6th March 1872.

NOW PUBLISHED

The Quarterly Civil List for Bengal, No. XXIII., corrected up to 1st April 1872.

Price Rs. 3—*Postage annas* 5.

To be had at the Bengal Secretariat, Chowringhee.

Just Published.

Bengal Official Army List.

Corrected up to April 1, 1872.

The Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is added a Non-Official Supplement, containing the latest corrected Civil List, &c., &c., *Price Rs.* 5; *and* 8 *annas extra for packing and postage.*

WASTE LAND RULES,

Being Chap. XXVI. of the Rules of the Board of Revenue

Price, 4 *annas. Packing and postage charges,* 2 *annas extra.*

Calcutta: Office of Supdt. of Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street.

Rates of Subscription to the Calcutta Gazette

FROM 1ST JANUARY 1872.

Payable in advance.

For one year without postage Rs. 15 0 0
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When postage stamps are remitted in payment of subscription, half an anna in the rupee should be added for discount.

The Indian Financial Almanack for 1872,
Price 4 annas; postage 1 anna.

Selections from Unpublished Records of Government for the years 1748 to 1767 inclusive. Relating mainly to the social condition of Bengal With a Map of Calcutta in 1784. By the Rev. J. Long, Member of the Government Record Commission. Price Rs. 5; packing and postage 1 Rupee extra.

Selections from Calcutta Gazettes of the years 1816 to 1823 inclusive, showing the political and social condition of the English in India upwards of fifty years ago. By Hugh David Sandeman, C.S., Accountant-General, Bengal, and Member of the Record Commission. Volume I, 3 Rs., and Volumes II, III, IV, and V, at 5 Rs. each; packing and postage 1 Rupee extra.

The above to be had at the Office of Superintendent of Government Printing, 8, *Hastings Street, Calcutta.*

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1872.

PART V.

Acts of the Legislative Council of India.

Government of India.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Third Publication.]

THE following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 6th June 1872, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XIV OF 1872.

An Act to exempt the Straits Settlements from the Indian Emigration Act, 1871.

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to provide for the exemption of the islands and territories known as the Straits Settlements from all or some of the provisions contained in the Indian Emigration Act, 1871; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Power to exempt Straits Settlements from Emigration Act.

1. The Governor General in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, exempt emigration to, or contracts for labour to be performed in, the whole or any part of the said Settlements from all or any of the provisions contained in the Indian Emigration Act, 1871;

and may also, from time to time, by like notification, revoke or alter any notification previously made under this Act.

Bar of certain proceedings.

2. No suit or other proceeding shall be maintained against any person for anything done or omitted, in respect of such emigration or contracts, before the date of the notification made under the first clause of section one.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1872.

PART VI.

Bills of the Legislative Council of India.

Government of India.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[First publication.]

THE following Bill was introduced into the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 20th June 1872, and was referred to a Select Committee with instructions to report thereon in a fortnight:—

No. 11 OF 1872.

A Bill to legalize the repayment of money deposited in District Savings Banks in the names of Minors.

Whereas it is expedient to legalize the repayment of moneys deposited in District Savings Banks in the names of minors; It is hereby enacted as follows:— Preamble.

1. This Act may be called "The Minors' Deposits Act, 1872." Short title.

It extends to the whole of British India; Local extent.

And it shall come into force on the passing thereof. Commencement.

2. Any deposit of money heretofore or hereafter made in any District Savings Bank by, or on behalf of, any person, who has not completed the age of eighteen years, may be repaid to him or to his guardian, together with the interest accrued thereon; and the receipt of himself or his guardian shall be a sufficient discharge. Repayment of deposits to minor or guardian.

All repayments under this Act shall be made by the Secretary to the Bank, subject to such rules as the Government of India in the Financial Department may, from time to time, prescribe.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Bill, which is founded on Statute 26 & 27 Vic., c. 87, s. 30 is to legalize the repayment of moneys deposited in District Savings Banks by or on behalf of minors, *i.e.*, in the words of the Indian Succession Act, persons who have not completed the age of eighteen years.

Such deposits are often made by fathers on behalf of their minor children, and hardship is sometimes caused by the impossibility (as the law stands) of providing thereout for the maintenance, clothing and education of these minors.

SIMLA; R. TEMPLE.
The 28th May 1872.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[REGISTERED No. 50.]

No. 27 of 1872

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1872.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT, *separately, on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

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Report on the state of the Salt Market for the 4th Quarter of 1871-72.

No. 292C, dated Fort William, the 8th June 1872.

From—T. B. LANE, ESQ., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, L. P.

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

I AM directed by the Member in charge to submit the following report on the state of the salt market for the 4th quarter of 1871-72, comprising the months of January, February, and March last.

A. MONEY, ESQ., C.B.

2. The quantity of salt consumed (*i.e.*, the quantity of total clearances of salt of all descriptions) in the quarter under review amounted to 1,793,251 maunds, against 1,996,900 maunds in the previous quarter, and 2,022,409 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year; and the total amount of duty levied was Rs. 58,28,066, against Rs. 64,89,925 and Rs. 65,72,829 in the previous and corresponding quarters respectively.

3. The quantity of Government salt sold at the Presidency under wholesale rowannahs amounted to 735 maunds, as shown in the margin, giving a monthly average of 245 maunds, against 875 maunds in the preceding quarter. The entire quantity represents the clearances from the Hidgelee stocks.

	Mds.
January	485
February	75
March	175
Total ...	735

4. The sales of Government salt at Pooree amounted to 2,132 maunds, against 1,820 maunds in the preceding quarter and 2,132 maunds in the corresponding quarter of 1870-71.

5. The quantity of excise salt sold in Cuttack, Balasore, Pooree, and 24-Pergunnahs during the quarter under review, from the stocks of the

different seasons, and the quantity which remained in store at the close of the quarter, are shown in the following statement I :—

I.

	Cuttack.			Balasore.				Pooree.			24-Pergunnahs.	
	Manufacture of			Manufacture of				Manufacture of			Manufacture of	
	1869-70.	1870-71.	1871-72.	1868-69.	1869-70.	1870-71.	1871-72.	1869-70.	1870-71.	1871-72.	1870-71.	1871-72.
	Mds.	Mds. S.	Mds. S.	Mds. S.	Mds. S.	Mds. S.	Mds. S.	Mds. S.	Mds. S.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds. S.
Balance at close of last quarter ...	32,848	46,034 29	.....	2,279 11	43,647 21	104,309 26	.....	117,214 3	32,179 5	.....	5,121	.....
Manufactured during the quarter ...	.....	.....	7,673 20	.....	.....	* 7 0	74,580	.....	.....	10	.....	15,295 30
Total ...	32,848	46,034 29	7,673 20	2,279 11	43,647 21	104,316 26	74,580	117,214 3	32,179 5	10	5,121	15,295 30
Deduct—												
Sales during the quarter	10,889	1,674 0	.....	1,146 0	4,837 25	25,594 0	.....	39,067 0	100 0	.....	4,000	.....
Wastage	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	178 28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	10,889	1,674 0	.....	1,146 0	4,837 25	25,772 28	.....	39,067 0	100 0	.....	4,000	.....
Balance at close of quarter	21,959	44,360 29	7,673 20	1,133 11	38,809 30	78,543 38	74,580	78,147 3	32,079 5	10	1,121	15,295 30

* This represents the quantity found in excess at the time of golah clearance.

It will be observed from the above that the total clearances or sales of excise salt during the quarter amounted to 87,308 maunds, against 67,152 maunds in the previous quarter and 71,123 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

6. The subjoined statement II shows comparatively the total importation into the port of Calcutta, and the total clearances of sea-imported salt during the quarter under review and the corresponding quarters of the two preceding years :—

II.

Description of Salt	4th quarter of 1869-70.		4th quarter of 1870-71.		4th quarter of 1871-72.	
	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Pungah ...	2,116,752	1,451,460	1,010,175	1,504,401	1,377,954	1,328,200
Foreign Kurkutch ...	97,522	88,376	70,903	140,763	82,875	180,344
Indian ditto ...	323,711	207,842	210,700	209,592	171,279	124,024
Ceylon ditto ...	.....	6,448	.....	12,556	.....	1,500
Total ...	2,567,985	1,754,126	1,321,778	1,867,312	1,632,108	1,634,168

7. The following are the details of the Indian Kurkutch salt shown above :—

III.

From whence imported.	4th quarter of 1869-70.		4th quarter of 1870-71.		4th quarter of 1871-72.	
	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Kurrachee	102,084	4,850	.....	1,400	.....	.....
Bombay	161,088	114,460	210,700	142,618	135,039	73,472
Madras	16,140	53,048	.....	53,004	23,040	50,552
Ennore	.....	4,150	.....	12,570	.....	.....
Covelong	.....	.....	.....	.....	13,200	.....
Tuticorin	43,799	434	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	323,711	207,842	210,700	209,592	171,279	124,024

8. Table IV shows the total quantity of sea-imported salt remaining in the warehouses at the close of the quarter as compared with the results of the previous four quarters.

IV.

Where stored.	4th quarter of 1870-71.	1st quarter of 1871-72.	2nd quarter of 1871-72.	3rd quarter of 1871-72.	4th quarter of 1871-72.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Sulkea Government golahs	1,760,769	2,160,231	1,908,744	2,032,912	2,108,612
Ditto private golahs	24,225	21,017	7,847	.....	.....
Ghoosery golahs	130,286	125,287	94,188	93,574	93,574
Seebpore golahs	57,076	38,073	5,385	4,318	3,868
Calcutta golahs	1,150	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chittagong Government golahs	175,081	122,832	76,287	130,488	106,325
Total ...	2,148,587	2,467,440	2,092,451	2,261,292	2,372,379

9. Statement V exhibits the despatches of salt from Calcutta by water and the three railways *viâ* the several salt-pass stations into the interior of the country, both east and west of the river Hooghly, during the quarter under review and the corresponding quarters of the two preceding years :—

V.

Period.	*Viâ* Ballikhal.	*Viâ* Sankrail.	*Viâ* Gewa-khalee.	*Viâ* Kidder-pore.	*Viâ* Bullia-ghatta.	By the East Indian Railway.	By the Eastern Bengal Railway.	By the Calcutta and S. E. Railway.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
4th quarter of 1869-70 ...	357,470	150,421	135,511	70,142	1,032,583	310,068	6,968	11
Ditto 1870-71 ...	394,029	148,157	119,572	68,823	866,889	288,966	5,747	14
Ditto 1871-72 ...	967,681	268,632	117,182	64,917	810,274	661,000	2,975	26

The quantity of salt despatched by the East Indian Railway to stations beyond Buxar in the quarter under review amounted to 6,028 maunds, against 16,077 maunds in the previous and 3,950 maunds 10 seers in the corresponding quarter of 1870-71.

10. The shipments of Liverpool salt for the port of Calcutta, according to published market reports, were as follows :—

	Tons.
January	9,656
February	13,315
March	18,496
Total ...	41,467

No shipments have been reported for Chittagong.

11. The market prices per hundred maunds of Liverpool and other descriptions of salt at the close of each fortnight during the quarter under review, as compared with those obtaining at the same period last year, are shown in statement VI :—

VI.

Description of Salt.	Prices on 15th January.		Prices on 31st January.		Prices on 14th February.		Prices on 29th February.		Prices on 15th March.		Prices on 31st March.	
	1871.	1872.	1871.	1872.	1871.	1872.	1871.	1872.	1871.	1872.	1871.	1872.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Liverpool Pungah ...	72	43	72	39	69	38	64	45	64	50	50	48
French Kurkutch ...	63	55	63	56	59	56	59	56	58	56	51	56
Jeddah ditto ...	75	69	82	72	84	72	84	72	84	72	84	77
Ceylon ditto ...	48	54	44	65	42	65	43	65	46	65	48	65
Scinde ditto ...	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	35	38
Bombay ditto ...	37	60	34	54	36	54	37	51	35	49	36	54
Madras ditto ...	46	56	45	56	45	56	45	57	48	57	48	[illegible]

12. In statement VII are exhibited the total quantities of salt that were available for the private export trade at the several depôts in the Madras Presidency on the first day of each of the three months constituting the quarter under report and the corresponding quarters of 1869-70 and 1870-71 :—

VII.

Months.	1869-70.	1870-71.	1871-72.
January	713,150	603,962	159,056
February	813,150	603,962	577,132
March	783,150	603,962	601,132

13. Statement VIII shows the quantities of sea-imported salt admitted into bond and cleared from bond and ship-board at Chittagong during the quarter under review and the corresponding quarter of 1870-71 respectively.

VIII.

Description of Salt.	Admitted into Bond.		Clearances.	
	4th quarter of 1870-71.	4th quarter of 1871-72.	4th quarter of 1870-71.	4th quarter of 1871-72.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Pungah	31,525	41,037	74,385	68,506
Madras Kurkutch	.....	2,977	4,240	296
Bremen Pungah	.....	.....	332	116
Total ...	31,525	44,014	78,957	68,918

No transactions in sea-imported salt have been reported for the quarter from any of the Orissa ports.

Price at which Medical Stores will be supplied to Local Governments, &c.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Financial Department,—
No. 2188, *dated Fort William, the* 23*rd March* 1872.

Read—

A communication from the Military Department, No. 397, dated 8th March 1872, proposing, with reference to Financial Resolution No. 2354, dated 29th July 1871, that irrespective of the transit charges, a uniform rate of 10 per cent. may be charged on the invoice value of all medical stores supplied by the Medical Department to Local Governments and to Civil or other Departments of State, as well as to charitable dispensaries.

Resolution.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the proposal.

Order.—Ordered that the foregoing Resolution be communicated to the Home and Military Departments, and the several Offices of Account, for information and guidance.

(True Extract.)

R. H. Hollingbery,

Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India, Fin. Dept.

Estates managed by the Court of Wards in Chota Nagpore.

No. 41A, dated Fort William, the 26th January 1872.

From—D. J. McNeile, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Board of Revenue, L. P.

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

In reply to Government order No. 762 of the 5th June last, I am directed to submit a statement exhibiting, in reference to each estate at present under the charge of the Court of Wards, the particulars called for by Government in regard to rental, mode of management, and salaries, &c., of managers.

* * * * *

7. In conclusion I am to observe that the report submitted by the Commissioner of Chota Nagpore, in reply to the call made by the Board in connection with the Government order under reply, contains so valuable and interesting an account of the wards' estates in his division, that the Member in charge feels that no apology is due from him for submitting a copy of it for the perusal of the Lieutenant-Governor.

* * * * *

No. 1177, dated Calcutta, the 16th March 1872.

From—R. H. Wilson, Esq., Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

To—The Secy. to the Board of Revenue in the Land Revenue Department.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 41A, dated the 26th January, furnishing an account of all estates at present under the Court of Wards and their management, together with particulars as to the salary, &c., of managers, and amount of work entailed on district officers in connection with the management.

2. In reply I am to convey to the Member in charge the thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor for the report which he has submitted, and specially I am to request that His Honor's acknowledgments may be communicated to Colonel Dalton for his excellent history of the management of the wards' estates in his division. Mr. Campbell entirely approves of the principles of management which are set forth, and trusts that the officers subordinate to Colonel Dalton will carry them out to the fullest possible extent.

* * * * *

Dated Chota Nagpore, the 30th August 1871.

From—Colonel E. T. Dalton, C.S.I., Commr. of the Chota Nagpore Division.

To—D. J. McNeile, Esq., Offg. Secy. to the Board of Revenue, Land Reve. Dept.

I have the honor to submit a report on the estates under the Court of Wards in each district of this division, as directed in your letter No. 177A of the 29th June last.

2. *Hazareebaugh District.*—Three estates are under the Court of Wards in this district,—the Ramghur, Dhunwar, and Gawan.

3 *Ramghur.*—When the late Maharajah Ram Nath Sing died without issue, there was considerable doubt regarding a successor, the next of kin in the male line being very remote, and precedents appeared to show that the succession of the Maharanee would be contrary to custom. But soon after the Maharajah's demise that lady was declared to be pregnant, the estate was attached, and subsequently, on the birth of a son having been announced, it was taken under the Court of Wards, but the boy died. The estate was then claimed by the widow and by Baboo Brohmo Narain Singh, a distant cousin, and under instructions we retained charge till the courts of law came to a decision as to whom it was to be made over.

4. The district court gave a decree in favor of the Baboo; the Ranee appealed to the High Court, and the case has been before that court for the last two years.

5. The estate was conferred on an ancestor of the late Maharajah by the British Government in 1770. The old sunnuds conferred it as a service jaghir. In an old decision of the Sudder Court it is referred to as a principality, the chief of which could be called on to take the field at the head of his feudatories and vassals, and these feudatories are still in existence in numerous ghatwali and service fiefs. The estate was included in the decennial settlement, and therefore comes within the purview of Regulation I of 1793. Under that settlement the Rajah agreed to pay as revenue Rs. 28,100; he was further bound to keep up roads and embankments, and to be responsible for the security of life and property in his

zemindary. In 1792 a remission was made on account of excise and land taken into cantonment, which left the Government revenue at sicca Rs. 26,567.

6. The estate was under the Court of Wards for a short time in A.D. 1796, and the collections were then, on account of the ward, Rs. 1,33,435.

7. When we took charge of it in 1867, Baboo Kalidas Palit, Extra Assistant Commissioner, was first placed in charge as manager under the Court of Wards, but his services being required for other duty, Lieutenant Colonel Edward Money was appointed manager towards the close of last year, on a salary of Rs. 700 per mensem with establishment.

8. The rental of the estate is now Rs. 1,87,861 per annum, the Government revenue only Rs. 28,134. The area of this estate, including the sub-tenures, is not less than 4,000 square miles. The whole surface is undulating, comprising the plateau on which is the station of Hazareebaugh, averaging about 2,000 feet above the sea, and other hills and ranges, including the Lugu mountain, which is said to attain an elevation of 3,470 feet. As the estate has only been surveyed topographically, I have no means of stating what proportion of it is under cultivation, but probably not more than 1,200 square miles, for the entire district of Hazareebaugh is estimated to contain but 2,060 square miles of cultivation, to a total area of 7,020 square miles. Of the entire waste of the district not more than 365 square miles are reported unculturable, of which probably 200 are in the Ramghur estate. The estate is rich in coal, iron, and lime, and traces of other minerals have been found.

9. The late Maharajah Ramnath Sing took a personal interest in the management of his property, and under him the mofussil agency consisted of nineteen officers, over as many pergunnahs, called pergunaits. The Khalsa estate was let in farms of five to six years. The pergunaits were continued under the Court of Wards, but thirteen tehsildars were appointed over thirteen tehsil divisions of the property. The system of leasing or farming villages in maintained as before, only no lease is now given for more than five years.

10. The old practice was to lease to the highest bidders; now, as leases fall in, an estimate of the assets is made and the lease is offered to some resident. It would appear that in the Ramghur estate there are no recognised village headmen, except perhaps in Sonthal villages; no doubt they formerly existed, but under a farming system, which has continued for generations, they have disappeared, and the population of most of the villages is found very mixed. In former times there was a considerable population of Sonthals, and it is said that there were six Sonthal pergunaits; there is only one now, and I do not think he would have remained if the estate had not come under the Court of Wards. The manager was specially directed to see to the interests of the remnant of the Sonthals, and to protect what was left of the last pergunait's tenure, and an arrangement was proposed and approved, by which I hope this has been effectually secured.

11. When we assumed charge of the estate, it was found that no measures had been taken to protect the forests, and an attempt was made to arrest their destruction, but it was almost too late. A small forest conservancy establishment has now been entertained, and whilst the practice of cutting down sâl saplings is prohibited, no large timber can be removed without permission and payment of a royalty.

12. The Deputy Commissioner finds that the small sub-proprietors, jaghirdars, and mokararidars, claim right over extensive jungle tracts, and this greatly adds to the difficulty of systematising protective and reproductive forest arrangements.

13. On the plea that the Court of Wards had no prospect of long holding the estate, very little has been done towards the collection of statistical information; this is to be deplored, and should at once be rectified, as we may never have such another chance. The condition of the majority of the ryots is represented as poor, and indebtedness to mohajuns for advances the rule. The Deputy Commissioner's attention will be drawn to this; there can be no improvement in the condition of the people so long as they continue in this thraldom. The first remedial step is the multiplication of country markets; the Ramghur estate in not so well provided in this respect as the zemindaree of Chota Nagpore.

14. *Dhunwar.*—The zemindars of Dhunwar are the representatives of the old Rajahs of Khurukdiha. They had been ousted from their possessions by Mahomedan governors, but the ghatwals or tekaits of Khurukdiha, who were their vassals or feudatories, were left in possession of their estates. The British Government wished to restore the old family to its former position, but as the tekait ghatwals could not be prevailed on to submit to their hereditary chief, and as they were deemed troublesome people to deal with, separate settlements were made with them, and to the Rajah was given all the Khalsa villages and a rent-free tenure. The estate is consequently scattered throughout Khurukdiha; the family are of the Bahmon caste, to which the Maharajahs of Bhettia and Benares, &c., belong.

15 The Surveyor, Major G. H. Thompson, in his printed report, makes out that the whole estate consists of only 172 square miles; but as he adds that the rent-free grant comprises 189 villages and the Khalsa lands 152, I think there must be some error in this estimate. But it is worthy of notice that these old chiefs, in reserving lands as Khalsa, showed but little foresight. Whilst retaining for themselves portions of the estate which were in highest cultivation, without room for extension, they allowed the sub-proprietors to appropriate (or at least took no measures to prevent their appropriating) the wastes; and thus, whilst the Khalsa lands came to be circumscribed, the holders of the subordinate tenures have secured vast areas to extend on.

16. The present Rajah of Dhunwar has been in a state of imbecility* for a number of years, but under an impression that two old ladies, his mother and step-mother, were intelligent and quite capable of managing the property, it was left to them. Symptoms of gross mismanagement on their part were brought to notice, and then measures were taken for legally establishing the incapacity of the Rajah; and this having been accomplished in December 1864, the estate was taken under the Court of Wards.

* See my letter No. 905 of the 31st May 1864.

17. The system pursued was to lease out villages to farmers, who were seldom changed, and no attempt was ever made to ascertain what amount they realized from the ryots. They paid fines for renewal of lease, and made offers which were accepted without inquiry, but sometimes the fact that the lease had expired was passed unnoticed, and they held on unquestioned. When this state of affairs was understood, orders were issued by me that no leases were to be renewed until a settlement with the ryots of every village included in them had been made, and the rent to be paid by every ryot determined; but to the carrying out of these orders there was, in the first instance, the strongest opposition both on the part of the farmer and the ryots. The farmer protested against dealings with ryots as an infringement of his prescriptive rights, and the ryots, many of them being substantial holders, would not point out their lands. The manager first appointed was, I believe, unable to contend against such opposition, but the present manager, Baboo Raj Gopal Roy, has set vigorously to work with fair success.

Letter No. 929 of 7th May 1866.

18. As leases fall in, or are found to have lapsed, the villages are taken by the manager into his own hands, and he deals direct with the ryots whilst these lands are being measured and rents determined. All cesses are merged into rent, and pottahs are given to the ryot showing him the precise sum he has to pay, and he is given to understand that nothing beyond what was entered in the pottah could be demanded from him. The farmer then may have settlement again if he agrees to pay the demand less 10 per cent allowed to him as commission. About 142 villages have been treated in this manner, and the result is shown below—

Old demand	.. ..	Rs. 5,489
New „	.. ..	„ 11,107
	Increase ..	„ 5,618

The gross rental of the estate when taken charge of by the Court of Wards was Rs. 29,378; it is now Rs. 37,350.

19. A large number of leases fall in next year; re-settlement is sure to give another large increase to the rental, as it will bring to account all that is collected, one-half of which at present goes into the pockets of the farmers.

20. I am informed by Colonel Boddam that the opposition to the settlement with ryots has now subsided, and that villagers are now coming forward and praying that villages may be taken under khas management. It does not appear that the farmers are hereditary heads of villages; the farms consist of two or three or more villages, and though many of the farmers are residents, I find that the servants and friends of the late dewan of the Rances, mooktears and pleaders of the district, were last year amongst the lease-holders, so that a good deal of weeding may be found desirable.

21. There are no forests in this property, but there are small "p" reserves of jungle, which are now carefully watched, and no trees can be cut without permission.

22. As each village comes under settlement, a register of all statistics likely to be useful is made.

23. *Gawan.*—The Gawan estate has but recently come under the Court of Wards; it is one of the old ghatwali tenures referred to in paragraph 14. The ward has been sent to Benares, and a manager, Mr. Tosco Peppé, appointed, but as yet we have not much information about the estate. In regard to previous management, it is just in the same position as Dhunwar, and I have directed that it shall be similarly treated. As the estate is compact and not very large, Mr. Peppé, who resides on it, will be well able to deal directly with the ryots, and that course, whenever practicable, will probably be followed.

24. *Lohardugga District, Chota Nagpore Estate.*—The Chota, properly Chutia, Nagpore estate has an area of not less than 8,000 square miles and a population of nearly a million of souls, of whom two-thirds are Oraon Munda (Kols) or other aboriginal tribes. It was known to the Mahomedan Emperors as Kokra, and in the days of Jehangir it is said that it paid tribute in diamonds, but no permanent hold of the country was maintained. It became British territory, as part of Behar, in 1750, but regarded as "dismembered," did not enter into the earliest revenue returns. It is on record that the Maharajah of Chutia Nagpore submitted to Captain Carnac, then with a force in Palamow, in A D. 1772, and gave a nuzzer of Rs. 3,000; and the oldest pottah I have seen is dated 1179 Fuslee, when a settlement was made with the Rajah for three years at an annual demand thus specified—

Mal ...	... ...	Rs. 6,000
Nuzzerana...	... ...	„ 6,000
	Total ...	„ 12,000

In A.D. 1786 settlement was renewed, and the Government demand is thus specified —

Mal	Rs.	12,000
Nuzzerana	„	3,000
Total ...	„	15,000

At the time of the decennial settlement the revenue was fixed at Rs 14,100-15-3.

25. The estate contains 7,000 villages, and the income of the chief was estimated by Colonel Ousley in 1836 at three lakhs of rupees, but this must have included the rental of the large estates in the possession of the cadets and collateral branches of the family. The late Rajah, Juggernath Sahi Deo, who died on the 11th July 1869, had enjoyed a long reign, but he was from the commencement of his career noted as quite unfit to manage the affairs of such an estate. For many years his brother Kunwar Harnath Shahi was his manager, but on the death of that gentleman he quarrelled with the family and could never brook any other person in the same position.

26. Up to 1866 the late Rajah had no legitimate male issue, and his nephew, Lal Opender Nath Sahi, was regarded as the heir presumptive to the estate, but between the uncle and nephew no love was lost.

27. On the 26th March 1866 urzees were received from the Rajah by the different authorities, reporting the birth of a "dubraj" to his third Ranee, and on the 25th April 1866 it was announced that the fourth Ranee had been delivered of a second son to the Rajah, styled the Kunwar. Some time after the birth of these children, Lal Opender Nath Sahi instituted a suit, which was eventually tried in the Gya court, under Act XXXV of 1858, to have his uncle declared a lunatic, but it was thrown out on the 31st July 1868.

28. When the Rajah was dying, he intimated his wish that his property should be taken charge of in behalf of his declared heir, and also in behalf of the Kunwar, and this was done. It was announced that the estate had been taken over by the Court of Wards from the 13th July 1869.

29. The affairs of the estate were found in inextricable confusion: the usual zemindary books were not forthcoming; nothing to show what should be collected or what was in arrears. Mr. A. Hume Smith, who had been manager of the Hitampore estate, and had the credit of having in a short time brought the affairs of that estate, which were in great disorder, into a most satisfactory condition, was appointed manager of the Chota Nagpore zemindaree on a salary of Rs. 700 a month, with house or house rent and travelling allowance when moving about, and took charge on the 26th October 1869; but on the 11th November 1869 Lal Opender Nath Sahi, the eldest nephew of the late Maharajah, instituted a suit in the court of the Judicial Commissioner, claiming the raj, on the ground that both the children put forward as sons of the Maharajah were supposititious.

30. The Officiating Judicial Commissioner, Colonel Rowlatt, on the 23rd of September 1870, gave a decree in favor of the Lal and allowed execution to be immediately taken out. The decree-holder on this took possession of the family idols, *regalia*, and other movables, and though no one came forward to relieve the Court of Wards of their charge of the estate, the Officiating Judicial Commissioner issued an injunction prohibiting payment to, or collection by, the Court of Wards; and until an order from the High Court could be obtained to reverse this summary proceeding nothing could be done. On the 14th instant, Colonel Rowlatt's decree in favor of the Lal was reversed by a Full Bench of the High Court, and the Court of Wards are now free to act; but during the interval of uncertainty arising from the litigation, our hands were tied. So far as I have heard at present, the decree in favor of the minors is likely to be received with favor by the majority of the people,—a matter of no small importance in this part of India,—and it is to be hoped that the incident will prove the salvation of the estate. The old Rajah, ignorant, indolent, very nearly, if not quite, imbecile, and cordially hating his heir presumptive, had for a number of years been gradually reducing his permanent income by mokurari grants to many worthless followers, and, so far as has been yet made out, the gross income which the manager has to collect is only Rs 90,546. The Government revenue amounts to Rs. 14,364, income tax and district dak to Rs 4,985, leaving a net income of Rs. 71,194, with a debt against the estate set down at three and a half lakhs of rupees.

31. This debt no doubt is chiefly composed of vast accumulations of interest on proportionately small sums originally advanced, or goods supplied of very incommensurate value; and it is probable that, if we could obtain the means of satisfying the creditors at once, it would be susceptible of considerable reduction. If, for instance, we could obtain a loan from Government of two lakhs of rupees, it would probably suffice to pay off the debts, and it could be repaid with interest in about six years, perhaps less; for I have great hopes that when the manager has time to look thoroughly into the affairs of the estate, the assets will be found higher than they are at present represented to be.

32. With regard to our relations with the ryots of this estate, I took an early opportunity of drawing the Deputy Commissioner's and manager's attention to the expediency of restoring and preserving the relations which had in former years subsisted with such good effect between the Rajah and the people. Under the old system this was as direct as possible,

as the affairs of every village were managed through its own headmen; but for many years the greed for fines on renewal of lease led to the introduction of farmers, by whom the authority of the old village headmen were set aside. I have recently issued strict injunctions that when leases fall in they are not to be renewed unless for very special reasons rendering the continuation of a farming system for the particular village necessary, but that the system of khas management through the mundas or mahtos and pahans of villages is to be the rule. If proper attention be paid to it, it must be the most productive arrangement to the estate that we could adopt. The headmen are in the enjoyment of their freeholds, which can be pledged as their security, and no additional remuneration for their services need be given. Thus the whole of the profits that a farmer could make should go to the estate. I was happy to find from your letter No. 134B of 14th August 1871, that my views on this subject were fully approved by the Board.

33. *Chukla Deogur, Estate in Palamow*; *Baboo Kishen Bux Rae, Proprietor.*—This is one of the largest of the sub-tenures in pergunnah Palamow, and it belongs to the class called Babooan, that is, estates acquired from the head of the family by the collateral branches of the old Chero Rajahs of Palamow as maintenance grants; it contains 400 villages. The father of the minor, Baboo Hurbux Rae, died on the 25th March 1864, leaving a son, Baboo Kishen Bux Rae, now nine years of age. Kunwar Sewnarain Sing, a gentleman of high character and respectable position, noted for his good management of his own estates in Palamow, was appointed serberakar, and still carries on the duties, but he has resigned the office, and Baboo Soshi Sikhur Banerjee, who has for the last two years discharged with ability the duties of assessor, has been selected to succeed him.

34. Kunwar Sewchurn Sing's remuneration was 5 per cent on collections, the average amount of commission per annum was Rs 1,350, and establishment Rs. 525; total Rs. 1,875. The Government revenue is Rs. 2,071, allowance for minor, religious ceremonies, charitable purposes, &c., Rs. 3,000. The rental of the estate has greatly improved since it came under the Court of Wards; it was then Rs. 12,248, it is now Rs 26,584, the increase having been obtained on renewal of leases and commutation to rent of all abwabs and irregular cesses.

35. There was a debt of Rs. 27,654 against the estate at the death of the ward's father; this has all been paid off, and Rs. 14,766 has been invested, and at the close of the year there was a cash balance of Rs. 16,471.

36. I do not know how the assets were ascertained when the old leases expired, but my instructions were that regular settlement should be made similar to those effected of the Government villages in Palamow. The information called for for the purposes of this report has not yet been rendered by the officer in charge of the Palamow sub-division, who supervises the affairs of the estate. It is probable that Kunwar Sewchurn Singh was not quite up to regular settlement work, but I am sure the new manager is fully competent to carry out my instructions on the subject.

37. The minor attends the Palamow station school at present, but he is to go to Benares after the rains.

38. *Singbhoom.*—The large estate of Dhulbhoom, which is comprised in this district, came under the Court of Wards on the death, in 1867, of Juggernath Dhul, leaving as his heir a son, Ramchunder Dhul, who was then five years of age. The area of the estate is 1,201 square miles, and it contains just about the same number of villages. Major Depree, who was in charge of the topographical survey, estimates the population at 139,381, which I believe to be very high. He gives 115 inhabitants to the square mile, so there is ample room for extension.

39. This is one of those estates the first settlement of which was, for the sake of peace, and to avoid the necessity of military operations in a difficult and unhealthy country, made with a considerable sacrifice of revenue.

40. In 1776 the zemindar, Juggernath Dhul, refusing to acknowledge the Government of the Company, a rival was set up in his relative Bykunt Dhul, but Juggernath Dhul successfully resisted him, and a compromise was at last made. Juggernath Dhul submitted on condition of being acknowledged, and he agreed to pay a quit-rent or tribute of Rs. 4,000, and this arrangement was made *perpetual*.

41. A majority of the population of the estate are Bhumiz, one of the Kol tribes, and it is admitted that they are the oldest inhabitants. The zemindar or Rajah, besides paying rent, was bound to make all necessary police arrangements, and to aid in this the feudal militia of the estate were employed as ghatwals. In 1856 the zemindar was deprived of his police powers for gross misconduct, and since then the ghatwals have been under the orders of the magistrate; they are now organized as rural police.

42. They are apparently the only class in Dhulbhoom holding lands on peculiar tenure; the remaining villages have from very early times been held by their headmen, called pradhans, on short farming leases. Under the late zemindar and his predecessor no attempt appears to have been made to ascertain by measurement or otherwise what the cultivators actually paid to the pradhans; the pradhans had to pay a smart fine on renewal of each lease, and it was with the view of obtaining as many of such payments as possible that the leases were made so short.

43. A fair assessment was, however, obtained under this system, for when we took charge of the estate the gross rental was set down at Rs. 32,624, and though settlements have since been made of a considerable portion of it, the present demand is only Rs. 35,597.

44. But for unknown cause the late zemindar was always in difficulties, and died leaving a debt of Rs. 29,081. This has been paid off, and Rs. 37,496 have been invested in Government securities. When the estate first came under the Court of Wards, it was deemed advisable to appoint as manager some one conversant with its affairs, and an old servant of the family was selected; but his management proved very inefficient, and on his death in 1870 the Deputy Commissioner, finding that heavy arrears had accumulated, with my approval took charge of it himself, and there is at present no manager. The Deputy Commissioner is assisted by a tehsildar on Rs. 50 a month, who has his head-quarters at Ghatsila, where the minor resides. He and his brother attend an anglo-vernacular school that has been established there.

45. This system of management throws considerable extra work on the Deputy Commissioner, but the result has been satisfactory; the arrears have been reduced from Rs. 25,588 at the commencement of 1870-71 to a total balance of Rs. 5,064 at its close.

46. Dr. Hays reports the condition of the agricultural classes on this estate to be very "favorable and promising."

47. *Manbhoom.*—In this district we have only one small estate* under the Court of Wards. It was taken up in July 1870 on the death of the zemindar, Baboo Drigbijoy Sing, leaving as heir his grandson, Gunganarain Sing, aged at the time six years.

* Khatras.

48. The late zemindar appears to have had the estate pretty well in hand; his system was to give out annually farms of the collections except in two villages, in which he collected himself, partly in cash and partly in paddy, ghee, and goods, and the farms were always given to the headmen of the village or of some neighbouring village, and no outsiders appear to have been employed.

49. In these arrangements no changes have been made, except that the payments in kind have been commuted to payments in cash, and, with the view of ascertaining more accurately the assets of the different villages, the cultivation has all been measured.

50. On taking charge it was found that the rental of the estate was Rs. 8,980; it is expected that the measurements just completed will raise it to about Rs. 12,000. The Government revenue is Rs. 1,321, debts were set down at Rs. 10,793, so it will soon be clear. The estate is under the charge of a manager, Baboo Nohun Mohun Putnaik, who previously had charge of another minor's estate in the same district.

51. Colonel Rowlatt reports further that "the general condition of the agricultural classes appears to be prosperous." The majority are of the Goala or Kurmi caste, good cultivators, who can pay their rents without taking advances.

52. There is no doubt that when an estate comes under the Court of Wards the affairs of which are in confusion, a considerable amount of extra work is for a time thrown upon the district officer and his assistant, and also on the Commissioner,—the chief cause of which is that there is usually a great amount of litigation, and the district officer or his assistant, and sometimes the Commissioner, has to supervise the preparation of pleadings and advise the manager and pleaders. Where there has been previously very bad management, as in the Chota Nagpore estate, frequent references will be made to the Deputy Commissioner by the manager for advice on other points, and all this no doubt entails trouble and swells the correspondence, but no officer who took an interest in his district would grudge the time he has to devote to this additional duty. In no other way could he in a short time effect so much good; and when the affairs of the estate are settled, and all works smoothly, it is probable that under a good manager it will give the local authorities less trouble than was the case when it was under a zemindar. In a division where there are few Government estates to look after, it is quite a pleasure to have some large zemindarees under the Court of Wards, especially if such zemindarees have been previously badly managed.

53. I must apologise for the length of this report, I would curtail it if I had time, but it is a subject in which I feel great interest, and at present in Chota Nagpore it is one of vast importance.

54. The reports received from district officers in reply to Board's No. 177A of the 20th June last, are submitted in original.

Lodging-houses and Conservancy of Pooree.

No. 55LF, dated Cuttack, the 3rd June 1872.

From—T. E. RAVENSHAW, ESQ., Commissioner of the Orissa Division.

To—The Offg Secy. to the Govt of Bengal, Judicial Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit copy of a report from Dr. Stewart, Health Officer of Pooree, on the working of Act IV (B.C.) of 1871 for the portion of 1871-72 during which it was in force.

2. The proceeds from licenses and fines amounted to Rs. 7,966-0-9, out of which an expenditure of Rs. 1,559-9-4 was incurred, leaving an available cash balance in hand at close of the year amounting to Rs. 6,406-7-5. Details of expenditure and estimate for the next year were submitted with my No. 50LF of 28th May.

3. No opposition whatever was experienced to the introduction of the Act, and the proceedings of Dr. Stewart as Health Officer, and of the whole Committee, appear to have been very judicious. Of Dr. Stewart himself I cannot speak too highly; he has been indefatigable: and with very little cost, and a good deal of judicious explanation and persuasion, he has succeeded in moderately improving the cleanliness and healthiness of Pooree town in general, and also in securing moderate and sanitary ventilation to many of the lodging-houses.

4. I have recently visited Pooree and gone through every portion of the town with the Health Officer. I was really astonished to observe such a vast improvement in the general aspect of the town.

5. Sufficient provision has been made in the budget, appropriations for next year for efficient increase in latrine accommodation.

6. Much remains to be done, and the Committee have in view a comprehensive system of drainage. It is hoped that a praticable scheme will be soon prepared. Meanwhile the surplus proceeds of the past and present year will be allowed to accumulate to meet the prospective cost of drainage.

7. With regard to the necessity for cleansing many of the existing tanks, I would observe that many of them are provided for by endowments and partake of a religious character in connection with certain ceremonies. The lands and funds provided for the support of these tanks should be looked up, and I think it probable that there may be found means for compelling the owners or custodians to carry out needful cleansing and repairs without indenting on the limited funds derived from the Lodging-house Bill; these remarks have been communicated to the Health Officer and Committee.

8. Generally, the Pooree Lodging-house Bill has been judiciously initiated, in a manner creditable to Dr. Stewart and to the members of the Committee by whom he has been advised and supported. The Magistrate, in forwarding the Health Officer's report, notes that he had been only two months in charge of the district, and is consequently unable to offer any useful remarks or suggestions; he expresses regret at Dr. Stewart's transfer to another district.

9. I trust at some future time Dr. Stewart's services may be again made available for duty in Orissa, where he has gained the confidence of all under or with whom he has worked.

No. 12, dated Pooree, the 11th May 1872.

From—Dr. W. D. STEWART, Civil Assistant Surgeon and Health Officer.

To—The Magistrate of Pooree.

I HAVE the honor to submit report on the working of the Pooree Lodging-house Act from its introduction on 1st June 1871 to the end of the official year, 31st March 1872.

2. Four hundred and ninety-seven houses were registered, and licenses for 14,463 lodgers issued. Many lodging-housekeepers applied two or three times for increasing the number of their licenses,—76 applied twice, 20 thrice, and 3 four times.

The sums raised from the working of the Act during the above period were—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Certificate fees	606	0	0
License „	6,970	8	0
Fines „	382	0	0
Sale proceeds of the Ooriah copies of this Act	7	8	9
Total ..	7,966	0	9

The expenditure was as follows:—

Establishment	1,258	3	6
Contingencies	101	5	10
Building pucca latrine, &c.	200	0	0
Total ..	1,559	9	4

3. A month before the Act was introduced, all known lodging-houses were registered and the number and size of the rooms noted. When applications were made for license, these were again visited and inspected, and certificates issued under section 6 of the Act.

4. There was little or no difficulty in introducing the Act. At first it was given out that no applications for license would be made. After the commencement however of a few, and when one or two fines for lodging without license had been made, all remaining lodging-housekeepers soon made application, and the Act was in full working within a month.

5. The conditions required by section 6 of the Act could not be wholly secured before licenses were issued. Poorer lodging-houses have been described in former reports, and their condition as regards insanitation, closeness, liability to over crowding, &c., fully dwelt on. The smaller ones are kutcha built rooms, closely packed, with only a small entrance door, and very rarely a small islet hole as window. The larger houses or *mutts* are of laterite, with very close, dark rooms, arranged round a square enclosure, and sometimes rising two or three stories high. Defectively constructed, badly ventilated, with nuisances around that had been continuing for years, it would have been imprudent, and even impossible, to have made an onslaught on all defects and demanded a high sanitary standard. If the evil was to be overcome at all, it was to be done only by degrees.

6. At the beginning care, however, was taken to point out the more serious defects and orders issued for their removal, which in nearly every instance were carried out, as was ascertained in subsequent visits and inspections. Attention was then given to other prominent defects that existed and their remedy suggested, notices being issued from time to time under several sections of the Act.

7. During the period under review the following number of notices were issued:—Under section 26, thirteen; 30, two; 32, seventy; and 34, two. Nearly all of these were attended to. Where neglect occurred, the notices were repeated two or three times, and warnings given. In only two cases was it necessary to employ the provisions of section 34 after repeated notices issued under sections 26 and 32 had failed.

26.—Notice to cut trees.
30.—Notice to clean drain, &c.
32.—Notice to drain and cut jungle.
34.—Power to Magistrate to carry out above.

8. Only one complaint was made against the officers employed in working the Act. A charge of house trespass was brought against two chuprassees who had detected fifteen lodgers in a house without license. The complainant abused and obstructed the chuprassees, and merely got up a counter-charge to avoid punishment. The case was carefully investigated by the Deputy Magistrate, Baboo Kedar Nauth Dutt, who found complainant's charge quite unfounded, and convicting him of abusing the chuprassees and obstructing them in their duty, fined him Rs. 10.

9. In January and February 1872 all the large and principal lodging-houses were visited with the view of improving their ventilation. Rooms entirely without windows, or with very small ones, were brought to the notice of the owners, and the advantage of necessary alterations pointed out. They acquiesced in the desirability of the alterations and improvements, and promised to carry them out. Notices were sent urging that these be completed before the 1st June next, and they were told that the issue of new licences on the expiry of present ones would greatly depend on these recommendations being carried out. I am glad to report that many of the improvements have been already commenced; fair-sized windows have been introduced into sleeping and other apartments, which will add greatly to the convenience and accommodation of lodgers.

10. The first month or two of the year under report was passed in introducing the Act and keeping an eye on all attempts to evade the rules and escape payment. The only agency employed was one mohurir and two chuprasses, superintended by myself in morning and evening rounds in the town.

11. Attention was next paid to overgrown bush and jungle which infested several parts of the town. Many of these obstructions to ventilation and coverts for accumulation of

rubbish and commission of nuisance have been removed, and the jungle cleared, to the great improvement of the locality and neighbourhood.

12. Hedges along public roads that encroached considerably, and were also obstructions to ventilation and traffic, were removed. Notices were issued under section 36 of the Act for these purposes.

13. Public latrines have hitherto been *tál tutlee* enclosures, which required renewing year by year. It is now proposed to build them of permanent material. One enclosure has been nearly completed, a second has been begun, and in a short time the required number of these essentials for good conservancy will be supplied. Those for men will be long, narrow ranges, divided into single compartments; for women, square open enclosures will be built.

14. Application has been made for information respecting the general level of the town with a view to commence the drainage of such parts as stand in most need. A comprehensive scheme of drainage for the whole town is quite beyond what present local funds can afford, but it is proposed year by year to carry out smaller works as funds become available, these being parts of a general plan of drainage to be kept in view.

15. The cleansing of some of the large stone tanks in the town has been considered, and funds are set apart in the current year's budget for this work. The magnificent Nurrendro tank is the largest and best, and is much resorted to for drinking and bathing. Being the chief drinking source, it should be kept as clean as possible. The remaining three tanks are less advantageously situated for cleansing and flushing. I fear very large sums of money will be required to cleanse them satisfactorily; they are surrounded by high bunds, and are 80 to 100 feet below surrounding level. Two of the three cannot at all be flushed. It can scarcely be expected that all these should be kept clean at public expense.

16. The Pejnulla connected with the temple is a permanent nuisance. It is a large cistern into which the rice water of the temple is allowed to flow. The large quantity of *Mahaproshad* that is made, occasions a great flow of this water from the temple cook-rooms. The fermentation and stench that occur are a great nuisance to people passing this large thoroughfare and living in the neighbourhood. The Rajah, as far as I am aware, was permitted to build the cistern on the understanding he would keep it clean and free from nuisance. Great laxity however occurred in this duty during the past year, although several warnings were sent by the Magistrate and Health Officer.

17. Another matter requiring regulation is the large number of bulls and cows that are allowed to wander round about the temple and larger streets. The danger and obstruction that they cause during ordinary times is bad enough; but in the *Ruth* and other large festivals the furious manner in which they force their way through crowds is simply painful to witness; people are knocked down, and sometimes gored, by the excited and frightened animals. Some system is required to compass this evil; the town police are either unable or unwilling to effect it. If a perwannah is sent on the subject, their zeal lasts but a few days, for the nuisance soon gains its former bulk.

No. 2769, dated Calcutta, the 26th June 1872.

From—T. J. C. Plowden, Esq., Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

To—The Commissioner of the Orissa Division.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 55LF of the 3rd June 1872, submitting with your remarks the report of the Health Officer of Pooree on the working of Act IV (B.C.) of 1871 from its introduction up to March 1872.

In reply I am to say the Lieutenant-Governor has noticed with much satisfaction the judicious way in which the Act has been worked and the little opposition it has excited.

The suggestion made in paragraph 7 of your letter under reply should not be lost sight of. The funds of endowments charged with the repair of tanks, &c., should be looked to and appropriated in order to carry out the necessary cleansing and repairs without indenting on the funds raised under the Act.

I am also to request you to be so good as to report whether any action under section XXXIX is proposed to be taken by you in view to extending the Act to the great camping places of pilgrims on the Pooree road.

The acknowledgments of the Lieutenant Governor should be conveyed to Dr. W. D. Stewart, the late Health Officer of Pooree, for the services rendered by him.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of the Lower Provinces of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending 29th June 1872.

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
1	Patna ..	June 29th	0·06	No rain since the 19th, though clouds have been hanging about; the heat is intense.	Ploughing going on, but the sowing of the crops is much hindered by the want of rain, which is much required.	
2	Gya ...	„ 29th	Nil	Great heat; no rain ..	No crops; ploughing commencing	
3	Chumparun ...	„ 29th	1	Rain fell on Thursday and Friday; the weather has been very sultry almost throughout the week.	The rain has been of benefit to the indigo and rice crops, and also to the mokai, which has already been sown.	
4	Sarun ...	„ 29th	Nil	Cloudy, with slight rain in the west and north.	Rain is much wanted, but the prospect of indigo is for the present still favorable, and mokai will shortly be commenced. Moongh and cheena are being reaped. Sati dhan and sugarcane have grown up well. Fields are being ploughed, and the bhadoi crops are being put in the ground The early sowings have germinated.	
5	Shahabad ...	„ 29th	Nil	Cloudy and variable wind.	The bhadoi crops and indigo have been sown in most places, but rain is very much wanted, particularly in the south of the district, for the completion of the indigo sowings. This continued and unusual drought is affecting the prices ruling in the bazaar.	
6	Tirhoot ..	„ 29th	Drizzling rain	Sultry; more rain wanted; in the north rain fell.	Prospects of indigo, rice, and other crops, continue favorable; bhadoi crops are being put in ground.	
7	Bhaugulpore ...	„ 29th	·32	Rain in the north ...	Very satisfactory in the north. Rain wanted in parts of the Sudder subdivision and throughout the whole of Banka subdivision; young rice is dying off for want of it. The junera crop will, the Collector is afraid, be a bad one; prices rising.	
8	Monghyr ...	„ 29th	Nil	The weather seems to have settled fine again—a cool breeze and not too hot. It rained slightly at Jamooe during the week.	Crops certainly doing well in the south, where there has been a little rain. They want rain elsewhere, especially for mokai; indigo prospects good.	Health not good. Cholera began to break out with the rain in the north and at Tegrah; 49 died on the 21st June. Now that the rain has almost closed, the cholera has almost ceased. Dengue fever very rife at Jumalpore and Monghyr.
9	Purneah ...	„ 29th	·70	Stormy during the early part of the week; the last few days have been very hot and bright	The bhadoi crop is first-rate everywhere; aughani, though not so forward, is looking well. Planting is going on; a little more rain would do it good. The fine weather lately has been favorable to indigo manufacture, which is in full sowing; good crops	
10	Rajmehal ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
11	Deoghur ...	June 29th	·43	Much rain in south and south-east portion of district. In Sudder Station and north and north-west but little rain. Whether generally favorable	Dhan, kodo, and junera, have come up and look promising; sugarcane is all that can be desired; gundlee and marwa being sown.	
12	Nya Doomka ...	„ 29th	1·34	Light showers and sunshine throughout the week.	A good area of Indian corn sown. The weather has been all that could be desired for both it and dhan.	
13	Godda ...	„ 29th	.....	Generally cloudy with strong easterly breezes.	No rain to speak of. The eastern and southern portions of the district have had up to last week fair rain, and the prospects are not bad altogether; but in the western portion there has not been sufficient rain, and prospects are poor; whereas in Monehary to the north there is great want of rain, and considerable alarm is felt by the cultivators about the prospects of this year's crops. Prices rising.	
14	Pakour ...	„ 29th	Nil.	Light showers at times, but not appreciable in quantity.	Very favorable for dhan in south and centre, but rain a little scanty towards north of district. A little too much rain in the south for the Indian-corn.	
15	Jamtara ...	...	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.
16	Rajshahye ...	„ 29th	1·58	Rain has fallen in showers only; wind mostly from the east; cloudy by day, but evenings and nights fine.	The amun and ous rice crops, and mulberry and jute, are thriving, but more rain is wanted. Indigo, sugarcane, and arohur crops, promise well.	The public health throughout the district has continued remarkably good.
17	Bograh ...	„ 29th	2·81	Cloudy, windy, and rainy.	The rainfall throughout the district has been sufficient. The weather has been very favorable to jute and early rice, as well as to the preparation of land for transplanted rice.	Public health hitherto good, but it is now beginning to be somewhat unhealthy.
18	Dinagepore ...	„ 29th	·66	Rain pretty general. Temperature 92° Lowest 80°	The jute and bhadoi dhan are backward to the north and east, owing to want of rain early in the season. The principal crop, the ropa dhan, is still in the wet seed-beds. General prospects good.	
19	Maldah ...	„ 29th	0·40	Cloudy; slight rain almost daily; strong easterly winds; cool temperature.	Satisfactory. A full crop of bhadoi is expected. The sowing of amun has been completed, and promises well.	
20	Moorshedabad ...	„ 29th	.....	Little or no rain during the week until the 28th, which was showery; strong east winds blowing.	Indigo and mulberry looking well, but will be the better of some more rain. The indigo planters expect a good season.	
21	Pubna ...	„ 29th	0·63	Seasonable. A little rain has fallen throughout the district, with strong easterly winds.	The crops of all kinds are doing well, the rain that has fallen being beneficial.	
22	Rungpore ...	„ 29th	0·11	Heavy clouds with very little rain.	Rain wanted in some parts for paddy; jute crops favorable.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872				
23	Burdwan ...	June 29th	1·51	Cloudy; strong easterly winds with drizzling rain; more rain still wanted.	Transplantation of paddy is not yet completed; prospects of rice and other crops seem good; sugarcane improving everywhere.	
24	Bancoorah ...	„ 29th	2·15	Generally cloudy with frequent showers, which are general throughout the district.	The paddy seedlings are flourishing. The ous crop is this year small from want of rain in May last. Sugarcane cotton, teel, &c., are doing well. The indigo crop is very small.	
25	Beerbhoom ...	„ 29th	1·38	Much the same as in sudder station, viz. cloudy and showery without any heavy fall of rain.	Sugarcane and other crops actually in the ground are doing well. The rice crop is being sown. The present weather affords favorable prospects.	
26	Hooghly ...	„ 29th	2·51	Cloudy, rainy, and high wind from the east.	Jute, ous, amun, and sugarcane, doing well, but the last partially injured by the previous drought.	
27	Howrah ...	„ 29th	2·77	Northerly winds at times very high; rain has fallen almost daily throughout the district.	Favorable. In the south, where cultivation has been more backward than elsewhere, the ryots have been enabled to commence ploughing and sowing their lands.	
28	Midnapore ...	„ 29th	2·08	Rain almost every day, especially to the south; only reported showery to the north. Stormy the last two days of the week.	The amun crop is doing well, and too much rather than too little rain has fallen, except to the north, where the report is that more rain is still wanted.	
29	Nuddea ..	„ 29th	1·92	Sunshine, wind, and showers; most favorable to crops.	Unusually good; indigo manufacture has begun.	
30	Jessore ...	„ 29th	1·25	The weather has been most seasonable.	The state and prospects of all crops are favorable.	
31	24-Pergunnahs ...	„ 29th	2·59	Cloudy with frequent showers of rain Mean temp. 85°. Heavy fall in Diamond Harbour, where it was much wanted.	Ous and jute thriving; amun sowings still going on; prospects favorable.	
32	Dacca ...	„ 29th	Nil	Windy and cloudy. Slight drizzling showers, but not enough to affect the gauge. Showers very partial.	Prospects of crops good as yet. The rivers have risen very rapidly, and some damage has been done in low lands, but as yet the damage is slight. If the rapid rise continues, damage will be done.	
33	Backergunge ..	„ 29th	5·17	Cloudy and rainy.	Good. The rains have been of much benefit to the crops.	
34	Furreedpore ..	„ 29th	2·79	Cloudy and sunshine at intervals; drizzling rain throughout the week.	There has not been enough rain during the last two or three weeks to push the rice on sufficiently to cope with the sudden rise of the Ganges, which has inundated the country, and it is feared has drowned much of the rice in the low tracts. Three or four days ago the Collector called for special reports on this subject, and these have not yet come in; but if very unfavorable, he promised to submit special report.	
35	Mymensing ...	„ 22nd	4·34	Showery with some thunder-storms; the rains appear to have fairly set in.	Both rice and jute are in a very satisfactory state, and there are prospects of an excellent crop.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
36	Sylhet ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return not received
37	Cachar ...	June 22nd	3·36	Though more than the average quantity of rain has fallen this year, the ground is rather dry. Rain has come by fits and starts, and intervals of sunny weather for days together have dried up the country; for instance, there was no rain for the last 3½ days, the recorded quantity having fallen in the first half of the week	About half of the broadcast crop of rice has been sown. Transplanting for the other crops has commenced, but they must have more continuous rain, otherwise ploughing will be entirely stopped About ¼ of the seedlings for the late crop have come up, but the land is not ready for them. Tea is not doing very well. Blight has appeared south of the river.	
38	Chittagong ...	„ 22nd	·49	There appears to have been fair rainfall in the south of the district and in the northern division along the sea face. In the Hulda Valley and the central thannahs of Chittagong town, Potia, and Satkania, the rainfall has been insufficient.	The early transplanting crop of rice is said to have suffered from want of rain. No injury is reported from Cox's Bazar.	
39	Noakhally or Bullooah	„ 22nd	1·19	Cloudy with a few showers and a strong south-east wind during the week	Ous dhan being sown at Ramgunge and amun dhan at Ameergong. More rain wanted.	
40	Tipperah ...	„ 22nd	·42	Very little rain Heavy fall wanted, as the heat is extreme.	Jute and rice crops are being injured from want of rain. In the adjacent district of Sylhet the rainfall has been four times greater than here.	
41	Hill Tipperah ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.
42	Hill Tracts of Chittagong.	„ 22nd	1·7	Rain not heavy. One or two heavy showers during the week, but nothing like the amount of rain which generally falls at this time of year No thunder-storms Prevailing wind south and south-west, coming in squalls from the latter direction.	Crops are promising, such as have been sown early; the later crops seem to be suffering from want of rain. By the rise of the rivers there must have been heavy rains to the east.	A slight shock of earth-quake at 11 P.M. on the 21st June 1872.
43	Cuttack	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.
44	Balasore ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	Return not received.
45	Pooree ...	„ 22nd	1·36	Abundant rain at the end of the week.	All anxiety over.	
46	Hazareebaugh	„ 29th	0·66	Cloudy and cool ...	More rain wanted; sowing still incomplete owing to the want of sufficient rain.	
47	Lohardaggah ...	„ 29th	6·82	Cloudy and seasonable Heavy thunder-storms on the 24th. Rain has been general, except in the centre of Palamow sub-division, where it is much wanted.	Favorable. Dhan, mokai, and goondlee, have all germinated well. In Palamow sowing has just commenced.	
48	Maunbhoom ...	„ 29th	3·24	Rainy and favorable..	All crops on the ground are promising well.	Cholera has been prevalent in the N & W of district, but it is on the decrease.
49	Singbhoom ...	„ 22nd	3·40	Seasonable. Rainfall now sufficient.	Favorable.	
50	Durrung ...	„ 22nd	1·53	Sultry; rain falls in frequent short showers, interrupted by sunshine; rain general all over the district, and the rivers very high.	Very good indeed; large quantities of tea are being made.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
51	Nowgong ...	June 22nd	3·30	Weather seasonable; the monsoon has set in	Crops doing well; tea ditto.	
52	Seebsaugor ...	„ 22nd	3·14	Cloudy with a few heavy showers of rain. Rain very general in sudder sub-district but more is wanted in the Jorehaut sub-division.	The seed grain is now in the ground and operations have commenced for the sali dhan crops, but more rain is needed. Reports of tea crops satisfactory in the eastern portion of the district.	
53	Kamroop ...	„ 22nd	2·76	The mornings were cloudy and still, and the afternoons generally hot, with occasional squalls.	Prospects of cotton, sugarcane, and tea, favorable. The ous harvest is good and being gathered in, and up to this the rising of the river has caused it no injury. The land is now being ploughed for transplanting sali dhan.	
54	Luckimpore ...	„ 22nd	4·81	Heavy rains during the week in the intervals of hot sun. Weather most favorable for the staple crops of the district. Therm. max. 9[illegible] „ min 79°	The lands are commenced to be ploughed and the weather propitious; no other crops in the ground, but growing rice in the nurseries.	
55	Khasi and Jynteah Hills.	„ 22nd	5·10	Rain has been plentiful and the weather is seasonable.	Potato cultivation promises well, and the Indian-corn likewise is flourishing. The planting out of the halee paddy is still in progress.	
56	Naga Hills ...	„ 15th	3·18	Heavy showers of rain and a good deal of fog, making the mornings cool and pleasant, but the evenings unhealthily chilly.	Satisfactory.	
57	Julpigooree ...	„ 29th	·91	Rain is greatly needed; only a few slight showers fell during the week, the weather being bright and clear, and the sun very powerful. In the sub-division of Fallacotta there was heavy rain on Sunday, 1·65 falling. With the exception of this one day the weather in the sub-division seems to have been much the same as it was at head-quarters.	Although rain is greatly needed, the want of it this week does not as yet appear to have affected the crops, which are going on well.	In the terai cholera still hangs about, while in other parts of the district it has greatly abated.
58	Gowalparah ...	„ 22nd	11·14	Cloudy: rain throughout the district during the whole week; unusually heavy rain on Tuesday.	Assoo crops, which were sown in low lands, are now being reaped. Crops have not suffered from the heavy rains; harvest prospects good	
59	Garo Hills ...	„ 22nd	5·26	Occasional heavy showers and cloudy up to 19th; since then gradually cleared up, and 22nd fine.	In some parts tolerably favorable only; southern portion of district very good. In general more rain required.	
60	Darjeeling ...	„ 29th	1·70	Unseasonably dry, consequently not very healthy.	The crops in the terai are favorably reported of. The rising crops in the hills are doing well.	Cholera has not quite left the district, but it appears to be passing away.
61	Cooch Behar ...	„ 22nd	8·49	Rainy, with intervals of sunshine.	In the low grounds the ous paddy is said to have been injured by floods; the prospects of the amun paddy and jute are so far good.	

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA,
The 2nd July 1872.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 23rd to 29th June 1872.

Stations.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	Thermometer. Dry	Thermometer. Wet.	Humidity Sat. =100.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
Calcutta.	June											
	23rd	10	29·482	29·500	87·5	83·0	81	E	...		K	scuds
		16	29·382	29·400	88·0	82·7	80	E by S	...	0·13	C, K	scuds
	24th	10	29·430	29·448	87·8	83·0	80	E S E	...	0·04	K	scuds
		16	29·321	29·339	86·5	82·0	81	S E	..	0·05	K	
	25th	10	29·351	29·369	88·5	84·0	78	E by N	..	...	K	
		16	29·251	29·269	82·5	81·7	95	E by N	...	0·88	.....	*o*
	26th	10	29·309	29·327	83·9	81·7	95	E S E	..	0·43	K, S	
		16	29·231	29·249	86·5	82·5	83	E S E	...	0·06	.....	*o*
	27th	10	29·281	29·299	87·0	82·8	83	E	...	0·04	C	scuds
		16	29·209	29·227	87·6	83·0	81	E N E	..	...	K	
	28th	10	29·323	29·341	85·5	81·5	83	E	...	0·03	K	scuds
		16	29·303	29·321	81·5	80·5	84	E by S	..	0·33	.....	*o*
	29th	10	29·377	29·395	82·4	80·4	91	E by N	...	0·17	.....	*o*
		16	29·325	29·343	81·5	80·5	95	E by N	..	0·07	.....	*o, d.* Low scuds from E by N
Saugor Island.	23rd	10	29·168	29·171	88	84	83	E S E	11·0	0·10	N	*b, p, v, u*
		16	29·365	29·371	86	82	83	E S E	17·2	..	N	*d, o, u*
	24th	10	29·396	29·402	88	84	83	E S E	9·3	0·20	N	*b, p, v*
		16	29·313	29·319	89	84	81	E	17·1	0·10	N	*b p v, u,* scuds
	25th	10	29·325	29·331	87	83	83	E N E	5·2	0·10	N	*b, p, v*
		16	29·216	29·252	86	83	87	S S E	6·7	0·30	N	*o, v, u*
	26th	10	29·307	29·313	81	80	95	W	12·7	0·90	N	*d o, u*
		16	29·230	29·236	82	81	95	E	4·4	0·10	N	*d, o, u*
	27th	10	29·208	29·214	88	82	76	E N E	13·1	1·80	N	*b, v, u* scuds
		16	29·186	29·192	83	81	91	S	14·7	0·20	N	*r, o*
	28th	10	29·239	29·245	86	83	87	E	13·3	0·10	N	*b, p, v*
		16	29·183	29·189	86	80	75	E	31·2	0·10	N	*o. u,* scuds
	29th	10	29·208	29·214	79	79	100	N E	30·5	1·50	N	*o, q, r, u,* scuds
		16	29·215	29·221	80	79	95	E N E	29·7	1·70	N	*o,r,u,* scuds
Chittagong.	23rd	10	29·509	29·601	87	79	68	S E	6·3	..	K	*b*
		16	29·114	29·506	87	82	79	S S E	1·2	0·10	K, CS	*b, v*
	24th	10	29·170	29·571	86	79	72	S E	6·9	...	K, C	*b*
		16	29·054	29·116	87	80	72	S W	11·1	0·10	CK, C	*b, v*
	25th	10	29·346	29·437	80	81	69	S	7·2	...	C, CK	*b*
		16	29·261	29·354	91	82	66	S	12·6	...	C, KS	*u*
	26th	10	29·316	29·407	88	80	69	S	8·1	...	K, CK, C	*b*
		16	29·244	29·335	88	80	63	S	12·1	..	K, C, KS	*q*
	27th	10	29·269	29·362	80	78	91	E S E	8·1	0·50	N	*d, u, g*
		16	29·289	29·382	81	78	86	S E	10·3	...	N	*d, u*
	28th	10	29·447	29·541	77	77	100	S E	8·1	3·00	N	*r, o, g*
		16	29·122	29·515	80	78	91	E	6·7	1·90	KS	*u, g*
	29th	10	29·402	29·585	80	77	85	N E	14·1	0·50	K, KS	*u, v*
		16	29·102	29·195	80	76	82	E	12·0	0·20	K, KS	*u, v*
Madras	23rd	10	29·747	29·777	82	76	74	S W by S	8	0·01	.....	cloudy
		16	29·664	29·691	87	74	51	W S W	15	..	.....	cloudy
	24th	10	29·734	29·764	89	75	49	W by S	15	...	.....	*c*
		16	29·626	29·656	92	75	47	W by S	14	...	.....	*bc*
	25th	10	29·720	29·750	90	77	53	W S W	17	...	.....	*c*
		16	29·626	29·656	93	76	43	W S W	15	...	.....	*bc*
	26th	10	29·710	29·770	89	71	46	W S W	11	...	.....	hazy
		16	29·673	29·703	91	74	51	W	11	...	.....	*o*
	27th	10	29·783	29·813	87	71	42	S W by W	13	...	.....	cloudy
		16	29·683	29·713	92	74	51	S W by W	11	...	.....	*o*
	28th	10	29·799	29·829	90	73	41	W S W	14	...	.....	cloudy
		16	29·705	29·735	91	74	35	W	14	...	.....	cloudy
	29th	10	29·824	29·854	83	73	16	W	13	...	.....	cloudy
		16	27·694	29·724	93	75	49	W by N	8	...	.....	*m*
Cuttack.	23rd	10	29·367	29·449	85	80	79	N N E	3·0	0·10	N	*p*
		16	29·317	29·409	84	81	87	N N E	9·0	0·90	N	*v. p*
	24th	10	29·313	29·395	84	81	87	W	5·2	0·70	C	*p*
		16	29·255	29·335	81	79	91	W S W	6·3	0·60	K, N	cloudy
	25th	10	29·335	29·411	81	79	93	S W	3·7	...	K, S, N	*u*
		16	29·283	29·365	83	79	83	W S W	5·2	..	C, KS	cloudy
	26th	10	29·290	29·373	78	77	95	S W	4·9	0·50	N	*o, r*
		16	29·238	29·321	80	78	91	W S W	6·1	0·10	N	*o*
	27th	10	29·275	29·359	77	76	95	W	6·0	0·30	N	*o*
		16	29·147	29·230	77	76	95	W S W	12·5	1·60	N, C	*r, o, q*
	28th	10	29·246	29·318	84	80	83	W	5·1	0·10	N	cloudy
		16	29·204	29·287	82	80	91	W	9·3	..	N	*d*
	29th	10	29·348	29·421	81	78	86	W N W	6·9	0·20	N	*d*
		16	29·285	29·368	82	78	82	W N W	1·6	0·50	N	*d*
Akyab.	23rd	10	29·509	29·582	80	78	91	S	3·6	..	.....	*r*
		16	29·539	29·560	83	80	87	S E	6·0	0·80	.....	*d*
	24th	10	29·600	29·672	80	78	91	S	3·8	..	.....	*r*
		16	29·164	29·185	84	81	87	S E	2·8	1·00	.....	*b*
	25th	10	29·181	29·303	85	85	100	S	5·2		.....	*b*
		16	29·409	29·431	82	79	87	S	5·3	3·50	.....	*g*
	26th	10	29·111	29·166	79	71	77	S	2·3	..	.....	*r*
		16	29·314	29·416	80	79	95	S W	5·3	3·10	.....	*r*
	27th	10	29·461	29·543	81	80	95	S	9·3	...	...	*r*
		16	29·144	29·196	79	78	95	S	7·1	1·20	.....	*r*
	28th	10	29·603	29·625	79	79	100	S S W	7·7	..	.....	*r*
		16	29·565	29·586	83	80	87	S	9·1	2·30	.....	*q*
	29th	10	29·623	29·645	77	77	100	S S W	9·2	..	.....	*r*
		16	29·514	29·536	79	78	95	S	6·5	2·80	.....	*r*

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 29th June 1872.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Divisions.	Stations.	Rain from 10th to 16th June 1872.	Rain from 17th to 23rd June 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872. Inches.	Rain from 1st January 1872. Up to date.	Remarks.
		Inches.	Inches.			
Cuttack.	Cuttack { Telegraph Office ..	2·90	1·50	7·10	23rd June 1872.	
	Cuttack { Jail	2·74	1 78	8 35	ditto	
	False Point	0·15	Not received	5·16	16th June 1872.	
	Jajipore	1·40	ditto	6·57	ditto.	
	Kendraparah	1·30	ditto	3·65	ditto.	
	Jugutsingpore	1·70	ditto	5·20	ditto.	
	Sumbulpore	Not received	ditto	Nil	2nd June 1872	
	Balasore	2·75	0·74	10·02	23rd June 1872.	
	Bhuddruck	Not received	Not received	7 10	9th June 1872.	
	Pooree	0·33	4·74	6·15	23rd June 1872.	
	Khoordah	Not received	Not received	0·69	9th June 1872.	
Chota Nagpore.	Hazareebaugh { Jail ...	1·10	0·70	4·53	23rd June 1872.	
	Hazareebaugh { Dispensary ...	1·23	0·48	4·41	ditto.	
	Burhee	Not received	Not received	3·53	5th May 1872	Not recorded since 5th May.
	Puchumba	1·35	0·91	7·07	23rd June 1872	
	Ranchee	6 22	0·82	9·01	ditto.	
	Palamow	0·17	0 54	3 73	ditto.	
	Purulia	3·57	5 90	15·42	ditto.	
	Gobindpore	1·50	3·15	9·23	ditto.	
	Chyebassa	0·73	4·12	8·46	ditto.	
Patna.	Patna (Bankipore)	3·83	0·94	8·82	ditto	
	Dinapore { Jail	Not received	Not received	2 80	14th April 1872	
	Dinapore { Cantonment ...	2·82	1·65	9·85	23rd June 1872.	
	Behar	Not received	Not received	4 27	9th June 1872	
	Barh	2·69	0·12	7 84	23rd June 1872	
	Gya	1·50	0·14	4·79	ditto.	
	Sherghotty	0·90	0·60	7 37	ditto.	
	Nowadah	0 95	1·60	7·17	ditto.	
	Arungabad	2 13	1·18	7 64	ditto.	
	Chumparun	7·20	3·50	14·21	ditto.	
	Bettiah	6 75	Not received	8 95	16th June 1872.	
	Chuprah	2·69	0·52	7 39	23rd June 1872.	
	Sewan	9·52	0·14	11·92	ditto.	
	Mozufferpore	2 30	1·30	11·24	ditto.	
	Durbhangah	2 47	0·58	4·78	ditto.	
	Seetamaree	Not received	Not received	6·35	9th June 1872	Not received 13th to 26th May.
	Tajpore	7·05	1·17	11·80	23rd June 1872	
	Mudhubani	8·90	1·50	15·97	ditto.	
	Hajipore	2 95	1·68	10·22	ditto.	
	Arrah	2 61	1·73	7 96	ditto.	
	Buxar	2 50	1·50	7·11	ditto.	
	Sasseram	3·45	0·92	6 19	ditto.	
	Bhubooah	3 08	1·25	7 93	ditto.	
Bhaugulpore.	Benares . ..	2 8	Not received	4 95	16th June 1872.	
	Bhaugulpore	4 27	0 54	8 19	23rd June 1872.	
	Mudheypoorah	2·90	Not received	8 68	9th June 1872	Not received 10th to 16th June.
	Banka	Not received	2·56	12 22	23rd June 1872	
	Soopool	5 60	1·07	12·12	ditto.	
	Monghyr	0 8	0·30	4·27	ditto	
	Jamooie	Not received	Not received	5·28	9th June 1872	Not recorded 29th January to 3rd February.
	Begooserai	ditto	ditto	4·96	ditto.	
	Deoghur	1·91	0 63	7 04	23rd June 1872	
	Jamtara	0 70	3 00	11·02	ditto.	
	Rajmehal	1.00	Not received	4·80	16th June 1872.	
	Pakour	3·67	3·31	12 69	23rd June 1872.	
	Nya-Doomka	1 12	6·36	13·24	ditto.	
	Purneah	12·80	1·14	18·65	ditto.	
	Kishengunge	9 22	0·11	18 27	ditto.	
	Arrareah	9 50	Not received	17·20	16th June 1872	Not recorded 22nd to 28th Jan.
Rajshahye.	Rampore Beauleah... ...	4 66	1·27	12 55	23rd June 1872	
	Nattore	Not received	Not received	9·73	9th June 1872.	
	Bograh	4·75	2·11	22·72	23rd June 1872	
	Dinagepore	7·17	3·43	19·77	ditto.	
	Maldah	7·30	3 74	16·33	ditto.	
	Berhampore	11·43	1·13	19·92	ditto.	
	Jungipore	4·53	3 97	16·66	ditto.	
	Laulbaugh	9·09	0·45	17·78	ditto.	
	Jamoosakandi	2 80	2·98	9·66	ditto.	
	Pubna	7·25	2·00	22 03	ditto.	
	Serajgunge	4·18	0 70	10·49	ditto.	
	Rungpore	5·77	3·69	29·76	ditto.	
	Bhowanigunge	1 69	Not received	17·12	16th June 1872	
	Titalya	9·53	5·51	28·58	23rd June 1872.	
Burdwan.	Burdwan	2·23	2·20	10·94	ditto.	
	Cutwa	4·87	4·90	17·61	ditto.	
	Culna	Not received	Not received	5·79	9th June 1872.	
	Bood-Bood	ditto	ditto	6·44	ditto.	
	Bancoorah	1·32	0·58	9·05	23rd June 1872.	
	Raneegunge	2·27	3 18	10 18	ditto.	
	Sooree	0·92	1·49	11·62	ditto.	
	Hooghly	4 70	Not received	14·18	16th June 1872.	
	Serampore	4·00	0·63	17·79	23rd June 1872.	
	Jehanabad	Not received	Not received	8·71	9th June 1872.	
	Howrah	4·82	1 74	14 20	23rd June 1872.	
	Midnapore	2·32	3·02	10·87	ditto.	
	Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office .	2·51	0·99	8·57	ditto.	
	Contai { Exe. Engr.'s Office...	2·90	1·30	10·17	ditto.	
	Gurbetta	0 53	3·25	9·62	ditto.	
	Tumlook	1 64	1·66	12 75	ditto.	

Divisions.	Stations.	Rain from 10th to 16th June 1872.	Rain from 17th to 23rd June 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872.		Remarks.
				Inches.	Up to date.	
		Inches.	Inches			
President.	Krisnaghur	5·70	Not received	13·87	16th June 1872	
	Bongong	4·98	ditto	11·51	ditto.	
	Ranaghat	10·68	ditto	18·77	ditto.	
	Meherpore	8·82	ditto	18·20	ditto.	
	Choondangah	Not received	ditto	11·10	9th June 1872.	
	Kooshtea	6·12	2·83	16·68	23rd June 1872.	
	Jessore	7·38	2·33	30·85	ditto.	
	Khoolneah	Not received	1·10	13·08	ditto. ..	Not received 10th to 16th June.
	Jenidah	ditto	Not received	15·01	9th June 1872.	
	Nurail	ditto	ditto	20·63	ditto.	
	Magoorah	ditto	ditto	10·18	ditto.	
	Bagirhaut	ditto	ditto	10·21	ditto.	
	Saugor Island	3·70	1·20	11·12	23rd June 1872.	
	Calcutta	5·36	0·98	14·11	ditto.	
	Alipore { Hospital	3·92	1·12	12·13	ditto.	
	Alipore { Jail	3·58	1·04	11·73	ditto.	
	Barrackpore	6·06	1·39	20·10	ditto.	
	Dum-Dum	7·77	3·09	22·35	ditto.	
	Baraset	4·22	2·55	15·19	ditto.	
	Satkherah	4·77	1·07	18·69	ditto.	
	Busseerhaut	5·04	0·51	16·15	ditto.	
	Diamond Harbour	5·43	0·52	10·52	ditto.	
	Barripore	3·37	0·69	11·09	ditto.	
Dacca.	Dacca { Telegraph Office ...	9·66	0·57	28·58	ditto.	
	Dacca { Jail	7·30	0·80	25·90	ditto.	
	Burrisaul	3·57	1·78	23·21	ditto.	
	Dowlat Khan	5·10	1·37	20·47	ditto.	
	Perozepore	4·43	3·69	20·19	ditto.	
	Madaripore	4·08	3·70	33·92	ditto.	
	Patoonkhally ...	7·21	1·67	13·16	ditto ...	From 13th May.
	Furreedpore	1·66	0·72	14·10	ditto.	
	Goalundo	6·57	2·66	20·36	ditto.	
	Mymensing	Not received	3·54	22·31	ditto ...	Not received 10th to 16th June.
	Jamalpore	ditto	4·03	18·53	ditto ...	Not received 10th to 16th June.
	Atteah	4·80	2·70	18·67	ditto.	
	Kishoregunge	5·42	3·20	33·11	ditto.	
	Sylhet	1·98	14·02	101·02	ditto.	
	Cachar	1·16	4·09	56·29	ditto.	
	Hylakandy	4·32	Not received	50·75	16th June 1872.	
	Koyah	Not received	1·88	54·57	23rd June 1872	Not received 6th to 12th May, and 10th to 16th June
Chittagong.	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	2·80	0·60	14·30	23rd June 1872.	
	Chittagong { Jail ...	1·64	1·12	14·09	ditto.	
	Cox's Bazar	6·73	Not received	27·80	16th June 1872.	
	Runggamutee Hill	2·59	ditto	24·25	ditto.	
	Noakhally	5·27	1·68	31·20	23rd June 1872.	
	Tipperah	1·01	0·42	21·16	ditto.	
	Brahmanbariah ..	0·35	1·58	21·40	ditto.	
	Akyab	5·70	5·10	12·70	ditto.	
Cooch Behar.	Cooch Behar	9·83	7·37	64·07	ditto	
	Buxa	20·87	17·83	69·20	9th June 1872	
	Goomparah	Not received	Not received	36·99	2nd June 1872.	
	Dhoobree	5·31	5·15	59·01	ditto.	
	Tura (Garo Hills) ...	1·97	3·14	35·91	31st May 1872.	
	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	Not received	Not received	13·81	23rd June 1872	
	Darjeeling { Hospital ...	11·9	2·12	27·21	31st May 1872.	
	Rungbee	Not received	Not received	16·80	23rd June 1872.	
	Julpigoree	5·94	8·37	43·15	ditto.	
	Boda	0·20	0·05	8·89	ditto.	
Assam.	Tezpore	1·16	1·52	16·01	ditto.	
	Nowgong	5·58	2·69	62·65	ditto.	
	Mungledye	4·71	Not received	32·71	16th June 1872.	
	Burpettah	3·22	ditto	43·18	ditto.	
	Gowhatty	2·63	2·21	27·29	23rd June 1872.	
	Seebsaugor	1·05	Not received	38·25	16th June 1872.	
	Jorehaut	1·11	ditto	28·97	ditto.	
	Golaghat	1·01	1·13	21·39	23rd June 1872	
	Nazeerah	3·60	Not received	28·33	16th June 1872.	
	Debrooghur	2·80	ditto	33·34	ditto.	
	Suddya	6·25	ditto	36·63	ditto ...	Not received 20th to 26th May.
	Shillong	3·04	3·16	18·85	23rd June 1872.	
	Cherrapoonjee	6·94	5·24	176·23	ditto.	
	Jaowai	1·61	Not received	25·77	16th June 1872	
	Samoogooding	Not received	ditto	2·23	14th April 1872.	

W. G. Willson,

Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Calcutta,
The 29th June 1872.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 22nd to 30th June 1872.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Thermometer.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Wind.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	General Remarks.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	○	○	○	○	○	○			lb.	Miles.	In.		
June ...	22nd	29·502	86·0	80·5	113·6	82·8	81·0	79·7	0·91	E & S S E	...	92·3	0·17	...	Clouds of different kinds. Light rain after intervals.
	23rd	·453	89·0	80·8	131·0	83·8	81·4	79·7	·88	E by S E & S S E	1·0	161·0	0·17	...	Cirri and cumuli. Lightning on south-west at 8 P.M. Light rain after intervals.
	24th	·388	90·8	81·0	141·0	84·9	81·8	79·6	·85	E by S & S E	1·9	214·6	0·05	...	Scuds and cumuli. Light rain after intervals.
	25th	·329	90·2	81·9	...	83·5	81·9	80·8	·92	E & E S E	1·6	223·5	0·92	...	Cirri, stratoni, and overcast. Thunder from 12½ to 2 P.M. Lightning from 7½ to 10 P.M. Rain at 10½, from 11½ A.M. to 2, at 7½ and 10 P.M.
	26th	·287	88·8	81 0	135·0	83·8	81·8	80·4	·90	E S E & E by N	...	117·4	0·45	...	Chiefly overcast. Rain after intervals from 2½ to 12½ A.M.
	27th	·259	89·0	80·8	137·0	84·2	81·5	79·6	·86	E & E by N	...	207·0	0·01	...	Overcast, cumuloni, and ci ro cumuli. Light rain at 2, 3, 4½, 6½, 7¼ A.M., 3 and 11½ P.M.
	28th	·319	86·0	79·7	125·0	82·1	80 0	78·5	·89	E by N & E	...	318 0	0·47	☾	Stratoni and overcast. Brisk wind nearly the whole day. Slight rain at midnight, 11½, 12½, 2, 4, 10, and 10½ P.M.
	29th	·359	84·0	79 0	...	80·7	79·2	78·1	·92	E & E by N	2·0	344·3	0·13	...	Overcast. Brisk wind the whole day. Slight rain after intervals.
	30th	·344	85·0	79 6	...	81·8	79·7	78·2	·89	E N E & E by N	...	380·0	0·23	...	Chiefly overcast. Brisk wind the whole day. Slight rain after intervals.

The mean barometer as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past nine days	...	11·8
The max. temperature during the past nine days	...	90·8
The max. temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	89 4
The mean humidity during the past nine days	...	0·89
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0·91
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 30th ... by lower rain gauge	...	2·63
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 30th ... by anemometer gauge	...	2·14
Ditto ditto ditto average of eighteen previous years	...	4·02
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 30th June	...	16·52
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, average of eighteen previous years	...	25·26

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 1st July 1872.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Irrigation Branch.

Irrigation Operations of Lower Bengal up to 30th April 1872.

Circle.	Canal.	Water supplied during 1872-73.				Approximate area irrigated during Feb. 1872-73.					Rainfall.			Navigation Return.					Chief Irrigation.		Remarks.
		Full supply depth.	Estimated full discharge in cubic feet per second.	Average depth throughout the month.	Average discharge in cubic feet per second throughout the month.	District.	Area actually receiving water during the month in acres.	Of column 8 area receiving water for the first time during the current year.	Total of columns 8 and 9 for all previous months of the current year.	Total area irrigated up to date during the current year.	Inches during the month.	Inches up to date during the year.	Average of ten previous years for the same period.	Nature of traffic.	Number of boats.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Approximate value of goods.	Per column 8.	Per columns 8 & 9.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
																		Rs.			
Orissa	High Level. Range I	8	675	4·93	170·	Cuttack ..	...	...	...	..	0·65	0·65	2·13	Private merchandize .	64	166	2,175	1,709	...	...	
														Govt. stores, &c. .	16	151	4,301	7,891	...	...	
	Kendrapara	7	1,262	4·9	706·95	Ditto ...	592	5·8	..	592	0·65	0·65	2·13	Ext. { Local ...	166	904	17,231	33,287	...	..	
														{ Through	326	2,759	115,878	2,76,029	...	...	
														Government	67	979	20,828	1,624	...	...	
	Taldunda ...	8	1,300	5·75	22·50	Ditto ...	35	5	...	35	0·65	0·65	2·13	Local Traffic	83	364	2,930	1,551	...	...	
														Govt. „	1	29	409	18	...	...	
	Machgong .	5	650	4·90	7·87	Ditto ...	21	...	...	21	0·65	0·65	2·13	.....	...	...	...	.....	...	...	
South-Western	Midnapore...	8·00	875	...	...	Midnapore	...	...	...	...	0·83	0·83	3·51	Local ...	2,055	6,000	77,245	5,32,760	...	...	
														Government	18	69	261	248	...	...	
	Panchkoorah	6·00	240	...	...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	0·70	0·70	Not available.	.....	...	...	...	.....	...	...	
	April 1871.					Total ...	*618	513	...	648											* Some leases for cold weather crops were allowed to run up to 15th May.
Orissa	High Level	...	...	...	...	Cuttack ...	...	...	...	...											
	Kendrapara	...	...	...	...	Ditto ..	...	...	...	...											
	Taldunda	...	...	...	...	Ditto ...	.	...	...	...											
South-Western	Midnapore	...	...	...	...	Midnapore	...	...	...	...											
	Panchkoorah	...	...	...	...	Do. & Howrah	...	...	...	...											
						Total ...	...	...	...	...				Total ...	2,796	11,424	241,258	8,55,105	...	...	

N. B.—This statement is in supersession of the one published at page 509 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th June 1872.

F. T. Haig, *Lieut.-Colonel, R. E.,*
Offg. Joint-Secy. Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

The 25th June 1872.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd June 1872, on 1,280 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.			Total traffic receipts.
	Number of Passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	116,417	1,20,709 3 7	11,065 0 3	625,733 10	2,08,803 0 9	27,300 5 7	38,455 5 10
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	94 4 10	8 12 10	.....	233 7 1	21 8 0	30 0 10
For previous 24 weeks of half-year...	2,630,734	39,43,597 11 11	361,496 9 2	16,442,420 30	90,25,333 1 9	827,322 4 1	1,188,818 13 3
Total for 25 weeks ...	2,747,151	40,64,306 15 6	372,561 9 5	17,068,154 0	93,24,136 2 6	854,712 0 8	1,227,273 19 1
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	90,580	1,05,180 1 6	9,641 10 2	512,064 10	3,15,310 2 1	28,903 8 7	38,544 18 9
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	82 3 3	7 10 8	.....	246 6 11	22 11 10	30 2 6
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,653,619½	37,17,741 15 8	340,793 0 4	15,861,709 0	92,79,313 9 5	850,603 14 10	1,191,396 15 2

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd June 1872, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	5,907	17,418 4 2	1,596 13 6	70 339 0	20,206 6 6	1,857 15 1	3,454 8 7
Or per mile of railway	.....	77 14 11	7 2 10	.....	90 10 10	8 6 3	15 9 1
For previous 24 weeks of half-year...	135,336	4,01,346 5 7	37,065 1 8	1,744,551 0	4,94,525 6 9	45,331 9 11	82,396 11 7
Total for 25 weeks ...	141,303	4,21,764 9 9	38,661 15 2	1,820,890 0	5,14,791 13 3	47,189 5 0	85,851 0 2
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	3,682½	9,465 6 5	866 16 9	38,184 30	12,245 4 8	1,122 9 9	1,989 6 6
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	.....	42 6 6	3 17 9	.....	54 14 7	5 0 8	8 18 5
Total to corresponding date of previous year	114,263½	3,70,739 7 8	33,984 9 1	1,445,588 10	4,25,176 4 0	38,974 9 9	72,958 19 10

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd June 1872, on 156½ miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	38,261½	24,216 1 0	2,219 16 2	70,302 0	28,765 0 0	2,636 15 10	4,856 12 0
Or per mile of railway	244	154 11 9	14 3 8	450 0	183 12 10	16 17 0	31 0 8
For previous 24 weeks of half-year	774,793	4,88,562 14 3	44,784 19 0	3,056,365 10	6,06,906 8 8	57,167 8 7	102,252 7 7
Total for 25 weeks ...	813,054½	5,12,779 0 0	47,004 15 2	3,126,667 10	6,35,671 8 8	60,104 4 5	107,108 19 7
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	28,197½	15,412 10 2	1,412 16 6	143,275 17	23,785 5 3	2,180 6 6	3,593 3 0
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	180	98 7 9	9 0 7	916 0	151 15 9	13 18 7	22 19 2
Total to corresponding date of previous year	782,783½	4,58,531 0 4	43,040 6 7	3,142,087 2	6,60,059 8 10	60,505 9 2	103,545 15 10

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd June 1872, on 28 miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	14,083	2,384 9 3	238 9 2	13,681 0	396 1 9	39 12 2	278 1 4
Or per mile of Railway	503	85 2 7	8 10 4	489 0	14 2 4	1 8 3	9 18 7
For previous 11 weeks of half-year	62,083½	10,109 10 0	1,010 19 3	167,120 20	5,156 7 3	515 12 11	1,520 12 2
Total for 12 weeks	76,166½	12,494 3 3	1,249 8 5	180,801 20	5,552 9 0	555 5 1	1,804 13 6
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	5,121	1,187 14 0	118 15 9	8,291 0	271 14 3	27 3 9	145 19 6
Per mile of Railway corresponding week of previous year	183	42 6 9	4 4 10	30 0	9 7 10	0 19 6	5 4 4
Total to corresponding date of previous year	69,920½	15,024 2 6	1,492 8 5	135,110 10	3,856 3 3	385 12 3	1,804 0 8

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The Calcutta Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

THURSDAY, JULY 4, 1872.

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

No. 405C.

NOTIFICATION.

Opium.
V. H. Schalch, Esq.

In continuation of notice No. 212C, dated 28th March 1872, it is hereby notified that the Provision Opium to be brought forward at the monthly sales of the ensuing year 1873 will consist of 42,000 chests, in the following proportions, respectively of Behar and Benares Opium :—

		Chests.
	Behar.	
Manufacture of 1871-72	... ...	25,500
	Benares.	
Manufacture of 1871-72	... ...	16,500
	Total ...	42,000

2. The above includes 300 chests to be reserved for the French Government.

By Order of the Member in charge,

T. B. Lane, *Secretary.*

Board of Revenue, L. P.,
Fort William,
The 3rd July 1872.

The Calcutta Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

FRIDAY, JULY 5, 1872.

PART III.

Acts of the Bengal Council.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[First Publication.]

THE following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 16th March 1872, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor General on the 6th June 1872, is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. III OF 1872.

An Act to Amend the Calcutta Port Improvement Act, being Act V of 1870 *passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and to amend Act XXII of* 1855.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to give to the Commissioners for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta a like indemnity to that which is given to the East India Company by section 61 of Act XXII of 1855, and otherwise to amend the said Act; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Indemnity to Port Commissioners against default of officers, &c.

1. The said Commissioners shall not be answerable for any act or default of any Conservator or Harbour Master of the said port, or of any Deputy or Assistant of the said officers, or of any person acting under the authority or directions of any such officer or assistant, heretofore or hereafter done within the limits of the said port; nor for any damage or injury heretofore or hereafter sustained by any vessel in consequence of any defect in any of the moorings, hawsers, or other thing belonging to the said Commissioners within the said port which may be used by such vessel. Provided that nothing in this section shall protect the said Commissioners from an action in respect of any act done by or under the express order or sanction of the said Commissioners.

Repeal of Section 23, Act XXII of 1855.

2. Section 23 of the said Act XXII of 1855 is hereby repealed so far as the same affects the Port of Calcutta, but such repeal shall not affect any act done or liability incurred under the said section.

Commissioners may raise wreck, &c., and charge reasonable expenses.

3. If any vessel with or without cargo shall be wrecked, stranded, or sunk within the limits of the said port, the Commissioners may in any case cause the same to be raised, removed, or destroyed; or they may call on the owner, master, or consignee thereof, to cause the same to be raised, removed, or destroyed; and if the said owner, master, or consignee, when called upon, shall refuse or neglect forthwith so to do, the Commissioners in that case also may cause the same to be raised, removed, or destroyed. Unless all expenses in or towards executing any works undertaken by the Commissioners under this section shall be repaid within one month after the completion thereof, the Commissioners may recover the same in the manner provided by the next succeeding section. The amount claimable and due under this section shall include all monies expended, reasonable remuneration for labor and for the use of the property and appliances of the Commissioners, and a further sum of twenty per cent. on the total amount so due in respect of monies expended and of remuneration. If any dispute shall arise concerning the amount due to the Commissioners under this section, the same shall be determined by a Magistrate, who, upon application made to him for that purpose, shall have power to determine such amount, and to award such costs as he shall think reasonable to be added to or deducted from the amount due under this section as he shall direct; and whose decision shall be final.

Sale of property if unclaimed, or if expenses unpaid.

4. If the property recovered under the next preceding section is unclaimed; or if the person claiming the same refuses or neglects to pay the amount due to the Commissioners under the next preceding section in respect thereof, such property, if of a perishable nature, may be sold forthwith, and if not of a perishable nature may be detained by the Commissioners at the risk and expense of all parties interested therein, and may be sold at any period not less than two months after the recovery thereof by public auction, and after the realization of the proceeds thereof, the amount due to the Commissioners as aforesaid shall be deducted therefrom and paid to the Commissioners, and the balance shall be paid to the person entitled to recover on his applying for the same; provided that such application be made within one year from the sale of such property, or good reason to the satisfaction of the Commissioners be shown why such application was not made. Otherwise such balance shall be held by the Commissioners, upon trust for the purposes of the said Act V of 1870.

Vessels not to have more than five pounds of powder, &c., on board.

5. In sections 29 and 31 of the said Act XXII of 1855, from such time as the Lieutenant-Governer of Bengal shall notify in the *Calcutta Gazette*, for the words "fifty pounds" wherever such words occur, shall be substituted the words "five pounds," and the said Act shall be thereafter read and construed as if the words hereby directed to be substituted were inserted in place of the words for which they are hereby directed to be substituted.

Duty of police officers.

6. It shall be the duty of all police officers to give immediate information to the Commissioners of any offence committed contrary to the provisions of the said Act V of 1870, or of Act XXII of 1855, or of any bye-laws or rules having the force of law prescribed in accordance therewith. Any police officer may arrest any person committing in his view any offence against any of the said provisions, if the name and address of such person be unknown. Such person may be detained at the station-house until his name and address shall be correctly ascertained.

Construction of Act.

7. This Act shall be read with and taken as part of the said Act V of 1870, and of the said Act XXII of 1855.

HERBERT COWELL,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

The Calcutta Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

FRIDAY, JULY 5, 1872.

PART IV.

Bills of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE BENGAL MUNICIPALITIES' BILL, 1872.

THE following report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities, with the Bill as amended by the Committee, is, by order of the President, published for general information :—

WE, the undersigned, the Members of the Select Committee of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making laws and regulations, to which the Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to municipalities was referred, have the honor to report that we have considered the Bill and the papers noted in the margin.

From Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners for the Suburbs of Calcutta, No. 34G, dated 4th March 1872.
„ Chairman to the Municipal Committee of Backergunge, No. 1T, dated 4th March 1872.
Extract of a Resolution passed by the Town Committee of Pubna on the 28th February 1872.
„ of a letter from the Chairman of the Town Committee of Kandi, Moorshedabad, No. 6, dated 5th March 1872.
„ of letter from Chairman, Town Committee of Ranchee, dated 27th February 1872.
„ of letter from Chairman, Patna Municipality, of same date.
„ of letter from Chairman of Jajpore Town Committee, dated 7th March 1872.
„ of remarks made by the Gobardanga Town Committee.
„ of letter from Chairman of Comillah Municipality, dated 12th March 1872.
„ of letter from Magistrate of Balasore of same date.
„ of letter from Howrah Municipality, dated 15th March 1872.
From Chairman of the Town Committee of City Moorshedabad, No. 55, dated 1st March 1872, with remarks by individual members thereof.
Remarks by the Magistrate of Monghyr, dated 8th March 1872, and of individual members of the Monghyr Municipality.
Memorial of the British Indian Association at Chinsurah, dated 8th March 1872.
From Honorary Secretary to British Indian Association, dated 12th March 1872.
„ Commissioner of Assam and Agent to the Governor-General, North-East Frontier, No. 75, dated 13th March 1872.
From Deputy Magistrate of Sasseram, No. 82, dated 20th March 1872.
Remarks by the Town Committee of Nowabgunge Union.
„ by the Town Committee of Agarparah Union.
From Chairman of the Municipal Committee, Arrah, No. 52, dated 31st March 1872.
„ Officiating Magistrate of Moorshedabad, No. 76, dated 25th March 1872, and enclosures.
Extract of remarks by Vice-President of the Town Committee of Buxar and Doomraon, No. B, dated 21st March 1872.
„ of a letter from the Magistrate of Tirhoot, dated 27th March 1872.
From Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners of Dacca, No. 311, dated 23rd March 1872.
„ Deputy Commissioner of Manbhoom, No. 862, dated 27th March 1872.
Petition of the residents of Kishnaghur.
„ of the residents of the villages in East Burdwan.
Extract of a letter from the Commissioner of Rajshahye Division, No. 3, dated 27th March 1872.
„ of a letter from the Officiating Magistrate of Bograh, No. 137, dated 19th February 1872.

2. We have endeavoured to simplify the language of the Bill as much as possible; and with that view we have altered the words of it without affect-

From the Magistrate of Midnapore, No. 146, dated 4th April 1872.
Petition of the residents of Ranaghat, dated 27th March 1872.
From the Officiating Commissioner of the Presidency Division, No. 10P.M., dated 2nd April 1872.
„ the Officiating Magistrate of 24-Pergunnahs, No. 30M, dated 8th March 1872.
Memorandum by the Magistrate of Nuddea.
Remarks by the Municipal Commissioners of Santipore.
From the Commissioner of Burdwan, No. 175, dated 8th April 1872.
Extract of a letter from the Officiating Collector of Tipperah, No. 1419, dated 28th March 1872.
„ of a letter from the Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Chittagong, No. 1643, dated 30th March 1872.
Remarks by the Municipal Commissioners of Bhaugulpore.
Memorial of the office bearers and members of the Suburban Rate-Payers' Association, and of the inhabitants of the Suburbs of Calcutta.
Petition of the rate-payers of the Suburbs of Calcutta.
„ of the inhabitants of Nuddea.
„ of the inhabitants of the town of Pubna.
Memorial of the "People's Association" at Dacca, dated 11th April 1872.
„ of the Rajshahye Association and the people of Rajshahye.
Petition of the inhabitants of Mohespore.
From the Secretary to the Commissioners of Howrah Municipality, No. 81, dated 29th April 1872.
Petition of the inhabitants of Koomarkhally.
From the Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs of Calcutta, No. 1G., dated 3rd May 1872.
Extract of a letter from the Deputy Magistrate and Chairman of the Town Committee, Barripore, No. 136, dated 3rd May 1872.
„ of a letter from the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling, No. 138, dated 21st February 1872.
From Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners of Dacca, No. 19, dated 27th April 1872.
Remarks by the Chairman of Jungipore Town Committee, dated 27th April 1872.
Petition of the inhabitants of Berhampore and its neighbourhood, dated 25th April 1872.
From the Chairman of the Town Committee of Sudharam, No. 209, dated 10th May 1872.
Petition of the inhabitants of Nij-Moorshedabad, Baloochar, &c., district of Moorshedabad, dated 28th March 1872.
Report of the Municipal Commissioners of Serampore.
Extract of proceedings of the Town Committee of Berhampore, dated 28th February 1872.
From Chairman of the Kadihatty Municipality, dated 11th March 1872.
„ Chairman, Municipal Committee of Purneah, dated 23rd March 1872.
„ Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces, dated 9th March 1872.
„ Chairman of the Town Committee of Bograh, No. 2, dated 21st April 1872.
„ Chairman of the Suburban Municipality, dated 30th May 1872.
Remarks by the Town Committe of Echack.
Extract of a letter from the Commissioner of Burdwan, dated 3rd November 1871.
Extract of proceedings of the Hazareebaugh Town Committee, dated 31st June 1872.
Petition of inhabitants of Jessore.

ing the intention in many places which it is unnecessary to mention in detail.

3. We have maintained throughout the original principle of the Bill, that the Commissioners should manage their resources, creating a fund by the imposition of one or more of those taxes which they consider most suited to the circumstances of the municipality and expending their income on those objects which appear most desirable for the maintenance and improvement of the municipality and for the welfare of the inhabitants, providing at the same time that the incidence of such taxes should be as equable on all classes as is possible, and that the gross amount realized should not press heavily in any place. It is not inconsistent with the principle of self-government to provide against possible errors arising from inexperience or want of prudence, and therefore the Bill makes provision for the control, when necessary, of the proceedings of Municipal Commissioners. The *ratio operandi* provided is that all general orders shall be issued by the Commissioners at a meeting, and that the Chairman, or, if the power be delegated to him, or in the absence of the Chairman, the Vice-Chairman, shall have the executive management of all matters subject to those orders. The government of the municipality will be vested in the Commissioners, and they will have full power of control in the administration of it.

4. In section 3 we have introduced definitions of "offensive matter," "rubbish," "movable property," "holding," "navigable channel," and "boat." The effect of these definitions will be to render the provisions of the Bill more clear and to avoid useless repetitions. We have omitted the proposed definition of "land," because it appears to us to contain nothing which is not understood to be covered by the word in its ordinary acceptation, and because no definition of the word appears to be required in any portion of the Bill. We have also omitted the definition of bazaar, because it is used only in schedule E, and the Commissioners are expressly empowered to define it from time to time. We have omitted the greater portion of the proposed definition of "road," because it is not very clear or intelligible, and because the first four lines contain all that is requisite. And we have substituted the definition of "owner," which is given in Act VII, 1867.

5. The section providing for the limits of the operation of the Act has been divided for the sake of clearness. We have also introduced a proviso limiting first class municipalities to places containing a certain population. And we have provided for the withdrawal of any place from the operation of the Act, if circumstances should make such a course expedient.

6. We have transferred to Part 1 the definition and limitation of third class municipalities, and the other provisions specifically relating to them will be found in Part 12 and in some of the sections of the last part; but no other portion of the Act will be extended to such municipalities without the express order of the Lieutenant-Governor, and the taxation therein will be confined ordinarily to the tax on persons. A section has been prefixed to each Part declaring the limits of its operation.

7. The Municipal Acts now extant will cease to have effect on the extension of this law to any place. We have not provided for the immediate repeal of those enactments, because some time will be required to make the necessary arrangements, but we have fixed a date after which they will cease and be wholly repealed. We have endeavoured to make this Bill complete in itself, and the entire removal of all such laws from the statute book is therefore desirable.

8. *We have provided that in every first class municipality the number of Commissioners, in addition to official Commissioners, shall not be less than eight, and in the second class not less than* four, and we have omitted the proposed maximum number. The official Commissioners must be salaried officers of Government, receiving a salary of not less than Rs. 100 a month. No Commissioner will be subject to removal except for corruption or continued neglect to discharge the duties of the office which he has undertaken.

9. The Magistrate of the district will be ex-officio Chairman if the municipality be at the sudder station, and the Magistrate of the division of the district will be ex-officio Chairman if the municipality be in the division; but we have provided that the Magistrate of the district may delegate such duties to an officer subordinate to him at the sudder station, and may authorize a subordinate officer to take charge of the municipality in a division of the district in case of a vacancy.

10. We have provided that the Commissioners may, with the sanction of Government, grant a salary to their Vice-Chairman, and that the Chairman may delegate to the Vice-Chairman any of his duties.

11. We have provided that dispensaries and other public institutions shall be made over to the Commissioners only on such conditions as they accept.

12. We have given to the Commissioners power to take land on lease, as well as to purchase it. The 20th section of the original Bill has been struck out, because Act X of 1870 provides for the acquisition of land by municipal bodies

13. It has been deemed sufficient to require the Commissioners to meet once every month; and we have made it imperative on the Chairman to call a meeting on the requisition of three of the Commissioners. A meeting of the Commissioners will not be able to transact the business which must be done "at a meeting," unless such meeting has been called by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and unless four are present in a first class and three in a second class municipality. Minutes are to be recorded of the proceedings of all meetings, and the book will be open to the tax-payers.

14. We have provided that the Chairman, or in his absence the Vice-Chairman, shall exercise any of the powers of the Commissioners, as distinguished from the powers of the Commissioners at a meeting, at all times, and not merely in cases of emergency, as the original Bill provided, but we have given to the Commissioners at a meeting the power of staying for the future any of the proceedings of the Chairman of which they disapprove, which will afford, as it appears to us, a sufficient control over the administration of their business.

15. The appointment and dismissal of the subordinate officers and servants of the municipality must necessarily rest with the Chairman, but the power of regulating the number and the salaries of such employés is vested in the Commissioners, and their sanction is requisite to the appointment or dismissal of any officer whose salary exceeds Rs. 50 a month. We have also provided a check upon possible extravagance, by requiring the sanction of the Magistrate of the district to the creation of offices with large emoluments, and we have declared that every servant of the municipality is a public servant within the meaning of the Penal Code.

16. It appears to us expedient that the Commissioners at a meeting, instead of the Chairman, should divide the municipality into wards; and that members of the Ward Committees should be elected, as Commissioners may be elected, wherever such course is feasible. We consider it advisable to omit the attempted definition of the powers of the Ward Committee, and to leave it open to the Commissioners to delegate to the Committee, subject to their own control, any of their own powers.

17. A section has been added for the purpose of disallowing the vote of a Commissioner on a question directly affecting his own interest.

18. *Part III, Municipal Taxation.*—We have provided a maximum of the taxation to be imposed on the inhabitants of any municipality, which it is hoped will allay the fears of those who have foreboded in the application of this law oppression and misery; and we have excluded from the limited amount all profits derivable from the ferries and toll-bars now in existence, and from channels and mooring dues, which only partially affect the residents. The incidence of the aggregate taxation will therefore be light, and we have deemed it unnecessary to retain the proposed maximum average in respect of the tax on persons. We have provided that the tax on persons and the tax on holdings shall not be imposed in the same municipality, and that the tax on trades and callings shall not be imposed by any municipal body which has adopted the tax on persons. It will be left to the Commissioners to select, with reference to the circumstances of the municipality, either the tax on persons or the tax on holdings, or the tax on holdings combined with the tax on trades and callings. We deem it expedient to omit the proposed tax "on public ceremonies, not exclusively religious, and requiring the attention of the police," because it involves much difficulty in distinguishing religious from other ceremonies, and might become a vexatious impost on innocent amusements. Profits derivable from tolls imposed on navigable channels have been classed with those derivable from ferries and roads, which are now absorbed in the public revenue; and we have added mooring dues, which are now commonly but illegally realized by the riparian land-owners; they may afford legitimate and in some cases large profits to the municipality, and would enable the Commissioners to provide wharves and facilities for landing goods which are now greatly wanted.

19. *Tax on persons.*—By the original Bill it was proposed that the assessment list prepared by the Commissioners should be forwarded for revision to the Magistrate, that the assessment should remain in force for three years, and that at the end of that period a fresh assessment should not be necessary if the Magistrate should think it sufficient to revise the old assessment; and several sections were added providing for appeals from the assessment. The whole chapter was taken

from Act VI of 1868. Under the rules which we have adopted, the submission of the list to the Magistrate will not be required. Notice of his assessment will be served on each person assessed by the Commissioners, and he will be at liberty to appeal to the Commissioners at a meeting; and when his assessment has been once sanctioned, he will be safe from further inquisition for three years, unless he asks for a revision on the ground of diminished means. No mere error in the assessment will be corrected; but during the three years the Commissioners may assess any person who was omitted from the list without authority, or whose liability to assessment has accrued since the formation of the list. Considering the many changes which will probably occur within three years, it is however necessary that there should be a thorough revision of the assessment at the end of that period. We have omitted the last section of the chapter, empowering the Commissioner of the division to direct the revision of the assessment, because by a section at the close of the Bill it is provided that all the proceedings of the Commissioners should be under the general control of the Magistrate of the district, the Commissioner of the division, and the Lieutenant-Governor.

20. *Tax on holdings.*—We have substituted the term "holdings" in lieu of "houses, buildings, and lands," for the sake of convenience. The original Bill, adopting the provisions of Act III of 1864, required the Commissioners to make an annual valuation of all holdings, to fix a rate for the ensuing year, and to sit for the purpose of hearing objections to such valuation and assessment. It appears to us sufficient to provide that the Commissioners shall make a valuation list, which shall be in force for three years, and that any person whose property is included in such list may apply for a revision of it. As soon as the rate has been fixed for the year, the assessment list will be prepared; a notice of his assessment will be served on the owner of each holding; and he will be at liberty to appeal to the Commissioners at a meeting. When the tax on a house is consolidated with the tax on the land on which it stands, and a dispute arises between the owner of the house and the owner of the land regarding the proportional amount for which either is liable, the Commissioners are empowered to settle the dispute. We have added two provisos to the section regarding the remission of tax during the vacancy of a house in order to prevent evasions; and we have allowed the remission of only one half of the tax otherwise due. Buildings used for public worship or charitable purposes have been exempted.

21. *Tax on carriages and animals.*—It was proposed in the original Bill to adopt the course provided in Act III of 1864, and to require the Commissioners to send to all persons supposed to be liable to the payment of the tax schedules to be filled up by them, from which schedules a list was to be prepared. It seems to us to be more convenient to require every person who owns a carriage, or a horse, or other animal liable to the tax, to apply half-yearly for a license on a statement furnished by himself, and to provide a penalty for neglect to take out a license for any carriage or animal. The Commissioners will fix and publish rates at the end of each year for the ensuing year, and the list kept will comprise only the licenses granted at those rates. We have therefore omitted the sections providing for appeals from these assessments. Power has been given to the Commissioners to inspect any stable or coach-house, and to summon and examine persons who have omitted to take out a license. The license is to be taken out during the first month of the half-year for all carriages and animals then in the possession of the licensee, and we have therefore omitted the sections, which declared that the ownership for any number of days in a quarter involved liability to the tax for the whole quarter, and exempted carriages under repair; but we have required every person to take out a license for the unexpired portion of the half-year in respect of any carriage or animal acquired by him during the half-year. We have provided that this part shall not apply to hackney carriages in the suburbs of Calcutta, for which a license is paid under Act V of 1866.

22. *Registration of vehicles without springs.*—The original Bill left it optional with the owner of a vehicle without springs to take out a license or to register, but we think it expedient to compel the registration of all vehicles without springs, and to require the owner to take a license for every carriage on springs. We have empowered the Commissioners to seize and detain at any time any vehicle which has not been registered.

23. *Tax on trades and callings.*—We have exempted persons in the suburbs of Calcutta who have taken out a license under Act II of 1866, and we have provided for the payment of a proportional fee by a person commencing a trade in the course of the year.

24. *Tax on processions.*—We propose to alter materially the provisions for levying this tax. We omit all consideration of the number of persons joining in the procession or attracted by the spectacle; we require a license only when guns or fireworks are discharged, or an elephant is used, or more than four musicians are employed; and we have materially reduced the amount of the fees. We have interposed a few words to signify that marriage is not a religious ceremony within the meaning of this chapter; and we have added a section to avoid the application of this tax to travellers or other companies engaged in their business.

25. *Duties on articles.*—We have provided that the duty shall be levied, not on articles sold as was proposed, but on articles brought into a hath or market; that the duty on any article of food entering the limits of the municipality shall not exceed one per cent. of the value, and that the duty on any article brought into a market shall not exceed one pice in the rupee, or half a seer in a maund. And we have added a penalty for illegal or extortionate levy of such duties.

26. *Tolls on ferries and roads.*—We have re-cast this chapter, as the provisions contained in it were much confused; and we have provided one set of rules for ferries and one for roads. Many of the sections are necessarily similar, but it has been found impossible to amalgamate them without sacrificing clearness to space. It is left to the Government to assign to a municipality

this section shall subject to such penalty any person who shall specially let for hire his boat for the conveyance of any other person or his family or goods across any creek or arm of the sea within the said settlement.

Toll-keepers.

89. The Commissioners may appoint at any ferry managed under this Act toll-keepers, and may collect the tolls through such toll-keepers, or they may grant a lease of any such ferry for any period not exceeding three years.

Lieutenant-Governor may make over existing ferries.

90. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to make over to the Commissioners any existing ferry within the limits of the Municipality, and such ferry shall thenceforward be subject to the provisions of this Act.

Tolls on vehicles, &c., entering town.

91. When it shall have been determined that tolls shall be levied on vehicles and beasts of burden entering any town, the Commissioners shall submit to the Lieutenant-Governor a table of rates and rules for the levy of such tolls; and the Lieutenant-Governor may modify or approve such tables and rules. The rules and rates, so modified or approved, shall not take effect until one month after they shall have been duly notified. Provided that the rates shall in no case exceed the rates laid down in Schedule (E) appended to this Act.

Tolls to be levied on carriages, carts, and animals entering the Municipal limits.

92. The tolls or rates determined as in the next preceding section shall be levied upon all carriages, carts, and animals entering the municipal limits; and the Commissioners may construct toll-bars, gates, and gate-keepers' stations, and may place the collection of such tolls under the management of such persons as may appear to them proper, or may lease out the same for any period not exceeding three years, and shall frame bye-laws in manner hereinafter provided for the guidance of such toll collectors; and all persons employed in the management and collection of such tolls shall be liable to the same responsibilities as would attach to them if employed in the collection of any assessment or tax under this Act. Provided that this section shall not apply to carriages, carts, and animals licensed or registered by the Commissioners: provided also that no more than one payment of toll shall be demanded for, and in respect of, any carriage, cart, or animal in any one period of twenty-four hours, from midnight to midnight.

In case of non-payment of toll, vehicle, &c., may be seized.

93. In case of non-payment of any such toll on demand, the officer appointed or duly authorized to collect the same may seize any carriage or animal on which it is chargeable, or any part of its burden of sufficient value to defray the toll. If any toll, together with the cost arising from such seizure and custody, remains undischarged for forty-eight hours, the Commissioners may sell the property seized for discharge of the toll, and of all expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure, custody, and sale. Any balance that may remain shall be returned, on demand, if made within twelve months, to the owner of the property, and if unclaimed after such period, shall be credited to the Municipal Fund. After seizure of the property as aforesaid, the Commissioners shall forthwith issue a notice in writing that after the expiration of two days, exclusive of Sunday, they will sell at such place as they may think fit the property by auction. Provided that at any time before the sale has actually begun the person whose property has been seized shall tender to the Commissioners, or other officer appointed by them, the amount of all the expenses incurred and of the toll payable by him, the Commissioners shall forthwith release the property seized.

Troops, military stores, police, &c., exempt.

94. No tolls shall be paid for the passage of troops on their march, or of military or Government stores, or of military or police officers on duty, or of any person or property in their custody, or of conservancy carts or other such vehicles belonging to the Commissioners; but no other exemption from payment of the tolls levied under this Act shall be allowed.

The Commissioners may compound with persons living outside the municipal limits for a payment in lieu of tolls.

95. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to compound with persons living outside the Municipal limits for a sum to be paid annually or half-yearly, in lieu of all tolls payable under the provisions of this Act in respect of carriages, carts, or animals entering the municipal limits; and the Commissioners shall issue licenses for such carriages, carts, or animals; and while such licenses shall remain in force, such carriages, carts, and animals shall be exempt from all tolls as aforesaid upon entering the municipal limits. Provided always that such composition shall include all the carriages, carts, and animals possessed by the person compounding.

Police to assist toll collectors.

96. In all cases of resistance to the lawful authority of the toll-collectors, all police officers shall be bound to assist the toll collectors when required; and for that purpose shall have the same power which they have in the exercise of their ordinary police duties.

Illegal collection of tolls.

97. Every person other than persons appointed or duly authorized to collect the tolls under this Act, who shall levy or demand any toll, and also every person who shall unlawfully and extortionately demand or take any other or higher toll than the lawful toll, or under colour of this Act, seize or sell any property, knowing such seizure and sale to be unlawful, or in any manner unlawfully extort money or any valuable thing from any person under colour of this Act, shall be deemed to have committed the offence of cheating or extortion, as the case may be, and shall be liable to such punishment as is prescribed for those offences respectively by the Indian Penal Code.

Table of tolls to be exhibited.

98. A table of the tolls authorized to be taken at any toll-gate or station, legibly written or painted in English words and figures, and in the vernacular language or languages of the district, shall be put up in a conspicuous place near such gate or station.

Part IV.—Mode of recovery of Municipal Taxes.

Tax Collector to prepare assessment register.

99. Every tax collector shall prepare from the lists hereinbefore mentioned a register which shall contain the names of all persons assessed, the property in respect of the occupation of which the assessment in each case is made, and the amount payable quarterly by each person in the Municipality or division, or portion of a Municipality in which the duties of such tax collector are to be performed; and every such list shall be attested by the Chairman.

Payment of tax by instalments.

100. Every tax to be payable under this Act shall be payable by four equal quarterly instalments. The instalment of tax on account of any quarter shall be due on the first day of the month in the said quarter.

Bill to be presented.

101. When any sum is due on account of any tax leviable under this Act, the Chairman shall, unless otherwise specially provided in this Act, cause to be presented to the person liable to the payment thereof a bill for the amount, which shall also contain a statement of the period and a description of the property or thing for which the charge is made. If the bill be in respect of the tax upon carriages, horses, and elephants, it shall contain a notice of the time within which an appeal against such tax may be preferred.

Receipts to be given.

102. For all sums collected on account of any tax under this Act, a receipt shall be given signed by the tax collector or by some other officer who may have been specially authorized by the Magistrate to grant such receipts.

Tax Collector to remit collections.

103. The Tax Collector or other officer appointed on that behalf shall remit, in such manner and at such times as the Magistrate shall direct, all sums of money collected either by himself or by any one of his establishment, and the Magistrate, or some other officer authorized on that behalf, shall give the tax collector a receipt for every sum of money so remitted. The Magistrate shall also cause all such sums of money to be credited to the Municipal Fund.

Recovery of taxes.

104. If any bill which may have been presented in pursuance of this Act be not paid by the person liable to pay the same within ten days from the presentation thereof, the Magistrate may cause to be served upon such person a notice of demand in the Form (A) in Schedule F annexed to this Act, or to the like effect; and if such person shall not, within ten days from the service of notice of such demand, pay the sum due, together with a fee of two annas as costs for the service of the notice of demand, or show to the Magistrate sufficient cause for non-payment of the same, the amount of the arrear due, with costs on the scale in the Form (B) in Schedule F. set forth, which shall include those of serving the notice of demand, may be levied by distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to the defaulter which may be found within the Municipality, or of any goods and chattels whatever which may be found on the premises in respect of the occupation of which such defaulter is liable to such tax.

Sale how to be conducted.

105. Every warrant of distraint and sale under the last preceding section shall be issued by the Magistrate, and shall be in the Form (C) in Schedule F set forth. The officer charged with the execution of the warrant of distress shall make an inventory of all goods and chattels seized under the Magistrate's warrant, and shall give not less than ten days' previous notice of the sale, and of the time and place thereof, by beat of drum, in the town or division thereof in which the property is situated and by serving on the defaulter a notice in the Form (D) in Schedule F. If the arrear be not paid with costs before the time fixed for the sale, or the warrant be not discharged or suspended by the Magistrate, the goods and chattels seized shall be sold by public outcry at the time and place specified, in the most public manner possible; and the proceeds shall be applied in discharge of the arrears and the costs, and the surplus, if any, shall be returned on demand to the person in possession of the goods and chattels at the time of the seizure. The tax collector or other officer appointed on that behalf under this Act shall make a return of all such sales to the Magistrate in the Form (E) specified in Schedule F; and the costs upon every such proceeding shall be such as are mentioned and set forth in Form (B) in Schedule F annexed to this Act.

Proceeds how to be applied.

Costs.

Sale of property beyond limits of town, &c.

106. If no sufficient goods or chattels belonging to a defaulter or being upon the premises in respect of the occupation of which the tax is due can be found within the Municipality in which the premises are situate, the Magistrate on being satisfied thereof, and of the existence of an arrear, may issue his warrant for the distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to the defaulter within any other part of the jurisdiction of the Magistrate, or for the distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to the defaulter within the jurisdiction of any other Magistrate whatsoever, and such other Magistrate shall back the warrant so issued, and cause it to be executed and the amount (if levied) to be remitted to the Magistrate issuing the warrant.

All goods found on premises liable to sale.

107. All goods and chattels, except tools or instruments of trade, which may be found upon any premises in respect of the occupation of which an arrear is due, shall be liable to be distrained for the recovery of such arrear. If the goods and chattels belong to any person other than the defaulter, the defaulter shall be liable to indemnify the owner of such goods and chattels from any damage he may sustain by reason of such distress or by reason of any payment he may make to avoid such distress or any sale under the same. Provided that no arrear of tax which has remained due for more than three calendar months shall be recovered by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of any person, other than the defaulter himself, who did not reside on the premises in respect of which such tax was imposed at the time when such arrear became due.

But owner of goods to be indemnified by the defaulter.

108. Every tax collector and other servants appointed for, or employed in, the performance of any duties connected with the assessment or collection of the tax under this Act, is prohibited from bidding for or purchasing any property at such sales as aforesaid. Any person purchasing property in contravention of this section shall be liable, upon conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and the sale shall be quashed and the property declared liable to resale.

No person employed in collection of tax to buy distrained goods.

109. The Magistrate shall cause a regular account to be kept of all distresses levied and sales made for the realization of arrears under this Act.

Magistrate to keep account of distress and sales.

110. Whoever conceals, removes, or disposes of any property belonging to the person who is liable for any amount of tax, for the purpose of avoiding a distress under the provisions of this Act, shall be considered to have concealed, removed, or disposed of such property fraudulently.

Removal of property to be fraudulent.

PART V.—MUNICIPAL FUND AND ITS APPLICATION.

111. All monies, rents, and profits received by the Commissioners by virtue of this or any other Act, and all fines, fees, and penalties paid or levied under this Act, and all other monies which, under sanction of Government, may be transferred to such Commissioners, shall constitute a fund, which shall be called the Municipal Fund, and shall, together with all property of every nature or kind which may become vested in the said Commissioners, be under their control, and shall be held by them and their successors in trust for the purposes of this Act.

What shall constitute the Municipal Fund.

112. The Commissioners shall set apart annually out of the Municipal Fund a sum sufficient for the maintenance of police officers appointed or employed under Act V of 1861, or any other Act which may for the time being be in force for the regulation of the police within the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal or any part thereof; provided that the number of police officers shall be determined in manner as hereinafter provided.

Payment on account of Police.

113. The Municipal Fund, after a sum has been set apart as in the manner provided by the next preceding section, may, subject to such rules and restrictions as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe, be applicable within the towns in which it is raised, to the following purposes, that is to say—

Purposes to which Fund may be applied.

(1)—The construction, repair, and maintenance, of streets and bridges.

(2)—Works of public utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the townspeople; including the supply of water, expenses of lighting of streets, the construction, repair, and maintenance of hospitals, dispensaries, lunatic asylums, rest-houses, tanks, wells, and markets; also the payment of all charges connected with the objects for which such buildings were constructed, the training and employment of medical practitioners and vaccinators, the sanitary inspections, the registration of births and deaths, the cleansing of tanks or wells, and the application of the Indian Contagious Diseases Act.

(3)—The diffusion of education, and with this view, the construction and repair of school-houses, the establishment and maintenance of schools either wholly or by means of grants-in-aid, the inspection of schools and training of teachers.

(4)—The support or relief of the poor in times of exceptional distress and scarcity.

114. It shall be competent to the Commissioners, with the sanction or upon the direction of the Lieutenant-Governor, to contribute a portion of the Municipal Funds towards the expenses incurred in any other Municipality under this Act, or in any district or sub-division under the District Road Cess Act 1871 passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, where such expenditure is incurred for any of the purposes described in the last preceding section, and is calculated to benefit the inhabitants of the contributing town, or to relieve exceptional distress in the neighbourhood; provided always that, where such contribution has not been originally recommended by the Commissioners, it shall not be obligatory upon them until the proposal to make such contribution shall have been submitted to them by the Lieutenant-Governor, and they shall have had the opportunity of offering their opinions thereon.

Contribution to extra Municipal expenditure.

115. It shall be competent to the Lieutenant-Governor to appoint, from time to time, such officers as may be required for the purpose of inspecting or superintending the operations of the Municipalities created by this Act, and to assign to them such salaries as the Lieutenant-Governor shall think reasonable; and the expense incurred by reason of such appointments shall be defrayed in rateable proportions out of the funds of the several Municipalities established under this Act. And the said Lieutenant-Governor may direct that the municipalities in any district or division shall pay such sum as he may consider reasonable towards the cost of clerks or other establishment maintained in the office of the Collector or Commissioner for purposes of supervision under this Act.

Appointment of officers to superintend operations of Municipalities.

116. The Commissioners shall consider and pass at a meeting, a statement or estimate showing the probable receipts, and the expenditure which it is proposed by the Commissioners to incur during the year commencing on the first day of April then next, and the items in respect of which it is proposed to incur such expenditure, and may also consider and pass a supplemental estimate providing for any modifications which they may deem it advisable to make in the distribution of the amount to be raised in the official year then current for the purposes of this Act.

Annual estimates of expenditure to be prepared.

117. Copies of the aggregate estimates for any Municipality which shall have been passed under the provisions of the next preceding Section, and if necessary, translations thereof into the vernacular of the district, shall be lodged in the offices of the Magistrate of the district and of the Magistrate, and at some convenient place within such Municipality. During fourteen days after such estimates shall have been so lodged in the said offices, of which due notice shall be

Estimates to be published.

publicly given, such estimates and translations in the vernacular of the district shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times and seasons by any rate-payer of such town who may desire to inspect the same.

Estimate to be transmitted to Magistrate of district and Commissioner of Division.

118. As soon as is practicable, after the expiration of the said fourteen days, the Magistrate shall transmit to the Magistrate of the district the said estimates, with any remarks or objections thereupon which may have been recorded by himself or by the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting. The Magistrate of the district shall transmit to the Commissioner of the Division the said estimates, together with any remarks or objections made by the Magistrate or the Municipal Commissioners, and his own opinion thereon.

Power of Commissioner of division as to estimates.

119. The Commissioner of the division shall sanction, if unobjectionable, any estimate forwarded under the next preceding section. If he see any objection to such estimate he may record his objection: and he shall have power to remit for reconsideration the estimate of any Municipality made under this Part which may have been voted by less than two-thirds of the Commissioners of such Municipality.

An annual report of proceedings, &c., to be submitted.

120. The Commissioners shall, at such time or times, and in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, furnish an annual report of their proceedings and statements in detail of all the works executed by them, and of all sums received and expended by them. All the municipal accounts shall be audited by such person and in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct. The annual report shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Disposal of sums collected.

121. All sums collected under this Act, and all funds appropriated by Government for the purposes of this Act, shall be paid into the nearest Government treasury of the district, or, with the sanction of Government, into any Bank or branch Bank, or Native Banker established in or near to the Municipality, and shall be credited to an account to be called the Municipal Fund of the Municipality where they have been raised, provided always that it shall be competent to the Commissioners, with the sanction of Government, to invest any sums not required for immediate use either in the Government Savings Bank or in Government securities, or in any other form of security which may be approved of by Government.

Mode of drawing money.

122. All orders for payment of money from the Municipal Fund shall be signed by the Chairman or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman, or, in the absence of the Vice-Chairman, by any two of the Commissioners.

Accounts to be prepared.

123. Within one month after the commencement of each year, the Magistrate shall cause to be prepared accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the Municipal Fund during the previous year; and shall cause such accounts to be laid before the Municipal Commissioners for the space of one month, and shall cause copies of such accounts and of any remarks made thereon by the Municipal Commissioners to be forwarded to the Magistrate of the district, who shall forward the same to the Commissioner of the Division.

Part VI.—Registration of Births and Death.

Commissioners may keep a register of births and deaths, and appoint Registrars.

124. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to keep in their office a register of all births and deaths within the Municipality, and for this purpose they shall divide the Municipality into such and so many districts as they shall think fit, and for every such district they shall appoint a person to be Registrar of births and deaths within such district.

Every Registrar to live in his district; list of Registrars to be published, &c.

125. Every Registrar shall dwell within the district of which he is Registrar, and shall cause his name, with the addition of Registrar for the district for which he shall be so appointed, to be placed in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of his own dwelling-house; and the Commissioners shall cause to be printed and published a list, containing the name and place of abode of every Registrar in the town.

Commissioners to have register books prepared and numbered.

126. The Commissioners shall cause to be prepared and printed a sufficient number of register books for making entries of all births and deaths which may take place within the Municipality according to the forms prescribed in Schedules (G) and (H) to this Act annexed, and the pages of such book shall be numbered progressively from the beginning to the end.

Registrar to inform himself of, and register births and deaths.

127. Every Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and of every death which shall happen in his district after the first day of September, and shall learn and register, as soon as conveniently may be after the event, without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered, according to the forms in the said Schedules (G) and (H), respectively, touching every such birth and every such death, as the case may be, which shall not have been already registered, every such entry being made in order from the beginning to the end of the book.

Information of births to be given within one month.

128. The father or mother of every child born within the Municipality, or in case of the death, illness, absence, or inability of the father and mother, the occupier of the house or tenement in which such child shall have been born, shall, within one month next after the day of every such birth, give information to the Registrar of the district, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child. Any person whose duty it shall be to give information to a Registrar under this section, who shall refuse or neglect to give such information, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

129. Some one of the persons present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness, of every person dying within the Municipality, or, in case of the death, illness, inability, or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house or tenement, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, some inmate of the house or tenement in which such death shall have happened, shall, within eight days next after the day of such death, give information to the Registrar of the district, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars thereby required to be known and registered touching the death of such person. Any person who shall refuse or neglect to give any information which it is his duty to give under this section, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Information of death to be given.

130. Every person by whom the information contained in any register of births or deaths under this Act shall have been given, shall sign in the register his name, description, and place of abode; and no such registration shall be deemed to be complete or of any effect until such person shall have so signed it.

Person giving information to sign the register.

PART VII.—MUNICIPAL POLICE.

131. At such time or times, and in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, the Commissioners at a meeting shall prepare a statement of the police force required for their Municipality, and such statement, when passed at a meeting of the Commissioners shall be forwarded to the Lieutenant-Governor through the Magistrate to the Commissioner of the division, who shall either himself sanction or amend the statement, or shall forward it to the Lieutenant-Governor for sanction or amendment, according as the said Lieutenant-Governor may, in each case from time to time, direct who shall sanction or amend such statement. The police force, according to the statement finally approved by the Lieutenant-Governor, shall be the police force of the Municipality for the year next ensuing, and its cost shall be incorporated on the estimates of expenditure to be prepared under this Act.

Strength of the force.

132. When the strength and the cost and distribution of the police of any Municipality shall have been settled under the next foregoing section, no alteration shall be made in such strength or cost or distribution of costs, save on the recommendation of the Commissioners and with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or of the Commissioner of the division in cases where the Lieutenant-Governor may have delegated to the Commissioner powers under this section.

Alteration therein.

133. The Commissioners or a sub-committee of the Commissioners nominated for that purpose shall control, appoint, and dismiss or suspend the members of the town police force; provided that no police officer above the rank of constable shall be dismissed or suspended without the sanction of the magistrate of the district; and provided that all the acts of a sub-committee under this section shall be liable to revision by the Commissioners at a meeting.

Appointment of police.

134. No police officer, who forms part of the strength of the Municipal police, shall be liable to serve beyond the limits of the Municipality, save in execution of duties imposed on him by his employment as a police officer of such Municipality.

Police paid under Act not to be employed beyond town.

135. As soon as possible after the close of each month the District Superintendent of Police shall, as regards each Municipality, present to the Magistrate, in whose jurisdiction such Municipality may be situated, a bill showing the actual expenses incurred during the preceding month in the payment of the said force, and the contingent expenses thereof; and the said Magistrate, on being satisfied that the bill is substantially in accordance with the estimate for such town, shall cause the amount of such bill to be paid to the District Superintendent from the Municipal Fund.

Police to be paid monthly.

136. The total amount which shall be chargeable to the Municipal Fund for the cost of any police force which may be sanctioned by the Government for employment within any town, including the contingent expenses of such force, shall not exceed the average rate of one rupee and eight annas per annum for each house in such town, provided that the number of police officers appointed shall not be greater than one superior officer for every fifteen constables, and one constable for every fifty houses.

Maximum amount chargeable on account of police.

PART VIII.—INTERVENTION BY THE GOVERNMENT.

137. If the Commissioners of any Municipality fail to effect the necessary repairs and maintenance of roads, or to pay for the police of the town, it shall be lawful for the Commissioner of the Division in which such Municipality is situated to convene a Committee, consisting of the district sub-divisional Magistrate, the executive engineer of the division, the civil surgeon, and two members nominated by the said Commissioner; and such Committee shall inquire into and report upon the state of such Municipality. And the Lieutenant-Governor may on the report of such Committee call upon the Commissioners, by requisition in writing signed by him and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, to raise the necessary funds and carry out the purposes of this Act, and thereupon if the Commissioners neglect for the space of three months then next ensuing to comply with the said requisition, the Lieutenant-Governor may direct the Magistrate to raise the necessary funds under the provisions of this Act and carry out in all respects the purposes thereof.

Administration of Municipality may be transferred to Magistrate if Commissioners fail to maintain roads and pay for police.

138. When it shall appear to the Lieutenant-Governor in regard to any first class Municipality, or to such officer as he may delegate authority under this section in regard to any second class Municipality, either that due provision is not made for the construction and maintenance in the municipal limits of any district road passing through such limits, and that hinderance to the traffic of the country is caused thereby, or that reasonable elementary education is not available at a fair cost for children of the residents, it shall be lawful for

Or if Commissioners fail to maintain district roads or provide means of elementary education.

the Lieutenant-Governor, or such delegated officer as aforesaid, to call upon the Commissioners to repair or maintain such roads, or to provide such means of elementary education as may seem to the Lieutenant-Governor fit; and in case they shall not within three months make due provision for the same, to authorize the Magistrate to collect and apply to these purposes any of the municipal taxes hereinbefore authorized to be imposed.

Commissioners may be required to contribute towards the cost of Government schools.

139. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to direct the Commissioners of any Municipality to contribute the whole or a part of the cost of any elementary school established within such municipality, provided that in no case shall the contribution made under this section for any one year exceed one-sixth part of the balance of the Municipal Fund available, after the cost of police has been met, for carrying out the purposes of this Act. An elementary school shall be deemed to be a vernacular school or a school with a vernacular department, provided that the fee for each vernacular scholar at such school be not more than one anna per month.

PART IX.—MUNICIPAL REGULATIONS.

CHAPTER 1.

Duties of Commissioners, &c.

Limits of the operation of this Part.

140. The provisions of this and the next succeeding Part shall not have force in any Municipality until they shall have been specially extended thereto, and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to extend any or all of the sections in this Part to any Municipality created under this Act, and the said Lieutenant-Governor shall have power to withdraw any Municipality from the operation of all or any of the sections of this Part.

Names of streets and numbers of houses.

141. The Commissioners may cause a name to be given to any road and affixed in such place or places as they may think fit, and may also cause a number to be affixed to every house in every road for the purpose of identifying such house; and the Commissioners at a meeting may cause such names and numbers to be altered.

Places of deposit for filth.

142. The Commissioners shall provide all cattle, carts, and implements required for the removal of night-soil, dung, and other filth, and shall, from time to time, appoint or provide places convenient for the deposit of such night-soil, dung, and other filth, and for keeping all cattle, carts, and implements, required for the removal thereof, and for other purposes of conservancy.

Occupiers of houses to remove night-soil, &c., to carts of Commissioners.

143. It shall be the duty of the occupier of every house within the limits of any Municipality to remove from his premises all night-soil, dung, and other filth into carts provided by the Commissioners for the purpose of carrying away the same, and at such times and in such manner as the Commissioners may direct. Provided that

Proviso.

of the occupier of any house shall prefer to carry away the said night-soil, dung, or other filth, it shall be open to him to do so in conformity with the provisions of Section 146 of this Act.

All rubbish collected to be the property of Municipal Commissioners.

144. All dirt, ashes, rubbish, sewage, soil, dung, and filth, collected by the Commissioners from the roads, houses, privies, sewers, and cess-pools, shall be held to be the property of the said Commissioners, who shall have power to sell and dispose of the same; and the money arising from the sale thereof shall form part of the Municipal Fund.

Dust boxes in streets.

145. The Commissioners may cause any number of movable or fixed dust boxes, or other convenient receptacles wherein dust and rubbish may be temporarily deposited until removed and carried away, to be provided and placed in convenient situations, and may require the occupiers of houses in roads to cause all such matter as aforesaid to be deposited daily, or otherwise periodically, in the said receptacles.

Removal of night-soil.

146. The Commissioners shall from time to time fix the hours within which it shall be lawful to remove night-soil or other such offensive matter, and the manner in which such night-soil or other offensive matter shall be removed.

Inspection of drains, privies, and cess-pools.

147. The Commissioners, or any officer appointed by them for that purpose, may inspect all privies, drains, and cess-pools within any Municipality at any time between sunrise and sun-set, after six hours' notice in writing to the occupier of any premises in which such privies, drains, or cess-pools are situated, and may, if necessary, cause the ground to be opened where they or he think fit for the purpose of preventing or removing any nuisance arising from such privies drains, or cess-pools.

All public streams, &c., to be under direction and control of the Commissioners.

148. All public streams, channels, watercourses, tanks, reservoirs, springs, and wells in any town shall, for the purposes of this Act, be under the direction and control of the Commissioners.

Bathing places, &c.

149. The Commissioners shall have power to set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks, or parts of rivers, streams, or channels, not being private property, for the inhabitants to bathe in, and also to set apart tanks or other places for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, or comfort of the inhabitants.

Power to require unwholesome tanks on private premises to be cleansed or drained.

150. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to require, by notice in writing, the owner of any premises to cleanse any private tank, and to drain off and remove any waste or stagnant water within any such premises which may appear to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood; and if such owner refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition during eight days from the service thereof, the Commissioners, their officers, and workmen, may enter such premises, and do all such necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid as they shall think fit; and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the

owner of such premises so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Power to clear noxious vegetation and to improve bad drainage.

151. Whenever any lands or premises being private property or within any private enclosure, appear to the Commissioners to be, by reason of thick or noxious vegetation or want of drainage, in a state injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to require, by notice in writing, the owner or occupier of the premises to clear and remove such vegetation or drain such premises, and if he do not within one week after such notice begin to cut, clear, and remove such vegetation, or to drain such land, and do not complete such work with the due diligence, the Commissioners, their officers and workmen, may after forty-eight hours' notice, enter into the said premises, and do all necessary acts for the purpose aforesaid as they shall think fit, and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner or occupier of such premises, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Power to drain off and cleanse stagnant pools in open places.

152. The Commissioners may, from time to time, as they see fit, drain off into any sewers, and cleanse and fill up or otherwise abate, any stagnant pool, ditch, tank, pond, or other receptacle of water (the same not being within any private enclosure) which shall appear to them to be useless or unnecessary, or likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants, whether the same be the private property of any person or not.

Chapter 2.

Penalties.

Altering names of streets, &c.

153. Whoever wilfully removes, obliterates, or destroys any name or number affixed under section 141 of this Act, or under the provisions of any Act hereby repealed, shall be liable on conviction by a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

Depositing dirt in streets, &c.

154. Whoever commits any nuisance, or deposits, or permits his servants to deposit any dust, dirt, dung, ashes, garden, kitchen, or stable refuse or filth of any kind, or any animal matter, or any broken glass or earthenware, broken brick, mortar, or other rubbish, in any road or on the pavement or verandah of any house, or on any ground between the house and the road, or any public quay, jetty, or landing place, or on any part of a river bank, whether above or below high water-mark, except in such places and in such manner and at such hours as shall be fixed by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Allowing sewerage to flow on public highway.

155. Whoever causes or allows the water of any sink or sewer, or any other offensive liquid matter, belonging to him or being on his land, to run, drain, or be thrown or put upon any road or public highway; or causes or allows any offensive matter from any sewer or privy to run, drain, or be thrown into a surface drain in any such road or highway, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees.

Penalty on occupier of a house not removing filth.

156. Whoever, being the occupier of a house within the limits of any Municipality, keeps or allows to be kept for more than twenty-four hours, or otherwise than in some proper receptacle, any dirt, dung, night-soil, filth, or any noxious or offensive matter, in or upon the roof of such house, or in or upon the roof of any out-house, or in any yard or ground attached to, and occupied by the occupier of such house, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Filthy houses.

157. Whoever, being the owner or occupier of any house, building, or land within any Municipality, whether tenantable or otherwise, suffers the same to be in a filthy or unwholesome state, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees, and to a further penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after conviction for such offence during which the offence is continued.

Licensed public necessaries.

158. It shall also be lawful for the Commissioners to grant to such persons and for such period as they think fit, licenses to keep privies for public accommodation, subject to such conditions as may be necessary for the preservation of public health and decency. Any such person holding such license, and failing to observe the conditions prescribed in such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees. Provided that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, at any time, on giving one month's notice in writing, to cancel any license granted under this section.

Throwing rubbish into sewers.

159. Whoever throws or puts, or permits his servants to throw or put any earth, dirt, or other filth, rubbish, or night-soil into any sewer not specially appropriated for such purpose by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Fouling water by bathing, &c.

160. Whoever, except as permitted by the Commissioners, bathes in any public stream, channel, water-course, tank, reservoir, spring, or well, or in any other manner fouls the water thereof, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Penalty for keeping sheep-pen, &c., in a filthy state.

161. Whoever being the owner or keeper of any cattle, sheep, or pigs, suffers the stall, pen, or place in which they are kept, in or near any road or public highway, to be in a filthy or noxious state, or neglects to employ proper means to remove the filth therefrom, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and to a fine not exceeding three Rupees for every day after conviction for such offences during which the offence is continued.

Chapter 3.

Conservancy works.

Common privies.

162. The Commissioners shall provide and maintain, in sufficient numbers and in proper situations, common privies and urinals, and shall cause the same to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

163. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to prescribe the form or construction of privy which the owner or occupier of any house or building within the limits of the Municipality may have on his premises; and such owner or occupier shall have such privy shut out by a wall or fence from the view of persons passing by or residing in the neighbourhood; and any such owner or occupier having a privy constructed in a form different from that prescribed by the Commissioners, or failing to shut it out from public view in the manner hereinbefore directed, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees a day for each day of default or breach of the provisions of this section after written notice duly given by the Commissioners to such owner or occupier.

Construction of privy.

164. All public sewers, drains, and other works for conservancy existing in any Municipality at the time this Act comes into operation, or which may afterwards be made, shall be under the direction and control of the Commissioners.

Sewers and drains, &c., under control of the Commissioners.

165. All public sewers, or other works for the improvement, or the conservancy hereafter required in any Municipality shall be constructed under the direction of the Commissioners, who shall be empowered to purchase any land necessary for such purpose from funds at their disposal; or such land shall, if necessary, be taken under the sanction of Government, under the provisions of any Act heretofore passed, or which shall hereafter be passed, for the acquisition of land for public purposes.

Sewers, &c., to be constructed under the direction of the Commissioners.

166. All branch drains, and all privies and cess-pools within any town, shall be under the survey and control of the Commissioners, and shall be repaired and made efficient at the cost of the owners of the lands and buildings to which the same belong. If any such owner neglect, during eight days after notice in writing, to repair and make the same efficient in such manner as may be required by the Commissioners, the Commissioners shall cause such drain, privy, or cess-pool to be made efficient, or, if necessary, removed, and the expense of such removal or repair shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Branch drains, privies, &c., under control of Commissioners.

167. If any such drain, privy, or cess-pool is constructed, after the passing of this Act, contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioners, or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or if any person, without the consent of the Commissioners, constructs, re-builds, or unstops any drain, privy, or cess-pool, which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, every person so doing shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees. And the Commissioners may cause such drain, privy, or cess-pool to be removed, or may cause such amendment or alteration to be made therein as they think fit; and the expense thereof shall be paid by the person by whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool was improperly constructed, re-built, or unstopped, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for making drains, &c., contrary to Commissioners' orders.

CHAPTER 4.

Obstructions in the road.

168. Whoever builds any wall or erects or sets up any fence, rail, post or other obstruction or encroachment, in any road or public highway, or in or over any open drain, sewer, or aqueduct along the side of any such road or highway, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees: and the Commissioners shall have power to remove any such obstruction or encroachment; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the person erecting the same, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Future obstructions in highway.

169. Whoever displaces, takes up, or makes any alteration in the pavement or other materials, or in the fences or posts of any road or public highway, without the consent in writing of the Commissioners, or without other lawful authority, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Taking up pavements.

170. The Commissioners may give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any house or building as aforesaid, to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, which after this Act shall have taken effect, shall be erected or placed against or in front of such house or building, if the same overhangs, or juts into, or in any way projects or encroaches upon, or is an obstruction to the safe and convenient passage along any road or public highway, or obstructs, or projects or encroaches into or upon, any uncovered aqueduct, drain, or sewer in such road or highway; and such owner or occupier shall, within fourteen days after the service of such notice upon him, remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the Commissioners, and in default thereof shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees; and the Commissioners in such case may remove or alter such projection, encroachment, or obstruction; and the expense of such removal or alteration shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Projections from houses erected in future to be removed.

171. The Commissioners may cause any such projection, encroachment, or obstruction erected or placed against or in front of any house or building in any road or public highway before this Act shall have been extended to the place, to be removed or altered as they shall think fit; provided that notice be given of such intended removal or alteration to the occupier of the house or building against, or in front of which such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall be, thirty days before such alteration or removal is begun; and they shall make reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration.

Removal of existing projection from houses.

Notice of removal.

Compensation when to be made.

172. Whenever any house or building, part of which projects beyond the regular line of a road or public highway or beyond the front of the house or building on either

Houses projecting beyond line of highway, when taken down to be set back.

thereof, shall be taken down in order to be built or altered, the Commissioners may require the same to be set back to, or towards the line of the road or highway, or the line of the adjoining houses or buildings, and shall make reasonable compensation to the owner of such house or building for any damage he may thereby sustain.

Power to trim hedges and trees bordering roads.

173. The Commissioners may give notice to the owner or occupier of any land to cut and trim any hedges or trees which overhang any road or public highway, so as to obstruct the passage; and in the event of such notice not being complied with within eight days from the date of service thereof, the Commissioners may cause the said hedges or trees to be cut and trimmed in the manner required; and the expense incurred by the Commissioners in respect thereof shall be paid by the owner or occupier, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Roofs and external walls not to be made of inflammable materials.

174. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners, by a by-law to be made in manner hereinafter provided, to direct that the external roof and walls of huts or other buildings about to be erected or renewed in or near any road or public highway shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other such inflammable materials.

Penalty for not lighting deposits of building materials or excavations.

175. No person intending to build or take down, alter, or repair any building, shall deposit any building materials or make a hole in or near any public highway, without the permission of the Commissioners, and when such permission is granted to any person, he shall, at his own expense, cause such materials or such hole to be sufficiently fenced and enclosed until the materials are removed, or the hole is filled up or otherwise made secure; and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night: and whoever so deposits materials or so makes a hole without such permission, or fails to fence or enclose and cause to be lighted such materials or hole, or remove such materials or fill up or otherwise make secure such hole when the permission has been withdrawn, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day while the offence is continued after twenty-four hours' notice from the Commissioners.

Dangerous places to be repaired or enclosed.

176. If any house or other building, tank, well, or hole or other place, whether on public or private ground be, for want of sufficient repair or protection, dangerous to human beings, the Commissioners shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and also to the occupier of the premises, if any, and shall also cause notice to be put on some conspicuous part of such premises, requiring the owner, or occupier, if any, forthwith to take down, secure, repair, or protect such building, tank, well, or hole, or other dangerous place; and if such owner or occupier do not, within three days after such notice, begin to comply with the requisition, and do not carry on the work to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, they may cause the same to be taken down, secured, repaired, or protected, so as to prevent danger therefrom; and the expense of such work shall be paid by the owner or occupier of such property so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Houses, &c., in a ruinous or dangerous state.

177. If, in any road any house, building or wall, or anything affixed thereon, be deemed by the Commissioners to be in a ruinous state or likely to fall, or in any way dangerous, they shall forthwith give notice in writing to the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and also to the occupier thereof, if any, requiring such owner or occupier to take down or secure the same within a fixed time; and in default the Commissioners shall cause such repairs to be made or such buildings to be removed; and the expense thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the premises so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Occupier may retain or recover cost of works executed at his expense from owner, and one owner may enforce contribution from other owners.

178. Whenever, under the provisions of this Act, any work is required by the Commissioners to be executed, or any alterations or improvements to be made in any building, premises, or place, and such work, alterations, or improvements are executed by the occupier of such house, place, or premises, or by the Commissioners, at his expense, the cost thereof may be deducted by such occupier from the next and following payments of his rent due or becoming due to such owner, or may be recovered by him in any court of competent jurisdiction. Provided always, that in case the occupier has a beneficial interest in such building, premises, or place, he shall deduct or recover such sum only as will bear the same proportion to the entire cost of such work, alteration, or improvement, as the value of the owner's interest bears to the value of the joint interest of him and the occupier. And provided also, that in case the rents issuing out of any such building, premises, or place belong to more persons than one, who are entitled to the same, either as being joint proprietors of such building, premises, or place, or as having intermediate and other interests therein, the cost of any work, alteration, or improvement as aforesaid payable by the owner, shall be borne by such persons in proportion to their respective interests, and any one or more of such persons, who may have been compelled to pay more than a just proportion in the first instance, shall have like remedies against the others, for enforcing contribution by them, as are hereby given to the occupier as against the owner.

Sale of materials of ruinous houses, &c.

179. The materials of any such house, building, wall, or other structure or any part of the same which may be pulled down as provided in Section 176, may be sold by the Commissioners, and the proceeds of such sale applied to the payment of the expenses incurred. Any overplus of such sale shall on demand be restored to the owner of such house, building, or wall, and if unclaimed shall, after the lapse of twelve months, be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

Chapter 5.

Regulation of certain offensive trades and of Burial and Burning Grounds.

Penalty for establishing certain offensive and dangerous trades within limits to be fixed by the Commissioners.

180. Within such limits as may for the purposes of this section be fixed by the Commissioners, no premises shall be newly used except under license from the Commissioners, for any of the following purposes, namely, for melting tallow, for boiling offal or blood, or as a soap house, oil-boiling house, dyeing house, tannery, brick pottery or lime kiln, or other manufactory or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise, or as a yard or depôt for hay, straw, wood, or coal; and whoever without a license uses any such premises for such purpose, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

No burial or burning place henceforth to be formed without leave of Government, or of Commissioners.

181. No burial or burning ground, whether public or private, shall be made or formed after the passing of this Act, otherwise than by or under the authority of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, without a license from the Commissioners; and whoever shall bury or burn, or cause, permit, or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpse in any burial or burning ground made or formed without such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

Commissioners may order certain burial or burning places to be closed.

182. If, upon the evidence of competent persons, it shall appear to the Commissioners that any burial or burning ground is in such a state as to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof, and also that a suitable place for interment or burning, as the case may be, exists within a convenient distance and is available, the Commissioners, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal previously obtained, may, by notification to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the ground, appoint a time, not being less than two months, for the closing of such burial or burning ground, and whoever, after the time so appointed, buries or burns, or causes or permits to be buried or burned, any corpse therein, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Chapter 6.

Vaccination and Inoculation.

Operation of this chapter.

183. In any Municipality where the Lieutenant-Governor may consider that proper and sufficient arrangements have been made for the vaccination or inoculation with the cow-pox of the inhabitants thereof, the practice of inoculation shall be prohibited with effect from such date as may be notified by the Lieutenant-Governor at the time of the extension of this Chapter to such Municipality.

Penalty for inoculating or otherwise producing small-pox.

184. Any person who shall thereafter produce, or attempt to produce, in any person, by inoculation with variolous matter, or by wilful exposure to variolous matter, or to any matter, article, or thing impregnated with variolous matter, or who shall wilfully, by any other means whatsoever, produce the disease of small-pox in any person, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding three months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, or to both.

Penalty for entering into any place, subject to this Act, without a proper certificate, before forty days from date of inoculation.

185. If any person having been inoculated with the small-pox in a place to which the provisions of this Act shall not at the time be applicable, shall afterwards enter the town of Calcutta, or any other town or place to which such provision shall then be applicable, before the elapse of forty days from the date of such inoculation, or without a certificate from a qualified medical officer, stating that such person is no longer likely to cause contagion, such person shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding three months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, or to both.

Mode of procedure.

186. Whenever a Magistrate shall sentence an offender to fine under this Chapter, it shall be lawful for such Magistrate to award any portion not exceeding one-half of such fine to the person on whose information such offender has been convicted.

Part X.—Municipal Markets.

Power to grant licenses for markets.

187. If shall be lawful for the Municipal Commissioners to grant licenses for the use of any place as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit and vegetables within the Municipality.

Duration of license, and terms on which granted.

188. Every license to be granted under the provisions of this Act shall be in force until the next ensuing the day therein named for the commencement thereof, and the said Municipal Commissioners shall grant such license whenever it shall be certified to them in writing, under the hand of the Vice-Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners, that such place is fit to be used as a market.

Vice-Chairman bound to certify fit places.

189. The Vice-Chairman, upon the application in writing of the owner of any such place, shall certify under the preceeding section, unless such place be defective as a market in drainage, ventilation, water-supply, or proper width of paths and ways therein.

Penalty on permitting unauthorized places to be used as markets.

190. Whoever wilfully or negligently permits any place within the limits aforesaid to be used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables, without a license under this Act, shall, unless such place shall have been used as a market for the sale of similar articles at the time of the passing of this Act, be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees; and shall also be liable to a further penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day during which the said offence shall be continued.

Power to close unlicensed places

191. Whenever three convictions under the provisions of the next preceding section shall have been pronounced in respect of the same place, it shall be lawful for the

Magistrate, on the application of the Municipal Commissioners, to order such place to be closed, and thereupon to appoint persons, or otherwise take order, to prevent such place being so used; and every person who shall sell or expose for sale, meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables in any place which shall have been so closed shall be liable for each offence to a fine which may extend to ten Rupees.

Present markets to be registered.

192. The owner or lessee of every place within the limits aforesaid at the time of the passing of this Act used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables, shall, within six months of the passing of this Act, register, or cause to be registered, the same in a book to be kept for that purpose by the Municipal Commissioners at their office, in which shall be stated the name of the owner thereof, and of the lessee, the extent and boundary of the market, and the description of articles sold therein.

Mode of registration.

193. Such registration shall be made on the application in writing of the owner or lessee, or some one of the owners or lessees thereof, and every such application shall contain the particulars hereinbefore required to be set out in the registration.

Transfers to be registered.

194. Every transfer of interest in any such market as last aforesaid shall be in like manner registered within two months after the date of transfer.

Penalty on omission to register.

195. Any market which, or the transfer of which, shall not be duly registered under the preceding sections shall be deemed to be a place not used as a market at the time of the passing of this Act.

Power to Municipal Commissioners to construct markets.

196. The Municipal Commissioners may from time to time, if they shall think fit, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, provide places within the said town for the purpose of being used as municipal markets, and may charge such rents, tolls and fees as to them may seem fit for the use of or right to expose goods for sale in such markets, and for the use of shops, stalls and standings therein.

Recovery of fees.

197. All such rents, tolls, and fees which shall be imposed shall be recoverable by the Municipal Commissioners from the persons liable to pay the same, as if the amounts payable in respect thereof were rates due to the Commissioners from such persons under the provision of this Act.

Power to make rules for Municipal markets.

198. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to make bye-laws for the establishment and publication of a price-current by measure, weight, or tale of the articles sold in Municipal markets under this Act, and for prescribing the mode of sale of such articles.

Power to expel persons breaking regulations.

199. It shall be lawful for the Municipal Commissioners to expel from any such market any person who or whose servants may be convicted of disobeying any such bye-law, and to prevent such person by himself or his servants further carrying on any trade or business in such market, or occupying stalls or shops therein, and to determine any lease or tenure which such person may have in any such stall or shop.

PART XI.—JURISDICTION OF COMMISSIONERS IN MUNICIPAL AND OTHER CASES.

Jurisdiction of Commissioners.

200. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to direct that any two or more Commissioners of any Municipality may exercise within the limits of such Municipality the powers of a Magistrate in respect of all or any of the offences under the following provisions of this Act, namely, Sections 69, 76, 77, 79, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 97, 117, 118, all the sections of Parts IX and X, and the rules and bye-laws which may be framed under any Section of this Act, and also in respect of all offences named in the Penal Code which may be triable under the Criminal Procedure Code by a subordinate magistrate of the first class. When such direction shall have been notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*, then any person accused of an offence, or liable to a penalty under or in persuance of the above-mentioned provisions of this Act, shall be tried by a bench of not less than two Commissioners sitting together. With respect to any matter which may, under this section, be transferred to the jurisdiction of the Commissioners, the powers, duties, and authority of the Magistrate shall cease. Provided that if the Commissioners, or a bench of the Commissioners, refuse or omit to act under this section, the Magistrate may, with the sanction of the Commissioner of the Division, resume for such time as he may seem fit the functions transferred to the Commissioners under this section. It shall be competent to the Lieutenant-Governor to amend, modify, or recall any direction notified under this section. In case of difference of opinion between the members of a bench of Commissioners, the opinion of the majority shall prevail; when the numbers are equally divided, the opinion of the senior Commissioner shall prevail. The provisions of this section shall not be held to affect the appellate jurisdiction of the Magistrate of the district, under Chapter XXX of the Code of Criminal Procedure, or the powers of supervision vested in the Magistrate of the district by section 434 of the same Code.

Bye-laws for Benches.

201. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners at a meeting to make bye-laws for regulating the rotation in which, and the place at which, the Commissioners shall sit to decide cases under the next foregoing section, and to assign from the Municipal Fund salaries to clerks and other servants who may be appointed by the Commissioners to serve in the courts of benches of Commissioners sitting under the next preceding section.

PART XII.

THIRD CLASS MUNICIPALITIES.

Appointment of punchayets.

202. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of this and the next succeeding Part to any place not being a I or II Class Municipality, and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to delegate the power of extending the said provisions to such officers as he may see

fit. After such extension shall have been notified the Magistrate of the district may by a writing under his hand and seal appoint not less three and not more than five persons to be a punchayet in such place. Provided that no punchayet shall be appointed for any place in which there shall be less than sixty houses, and provided that no punchayet shall be appointed in any place, until a Magistrate shall, in personal communication with some of the residents of such town, have explained to them the general duties of a punchayet.

Power to make unions of places.

203. If two or more places containing together not less than eighty houses are so situate that some house in one of such places is situate within one mile of some house in each of the others, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to form such places into a union, and for the purposes of this part such union shall be deemed to be a village.

Election of punchayet.

204. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate of the district to permit or cause the election of a punchayet, under such rules as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe for any place, instead of appointing such punchayet under section 201 of this Act. The Magistrate of the district shall have power to accept resignations and to fill up vacancies in punchayets either by election or by appointment. Every member of a punchayet shall hold office until a successor be elected or appointed. But no person shall be eligible for membership of the punchayet of any place, unless he a resident in such place, or the proprietor or holder of land therein or his local agent, provided that such proprietor or local agent shall not be eligible for membership unless he be resident within one mile from some part of such place.

Power to appoint punchayet on application of villagers.

205. Whenever the majority in number of the adult male residents in any place or in two or more places so situate as in section 202 is set forth shall by a writing signed by them apply to the Magistrate of the district for the appointment of a punchayet in such place or places, it shall be lawful for him to appoint a punchayet under this Part in such place or places without regard to the number of houses therein contained, and all the provisions of this Part shall apply to such punchayet and to such place or places.

Limits of Municipalities.

206. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate of the district to declare by a writing under his hand and seal what shall be the limits of any Municipality constituted under this Part. But in any case where no such declaration is made, the limits of a Municipality under this Part shall be taken to be the boundaries of the area of the village or villages which constitute such Municipality.

Municipal taxation.

207. It shall be lawful for the punchayet of any Municipality constituted under this Part to impose within the limits of such Municipality the tax described at section 31 clause (*a*) of this Act, provided that the average annual tax on each holding shall not exceed one rupee.

Manner of assessment.

208. The assessment to the tax imposed under the next foregoing section shall be made by the punchayet, subject as far as may be to the provisions of sections 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40 of Part III, Chapter 2 of this Act in respect to Commissioners, provided that it shall not be necessary to send any list or notice of assessment under this part anywhere outside the place for which the assessments may be framed; and provided that any person dissatisfied with his assessment may appeal orally or in writing to the punchayet, who shall consider and decide finally on such appeal; and also that the Magistrate may call for the list of assessment of any village, and that he shall call for such list on the application of ten tax-payers of such villages, and may pass such orders on any such list as he may think fit.

Collection of the tax.

209. Every punchayet shall appoint one of their number to receive and collect the tax, and to grant receipts for the same and to keep the accounts thereof, and it shall be lawful for the punchayet to permit the person so appointed to retain any sum not exceeding six per cent. of the amount collected by him to re-pay the costs of such collection.

Manner of realization.

210. The collecting member of the punchayet shall collect the tax due every quarter, following, as near as may be, the procedure laid down in sections 99, 100, 102, 104, 105, and 107 of Part IV of this Act, provided that the collecting member shall himself do all which must be done by the tax collector or by the Magistrate under the above-mentioned sections; and provided that the collecting member be not bound to make use of the forms prescribed in these sections, so long as any warrant of distress issued for tax due under this Part shall be in writing, and shall be under the hand of the collecting member.

Appeal against distress.

211. Any person against whom distress may issue under the next foregoing section may, if he dispute his liability to the arrear demanded of him, apply to the Magistrate either orally or in writing, and the Magistrate, after hearing the applicant's statement and making such enquiry as he may see fit, shall pass such order as he may deem proper on the application.

Application of tax.

212. The proceeds of the tax levied under this part, together with any fines realized under this Act, and any other sum which may become applicable for the purposes of this Act, shall constitute a fund which shall be called "The Village Fund;" and such fund shall be applicable to the payment of chowkeedars. and the balance after payment of chowkeedars shall be applicable to the supply of drinking water to the residents or to their cattle, to simple conservancy operations, and to the support of *patshalas* or village schools.

Appointment of chowkeedars.

213. The punchayet of any place shall be bound to appoint such persons to be chowkeedars as they may deem fit, and to assign them salaries out of the Village Fund; provided that not more than one chowkeedar be appointed to every sixty houses, and that the salary of a chowkeedar be not less than three rupees a month, subject to reduction on account of the revenue due on any chakran lands enjoyed by such chowkeedar.

214. On the appointment of any chowkeedar the punchayet shall give to him a certificate signed by them of such his appointment, specifying therein the rate of salary at which he has been appointed, and he shall within seven days produce such certificate at the police station within the limits of which his village may be situate, and the officer in charge of such station shall cause the particulars of such certificate to be registered in a book to be kept in such station for the purpose of such registration, and shall report the same to the Magistrate.

Registry of chowkeedars by the police.

215. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate if he see fit to dismiss any chowkeedar for misconduct or neglect of duty, and the punchayet shall thereupon appoint a successor. It shall be lawful for the punchayet to dismiss or fine to the extent of one month's salary any chowkeedar for neglect of duty or misconduct, provided that such chowkeedar may within sixty days appeal to the Magistrate against such dismissal or fine, and the Magistrate shall thereon make such enquiry and pass such order as he may see fit.

Dismissal and fine of chowkeedars.

216. Every chowkeedar appointed under the provisions of this Part shall perform the following duties:

Duties of chowkeedar.

(1) He shall give immediate information to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which the village is situate of every unnatural, suspicious, or sudden death which may occur, and of every offence specified in the final section of this Part which may be committed within the village of which he is chowkeedar, and he shall further keep the police informed of all disputes which are likely to lead to any riot or serious affray.

(2) He shall arrest all proclaimed offenders, and all persons whom he may find in the act of committing any offence specified in the final section of this Part.

(3) He shall observe, and from time to time report to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which the village may be situate, the movements of all bad characters in such village.

(4) He shall report to the officer in charge of such police station the arrival of suspicious characters in the neighbourhood.

(5) He shall present himself at such station twice in each week, if such station be within two miles of the village, and if it be more remote once in each week, or once in each fortnight as the Magistrate may direct.

(6) He shall supply any local information which the Magistrate or any officer of police may require.

(7) He shall obey the orders of the punchayet in regard to keeping watch in the village and other matters connected with his duties as chowkeedar.

217. Whenever the chowkeedar may arrest any person, such chowkeedar shall forthwith take the person so arrested to the police station within the limits of which such village is situate, provided that if the arrest is made at night, such person shall be so taken, as soon as convenient, on the following morning.

Procedure on arrest by chowkeedars.

218. The punchayet shall exercise a general control over the chowkeedars, and every member of such punchayet who may know or be informed of the commission within the village of any offence specified in the final section of this Part shall forthwith cause the same to be reported by the chowkeedar to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which the village may be situate, and on failure of the chowkeedar, such member shall himself report the same to such officer.

Control of chowkeedars by punchayet.

219. Every chowkeedar shall receive, month by month, the full amount of his salary from the member of the punchayet appointed to collect the tax.

Mode of paying chowkeedars.

220. Whenever the salary of any month shall not be paid in full to any chowkeedar on or before the 15th of the month following, such chowkeedar may apply to the Magistrate, who shall call upon the punchayet within ten days to show cause why they should not pay the amount due to such chowkeedar, and the Magistrate after hearing the punchayet shall pass such order as he may deem fit directing the punchayet or any member thereof to pay the chowkeedar's salary, or directing distraint of the property of the punchayet or any member thereof to the amount of the arrear due to the chowkeedar.

Application by chowkeedar for payment of his salary.

221. All powers vested in the punchayet for the appointment and dismissal of chowkeedars and for fixing the number of chowkeedars to be appointed and the rate of their pay, and for making and levying the assessments hereinbefore directed to be made, may be exercised by the Magistrate or any person whom the Magistrate may by any writing under his hand authorise on that behalf, in case the punchayet shall, for fifteen days after a notice from the Magistrate to exercise such powers or any of them, refuse or neglect to exercise the same, and the Magistrate shall be bound to enquire into any matter concerning the due observance of the provisions of this part in any village whenever ten adult tax-payers may make a representation to the effect that the punchayet's proceedings require supervision or amendment.

Powers of punchayet may be exercised by the Magistrate.

222. The punchayet shall be bound to affix once in every quarter on a conspicuous place in the village, or in each village of their circuit, an account of the receipts and expenditure of the quarter next preceding. Any ten adult tax-payers of the village may, if the accounts are not published, or if they are dissatisfied with such accounts, make a representation to the Magistrate who shall be bound to supervise the same.

Accounts.

Jurisdiction of a punchayet.

223. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to invest all or any of the members of a punchayet with powers described in Section 200 of this Act so far as the same are applicable. Two or more of the members so invested may thereafter sit together under such bye-laws as to rotation, days of sitting, and place of sitting, as the Magistrate may from time to time prescribe, and so sitting shall have jurisdiction within the limits of their municipality. All the provisions of the said section with respect to Commissioners shall apply to members of a punchayet invested with powers as aforesaid so far as the said provisions are or may be applicable.

PART XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Service of notice.

224. Every bill, notice, schedule, summons, or notice of demand, regarding any assessment, rate, or tax or any money due in respect of the same, may be served personally upon the person to whom the same is assessed, or be left at his usual place of abode with some adult male member or servant of his family, or if it cannot be so served, may be put up on some conspicuous part of such place of abode, and shall thereby be deemed to be duly served.

Proviso.

Provided that, if the place of abode of the owner of any house, building, or land in respect of which a rate is assessed be unknown, or if the owner of any such house, building, or land be not resident within the limits of the place, every such bill, notice, summons, or notice of demand, shall be deemed to have been duly served, if put up on some conspicuous part of the house, building, or land in respect of which the rate is assessed.

Assessment not to be impeached if the directions of the Act are in substance complied with.

225. No assessment, and no charge or demand of a rate or tax made under the authority of this Act shall be impeached or affected by reason of any mistake in the name of any person liable to pay the rate or tax, or in the description of any property or thing liable to the rate or tax, or any mistake in the amount of assessment, provided the directions of this Act be in substance and effect complied with; and no proceedings under this Act shall, for want of form, be quashed or set aside in any court of justice.

Distress not unlawful for want of form.

226. No distress levied by virtue of this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the notice, schedule, summons, notice of demand, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser *ab initio* on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him; but all persons aggrieved by such irregularity may recover full satisfaction for any special damage sustained by them in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Commissioners may bring suit instead of distraining, or on failure of distress.

227. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of any rates, taxes, expenses, or charges, recoverable under the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Power to make compensation out of the Municipal Fund.

228. The Commissioners may make compensation out of the Municipal Fund to any person sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the Commissioners, their officers or servants, under this Act.

Commissioners empowered to make by-laws.

229. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to make bye-laws, and to repeal, alter, and amend the same, subject to the confirmation hereinafter-mentioned, for regulating the time and mode of collecting the rates and taxes mentioned in this Act, for regulating the conduct of persons employed by them, for the management of all matters connected with conservancy, and for carrying out all the purposes of this Act; and to affix fines as penalties for the infringement of such by-laws. Provided that no by-law shall be repugnant to any law in force, and that no fine for any one infringement of a by-law shall exceed twenty Rupees, and that in case of a continuing infringement no fine shall exceed five Rupees for every day after notice from the Commissioners of such infringement.

Confirmation and publication of by-law.

230. No bye-law or alteration of a bye-law shall have effect until the same shall have been approved and confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and shall have been published for such length of time and in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall order.

Bye-laws until repealed or altered, to be of like effect as if inserted in this Act.

231. All bye-laws, when the same shall have been duly confirmed and published, shall, until the same be repealed or altered, be of the like effect as if they were inserted in this Act.

No action to be brought against the Commissioners or their officers, until after one month's notice of cause of action.

232. No action shall be brought against the Commissioners, or against a punchayet, or any of their officers, or any person acting under their direction, for anything done under this Act until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing shall have been delivered or left at the office of the Commissioners or affixed at some conspicuous place in the village of such punchayet, or at the place of abode of such person, explicitly stating the cause of action and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff; and unless such notice be proved, the court shall find for the defendant, and every such action shall be commenced within three months next after the accrual of the cause of action, and not afterwards; and if any person to whom any such notice of action is given, shall before such action is brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover.

No charge to be instituted under this Act without consent of Commissioners.

233. The Commissioners may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance whatever, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties, and for the punishment of any persons offending against the provisions of this Act, and may order the expenses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund, and no charge of an offence under this Act shall be instituted without the order or consent of the

Commissioners, and no such charge shall be instituted except within three months next after the commission of such offence. Any prosecution under this section shall be instituted before any Magistrate having jurisdiction under the provisions of Chapter XV of the Criminal Procedure Code. The procedure of the above-mentioned code shall apply to all trials of offences under this Act.

Proceedings of Magistrate of district and Commissioner of division respectively, subject to control of Lieutenant-Governor.

234. All the proceedings of the Magistrate of the district, or of a Magistrate under this Act, or of the Municipal Commissioners, except as otherwise specially provided, shall be subject to the control and revision of the Commissioner of the division; and all the proceedings of the Commissioner of the division shall be subject to the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

SCHEDULE A.

(Referred to in Section 5.)

ACTS REPEALED.

Number of Act.	*Title.*
Act XXVI of 1850 ...	To enable improvements to be made in towns.
Act XX of 1856 ...	To make better provision for the appointment and maintenance of police chowkeedars in cities, towns, stations, suburbs, and bazaars in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.
Act XXI of 1857 ...	To make better provision for the order and good government of the suburbs of Calcutta and of the station of Howrah.
Act XII of 1858 ...	For raising funds for making and repairing roads in the suburbs of Calcutta and the station of Howrah.
Act III (B.C.) of 1864, or District Municipal Improvement Act.	For the appointment of Municipal Commissioners in towns and other places in the provinces under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and to make better provision for the conservancy, improvement, and watching thereof, and for the levying of rates and taxes thereon.
Act IV (B.C.) of 1865 ...	For the prohibition of the practice of inoculation in the town and suburbs of Calcutta and in towns to which Act III of 1864 has been or shall hereafter be extended.
Act VI (B.C.) of 1867 ...	For the better regulation of the police in towns and municipalities in the territories under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
Act VII (B.C.) of 1867...	For amending Act III of 1864.
Act II (B.C.) of 1868 ...	For amending the District Municipal Improvement Act.
Act VI (B.C.) of 1868, or District Towns Act, 1868.	For providing for the better regulation of the police in towns under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and for the conservancy and improvement thereof.

SCHEDULE B (referred to in section 86).

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.

An assessment made for [*here describe the Municipality for which the assessment is made*] upon the several occupiers of houses and other property in the said Municipality pursuant to the Bengal Municipalities Act, 1872, for the purpose of maintaining the conservancy for such Municipality and carrying out the other provisions.

Property occupied.	Names of occupants.	Profession or business.	Amount of quarterly assessment.

Whereas the above assessment has been duly made pursuant to the Bengal Municipalities Act, 1872, and has been revised and settled by me, the undersigned Magistrate of , the several persons whose names are included in the said assessment are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity to the Tax Collector or other person appointed by the Magistrate to receive the same, the first payment on the first day of ( ) and every subsequent payment on or before the first day of ( ) the first day of ( ), and the first day ( ), or in default thereof, any arrear that may be due will be realized by distraint and sale of the personal effects of the defaulter, or of any goods and chattels which may be found on the premises in respect of which such defaulter is assessed, and such other proceedings adopted for the recovery of the same as allowed by law.

Dated this day of

Magistrate of

SCHEDULE C.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 58.)

Tax on Carriages, Horses, and Elephants.

	Rs. p. quarter.
For every 4-wheeled carriage on springs drawn by two horses ...	4 8
For every 4-wheeled carriage on springs drawn by one horse or pony, or a pair of ponies under thirteen hands ...	1 8
For every 4-wheeled carriage without springs ...	1 8
For every 2-wheeled carriage on springs	2 4
For every 2-wheeled carriage without springs, drawn by a horse, pony, or mule ...	0 12
For every horse ...	2 4
For every pony under thirteen hands or mule ...	0 12
For every elephant ...	6 0

Ponies under eleven hands, and children's carriages the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, exempt.

SCHEDULE D.

(Referred to in Section 70.)

License on Professions, Trades, and Callings.

CLASS I.

	Yearly. Rs.
Every Joint-Stock Company	100

CLASS II.

	Rs.
Every Merchant, Banker, Shroff, Banian, wholesale Trader, and Commission Agent, and every practising Surgeon, Physician, Dentist, Architect, Civil Engineer, Barrister, Attorney, Proctor, Notary Public, and Pleader of the High Court ... ... Every owner or farmer of a hât or bazaar. Every owner of Cotton, Jute, Hide, or other Screws and every Auctioneer ...	50

CLASS III.

Every Broker or Daloll employed in the wholesale transfer or purchase of Imports or Exports, or in the sale of Government Securities, Shares, and Bills of Exchange, or in procuring Freight. Every Practising Licentiate of Medicine, Apothecary, and Veterinary Surgeon...	25
Every keeper of a Spirit-shop, Punch-house or Billiard room, wholesale Tobacco or Jute Depôt ... ... Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer or Trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Section at more than 250 or less than 100 Rupees a month... ... ... Every Pawn-broker, and every person having a shop or place of business registered under Section ... Every Pleader, Mooktear, or Law Agent, not included in Class II.	25

CLASS IV.

Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding and Lodging House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer or Trader, whose shop or place of business is kept in a brick-house, but not included in Class II. or Class III. Every keeper of a permanent stall at a daily public market or in a chouk ... Every Poddar or Money-changer ... Every Hakeem, Koberaj, and Native Doctor, not included in any other Class	12

CLASS V.

Every keeper of a shop not included in any other Class, and every Daloll not included in Class III.... ... ... Every Pedlar, Hawker, Box-wallah, and keeper of a shop at a periodical market or hât	4

CLASS VI.

All other itinerant dealers and keepers of stalls at periodical markets or hâts ...	1

NOTE.—A person who carries on several kinds of business, and may come under more than one of the designations in this schedule, shall be chargeable only under one of such designations at the discretion of the Chairman or of the sub-committee as the case may be, and in the case of a firm consisting of two or more persons, payment by any one of such persons shall be considered to be payment by the firm.

SCHEDULE E.

(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 91.)

Maximum rates of tolls payable on entering the municipal limits.

	Rs.	As.	P.
On every four-wheeled carriage on springs	0	8	0
Ditto two-wheeled ditto ...	0	4	0
On every cart, hackery on springs, or cart drawn by men, buffaloes, bullocks, horses, ponies, asses, or mules laden	0	4	0
Ditto ditto not laden ...	0	2	0
On every buffalo or bullock laden ...	0	1	0
Ditto horse laden or ridden ...	0	2	0
Ditto ditto not laden or ridden ...	0	1	0
Ditto pony or ass laden or ridden	0	1	0
Ditto elephant ditto ...	1	0	0
Ditto camel	0	4	0

SCHEDULE F.

FORM A.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 104.)

Notice of Demand.

Municipality of ( )

To of

Take notice that the sum of Rs. being the amount of assessment due from you to the Fund of the said Municipality is hereby demanded from you, and that if you do not, within ten days, pay the same with two annas as the cost of this notice into the office of , the same with costs will be levied by distress and sale of your goods and chattels.

(Sd.)

Magistrate of

FORM B.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTIONS 104 and 105.)

Table of Fees payable upon distraints under this Act.

Sums distrained for	Fee. Rs.	As.
Under 1 Rupee	0	4
1 and under 5 Rupees	0	8
5 „ 10 „	1	0
10 „ 15 „	1	8
15 „ 20 „	2	0
20 „ 25 „	2	8
25 „ 30 „	3	0
30 „ 35 „	3	8
35 „ 40 „	4	0
40 „ 45 „	4	8
45 „ 50 „	5	0
50 „ 60 „	6	0
60 „ 80 „	7	8
80 „ 100 „	9	0
Above 100 „	10	0

The above charge includes all expenses including the service of notice of demand, except when peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case three annas must be paid daily for each man.

FORM C.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 105.)

Warrant of Distraint.

To (here insert the name of the officer charged with the execution of the warrant.)

Whereas of has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of Rupees due for rates (*or taxes*) or rates [*and taxes*] mentioned in the margin for the months of 18 , although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said , and ten days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand: This is to command you to distrain the property of the said to the amount of the said sum of Rupees and such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, and if within ten days next after such distress the said sum shall not be paid together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charge of taking and keeping such distress, to sell the said property, and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of Rupees and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, to return the surplus (if any) on demand to the person whom you shall find in possession of the said property. If sufficient distress cannot be found of the property of the said you are to certify the same to us together with this warrant.

(*Signature of the Chairman*

or Vice-Chairman.)

FORM D.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 105.)

Form of Inventory and Notice (state particulars of goods seized).

Take notice that I have this day seized the property specified in the above inventory for the sum of Rupees due for the rates (*or taxes*) mentioned in the margin for the months of 18 , and that unless you pay into the office of the Municipal Commissioners of the amount due, together with the costs of this distress within ten days from the day of the date of this notice, the property will be sold.

(*Signature of the officer executing*

Date *the warrant of distress.*

FORM E.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 105.)

Returns of Sales.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
District.	Names of defaulters.	Amount of defalcation.	Amount cost or penalty.	Inventory of property seized under distress.	Date of distress.	Date of sale.	Property sold.	Amount realized on each article.	Purchaser's name.	Balance.

SCHEDULE G.—(referred to in Sections 115 and 116.)

18 . *Births in the Municipality of*

No.	When born.	Nationality or caste.	Name, if any	Sex.	Name of Father.	Profession of Father.	Signature, description, and residence of informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

SCHEDULE H.—(referred to in Sections 115 and 116.)

18 . *Deaths in the Municipality of*

No.	When died.	Nationality or caste.	Name.	Sex.	Age.	Profession.	Cause of Death.	Signature, description, and residence of informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THERE are at present four different laws, besides several amending Acts, under which municipalities in Bengal are administered. The present Bill has been framed with the view of consolidating these different enactments into a single law. Opportunity has been taken to enlarge the powers of Municipal Commissioners; to lay less municipal work and responsibility on the shoulders of Magistrates; to make Municipal Commissioners elective; and in other ways to afford more scope for municipal self-government. The Bill provides for three classes of municipalities; in two classes the governing body will be Municipal Commissioners, while the rural townships in the third class will be administered by punchayets. Municipal Commissioners will have power to adopt one or more of the ordinary forms of Indian municipal taxation, but for punchayets only one form of local taxation will be available. Municipal funds will be devoted to police and to ordinary municipal purposes; and it is proposed to permit of their expenditure on the maintenance of education and on their relief of exceptional distress. Village funds in third class Municipalities shall, it is proposed, be applicable to the payment of chowkeydars, to the maintenance of *patshalas* or rural schools, and to the supply of drinking water. Power is taken for Government or its officers to intervene in cases where Municipal Commissioners or a punchayet may fail to maintain sufficient police, or where elementary education may not be available at reasonable cost. Provision is made for members of municipal bodies sitting for the trial of petty offences committed within the limits of their townships

In respect of nuisances, of conservancy, of vaccination, of town markets, and such like matters, the Bill adopts the provisions of existing Municipal Acts.

C. BERNARD.

The 9th December 1871.

HERBERT COWELL,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

THE following Bill as settled by the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations on the 9th March 1872, is by order of the President, published for general information :—

A Bill to amend the Calcutta Port Improvement Act, being Act V of 1870 *passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and to amend Act XXII of* 1855.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to give to the Commissioners for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta a like indemnity to that which is given to the East India Company by section 61 of Act XXII of 1855, and otherwise to amend the said Act ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Indemnity to Port Commissioners against default of officers, &c.

1. The said Commissioners shall not be answerable for any act or default of any Conservator or Harbour Master of the said port, or of any Deputy or Assistant of the said officers, or of any person acting under the authority or directions of any such officer or assistant, heretofore or hereafter done within the limits of the said port; nor for any damage or injury heretofore or hereafter sustained by any vessel in consequence of any defect in any of the moorings, hawsers, or other thing belonging to the said Commissioners within the said port which may be used by such vessel. Provided that nothing in this section shall protect the said Commissioners from an action in respect of any act done by or under the express order or sanction of the said Commissioners.

Repeal of Section 23, Act XXII of 1855.

2. Section 23 of the said Act XXII of 1855 is hereby repealed so far as the same affects the Port of Calcutta, but such repeal shall not affect any act done or liability incurred under the said section.

Commissioners may raise wreck, &c., and charge reasonable expenses.

3. If any vessel with or without cargo shall be wrecked, stranded, or sunk within the limits of the said port, the Commissioners may in any case cause the same to be raised, removed, or destroyed; or they may call on the owner, master, or consignee thereof, to cause the same to be raised, removed, or destroyed; and if the said owner, master, or consignee, when called upon, shall refuse or neglect forthwith so to do, the Commissioners, in that case also, may cause the same to be raised, removed, or destroyed. Unless all expenses in or towards executing any works undertaken by the Commissioners under this section shall be repaid within one month after the completion thereof, the Commissioners may recover the same in the manner provided by the next succeeding section. The amount claimable and due under this section shall include all monies expended, reasonable remuneration for labor and for the use of the property and appliances of the Commissioners, and a further sum of twenty per cent on the total amount so due in respect of monies expended and of remuneration. If any dispute shall arise concerning the amount due to the Commissioners under this section, the same shall be determined by a Magistrate, who, upon application made to him for that purpose, shall have power to determine such amount, and to award such costs as he shall think reasonable to be added to or deducted from the amount due under this section as he shall direct, and whose decision should be final.

Sale of property if unclaimed, or if expenses unpaid.

4. If the property recovered under the next preceding section is unclaimed, or if the person claiming the same refuses or neglects to pay the amount due to the Commissioners under the next preceding section in respect thereof, such property, if of a perishable nature, may be sold forthwith ; and if not of a perishable nature may be detained by the Commissioners at the risk and expense of all parties interested therein and may be sold at any period not less than two months after the recovery thereof by public auction ; and after the realization of the proceeds thereof, the amount due to the Commissioners as aforesaid shall be deducted therefrom and paid to the Commissioners, and the balance shall be paid to the person entitled to recover, on his applying for the same; provided that such application be made within one year from the sale of such property, or good reason to the satisfaction of the Commissioners be shown why such application was not made. Otherwise, such balance shall be held by the Commissioners upon trust for the purposes of the said Act V of 1870.

Vessels not to have more than five pounds of powder, &c., on board.

5. In sections 29 and 31 of the said Act XXII of 1855, from such time as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall notify in the Calcutta Gazette, for the words "fifty pounds" wherever such words occur, shall be substituted the words "five pounds," and the said Act shall be thereafter read and construed as if the words hereby directed to be substituted were inserted in place of the words for which they are hereby directed to be substituted.

Duty of police officers.

6. It shall be the duty of all police officers to give immediate information to the Commissioners of any offence committed contrary to the provisions of the said Act V of 1870, or of Act XXII of 1855, or of any bye-laws or rules having the force of law prescribed in accordance therewith. Any police officer may arrest any person committing in his view any offence against any of the said provisions, if the name and address of such person be unknown. Such person may be detained at the station house until his name and address shall be correctly ascertained.

Construction of Act.

7. This Act shall be read with and taken as part of the said Act V of 1870, and of the said Act XXII of 1855.

HERBERT COWELL,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

THE following Bill was read in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 9th March 1872, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report therein in one month :—

A Bill to provide for the due appropriation of certain educational and charitable endowments.

Preamble.

WHEREAS there are at present endowments granted in money or in land for certain educational and charitable purposes, in respect of which either no person has been originally nominated a trustee, or there is now no trustee

living or capable of being appointed under the instrument of endowment; and whereas it is expedient to provide for their due appropriation and management; It is enacted as follows:—

Vesting of endowment.

1. All moneys or lands heretofore granted, or which may be hereafter granted by any person or persons for any charitable or educational purposes, within any district within the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, for which no person or persons have been nominated trustees or trustee, or for which there may not be any living trustee, or any power of appointing a trustee under the instrument of endowment, are hereby vested in such trustees as the said Lieutenant-Governor, shall, as soon as possible after the passing of this Act, nominate, as hereinafter provided.

Appointment of trustees.

2. For every district in respect of which any such endowments have been made whereof at the time of the passing of this Act or thereafter there shall not be any trustee living or capable of being appointed under the instrument of endowment, the said Lieutenant-Governor shall nominate trustees in whom such endowments shall vest; provided that the chief executive officer of such district shall be nominated as one of the trustees in respect of such endowments. Such trustees shall have in all respects the same powers and responsibilities in relation thereto as if they had been appointed by the donor thereof under the instrument of endowment, and where there is no instrument of endowment, they shall be subject in all respects to the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor.

Appropriation of endowments.

3. It shall be the duty of such trustees to take order that all endowments so vested in them as aforesaid shall be duly appropriated to the purposes for which they were destined by the respective donors thereof, so far as the same can be ascertained, and to invest the same in Government securities, and to apply the yearly proceeds or income thereof to the purposes aforesaid, subject in all respects to the general instructions of the Lieutenant-Governor; provided that the trustees may, with the sanction of the said Lieutenant-Governor, devote any portion of the capital sum or value of the said funds to any especial object for the furtherance of the above-mentioned purposes.

Suits in court.

4. Any person interested in the purposes to which any endowment, not being for a purely religious purpose, may have been intended may, without joining as plaintiff any of the other persons interested therein, sue before the civil court the trustee, manager, or superintendent by whom such endowment may be administered, or any trustee appointed under this Act, for any misfeasance, breach of trust, or neglect of duty, committed by such trustee, manager, or superintendent, in respect of the trusts vested in or confided to them respectively, and the civil court may direct the specific performance of any act by such trustee, manager, or superintendent, and may decree damages and costs against such trustee, manager, or superintendent, and may also direct the removal of such trustee, manager, or superintendent. The interest required in order to entitle a person to sue under this section need not be a pecuniary or a direct or immediate interest, or such an interest as would entitle the person suing to take any part in the management or superintendence of the trusts. Provided that any trustee, nominated under this Act, shall not be liable for damages on account of any act done or omitted by him *bonâ fide* for the furtherance of the objects of the trust; and provided also that any costs which may be awarded against any trustee as aforesaid in a suit instituted under this section may, if the said trustee be found to have acted *bonâ fide*, be defrayed from the endowment vested in such trustee under this Act.

New trustees.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time nominate and appoint a new trustee or trustees for any endowment which by virtue of this Act has been vested as aforesaid, and also may at any time remove any trustee so appointed as aforesaid.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

IN some districts of Bengal there are certain educational and charitable endowments for which there are no properly constituted trustees. The present Bill is introduced to enable the Government to appoint standing trustees, who shall be responsible for the care of such endowments.

C. BERNARD.

The 2nd March 1872.

HERBERT COWELL,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Legislative Department.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Revenue and General Departments.

No. 540R.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 6th March 1872.—Babu Sasi Bhusan Bandyopadhyay, M.A., to officiate as Head Master of the Patna Collegiate School, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. A. S. Phillips, or until further orders.

The 8th March 1872.—Mr. Alfred Wallis Paul, B.A., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Sub-division of Cox's Bazar, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, No. X. of 1870.

Mr. Herbert Hankey is re-appointed to officiate as Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Chittagong Division, from the date on which he took charge from Mr. Stuart Colvin Bayley.

Mr. Ernest Montague Money, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Hooghly, is transferred to Burdwan.

Mr. George Edward Makgill is re-appointed to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, with effect from the date on which he joined the 24-Pergunnahs.

The 9th March 1872.—Babu Dwárkánáth Banurji, Deputy Collector, Howrah, is appointed under Section 7, Act X. of 1870, to take order for the acquisition of land required for the purpose of straightening the King's Road in that district.

The 11th March 1872.—Mr. Francis Graves to be Secretary to the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Cuttack.

Babu Uma Churn Ganguli, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to have charge of the Sub-division of Bagirhaut. In addition to the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate, First Class, with which he is already vested, Babu Uma Churn Ganguli is empowered, under Section 38 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to hold the preliminary enquiry into cases triable by the Court of Session, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Session, and to exercise all the powers necessary for that purpose.

Mr. Thomas Taylor Allen to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade in Bhaugulpore.

The 12th March 1872.—Mr. William LeFleming Robinson to officiate as Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Rajshahye Division, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Edmund Weldon Molony, or until further orders.

Mr. James Sutherland Drummond to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Sarun, in the First Grade, during the absence, on duty, of Mr. Fleetwood Hugo Pellew, or until further orders.

Mr. Charles Bazett Garrett to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Bankoorah, in the First Grade, during the absence, on duty, of Mr. Skipwith Henry Churchill Tayler, or until further orders.

Mr. William Rea Larminie to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Bankoorah, in the Second Grade, until the arrival of Mr. Charles Bazett Garrett, or until further orders.

Babu Hira Lal Mukurji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Backergunge, to have charge of the Sub-division of Patooakhally, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Dina Nath Adhya, or until further orders.

Mr. Albert Champion Maugles to officiate in the First Grade of Magistrates and Collectors.

Mr. Valentine Irwin to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, but to continue to officiate as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, until further orders.

Babu Mohendra Nath Gupta, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the Burdwan Division, and vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate, Second Class.

Moulvi Abdul Hye, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the Dacca Division, and vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate, Second Class.

Mr. William Charles Muller, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Darjeeling, is transferred to Gowalparrah.

Mr. James Pratt, M.A., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Jessore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate.

Mr. Romesh Chandra Datta, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate, First Class.

Babu Akhay Kumar Sen, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Backergunge, is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate, First Class.

The following transfers of Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agents in the Benares Agency are sanctioned, with effect from the 1st March 1872, *viz.*:—

Mr. Henry Jessi Lloyd, from Etwah to Mirzapore.

Mr. James David Sayce, from Mynpoory to Etwah.

„ Ernest Frederic Joseph Porcelli, from Mirzapore to Mynpoory.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 6th March 1872.—Mr. A. S. Phillips, Head Master of the Patna Collegiate School, for three months, under paragraph 12, clause 1 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Mr Alexander Manson, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Pooree, for two months and twenty-eight days, under Section XIX. of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules, from the 26th instant, or any other day in the beginning of April next, on which he may avail himself of the leave.

The 7th March 1872.—Mr. Robert Mason Towers, B.A., Officiating Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Sealdah and Howrah, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, from the date on which he may be relieved, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on furlough.

The 8th March 1872.—Mr. Thomas Durant Beighton, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Second Grade, Burdwan, for two months and a half, under Section XIX. of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules.

The 9th March 1872.—Moulvie Ali Husain, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Gya, for one month, from the 1st instant, under Section XVIII. of the Covenanted Service Leave Code.

The 11th March 1872.—Mr. Godfrey John Bective Tuite Dalton, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Bhaugulpore, is allowed the usual subsidiary leave of absence from the 23rd instant, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on furlough.

Mr. John Dalrymple Maclean, Deputy Collector of Customs, Calcutta, is allowed the usual subsidiary leave from the 24th ultimo, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on furlough.

Captain Robert Cotton Money is allowed the usual subsidiary leave from the 1st January last, the day following the date of his arrival in India on his return from furlough, to enable him to rejoin his appointment.

Mr. Reginald Porch, C.S., is allowed eleven days subsidiary leave from the 4th instant, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on furlough.

The 12th March 1872.—Mr. Edmund Weldon Molony, Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division, is allowed the usual subsidiary leave from the 23rd April next, to enable him to proceed to Europe on special leave, embarking at Bombay.

Mr. James Mackenzie, Collector of Stamps, Calcutta, and Superintendent of Abkaree Revenue in Calcutta and the 24-Pergunnahs, for twenty months, on Medical Certificate, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

ERRATUM.

The 7th March 1872.—In the orders of the 5th instant, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 6th idem, appointing certain gentlemen to officiate as Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors—

For

"Babu Mohíní Mohan Ray, Jessore,"

Read

"Babu Mohíní Mohan Chakravarti, Jessore."

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is republished for general information :—

No. 1172.—*Fort William, the 8th March* 1872.—*Notification.*—*Public.*—The Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Mr. W. B. Buckle to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service from the 20th December last.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 1753.—*Fort William, the 7th March* 1872.—*Notifications.*—*Accounts.*—Read the following :—

FINANCIAL. INDIA OFFICE;

No. 48. *London, 1st February* 1872.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.

MY LORD,—I have to acquaint you that the rate of exchange for the adjustment of financial transactions between the Imperial and Indian Governments, for the year 1872-73, has been fixed, with the concurrence of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, at one shilling and eleven pence half-penny (1*s.* 11½*d.*) the rupee, and I have to request that you will give the necessary instructions for the due observance of this rate in respect of all transactions to which it is applicable.

I have, &c.,
(Sd.) ARGYLL.

ORDERED, that the above despatch be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

No. 1639.—*The 6th March* 1872.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following be added as Rule 2 under Section 46 of the Civil Pension Code :—

2. Absence on leave in or out of India is no bar to an officer's being admitted to pension or gratuity.

No. 1681.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the addition of the following as Rule 2 under Section 85 of the Civil Pension Code :—

2. The above rule for the conversion of Rupees into sterling applies to officers under covenant, who are entitled by their covenant to pensions in accordance with the rules applicable to Uncovenanted Servants; the covenanted rate of exchange for their pay and allowances does not, unless it is expressly so stated, apply to their pensions.

No. 1772.—*The 8th March* 1872.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following as Supplement C of the Civil Pension Code. The words "and Assistant Chaplains" in Section 3 (*c*) of the Code should be struck out :—

SUPPLEMENT C.

CHAPLAINS.

[The rules in this Supplement are now in general operation, except that the present Senior Chaplain of the Scotch Church in Bombay, when he has served his time for pension, will have the option of continuing to draw allowances on the old scale and abiding by the old scale of pension, or of drawing allowances on the new scale, or retiring, in which case his pension will be regulated by the rules in this Supplement. The present Senior Chaplain of the Scotch Church in Calcutta also is allowed an election (which he has not yet declared) between the old and the new scales of allowances and pension.]

Section 1. Pensions are granted to Chaplains under the following rules :—

Residence and service.

Section 2 (*a*). "Residence" is reckoned from arrival in India in the case of a Chaplain appointed in England, and from date of covenant in the case of a Chaplain appointed in India. It includes (1) time spent on duty, (2) privilege and subsidiary leave, and (3) time passed out of employ in India otherwise than on leave.

(*b*). "Service" includes "residence," and also all time spent on leave of any description; but no time before the beginning of "residence."

Retiring pension.

Section **3.** A Chaplain who has completed 17 years' residence *and* 20 years' service, or, if appointed before the 11th January 1854, 15 years' residence and 18 years' service, is entitled to a retiring pension of £365 a year.

1. Pensions are granted either by the Government of India, Bombay, or Madras (as the case may be), or by the Secretary of State. A Chaplain proceeding to England often obtaining pension in India, should be careful to take with him the usual last-pay certificate.

Compulsory retirement.

Section **4.** A Chaplain must retire after 25 years from the beginning of his service, unless specially exempted by the Secretary of State, on the recommendation of the Governor General in Council, or of the Governor in Council of his Presidency.

Invalid pension.

Section **5.** A Chaplain who is obliged, by bad health, to retire after completing seven years' residence, but before completing the periods of residence and service required by Section 3, is entitled to an invalid pension of £125-15-0 a year, or if he have completed ten years' residence, £173-7-6 a year.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

(STAMPS.)

No. 1756.—*The 8th March* 1872.—In the exercise of the powers conferred by Section 26 of the Court Fees' Act of 1870 (Act No. VII) and of all other powers enabling him on this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel Notification by the Government of India, Financial Department, No. 1865, dated 15th March 1870, and to issue the following directions:—

The Stamps used to denote any fee chargeable under the said Act may be either impressed or adhesive, or partly impressed and partly adhesive.

When the exact amount of the fee chargeable under the Act can be denoted by a single impressed or a single adhesive Stamp, such fee shall be denoted by a single Stamp of either sort.

When the amount of the fee cannot be denoted by a single impressed or a single adhesive Stamp, the next lower impressed or adhesive Stamp shall be used, and the deficiency made up by one or more additional Stamps which may be either impressed or adhesive.

The impressed Stamps referred to in this Notification are the red and black printed Stamps, and the adhesive Stamps are those across which the words "Court Fees" have been printed.

Should the amount of the fee in any case involve a fraction of an anna, such fraction shall be remitted.

The provisions of this Notification shall for the present extend only to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts and to the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the Chief Commissioner of Oude, and the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces respectively.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 245.—*Fort William, the 8th March* 1872.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

* * * * * * * *

Captain Everard Neal Digges La Touche, of the General List, Infantry, Assistant Commissioner, Bengal,—for two years, under the Regulations of 1868, embarking at Bombay.

* * * * * * * *

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th March 1872.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act, No. VIII. of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to form the two following sub-districts, in the district of Furreedpore:—

A new sub-district, with head-quarters at Bhanga, shall comprise the thannahs of Deora and Sadderpore.

Another sub-district, with head-quarters at Gopalgunge, shall comprise the thannahs of Gopinathpore and Muxudpore.

The thannahs of Furreedpore, Talmah, and Bhusna will remain in, and henceforth comprise the sudder sub-district.

This Notification will take effect on and from the 1st day of April 1872.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th March 1872.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII. of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to form a new sub-district, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, comprising the thannahs of Ariadaha and Dum-Dum, and the Suburbs of Calcutta north of the Circular Road and Balliaghatta Canal, with head-quarters at Burranagore.

This Notification shall take effect on and from the 1st April 1872.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Judicial and Political Departments.

No. 360J.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 2nd March 1872.—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Chuni Lal Das to have charge of the Charitable Dispensary at Azimgunge.

The 7th March 1872.—Babu Braja Mohan Prasad to officiate, until further orders, as Moonsiff of Jumooe, in Zillah Bhaugulpore.

The 8th March 1872.—Mr. Rowland Vyner Cockerell is appointed to officiate temporarily as Additional Judge of Hooghly, and is vested, under the provisions of Section 2, Act XIX. of 1871, with the powers of a Sessions Judge in Howrah and the 24-Pergunnahs.

The 11th March 1872.—Babu Mahendranath Basu to officiate as First Subordinate Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Kailas Chandra Dev, or until further orders.

Babu Naffar Chandra Bhatta, B.L., to officiate temporarily as Second Subordinate Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The 12th March 1872.—Mr. Henry Bruce Simson, Additional District Judge of Chittagong and Dacca, on leave, to be also Additional Sessions Judge of those districts, and Additional District and Sessions Judge of Backergunge.

Mr. Arthur Levien to officiate as Additional District and Sessions Judge of Dacca, Chittagong, and Backergunge, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Henry Bruce Simson, or until further orders.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 7th March 1872.—Dr. Edwin Clement Bensley, Civil Surgeon of Rajshahye, for fourteen days, under Section XVIII. of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules. Native Doctor Baroda Kanta Sen will remain in charge of the Civil Medical duties of the Station of Beauleah during Dr. Bensley's absence.

The 9th March 1872.—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Abinash Chandra Banurji, for one month, from the 16th ultimo, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Baboo Jadu Náth Mallik, Officiating Subordinate Judge, and Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Moorshedabad and the Cantonment of Berhampore, for ten days, from the 15th instant, under Section XVIII. of the Covenanted Service Leave Code.

The 11th March 1872.—Babu Kailas Chandra Dev, First Subordinate Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs, for one month, under Section XVIII of the Covenanted Service Leave Code, subject to his making the declaration required by Financial Notification No. 3463, dated the 30th December 1871.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 29th February 1872.—Mr. Augustus Rivers Thompson made over charge of the office of Secretary to the Government of Bengal to Mr. Charles Edward Bernard this day in the afternoon.

The 9th March 1872.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. Stuart Colvin Bayley of his seat in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations in the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

The 12th March 1872.—The services of Third Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon Isan Chandra Ray, Officiating House Surgeon of the Howrah General Hospital, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Oude.

ERRATUM.

The 8th March 1872.—In the orders of the 5th instant, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the

6th idem, appointing certain gentlemen to be Justices of the Peace for the town of Calcutta—

For

"Lieutenant-Colonel Augustine Allen,"

Read

"Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Stewart Allan."

C. BERNARD,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 228.—*Fort William, the 4th March* 1872.—The following paragraphs of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 33, dated 8th February 1872, are published for general information:—

1. The under-mentioned Officers and Warrant Officers have been permitted to return to their duty, *viz.*:—

* * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel W. Gordon.

* * * *

Surgeon A. A. Mantell.

* * * *

C. BERNARD,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th March 1872.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 16, Act VI. of 1871 (the Bengal Civil Courts' Act), the Lieutenant-Governor directs that the Court of the Moonsiff of Toobkibagrah be held at Hajigunge, in the district of Tipperah.

C. BERNARD,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is published for general information:—

No. 478.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL.

Fort William, the 12th March 1872.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified that the Secretary of State for India has by Resolution in Council declared the provisions of the 1st Section of an Act passed in the 33rd year of Her Majesty's reign, chap. 3, entituled an Act to make better provision for making Laws and Regulations for certain parts of India and for certain other purposes relating thereto, to be from the 15th day of March 1872 applicable to the following parts of the territories under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, that is to say,—

The Damin-i-koh.—So much of Pergunnah Bhaugulpore and of Pergunnah Sutticare as lies east of the Gerooah Nuddee, and south of a line drawn eastward from Humza Chuck to the village of Dighee.

Zillah Bhaugulpore.	Pergunnah Telecaghuree ...	Except such parts of them as are now or may be hereafter situate on the left bank of the main stream of the Ganges, so that in any change in the course of the river the main stream shall be the boundary.
	,, Jumoonee ...	
	,, Chetowleah ...	
	,, Kankjole ...	
	,, Bahadurpore ...	
	,, Akbernuggur ...	
	,, Inayutnuggur ...	
	,, Mukraen ...	
	,, Sooltangunge ...	
	,, Umber ...	Except such detached villages as lie within the general boundaries of pergunnahs not mentioned in this schedule.
	,, Sooltanabad ...	
	,, Godda ...	
	,, Umloo Mootcah ...	
	,, Pussye ...	
	,, Hendwa ...	
	Tuppeh Muncharee ...	
	,, Belputta ...	
Zillah Beerbhoom.	Pergunnah Pubbia ...	Except such detached villages as lie within the general boundaries of pergunnahs not mentioned in this schedule.
	Tuppeh Saruth Deoghur ...	
	,, Kundit Kurayeh ...	
	,, Mohumdabad ...	
	Such part of Pergunnah Durreen Molissur as lies north of the Chilla or Chundun Ghat Nullah.	

Such detached portions of other Pergunnahs and Tuppehs as lie within the general boundaries of any of the abovementioned Pergunnahs and Tuppehs.

Such portions of Pergunnahs belonging to Maldah and Purneah below the village of Khederpore, in Pergunnah Telecaghuree, as are now or may hereafter be situate on the right bank of the main stream of the Ganges.

C. BERNARD,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th March 1872.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following shall be the boundaries of the local jurisdiction of the Goalundo Small Cause Court in the district of Furreedpore, with effect from the 1st April 1872.

On the east, north, and west.—The river Ganges or Pudda (the boundary of district Furreedpore).

On the south-west and south.—A line starting from the banks of the river Ganges or Pudda, passing along and including the villages of Chur Gochdoho, Gochdoho-Sellimpore, Katooree, Maleekandee, Kismut Oorakandee, &c., Nynsook with tola Bend Nynsook, &c., Dillundee, Chur Dillundee, Chur Burmarra, and Koalee Janee, and closing on the bank of the river Ganges or Pudda.

List of villages comprised in the jurisdiction of the Goalundo Small Cause Court.

No.	Names of villages.	Thakbust Nos.	Pergunnahs.
1	Kunnyeda*	459	Kassimnuggur.
	Chur Deyoolee	462	Ditto.
	Arazee Deyoolee	467	Ditto.
	Khoord Gobindpore	464	Sindooree.
5	Chur Jypore	466	Shazadpore.
	Arazee Jypore	463	Ditto.
	Chur Pallund	465	Ditto.
	Bhabooeel	480	Umeerabad.
	Turpeykantsagr,* Kismut Bhabooeel	479	Bankipore.
10	Bissonathpore	478	Shazadpore.
	Majheeail	476	Ditto.
	Ag Pullund	475	Kassimnuggur.
	Bhabooeel	477	Mahomedpore.
	Palundo	487	Moobaruk Oojeeal.
15	Dhobagattee	481	Shazadpore.
	Ootur Baghabaree or Chur Baghabaree	488	Jehangeernuggur.
	Chur Gopalpore	486	Kassimnuggur.
	Bethoree	482	Umeerabad.
	Ootur Jabra	483	Ditto.
20	Jeteegram	484	Kassimnuggur.
	Chur Bhowaneepore	493	Mahomedpore.
	Debgram	485	Shazadpore.
	Chur Dillundee	494	Kassimnuggur.
	Chur Burmarra	507	Ditto.
25	Koalee Janee	508	Ditto.
	Dillundee	496	Ditto.
	Nynsook with tola Bend Nynsook, &c.	451	Ditto.
	Kismut Oorakandee, &c.	445	Ditto.
	Kattooree Maleekandee	437	Ditto.
30	Gochdoho-Sellimpore	433	Dhooldee.
	Chur Gochdoho	436	Ditto.
	Chur Buhurrakattooree	439	Shazadpore.
	Chur Ambarrea*	440	Umeerabad.
	Betca Bag Hatta*	441	Soojabad Kootoobpore.
35	Kookheelle*	456	Umeerabad.
	Naradoho*	457	Berhampore.
	Sohasrail* or Rakhalgachee	455	Soojabad.
	Goallund	458	Kassimnuggur.
	Soonyedanga	468	Tuppeh Bankipore.
40	Hoomorea	469	Ditto.
	Jypore	470	Shazadpore.
	Koosha Haut	471	Ditto.
	Sohasrail	472	Ditto.
	Burroo Billa	473	Ditto.
45	Aoo Pallund	474	Tuppeh Amropore.
	Burro Singa	454	Soojabad.
	Goallund	489	Soojabad Kootoobpore.
	Pooroolee	453	Shazadpore.
	Azazee Chitta Panooer Baghabaree	490	Tuppeh Amropore.
50	Gopalpore or Bagbaree	491	Kassimnuggur.
	Gurror Doar	492	Ditto.
	Seetulpore	452	Soojabad Kootoobpore.
	Dillundee	495	Shazadpore.
	Kamardanga	443	Umeerabad.
55	Ambarrea	442	Ditto.
	Buhurrakatooree	438	Shahjahanpore.
	Foorsutto with tola Bend Foorsutto, &c.	444	Kassimnuggur.

Note.—In the above list the names given are those of the villages as demarcated and surveyed by the Revenue Survey establishments in 1858-59, and as shown on their maps and records.

The villages marked thus* are reported by the local authorities to have been entirely washed away.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

No. 99.

The 9th March 1872.

Notification.—Under the authority conveyed in Section XCVII of the District Road Cess Act of 1871, His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to prescribe the following forms of annual estimate and accounts required to be prepared and kept under Sections LXX and LXXVII of that Act.

2. These forms consist of—

No. 1. Annual Estimate of Income and Expenditure, Parts I and II.
„ 2. Statement of Revenue Assessed and Realized.
„ 3. Cash Book.
„ 4. Cash Abstract Book, Parts I and II, Receipts and Expenditure.
„ 5. Register of Monthly Receipts and Expenditure.
„ 6. Annual Account Current of Receipts and Expenditure, Parts I and II, to be prepared by the Vice-Chairman.
„ 7. An account of Deposits.
„ 8. An account of Advances.

3. An extract from the entries in the Register, Form No. 5, for each quarter, will be submitted by the Vice-Chairman direct to the Account Branch of the Bengal Secretariat, Public Works Department, and also to the Commissioner of the Division, not later than the 20th of the month following that to which the entries appertain.

4. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased to rule, under the above authority, that the form in which the Collector shall render an account of his receipts and disbursements under Section LXXXVI of the Act shall be the usual form of Treasury Remittance and Pass Book in use in the Government Treasuries. The Lieutenant-Governor is likewise pleased to direct that the Accounts of District Committees formed under Resolution No. 1009, dated 23rd February 1872, (published in the *Calcutta Gazette* under Notification No. 88 of the 4th current), but not under the District Road Cess Act shall be kept in the same form as those under the District Road Cess Act.

No. 1.

_____ District Road Fund.

ANNUAL ESTIMATE

OF

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

FOR

Approved at a Meeting of the District Road Committee held on the

Number of Members present

Number who approved of the Estimate

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Estimate of Income and Expenditure from to

Income.	Estimate for Rs.	As.	P.	Expenditure.	Estimate for Rs.	As.	P.
ENUE UNDER DISTRICT ROAD CESS ACT OF 1871—				ON COLLECTION OF REVENUE—			
Cess on Lands				Establishment..			
„ on Mines, Railways, &c.				Contingent Charges			
„ on Houses							
Fines				ON DISTRICT WORKS—			
				Original Works—	Rs.	As.	P.
D CESSES leviable otherwise than under the District Road Cess Act ..				Roads and Bridges			
				River and Canal Works			
EIPTS FROM TOLLS—				*Maintenance and Repairs*—			
Road Tolls				Roads and Bridges			
Ferry Tolls				River and Canal Works			
Canal or River Tolls				Ferries			
nts-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund							
s of Produce and Stores..							
s				Establishment			
ellaneous				Tools and Plant			
Total INCOME ..				Total EXPENDITURE ..			

	Rs.	As.	P.
mated balance on the			
ipts of 187 -7 as above			
Total ..			
nditure of 187 -7 as above			
able balance on the			

Vice Chairman.

No. 1.—*PART II.*

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Details of the several items of Income and Expenditure as set forth in the Annual Estima for 1872-73.

Sub-head of Estimate.	Particulars.	Estim for	Re
	Income.		
[*Here enter, in consecutive order, as in estimate.*]	[*Here enter details of each source of Income. Each Ferry and each Toll on each Road or Canal being separately entered. Also each grant from Provincial Funds and the chief miscellaneous items.*]		
	Total estimated Income ..		
	Expenditure.		Re
Establishment for collection of Revenue.			
		Total estimated cost of work. / Estimated outlay to end of current year.	
Original Works.	[*Here enter details setting forth proposed expenditure on each work during the year.*]		
Repairs.			
And so on			
	Total proposed Expenditure		

No.

Statement of Revenue assessed and realized from

iculars of source from whence to be realized.	Balance outstanding on the			Revenue assessed for each Quarter.									Total.		
	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
NUE UNDER DISTRICT ROAD CESS ACT OF 1871.															
ments on lands ..															
enter particulars of each claim.]															
Total ..															
ments on Mines, Railways, &c. ..															
Total ..															
ments on Houses															
Total ..															
Assessments under District Road Cess of 1871															
Cesses leviable otherwise than under District Road Cess Act ..															
ts from Tolls															
enter particulars of each Toll Bar.]															
Total Tolls and Road ..															
so on for each description of Toll]															

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

the 1*st* *to the*

Total to			Revenue realized in each Quarter.												Balance outstanding on the			Remarks.
												Total.						
Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	(The total of Revenue realized under each head for each month should accord with the Cash Abstract Book of Receipts.)

N

DISTRIC

Cash Book for th

t.	No. of Voucher.	From whom received.	Receipts.						Head in Cash Abstract Book.
			Cash.			Bank or Treasury.			
			Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	

3

ROAD FUND.

month of _____.

Date of Payment.	No. of Voucher.	To whom paid.	Payments.							Head in Cash Abstract Book.
			Cash.			*Bank or Treasury.*				
						No. of Cheque.	Amount.			
			Rs.	As.	P.		Rs.	As.	P.	

No. 4.

_____ DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Cash Abstract Book of Receipts for the month of _____

Revenue under District Road Cess Act of 1871.			Other Cesses.			Tolls.			Grants-in-aid.			Sales of Produce and Stores.			Fines.			Miscellaneous.			Deposits.			Advances refunded.			General Abstract.	
																										Sub-heads.	Total.
1			2			3			4			5			6			7			8			9				
Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.		
																										No. 1	Rs. As. P.
																										„ 2	
																										„ 3	
																										„ 4	
																										„ 5	
																										„ 6	
																										„ 7	
																										„ 8	
																										„ 9	
																										Total as per Cash Book.	

_____ DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Cash Abstract Book of Disbursements for the month of _____

On Revenue Collection.		On District Works.				Deposits refunded.	Advances.	General Abstract.	
Establishments.	Contingencies.	Original Works.	Repairs.	Establishments.	Tools and Plant.			Sub-head.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.
								No. 1 ...	
								„ 2 ...	
								„ 3 ...	
								„ 4 ...	
								„ 5 ...	
								„ 6 ...	
								„ 7 ...	
								„ 8 ...	
								Total as per Cash Book...	

Register of Monthly Receipts

Estimate for the year.	Particulars.	First Quarter.											
		April.			May.			June.			Total.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
	Income.												
	Cess on Lands ... ... } *So far as assessed Revenue is concerned, this Journal will be posted from the Statement of Revenue realized; all other entries of Income will be posted from Cash Abstract Book.*												
	Cess on Mines ... ... }												
	Cess on Houses ... ... }												
	(And so on) ... ... }												
	[*Enter each Sub-head of Income as per Annual Estimate.*]												
	Total Income												
	Expenditure.												
	Collection of Revenue—												
	Establishment												
	Contingent Charges												
	Works— (Balance from previous year.)												
	[*Each work to be entered separately.*] (The previous expenditure on each original work to be brought forward.)												
	Total Roads and Bridges ...												
	[*Same as above.*]												
	Total River and Canal Works ...												
	Total Original Works												
	Repairs—												
	[*Each repair to be entered separately.*]												
	Total Roads and Bridges...												
	[*Same as above.*]												
	Total River and Canal Works												
	Total Ferries												
	Total Repairs												
	And so on, detailing the other heads of Expenditure.												
	[*The entries so far as relate to Public Works expenditure will be posted from the Statement to be submitted by District Engineers; all other items will be posted from the Cash Abstract Book.*]												
	Total Expenditure ...												

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

and Expenditure for the Year

Second Quarter.												Third Quarter.												Fourth Quarter.												Total of the year.		
July.			August.			Sept.			Total.			Oct.			Nov.			Dec.			Total.			Jan.			Feb.			March.			Total.					
Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Annual Account of Income and Expenditure from to

	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
BALANCE ON { Cash in hand ...						
Advances outstanding ...						
DEDUCT ... Balance at credit of deposits						
Receipts of the year.						
REVENUE UNDER DISTRICT ROAD CESS ACT OF 1871 ... ... { Cess on Lands						
„ on Mines, Railways, &c...						
„ on Houses						
„ Fines						
Road Cesses leviable otherwise than under District Road Cess Act						
RECEIPTS FROM TOLLS ... { Road Tolls						
Ferry Tolls						
Canal or River Tolls ...						
Grants-in-aid from Provincial Reserve Fund ...						
Sales of Produce and Stores						
Fines						
Miscellaneous						
Total ...						

Collection of Revenue.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
Establishment						
Contingent Charges						
Outlay on District Works.						
ORIGINAL WORKS. { Roads and Bridges ...						
River and Canal works						
REPAIRS ... { Roads and Bridges ...						
River and Canal works						
Ferries						
Establishment						
Tools and Plant						
Total outlay to be passed ...						
BALANCE ON { Cash in hands						
Advances outstanding ...						
DEDUCT ... Balance at credit of deposits...						
Total ...						

Passed for Rupees .....

.....
.....
.....
} Members of the Committee.

Vice-Chairman.

No. 6.—*PART II.*

_____ DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

Details of Income and Expenditure for the year *to accompany the Annual Accou*
for that year.

Sub-head of Estimate.	Amount sanctioned as per Budget Estimate.	Particulars.	Amount.	Total.
		INCOME.		
		Total INCOME ..		
		EXPENDITURE.		
		Total EXPENDITURE ..		

Vice Chairman.

No. 7.

Dr......ACCOUNT OF DEPOSITS.....*Cr.*

Deposits refunded.	Amount.			Total.			Deposits received.	Amount.			Total.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.

No. 8.

Dr......ACCOUNT OF ADVANCES.....*Cr.*

Advances made.	Amount.			Total.			Advances recovered.	Amount.			Total.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.

ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 100.

The 9th March 1872.

Notifications.—Mr. W. Barnfather, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, assumed charge of the Bhaugulpore Division on the 29th February 1872, afternoon.

No. 101.

Mr. H. Joll, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, assumed charge of the First Presidency Division on the 4th March 1872, afternoon.

No. 102.

Mr. J. T. Simpson, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, officiated as Executive Engineer of the First Presidency Division, from the afternoon of the 20th February to the afternoon of the 4th March 1872.

No. 103.

Appointment.—Baboo Ghunnessam Bhuttacharjee, Probationary Accountant, Fourth Grader attached to the Akra Division, having passed the prescribed examination, is permanently appointed in that Grade.

No. 104.

The 11th March 1872.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, Military Department, are republished for information:—

No. 228 of the 4th March 1872.—The following paragraphs of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 33, dated 8th February 1872, are published for general information.

* * * *

2. The undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officers have been granted extensions of leave for the periods specified, *viz* :—

* * * *

Captain J. L. Watts, R.E., ... 1 month.

No. 247 of the 8th March 1872.—The undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officer have reported their return from England :—

* * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel F. J. Davies, of Infantry, Executive Engineer, Department Public Works, Bengal.—date of arrival at Fort William, 22nd December 1871 (date of departure on furlough 22nd December 1869.)

No. 105.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information :—

No. 122, dated the 2nd March 1872.—Mr. E. S. B. Pereira, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, Bengal, is reduced to the rank of Assistant Engineer, Second Grade.

No. 106.

The 12th March 1872.

Promotions.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following promotions in the Upper and Lower Subordinate Establishments in Bengal, with effect from the 1st March 1872 :—

IMPERIAL.

UPPER SUBORDINATE ESTABLISHMENT.

To be Sub-Engineer, First Grade.

McCullagh, Mr. W., Sub-Engineer, Second Grade, First Presidency Division.

To be Sub-Engineer, Second Grade.

Saunders, Sub-Conductor S. S., Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, Dinapore Division.

To be Overseer, First Grade.

Guptoo, Baboo Bolychand, Overseer, Second Grade, Third Presidency Division.

To be Overseer, Second Grade.

Chatterjee, Baboo Chunder Coomar, Overseer, Third Grade, Cuttack Division.

To be Overseer, Third Grade.

Mozumdar, Baboo Beharyloll, Sub-Overseer, First Grade, Sylhet Division.

Mookerjee, Baboo Tara Prosono, Sub-Overseer, First Grade, Dinapore Division.

LOWER SUBORDINATE ESTABLISHMENT.

To be Sub-Overseer, First Grade.

Banerjee, Baboo Madhub Chunder, Sub-Overseer, Second Grade, Purneah Division.

To be Sub-Overseer, Second Grade.

Chand, Baboo Kally Cant, Sub-Overseer, Third Grade, Sylhet Division.

H. LEONARD, C.E.,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

P. W. D.

Irrigation.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 57.

The 8th March 1872.

Transfer.—Private W. Byrne, Overseer, First Grade, from the Cossye Division to the Soane Circle.

No. 58.

Mr. C. W. Hope, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, who obtained leave* to Europe on private affairs, having left Calcutta on the 13th February 1872, will be borne as a Supernumerary on the Engineer Establishment of the Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, Bengal, in that Grade, from the above date.

* *Vide* Notification No. 256, dated 28th November 1871.

No. 59.

The 12th March 1872.

Leave.—Mr. P. B. Roberts, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the Patna Division, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under Section 16 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, with effect from the 18th March 1872.

No. 60.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information :—

No. 124, *dated 2nd March* 1872.—Serjeant H. Gearing, Supervisor, Second Grade, Bengal, Irrigation Branch, having obtained his discharge from the Army on the 10th of January 1872, is re-appointed to the Public Works Department as a Civilian, in the same Grade, with effect from that date.

No. 61.

Posting.—Lieutenant F. F. Cotton, R.E., Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, to the Orissa Circle.

No. 62.

Erratum.—In Notification No 21, dated 16th January 1872, for sick leave for "two months and seventeen days," read "two months and twenty days."

Irrigation.

No. 63.

Notification.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.* for the construction of an embankment connecting the weirs across the Braminee and Pattia Rivers, in the villages of Jubbra and Kuntia Kona, in Pergunnah Oola, and Buggut Bugwanpore, Manpore, Sokodopore, Janapore, and Sreebuntpore, in Killah Mudpore; it is hereby notified under the provisions of Section 4 of Act X. of 1870 that, for the above purpose, a piece of land measuring, more or less, 306 beegahs and 5 cottahs of standard measurement, bounded on the north and west by the Braminee and Pattia Rivers, and on the south and east by the villages abovenamed, is likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Jubbra, Kuntia Kona, Buggut Bugwanpore, Manpore, Sokodopore, Janapore, and Sreebuntpore.

No. 64.

Declaration under Section 6 of Act X. of 1870 *of the Government of India.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.* for the extension of the first range of the tidal canal, extending from the junction of the Gowakhally Khal with the river to Mouzah Rungeebasan, in the villages Latsal, Rajchuck, Poorbo Sreerampore, Banka, Rungeebasan and Palanpore, Pergunnah Mysadul, Zillah Midnapore, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land, measuring 289 beegahs 1 cottah and 15 chittacks of standard measurement, 4½ miles long and 200 feet broad, more or less, is required within the aforesaid villages of Latsal, Rajchuck, Poorbo Sreerampore, Banka, Rungeebasan, and Palanpore, Pergunnah Mysadul.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X. of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. T. Haig, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

High Court Notices.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

Transfers of Moonsiffs.

The 12th February 1872.—Baboo Pearee Lall Banerjee, Sudder Moonsiff of Patna, to be Sudder Moonsiff of East Burdwan.

Baboo Bolack Chand, from Bhaugulpore to Sudder Station, Patna.

Baboo Nitto Gopal Mullick, Moonsiff of Beergunge, to Alipore, 24-Pergunnahs, as Second Moonsiff.

Baboo Sharoda Pershaud Chatterjee, Additional Moonsiff of Midnapore, to be Sudder Moonsiff of that district.

The 29th February 1872.—Baboo Poreshnath Sircar, B.L., Additional Moonsiff of Midnapore, to be Additional Moonsiff of Chittagong.

The 9th March 1872.—Baboo Keshubnath Bishee, from Buddergunge, Zillah Rungpore, to Kotulpore, Zillah West Burdwan.

Baboo Kasseenath Doss, from Kotulpore to Buddergunge, Zillah Rungpore.

Notifications.

The 26th February 1872.—Baboo Ananda Kumara Survadhikari, Moonsiff of Golaghat, in Assam, for one month, in extension of that granted to him on the 19th December last, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 29th February 1872.—Moonshee Lutafut Hossein, Moonsiff of Arungabad, Zillah Gya, for one month, *without pay*, under Financial Notification No. 542, dated 4th June 1864. The Moonsiff's Serishtadar to be placed in charge of the current duties of the office.

Baboo Shitul Chunder Mookerjee, Moonsiff of Thakoorgong, Zillah Dinagepore, for six months, in extension of that granted to him on the 22nd December last, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 2nd March 1872.—Moulvie Dadar Bukhsh, Moonsiff of Futtikcherry, Zillah Chittagong, for three months, *without pay*, under Financial Notification No. 542, dated the 4th June 1864.

The 6th March 1872.—Baboo Kaderessur Roy, Moonsiff of Khoolnea, Zillah Jessore, for one month, under Section XIX. of the Covenanted Leave Code.

The 7th March 1872.—Baboo Mohesh Chunder Chuckerbutty, Moonsiff of Putuakhally, Zillah Backergunge, for three months, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 8th March 1872.—Baboo Seosurn Lall, Additional Moonsiff of Purneah, for three months, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of that granted to him on the 27th December last.

The 9th March 1872.—Baboo Poreshnath Banerjee, Officiating Sudder Moonsiff of Midnapore, for three months, under Section XIX. of the Covenanted Leave Code.

The leave for one month, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, granted to Baboo Jogesh Chunder Mitter, Additional Moonsiff of Baraset, Zillah 24-Pergunnahs, notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th February 1872, page 465, has been converted to leave for one month, under paragraph 16 of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

By order of the High Court,

F. B. Peacock,
Registrar.

Circular Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

No. 7.

To all Civil Authorities, Lower and Non-Regulation Provinces,—(dated Calcutta, the 20th February 1872.)

HIGH COURT, &c.,
CIVIL SIDE.
Present:
The Hon'ble Sir R. Couch, *Kt.*, *Chief Justice.*
The Hon'ble G. Loch.
" Louis S. Jackson,
" A. G. Macpherson,
" E. Jackson,
Judges of the Court.

The following instructions are laid down for observance by all Civil Courts subordinate to the High Court, when issuing Commissions under Section 175 of the Code of Civil Procedure (VIII of 1859) for the examination of witnesses resident beyond the jurisdiction of the Court issuing the Commission and not within the local jurisdiction of the High Court on its Original Side.

2. Such Commissions ought not generally to be directed to the District Courts, the terms of the law requiring that it be issued ordinarily to the Court within whose jurisdiction the witness may reside "and which can most conveniently execute the same." This language clearly points to the Courts of first instance with narrow local limits, so that on the one hand the labor of examination may be divided and may not accumulate on the District Court, and, on the other, that the witness may attend the nearest Court.

3. The Commission should therefore, in ordinary cases, and especially those issuing from Moonsiffs' Courts, be addressed to the Moonsiff within whose jurisdiction the witness resides, by whom, for the above reasons, the evidence can usually be taken more conveniently than by the Subordinate Judge.

By order of the High Court,

F. B. Peacock,
Registrar.

CIRCULAR MEMO. No. 3.

To all Judges of Courts of Small Causes,—(dated Calcutta, the 9th February 1872.)

HIGH COURT,
CIVIL SIDE.
Present:
The Hon'ble Louis S. Jackson,
One of the Judges of the Court.

In supersession of the forms prescribed by Circular Order No. 12, dated 19th December 1862, all Judges of Courts of Small Causes are required to make their monthly returns of work to the High Court in the two forms sent herewith.

2. Where a Judge presides over more than one Court, he should show the work of each Court distinctly in the manner described in Circular Order No. 12, dated 23rd June 1865. The work, however, of two or more Courts, though exhibited separately, should not be entered in different statements; but should appear in different sections of the same statement so as to admit of the general results being exhibited in aggregate at the foot of the returns.

3. The Superintendent of Stationery has been furnished with samples for the supply of Indents, which should specify the number of Courts presided over by the indenting Judge.

By order of the High Court,

F. B. Peacock,
Registrar.

Statement of Applications for execution of Decrees on the file of the *Court of Small Causes of* *during the month of* 187 .

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9.	10	11	12
Denomination of Court.	Pending at the end of 187 .	Applications filed during 187 .	TOTAL.	Executed completely.	Executed in part.	Struck off Judgment-creditor not proceeding.	Total disposed of.	Pending at the end of 187 .	Three months and upwards.	Six months and upwards.	Cause of delay.

HIGH COURT, CIVIL.	No. 3, S. C. C.

Statement of Cases on the file of the *Court of Small Causes of* *during the month of* 187 .

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		11		12	13	14	15
DESCRIPTION OF CASES.	Pending at the end of 187 .	Instituted during the month of 187 .	Total before the Court.	Compromised.	Withdrawn.	Dismissed on default.	Confession, Plaintiff absent.	Confession, Plaintiff present.	EX-PARTE.		CONTESTED.		Total disposed of.	Pending at close of.	Of these pending over six weeks.	REMARKS. Including explanations regarding cases pending over six weeks.
									Judgment for Plaintiff.	Judgment for Defendant.	Judgment for Plaintiff.	Judgment for Defendant.				
1. Money cla ether on bond or other contract																
2. Rent of h																
3. Claims for personal property																
4. Claims for damages																
TOTAL ...																

HIGH COURT, CIVIL.	No. 3, S. C. C.

Statement of Cases on the file of the *Court of Small Causes of* *during the month of* 187 .

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		11		12	13	14	15
DESCRIPTION OF CASES.	Pending at the end of 187 .	Instituted during the month of 187 .	Total before the Court.	Compromised.	Withdrawn.	Dismissed on default.	Confession, Plaintiff absent.	Confession, Plaintiff present.	EX-PARTE.		CONTESTED.		Total disposed of.	Pending at close of	Of these pending over six weeks.	REMARKS. Including explanations regarding cases pending over six weeks.
									Judgment for Plaintiff.	Judgment for Defendant.	Judgment for Plaintiff.	Judgment for Defendant.				
1. Money claims, whether on bond or other contract ...																
2. Rent of houses																
3. Claims for personal property																
4. Claims for damages																
TOTAL																
1. Money claims, whether on bond or other contract ...																
2. Rent of houses																
3. Claims for personal property																
4. Claims for damages																
TOTAL																

HIGH COURT, CIVIL.	No. 3, S. C. C.

Statement of Cases on the file of the *Court of Small Causes of* *during the month of* 187 .

DESCRIPTION OF CASES.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		11		12	13	14	15
	Pending at the end of 187 .	Instituted during the month of 187 .	Total before the Court.	Compromised.	Withdrawn.	Dismissed on default.	Confession, Plaintiff absent.	Confession, Plaintiff present.	EX-PARTE.		CONTESTED.		Total disposed of	Pending at close of	Of these pending over six weeks.	REMARKS. Including explanations regarding cases pending over six weeks.
									Judgment for Plaintiff.	Judgment for Defendant.	Judgment for Plaintiff.	Judgment for Defendant.				
1. Money claims, whether on bond or other contract																
2. Rent of houses																
3. Claims for personal property																
4. Claims for damages																
TOTAL ...																
1. Money claims, whether on bond or other contract																
2. Rent of houses																
3. Claims for personal property																
4. Claims for damages																
TOTAL ...																
1. Money claims, whether on bond or other contract																
2. Rent of houses																
3. Claims for personal property																
4. Claims for damages																
TOTAL ...																

HIGH COURT, CIVIL.	No: S. S. C. C.

Statement of Cases on the file of the *Court of Small Causes of* *during the month of* 187 .

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		11		12	13	14	15
DESCRIPTION OF CASES.	Pending at the end of 187 .	Instituted during the month of 187 .	Total before the Court.	Compromised.	Withdrawn.	Dismissed on default.	Plaintiff Confession, absent.	Plaintiff present.	EX-PARTE.		CONTESTED.		Total disposed of	Pending at close of	Of these pending over six weeks.	REMARKS. Including explanations regarding cases pending over six weeks.
									Judgment for Plaintiff.	Judgment for Defendant.	Judgment for Plaintiff.	Judgment for Defendant.				
1. Money claims, whether on bond or other contract ...																
2. Rent of houses																
3. Claims for personal property																
4. Claims for damages																
TOTAL																
1. Money claims, whether on bond or other contract																
2. Rent of houses																
3. Claims for personal property																
4. Claims for damages																
TOTAL																
1. Money claims, whether on bond or other contract																
2. Rent of houses																
3. Claims for personal property																
4. Claims for damages																
TOTAL																
1. Money claims, whether on bond or other contract																
2. Rent of houses																
3. Claims for personal property																
4. Claims for damages																
TOTAL																

Departmental Notices.

Revenue Survey Department.

No. 31.

On the 5th instant Mr. Frederick William Kelly, Revenue Surveyor, Second Grade, doing duty in the Head-Quarters' Office, Calcutta, passed by the First or Lower Standard of Vernacular examination laid down in G. O., Military Department, No. 734, dated 9th September 1864.

D. C. Vanrenen, *Col., R.A.*,
Supdt. of Revenue Surveys, Upper Circle.

Calcutta,
The 26th February 1872.

Revenue Survey Department.

No. 33.

Mr. James O'Toole, Probationary Assistant Revenue Surveyor, is promoted from the Fourth to the Third Grade, with effect from the 10th instant.

D. C. Vanrenen, *Col., R.A.*,
Supdt. of Revenue Surveys, Lower Circle.

Calcutta,
The 12th March 1872.

Notification.

Deputy Collector Baboo Kally Churn Ghose has been placed in charge of the Alipore Treasury, and authorised to draw bills on other public treasuries.

H. Cockerell,
Offg. Commissioner.

Commr.'s Office, Presidency Divn.,
Calcutta, the 15th February 1872.

Notification.

Baboo Ramakhoy Chatterjee has been placed in charge of the Midnapore Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

C. T. Buckland,
Commissioner.

Commr.'s Office, Burdwan Divn.,
The 1st March 1872.

Notice.

Moulvie Abdool Ghufoor, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Sylhet Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on all other treasuries.

F. B. Simson,
Commissioner.

Dacca Commr.'s Office,
The 12th February 1872.

Notification.

Deputy Collector Baboo Nundkissore Dass has been placed in charge of the Poorce Treasury, and authorised to draw bills on all other treasuries.

T. E. Ravenshaw,
Commissioner.

Orissa Commissioner's Office,
The 8th March 1872.

Notification.

Mr. Extra Assistant Commissioner R. Lea has been placed in charge of the Durrung Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

H. Hopkinson,
Governor General's Agent, N. E. F.,
and Commissioner of Assam.

Gowhatty,
The 4th March 1872.

Opium Notification.

No. 140C.

Notice is hereby given that the Fourth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1870-71, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Banksshall Street, on Wednesday, the 3rd April 1872, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,575 Chests, *viz.*:—

Behar Opium	...	2,000
Benares ditto	...	1,575
Total Chests	...	3,575

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual: they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 10th November 1871, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 18th April respectively; that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Monday, the 8th April 1872, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 18th April 1872.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 6th May 1872	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 6th June ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 4th July ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Monday, 5th Aug. ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Sept. ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Tuesday, 1st Oct. ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Wednesday, 6th Nov. ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Dec. ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
Total chests ...	16,000	12,600	28,600

By order of the Member in charge.

T. B. Lane,
Secretary.

Board of Rev., Fort William,
The 26th February 1872.

RETAIL PRICES OF FOOD AS REPORTED TO GOVERNMENT AT THE CLOSE OF THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 1872.

Number of Seers of 80 Tolahs weight retailed for a rupee.

AT	Date of Return from each District.	Cleaned Rice in Ordinary Use. Dearest sort.	Cleaned Rice, Cheapest sort. Average rate of the three or four preceding years.	Cleaned Rice, Cheapest sort. Present price.	Pulses in Ordinary Use. Dearest sort.	Pulses, Cheapest sort. Average rate of the three or four preceding years.	Pulses, Cheapest sort. Present price.	Wheat. Average rate of the three or four preceding years.	Wheat. Present price of cheapest kind.	Attah. Average rate of the three or four preceding years.	Attah. Present price of cheapest kind.	Janera, Jowar and such Grains. Average rate of the three or four preceding years.	Janera, Jowar and such Grains. Present price of cheapest kind.
Districts in which the prices are same or nearly the same.													
Purneah ...	29th Feb. 1872	26	25¼	28	10	24	25	19	20	10½	10	31	30
Nya-Doomka ...	5th Mar. 1872	23	25	30	12	15	16	14	13	12	12	43	40
Rajmehal ...	4th "	20	21⅓	24	14	15⅓	25	16	23½	12	11	35	40
Hooghly ...	1st "	15	18 27/32	20	11	15¾	21	14⅜	13	12	8⅓	15 7/64	18
Howrah ...	1st "	13	20	19	14	19	16	17	15	11	9	*	*
Midnapore ...	29th Feb. 1872	25	24	27	17	17	18	10	16	8	10	*	*
Chittagong ...	1st Mar. 1872	16½	22¼	27	7	14¼	22	11¼	13	8½	9	*	*
Mymensingh ...	1st "	25	23⅓	33	10	14	30	15	*	7½	9	*	*
Sylhet ...	26th Feb. 1872	26	35	42	14	21½	32	21½	13¼	9	14¼	*	*
Balasore ...	1st Mar. 1872	16	24	32	10	17	16	9	12	7	9	*	*
24-Pergunnahs ...	1st "	17¾	20	22¾	13¼	13	14½	14½	16	9	8¾	*	*
Bograh ...	1st "	22	33	35	10	13½	20	9½	15	7½	7½	*	*
Maunbhoom ...	1st "	20	30	28	16	20	20	16	16	12	11	*	*
Kamroop ...	29th Feb. 1872	20	20	26	20	13	22	13	22	6	8	*	*
Nowgong ...	29th "	10	18	18	10	25	18	12	16	5	8	*	*
Districts in which all or most articles are cheaper.													
Bancoorah ...	29th Feb. 1872	20½	28	29	18¾	17½	21½	21	18¾	14	13½	35	32½
Bulloosh ...	1st Mar. 1872	19	23½	27	8	12¼	25	*	*	5	5	*	*
Dacca ...	1st "	24	22¾	32	18	26 11/16	50	11 9/16	20	7 5/16	10	*	*
Cachar ...	1st "	24⅝	23 1/16	32	16	10⅜	17¾	13 5/16	13 5/16	6 7/16	8⅞	*	*
Cuttack ...	1st "	18	28	32	22	25	32	11	18	8	13	*	*
Jessore ...	26th Feb. 1872	20	24½	24	13	20	23	16	15	8	8	*	*
Patna ...	29th "	20	23¼	23	16	26½	32	17 11/16	22	10 13/16	*	32	32
Dinagepore ...	1st Mar. 1872	27	32¼	34	10	16¼	26	12 9/16	12	9⅞	10	*	*
Singbhoom ...	2nd Feb. 1872	32	33	40	16	28	25	13	22	10	12	*	*
Julpigoree ...	28th "	16	*	13	16	*	16	*	11	*	8	*	*
Districts in which all or most articles are dearer.													
Deoghur ...	1st Mar. 1872	16	35	25	20	23	21	23	20	14	14	50	35
Furreedpore ...	29th Feb. 1872	12	20¾	26	14¼	25	40	22¾	29	8	10	*	*
Gya ...	1st Mar. 1872	21½	19⅞	24	24½	23 5/16	25	16½	22	13 3/16	20	31 5/16	36
Chumparun ...	1st "	25	20	27	12	16	17	24	25	16	17	20	21
Sarun ...	28th Feb. 1872	15	17¾	19	22½	16½	30	11¼	17½	10¼	14	27	20
Luckhimpore ...	29th "	7½	7	13	9	8	9	9	10	5	8	*	*
Districts in which some articles are dearer and some cheaper.													
Bhaugulpore ...	29th Feb. 1872	22 11/16	31½	25 15/16	21 7/16	47 6/16	24 9/16	27¾	21 7/16	20 3/16	17 11/16	50½	29 3/16
Monghyr ...	29th "	14	19	21	9	19	25	18	20	14	16	36	24
Burdwan ...	29th "	24¾	26	27½	11¾	23¼	24½	15½	15½	10½	9½	*	*
Beerbhoom ...	29th "	24	25½	29	*	28	30	17	17	12½	10	30	*
Tipperah ...	26th "	20	29	37½	8	17	32	10½	14	7½	7	*	*
Backergunge ...	26th "	16	22 5/16	22½	12	16	12½	*	14	7½	7	*	*
Pooree ...	26th "	24 15/16	30 3/16	27 9/16	17 1/16	15¾	18⅜	8¾	10½	7	7⅞	*	*
Nuddea ...	1st Mar. 1872	16	25	21⅜	20	37 9/16	45¼	24⅜	16⅞	12 13/16	10 11/16	*	*
Shahabad ...	1st "	13	20	21	18	21	28	18	20	14	17	24	30
Tirhoot ...	2nd "	18	19	21	13	14	19	19	20	14	14	35	23
Rajshahye ...	29th Feb. 1872	13½	26¼	27 3/16	12	32	45	15	18	10	12	*	*
Maldah ...	1st Mar. 1872	26	28	27	15	27½	40	20½	17	14	14	*	*
Moorshedabad ...	1st "	18	24	25	10	30	35	19	20	15	12	20	20
Pubna ...	1st "	15	24	30	8½	32	52½	19½	24	10½	12	*	*
Rungpore ...	29th Feb. 1872	15	28½	25⅞	10⅛	14½	25⅞	16	20	8¼	9	*	*
Lohardugah ...	28th "	22	27½	25	8	15⅔	16	15	14	9½	11	35	50
Hazareebaugh ...	1st Mar. 1872	12	21¾	25	12	25	22½	20¼	22	13	14½	40	30
Durrung ...	29th Feb. 1872	8	21	18	8	12	18	9	8	6	8	*	*
Seebsaugor ...	29th "	21	24	24	10	10	10	8	8	4	4	*	*
Darjeeling ...	28th "	8	13	14	6	8	8	8	8	8	8	20	23
Gowalparah ...	1st Mar. 1872	13	14	15	13	14	15	30	31	[illegible]	8	40	40

* Information not supplied.

PUBLISHED for general information,

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 12th March 1872.

NOTICE.

THE following Packages landed from the undermentioned Ships are lying unclaimed at the Custom House. If the Goods are not cleared on or before the dates stated against each item, they will be sold, under Section 57 of Act VI. of 1863, for the realization of duty, wharfage, and other charges:—

Date of Sale.		Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1872, Mar.	30th ...	1 Box, Mr. R. Taylor, Oak Lodge, Dalhousie Hill, *vid* Loodiana, Punjab, India	... Meinam.
„	23rd ...	2 Boxes, M N	... Mahratta.
„	23rd ...	2 Cases, C. N. and Co.	... Dacca.
„	23rd ...	11 Bars of Iron, 8 Pieces ditto, no mark	... Cathcart.
„	23rd ...	10 Cakes of Spelter, M	... Ditto.
„	30th ...	1 Case, [G. A. & Co.] C. L. & Co.	... Oriental.
„	30th ...	2 Drums, [X]	... Ditto.
„	30th ...	1 Bag, R	... Meinam.
„	30th ...	1 Bag, E	... Ditto.
„	30th ...	1 Bundle, no mark	... Hindoostan.
„	30th ...	2 Boxes, no mark	... Ditto.
„	30th ...	1 Bag, no mark	... Ditto.
„	30th ...	1 Parcel, [C B C]	... Burmah.
„	30th ...	1 Keg, [S. S. & Co.]	... Ditto.
April	6th ...	27 Cases, M Y	... Deccan.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 12th March 1872.

J. A. CRAWFORD, *Collector of Customs.*

NOTICE.

THE following Package has been landed at the Custom House from the undermentioned Ship under the provisions of Section 52 of Act VI. of 1863. If the Goods are not cleared before the date stated against the item, they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharf rent, and other charges, under Section 56 of Act VI. of 1863:—

Date of Sale.	Mark or Address of Package.	Ship.
1872, April 27th ...	300 Cases, [J B B]	... Antoinette.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 12th March 1872.

J. A. CRAWFORD, *Collector of Customs.*

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V. (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned Ships have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act:—

Date of removal to Import Warehouse. 1872.	No., mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
Mar. 2nd ...	1 Case, [75] A. B. & Co.	... Order	... Killarney.
„ 2nd ...	2 Cases, [63] A. B. & Co.	... „	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	16 Packages, [A R K, 827] B. B. & Co.	„	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	1 Sample, addressed	... Alfred D Burke	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	1 Sample, C N C	... Carlisle, Nephew & Co.	Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	1 Case, addressed	... A. T. Beauon	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	3 Cups and 9 pieces, [J P C]	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	1 Cask, M & F	... „	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	1 Case, [M S M I] A B	... „	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	3 Cases, [R. A. & Co.]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	13 Cases, [8913]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	4 Cases, [29] D	... G. E. Hotel	... Botanist.
„ 2nd ...	51 Cases, [D]	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	3 Cases, [D. S. & Co.]	... Dwarka Nath Sein	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	19 Casks, [29] E D J	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	1 Crate	... „	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	31 Cases, [F]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	23 Cases, J V G	... „	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	100 Cases, [P. & Co.]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	40 Cases, [P] S. & Co.	... „	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	1 Sample Case, [R A C] B	... Anstruther & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	1 Case, S H A C	... Ahmed Woollah	... Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	1 Sample, G S T	... Order	... Ditto.

CALCUTTA,
The 11th March 1872.

W. D. BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*

(1138—1)

STATEMENT showing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export in the undermentioned Districts:—

Name of District.	Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.	Quantity remaining in store actually available for export on 10th Jan. 1872.	Remarks.
		Indian Mds.	
Ganjam ...	Bavanapadu, at the Nowpadah Salt Pans ...	50,000	
Godavery ...	Cocanada ...	.....	
Kistna ...	Nizampatam ...	.....	
Chingleput ...	Madras ...	297,486	
	Ennore ...	179,646	
	Covelong ...	.....	
South Arcot ...	Merkanum ...	50,000	
Tanjore ...	Negapatam ...	.....	
	Katmavady ...	.....	
Tinnevelly ...	Tuticorin ...	.....	
	Total ...	577,132	

N.B.—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rates specified in the Notifications dated 21st March 1868 and 22nd April 1869, published at pages 737, Fort St. George Gazette, dated 24th March 1868, and 637, dated 27th April 1869.

J. P. Pennington,
Sub-Secretary.

Revenue Board Office,
Madras, the 8th February 1872.

Published for general information.

By order of the Member in charge,

T. B. Lane,
Secretary.

Board of Revenue, L.P.,
Fort William.

Notice

Is hereby given that the undermentioned lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 2,000 acres, more or less, situate in Mouzah Ekoratolli, Mehal Deenjoz, in the district of Luckimpore, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed land in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," (Chapter XXVI of the rules of the Board of Revenue). All claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 5 an acre, on the 2nd May of 1872, at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

W. S. Clarke,
Deputy Commissioner.

Dy. Commr's. Office, Luckimpore,
The 1st February 1872.

1. Lot.

Boundaries.

North—Maijan River.
South—Sessa Nuddee and Ryotts' Basti lands.
East—Nadooa Grant.
West—Barra Bheel, Farlong Nuddee, and Ryotts' cultivated lands.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 718 acres, situated in Mouzah Tingrai, Mehal Tingrai, District of Luckimpore, Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (chapter XXVI of the rules of the Board of Revenue). All claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 2-8 an acre on the 2nd day of May 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, Assam. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

W. C. S. Clarke,
Dy. Commr., Luckimpore.

Debrooguri Dy. Commr.'s Office,
The 3rd February 1872.

Lot 1.

Boundaries.

North—Tingrai Nuddee.
South—Balijan Garden and a Path.
East—Chapori.
West—Tingrai Nuddee.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 157 acres 2 roods and 8 poles, situate in Mouzah Kakoratolly, in the district of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the "rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (Chapter XXVI. of the rules of the Board of Revenue.)" All claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 2-8 an acre, on the 3rd day of June 1872, at the Deputy Commissioner's Office at Debrooghur. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863 :—

Boundaries.

North—By the Bissakossijan and Suddyah road.
South—By the Hilikhagooryjan.
East—Road to Suddyah.
West—Bissakossijan.

W. C. S. Clarke,
Deputy Commissioner.

Depy. Commr.'s Office, Luckimpore,
The 29th February 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 748 acres 1 rood and 3 poles, situate in Mouzah Rungagora, in the district of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the "rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (Chapter XXVI. of the

rules of the Board of Revenue.)" All claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 2-8 an acre, on the 3rd day of June 1872, at the Deputy Commissioner's Office at Debrooghur. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863 :—

Boundaries.

North—Moree Dibroo and Dibroo River.
South—Forest Jungle and Grant No. I.
West—Dinjan.
East—Thecka Disoyjan.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Deputy Commissioner.

DEPY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 29th February 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 513 acres 1 rood, situate in Mouzah Bogdome, in the district of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the "rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (Chapter XXVI. of the rules of the Board of Revenue.)" All claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 2-8 an acre, on the 3rd day of June 1872, at the Deputy Commissioner's Office at Debrooghur. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863 :—

Boundaries.

North—By the Moree Dibroo.
South—Grass Jungle.
East—Road to Rungagora and Dinjan River.
West—Law Jam and road to Debrooghur.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Deputy Commissioner.

DEPY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 29th February 1872.

Notice.

LOT No. 8.

NOTICE is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 63 acres, more or less, situated in Mouzah Solall, Zillah Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 5 per acre on the 17th day of June 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863 :—

Boundaries.

North, Roopeet land; South, Chekoni Purbut; East, jungle and Paneebhola tree; West, Chekonee Jooree and Paneebhola tree.

J. SHERER,
Deputy Commissioner.

NOWGONG, ASSAM,
The 31st January 1872.

Notice.

LOT No. 9.

NOTICE is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 112 acres, more or less, situated in Mouzah Solall, Zillah Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 5 per acre on the 17th day of June 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863 :—

Boundaries.

North, jungle and Mr. Haxell's grant under ordinary cultivation lease; South, jungle and Paneebhola tree; East, Chekonee Purbut; West, Dullung Jooree.

J. SHERER,
Deputy Commissioner.

NOWGONG, ASSAM,
The 31st January 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 150 acres, more or less situated in Mouzah Rungamatee, Zillah Seebsagur, and bounded as shown at foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of two rupees and eight annas per acre, on the 17th June 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Seebsagur, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863.

Boundaries of Lot.

North, Gela Bheel; South, Gur Allee; East, by a line drawn at right angles from the Gur Allee, where a pillar will be raised to the Gela Bheel, distant 3,600 feet; West, a line parallel to the eastern boundary and distant 1,800 feet from it.

A. C. CAMPBELL, *Major,*
Deputy Commissioner.

ZILLAH SEEBSAGUR, DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE,
The 20th December 1871.

CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4528	A/90 12783	100	Beharyloll Bose.
4529	A/88 69984	50	Tincowry Roy.
4531	A/96 42550	10	J. C. Cox.
4532	A/93 50005	50	Chumroo Sing and Narain Sing.
	,, 49796	50	
	,, 24659	50	
	,, 56411	50	
	,, 67731	50	
	,, 66800	50	
	,, 47533	50	
	,, 49671	50	
	,, 52625	50	
4533	A/85 78367	500	Shaik Tegally.
4534	A/86 80559	1,000	Coomar Sing Gyapershad.
	,, 67279	1,000	
	,, 76875	1,000	
4535	A/90 17736	100	Purno Chunder Dutt.
4536	A/86 73951	1,000	Messrs. L. W. Toulmin and Co.
	,, 85763	1,000	
	,, 85764	1,000	
	,, 85765	1,000	
	,, 85766	1,000	
	,, 85767	1,000	
	,, 85768	1,000	
4537	A/90 27739	100	Alla Bux.
	,, 58027	100	
	,, 58026	100	
	,, 58025	100	
4538	A/88 42366	50	Debandronath Dey.
4552	A/90 59336	100	Heraloll Seal.
4553	A/84 27157	100	Mohes Chunder Paul.
	,, 27158	100	
	,, 27159	100	
4554	A/90 41868	100	Heraloll Nundy.
	,, 41127	100	
	,, 41126	100	
	,, 41125	100	
	,, 35065	100	
	A/88 40271	50	
	A/80 31901	10	
	A/97 18458	10	
4555	A/86 69228	500	Rossomoy Ghose.
4556	A/88 64298	50	Kalachund Mondole.
	,, 66294	50	
	,, 65776	50	
	A/90 65812	100	
	,, 65813	100	
4570	A/86 92928	1,000	Bhugwan Doss Agurwalla.

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4575	A/99 44565	20	Messrs. J. Davies & Co.
	,, 00792	20	
	,, 28692	20	
	,, 42136	20	
	A/81 23391	20	
	A/98 71229	10	
4576	A/84 95178	100	Roy Norendronath Chowdry.
4580	A/85 76684	500	Kissen Ram.
	A/83 59286	50	
4581	A/83 59653	50	Praunauth Roy Chowdry.
	,, 59654	50	
	,, 59657	50	
	,, 78847	50	
4588	A/80 04062	10	Tara Dutt.
4590	A/86 81810	1,000	Kadernath Mitter.
	A/90 66051	100	
	,, 67307	100	
	,, 44996	100	
4591	A/84 39546	100	Bindrabun Raveteepershad.
	,, 34367	100	
	,, 50942	100	
4592	A/82 33938	50	J. D. White.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

4539	A/96 40349	10	Messrs. Atkinson, Tilton and Co.
4540	A/80 61177	10	Mr. J. Toonee.
4541	A/50 28827	10	Messrs. Bennett and Co.
4542	A/87 95741	50	Luckhmeechund Rakhickha.
	A/81 18926	50	
4544	A/87 85512	50	Mirza Ibrahim Beg.
4546	A/94 57926	20	Ismail Khan.
4547	A/87 78151	50	Rundhaie Lal.
4549	A/00 16857	10	Benudbehary Sing.
4550	A/98 44887	10	Nobinchund Bural.
4551	A/93 92999	20	Bistoo Doss Ghose.
	A/8 85938	10	
4557	A/93 80835	20	Dwarkanath Bhunjo.
	A/97 91100	10	
	A/96 21632	10	
4558	A/80 91015	10	Briznath Sing.
4562	A/97 51066	10	Hurronath Seal.
4564	A/84 34298	100	Pitumber Shaha.
4567	A/69 63913	10	Messrs. Colvin, Cowie and Co.
	A/95 37019	20	
	A/88 56301	50	
	,, 56302	50	
4568	A/00 31971	100	J. Gibbon.
4569	A/88 63597	50	Doorgadoss Doss and Woomachurn Doss.
4571	A/93 77284	20 each.	Messrs. James Anderson & Co.
	,, 39028		
	A/94 69484		
	,, 11426		
4582	A/82 03042	20	Dwarkanath Chuckerbutty.
	,, 76252	20	
4583	A/95 93304	10	Juggobundhoo Goopto.
4585	A/97 41857	20	Hajee Hossein Ali.
4586	A/95 82517	20	A. J. Oldham.
4589	A/48 64734	10	C. T. Davies.

Wrongly joined.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4543	A/51 13399 A/51 69397	10	Koylas Chunder Banerjee.
4545	A/70 09130 A/66 72090	10	Auttol Behary Paul.
4548	A/67 94150 ,, 94151	50	Ramessur Mookerjee.
4559	A/93 05682 ,, 05681	20	Rahamuth Khow.
4560	A/88 35884 ,, 35585	50	Bunkim Chunder Chatterjee.
4561	A/69 90842 A/96 34908	10	Gunganarain Dhur.
4563	A/93 65244 ,, 65243	20	Syed Hossein.
4574	A/93 81902 A/78 75564	20	J. P. Hicks Lyne.
4577	A/93 51072 ,, 51071 A/71 87155 ,, 87147	20 20 20	Messrs. Wattenbach, Heilgers & Co.
4578	A/79 03518 A/96 61290	10	Tameezuddeen, Ahamud.
4579	A/96 95255 ,, 95899	10	Kallypuddo Chuckerbutty.
4584	A/51 18877 A/87 14935	10	Hurkuru Doss, Ramchurn Doss.
4587	A/95 09946 ,, 79694	10	Messrs. P. S. D'Rozario & Co.

L. BERKELEY,
Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 11th March 1872.

Sheriff's Office, the 5th March 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Third Criminal Session of the year 1872 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town Hall of Calcutta, on Thursday, the Fourth day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

JOHN COWIE,
Sheriff.

শরিফ আফিস ১৮৭২ সাল ৫ মার্চ।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামি ৪ আপ্রিল বৃহস্পতিবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার টৌনহালে হাই কোর্টের আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭২ সালের তৃতী ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্দ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে ঐ সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি সন ১৮৭২ সাল তারিখ ৫ মার্চ।

JOHN COWIE,
Sheriff.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagirutee River for the week ending Friday, the 9th March 1872.

NAMES OF PLACES, &c.	Least depth of Water.		REMARKS.
	Ft.	In.	
On the Entrance Bar ...	5	0	
FROM			
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	4	1	
FROM			
Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles.	3	0	Boats drawing 4 feet can pass up and down easily.
FROM			
Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles.	3	0	
FROM			
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles...	4	0	

Height of water on guage at Berhampore on the 11th March 1872 above zero 4 feet 10½ inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E.,
Exe. Engr., Nuddea (Local) Rivers Division.

BERHAMPORE,
The 11th March 1872.

Insolvent Notice.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Charles Henry Compton, an Insolvent. } On Monday, the 26th day of February instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Gray and Sen, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 26th February 1872.

In the matter of Sewchurn Ram and Dabeeloll, Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvents were adjudged entitled to their personal discharge under the Act XI Vic., cap. 21, as to all persons named in their schedule as creditors or claiming to be creditors respectively.

Carruthers and Dignam, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Alfred William Cave, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 6th day of April next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

M. Camell, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Martha Herring, an Insolvent. } On Thursday, the 7th day of March, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Robertson, Orr, Harriss, and Francis, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Adjodiapersaud and Bindapersaud, Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 29th day of February last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 6th day of April next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *"Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing."*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Parke Pittar, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 22nd day of November 1871 to the 29th day of February last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 6th day of April next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *"Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing."*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of William Frederick Fergusson and others, Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the first day of July 1855 to the 29th day of February last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 6th day of April next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *"Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing."*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Chundernauth Shaw, and Nundohurry Shaw, Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 15th day of May 1871 to the 29th day of February last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 6th day of April next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *"Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing."*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Thomas Gaynor, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 1,260-10 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 25 per cent upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of George Richmond Ferris, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 1,359-9 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a dividend at the rate of annas four per cent upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in

proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Alexander Grant Glass, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 1,864-0-10 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 2 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of William Richard Ford, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 1,320-8-7 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 2-12 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Nilrutton Holdar, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 1,037-10-10 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 1-8 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Muddoo Soodun Auddy, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 1,835-12-5 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 4 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Johann Anton Hoffman, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 2,816-10-8 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a dividend at the rate of annas fifteen per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Golaum Hossain Virjee, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 4,199-10-5 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a dividend at the rate of annas fourteen per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Edward Pittis, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 1,684-15 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 4 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Henry Edward Braddon, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 1,375-5-4 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a dividend at the rate of

annas twelve per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Maudub Chunder Rooder, Woomes Chunder Mitter, and Beer Chunder Mitter, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 15,731 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvents as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 5-8 per cent upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvents, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 12th March 1872.

Postal Notice.

SEA AND OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Madras and Ceylon ...	7 P.M.	13th Mar.	*Golconda.*
France, Foreign Europe *viâ* France, the intermediate Ports, Mauritius, and China.	7 „	18th „	*Meinam.*
The Straits and Hong-Kong.	7 „	15th „	*Hindoostan and Glenartney.*
Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulmein.	7 „	17th „	*Burmah.*
Gopaulpore, Bimlipatam, Vizagapatam, Coconada, Madras, Pondicherry, Negapatam, Galle, Colombo, Tuticorin, Cochin, Beypore, Calicut, Tellecherry, Cannanore, Mangalore, Carwar, and Bombay.	7 „	13th „	*Asia.*

The next Overland Mail *vid* Bombay will close on Friday, the 15th March 1872.

2. Book Post and Pattern Packets must be posted on the 14th.

3. Letters, &c., for Mauritius, St. Denis, and Ré-union, can be sent by this opportunity.

N.B.—The letter box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two annas on each cover will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four annas on each cover up to 8 P.M., and after 8 up to 9 P.M., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât.

W. H. McGOWAN,
Post-Master.

CALCUTTA,
The 12th March 1872.

Remaining and Unclaimed Letters accumulated in the Calcutta Post Office on the 9th March 1872.

Alderman, G. R.	Killery, Mrs.
Abram Thundelhagan.	King, Mrs. J. F.
Archer, A. O.	Lee, J. P.
Andrews, J.	Leggatt, Mrs. A. T.
Blain, W.	Millar, J. B.
Barter, J. H.	Murray, K.
Boase, J.	Marselli, Capt.
Boileau, T.	Mainwarning, Col. G.
Bernard, Captain.	McKoy, T. P.
Bridgnell, Mrs.	Meyarics, Miss L.
Bartlett, Mrs. S.	Malone, T.
Brodie, M.	McPhaie, J. W.
Beverley, G. W.	McIntyre, J.
Curtis, A.	Mass, T.
Conolly, Lieut. A.	Murray, J. A. P.
Canian, J.	Martin, Mr. A.
Cunningham, F. E.	North, Mrs. J.
Castello, A. J.	Nesbitt, Mrs.
Courtney, Dr.	Nicholls, Col. J. E. T.
D'Silva, G.	O'Connor, C. J.
Dickenson, J. C.	O'Connell, Col. P.
Dunne, Mrs.	Parker, V. C. E.
Drageon, Mrs. L.	Packe, Mrs. C. F.
D'Souza, E. L.	Riechurn Mullick.
Dumas, S.	Reid, R. L.
Dawson, G. F.	Redford, Mrs.
Darwood, J.	Randall, Lieut.-Col. W. L.
D'Silva, G.	Radford, Mrs.
Findon, Mrs. C.	Sheringham, Lieut.
Fanshawe, A. N.	Small, J.
Fleury & Co.	Schlachter, J.
Fisher, Mrs. F.	Shead, J.
Frazer, Mrs. E.	Smith, A. E.
Grant, J. W.	Smith, J.
Garnett, Capt. A. P.	Tonkin, Lieut. W. P.
Gore, Capt. F. A.	The Landlord, 1, Creek Row.
Geraldine.	Thomson, R.
Graham, C.	Tyrrell, Armour Sergt. T.
Green, Mrs. L.	Turner, P.
Godino, J.	Thomas, T. W.
Heron, D.	Watkins, Mrs. E.
Harriss, J.	Watkins, J. H.
Hill, A. D.	Williamson, Mrs. J.
Hunt, G.	Wright, S.
Hinde, H. M.	Wells, Miss.
Jenkins, Lieut.-Col. J. H.	Watson, J., E.
Jebson & Co.	Woodroffe, G. & Co.
Jackson, H. B.	Winser, Dr.
Joseph, Mr.	Wood, Esq.
Joseph, Mrs. R.	White, R.
	Young, Miss E.

W. H. McGOWAN,
Post-master of Calcutta.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

Notice.

PHULTA Ghât Ferry Collections for the year beginning 1st April 1872, and ending 31st March 1873, to be sold by auction at Geyrettee Inspection House on the 25th March at 10 A.M.

Rs. 100 earnest money to be deposited by all bidders, and Rs. 1,000 by the purchaser, and the remainder to be paid in equal monthly instalments.

G. RAYNER,
Exe. Engr., 1st Divn., G. T. R.

BURDWAN,
The 11th March 1872.

Department of Public Works.

NOTICE is hereby given that the right of collecting the authorized tolls on the Buxee and Gyeghattee Navigation Channels, for the year ending the 31st March 1873, will be sold by public auction at the Office of the Executive Engineer, 24-Pergunnahs Division, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, on Thursday, the 21st March 1872, at 11 A.M.

Each intending bidder will be required to deposit before the sale commences the sum of Rs. 100, which will be returned to him in the event of his bid not being accepted; the deposit of the highest bidder will be returned on the receipt of security equal to the amount of one-fourth of his bid.

This cancels the previous notice advertising the sale to take place on the 25th instant at Raneegunge.

For further particulars, apply to the undersigned.

A. J. HUGHES, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Selye Division,
Raneegunge.

বিজ্ঞাপন।

সর্ব্বসাধারণকে জ্ঞাত করা যাইতেছে যে, সন ছালের ২১ মার্চ তারিখে বৃহস্পতিবার বেলা ১১ ঘণ্টার সময় মোকাম কলিকাতার রাইটর্স বিলডিং নামক বাটিতে ২৪ পরগনার ডিবিজনের একজিকিউটিব ইঞ্জিনিয়র সাহেবের আপিসে রূপনারায়ণ ও দামোদর নদের মধ্যবর্ত্তী বাকসী ও গাইঘাটী নামক খাল সন ১৮৭২ সালের ১লা আপ্রেল অবধি সন ১৮৭৩ সালের ৩১ মার্চ পর্য্যন্ত এক বৎসরের নিমিত্ত মাসুল আদায়ের ইজারা প্রকাশ্য নীলামে বিলি করা যাইবে।

প্রত্যেক নীলাম ডাকনিয়া ব্যক্তিকে নীলাম আরম্ভের পূর্ব্বে ১০০৲ শত টাকা আমানত করিতে হইবে এবং যাহাদিগের ডাক অগ্রাহ্য হইবে, তাহাদিগের আমানতি টাকা ফেরত দেওয়া যাইবে এবং উচ্চ পণের নীলাম ডাকনীয়া ব্যক্তির আমানতি টাকা ইজারার ডাকের সিকি পরিমাণে জামিনী টাকা আদায় দিলে ফেরত দেওয়া যাইবে।

এই মুচীস দ্বারায় পূর্ব্বলিখিত রাণীগঞ্জ মোকামে নীলাম করা রদ হইল।

উপরক্ত বিষয়ের অন্যান্য সংবাদ নিম্নস্বাক্ষরিত সাহেবের সমীপে প্রাপ্ত হইবে।

এ. জে, হিউজ, সি, ই,
একজিকিউটিব ইঞ্জিনিয়ার সিলাই ডিবিজান,
রাণীগঞ্জ।

Notice.

COPIES of Act VII of 1871, the Indian Emigration Act, in Urdoo and Hindee, can be obtained on application at the Bengal Secretariat at 8 annas per copy.

Notice

Is hereby given that the lease of the undermentioned lime quarries, situated in the Khasi and Jynteah Hills, for three years, commencing from the 1st April 1872 and ending with the 31st March 1875 A.D., will be put up to public auction on the 30th March 1872, at 12 A.M., at the Deputy Commissioner's Office at Shillong, at the upset price mentioned opposite the mehals. The rent payable half-yearly in advance. Further particulars regarding lime quarries can be obtained by application to the undersigned :—

No.	Name of quarries.	Where situated.	Upset price.
			Rs. As.
1	Patharea Chorra ...	Bhawal in Khasi Hills	6,015 0
2	Romsemdemreski ...	Maharam in ditto ...	795 0
3	Nokorea Cherra ...	Malaichamok in ditto	500 0
4	Oolhmee Cherra ...	Jynteah Hills ...	5,000 0
5	Leemussoochu ...	Ditto ...	805 0
6	Mooralee Cherra ...	Ditto ...	206 0
7	Nongtholong ...	Ditto ...	1,006 0
8	Roopnath	Ditto ...	1,506 0
9	Choon Cherra, Lelting Cherra, and Rowje.	Ditto ...	14,500 0

J. B. SHADWELL,
Extra Asst. Commr., in charge.
DY. COMMR.'s OFFICE, KHASI AND JYNTEAH HILLS,
The 26th February 1872.

Notice.

CERTAIN effects belonging to the estate of the late MR. E. ROSMOND, who held the post of Inspector in the Sarun Police, and who died intestate on the 24th January 1872, have been placed in the custody of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

A. HOPE,
SARUN, *Judge.*
The 24th February 1872. (1122—4)

Administrator-General's Office.

THE Estate of Henry Williams, Head Accountant in the Office of the Conservator of Forests, has come under charge of this Office.

All persons having claims upon, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the above Estate, are requested to place themselves in immediate communication with the undersigned.

L. P. D. BROUGHTON,
4, STRAND, *Administrator-General.*
Calcutta, the 2nd March 1872. (1132—1)

Dulcherra Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered Office of the Company, No. 6, Mission Row, on Saturday, the 30th instant, at 12 o'clock noon, to receive the Directors' report, and to transact any other business which may be brought forward.

YOUNG, GRAY & Co.,
Secretaries.
The 9th March 1872. (1137—2)

To BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD on Saturday, the ninth day of March next, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Original Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, in pursuance of the decree made by the said High Court on the third day of March last, in the suit No. 83 of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, wherein Eliza White is plaintiff, and Ramloll Mookerjee is defendant.

The estate and interest of the said defendant Ramloll Mookerjee as mortgagee, under and by virtue of an Indenture of mortgage, bearing date the third day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, made between Hurrynarain Day of Cornwallis Street, in Simlah, in the Town of Calcutta, of the one part, and the said Ramloll Mookerjee of the other part, and which Indenture of mortgage was executed in order to secure the said Ramloll Mookerjee, his heirs, representatives, and assigns repayment by the said Hurrynarain Day, his heirs, representatives, and assigns of the principal sum of Rupees thirty-seven thousand on the third day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and interest thereon at the rate of eighteen per cent. per annum by quarterly instalments. All that piece or parcel of land containing by estimation about sixteen cottahs a little more or less, situate, lying, and being at No. 4, Callyprosaud Dutt's Street, in Sonagachee, in the Town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded as follows:—on the north by the Government road called Callyprosaud Dutt's Street; on the south by the family dwelling-house of the late Mothoormohun Some; on the east by the dwelling-house of Surroopchunder Dutt; and on the west by the tenanted land of Nobinchunder Sircar.

Also all that piece or parcel of land held under a mourosee pottah, containing by estimation about two biggahs seven cottahs and eight chittacks, situate, lying, and being at Sulkea, in the district of Howrah, on the banks of the river Hooghly, and bounded as follows:—on the south by a Government drain and the house and premises occupied by the Howrah police section; on the west by the land of Juttedalhurry Holdar; on the north by the wall and land of Burnoo Khansamah; and on the east by the river Hooghly.

Also all that undivided one-fifth part or share, the whole being divided into five equal parts or shares of, in, and to all that dwelling-house, together with the piece of land thereunto belonging, containing by estimation about two cottahs and four chittacks, situate and being on the west side of and numbered in Sibnarain Dass's Street, in Simlah, in the Town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded as follows:—on the south by the family dwelling-house of the late Sibnarain and Roopnarain Sircar, deceased; on the east by the tenanted house and premises of the late Gungadhur Bhuttacharjee; on the north by the family dwelling-house of Madhub Chunder Roodur; and on the west by the family dwelling-house of the late Sibnarain Sircar.

Also all that piece or parcel of tenanted land, together with the tank therein, containing by estimation about ten biggahs and ten cottahs a little more or less, situate, lying, and being at No. 710, holding No. 223, sub-division No. 13, division No. 3, at Talpooker, Baleaghattah, in Mouzah, Soorah, in Deehee Punchannogram, in the Zillah of Twenty-four Pergunnahs, and bounded on the south by the Government public road called Baleaghattah road; on the east by Talpooker lane; on the north by the house of Shaik Lall Mahomed; and on the west by the dwelling-house of the late Moonshee Hadaet Hossain.

Also at that piece or parcel of tenanted land known as Babee's Garden, containing by estimation about two cottahs, situate and being in Lower Circular Road in 24-Pergunnahs, and bounded as follows:—on the north by the Government lane and the house of Sheik Baboo Meah; on the south by the Government drain; on the east by the public road called the Circular Road and drain; and on the west by the tenanted land of the said Hurreenarain Day.

And also all that piece or parcel of land known as Babee's Baugan, containing by estimation about six cottahs, situate at Lower Circular Road, in Deehee Punchannogram, holding No. 1166, division 3, sub-division 22, and bounded on the north by the tank and land of the said Hurrynarain Day; on the south by the Government drain; on the east by the tenanted land of Bromomoye Dossee; and on the west by the house of Puddoo Meah, and the road called the Circular Road, and of and in the decree made by the said High Court in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction on the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine in the suit No. 189 of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, wherein the said Ramloll Mookerjee is plaintiff, and the said Hurrynarain Day is defendant, and which suit was instituted by the said Ramloll Mookerjee for recovery of the said principal sum of Rupees thirty-seven thousand and interest then due on the said Indenture of mortgage in pursuance of the covenant for payment contained in the said judicature of mortgage, and by which decree the said Hurrynarain Day was ordered and decreed to pay to the said Ramloll Mookerjee the sum of Rupees forty-three thousand and eighty-nine two annas and eleven pie for principal and interest including (quarterly rents) at the rate of eighteen per cent. per annum from the said third day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven to the second day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and subsequent interest on the principal sum of Rupees thirty-seven thousand, at the rate of six per cent. per annum to the date of realization and costs on scale No. 1, with interest thereon from the date of taxation to the date of realization.

NOTE.—The two last mentioned properties, known as Babee's Garden, are subject to a prior mortgage, no part of the principal, interest, and costs payable under the decree has been realized.

For further particulars and the conditions of sale, apply to the Office of Messrs. Gillanders and Company, Attorneys for the plaintiff.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION;
Registrar's Office,
Calcutta, the 28th February 1872. (1124—2)

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 5th March 1872.

LIABILITIES.		Rs. As. P.
Proprietors' Capital, paid-up		2,20,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund		15,40,509 7 0
General Treasury Balance at Head Office ...	Rs. 3,47,48,177 7 5	5,53,46,639 3 5
General Treasury Balance at Branches ...	Rs. 2,05,98,461 12 0	
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches ...		2,18,56,447 11 11
Bank Post Bills, &c.		11,10,039 13 9
Sundries		9,09,490 5 5
		10,27,63,126 9 6

ASSETS.		Rs. As. P.
Government Securities		90,35,238 4 0
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches		82,00,422 14 11
Accounts of Credit on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches		1,47,57,373 12 9
Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches		2,12,45,686 8 8
Dead Stock		11,87,977 0 7
Stamps		13,864 2 0
Balances with other Banks		4,66,784 3 7
Sundries		1,54,320 6 8
		5,50,61,652 4 9
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office ...	Rs. 1,60,24,464 3 9	4,77,01,474 4 9
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches ...	Rs. 3,16,77,010 1 0	
		10,27,63,126 9 6

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 7th March 1872.

J. GORDON,
Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.

GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(1134—1)

TO BE SOLD PEREMPTORILY, pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 66 of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, wherein Rajmohun Dutt is plaintiff and Hemchunder Mitter and another are defendants, dated thirteenth February one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, by the Registrar of the said Court, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on Saturday, the sixteenth day of March instant, at the hour of two o'clock, the following property :—

1st.—All that undivided half part or share of the defendant Hemchunder Mitter, of, and in the rented godown No. 22, Clive Street, in the town of Calcutta, together with twelve cottahs of land, more or less, bounded on the north by the house of Juttadharee Haldar; on the east by Clive Street; on the south by the lane which runs between Rajah Prosunno Narain Deb's godown and this godown; and on the west by Keshublall Dey's godown, subject to the rights of one Rajendro Dutt, the first mortgagee of the said premises.

2nd.—All that one moiety of the defendant Hemchunder Mitter, of, and in the land No. 147, Chitpore Road, in Calcutta, containing seven cottahs, bounded as follows: on the west by the Chitpore Road; on the east by Russicklall Mitter's rented house; on the north by Rajah Rajbullub Dey's Street; and on the south by Kally Mookerjee's land.

3rd.—All that house and land No. 144-9, Chitpore Road, at Bagbazar, bounded as follows: on the north by Russicklall Mitter's house; on the east by Nilmoney Chuckerbutty's house; on the south by Khellut Chunder Ghose's house; and on the west by Muddenmohun Tagore's Rashbatty and house of the defendant.

For further particulars, apply at the Office of Messieurs Bose and Haldar, Attorneys for the plaintiff, at No. 2, Loudon's Buildings, Hastings Street.

R. BELCHEMBERS,
Registrar.

CALCUTTA HIGH COURT,
ORIGINAL JURISDICTION, REGISTRAR'S OFFICE,
The 7th March 1872. (1139—1)

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, under a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in the suit No. 40 of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and dated the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, wherein Degumber Mitter, Hurrymohun Roy, and Pearymohun Roy, are plaintiffs, and Nittogopaul Chatterjee and Russickloll Chatterjee are defendants, by the Registrar of the said Court, at the Town Hall, on Saturday, the sixth day of April next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the undermentioned property, that is to say :—

All that brick-built house and premises, No. 18-3, in Baheer Simlah, north of Sukeas Street, in the town of Calcutta, together with the land thereunto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected, measuring four cottahs and nine chittacks or thereabouts, and bounded on the North by a tank, now the property of Nobinchunder Bose; on the South now by Sukeas Street; on the East now by the house of Nundoram Gope; and on the West now by the house of Kessubchunder Ghose.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply at the Office of Mr. Charles William Hatch, Attorney for the plaintiffs, No. 10, Old Post Office Street.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION,
REGISTRAR'S OFFICE,
Calcutta, the 6th March 1872. (1135—2)

Bengal Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Twenty-third Half-yearly General Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered Office, No. 7, Church Lane, on Wednesday, the 20th March, at 4 P.M., to receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the half-year ending 31st December 1871, to declare a dividend, and transact such other business as may be brought forward.

A. H. BLECHYNDEN,
Secretary.
The 11th March 1872. (1136—2)

STATEMENT of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the books of the Bank of Bengal on the 29th February 1872.

PARTICULARS.	3½ per cent. Loan of 1853-54.	4 per Cent. Loan							4½ per Cent.				5 per Cent.		5½ per cent. Loan of 1859-60.	Debentures for			Total amount.
		of 1824-25.	of 1828-29.	of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	of 1856-57.	Transfer Loan dated 15th July 1870.	Loan dated 4th July 1871.	Transfer Loan of 1872.	P. W. of 1854-55.	Loan of 1856-57.		5 years at 5 per cent. Repayable June 1872.	10 years at 5 per cent. Repayable June 1877.	15 years at 5 per cent. Repayable June 1882.	
Balance of 15th February 1872 ...	53,100	20,374	2,880	19,83,680	39,53,500	1,48,85,900	1,20,86,200	1,30,13,100	14,500	34,25,200	8,77,000	2,49,98,500	...	1,02,58,600	4,08,96,700	22,81,000	33,11,000	36,50,000	13,57,11,234
Add																			
Amount enfaced at Madras between 16th and 29th February 1872 ...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amount enfaced at Bombay between 16th and 29th February 1872 ...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	2,15,000	.....	.....	.....	2,15,000
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 16th and 29th February 1872 ...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22,600	26,400	...	5,500	.....	7,64,200	...	.....	2,83,500	.....	.....	12,000	11,14,200
Total ...	53,100	20,374	2,880	19,83,680	39,53,500	1,48,85,900	1,21,08,800	1,30,39,500	14,500	34,30,700	8,77,000	2,57,62,700	...	1,02,58,600	4,13,95,200	22,81,000	33,11,000	36,62,000	13,70,40,434
Deduct																			
Amount written off in the London Registers	...	.....	.....	.....	500	1,26,000	43,500	81,600	...	.....	.....	.....	...	22,74,200	1,51,000	2,21,000	.....	.....	28,97,800
Balance on 29th February 1872 ...	53,100	20,374	2,880	19,83,680	39,53,000	1,47,59,900	1,20,65,300	1,29,57,900	14,500	34,30,700	8,77,000	2,57,62,700	...	79,84,400	4,12,44,200	26,60,000	33,11,000	36,62,000	13,41,42,634

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 30th Dec. 1871—Enfaced from India 1,288 lakhs, re-transferred from London ... 1,258 lakhs.
From 1st Jan. 1872 to 15th Jan. 1872 ditto ditto 34 „ ditto ditto ... 25 „
From 16th „ „ to 31st „ „ ditto ditto 27 „ ditto ditto ... 31 „
From 1st Feb. „ to 15th Feb. „ ditto ditto 10 „ ditto ditto ... 12 „
From 16th „ „ to 29th „ „ ditto ditto 13 „ ditto ditto ... 29 „

1,372 — 1,355 lakhs.
1,355

Balance against India ... 17 lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 4th March 1872.

GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(1133—1)

Public Zemindari Sale.

THE right, title, and interest of Ramsewak Missir and Raghonandan Missir, deceased, and Jadoonandan Missir, Insolvents, in the following valuable zemindaries, situate in the District of Ghazipore, in the North-Western Provinces, now vested in the Official Assignee, will be put up to auction sale at Ghazipore, adjoining the Collectorate compound, at noon on Friday, the 15th day of March 1872, by the undersigned :—

Lot.	Names of Talookas.	Names of Mouzahs appertaining to each Talooka.	Area of Insolvents' share.	Jamma of Ditto.	Government Revenue payable for Ditto.
			B. K. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
1	Talooka Buxoopoor, Pergunnah Ghazipoor.	Buxoopoor ...	337 10 5	930 9 0	576 5 0
2	Talooka Chillar, Pergunnah Sydpoor ...	Chillar and Kirpalchuk ...	1,099 17 11	2,093 9 6	1,066 9 3
		Luchmanpoor and Sirkitha ...	480 18 0	1,095 6 6	558 12 3
		Total ...	1,580 15 11	3,188 15 6	1,625 5 6
3	Talooka Flingootar, Pergunnah Mahaitch	Flingootar ...	1,585 11 5	4,467 6 3	2,603 13 3
		Runpoor ...	598 13 10	1,716 13 3	1,025 15 0
		Total ...	2,184 4 15	6,184 3 6	3,629 12 3
4	Talooka Nooroodipoor, Pergunnah Khanpoor.	Nooroodipoor ...	1,481 9 1	4,115 0 3	1,833 2 6
5	Talooka Mundra, Pergunnah Shadiabad	Puttee Munsa Rae ...	264 11 10	996 6 3	390 9 10
		Puttee Oomrao Rae ...	399 16 10	1,182 5 3	554 12 5
		Puttee Duswant Rae ...	213 10 5	683 4 0	220 14 8
		Puttee Kemar Rae ...	149 19 5	460 6 0	190 12 1
		Mouza Dhamraon ...	86 12 0	196 6 3	69 4 2
		Mouza Hamzapoor ...	177 13 0	331 1 3	154 11 0
		Total ...	1,292 2 10	3,849 13 0	1,581 0 2

For conditions of sale and further particulars, apply at the Office of

PHILIP W. CARTER,
Official Assignee's Agent, Buxar.

BUXAR,
The 16th February 1872. (1108—4)

Estate of Obhoy Churn Sen, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that Sagore Dutt and Sham Churn Sen, both of this city, to whom, as the Executors named therein, Probate of the last Will and Testament of Obhoy Churn Sen, late of Calcutta, deceased, was, on the twenty-second day of December one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, granted by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Testamentary and Intestate jurisdiction, have, pursuant to the provisions of Section XXX of Act XXIV of 1857 of the Legislative Council of India (The Administrator-Generals' Act, 1867) by an instrument in writing under their hands, bearing date the sixth day of November one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, transferred to the Administrator-General of Bengal all estates and interests vested in them, the said Sagore Dutt and Sham Churn Sen, by virtue of the said Probate. Dated this twenty-first day of February one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

ROBERTSON, ORR, HARRISS, AND FRANCIS,
Solicitors and Proctors,
(1114—3) *Calcutta.*

Just Published.

SECOND and revised Edition of the Uncovenanted Civil Service Code, containing the Leave, Acting Allowance, Pension, Travelling, and other Rules, corrected up to 29th February 1872. Price, Rs. 2 and 4 annas, inclusive of postage. Apply to Baboo Bholanauth Sen, Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office, Calcutta.

(1130—3)

In the Court of the Judge of the District of Shahabad.

Notice.

UNDER SECTION 250, INDIAN SUCCESSION ACT, 1865.

IN the matter of the Estate of Robert Smith Coombs, Esq., deceased.

Whereas an application under the Indian Succession Act, 1865, for Probate of the Will, dated the 6th day of December 1869, of Robert Smith Coombs, Esq., deceased, late of Buxar, has been made by Charles James Coombs and Mary Ann Bock, and whereas Wednesday, the 13th March 1872, has been fixed for the hearing of this case, notice is hereby given that any person having any interest in the administration of the estate of the said deceased may, if he desire, appear in this Court on the said 13th day of March 1872, and show cause why the application of the said Charles James Coombs and Mary Ann Bock, both of Buxar, should not be granted.

A. J. ELLIOT,
Judge.

SHAHABAD DISTRICT COURT,
The 16th February 1872. (1113—3)

WASTE LAND RULES,

Being Chap. XXVI. of the Rules of the Board of Revenue

Price, 4 annas. Packing and postage charges, 2 annas extra.

Calcutta : Office of Supdt. of Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street.

TO BE SOLD PEREMPTORILY, pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 639 of one thousand eight hundred and seventy, wherein Foolchund Johurry is plaintiff, and Nundolall Mitter is defendant, dated the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, by the Registrar of the said Court, at the Town Hall, on Saturday, the thirteenth day of April next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the undermentioned property, that is to say:—

All that undivided moiety or half part or share of and in all that lower-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, or godown, together with a piece or parcel of land thereunto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation ten cottahs and eleven chittacks, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying, and being at, and numbered 71, formerly 22, Clive Street, in the town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded in the manner following, that is to say: on the North, by the land of Juttadharee Haldar, Radhanauth Haldar, and Sreemutty Biddoomookey Dossee; on the South, partly by the portion of the Postah purchased by Rajah Sitanauth Bose in trust for Nundolall Mitter and Hemchunder Mitter; on the East, by the public road called Clive Street; and on the West, by the land of Russickloll Dey.

An abstract of the title may be seen, and further particulars may be had, at the office of Baboo Debender Chunder Dutt, attorney for the plaintiff, 8, Hare Street, on any day before the sale, and the said abstract will be produced at the sale.

R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION,
Registrar's Office,
Calcutta, the 9th March 1872. (1141—2)

Soom Tea Company, "Limited."

NOTICE.

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, Darjeeling, on Saturday, the 30th of March 1872, at 4 P.M., to take into consideration the proposals contained in the letter of the Manager dated 4th February 1872, circulated with the last published report.

By order of the Directors,
WM. LLOYD,
Secretary.

DARJEELING,
The 24th February 1872. (1121—2)

Bishnauth Tea Company, "Limited."

WE beg to give notice that the Seventeenth Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the registered Office of the Company, No. 7, New China Bazar Street, on Thursday, the 28th instant, at 4 P.M., precisely, to receive the Directors' report, pass the accounts, declare a further dividend, and transact such other business as may be necessary.

By order of the Board,
WILLIAMSON, MAGOR & Co.,
Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,
The 12th March 1872. ((1140—3)

Lost

THE following Government Promissory Notes of 3½ per cent. loan:—

Nos. 490 and 491 of 1853-54, for Rs. 1,000 each.

No. 492 of 1853-54, for Rs. 3,000.

(1117—3) SHAMA SUNDERY.

The Indian Financial Almanack for 1872,

Price 4 annas; postage 1 anna.

Selections from Unpublished Records of

Government for the years 1748 to 1767 inclusive. Relating mainly to the social condition of Bengal With a Map of Calcutta in 1784. By the Rev. J. Long, Member of the Government Record Commission. Price Rs. 5; packing and postage 1 Rupee extra.

Selections from Calcutta Gazettes of the

years 1816 to 1823 inclusive, showing the political and social condition of the English in India upwards of fifty years ago. By Hugh David Sandeman, C.S., Accountant-General, Bengal, and Member of the Record Commission. Volume I, 3 Rs., and Volumes II, III, IV, and V, at 5 Rs. each; packing and postage 1 Rupee extra.

The above to be had at the Office of Superintendent of Government Printing, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Just Published.

Bengal Official Army List.

Corrected up to 1st January 1872.

THE Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is added a non-official Supplement, containing the latest corrected Civil List, &c. &c. Price Rs. 5, and 8 annas extra for packing and postage.

Calcutta: Office of Supdt. of Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street.

Central Provinces Gazetteer.

EDITION OF 1870 in one VOL.

A LIMITED number of the above work, strongly bound in cloth, octavo size, for sale at Rs. 12 per vol., exclusive of postage charge. Apply to

MESSRS. THACKER, VINNING, *Bombay,*

MESSRS. THACKER, SPINK & Co., *Calcutta,*

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Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS, at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—March 13, 1872.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1872.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plot of land no longer required by the Government situated in the district of Shahabad, will be put up to sale, at the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th April 1872, corresponding with 6th Baisakh 1279 *F.S.*

2. The purchasers of this plot will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plot will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estate.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Upset Price.
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.
.....	.....	Plot of land on which the old circuit bungalow stood in the town of Arrah with trees.	5 0 17¼	270 0 0

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 3rd February 1872.

H. W. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of Class C lands no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situated in the district of Shahabad, will be put up to sale, at the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th of April 1872, corresponding with 6th Baisakh 1279 *F.S.*

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estates.	Number on the District Roll.	Names of Estates and Pergunnahs.	Area in acres.	Upset Price.
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.
.....	.....	Koelwor, Pergunnah Baruhgawan ...	47 2 0	760 0 0
.....	.....	Dhundhian, ditto ditto ...	35 0 38	564 0 0
.....	.....	Humidpore, ditto Arrah ...	1 0 15	18 0 0
.....	.....	Domraon, ditto Bhojepore ...	3 0 30	51 0 0
		Total ...	87 0 8	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 3rd February 1872.

H. W. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plot of Class C lands no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situated in the District of Monghyr, will be put up to sale, at the Monghyr Collectorate, on Saturday, the 12th of April 1872, corresponding with 18th Cheyt 1279 *F.S.*

2. The purchaser of this plot will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plot will be sold revenue free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estates.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government Revenue.			Upset Price.
				Revenue assessed.	Road cess.	Total.	
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As P.	Rs. As. P.
1	4444	Arazee Class C lands in Mouzah Singpore, Pergunnah Dhurhura, relinquished by the Railway Company.	1 1 28	.....	.....	.....	46 0 0

COLLR.'S OFFICE, DISTRICT MONGHYR,
The 7th February 1872.

G. N. BARLOW, *Collector.*

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS, at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—March 13, 1872.

APPENDIX (No. II.) TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1872.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in the district of Nuddea will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 27th day of March 1872, corresponding with 15th Chyet 1278 *B.S.*, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1872.

No. 1-0.—Pergunnah Alumpur; recorded proprietors, Issur Chundra Pal Chowdhry and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 50,287-13-7, and Police Rs. 568-14-7. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 23,743-5-8, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 17-0.—Dehi Alpha; recorded proprietors, Santaram Roy and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 4,046-2-2½, and Police Rs. 44-14-8. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 92-1-5½, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 22.—Pergunnah Belgong; recorded proprietors, Kader Nath Ghose and others; sudder jumma, Rs. 6,054-3-8, and Police Rs. 73-11-11. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 832-10-6, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 62-0.—Dehi Buxipore; recorded proprietors, Hurrimohun Mukhupadhya and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 5,276-6-11. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 653-15-10, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 240-0.—Dehi Huri Sankura; recorded proprietors, Mohamaya Chowdhurani and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 1,935-3-7¾. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 48-6-10 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 304-0.—Turuf Khoirhuda; recorded proprietors, Nobokisto Chowdhury and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 539-10-5¼. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 9-12-5½, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 371-0.—Dehi Nakasipara; recorded proprietors, Santiram Roy and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 3,829-3, and Police Rs. 41-15-9. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 695-8-6, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 2179.—Chur Samnagur; recorded proprietor, Mr. J. B. Mackintosh; sudder jumma Rs. 523-9-8, and road fund Rs. 5-3-10. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 27-2-10, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 3227.—Dehi Pukuria; recorded proprietors, Nobokishen Chowdhry and others; sudder jumma, Rs. 799-13-4. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 26-0-10, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 3231.—Dehi Shasta; recorded proprietors, Jeban Nessa Bibi and others; sudder jumma, Rs. 553-3-10. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 7-12-6, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

NUDDEA COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 23rd February 1872.

C. STEVENS, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in the district of East Burdwan will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 27th day of March 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1872.

Number in the Rent-Roll.	Class.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Proprietors.	Government Revenue.	Remarks.
				Rs. As. P.	
30	1st Class, permanently-settled.	Bhedia, 4 annas share; Pergunnah Monohurshahi.	Hirra Lall Baboo, Doorganaran Banerjea, Khodeza Bibi herself, and as guardian of minor Abdool Odood, Kedar Nath Mookerjea, and Brojo Mohun Ghose.	2,676 6 5	Out of the total amount of Government revenue separate accounts have been opened for Rs. 143-2-1, on account of Brojo Mohun Ghose, and for Rs. 307-6-11 in favor of Kedar Nauth Mookerjee; no arrears have occurred on their portions of the sudder jumma. The estate is to be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
62	Ditto	Pulshona, Pergunnah Shomurshahi.	Umbicca Churn Chundro, Kassi Nath Chundro, Lokenath Chundro, Rukkini Bulluv Chundro, Kallydas Chundro, and Hurro Mohun Chundro.	7,400 11 11	The entire estate to be sold for arrears of Government revenue only, which became due on the 12th day of January 1872.
		Chakran lands appertaining to the above mehal bearing Touji No. 16.	Ditto	44 8 2	
78	Ditto ...	Nizampore and others, Pergunnah Shomershahi.	*Issur* Radhamadan Mohun Jea *Sewal* Gopikristo Bose, and Poornoo Chundro Banerjea.	1,168 8 10	Ditto.
158	Ditto ...	Shoomuddoogoree, Pergunnah Shatcoika.	Rohimunnessa Bibi and Kylas Chundro Dey Chowdhery.	2,710 8 11	Ditto.
174	Ditto ...	Gowarrah, Pergunnah Mamdanipore.	Kristodeb Bhattacherjea	727 14 7	Ditto.
5537	Ditto ...	Bahadoorpore, Pergunnah Chowmoohah	Ram Gobindo Roy ...	508 0 10	Ditto.

R. POROH,
For Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned estate, in the district of Monghyr, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 28th day of March 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1872 :—

Temporarily-settled Estate.

Mehal Bhowaneedpore oorf Ramdeoree, Pergunnah Mulkee, Towjee No. 1406; sudder jumma Rs. 20,967. The maliks and lessees are Nirput Singh, Dhowl Singh, Kooldeep Singh, Ram Sahoy Singh, Bhekhee Singh, Khooder Singh, and others. The estate is to be sold, with the exception of the shares of Bhekee Singh and others, and Khooder Singh, aggregating 4 annas 15 gundas 2 cowrees, for which separate accounts have been opened under Act XI. of 1859 for Rs. 6,486-2, being arrears of land revenue due from the estate up to the 12th January 1872.

MONGHYR,
The 26th February 1872.

T. GRANT, *Dy. Collector in charge, for Collector.*

اشتہار نیلام بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار

واضح ہو کہ حسب دفعہ ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع کے یہہ محالات مرقومۂ الذیل ضلع جیسور میں بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار و دیگر دعوي جو از روے دستورات و قوانین مجاریہ موافق باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے بتاریخ ۱۲ جنوري سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع واجب الوصول هي بروز پنجشنبہ ۲۸ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع کچہري میں صاحب کلکٹر اس ضلع کے بلا عذر عام نیلام میں رکہا جایگا ۰

نمبر توزیع — محال

نمبر ۱۴۰۶ توزیع — بہوانندپور عرف رامدیوري پرگنہ ملکے بندوبستے معدي جسکا صدر جمع مبلغ ۲۰۹۲۷ و جسکے خانہ مالگذار میں نام نریت سنگهہ و دهول سنگهہ و گلدیپ سنگهہ و رام سہاے سنگهہ و بہکے سنگهہ و کہودر سنگهہ و غیرہ مالکان بندوبستداران مندرج هی باستثناے موازي ۱۵ انہ ۲ گنڈہ ۲ کوڑي حصہ بہکے سنگهہ و موازي ۲ انہ ۲ کوڑي حصہ کہودر سنگهہ جملہ ۱۵ انہ ۴ گنڈہ ۲ کوڑي باقي حصہ ۴ انہ ۱۱ گنڈہ ۱۸ کوڑي نریت سنگهہ دهول سنگهہ و غیرہ اجمالے بعلت مبلغ ۶۴۸۶-۲ باقہ مالگذاري سرکار نیلام هوگا فقط ۰

بي: گرانٹ
ڈپوٹي کلکٹران-چارج

تحریر فتاریخ ۲۴ فبروري ۱۸۷۲ ع

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in the district of Jessore will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on Friday, the 15th March 1872, corresponding with 3rd Choitro 1278 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th January 1872.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 19.—Mouzah Borumarrah Pergunnah Essuppore, Talook Joy Chunder, Radha Churn Chunder Kant Ghose, Issur Chunder Roy, and Jogut Chunder Chowdhury; Sudder Jumma, Rs. 998-3-10; to be sold for recovery of Rs. 98-14-9 on account of Government revenue.

No. 261.—Taraf Sagerneah, Pergunnah Mahomedshye, Talook Raznaryun, Premnaryun Parry, Lukhimoney, Drabomoi, Second Drabomoi, and Joytara Debya; Sudder Jumma, Rs. 1,596-8-9; to be sold for recovery of Rs. 37-2 on account of Government revenue.

No. 4575.—Pergunnah Bhatlah, Talook Rajah Buroda Kant Roy, Bahadoor; Sudder Jumma, Rs. 5,087-1-7-3; to be sold for recovery of Rs. 38-14-1 on account of Government revenue.

JESSORE COLLECTORATE, J. MONRO, *Offg. Collector.*
The 2nd February 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in the district of Sarun will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 15th day of March 1872, corresponding with the 20th Phalgoon 1279 *F.S.*, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1872.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate, to be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

Towjee No. 501.—The rights and interrsts of Baijoo Sing, in mehal Sendooar, pergunnah Baul; recorded proprietors are Baijoo Sing, Chuttur Sing, &c. The sudder jumma of the entire Estate is Rs. 693-5-4.

The shares of the undermentioned persons will be exempted from sale owing to the separation of their account and payment of Government revenue. :—

10*kts.* of Rughoonundun Sing and others, bearing jumma of Rs. 461-13-6.

To be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

Towjee No. 2459.—The rights and interests of Achul Opudhia, Mahurbun Sing, Ramsuhoy Sing, Thacoor Sing, Rughoonath Sing, Kullian Sing, Ramsuhoy Roy, Ramessur Roy, Jutteedharee Lal, Rusul Roy, Trashee Pershad Sing, Goorpershad Sing, and Doobee Opudhia, in Mehal Dhurum Raj Pergunnah Gooh; recorded proprietors, Achul Opudhia and others. The sudder jumma of the entire estate is Rs. 663-7-5.

The shares of the undermentioned persons will be exempted from sale owing to the separation of their account and the payment of Government revenue :—

7*kts.* of Radhayram Pershad and others, bearing jumma of Rs. 332-2.

SARUN COLLECTORATE, C. B. GARRETT, *Offg. Collector.*
The 2nd February 1872.

اشتہار نیلام بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار

واضح ہو کہ حسب دفعہ ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع کے یہہ محالات مرقومہ الذیل ضلع سارن میں بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار و دیگر دعوي جو از روے دستورات قوانین مجاریہ موافق باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے بتاریخ ۱۲ جنوري سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع واجب الوصول هی بروز جمعہ تاریخ ۱۵ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع مطابق ۲۰ پهاگن سنہ ۱۲۷۹ فصلے کچہري میں صاحب کلکٹر اس ضلع کے بلا عذر عام نیلام میں رکہا جاویگا ۰

نمبر شماري نمبر توزيع	نام محال قسم اول	قسم مطالبه
نمبر ۱ نمبر ۵۰۱	محال سندوار پرگنه بال جسکا جمع صدر مبلغ ۶۶۳-۵-۰ هی و خانه مالگذار میں نام بیچو سنگه و چهتر سنگه وغیرو کا لکها جاتا هی باستثناء حصه رگهو نندن سنگه و غیرو بقید ده قلم تفریق رول شده بمراد اکت ۱۱ سنه ۱۸۵۹ ع جمعي مبلغ ۶۱-۱۳-۶ متعلقه محال مذکور بلحاظ وصول هو جانے باقي سرکار بقیهٔ حق و مرافق اجمالي بیچو سنگهه جمعي مبلغ ۲۲۱-۷-۱۰ بعلت باقي مالگذاري سرکار به تعداد مبلغ ۱۲-۴-۷ کے نیلام هوگا •	باقي مالگذاري سرکار
نمبر ۲ نمبر ۲۳۵۹	محال دهرمراج پرگنه گوه که جسکا جمع صدر ۶۶۳-۵-۷ هی و جانه مالگذار میں نام اچل اوپدهیا و غیرو کا لکها جاتا هی باستثناء حصه رادهٔ رون پرشاد و غیرهٔ بقید هفت قلم تفریق رول شدهٔ نمبر ۱ و ایکت ۱۱ سنه ۱۸۵۹ ع جمعي مبلغ ۳۳۲-۲ متلقه محال مذکور بلحاظ وصول هو جانے باقي سرکار بقیهٔ حق و مرافق اجمالي اچل اوپدهیا و مهربان سنگهه و رام سهاے سنگهه و ٹهاکر سنگهه و رگهو ناتهه سنگهه و کلیان سنگهه و رام سهاي راي و رامیشر راي و جنّادهاری لعل و رسال راي و کاشے پرشاد سنگهه و گور پرشاد سنگهه و دوبري اوپدهیا جمعي مبلغ ۳۳۱-۵-۵ بعلت باقي مالگذاري سرکار به تعداد مبلغ ۱۲-۹-۲ کے نیلام هوگا •	ایضا

سي: بي: گهريت
کلکٹر

تحریر فتاریخ ۲ فبروری سنه ۱۸۷۲ ع

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate in the district of Shahabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 14th day of March 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1872 :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1428.—Mehal Sirbit, Pergunnah Chynepore; recorded Proprietor, Sheonondun [illegible]oy, non-applicant; Sudder Jumma of the entire Mehal, Rs. 1,059-11-9. The share of non-applicant alone shall be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 7-15-5, with the exception of the shares of the undermentioned proprietors, with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 10, Act XI. of 1859 :—

	Names of villages	Names of Proprietors.	Amount of Jumma. R. A. P. K. M.
1.	Nonghura ...	Rookmin Bibi and others ...	13 13 1 8 0
2.	Kusbe Chynepore ...	Shah Abdool Uziz and others ...	13 13 10 8 0
3.	Sirbit Khass ...	Mussamut Goonrani Koour and others	221 9 7 4 0
4.	Ditto ...	Seoraj Sing and others ...	55 6 4 0 0
5.	Ditto ...	Shah Abdool Uziz and others ...	27 11 4 0 0
6.	Ditto ...	Nuki Ally Khan ...	27 11 2 8 0
7.	Kutra ...	Reoti Roy ...	42 10 7 12 0
8.	Sirbit and Gobindipore Luhrajai-rampore ...	Nuki Ally Khan and others ...	113 3 2 12 0
9.	Kootmunpore ...	Koulesur Choubey and others ...	12 1 5 1 7
10.	Kota ...	Judoo Roy ...	112 6 4 18 0
11.	Kekurha ...	Ramlall and others ...	5 5 4 0 0
12.	Gobindipore Lohrajey Rampore ...	Mussamut Umani Kooner and others	19 15 11 12 0
13.	Kota ...	Mussamut Zeb Kooner and others ...	112 6 4 18 0
14.	Kota ...	Saligram Roy ...	112 6 4 18 0
15.	Kootmunpore ...	Jhuboo Choubey ...	6 0 8 10 13

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 30th January 1872.

H. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

اشتہار نامه واسطے فروخت زمینداري

سنه ۱۸۵۹ سال کے قانون ۱۱ دفعه ۶ کے مضمون مطابق بذریه اسکے سب لوگونکو واقف کیا جاتا هی که ضلع شاهآباد کے شامل محالات مندرجه ذیل ضلع مذکور کي صاحب کلکٹر کے آفیس مین باقي مالگذاري اور جو سب دعوي سنه ۱۸۷۲ جنوري تاریخ ۱۲ مین دن جمعه هونے سے باقي مالگذاري کي بطور مجریه آئین کے مطابق ادا هونے

کا ضابطہ هی اسکے ادای کي واسطے سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع ماہ مارچ تاریخ ۱۴ مین نیلام عام کي اخریہ کار مین فروخت هرگا سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ماہ جنوري تاریخ ۳۰ فقط ٠

تفصیل قسم اول

نمبر ۱۴۲۸ــمحال سریبت پرگنہ چین‌پور جسکي خانہ مالگذار مین نام شیوننڈن راي غیر سایل تفریق اول مندرج هی و مبلغ ۱۰۵۹-۱۱-۹ جمع صدر گوشوارہ اس محال کا هی بعلت ابقاي مبلغ ۷-۱۵-۵ باقي مالگذاري حصہ خاص غیر سایل تفریق اول بابت حصہ مفصلہ ذیل کہ جسکا جمع از روي دفعہ ۱۰ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع علحدہ لیا جاتا هی نیلام هو گا ٠

نام موضع	نام سایلان تفریق اول	تعداد جمع صدر روپیہ	آنہ	پائي	کڑا م
۱ نوگہرا	روگن بےبے و امام جهان بےبے و جهان بےبے	۱۳	۱۳	۱	۸ ٠
۲ قصبہ چین پور	شاہ عبدالعزیز و شاہ لیاقت حسین	۱۳	۱۳	۱۰	۸ ٠
۳ سریبت خاص	مسماۃ گونراني کنور و سیواب سنگهہ	۲۲۱	۹	۷	۳ ٠
۴ ایضا	سیوراج سنگهہ و فقي علي خان و غلام مصطفي خان	۵۵	۶	۴	٠٠ ٠
۵ ایضا	شاہ عبدالعزیز و شاہ لیاقت حسین	۲۷	۱۱	۴	٠ ٠
۶ ایضا	نقے علے خان	۲۷	۱۱	۲	۸ ٠
۷ کڑا	ربوتے راي	۴۲	۱۰	۷	۱۲ ٠
۸ سریبت و گوبندي‌پور لوهرا جي رام‌پور	نقے علے خان و مسماۃ مهدہ بےبے	۱۱۳	۳	۲	۱۲ ٠
۹ قطمن‌پور	کولیسر چوبہ جگنند چوبہ و لکچند چوبہ و رمیسر چوبہ و هرگوبند چوبہ و هیرا لال چوبہ و بهگوبت چوبہ و رگهوبر چوبہ و بسیسر چوبہ و اجودها چوبہ و املاکہ چوبہ و گنادت چوبہ و گجالر چوبہ	۱۲	۱	۵	۷ ١
۱۰ کوتا	جدو راي	۱۱۲	۶	۴	۱۸ ٠
۱۱ کهکرها	رام لال و مسماۃ جیا کنور زوجہ بسیسر سنگهہ و هرجهوکهن سنگهہ و رام چرن سنگهہ	۵	۵	٠	٠ ٠
۱۲ گوبندي‌پور لوهرا جي رام‌پور	مسماۃ امانے کنور زوجہ گردهاري سنگهہ و مسماۃ گونراني کنور	۱	۱۵	۱۲	۱۲ ٠
۱۳ کوتا	مسماۃ زیب کنور مادر ولیہ جدو مني راي	۱۱۲	۶	۴	۱۸ ٠
۱۴ ایضا	سالگرام راي	۱۱۲	۶	۴	۱۸ ٠
۱۵ قطمن‌پور	جهبو چوبہ	۶	۸	۵	۱۳ ١٠

شاہ اباد کلکٹریٹ
۳۰ جنوري ۱۸۷۲

ایچ الیکزانڈر
کلکٹر

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate in the district of Hooghly will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's office of that district, on Thursday, the 14th March 1872, corresponding with 2nd Choitro 1278 *B.S.*, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th January 1872.

Class.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 67.—Goorbaree, Pergunnah Chowmaha; recorded proprietors, Radhakanto Chowdhury, Issur Muddun Mohun Jew Thakoor's Sabaet Gopeekristo Bose, Ornopoorna Dabea, Mangobindo Biswas, Kasseenauth Koar, Juggessur Ghose, Issur Chunder Ghose, and Makhonlaul Ghose; sudder jumma, Rs. 2,695-15.

	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Deduct Mangobindo Biswas' 8 annas share of Mouzah Katgora and Kasseepore, comprised in lot Goorbaree	590 0 5	
Deduct Kasseenath Kooar's share of Neej Goorbaree and Hurriram-pore's land 1,475 beegahs, the revenue of which is ...	692 2 9	
		1,282 9 2

and for which a separate account has been opened under Act XI. of 1859.

Balance share of sudder jumma of the undermentioned parties to be sold, Radhakanto Chowdhury of Goorbarree, Pergunnah Chowmaha, Issur Muddun Mohun Jew Thakoor's Sabaet Gopeekristo Bose of Chandernagore, Pergunnah Boro, Ornopoorno Dabee of Etla, Pergunnah Chowmaha, Juggessur Ghose, Issur Chunder Ghose, and Makhonlaul Ghose of Katgora, Pergunnah Chowmaha, and for which separate account has not been opened, Rs. 1,413-5-10.

To be sold for recovery of Rs. 217-11-9 on account of Government revenue.

W. F. Meres, *Deputy Collector, in charge.*

Printed and published by Edwin Morris Lewis, at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—March 13, 1872.

APPENDIX (No. III.) TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1872.

INSOLVENT ESTATES.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT MADE UP TO 31ST JANUARY 1872.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance remaining.	Of the balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable out-turn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.			
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Alexander and Co. ...	290285 10 10	229228 2 7	48537 7 8	12520 0 7,	of which Rs. 12065 4 0 is for dividends.	Further recoveries hopeless.
Adam, Scott and Co. ...	129490 5 11	104491 12 0	22184 12 1	2813 13 10	2299 10 1	Ditto ditto.. One Policy of Insurance for Rs. 4,000.
Anderson and Co., William ...	2473 6 0	0 0 0	1842 10 5	630 11 7	441 7 0	Ditto ditto. The balance in hand is reserved to satisfy some disputed claims.
Allan, Deffell and Co. ...	156458 11 5	124016 0 10	29934 0 3	2508 10 4, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. A Policy for Rs. 2,000.
Asiatic Marine Insurance Office	835200 3 7	675633 6 11	137709 15 11	21856 12 9	21173 15 5	The final dividend of 7 per cent. is in course of payment.
Allhusen, William ...	1629 14 6	199 9 7	821 12 2	608 8 9,	of which Rs. 508 15 2 is for dividends.	Nothing further recoverable.
Ayton, James Alexander ..	1953 12 0	0 0 0	437 6 1	1516 5 11,	of which Rs. 1348 12 8 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Allport, Rowland ...	13930 1 8	10128 2 6	1857 8 4	1944 6 10,	of which Rs. 1688 0 3 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Anquitel, Charles ...	40625 7 4	13280 1 8	27052 13 5	292 8 8,	of which Rs. 180 12 0 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Agabeg, Johannes ...	1573 8 9	801 14 9	787 6 2	484 3 10,	of which Rs. 402 11 0 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Agabeg Brothers ...	29080 0 7	23516 0 10	5370 10 10	193 4 11	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Adams, Thomas ...	13107 9 11	6349 9 5	5128 15 6	1629 1 0,	of which Rs. 1295 13 6 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Allee, Dugman ...	605 15 0	0 0 0	362 6 10	243 8 2,	of which Rs. 157 3 3 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Anderson, William ...	725 0 0	0 0 0	73 4 6	651 11 6,	of which Rs. 584 1 9 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.

Agabeg, Joseph ..	19082 3 4	16216 15 2	2405 9 8	359 10 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Azeemun Nessa Begum ...	14521 4 0	1787 0 0	8808 13 8	3925 6 4,	of which Rs. 3500 0 0 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.	
Ajoodeapersaud and Bindapersaud	9816 2 6	0 0 0	9678 6 3	137 12 3	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Attmaram and others ..	2426 14 9	0 0 0	635 11 6	1791 3 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Andrews, John ...	1171 14 3	16 4 0	100 5 11	1055 4 4,	of which Rs. 1032 0 10 is for dividends.	Nothing further recoverable.	
Asearun and Okhoyram ...	278 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	278 1 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Anundo Chunder Banerjee ...	476 10 0	0 0 0	16 0 0	460 10 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Balfour and Co. ...	552851 12 7	281837 8 3	247439 5 5	23574 14 11, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	5438 14 0	Ditto ditto.	
Boyd and Co. ...	295[illegible]4 14 8	10555 13 1	13233 7 3	5725 10 4, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	1700 11 10	Hardly anything more recoverable.	
Bruce, Shand and Co. ...	836327 15 1	496447 11 1	332211 3 0	7669 1 0, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Brunet, Saliz, and Latapie ...	15235 0 0	7411 12 3	5431 6 7	2391 13 2, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Bischoff, Beer and Co. ...	2640 5 8	0 0 0	2056 3 5	584 2 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Braddon and Co. ...	13830 15 4	3879 8 9	7632 15 9	2318 6 10, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Brightman and Co. ..	32530 14 11	23845 6 10	8391 8 10	293 15 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Becher, G. R. P. ..	1456 9 1	0 0 0	439 4 11	1017 4 2,	of which Rs. 905 11 9 is for dividends.	Nothing further recoverable.	Insolvent dead.
Bailey, Francis ..	13766 4 8	5898 12 10	7133 3 10	734 4 0,	of which Rs. 645 2 10 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.	Ditto.
Birch, F. W. ..	17059 8 3	11752 5 5	2745 9 8	2561 9 2,	of which Rs. 2363 9 11 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.	Ditto.
Bryce, Archibald ..	2178 7 9	0 0 0	326 13 5	1851 10 4,	of which Rs. 1721 0 2 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.	Ditto.
Brojonauth Dhur (1st) ..	10468 0 10	4048 3 7	5288 11 10	1131 1 5,	of which Rs. 998 3 2 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.	
Bodelio, L. H. ...	377 14 4	0 0 0	109 0 0	268 14 4	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	Finally discharged.
Barnfield, William ...	1285 15 6	0 0 0	1065 4 0	220 11 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Burge, A. B. ...	4806 2 0	2855 0 0	494 10 0	1456 8 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	Has resigned the service.
Burkinyoung, Robert ..	7923 8 3	5303 10 11	2392 8 6	226 15 10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance remaining.	Of the balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable out-turn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.			
	Rs. As P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Bycuntnath Dutt ...	2252 1 0	0 0 0	1740 0 0	512 1 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Bodry, John (1st) ..	1379 4 0	0 0 0	474 0 0	905 4 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Betts, C. G. D. ..	800 0 0	0 0 0	556 10 6	243 5 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Beharrylall Dhechut ...	2785 0 0	1493 7 8	1060 10 9	230 13 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Baxter, W. G. ...	12949 14 6	6036 14 2	6517 9 9	395 4 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Baneymadhab Dey ...	436 9 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	436 9 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Discharged.
Bryant, A. L. ...	3620 14 0	1559 5 6	1396 8 8	664 15 10,	of which Rs. 617 12 1 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Bhobanypersaud Gone ...	6534 0 0	3205 11 10	2626 15 1	701 5 1,	of which Rs. 358 10 3 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Bagot, W. N. ...	4149 4 9	0 0 0	3439 4 0	710 0 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Bastien, A. C. ...	3852 7 3	450 15 1	3262 6 3	139 1 11,	of which Rs. 11 3 5 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Bluett, James ...	873 0 0	0 0 0	48 0 0	825 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Bhoobun Mohun Mitter ...	4000 0 0	0 0 0	2163 7 9	1836 8 3,	of which Rs. 1794 12 6 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Bolst, F. D. C. ...	530 0 0	0 0 0	59 12 6	470 3 6,	of which Rs. 403 10 4 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Baboolall Shaw, and three others	104014 8 5	28620 14 0	21017 2 0	54376 8 5,	of which Rs. 48046 3 0 is for dividends.	Outstandings in course of recovery. Large zemindaries as yet unsold.
Bodry, John (3rd) ...	4396 5 9	144 8 8	2261 2 9	1990 10 4,	of which Rs. 692 8 6 is for dividends.	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Bhootnauth Mookerjee (Acton and Co.) ...	3413 11 0	1972 13 6	1020 7 7	420 5 11,	of which Rs. 414 0 3 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Beerchund Mitter ...	723 8 9	0 0 0	24 0 0	699 8 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Behrends, G. F. ...	1641 5 0	0 0 0	316 0 0	1325 5 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Colvin and Co. ...	170710 6 8	130818 1 6	29846 0 1	10046 5 1, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Hardly anything more recoverable.
Cruttenden, Mackillop and Co....	92843 11 8	67582 2 1	19943 2 4	5318 7 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Cantor and Co. ...	211380 8 3	137225 8 10	67804 0 5	6350 15 0. which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.

Cockerell and Co. ...	1719388 7 7	385809 15 8	1326584 4 11	6994 3 0, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Colville, Gilmore and Co. ...	8968 14 8	2535 0 0	3507 14 2	2926 0 6		0 0 0	
Currie, J. A. (1st) ...	2903 7 10	1128 7 1	515 4 6	1259 12 3,	of which Rs. 1140 9 0 is for dividends.		Ditto ditto. Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent dead.
Colguhoun, James ...	1046 15 11	0 0 0	315 10 9	731 5 2,	of which Rs. 641 8 8 is for dividends.		Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Cally Doss Chatterjee ...	294 2 3	0 0 0	47 0 0	247 2 3		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Connylall and Kissen Mohun Burraul ..	5361 3 9	3057 5 0	1868 1 5	455 13 4		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Cullen, James ...	826 5 8	0 0 0	207 12 4	618 9 4,	of which Rs. 543 9 8 is for dividends.		Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Caird, John ...	914 15 7	0 0 0	311 10 4	603 5 3,	of which Rs. 540 14 4 is for dividends.		Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Calder, Duncan (1st) ...	4409 0 3	80 6 5	2626 13 8	1702 12 2,	of which Rs. 1635 13 4 is for dividends.		Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Crompton, G. T. ...	5372 6 7	2654 1 0	2070 5 3	648 0 4		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Campbell, Colin (2nd) ...	1834 4 11	282 14 8	897 14 2	653 8 1,	of which Rs. 585 1 2 is for dividends.		Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Cook, Henry ...	12345 13 10	6389 14 11	4632 1 7	1323 13 4		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Currie, J. A. (2nd) ...	16504 11 6	5040 5 9	10126 0 7	1338 4 11		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Campbell, N. H. A. (3rd) ...	347 1 7	0 0 0	0 0 0	347 1 7		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Curnin, Ellen ...	1403 0 0	0 0 0	913 0 0	490 0 0		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Corcoran, J. F. ...	7210 3 10	5984 12 0	437 13 0	787 10 10		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Carrapiet, C. P. ...	2250 0 0	0 0 0	1347 0 6	902 15 6		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged and dead.
Campbell, J. W. H. ...	96676 0 2	26012 7 1	69771 1 2	892 7 11,	of which Rs. 585 0 0 is for dividends.		Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Carrau, J. L. ...	1696 15 0	0 0 0	311 0 0	1385 15 0		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Conyers, Z. E. ...	1176 0 0	0 0 0	42 0 0	1134 0 0		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Cator, A. C. ...	2514 7 2	0 0 0	2288 7 0	226 0 2		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Carberry, Anne, and R. J. ...	5877 11 10	3172 8 10	2317 10 2	387 8 10		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Chunder Mohun Bose ...	1305 12 1	0 0 0	947 9 0	358 3 1		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Cameron, John (2nd) ...	28362 2 7	21918 11 0	5603 5 2	840 2 5		0 0 0	A further small sum may be realized. Insolvent dead.
Cockell, William James ...	16461 3 8	13235 13 3	2160 4 6	1065 1 11		0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Ditto.
Cally Churn Dutt ...	426 10 0	0 0 0	39 5 3	387 4 9		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Cones, W. V. ...	2158 7 1	0 0 0	1244 0 0	914 7 1		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Calder, David ...	1602 15 0	0 0 0	887 9 6	715 5 6		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Connyram and Chooneelall ...	9623 9 3	5676 2 8	2212 5 4	1735 1 3,	of which Rs. 1523 9 7 is for dividends.		Ditto ditto.
Chogmull Mudden Chund ...	686 9 3	0 0 0	193 7 3	493 2 0		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Cooke, Edward ...	9543 13 11	7877 9 8	1524 8 3	141 12 0		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Charles, Nephew & Co. ...	452367 13 5	0 0 0	58310 9 5	394057 4 0		355884 0 1	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Chundernauth Shaw, and another	6989 4 6	0 0 0	257 6 9	6781 13 9		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Castello, M. G. ..	3200 0 0	0 0 0	51 0 0	3149 0 0		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance remaining.	Of the balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable out-turn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.			
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Child, W. C. ...	1139 7 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1139 7 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Dutts, Linzie and Co. ...	14690 7 0	9796 10 2	4540 4 6	353 8 4	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Dickson, William ...	658 11 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	658 11 11	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Dawes, W. T. ...	906 9 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	906 9 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
DeMello, A. H. ...	4637 13 6	2198 6 4	1114 0 9	1325 6 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Dove, J. M. ...	12402 15 11	8596 9 6	1917 5 9	1889 0 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged and dead.
Dorrett Brothers ...	2164 9 6	0 0 0	1283 7 3	881 2 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
DeSilva, John Emanuel ...	13643 11 3	11091 11 5	851 8 9	1700 7 1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
DeSouza, John ...	1334 0 3	0 0 0	805 9 0	528 7 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Dumat, Alfred ...	6224 5 6	1051 12 9	2024 3 5	3148 5 4	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Dinnonath Dutt ...	467 0 0	0 0 0	87 0 0	380 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Durrant, Edward ...	3223 1 6	1749 5 4	833 12 6	639 15 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Duggan, Alexander ...	1038 3 2	0 0 0	651 7 0	381 12 2	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Dennison, G. R. ...	29546 0 0	26967 6 10	1007 6 4	971 2 10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
DeBrunner, Jules ...	65912 4 7	57434 3 2	7094 11 1	1383 6 4, of which Rs. 164 7 8 is for dividends.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Duff, David ...	1582 12 9	0 0 0	314 0 0	1268 12 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Dodd, Richard ...	1000 0 0	0 0 0	761 11 0	238 5 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged and dead.
Deburrooddeen and Kuburrooddeen Sircars ...	1747 14 6	0 0 0	1341 15 3	405 15 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Dinnonath Paul ...	834 4 3	0 0 0	109 12 9	714 7 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Durnford, A. H. E. ...	5202 10 0	4855 3 0	320 12 10	26 10 2	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Dowlut Roy ...	1448 5 9	0 0 0	866 0 0	582 5 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Dwarkanath Mitter ...	5922 12 0	0 0 0	4478 7 0	1444 5 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Dinnonauth Day ...	8615 1 1	2857 0 3	1837 2 5	3920 14 5, of which Rs. 3,580 0 9 is for dividends.	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Dhunput Sing ...	3781 14 6	0 0 0	66 0 0	3715 14 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Ewing, Aird, and Anderson ...	311150 10 2	57986 4 6	242022 15 9	11141 5 11, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Edwards, C. L. ...	615 0 0	0 0 0	100 0 0	715 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Ellias, M. B. ...	7283 3 6	3428 10 7	1263 5 10	2541 3 1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.

Fergusson and Co. ...	181379 14 0	123060 3 9	31756 5 7	21563 4 8, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	9530 10 2	Hardly anything more recoverable.
Fergusson, Brothers, and Co. ...	147516 10 1	68023 13 0	74760 7 7	4732 5 6	2700 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Foster, Rogers and Co. ...	6323 8 10	857 3 7	2292 5 11	3173 10 4, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Fournier, George ...	285 9 6	0 0 0	49 1 4	236 8 2	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Fraser, D. W. ...	2104 6 8	0 0 0	864 11 7	1239 11 1	441 14 9	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Fabian, E. D. ...	775 8 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	775 8 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto & dead.
Ford, William Richard ...	2380 10 2	0 0 0	850 2 2	1530 8 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto Ditto.
Fraser, W. T. ...	1500 0 0	0 0 0	480 9 0	1009 7 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Fisher, A. ...	2065 1 5	0 0 0	1110 13 0	954 4 5	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Ferris, G. R. ...	2650 0 0	0 0 0	689 6 9	1960 9 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Fanshaw, R. F. ...	876 0 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	876 0 10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Floyd, W. W. ...	1772 13 11	0 0 0	1702 4 0	70 9 11	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Fornaro and Huni ...	16681 11 2	0 0 0	6743 0 3	9938 10 11	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Gordon, Collie and Co. ...	16803 14 11	7265 10 1	9292 3 7	246 1 3	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Gilmore and Co. ...	46159 11 8	23186 11 8	19705 7 11	3267 8 1	2637 13 8	Ditto ditto.
Griffiths, Curtis and Co. ...	49455 13 8	22979 12 7	19177 10 0	7298 7 1, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Gordon, Stuart and Co. ...	73133 6 5	35318 5 10	35096 2 0	2718 14 7, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Glass, A. G. (Glass and Co.) ...	4490 4 10	954 12 4	1467 10 5	2067 14 1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Goberdhone Mullick ..	2880 14 9	1296 3 2	912 11 0	672 0 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Greedhur Mullick ...	1111 3 8	0 0 0	397 0 0	714 3 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Gregory, G. G. ...	2590 5 2	1599 10 3	642 10 5	348 0 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Greenstreet, E. S. S. ...	1508 3 9	0 0 0	1090 9 4	417 10 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Gooroo Churn Sen ...	109756 8 1	82808 3 10	24851 8 10	2096 11 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Gubboy, Aaron Joshua ...	9055 7 0	5179 12 11	1966 5 11	1909 4 2	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Gocool Chund Goramull ..	807 8 6	0 0 0	363 10 3	443 14 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Gordon, G. J. ...	570 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	570 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Gocool Das Soonderjee ...	18266 14 1	11533 9 3	5760 12 11	972 7 11	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent absconded.
Golaub Chund Hem Chund ..	1506 2 0	0 0 0	120 9 0	1385 9 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Golaum Hossen Virgee ...	126756 14 4	36746 13 3	85026 6 9	4983 10 4	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Grant and Sons, G. ...	5893 14 11	3526 15 7	2011 4 10	555 10 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Gordon, Ivie ...	1217 1 6	432 10 7	594 6 5	190 0 6,	of which Rs. 116 14 9 is for dividends.	Nothing further recoverable.
Gopaul Chunder and Issen Chunder Bannerjee ...	420 0 0	0 0 0	45 0 0	375 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Ghasseeram ..	12916 9 8	6030 3 5	2982 7 7	3903 14 8,	of which Rs. 472 15 4 is for dividends.	Outtandings in course of recovery.
Ghose, R. G. and Co. ..	22661 0 1	0 0 0	4561 7 9	18099 8 4	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance remaining.	Of the balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable out-turn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.			
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Gregory, M. ...	16047 11 4	0 0 0	1357 2 0	14690 9 4	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Gaynor, T. ..	1462 4 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	1462 4 3	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Hodgkinson and Co., G. F. ...	25042 5 0	0 0 0	22219 3 11	2823 1 1	2100 0 0	Further recoveries hopeless.
Hurry, W. C. ...	2566 12 0	0 0 0	1925 4 10	631 7 2	449 11 11	Ditto ditto.
Hickey, Bailey and Co. ...	292978 4 6	157914 0 3	126072 8 9	8991 11 6, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	4141 6 11	Ditto ditto. Unclaimed dividends in Court. A decree in the Mofussil Court.
Hoffmann and Co. ...	25170 12 11	4061 15 2	17452 13 4	3656 0 5	0 0 0	Further recoveries hopeless.
Hughesdon Brothers ...	243857 5 7	22709 5 4	203410 9 11	17737 6 4, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Hudson, Nathaniel ...	2225 11 3	0 0 0	307 12 0	1917 15 3	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent dead.
Hurro Sunker Ghose ..	1786 2 2	10 8 0	381 6 0	1394 4 2	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Hollodhur Day ...	1047 8 9	0 0 0	196 4 0	851 4 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Harrowell, James ...	542 7 6	0 0 0	146 0 0	396 7 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Harvey, Benjamin ...	336 15 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	336 15 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Hoppe, William ...	1346 8 6	0 0 0	616 1 10	730 6 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Hughes and Templer ...	12095 4 1	5179 4 11	6085 15 3	829 15 11	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Harvard, J. H. M. ..	1612 0 0	0 0 0	1112 9 2	489 6 10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Huffnagle and Co., Charles ...	1320 4 7	0 0 0	217 12 10	1102 7 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Hurdao Doss, Lutchmeenarain ..	240 3 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	240 3 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Heeraloll Hunnoomontaram ..	752 14 3	0 0 0	61 0 0	691 14 3	0 0 0	Schedule not filed.
Holloway, William ..	1050 0 0	0 0 0	219 4 0	830 12 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Hollway, William (2nd), Milliner	3396 12 7	0 0 0	2293 11 9	1123 0 10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Hervey, Andrew (2nd) ...	979 2 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	979 2 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Hemchunder Chowdry ...	1195 0 0	0 0 0	846 2 0	348 14 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Hughes, J. G. ..	741 6 8	0 0 0	232 0 0	509 6 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Honigberger, William ..	1001 5 6	0 0 0	344 0 0	657 5 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent drowned.
Hadjee Jaffer Moosah ..	3919 13 0	3176 12 0	485 8 5	251 8 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Hadjee Ahmed Solaman ..	15570 7 3	0 0 0	15153 1 8	417 5 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Heeralall (Rutteeram Kissen Chund) ..	1869 9 0	0 0 0	1422 6 6	447 2 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Harvey, Andrew (1st) ...	1061 15 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	1061 15 11	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.

Hear, W. F.	...	406	13	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	406	13	7	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Hickie, William	...	536	15	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	536	15	6	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Hurjeebun Doss	..	500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	500	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Heins, E.	..	1387	3	9	0	0	0	1345	7	7	41	12	2	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery. Finally discharged.
Heeralall	..	10863	15	10	0	0	0	4900	0	8	5963	15	7	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Heeranund Choutmull	...	13020	4	3	0	0	0	588	1	9	12432	2	6	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Heeralall Sooree	...	800	0	0	0	0	0	56	2	0	743	14	0	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Hurrynarain Dutt	...	1315	13	6	0	0	0	24	0	0	1291	13	6	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Janssen and Co.	...	15446	4	3	0	0	0	15183	12	3	232	8	0	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Jeebunkissen Bose	..	924	14	0	0	0	0	103	10	0	821	4	0	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Joysookroy Sungumlall	...	4223	4	5	1796	6	1	1316	13	0	1110	1	4	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
John Lackersteen and Brothers		332942	12	9	150757	15	10	176920	8	1	5264	4	10	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Juggeshur Laha	..	32734	8	8, and Co.'s Paper for Rs. 1000.	16325	5	9	15212	15	3	1196	3	3	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Jadub Chunder Seal	...	2094	6	7	0	0	0	754	3	0	1340	3	7	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Jordon, J. S.	...	5376	8	0	3537	15	6	915	9	9	922	14	9	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Jugenpersaud	...	960	8	9	0	0	0	223	9	0	736	15	9	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Jacob, Charles	...	933	8	0	0	0	0	367	14	9	565	9	3	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Judah, S. E.	...	2112	2	4	0	0	0	1381	11	0	730	7	4	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Kemp, H. C. (T. Hyde, Gardiner and Co.)	...	33765	12	9	27374	0	2	5817	5	1	574	7	6,	of which Rs. 135 is for dividends.	0	4	Nothing further recoverable.
Kelly, W. S.	...	1603	5	8	0	0	0	615	6	2	987	15	1	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Khemjee Jootah and Hurrydas Natha	...	1281	10	4	0	0	0	67	0	10	1214	10	4	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
King, W. J.	...	6750	9	10	4152	9	3	1158	6	9	1439	9	10	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Kemp, H. C.	...	2469	15	10	168	12	6	436	2	5	1865	0	11,	of which Rs. 1600 is for dividends.	0	0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Kelly, C. F.	...	500	0	0	0	0	0	72	0	0	428	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Kunnoolall Baneyram and Choteelall	...	1160	13	11	0	0	0	72	0	0	1088	13	11	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Kadarnauth Paul and Womachurn Paul	...	53610	10	0	34522	5	3	16166	0	2	2922	4	7	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Kullooram Ramsook	...	2433	13	6	0	0	0	425	0	0	2008	13	6	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Kallydas Dutt	...	15067	1	5	9304	1	10	5053	9	7	709	6	0	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent dead.
Khan Mahomed Dhurumsee	...	54783	14	1	29778	10	10	10574	14	0	14430	5	3,	of which Rs. 9871 is for dividends.	5	2	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Kissory Mohun Chunder	...	1457	8	0	0	0	0	1270	12	0	186	12	0	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Kissen Doss Khettry	...	11123	0	3	6279	8	6	4076	4	7	767	3	2,	is for dividends. which is for dividends now payable.	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Kissenpersaud	...	900	0	0	0	0	0	590	2	6	309	13	6	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.

ESTATES:	Whole amount of receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance remaining.	Of the balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable out-turn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.			
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Kistodas Dey ...	961 8 0	0 0 0	448 1 0	513 7 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Kissorymohun Ruckit ...	660 0 0	0 0 0	144 11 0	515 5 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Lyall, Matheson and Co. ...	368202 6 0	279839 10 7	84739 6 2	3623 5 3, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Further recoveries hopeless.
Larpent, Saunders and Co. ...	78341 13 0	41423 7 6	22793 1 4	14125 4 2, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	7052 14 0	Ditto ditto.
Langlois and Co. ...	33383 2 8	1823 14 3	23389 0 8	8170 3 9, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
LeTourneux, Labadie and Co. ..	7483 10 3	0 0 0	5803 10 8	2179 15 7	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Latapie, E. D. ...	3982 6 2	0 0 0	3011 4 3	971 1 11	0 0 0	Further recoveries hopeless.
Lake, Hamill and Co. ...	5803 4 2	0 0 0	2035 14 4	3767 5 10	1722 1 4	Nothing further recoverable. Accounts unadjusted.
Leighton, Henry James ...	1480 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1480 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Lazarus, B. W. ...	323 10 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	323 10 1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto
Landeman, J. V. ...	1008 10 1	231 0 0	192 4 0	585 2 10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Ledlie, A. H., 2nd (Boyle and Co.) ...	1654 8 7	0 0 0	602 2 6	1052 6 1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Lackersteen and Co., C. R. ...	13673 12 11	6330 12 0	1697 10 5	5645 5 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Lindsay, D. B. ...	1430 3 0	0 0 0	557 4 0	872 15 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Lord Brothers ...	6406 9 0	4277 2 2	1687 5 7	441 1 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Limond, Campbell ...	12578 1 10	11077 14 5	850 12 11	649 6 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Lindstedt, Edward ...	1088 12 9	0 0 0	582 4 0	506 8 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Llewelyn, W. T. ...	2100 0 0	1528 0 0	168 4 6	403 11 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Lutchmeenarain Khettry ...	1726 9 9	0 0 0	477 8 0	1249 1 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Langlois, J. P. ...	1448 12 0	0 0 0	532 0 0	916 12 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Low, Isabella Sarah ...	1554 12 1	0 0 0	783 12 9	672 15 4	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Lindeman, F. P. ...	2241 2 0	0 0 0	1059 8 0	1181 10 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Lowen, George ...	751 1 0	0 0 0	486 6 0	264 11 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Lokenath Shaw ...	8323 8 6	5069 1 8	2359 1 7	895 5 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Lawson, T. M. ..	3228 0 3	1885 4 0	1126 4 11	216 7 4	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Latapie, E. D., 2nd ...	1414 3 9	0 0 0	736 11 6	677 8 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Luckheynarain Pyne ...	1101 1 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	1101 1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.

Mackintosh, and Co.	...	212126	6	11	122556	9	6	73440	15	2	16128	14	3,	of which Rs. 6078	8	3	Further recoveries hopeless.		
														is for dividends.					
McLeod, Fagan and Co.	...	16789	4	10	2993	5	2	9897	5	8	3898	10	0	3219	7	0	Ditto	ditto.	
McGregor, Hunter and Co.	...	10719	11	10	0	0	0	9875	11	3	844	0	7	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	
Mackey and Co., D. C.	...	117353	10	2	56079	8	2	41893	7	8	19380	10	4,	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	
											which is applicable to the dividend now payable.								
Martin, Pillans and Co.	...	96126	13	10	19123	12	4	71921	2	4	5081	15	2,	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	
											which is applicable to the dividend now payable.								
Minto and Co., William	...	9560	5	4	3938	0	5	2759	2	7	2863	2	4,	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	
											which is applicable to the dividend now payable.								
McCheyne and Co., R.	...	8373	3	6	4869	12	9	3448	8	5	54	14	4,	0	0	0			
											which is applicable to the dividend now payable.						Ditto	ditto.	
Mackenzie R. (J. A. Currie and Co.)	...	3047	5	10	122	8	10	961	2	5	1963	11	5	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.		
Macdonald, R. C.	...	38187	4	0	30698	4	11	3129	12	8	4359	2	5,	of which Rs. 377	1	7	Ditto	ditto.	Insolvent dead.
														is for dividends.					
Macdonald, R. B.	..	4769	3	10	346	11	1	384	3	5	4038	5	4	883	13	1	Ditto	ditto.	Retained for creditors.
Macvitie, R. F.	..	5450	7	4	4822	0	3	544	11	5	83	11	8,	of which Rs. 30	2	2	Ditto	ditto.	Finally discharged.
														is for dividends.					
Maclean, L. A.	...	885	4	9	0	0	0	294	8	0	590	12	9	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	
Melville, William	..	1667	4	4	0	0	0	244	8	1	1422	12	3	441	14	9	Ditto	ditto.	Insolvent dead.
Manuk, M. M.	...	5982	11	10, and Co.'s Paper for Rs. 2,600.	3518	5	8	1600	10	9	863	11	5	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	Ditto
Morris, James	..	653	13	10	0	0	0	146	0	0	507	13	10	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	Ditto.
Magniac, Lane	..	951	15	6	0	0	0	117	0	0	834	15	6	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	Ditto.
Manick Chunder Khan	...	469	11	6	0	0	0	216	4	0	258	7	6	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	
Monteath, John	..	821	0	3	20	12	0	189	4	0	611	0	3	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	Ditto.
Macleod, A. D.	...	1110	0	0	0	0	0	72	0	0	1038	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	Ditto.
Murdoch, Mackenzie and Co.	...	5596	15	9	0	0	0	4988	6	8	608	9	1	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	Ditto.
Macfarlane and Co.	...	6505	11	2	3944	10	0	821	9	4	1739	7	10	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	Ditto.
Moorally Dhur Newgy	...	1385	0	8	0	0	0	208	0	0	1177	0	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	
Mayer, F.	...	747	9	2	0	0	0	139	0	0	608	9	2	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	Ditto.
Mottley, Charles (2nd)		7000	0	0	4463	8	11	584	15	10	1951	7	3	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	
Mudden Mohun Bose	...	545	5	6	0	0	0	192	2	3	353	3	3	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	
Modoosoodun Addy	...	2904	13	8	0	0	0	880	7	2	2024	6	6	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	Ditto.
Macdonald, Daniel	...	1510	5	11	0	0	0	522	14	4	987	7	7	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	Ditto.
Moore, Robert	..	5679	3	5	3784	10	11	1401	10	1	492	14	5	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	Ditto.
Martin, William	...	2106	11	8	0	0	0	407	0	0	1699	11	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.	Finally discharged and dead.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance remaining.	Of the balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being cash in the Bank of Bengal)	Probable out-turn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.			
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Michael, J. C. (2nd) ...	7660 12 8	5858 3 5	1869 3 4	433 5 11	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Moore, W. J. ...	1773 4 6, and Co.'s Paper for Rs. 2,000.	0 0 0	72 5 1	1700 15 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Middleton, J. R. ...	1500 0 0	0 0 0	54 0 0	1446 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Muir, Thomas ..	1415 0 0	620 7 8	548 10 6	245 14 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
McGilvray, Alexander ..	8154 0 8	3067 12 4	4148 9 7	937 10 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Marks, C. H. ...	2234 7 8	0 0 0	1850 6 0	384 1 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Madhub Chunder Bysack ..	11167 9 5	7620 3 11	2511 4 0	1036 1 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Musgrave, William ...	5845 15 11	4211 9 10	1265 12 9	368 9 4	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Middlecoat, J. H. P. ...	411 9 2, and Co.'s Paper for Rs. 500.	0 0 0	27 9 8	383 15 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Mahomed Fukeerooddeen, Prince	1788 0 0	1128 11 6	251 14 3	417 6 3	0 0 0	Insolvent concealed.
Mohes Chunder Chunder and Bholanath Chunder ...	4718 1 3	818 12 0	3515 0 6	684 4 9	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Mowjee, Hurry Doss ..	1528 11 7	0 0 0	1208 0 0	320 11 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Merces, G. D. ...	826 0 0	0 0 0	540 4 0	285 12 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
McCarthy, William ..	4244 13 3	1229 3 5	2544 1 3	471 8 7,	of which Rs. 44 6 1 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Mungle Chund and Pertaub Chund Rukhit ...	1182 14 3	0 0 0	642 3 0	540 11 3	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Mool Chund Khettry ..	3204 7 0	1530 11 6	1516 14 9	156 12 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Mitchell, W. A. ..	10242 6 9	5205 15 3	4835 5 4	201 2 2,	of which Rs. 70 14 3 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Murray, H. E. ...	7871 11 6	1802 2 3	5936 7 0	133 2 3,	of which Rs. 37 15 3 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Meyer, A. J. ...	8876 3 6	4248 9 10	2787 6 10	1840 2 10,	of which Rs. 1623 9 11 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Marriott, G. W. ..	1430 12 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	1430 12 10	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent dead.
Meer Dawood Ally ..	3044 0 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	3044 0 2	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Moreino, Samuel ...	1803 12 1	0 0 0	154 0 0	1649 12 1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Madhub Chunder Rooder ...	2098 0 6	0 0 0	66 12 0	2031 4 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Mongolall ..	1410 4 8	0 0 0	647 10 0	762 10 8	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery. Ditto.

Meyer, J. H.	...	782	11	0	0	0	0	513	12	6	218	14	6	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Nursing Chunder Bose	...	1030	0	0	0	0	0	202	11	0	827	5	0	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Nyss, John	...	750	2	11	0	0	0	171	4	0	578	14	11	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Nilmadub Mookerjee	...	616	13	10	0	0	0	193	4	0	423	9	10	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Nilrutton Haldar (2nd)	...	370	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	370	2	4	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Nilkunt Sircar	...	574	14	11	0	0	0	168	4	0	406	10	11	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Nilrutton Haldar (1st)	...	1396	13	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1393	13	0	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Norton, C. P.	...	1099	9	9	0	0	0	620	6	6	479	3	3	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Nemy Churn Bysack	...	1210	13	0	0	0	0	366	0	0	844	13	0	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Norman Brothers	...	19569	14	7	4662	12	3	5896	7	8	9010	10	8, of which Rs. 4605 is for dividends.	3	0		Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Newson, John	...	505	6	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	505	6	10	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Ditto
Nobocoomar Poddar	...	6200	0	0	3892	11	2	2202	15	0	104	5	10	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Nobinkisto Ghose	...	2450	0	0	0	0	0	299	0	0	2151	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Nilmoney Mookerjee	...	2754	2	0	0	0	0	1596	9	0	1157	9	0	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Nundolall and Anuntolall Shaw		1950	0	0	0	0	0	249	6	6	1700	9	6	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Nobinkissen Law (Law & Co.)		881	13	7	0	0	0	363	15	6	517	14	1	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Newson, William (Cartner, Newson & Co.)	..	307	15	0	0	0	0	2	12	2	305	2	10	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Narain Sing and Co.	...	26552 and Co.'s Paper for Rs. 4,500.	0	8	0	0	0	4851	13	6	21700	3	2	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Nundo Mull Bhinmull	..	10019	8	2	0	0	0	216	0	0	9803	8	2	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Owen, Allhusen and Co.	...	28739	4	1	0	0	0	25181	11	4	3257	8	9	2546	4	7	Further recoveries hopeless.
Oliva, L. B.	...	23729	2	7	17569	15	0	5445	11	5	713	8	2	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Ogle and Co., John	..	202761	13	3	155952	9	5	31293	15	1	15515 which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	4	9,	887	15	10	Ditto ditto.
Omachurn Bonnerjee	...	8605	1	1	6956	10	0	1295	5	6	353	1	7	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent dead.
Obhoy Churn Dutt	...	1127	0	6	487	9	9	137	0	0	502	6	9	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Dead.
Obhoy Churn Mullick, and others	...	725	4	5	0	0	0	206	4	0	519	0	5	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Obhoyram Budree Chund	...	1910	9	0	0	0	0	72	14	6	1837	10	6	0	0	0	Ditto ditto.
Ord, W. K.	...	666	13	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	666	13	1	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Ord, William (Murdoch & Co.)		3507	10	3	0	0	0	2853	15	6	653	10	9	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Palmer and Co.	...	563239	12	9	386448	10	7	167298	11	7	9492	6	7	4814	6	11	Further recoveries hopeless. Unclaimed dividends in Court.
Pehmoller and Co., G.	...	29920	10	5	0	0	0	20044	0	3	9876	10	2	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Patrick, William	...	1516	6	5	0	0	0	229	7	4	1286	15	1	441	14	6	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent dead.
Pittis, Edward	...	2229	3	9	0	0	0	253	4	3	1975	15	6	441	14	9	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Palmer, John	...	7707	11	7	4003	14	9	761	0	4	2942	12	6	0	0	0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance remaining.	Of the balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable out-turn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.			
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Parbutty Churn Bose ...	613 14 1	0 0 0	141 14 1	472 0 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Palmer, Thomas ...	1473 0 0	0 0 0	887 4 9	585 11 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Pew, P. L. ...	51299 3 0	33964 5 7	12739 14 8	4594 14 9, retained for creditors.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Panioty, C. ...	614 1 0	0 0 0	146 0 0	468 1 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Parry, John ...	4028 8 11	1597 6 10	1504 13 0	926 5 1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Petre, Martin ...	1201 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1201 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Payne, Thomas, and Sons ...	19162 9 0	11040 13 3	6929 9 1	1192 2 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Palmer, W. S. ...	4408 12 9	3074 5 2	885 14 2	448 9 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Pearymohun Sett ...	600 0 0	0 0 0	97 0 3	502 15 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Price, Henry ...	15380 1 3	0 0 0	14585 12 3	794 5 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Paterson, G. A. ...	1182 1 6	0 0 0	888 14 0	293 3 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Pittar, W. J., (or J. Corfield and Co.) ...	3737 12 10	2646 14 4	820 8 11	270 5 7,	of which Rs. 231 13 2 is for dividends.	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Pritchard, C. J. A. ...	1150 5 6	0 0 0	556 4 0	594 1 6	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Parke, Pittar ...	1146 12 0	0 0 0	631 3 0	515 9 0	0 0 0	Large sums recoverable.
Quillet, DeGaye and Co. ...	6533 1 4	3148 1 11	2380 4 6	1011 3 11, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Further recoveries hopeless.
Runtz, Rees and Co. ...	19490 12 2	3468 11 5	10021 4 8	6000 12 1, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Railey, G. F. (W. Newson and Co.) ...	11476 7 5	7095 7 8	2865 9 0	1515 6 9	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Russell, C. D. ...	8785 14 2	5872 15 2	908 4 2	2004 10 10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Retained for creditors. Insolvent dead.
Rogoonath Bose ...	1778 13 4	517 12 5	377 14 6	883 2 5	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent dead.
Rogers, Alexander ...	10511 15 0	5963 0 4	4186 10 9	412 3 11	0 0 0	All property under mortgage, consisting of Joint-Stock Shares; value uncertain. Insolvent dead.
Rozario, John ...	373 15 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	373 15 1	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Rajkissore Dutt ...	4274 2 0	0 0 0	661 10 3	3612 7 9	883 13 3	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Roussac, A. G. ...	12304 10 3	8940 2 5	1063 11 3	2300 12 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.

Rushton, William ...	938 13 3	426 12 0	181 4 0	385 13 3		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Ramdhone Mitter ...	827 0 7	0 0 0	158 0 0	670 0 7		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Rustomjee Cowasjee and Co. ...	9409 7 7	0 0 0	5653 14 3	3755 9 4		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Rustomjee Cowasjee ...	1527 4 7	0 0 0	165 0 0	1362 4 7		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto and dead.
Ramsabuck Misser, and others...	6508 10 2	0 0 0	3594 13 6	2913 12 8		0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery. Large Zemindaries.
Rajkissen Bysack ...	850 0 0	0 0 0	409 12 0	440 4 0		0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Robinson, S. H. ...	1129 10 9	0 0 0	132 0 0	997 10 9		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Ramnarain Sreemaney ...	2164 4 6	0 0 0	1513 9 9	650 10 9		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Ritchie, A S. ...	573 14 7	0 0 0	169 10 0	404 4 7		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Robinson, J. J. (Wallace & Co.)	3052 8 8	0 0 0	1976 1 0	1076 7 8		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Romanath Gossain ...	2521 12 0	0 0 0	363 0 0	2158 12 0		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Roop Chund Dutt ..	8619 0 0	1695 5 5	1351 10 11	571 15 8		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Randolph, Henry Job ...	590 7 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	590 7 10		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Rajender Dutt ...	494 0 6	0 0 0	165 0 0	329 0 6		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Ramanund ...	1028 2 3	0 0 0	572 0 0	456 2 3		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Roose, H. C. B. ...	1443 5 0	0 0 0	993 2 0	450 3 0		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Ramrutton Radakissen ...	14901 10 1	9396 7 2	5451 5 2	53 13 9,	of which Rs. is for dividends.	29 14 11	Ditto ditto.
Ramnath Janokeepersaud and Mohanundloll Brojolall ...	4906 13 9	0 0 0	2792 3 0	2114 10 9		0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Rooplall Nundun, Mohindernath Nundun, and Issur Chunder Mitter ...	2982 11 0	0 0 0	232 0 0	2750 11 0		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Saunders, May, Fordyce and Co.	402598 4 10	321673 0 4	68892 1 1	12033 8 5, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.		1909 13 6	Further recoveries hopeless.
Stewart and Co., W. C. ...	5757 8 7	1830 14 10	770 3 11	3156 5 10,	of which Rs. is for dividends.	1861 12 0	Ditto ditto.
Saunders, S. J. ...	15319 13 2	11279 2 1	1369 2 11	2671 8 2		0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Retired from the service.
Sinaes, W. DeM. ...	1287 14 10	0 0 0	8 0 0	1279 14 10		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Smith, W. S. ...	3620 13 5	2635 15 6	471 0 8	513 13 3,	of which Rs. is for dividends.	471 11 1	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Stocqueler, J. H. ...	7128 15 6	0 0 0	5425 3 1	1703 12 5		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Savigny, Joseph ...	1972 13 1	724 10 10	382 14 0	865 4 3,	of which Rs. is for dividends.	826 13 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Schlatter, Michael ...	20294 14 10	13948 6 9	2325 5 7	4021 2 6,	of which Rs. is for dividends.	1388 14 4	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Sumbhoonauth Mullick ...	612 10 5	0 0 0	203 12 0	408 14 5		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Smoult, W. H. ...	1770 10 7	0 0 0	217 5 10	1553 4 9		441 7 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto and dead.
Sheppard, G. A. ..	5583 14 0	4014 4 5	594 5 8	975 3 11		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Sarkies and Co., P. J. ...	52610 10 9	5924 2 9	45295 11 3	1390 12 9		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged and dead.
Sarkies, P. J. ...	10227 7 7	5824 6 7	3013 13 5	1389 3 7		0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto. Ditto.
Smith, C. R. ...	2286 2 3	0 0 0	529 13 0	1756 5 3		0 0 0	Ditto ditto.

ESTATES.	Whole amount of receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance remaining.	Of the balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable out-turn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.			
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs As. P.	
Scott, C. C. J.	7723 13 9	4659 10 11	2002 0 10	1062 2 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent dead.
Shaw, David ...	396 7 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	396 7 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Simpson, James ...	365 14 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	365 14 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Smith, Huffnagle and Co. ..	24610 8 9	13828 7 4	10669 9 1	112 8 4	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Stubbs, W. V. G. ..	3486 13 7	0 0 0	1604 7 11	1882 5 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Snook, J. V. ...	775 10 0	0 0 0	158 0 0	617 10 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Smith, G. M. G. ..	1000 0 0	0 0 0	501 8 6	498 7 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Sumbhoonauth Mullick ...	1139 0 6	0 0 0	821 3 6	317 13 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Sutherland, Thomas ..	1057 12 0	0 0 0	410 0 0	647 12 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto and dead.
Saunders J. O'B. ..	1200 0 0	0 0 0	721 0 3	478 15 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Sreegopaul Misser ..	1951 0 0	0 0 0	507 1 0	1443 15 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Sumbhoo Chunder Chuckerbutty	1798 2 0	0 0 0	1525 12 9	272 5 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Sheeburne, Nathaniel ...	8624 3 11	2186 10 10	5949 7 8	488 1 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Sandeman, A. P. ..	3450 0 6	1410 0 9	1942 14 8	97 1 1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Solomon, Maladina ...	64023 6 10	40621 13 10	16942 0 1	6459 8 11,	of which Rs. 6278 2 2 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Stewart, W. M. ...	24989 4 9	11092 14 8	6325 15 7	7570 6 6,	of which Rs. 7031 10 1 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Sanneram and Sreeram ...	9183 13 0	4365 14 6	4299 12 10	518 1 8,	of which Rs. 460 10 11 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Sandeman, D. ..	2817 0 0	0 0 0	91 0 0	2726 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Smith, William ..	1221 15 6	0 0 0	855 5 0	366 10 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Sreenath Mullick ...	17620 11 5	11886 7 10	3126 3 2	2608 0 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Sheppard, W. A. ..	3402 0 9	2365 8 2	837 0 0	199 8 7,	of which Rs. 98 9 7 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Shib Chunder Mullick and Co....	89521 2 8	56686 6 1	12253 11 1	20581 1 6,	of which Rs. 5271 14 2 is for dividends.	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Savigny, Henrietta ..	796 4 3	0 0 0	508 13 0	287 7 3	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Sewnundun Pauray ...	28034 10 6	0 0 0	676 0 8	27358 9 10	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Tulloh and Co. (1st) ...	120428 1 3	68596 14 0	50617 7 9	1213 11 6,	of which Rs. 1158 6 6 is for dividends.	Further recoveries hopeless.
Tulloh and Co. (2nd) ...	19207 10 6	7964 9 2	9587 1 3	1656 0 1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.

Thomas and Co. ...	423076 6 3, and Co.'s Paper for Rs. 500.	348217 12 1	42991 5 9	31867 4 5, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	2706 14 0	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Thomas, Robert (1st) ...	631 4 1	0 0 0	214 4 0	417 0 1	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Turton, John ...	358 7 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	358 7 1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Trower, Charles ...	2177 9 0	240 0 0	72 0 0	1865 9 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Thomas, G. P. ...	2690 1 7	1776 3 4	806 14 1	107 0 2	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Twentyman and Co.	593 11 6	0 0 0	152 2 1	441 9 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Tara Chund Kurramull and Dowlutchund ...	22970 1 11	6210 6 9	14187 12 0	2571 15 2,	of which Rs. 2199 13 3 is for dividends.	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Thomas, John ...	740 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	740 0 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Teitkins, A. H. ...	5671 12 10	3819 12 0	1248 0 5	604 0 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Tomkins, W. ...	938 15 9	0 0 0	702 1 6	236 14 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Turton, Sir T. E. M. ...	249940 13 4	148439 0 10	100388 13 6	1112 15 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Thomas, Anthony ..	800 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	800 0 0	0 0 0	Ordered to pay 100 Rupees per month from his pension.
Vandenberg, J. B. (1st) ..	5892 13 2	1595 6 9	2587 7 3	1709 15 2	0 0 0	Something recoverable annually by interest on a Trust Fund.
Vandenberg, J. B. (2nd) ..	4807 13 0	3365 12 8	311 15 0	1130 1 4	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Vincent and Co. ...	858 10 6	0 0 0	426 4 11	432 5 7	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Wills, F. F. ...	7102 7 11	892 13 4	2906 1 7	3303 9 0, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Further recoveries hopeless.
Willis, Joseph ...	181111 13 0	73204 6 8	29819 15 4	15087 7 0, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Wood, Olliffe and Co. ...	3276 6 10	0 0 0	1427 4 6	1849 2 4	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Whyttenbach and Co., E. ...	3209 1 10	1643 3 10	536 13 4	1029 0 8, which is applicable to the dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Walker and Fournier ..	2805 3 5	0 0 0	2333 1 7	472 1 10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Wallace, Alexander and Co. ..	23899 14 0	6783 2 0	5861 6 11	11255 5 1, which is applicable to to the dividend now payable.	959 9 1	Ditto ditto.
Waring, E. S. S. ...	3066 8 8	1769 2 9	469 6 3	827 15 8	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Williams, Stephen ...	20504 1 5	17226 4 11	2148 2 5	1129 10 1,	of which Rs. 457 14 7 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto. Insolvent killed in the mutiny.

ESTATES,	Whole amount of receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance remaining.	Of the balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable out-turn of the dependencies.
		Other payments.	Dividends paid.			
	Rs. As P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Wilton, G. R. ..	1589 15 1	0 0 0	115 8 5	1474 6 8	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Wilton, T. C. ...	400 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	400 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Watson and Co., and Gibbon and Co. ...	105567 3 11	86129 10 5	15806 4 2	3631 5 4	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Wood, H. W. I. ..	2539 13 0	0 0 0	709 10 9	1830 2 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Williams, William ..	500 0 0	0 0 0	55 0 0	445 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Winser and Co. ...	31049 3 8	21137 1 6	6126 5 11	3785 12 3,	of which Rs. 3684 3 1 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Wilson, A. ...	920 3 6	0 0 0	16 0 0	904 3 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Wiseham, William ...	967 3 6	0 0 0	32 0 0	935 3 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Schedule not filed.
Walker, Archibald ...	827 13 0	0 0 0	40 11 9	787 1 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Webb, John ...	4457 8 3	1781 12 1	1028 3 11	1647 8 3,	of which Rs. 655 6 11 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto. Insolvent dead.
Wilcox, H. C. ..	710 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	710 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Wood, D. ..	1414 3 0	0 0 0	698 4 9	715 14 3	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Wood, John ...	513 11 0	0 0 0	64 0 0	449 11 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Wallis, C. B. ..	8362 12 10	6448 6 2	1401 10 7	512 12 1,	of which Rs. 264 1 4 is for dividends.	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Woomesh Chunder Mitter (2nd)	590 0 6	0 0 0	45 9 9	544 6 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Young, Joseph ...	500 0 0	0 0 0	258 10 9	241 5 3	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent dead.
Zuccani, E. ..	427 2 0	0 0 0	0 7 0	426 11 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. No schedule filed.

In addition to the above, there are 260 estates under Rs. 220 each, aggregating Rs. 21,865-3-8, the particulars of which may be learnt at my office.

The Official Assignee has received for remuneration for the last quarter, Rupees four thousand eight hundred fifty eight, twelve annas and four pie.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st February 1872.

A. B. MILLER,
Official Assignee.

(1131-1)

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No. 11 of 1872

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1872.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT, *separately, on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

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Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 9th March 1872.

Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, *presiding.*
J. GRAHAM, ESQ., *Advocate-General.*
F. L. BEAUFORT, ESQ.,
V. H. SCHALCH, ESQ.,
H. L. DAMPIER, ESQ.,
C. E. BERNARD, ESQ.,
MOULVIE ABDOOL LUTEEF, KHAN BAHADOOR,
BABOO DIGUMBER MITTER,
B. D. COLVIN, ESQ.,
T. M. ROBINSON, ESQ.,
F. F. WYMAN, ESQ.,
and
RAJAH JOTEENDRO MOHUN TAGORE, BAHADOOR.

MR. BEAUFORT took the oath of allegiance and the oath that he would faithfully fulfil the duties of his office.

EMBANKMENTS AND WATER-COURSES.

MR. BERNARD moved that the Bill to amend the law relating to embankments and water-courses be again referred to a select committee with instructions to report in one month. He reminded the Council that this Bill, which affected very closely the welfare of the inhabitants of large tracts in Lower Bengal,

had been introduced into the Council so far back as December 1870. When first introduced its object was to enable persons charged with the maintenance of embankments to act more promptly in cases of emergency, to provide for improving drainage channels connected with embankments, and also to arrange for a more just and fair apportionment of the cost of such undertakings. At the first reading of the Bill on the 7th of January 1871, the hon'ble member then in charge (Mr. Schalch) explained its scope, and an hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Degumber Mitter) expressed his approval of its principle and his concurence in the arguments of the hon'ble mover. The Bill was for several months under the consideration of a select committee, who obtained opinions thereon from different parts of Bengal; finally, the select committee submitted their report in August last, and that report had been presented to the Council. One notable change which that committee introduced, was that the whole cost of existing works to be brought under the Bill should be paid for by the parties whose lands might be protected or benefited, though it was provided at the same time that, if Government received any extra revenue or payments for keeping up any embankments, such revenue should be remitted. The committee made certain other changes to which Mr. Bernard did not refer in detail. The committee's report on the amended Bill was republished during the recess, and before the opening of the present session of the Council more than one representation had been received regarding the Bill. One specially valuable representation was received from the British Indian Association to the effect that in some parts of the country Government had, according to ancient customs or under special agreements, maintained embankments at the public expense; and that there would be much hardship in now throwing these charges on the zemindars. With reference to this and to other representations, the Hon'ble President on the first day of this session, when reviewing the business to be laid before the Council, had explained to the Council the policy of Government in the matter, and the hon'ble member on the right (Mr. Schalch) in charge of the Bill had also stated what would be done to carry out that policy. The remarks to which he (Mr. Bernard) alluded had been so recently made that he would not trouble the Council by reading them on that occasion: they would be found in the Proceedings of the Council for the 5th December last. Their purport was that Government in no way desired to throw upon persons protected the cost of any works which Government itself was bound to maintain, and an assurance was given that the Member in charge of the Bill would "look into the subject and see what embankments Government was in justice bound to maintain, or what embankments Government had been obliged to take up owing to those who were properly liable not fulfilling their liabilities." The charge of the Bill had been made over to Mr. Bernard, who after making himself, as far as possible, acquainted with embankment affairs with the approval or rather at the instance of the hon'ble member (Mr. Schalch) on his right, proposed that the Bill should again be referred to a select committee. He found that, besides the main point regarding the liability for the cost of embankment works, there were certain other references on points of detail which needed calm discussion and careful settlement. At the same time the Council might perhaps desire to know the result of enquiries made into the history of different embankments, and the view taken of the liabilities of Government. So far as the official literature of the subject went, it seemed that the expenditure of Government on embankments for the protection of cultivated lands in Lower Bengal had increased enormously of late years. Government now spent on embankments more than double what it spent twelve years ago, and it did not do any thing like all that the circumstances required. This gradual, but great increase was due mainly to the general rise in the price of labor and produce, and it was partly due to the increased wants which arose everywhere as knowledge increased. For the current year 1871-72 Government was spending on embankment works and repairs (exclusive of embankments, costing Rs. 53,000 a year, and paid for by zemindars) nearly 4½ lacs of rupees. This expenditure was over and above the outlay on the great Orissa embankments. The present Bill did not concern them. The total length of the Government embankments was about 1,800 miles; while the length of the embankments maintained by

Government, but paid for by zemindars, was 430 miles. All the embankments in Behar were paid for by the zemindars according to customs or according to special agreements which varied in different districts. It was now proposed to give the force of law to these customs and agreements, but at the same time to permit recourse to the new law in case of new works. In Moorshedabad the engagements of the zemindars given at the Decennial Settlement bound them to maintain embankments on their estates, but on some estates Government at present maintained the embankments, while on others the zemindars did the work. There was much loss to every body from the want of system and organization in the management of the Moorshedabad embankments, and it was proposed that the Bill, as it now stood, should apply to this district. In the 24-Pergunnahs the charge of, and responsibility for, embankments was at the end of the last century, and at the beginning of this, handed about from one Government officer to another; from the zemindars to Government, and back again from Government to the zemindars. There was no agreement at the Decennial Settlement as to whether Government or the zemindars should undertake these particular embankments. For some four or five years, early in the present century, nobody did the work at all; and the district suffered immensely in consequence. Finally in 1838, the embankments were again undertaken by Government on a report from the Revenue Board "that Government are bound either to keep up the 24-Pergunnahs' embankments in full repair, or failing that, to pay over to the zemindars annually a sum of Rs. 16,786." During the current year Government was spending on the embankments of the 24-Pergunnahs' Rs. 93,000, and it was thought that the provisions of this Bill might properly be applied to the 24-Pergunnahs, and the sum of Rs. 16,800 remitted under section 42.

In the Midnapore district the case was very different. In the interior of the district the yearly cost of embankments on the Cossye was paid by the zemindars according to special agreements made with Government. The embankments near the mouths of rivers in Hidgellee and Tumlook and the great sea-dyke of Hidgellee, were maintained by Government; but all the cultivated lands of these tracts, much of which was temporarily settled, paid according to agreements made last century, and subsequently repeated, an embankment cess of 1½ anna per beegah. The Government in 1838 accepted its full liability for the maintenance of the embankments and larger drainage channels in Hidgellee and Tumlook, and it was now proposed that in the Midnapore district the existing arrangements should be upheld; that the custom of the Cossye embankments be respected, and that the Bill should operate in Midnapore only in respect of small drainage channels or other works which might hereafter be undertaken. On the estates which belonged to, or were offshoots of the great Burdwan zemindaree, the Government now kept up all embankments; and on these works it was spending during the present year about Rs. 87,000. The Maharajah of Burdwan paid, directly or indirectly, Rs. 60,000 a year for the work thus done. The arrangement under which Government began to repair these embankments, dated from 1809 or thereabouts, when the then Maharajah failed to maintain his embankments properly. It was now proposed that Government should continue to maintain these embankments even though their maintenance might at times cost something more than the annual payment. But it was considered that the parties interested might very reasonably be called upon under the Bill to pay for new masonry sluices, drainage channels, and other improvements of a kind not contemplated when Government took over the Burdwan embankments in 1809 and 1826. Mr. Bernard was glad to be able to mention that the account which he had given, and the proposals which he had sketched, had been considered, and in general terms approved by the Hon'ble Member (Mr. Schalch) before they were submitted to the Council, for he was sure that the Council would give more weight to the hon'ble member's opinion than could be accorded to his (Mr. Bernard's) own.

Before he left the subject of embankments, he would only say one word on the general question which had been warmly discussed, on and off, during the last fifty years in Bengal, whether river embankments did any good or not. Skilful Engineers, experienced collectors, and others, had given very discordant opinions

on this point; but Mr. Bernard believed, he might say, that there was no doubt whatever about the absolute necessity for embankments on the sea-face of Midnapore or on tidal rivers. The reports of 1835 and 1837, sent in by the officers of the 24-Pergunnahs, gave a most melancholy picture of what had happened in the 24-Pergunnahs during the years when embankments were left to themselves. The zemindars were ruined, ryots emigrated, Government revenue was perpetually in arrears, estates paying one lac of rupees had to be bought in by Government, and estates which had fetched 2½ lacs three years before, were sold by auction for Rs. 38,000. All or much of this deterioration was put down to the neglect of embankments. The immense good which had been done by the great sea-dyke at Hidgellee was well known. The only new embankments which were recently proposed on any large scale, were those in Orissa and those on the Gunduck in Chumparun. Regarding the absolute need for embankments in Orissa, there seemed never to have been two opinions, though there had been much discussion as to the cheapest and best way of giving the required protection. There was much to be said in favor of letting a broad and silt-laden river like the Ganges fertilize the country; moreover it would be an enormous undertaking to embank this great river all through Bengal; but the best opinions in Behar were in favor of embanking the Gunduck. Mr. Thomas Gibbon, the agent of the Bettiah estate, to whose opinion on matters of zemindaree management most natives and every European in Behar would defer, had stated his conviction that the Bettiah estates would gain much in value if the Gunduck were properly embanked, and he held that great embankments of this kind could be successfully managed by Government and by Government only. If the present Bill should become law, it would, Mr. Bernard believed, contain ample safeguards against Government officers undertaking unnecessary works of embankment or drainage. There was one other matter which would be laid before the select committee, and that was a proposal to incorporate with this Bill provisions enabling the majority of persons interested to undertake at the expense of the lands affected (and, if necessary, carry out for themselves) improvements in the local drainage. The Hon'ble President in his opening address this session dwelt on the necessity of some such legislation; the hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Digumber Mitter) had on more than one occasion, and notably in the debate of the 7th January 1871, urged the need of such local drainage improvements. The Bill, as it now stood, provided for drainage improvements in connection with embankments; but there was, it was feared, often very great need for, and very great difficulty in effecting these drainage improvements. The epidemic fever committee, of which the hon'ble gentleman opposite was a member, the skilled engineers and medical officers who were now examining into the phenomena of the Burdwan fever epidemic, all were agreed that in many places the local drainage required much improvement, and that the want of such drainage might be, and probably was, one of the causes of the epidemic. With the permission of the Council, there would be submitted to the select committee proposals for enabling the people to effect, or to have effected, improvements of this kind. Mr. Bernard had explained the manner in which it was proposed to redeem the pledge given by the President in regard to the Embankment Bill, but at the same time he was quite aware that it was within the discretion of the Committee to adopt these views or to modify them, and it would eventually be for the Council to consider how far they could be finally accepted. He would now move that the Bill to amend the law relating to embankments and water-courses be again referred to a select committee with instructions to report in one month. The old committee consisted of Messrs Schalch, Thompson, and Robinson, Raja Joteendro Mohun Tagore and himself. He now proposed that the committee should consist of—

Mr. Beaufort, Mr. Schalch, Mr. Dampier, Baboo Degumber Mitter, Rajah Joteendro Mohun Tagore, and himself.

He was glad to be able to add that Mr. Schalch, whose knowledge of such matters was so well known to the Council, had kindly agreed to take charge of the Bill again, and conduct it through the select committee.

His Honor the President said that he had only a few words to say before putting the motion to the Council. The subject was one which hon'ble members were aware, was of very great difficulty and very great complication, and had up to the present time given him very great anxiety. He was quite sure that he felt, and he believed the members of the Council and the people of Bengal would feel, very greatly indebted to the hon'ble member in charge of the Bill (Mr. Bernard) for the thorough sifting of the historical questions which he had undertaken so successfully, and the thorough way in which he had carried out that sifting. As they would see when the result of his investigations was laid before the Council they would find that the facts had been stated as clearly as it was possible to state them. His Honor trusted that the exposition of the principles upon which the Government was disposed to act, which had been so completely and clearly stated by the hon'ble members, would, upon examination, be found acceptable to the Committee and the Council. The hon'ble member had stated that which was the root of our present proposals, namely, that the Government proposed fully to accept the obligations which attached to it at the time of the permanent settlement; and he had also said that we proposed that any duties which had been since undertaken by the Government should be examined in each particular case upon its own merits, that was to say where the Government had made a deliberate and binding bargain, we did not propose to recede from that bargain, but adhere to it. On the other hand, where the Government had under stress of circumstances undertaken certain duties, because no one else would perform them—where the Government had merely intervened as the Father of the country in order to protect it from disasters owing to the failure of the obligations of others, the Government was not irrevocably bound by its action for all time. We should deal with each case upon its own merits, and consider whether the Government was bound by real obligations, or whether the case should be brought under the general provisions of the Bill.

Another feature of importance to which the hon'ble member had alluded was this, namely, that the obligations which were undertaken by the Government or by private parties were of this nature that they should maintain bunds, embankments, and works of a certain character. Modern science had progressed very much, sanitary science had progressed a little; works of a character unknown in those days,—works which were described as sluices, drainage channels, and irrigation channels, might be with advantage, added to the embankments. We thought that the Council would accept it as equitable that where works of a totally new character were added to the old works, the new works should be the subject of separate and distinct provisions. His Honor did not suppose that the members of this Council or of the Committee would pledge themselves by their silence, to the propositions that were now put forward; but he trusted they would think that so far as a one-sided statement of the general principles enunciated went, they were not inequitable, and that the Council would be prepared to give them a favorable consideration.

The motion was agreed to.

CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS.

Mr. Bernard moved that the Bill to provide for the due appropriation of certain educational and charitable endowments be read in Council. In doing so, he said that when he had the honor to ask for leave to bring in this Bill he explained the object it was intended to meet, and he would not trouble the Council in that respect again. He would now only remark briefly upon the provisions of the Bill. Section 1 provided for investing endowments of the kind mentioned in the Bill in trustees appointed by the Government, and the section provided most carefully that endowments for which trustees had been appointed, or for which trustees should exist, should not come under the provisions of the Act. It did not provide that trustees appointed thereunder should in any way interfere with existing endowments which were properly maintained. Section 2 provided that for every district in which any endowments having no trustees existed, the Lieutenant-Governor should nominate trustees in whom such endowments should vest, and that the chief executive officer of the district

should be one of the trustees, so that the Government, who were interested in the good order of such endowments, should be properly represented amongst the trustees. At the end of the section it was provided that the trustees appointed under the Act should exercise the same powers as were conferred upon the trustees under the instrument of endowment, and where there was no instrument of endowment, that they should be subject to the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor. The Bill did not empower the trustees to devote the money provided for a charitable or educational purpose to any other purpose than that for which the money was left. Section 3 merely empowered the trustees to appropriate the income of the endowment to the objects of the donor. It also provided that the trustees, with the permission of the Lieutenant-Governor, might appropriate part of the capital sum of the endowment for any special object connected with the purposes of the endowment. Some such provision had been found necessary in the case of religious endowments, and the law relating to those endowments allowed the trustees in certain cases in this way to expend the capital sum when necessary in furtherance of the objects of the endowments; such for instance was the repair of buildings which were falling down, or the erection of new buildings, or in any way adding to the value of the property. The remaining sections provided that any body interested in an endowment might sue the managers or trustees if they neglected their duty. This was a very similar provision to a clause in Act XX of 1863 which enabled any body interested in a religious endowment to sue the trustees or managers in a court if they abused their trust. At the same time an indemnity was given to the trustees appointed under the Act, to the effect that they should not be liable to damages if they had acted *bonâ fide* for the benefit of the endowment.

The motion was agreed to, and the Bill was referred to a select committee, consisting of Moulvie Abdool Luteef, Baboo Digumber Mitter, Mr. Colvin, and the mover, with instructions to report in one month.

CALCUTTA PORT IMPROVEMENT.

On the motion of Mr. Bernard the Council proceeded to the consideration of the report of the select committee on the Bill to amend the Calcutta Port Improvement Act, being Act V of 1870 passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, in order to the settlement of the clauses of the Bill in the form recommended by the select committee.

Sections 1 and 2 were agreed to.

In section 3, on the motion of Mr. Schalch, the words "with or without cargo" were inserted after the word "vessel" in line 1; the word "Commissioners" was substituted for the word "Conservator" in lines 3, 11 and 15; and the words "and whose decision shall be final" were added to the section.

In section 4, on the motion of Mr. Schalch, the words "within one month from the date of recovery" in line 5 were omitted, and the words "may be detained by the Commissioners at the risk and expense of all parties interested therein" were inserted after the word "nature" in line 9.

In section 5, on the motion of Mr. Colvin, the words "from such time as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall notify in the *Calcutta Gazette* and" were inserted after the figures 1855"; and the word "thereafter" was substituted for the word "hereafter" in line 6.

Sections 6 and 7, and the preamble and title, were agreed to.

His Honor the President said that he observed in the list of business a notice of motion that the Bill should be passed. He might remark that under the rules for the conduct of business a Bill could not be passed on the same day when it was settled in Council, if any amendments had been introduced in it. He thought, therefore, that the proper course would be to postpone the passing of the Bill till the next meeting of the Council.

Mr. Schalch said that he would ask the President to suspend the rules in order that the Bill might be passed; as the amendments that had been made were not of such a nature as to render it necessary that the passing of the Bill should be postponed. It would perhaps be remembered that the Bill had been introduced as an urgent one, and as it had been before the public for some time, he did not see the necessity of further delay.

THE PRESIDENT said that he would like to take the sense of the Counci before deciding upon this matter.

MR. DAMPIER said that the only reason that had been given for the suspension of the rules was that the Bill had been for some time before the Council and the public: he did not think that that was a sufficient reason for suspending the rules of the Council. There had been a good deal said of late about suspending the rules unnecessarily, both in this Council and elsewhere, and he thought it undesirable that such a course should be adopted without a full explanation of the reasons which made such a course desirable, which perhaps his hon'ble friend would give.

MR. WYMAN said he thought that the suspension of the rules should only take place under some real necessity, and that it was a dangerous practice to discard the safeguard provided by the rules of the Council; and as the hon'ble member who applied for the suspension of the rules had not shown sufficient reason to do so, he was certainly opposed to that course being followed.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said that as there did not seem to be unanimity of opinion as to the propriety of suspending the rules, he thought that the Bill as settled by the Council should be published in the ordinary way, and might be considered and passed at the next meeting of the Council.

The Council was adjourned to Saturday, the 16th instant.

Grand horse show for all India, to be held at Poona in September 1872.

Prospectus of a grand horse show for all India, to be held at Poona in September 1872, immediately after the Poona Races.

Patron.

HIS EXCELLENCY SIR W. R. S. V. FITZGERALD, K.C.S.I., *Governor of Bombay.*

Vice-Patrons.

HIS EXCELLENCY SIR A. A. SPENCER. K.C.B., *Commander-in-Chief.*

(Note.) Other names to be added hereafter.

Stewards.

THE HON'BLE S. MANSFIELD.
MAJOR-GENERAL GRANT, C.B.
W. H. HAVELOCK, ESQ.
L. ASHBURNER, ESQ.
COLONEL MACDONALD.
A. E. D. GREY, ESQ.
A. A. BORRADAILE, ESQ.
COLONEL WESTROPP.
MAJOR PROBYN.
J. H. B. HALLEN, ESQ.

Local Committee.

COLONEL GELL.
„ GAYE.
„ AITCHESON.
„ HOLLAND.
„ HENDERSON.
W. LAMB, ESQ
J. E OLIPHANT, ESQ, } *Joint-Secre-*
MAJOR WARDROP., } *taries.*

(Note) Other names to be added hereafter.

Judges

To be appointed by the Stewards from among themselves or otherwise, so as to represent as far as possible all parts of India, or say two from each Presidency.

Subscriptions

To be paid to the undersigned, or to the New Bank of Bombay Limited, Bombay, or Branch Bank at Poona by 1st July 1872.

Site.

With the permission of the military authorities, the old Artillery Horse Lines, Wanoree, where temporary sheds or tent stables will be provided for the horses. Also a good ride with jumps and a drive.

Entrance Fees.

For those requiring accommodation,

Per Horse Rs. 15.
„ Galloway „ 10.
„ Pony.

For those not requiring shelter.

Rs. 8, 5, and 3 respectively.

Expenditure and Funds.

Prizes to the amount of Rs. 11,500 are proposed, and other expenses may amount to Rs. 5,000.

To meet this expenditure, it is estimated that the income from entrance fees and sale of tickets will amount to Rs. 5,000. Government will be asked to contribute Rs. 5,000, and Local Funds Rs. 1,000. It is confidently hoped that the subscriptions of Patrons, Stewards, and others will exceed the balance required.

Prizes.

N.B.—No second prize will be given in any class unless four horses are exhibited therein, nor any third prize unless six are shown, except in either case, if strongly recommended by the Judges, and the Judges may withhold all, or any prize, if they consider the horses shown are undeserving.

Class.		Prizes. 1st.	2nd.	3rd.
1.	English thorough-breds suitable as stallions ...	250	150	50
2.	English mares suitable for breeding	150	100	50
3.	Australian thorough-breds suitable as stallions ...	250	150	50
4.	Australian mares suitable to breed from	150	100	50
5.	Arabs suitable as stallions ...	250	150	50
6.	Arab mares suitable for breeding from	250	150	
7.	Arab Galloway or pony stallion	150	100	50
8.	Country or stud-bred horses fit for stallions ...	150	100	50
9.	Country and stud-bred mares over 14-1	150	100	50
10.	Ditto ditto under 14 ...	100	70	40
11.	Country and stud-bred galloway and pony stallions	75	50	25
12.	Ditto ditto mares ...	75	50	25
13	Yearling foals any breed ...	75	50	25
14.	Ditto fillies ditto ...	75	50	25
15.	Two year old colts ...	100	70	40
16.	Ditto fillies ditto ...	100	70	40
17.	Three year do. colts do. ...	125	90	50
18.	Ditto fillies ditto ...	125	90	50
19.	Four year do. colts do. ...	150	100	50
20.	Ditto fillies ditto ...	150	100	50

The produce of any Government stallion.

These may compete also in classes 1 to 5.

21.	Yearling foals any breed ...	75	50	25
22.	Yearling fillies any breed ...	75	50	25
23.	Two year old colts ...	100	70	40
24.	Ditto fillies ...	100	70	40
25.	Three year old colts ...	125	90	50
26.	Ditto fillies ...	125	90	50
27.	Four ditto colts ...	150	100	50
28.	Ditto fillies ...	150	100	50
29.	Two year old gelding country-bred	100	70	40
30.	Three ditto ditto ...	125	90	50
31.	Four ditto ditto ...	150	100	50
32.	Five ditto ditto ...	160	110	60
33.	Chargers any breed or sex ...	150	100	50
34.	Hunters, Pig stickers ...	150	100	50
35.	Hacks or Roadsters ...	150	100	50
36.	Pairs of carriage horses any breed or sex	250	150	75
37.	Brougham horse ...	100	70	40
38.	Buggy or dog cart ...	100	70	40
39.	Tonga ponies, pairs ...	80	60	40
40.	State horses used by Native Chiefs	100	70	40
41.	The best horses of any class, breed or sex ...	500		

(Sd.) J. E. OLIPHANT, *Collector, Honorary Secy.*

N. B.—It is proposed to ask the Railway Companies to carry horses coming to the show at reduced rates.

Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of the Lower Provinces of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending 9th March 1872.

No	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
1	Bhaugulpore ..	Mar. 9th	0	Fair ...	Good.	
2	Monghyr ...	„ 9th	0	Fair and good ...	Satisfactory.	
3	Purneah ...	„ 9th	0	Seasonable ; it rained one day at some places.	The winter crops reaped ; the spring crops promising.	
4	Rajmehal ...	„ 9th	0	Nights cool, but days are hot and sultry.	Hardly any crop on the ground.	Cholera has shown itself in several places in the district.
5	Deoghur ...	„ 9th	0	Good ...	Satisfactory.	
6	Nya Doomka ...	„ 9th	0·06	Getting hot ...	Nothing on the ground ; a good area of land has been ploughed.	
7	Godda ...	„ 9th	0	Favorable ...	Nearly everything gathered in.	Cattle suffering much from disease.
8	Pakour					
9	Jamtarra ...	„ 2nd	0	Fine ...	Nothing to report.	
10	Patna ...	„ 9th	0	Fine ...	Winter crops excellent ; though pulses suffered from rain and fog, yet all the crops together were benefited rather than injured by the rain.	
11	Gya ...	„ 9th	0	Dry ...	Spring crops favorably progressing.	
12	Chumparun ...	„ 9th	0	Fair ; dry west winds.	Spring crops growing well and a rich outturn promised ; poppy and some other crops in Ramgeer has suffered a little from hail-storms.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
13	Sarun ...	Mar. 9th	0	Fine ...	Continue good throughout.	
14	Shahabad ...	„ 9th	Slight	Fair ...	Spring crops promise well; the rain was too slight t be any way injurious.	
15	Tirhoot ...	„ 9th	0	Fair ...	Spring crops doing well.	
16	Rajshahye ...	„ 7th	0·06	Thunder storm and rain on the 1st and cool afterwards.	Spring crops daily improving; mustard, linseed, and the pulses harvested.	
17	Bograh ...	„ 8th	0	Mornings and evenings cool, and days warm.	Satisfactory.	
18	Dinagepore ...	„ 9th	0	Very variable, days more or less cloudy.	Little of winter crop in the district; want of much rain in October has made the mustard crop rather scanty; the price has risen from Rs. 4 to 7 a maund.	
19	Maldah ...	„ 8th	0	Fair ...	Good.	
20	Moorshedabad ...	„ 9th	0·14	Growing hot by degrees.	Good; the rain has done injury to a certain extent to gram and wheat.	
21	Pubna	„ 9th	0·08	Fine and seasonable.	Good.	
22	Rungpore ...	„ 9th	0	Warm ...	Sowing and cleaning.	
23	Burdwan ...	„ 9th	0	Fair and dry; getting hot.	Spring crops growing well; sugarcane being cut.	
24	Bancoorah ...	„ 8th	0	Getting hot ...	Spring crops progressing well; sugarcane is nearly reaped.	
25	Beerbhoom ...	„ 9th	0	Overcast, then clear and fine.	Outturn not over 12 annas, and in some places less.	
26	Hooghly ...	„ 9th	0	Clear and then cloudy.	The winter crop good.	
27	Howrah.					
28	Midnapore ...	„ 8th	0	Growing hot ..	Winter crops fair.	
29	Nuddea ...	„ 9th	0	Hot, fine, and dry, with north-west wind.	Fair.	
30	Jessore ...	„ 8th	0·19	Fine and clear, but foggy at times in the morning; at about 2-40 P.M. on Friday, the 8th, there was a strong gale of wind with thunder and lightning, and rain and hail.	Good.	
31	24-Pergunnahs ...	„ 9th	0	Fair and hot ...	Spring crops good; other crops mostly gathered.	
32	Dacca ...	„ 9th	0·5	Partly fair and partly cloudy; the rain fell on Friday the 8th.	Good; the rain in the end of this work will do much good.	
33	Backergunge ...	„ 8th	0·86	Warm ...	The rice crops have all been reaped.	
34	Furreedpore ...	„ 9th	0	Still cool and pleasant.	Good. ...	There is hardly any sickness in the district.
35	Mymensingh.					
36	Sylhet ...	„ 2nd	0·46	Warm weather setting in; still cool and pleasant.	Partial failure of the mustard crop towards the south of the district; borodhan (a kind of paddy) is nearly all planted.	
37	Cachar ...	„ 2nd	0·95	Fair ...	Nothing to report.	
38	Chittagong ...	„ 2nd	0	Fine and generally warm.	Nothing special to note; generally favorable.	
39	Noakhally or Bullooah	„ 1st	0	Fair ...	Good.	
40	Tipperah	„ 1st	0	Warm ...	Generally satisfactory.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
41	Hill Tracts of Chittagong.	Mar. 2nd	0	Foggy and then sunny.	Good.	
42	Cuttack ...	„ 9th	0	Hot ...	Good.	
43	Balasore ...	„ 9th	0	Very sultry ...	Spring crops have been cut.	
44	Pooree ...	„ 1st	0	Heavy clouds on the 29th Feb.	The winter crops are inconsiderable in the district, but they are satisfactory in quality. "Scarcity in Ganjam is telling on exports here, but nevertheless rice is cheap. The condition of the bulk of the district continues good. As for the Chilka isthmus, the people of Sathpara are finding employment at preparations for salt manufacture. Not so in Malud and Parikud. There more relief works are becoming necessary, and some people are eating grass and roots."	
45	Hazareebaugh ...	„ 9th	0·07	Favorable ...	Fair.	
46	Lohardugga ...	„ 8th	0·04	Fine and seasonable.	Satisfactory.	
47	Maunbhoom ...	„ 9th	0	Stormy ...	The crops are off the ground now; sugarcane has been good; gram, wheat, and barley, a fair crop.	
48	Singbhoom ...	„ 1st	0	Seasonable ...	Favorable.	
49	Durrung ...	„ 2nd	0	Stormy ...	Sugarcane is being cut.	
50	Nowgong ...	„ 1st	0	Hot days and cold nights, with heavy atmosphere.	Good.	
51	Seebsauger ...	„ 1st	0·82	Cool, pleasant, and healthy.	Satisfactory.	
52	Kamroop ...	„ 2nd	0·12	Cold ...	Favorable.	
53	Luckimpore ...	„ 2nd	0·19	Fair, but there was high wind, thunder, and lightning on Friday night.	Satisfactory.	
54	Khasi and Jynteah Hills.	„ 1st	0	Fair ...	No crops on the ground	
55	Naga Hills ...	Feb. 23rd	0	Fine, cold, and seasonable on the hills; damp and chilly on the plains.	Jhums being prepared still.	
56	Julpigoree ...	Mar. 9th	0	Nights and mornings cold and days hot, with high winds.	No crops on the ground.	
57	Gowalparah ...	„ 2nd	0	Cool and pleasant.	Spring crops reaped; land being prepared for paddy.	
58	Garo Hills ...	„ 2nd	0	Fair ...	No crops on the ground.	
59	Darjeeling ...	„ 9th	0	Fair throughout.	Crops reaped on the hills; on the plains they are promising.	
60	Cooch Behar ...	„ 2nd	0	Fine ...	Good.	

N. B.—The columns of the districts from which returns have not been received remain blank.

Published for general information.

FORT WILLIAM,
the 12th March 1872.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Division.	Stations.	Rain from 19th to 25th Feb. 1872.	Rain from 26th Feb. to 3rd March 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872.		Remarks.
				Inches.	Up to date.	
		Inches.	Inches.			
Cuttack.	Cuttack { Telegraph Office ...	Nil	Nil	0·40	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Cuttack { Jail	0·14	ditto	0·63	ditto.	
	False Point	0·40	ditto	0·70	ditto.	
	Jajipore	0·37	ditto	0·77	ditto.	
	Kendraparah	0·60	ditto	0 70	ditto.	
	Jugutsingpore	1·00	ditto	1·00	ditto.	
	Sumbulpore	Not received	Not received	Nil	7th Jan. 1872.	
	Balasore	Nil	Nil	2·70	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Bhuddruck	0·52	ditto	0·89	ditto.	
	Pooree	0·07	ditto	0 15	ditto.	
	Khoordah	Not received	Not received	Nil	7th Jan. 1872.	
Chota Nagpore.	Hazareebaugh { Jail ...	Nil	0·06	1·25	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Hazareebaugh { Dispensary ...	ditto	0·07	1·25	ditto.	Not received 22nd to 28th Jan.
	Burhee	Not received	Not received	1·50	11th Feb. 1872.	
	Puchumba	ditto	ditto	0 46	4th Feb. 1872.	
	Ranchee	Nil	0·10	1·56	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Palamow	ditto	Not received	0·96	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Purulia	ditto	Nil	1·08	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Gobindpore	ditto	ditto	1·35	ditto.	
	Chyebassa	0·09	0 17	0·42	ditto.	
Patna.	Patna (Bankipore)	Nil	0·03	2·89	ditto.	
	Dinapore { Jail ...	ditto	Nil	2·75	ditto.	
	Dinapore { Cantonment ...	ditto	ditto	3·32	ditto.	Not received 8th to 14th Jan.
	Behar	ditto	ditto	2·06	ditto ...	
	Barh	ditto	Not received	2·16	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Gya	Not received	ditto	2·24	11th Feb. 1872.	
	Sherghotty	Nil	Nil	1·20	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Nowadah	ditto	ditto	1·54	ditto.	
	Arungabad	ditto	ditto	3·56	ditto.	Not received 1st to 7th and 15th to 21st Jan., & 29th Jan. to 4th Feb.
	Chumparun	Not received	Not received	0 51	18th Feb. 1872	Not received 22nd to 28th Jan.
	Bettiah	Nil	ditto	1·20	25th Feb. 1872	
	Chuprah	ditto	Nil	2·50	3rd Mar. 1872.	Not received 8th to 14th Jan.
	Sewan	ditto	Not received	1·21	25th Feb. 1872	
	Mozufferpore	ditto	Nil	2·30	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Durbhangah	ditto	ditto	1·12	ditto.	
	Seetamaree	ditto	Not received	1·25	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Tajpore	ditto	Nil	3·52	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Mudhubani	Not received	Not received	2·02	18th Feb. 1872	
	Hajipore	Nil	0·04	3·13	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Arrah	ditto	0·10	2·67	ditto.	
	Buxar	ditto	Nil	2 86	ditto.	
	Sasseram	ditto	ditto	1·86	ditto.	
	Bhubooah	ditto	Not received	2·26	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Benares	ditto	ditto	1·95	ditto.	
Beauleah.	Bhangulpore	ditto	Nil	0·48	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Mudheypoorah	ditto	Not received	1·00	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Banka	ditto	Nil	1·86	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Soopool	ditto	ditto	0·99	ditto.	
	Monghyr	ditto	ditto	2·08	ditto.	Not recorded 29th Jan to 3rd Feb.
	Jamooie	ditto	ditto	1·57	ditto ...	Not received 19th to 25th Feb.
	Begooserai	Not received	ditto	3·05	ditto ...	
	Deoghur	Nil	ditto	2·34	ditto.	
	Jamtara	ditto	ditto	1·50	ditto.	
	Rajmehal	ditto	ditto	1·10	ditto.	
	Pakour	Not received	Not received	Nil	14th Jan. 1872.	
	Nya-Doomka	Nil	Nil	1·90	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Purneah	ditto	ditto	1·84	ditto.	
	Kishengunge	ditto	Not received	1·42	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Arrareah	Not received	ditto	Nil	18th Feb. 1872	Not recorded 22nd to 28th Jan.
Rajmahl.	Rampore Beauleah... ...	Nil	0·06	2·43	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Nattore	ditto	Not received	2·40	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Bograh	ditto	Nil	1·12	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Dinagepore	ditto	0·05	1·82	ditto ...	Not received 12th to 18th Feb.
	Maldah	ditto	0·02	1·45	ditto.	
	Berhampore	ditto	Nil	2·85	ditto.	
	Jungipore	ditto	0·01	3·14	ditto.	
	Laulbaugh	ditto	0·04	2·76	ditto.	
	Jamoeakandi	ditto	Nil	1·34	ditto.	
	Puhna	ditto	0·07	2·15	ditto.	
	Serajgunge	ditto	0·10	2·35	ditto.	
	Rungpore	ditto	0·81	0·41	ditto ...	Not received 5th to 11th Feb.
	Bhowanigunge	ditto	Not received	Nil	25th Feb 1872	
	Titalya	ditto	Nil	1·38	3rd Mar. 1872.	
Burdwan.	Burdwan	ditto	ditto	0·60	ditto.	
	Cutwa	ditto	Not received	1·90	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Culna	ditto	ditto	0·05	ditto ...	Not received 5th to 11th Jan.
	Bood-Bood	ditto	Nil	1·10	3rd Mar. 1872	Not received 22nd to 28th Jan.
	Bancoorah	ditto	ditto	0·96	ditto.	
	Raneegunge	ditto	ditto	1·39	ditto.	
	Sooree	ditto	ditto	2·55	ditto.	
	Hooghly	0·20	ditto	4·20	ditto.	
	Serampore	0·04	ditto	2·72	ditto.	
	Jehanabad	0·03	Not received	2·70	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Howrah	0·98	Nil	2·28	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Midnapore	Nil	ditto	0·12	ditto.	
	Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office...	ditto	Not received	1·35	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Contai { Exe. Engr.'s Office	ditto	Nil	1·50	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Gurbetta	ditto	Not received	1·54	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Tumlook	0·20	ditto	2·53	ditto ...	Not received 8th to 21st Jan., and 29th Jan. to 4th Feb.

Division.	Stations.	Rain from 19th to 25th Feb. 1872.	Rain from 26th Feb to 3rd March. 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872. Inches.	Rain from 1st January 1872. Up to date.	Remarks.
		Inches.	Inches.			
Presidency.	Krishnaghur	Not received	Not received	1·83	18th Feb. 1872.	
	Bongong	ditto	ditto	Nil	ditto ...	Not received 5th to 11th Feb.
	Kanaghat	ditto	ditto	1·77	ditto.	
	Meherpore	ditto	ditto	1·40	ditto.	
	Chooadangah	ditto	ditto	1·30	ditto.	
	Kooshtea	Nil	Nil	1·50	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Jessore	0·20	ditto	2 50	ditto.	
	Khoolnah	Nil	ditto	Nil	ditto.	
	Jenidah	Not received	Not received	1·85	18th Feb. 1872	
	Nurail	ditto	ditto	1·66	ditto.	
	Magoorah	ditto	ditto	0·06	ditto.	
	Bagirhaut	ditto	ditto	1·46	ditto.	
	Saugor Island	Nil	Nil	0 32	3rd Mar 1872.	
	Calcutta	1·37	ditto	3·04	ditto.	
	Alipore { Hospital ...	1·29	ditto	2·49	ditto.	
	Alipore { Jail	1·09	ditto	2 18	ditto.	
	Barrackpore	Nil	ditto	3·03	ditto.	
	Dum-Dum	0·23	0·02	2·30	ditto.	
	Baraset	0·10	Nil	2·31	ditto.	
	Satkherah	0·42	0·04	2·59	ditto.	
	Busseerhaut	0·23	Nil	3·02	ditto.	
	Diamond Harbour	Nil	0 08	1·91	ditto.	
	Barripore	ditto	Nil	1·51	ditto.	
Dacca.	Dacca { Telegraph Office ...	0·20	ditto	1·39	ditto.	
	Dacca { Jail	0·10	ditto	0 75	ditto.	
	Burrisaul	0·14	ditto	1·33	ditto.	
	Dowlat Khan	Nil	ditto	1·65	ditto.	
	Perozepore	1·45	ditto	3 28	ditto.	
	Madaripore	1 17	ditto	3·37	ditto.	
	Furreedpore	Nil	ditto	0·68	ditto.	
	Goalundo	ditto	ditto	2·06	ditto.	
	Mymensing	ditto	Not received	0·86	25th Feb. 1872	Not received 22nd to 28th Jan. and 12th to 18th Feb.
	Jamalpore	ditto	ditto	2 25	ditto ...	Not received 22ndto 28th Jan.
	Attaah	ditto	ditto	1 24	ditto ...	Not received 1st to 7th Jan.
	Kishoregunge	0·15	ditto	0·15	ditto ...	Not received 8th to 14th Jan., and 5th to 11th Feb.
	Sylhet	Nil	0·46	1·03	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Cachar	ditto	Not received	1 95	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Hylakandy	0·21	ditto	1·46	ditto.	
	Koyah	0·02	ditto	1·20	ditto.	
Chittagong.	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	Nil	Nil	0·50	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Chittagong { Jail ...	0·90	ditto	1·58	ditto.	
	Cox's Bazar	Nil	Not received	1·05	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Rangamatee Hill	0 30	ditto	1·12	ditto	
	Noakhaliy	0·04	Nil	0·73	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Tipperah	0·80	ditto	1·81	ditto.	
	Brahmanbariah ...	Nil	Not received	1·46	25th Feb. 1872	
	Akyab	ditto	Nil	0·10	3rd Mar. 1872.	
Cooch Behar.	Cooch Behar	ditto	ditto	1·20	ditto ...	Not r
	Buxa	Not received	ditto	1·95	ditto ...	Not r
	Goalparah	Nil	Not received	0·87	25th Feb. 1872	Not r
	Dhoobree	ditto	ditto	1·00	ditto.	
	Tura (Garo Hills) ...	ditto	ditto	0·23	ditto.	
	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	Not received	ditto	1·48	15th Jan. 1872.	
	Darjeeling { Hospital ...	Nil	Nil	0·86	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Rungbee	Not received	Not received	1·20	31st Jan. 1872.	
	Julpigoree	Nil	Nil	0·96	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Boda	Not received	Not received	2·10	11th Feb. 1872	
Assam.	Tezpore	Nil	ditto	0·87	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Nowgong	ditto	ditto	6·19	ditto.	
	Mungledye	ditto	ditto	1·17	ditto.	
	Burpettah	ditto	ditto	0·53	ditto.	
	Gowhatty	ditto	0·12	2·25	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Seebsaugor	1·21	Not received	4·83	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Jorehaut	0·28	ditto	2·37	ditto ...	Not received 15th to 21st Jan.
	Golaghat	0·06	ditto	2·92	ditto.	
	Nazeerah	0·31	ditto	2·61	ditto.	
	Debrooghur	0·64	ditto	4·02	ditto.	
	Suddya	0·60	ditto	7·29	ditto ...	Not received 15th to 21st Jan.
	Shillong	0·10	ditto	0·39	ditto.	
	Cherrapoonjee	Nil	0·20	1·06	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Jaowai	ditto	Not received	0 95	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Samoogoodting	ditto	ditto	0·54	ditto.	

HENRY F. BLANFORD,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
the 9th March 1872

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 3rd to 9th March 1872.

Stations.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	Thermometer. Dry.	Thermometer. Wet.	Humidity Sat. =100.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
	March											
Calcutta.	3rd	10	30·069	30·087	79·4	68·2	52	W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·957	29·975	86·5	70·5	41	W	...	...	CK	
	4th	10	30·094	30·112	80·8	76·0	55	W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·959	29·977	88·0	69·5	35	W S W	...	...	.....	b
	5th	10	30·054	30·072	79·6	68·5	52	W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·905	29·923	87·7	70·5	38	W by N	...	...	.....	b
	6th	10	30·006	30·024	81·5	73·5	66	S W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·847	29·865	88·2	71·2	40	S W	...		CS	
	7th	10	29·987	30·005	78·6	71·7	69	E S E	...	0·21	.....	b
		16	29·829	29·847	87·0	75·0	55	W S W	...	...	K	
	8th	10	29·971	29·989	81·8	77·1	78	S by W	...	...	K	
		16	29·834	29·852	89·0	73·1	43	W S W	...	...	K	
	9th	10	30·022	30·040	79·8	75·5	80	S S W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·912	29·930	90·3	68·0	26	S S W	...	...	.....	b
Saugor Island.	3rd	10	30·080	30·086	86	64	24	S W	4·2*	...	.....	b
		16	29·997	30·003	86	77	64	S S W	8·0*	...	.....	m
	4th	10	30·115	30·121	81	71	59	N	7·6*	...	.....	b, m
		16	29·974	29·980	91	76	47	S W	6·1*	...	.....	m
	5th	10	30·059	30·065	83	70	49	N N W	8·4*	...	.....	b
		16	29·924	29·930	88	75	52	S S W	9·7*	...	.....	b, m
	6th	10	29·996	30·002	85	78	71	S	9·5*	...	K	b, m
		16	29·878	29·884	85	78	71	S S E	13·3*	...	N	b
	7th	10	29·992	29·998	81	75	74	N N W	10·2*	0·10	K	b, scuds
		16	29·864	29·870	86	79	72	S	7·2*	...	Ks	b, m
	8th	10	29·974	29·980	86	79	72	W S W	13·4*	...	K	b, m, scuds
		16	29·863	29·869	87	79	68	S W	13·2*	...	K	b, m
	9th	10	30·040	30·046	86	80	75	S W	6·5*	...	K	b, m
		16	29·031	29·937	87	80	73	S	10·4*	...	Ks	b, m
Chittagong.	3rd	10	29·872?	29·965?	82	70	52	N N W	4·1*	...	CK	b, m
		16	29·881	29·972	89	71	37	W	3·4*	...	.....	b, m
	4th	10	29·995	30·087	83	70	49	N N W	6·1*	...	.....	b, m
		16	29·881	29·072	89	72	40	W	7·6*	...	.....	b, m
	5th	10	29·957	30·049	85	72	53	N	5·6*	...	.....	b, m
		16	29·836	29·927	88	76	55	W	8·1*	...	.....	b, m
	6th	10	29·940	30·032	83	75	67	S W	4·6*	...	.....	b, m
		16	29·816	29·908	87	79	68	S W	9·4*	...	.....	b, m
	7th	10	29·930	30·024	77	67	56	N N E	4·5*	...	K, CK	b, m
		16	29·800	29·891	88	72	43	W	5·5*	...	K	b
	8th	10	29·982	30·075	81	74	70	S	4·6*	...	K, KS	b, m
		16	29·805	29·898	82	75	70	S W	12·7*	...	K, KS	b, m
	9th	10	29·970	30·064	74	67	67	S E	5·6*	...	K, KS	b, m
		16	29·862	29·954	85	77	68	S W	3·9*	...	K, CK	b, m
Madras.	2nd	10	30·036	30·066	82	71	55	S S E	7*	...	.....	bc
		16	29·922	29·952	84	72	53	E	11*	...	.....	b
	3rd	10	30·051	30·081	83	71	52	E S E	5*	...	.....	b
		16	29·940	29·970	83	72	56	E by S	10*	...	.....	bc
	4th	10	30·099	30·129	86	74	54	E N E	11*	...	.....	bc
		16	29·970	30·005	85	74	57	E N E	13*	...	.....	bc
	5th	10	30·069	30·099	85	74	57	E by N	5*	...	.....	b
		16	29·936	29·966	85	72	50	E S E	10*	...	.....	b
	6th	10	30·020	30·050	86	74	54	S S E	4*	...	.....	b
		16	29·894	29·924	85	75	60	S E	9*	...	.....	b
	7th	10	30·004	30·034	85	75	60	S S E	8*	...	.....	bc
		16	29·888	29·918	85	75	60	S E	10*	...	.....	b
	8th	10	30·018	30·048	85	75	60	S S E	9*	...	.....	b
		16	29·894	29·924	83	75	67	S E by E	11*	...	.....	b
Cuttack.	2nd	10	29·955	30·037	84	74	60	E N E	2·7*	...	KS	cloudy
		16	29·845	29·926	91	73	30	N N E	2·9*	...	KS, N	cloudy
	3rd	10	29·983	30·066	80	67	47	S W	3·8*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·852	29·933	93	67	20	S S W	3·3*	...	.....	fair
	4th	10	30·031	30·114	81	72	62	N E	1·4*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·862	29·943	92	69	28	S W	8·6*	...	.....	fair
	5th	10	29·981	30·064	81	69	51	W	0·5*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·928	30·011	77	70	68	S S W	4·6*	...	.....	fair
	6th	10	29·961	30·043	83	72	56	N W	1·3*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·770	29·851	91	74	41	S	2·0*	...	KS, N	cloudy
	7th	10	29·905	29·987	83	76	71	S S W	2·7*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·760	29·841	92	74	39	S S W	8·3*	...	Ks	
	8th	10	29·915	29·997	84	76	67	W	3·7*	...	C	fair
		16	29·763	29·844	93	73	35	N E	1·7*	...	.....	fair
Akyab.	3rd	10	30·027	30·040	79	69	58	E N E	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·903	29·925	85	74	57	W N W	2	...	.....	b
	4th	10	30·047	30·060	81	71	59	E N E	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·898	29·920	88	73	46	N N W	2	...	.....	b
	5th	10	30·014	30·036	81	70	55	E	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·886	29·908	85	75	60	N N W	2	...	.....	b
	6th	10	30·004	30·026	80	70	58	E S E	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·863	29·885	84	73	56	W	3	...	.....	b
	7th	10	29·987	30·009	81	67	44	E	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·858	29·880	85	73	54	W	2	...	.....	b
	8th	10	30·017	30·039	79	71	65	E S E	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·888	29·910	84	70	46	S W	2	...	.....	b
	9th	10	30·047	30·069	80	73	70	E S E	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·931	29·956	82	75	70	W	3	...	.....	b

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 1st to 7th March 1872.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Thermometer. Highest reading.	Thermometer. Lowest reading.	Thermometer. Max. solar radiation.	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Max. pressure.	Wind. Daily velocity.	Rain.	Moon's phase.	General Remarks.
		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°			lb	Miles.	In.		
March ...	1st	29·937	89·0	71·5	139·7	78·8	70·2	64·2	·632	S S E & N N E	2·6	138·5	...	...	Clear and cirrocumuli. Brisk wind from 11½ A.M. to 4½ P.M.
	2nd	·991	85·5	71·8	130·2	77·7	68·9	62·7	·531	S E & W S W	...	190·4	...	...	Cirrocumuli and cirri. Thunder and drizzled at 6 A.M.
	3rd	30·004	87·0	70·7	133·0	78·2	68·4	61·5	·458	W by S & W	...	114·0	...	(	Clear and cirrocumuli.
	4th	·019	88·0	70·0	135·4	79·0	69·1	62·2	·458	W & W S W	...	78·7	...	...	Chiefly clear.
	5th	29·974	87·7	70·5	138·0	78·6	67·8	60·2	·355	W & W N W	...	122·0	...	...	Clear.
	6th	·933	89·7	70·3	141·3	78·5	70·3	64·6	·564	S W	0·4	103·3	0·21	...	Clear and clouds of different kinds. Thunder at 7 P.M. Lightning at 7 & 8 P.M. Rain at 7 P.M.
	7th	·901	87·0	69·5	138·0	77·7	71·7	67·5	·712	S by W, E S E & S S W	...	126·5	...	...	Clear and cirrocumuli.

The mean barometer as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means are derived from he twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants.—The figures in column 10 represent he humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity.—The receiver of the ower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the round.—The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	...	20·2
The max. temperature during the past seven days	...	89·7
The max. temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	84·3
The mean humidity during the past seven days	...	0·61
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0·81
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th — by lower rain gauge	...	0·21
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th — by anemometer gauge	...	0.16
Ditto ditto average of eighteen previous years	...	0·76
Ditto between the 1st January and the 7th March	...	3·25
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, average of eighteen previous years	...	2·03

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

CALCUTTA,
The 9th March 1872.

IRRIGATION BRANCH, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Kendrapara Canal during the month of January 1872.

DISTANCE FROM CUTTACK TO TERMINAL LOCK AT TIDE WATER, 42 MILES.

LOCAL TRAFFIC.							TRAFFIC BETWEEN CUTTACK AND SEA-BOARD.							STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.							ABSTRACT.							
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate value of cargo.	Tonnage. Maunds.	Tonnage. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate value of cargo.	Tonnage. Maunds.	Tonnage. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate value of cargo.	Tonnage. Maunds.	Tonnage. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Value of traffic.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Remarks.
		Rs.				Rs. As. P.			Rs.				Rs. As. P.				Rs.			Rs. As.P.			Rs.			Rs. As. P.	
2	Passenger...	...	80	...	...	...	44	Paddy ...	6,516	13,032	...	...	189 4 0	...	...	Local	...	...	...	...	8	Local ...	5,095	42	1,093	9 7 7	The canal was closed for annual repairs, from 16th December 1871 to 15th February 1872.
5	Jaggery ...	5,095	1,019	...	...	9 7 7	7	Spices ...	1,21,680	6,084	...	...	90 0 0	2	Coarse lime	131	600	...	...	3 0 0	54	Through ...	1,28,196	696	29,274	284 2 0	
1	Empty ...	...	81	...	...	...	1	Passenger...	...	81	...	...	0 12 0	1	Empty ...	...	100	...	...	0 8 0	3	Irri. works	131	25	475	3 8 0	
...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	2	Empty ...	...	302	...	...	4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8		5,095	1,180	42	1,093	9 7 7	54		1,28,196	19,499	696½	29,274	284 2 0	3		131	700	25	475	3 8 0	65		1,33,422	763	30,842	297 1 7	The tonnage shown is that of the boats and not of the cargo.

IRRIGATION BRANCH, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Taldundah Canal during the month of January 1872.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN, 25 MILES.

LOCAL TRAFFIC.								ABSTRACT.							
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE.		TONNAGE.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of traffic.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	REMARKS.
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Maunds.	Tons.										
							Rs. As. P.				Rs.			Rs. As. P.	
2	Empty ...	...	...	411½	...	...	1 0 6	2	Local ...	...	20	14½	14½	1 2 6	The tonnage shown is that of the boats and not of the cargo.
...	Teak timber, No. 1 ...	...	20	...	...	...	0 2 0	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	
2		...	20	411½	14½	14½	1 2 6	2		...	20	14½	14½	1 2 6	

IRRIGATION BRANCH, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Midnapore Section of the High Level Canal during the month of January 1872.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN, 24 MILES

LOCAL TRAFFIC.								STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.								ABSTRACT.							Remarks.
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate weight of cargo.	Approximate value of cargo.	Tonnage. Maunds.	Tonnage. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Number of boats or rafts.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate weight of cargo	Approximate value of cargo	Tonnage. Maunds	Tonnage. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of traffic.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	
		Mds.	Rs.				Rs As. P.				Rs.				Rs. As. P.				Rs.			Rs. As P.	
43	Coal ...	2,505	7,881	37,675	...	...	181 5 6	1	Empty boat	...	...	675	...	...	4 3 6	1,728	Local	60,105	4,64,092	7,398	61,269	1,193 14 0	Range III. Canal opened from 1st January 1872. The tonnage shown is that of the boats and not of the cargo.
12	Cotton ...	841	21,417	2,000	...	...	7 15 0	1	Engines ...	400	7,500	975	...	...	14 10 0	3	Irri. works	400	8,225	59	1,351	22 7 6	
16	Firewood ...	741	251	2,050	...	...	10 14 0	1	Wood ...	...	725	logs 29=	...	...	3 10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
47	Grain ...	3,298	6,609	7,225	...	...	26 14 6	..	...	..	...	19 tons.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
36	Hides and horns	2,712	64,305	6,750	...	...	30 12 6	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
20	Jaggery and sugar ..	1,130	5,089	3,325	...	...	15 15 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	Metal ...	607	19,175	2,150	...	...	9 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
167	Miscellaneous ...	12,427	26,817	28,675	...	...	138 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
24	Oil and oilseeds	2,217	7,674	4,800	...	...	22 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
26	Paddy and rice	1,738	2,977	4,375	...	...	19 14 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
83	Piece-goods ...	3,135	1,22,872	10,725	...	...	49 2 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	Garden produce	561	871	1,400	...	...	6 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
22	Pottery ...	731	811	3,275	...	...	12 11 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
19	Salt ...	2,465	9,678	5,325	...	...	22 5 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
27	Silk and indigo	666	1,54,406	4,475	...	...	23 15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	Jute ...	1,610	6,627	4,100	...	...	15 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
19	Straw ...	750	286	2,900	...	...	13 2 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
18	Tobacco ...	936	5,644	2,150	...	...	9 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	Shooting ...	262	51	350	...	...	1 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	Shell ...	100	200	200	...	...	0 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	Sand ...	1,565	121	2,375	...	...	10 9 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	Bricks ...	1,085	90	1,925	...	...	9 2 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Rafts of timbers	...	250	Logs 6	...	...	0 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Rafts of bamboos	...	10	Logs75	...	...	0 3 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
216	Empty boats ...	...	...	68,925	...	...	4 5 1 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
841	Passengers ...	...	...	No. 8,880	...	...	86 13 7½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
———	Mis. Revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	62 10 10½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	Police boats ...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,728		60,105	4,64,092	2,07,150	7,398	61,269	1,193 14 0	3		400	8,225	1,650	59	1,351	22 7 6	1,731		60,505	4,72,317	7,457	62,620	1,216 5 6	

IRRIGATION BRANCH, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Hidgellee Tidal Canal during the month of January 1872.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN, 26 MILES.

LOCAL TRAFFIC.								ABSTRACT.						
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate. Weight of cargo.	Approximate. Value of cargo.	Tonnage. Maunds.	Tonnage. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of traffic.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Remarks.
		Maunds.	Rs.				Rs. As. P.			Mds.	Rs. As. P.			Rs. As. P.	
2	Salt	275	1,100	125	...	...	2 2 0	118	Local	6,658	9,863 0 0	655	17,039	95 13 0	Canal closed for repairs. The tolls have been realised from portion of range No. 1, between Banka and Mysadul, and from portion of range No. 2, between lock No. 3 and River Huldee.
2	Cotton	63	4,500	350	...	...	1 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	Tobacco	8	40	150	...	...	0 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Paddy	102	87	105	...	...	0 15 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Mustard	285	1,300	575	...	...	2 10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Cocoanut...	165	220	450	...	...	2 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	Pottery	50	20	175	...	...	0 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Plantain	16	16	100	...	...	0 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	Jaggery	6	20	60	...	...	0 4 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Bricks	750	30	825	...	...	4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Coal	1,350	359	1,000	...	...	9 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
18	Sand	2,050	156	3,815	...	...	19 1 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Cow. No. 135	500	1,350	1,125	...	...	5 10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	Water	150	...	350	...	...	1 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	Firewood	590	150	1,400	...	...	7 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Straw	69	117	1,500	...	...	7 13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Soondree wood	111	165	530	...	...	2 15 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	Saul beams	5	9	50	...	...	0 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	Timber logs	30	100	100	...	...	1 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	Bamboo	50	90	275	...	...	2 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
46	Empty boats	..	...	3,810	...	...	20 4 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Rice	40	44	140	...	...	0 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
118		6,658	9,863	18,350	655	17,039	95 13 0	118		6,658	9,863 0 0	655	17,039	95 13 0	

CALCUTTA,
The 12th March 1872.

G. A. SEARLE, *Lieutenant-Colonel, S. C.,*
Offg. Asst. to Chief Engr., and Jt.-Secy., P. W. D., Irrigation Branch, Bengal.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th February 1872, *on* 1,280 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.			Total traffic receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	103,408	1,51,860 6 3	13,920 10 9	823,960 20	4,70,697 8 3	43,147 5 5	57,067 16 2
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	118 10 3	10 17 6	.....	367 11 9	33 14 2	44 11 8
For previous 7 weeks of half-year ...	683,812	10,64,621 12 8	97,590 6 7	5,235,142 30	32,81,912 7 0	300,841 19 6	398,432 6 1
Total for 8 weeks ...	787.220	12,16,482 2 11	111,510 17 4	6,059,112 10	37,52,609 15 3	343,989 4 11	455,500 2 3
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	116,140½	1,62,810 9 9	14,924 6 1	665,210 0	3,54,198 2 9	32,468 3 4	47,392 9 5
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	127 3 11	11 13 4	.....	276 13 3	25 7 6	37 0 10
Total to corresponding date of previous year	831,045½	12,64,054 1 4	115,871 12 6	5,393,417 30	31,75,665 0 11	291,102 12 7	406,974 5 1

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th February 1872, *on* 223 *miles open.*

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	4,457	17,297 11 11	1,585 12 6	65,889 30	10,232 0 6	1,702 18 9	3,318 11 3
Or per mile of railway	.....	77 9 1	7 2 3	.....	86 3 11	7 18 1	15 0 4
For previous 7 weeks of half-year...	35,348	1,01,401 12 6	9,295 3 3	525,634 30	1,48,571 11 0	13,619 1 5	22,914 4 8
Total for 8 weeks ...	39,805	118,699 8 5	10,880 15 9	589,524 20	1,67,803 11 6	15,382 0 2	26,202 15 11
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	3,818	15,453 1 2	1,416 10 8	69,927 10	17,651 7 11	1,618 1 1	3,034 11 9
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	.....	69 4 9	6 7 1	.....	79 2 6	7 5 1	13 12 2
Total to corresponding date of previous year	39,201	1,52,483 11 7	13,977 13 6	390,561 20	112,975 12 1	10,356 2 2	24,333 15 8

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th February 1872, *on* 156½ *miles open.*

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	40,885½	23,078 8 6	2,115 10 8	158,989 0½	42,550 6 1	3,900 9 0	6,015 19 8
Or per mile of railway ...	261	147 7 6	13 10 1	1,016 0	271 14 2	24 18 6	38 8 10
For previous 7 weeks of half-year...	217,501½	1,13,802 0 0	13,181 17 0	660,745 25	1,17,447 2 4	14,515 19 10	26,697 16 10
Total for 8 weeks ...	258,387	1,66 880 8 6	15,297 7 8	819,732 25½	1,89,997 8 5	18,416 8 10	32,713 16 6
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	38,054½	19,837 8 3	1,818 8 10	158,913 4	28,074 5 0	2,573 9 7	4,391 18 5
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	243	126 12 1	11 12 5	1,015 0	179 6 3	16 8 10	28 1 3
Total to corresponding date of previous year	210,826½	1,44,503 8 4	13,246 3 0	915,566 35	1,86,996 10 6	17,141 7 2	30,387 10 2

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for Week ended 24th February 1872, *on* 28 *miles open.*

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	8,016	1,172 12 6	117 5 7	17,694 20	664 6 3	66 8 9	183 14 4
Or per mile of railway	286	41 14 2	4 3 9	629 0	23 11 8	2 7 6	6 11 3
For previous 20 weeks of half-year	129,892½	19,007 8 6	1,900 15 1	265,808 19	7,928 10 6	792 17 4	2,693 12 5
Total for 21 weeks ...	137,908½	20,180 5 0	2,018 0 8	283,412 30	8,593 0 9	859 6 1	2,877 6 9
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	9,082½	1,282 10 9	128 5 4	14,219 30	456 8 6	45 13 1	173 18 5
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	324	45 13 0	4 11 9	507 33	16 4 11	1 12 7	6 4 4
Total to corresponding date of previous year	136,780	21,021 8 0	2,102 3 0	230,456 18	7,532 14 0	753 5 10	2,855 8 10

The Calcutta Gazette.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[First Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 15th March 1872, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. I OF 1872.

THE INDIAN EVIDENCE ACT, 1872.

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THE INDIAN EVIDENCE ACT, 1872.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate, define and amend the Law of Evidence; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

PART I.

RELEVANCY OF FACTS.

CHAPTER I.—PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called "The Indian Evidence Act, 1872:"

Extent.

It extends to the whole of British India, and applies to all judicial proceedings in or before any Court, including Courts Martial, but not to affidavits presented to any Court or Officer, nor to proceedings before an arbitrator;

Commencement of Act.

and it shall come into force on the first day of September 1872:

Repeal of enactments.

2. On and from that day the following laws shall be repealed:—

(1.) All rules of evidence not contained in any Statute, Act or Regulation in force in any part of British India:

(2.) All such rules, laws and regulations as have acquired the force of law under the twenty-fifth section of 'The Indian Councils' Act, 1861,' in so far as they relate to any matter herein provided for; and

(3.) The enactments mentioned in the schedule hereto, to the extent specified in the third column of the said schedule.

But nothing herein contained shall be deemed to affect any provision of any Statute, Act or Regulation in force in any part of British India and not hereby expressly repealed.

Interpretation-clause.

3. In this Act the following words and expressions are used in the following senses, unless a contrary intention appears from the context:—

"Court."

"Court" includes all Judges and Magistrates, and all persons, except arbitrators, legally authorised to take evidence.

"Fact."

"Fact" means and includes—

(1) any thing, state of things, or relation of things, capable of being perceived by the senses;

(2) any mental condition of which any person is conscious.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) That there are certain objects arranged in a certain order in a certain place, is a fact.

(*b.*) That a man heard or saw something is a fact.

(*c.*) That a man said certain words is a fact.

(*d.*) That a man holds a certain opinion, has a certain intention, acts in good faith, or fraudulently, or uses a particular word in a particular sense, or is or was at a specified time conscious of a particular sensation, is a fact.

(*e.*) That a man has a certain reputation is a fact.

'Relevant.'

One fact is said to be relevant to another when the one is connected with the other in any of the ways referred to in the provisions of this Act relating to the relevancy of facts.

"Facts in issue."

The expression "Facts in issue" means and includes—

any fact from which, either by itself or in connection with other facts, the existence, non-existence, nature, or extent of any right, liability, or disability, asserted or denied in any suit or proceeding, necessarily follows.

Explanation.—Whenever, under the provisions of the law for the time being in force relating to Civil Procedure, any Court records an issue of fact, the fact to be asserted or denied in the answer to such issue, is a fact in issue.

Illustrations.

A is accused of the murder of B.

At his trial the following facts may be in issue:—

That A caused B's death;

That A intended to cause B's death;

That A had received grave and sudden provocation from B;

That A, at the time of doing the act which caused B's death, was, by reason of unsoundness of mind, incapable of knowing its nature.

"Document."

"Document" means any matter expressed or described upon any substance by means of letters, figures, or marks, or by more than one of those means, intended to be used, or which may be used, for the purpose of recording that matter.

Illustrations.

A writing is a document.

Words printed, lithographed or photographed are documents.

A map or plan is a document.

An inscription on a metal plate or stone is a document.

A caricature is a document.

"Evidence."

"Evidence" means and includes—

(1) all statements which the Court permits or requires to be made before it by witnesses, in relation to matters of fact under inquiry;

such statements are called oral evidence:

(2) all documents produced for the inspection of the Court;

such documents are called documentary evidence.

"Proved."

A fact is said to be proved when, after considering the matters before it, the Court either believes it to exist, or considers its existence so probable that a prudent man ought, under the circumstances of the particular case, to act upon the supposition that it exists.

"Disproved."

A fact is said to be disproved when, after considering the matters before it, the Court either believes that it does not exist, or considers its non-existence so probable that a prudent man ought, under the circumstances of the particular case, to act upon the supposition that it does not exist.

"Not proved."

A fact is said not to be proved when it is neither proved nor disproved.

"May presume."

4. Whenever it is provided by this Act that the Court may presume a fact, it may either regard such fact as proved, unless and until it is disproved, or may call for proof of it.

"Shall presume."

Whenever it is directed by this Act that the Court shall presume a fact, it shall regard such fact as proved, unless and until it is disproved.

"Conclusive proof."

When one fact is declared by this Act to be conclusive proof of another, the Court shall on proof of the one fact regard the other as proved, and shall

not allow evidence to be given for the purpose of disproving it.

CHAPTER II.—OF THE RELEVANCY OF FACTS.

Evidence may be given of facts in issue and relevant facts.

5. Evidence may be given in any suit or proceeding of the existence or non-existence of every fact in issue and of such other facts as are hereinafter declared to be relevant, and of no others.

Explanation.—This section shall not enable any person to give evidence of a fact which he is disentitled to prove by any provision of the law for the time being in force relating to Civil Procedure.

Illustration.

(*a.*) A is tried for the murder of B by beating him with a club with the intention of causing his death.

At A's trial the following facts are in issue—

A's beating B with the club;

A's causing B's death by such beating;

A's intention to cause B's death.

(*b.*) A suitor does not bring with him, and have in readiness for production at the first hearing of the case, a bond on which he relies. This section does not enable him to produce the bond or prove its contents at a subsequent stage of the proceedings, otherwise than in accordance with the conditions prescribed by the Code of Civil Procedure.

Relevancy of facts forming part of same transaction.

6. Facts which, though not in issue, are so connected with a fact in issue as to form part of the same transaction, are relevant, whether they occurred at the same time and place or at different times and places.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A is accused of the murder of B by beating him. Whatever was said or done by A or B or the by-standers at the beating, or so shortly before or after it as to form part of the transaction, is a relevant fact.

(*b.*) A is accused of waging war against the Queen by taking part in an armed insurrection in which property is destroyed, troops are attacked, and gaols are broken open. The occurrence of these facts is relevant, as forming part of the general transaction, though A may not have been present at all of them.

(*c.*) A sues B for a libel contained in a letter forming part of a correspondence. Letters between the parties relating to the subject out of which the libel arose, and forming part of the correspondence in which it is contained, are relevant facts, though they do not contain the libel itself.

(*d.*) The question is whether certain goods ordered from B were delivered to A. The goods were delivered to several intermediate persons successively. Each delivery is a relevant fact.

Facts which are occasion, cause, or effect of facts in issue.

7. Facts which are the occasion, cause, or effect, immediate or otherwise, of relevant facts, or facts in issue, or which constitute the state of things under which they happened, or which afforded an opportunity for their occurrence or transaction, are relevant.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether A robbed B.

The facts that, shortly before the robbery, B went to a fair with money in his possession, and that he showed it, or mentioned the fact that he had it, to third persons, are relevant.

(*b.*) The question is, whether A murdered B.

Marks on the ground, produced by a struggle at or near the place where the murder was committed, are relevant facts.

(*c.*) The question is, whether A poisoned B.

The state of B's health before the symptoms ascribed to poison, and habits of B, known to A, which afforded an opportunity for the administration of poison, are relevant facts.

Motive, preparation and previous or subsequent conduct.

8. Any fact is relevant which shows or constitutes a motive or preparation for any fact in issue or relevant fact.

The conduct of any party, or of any agent to any party, to any suit or proceeding in reference to such suit or proceeding, or in reference to any fact in issue therein or relevant thereto, and the conduct of any person an offence against whom is the subject of any proceeding, is relevant, if such conduct influences or is influenced by any fact in issue or relevant fact, and whether it was previous or subsequent thereto.

Explanation 1.—The word "conduct" in this section does not include statements, unless those statements accompany and explain acts other than statements: but this explanation is not to affect the relevancy of statements under any other section of this Act.

Explanation 2.—When the conduct of any person is relevant, any statement made to him or in his presence and hearing, which affects such conduct, is relevant.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A is tried for the murder of B.

The facts that A murdered C, that B knew that A had murdered C, and that B had tried to extort money from A by threatening to make his knowledge public, are relevant.

(*b.*) A sues B upon a bond for the payment of money. B denies the making of the bond.

The fact that, at the time when the bond was alleged to be made, B required money for a particular purpose, is relevant.

(*c.*) A is tried for the murder of B by poison.

The fact that, before the death of B, A procured poison similar to that which was administered to B, is relevant.

(*d.*) The question is whether a certain document is the will of A.

The facts that, not long before the date of the alleged will, A made inquiry into matters to which the provisions of the alleged will relate, that he consulted vakils in reference to making the will, and that he caused drafts of other wills to be prepared, of which he did not approve, are relevant.

(*e.*) A is accused of a crime.

The facts that, either before, or at the time of, or after the alleged crime, A provided evidence which would tend to give to the facts of the case an appearance favourable to himself, or that he destroyed or concealed evidence, or prevented the presence or procured the absence of persons who might have been witnesses, or suborned persons to give false evidence respecting it, are relevant.

(*f.*) The question is, whether A robbed B.

The facts that, after B was robbed, C said in A's presence 'the police are coming to look for the man who robbed B,'—and that immediately afterwards A ran away, are relevant.

(*g.*) The question is, whether A owes B rupees 10,000.

The facts that A asked C to lend him money, and that D said to C in A's presence and hearing—'I advise you not to trust A, for he owes B 10,000 rupees,'—and that A went away without making any answer, are relevant facts.

(*h.*) The question is, whether A committed a crime.

The fact that A absconded after receiving a letter warning him that inquiry was being made for the criminal, and the contents of the letter, are relevant.

(*i.*) A is accused of a crime.

The facts that, after the commission of the alleged crime, A absconded, or was in possession of property or the proceeds of property acquired by the crime, or attempted to conceal things which were or might have been used in committing it, are relevant.

(*j.*) The question is, whether A was ravished.

The facts that, shortly after the alleged rape, she made a complaint relating to the crime, the circumstances under which and the terms in which the complaint was made, are relevant.

The fact that, without making a complaint, she said that she had been ravished is not relevant as conduct under this section, though it may be relevant

as a dying declaration under section thirty-two, (one), or

as corroborative evidence under section one hundred and fifty-seven.

(*k.*) The question is, whether A was robbed.

The fact that, soon after the alleged robbery, he made a complaint relating to the offence, the circumstances under which and the terms in which, the complaint was made, are relevant.

The fact that he said he had been robbed without making any complaint is not relevant as conduct under this section, though it may be relevant

as a dying declaration under section thirty-two, clause (one), or

as corroborative evidence under section one hundred and fifty-seven.

Facts necessary to explain or introduce relevant facts.

9. Facts necessary to explain or introduce a fact in issue or relevant fact, or which support or rebut an inference suggested by a fact in issue or relevant fact, or which establish the identity of any thing or person whose identity is relevant, or fix the time or place at which any fact in issue or relevant fact happened, or which show the relation of parties by whom any such fact was transacted, are relevant in so far as they are necessary for that purpose.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is whether a given document is the will of A.

The state of A's property and of his family at the date of the alleged will may be relevant facts.

(*b.*) A sues B for a libel imputing disgraceful conduct to A. B affirms that the matter alleged to be libellous is true.

The position and relations of the parties at the time when the libel was published may be relevant facts as introductory to the facts in issue.

The particulars of a dispute between A and B about a matter unconnected with the alleged libel are irrelevant, though the fact that there was a dispute may be relevant if it affected the relations between A and B.

(*c.*) A is accused of a crime.

The fact that, soon after the commission of the crime, A absconded from his house, is relevant, under section eight, as conduct subsequent to and affected by facts in issue.

The fact that, at the time when he left home, he had sudden and urgent business at the place to which he went, is relevant as tending to explain the fact that he left home suddenly.

The details of the business on which he left are not relevant, except in so far as they are necessary to show that the business was sudden and urgent.

(*d.*) A sues B for inducing C to break a contract of service made by him with A. C, on leaving A's service, says to A—'I am leaving you because B has made me a better offer.' This statement is a relevant fact as explanatory of C's conduct, which is relevant as a fact in issue.

(*e.*) A, accused of theft, is seen to give the stolen property to B, who is seen to give it to A's wife. B says, as he delivers it—'A says you are to hide this.' B's statement is relevant as explanatory of a fact which is part of the transaction.

(*f.*) A is tried for a riot and is proved to have marched at the head of a mob. The cries of the mob are relevant as explanatory of the nature of the transaction.

Things said or done by conspirator in reference to common design.

10. Where there is reasonable ground to believe that two or more persons have conspired together to commit an offence or an actionable wrong, anything said, done or written by any one of such persons in reference to their common intention, after the time when such intention was first entertained by any one of them, is a relevant fact as against each of the persons believed to be so conspiring, as well for the purpose of proving the existence of the conspiracy as for the purpose of showing that any such person was a party to it.

Illustration.

(*a.*) Reasonable ground exists for believing that A has joined in a conspiracy to wage war against the Queen.

The facts that B procured arms in Europe for the purpose of the conspiracy, C collected money in Calcutta for a like object, D persuaded persons to join the conspiracy in Bombay, E published writings advocating the object in view at Agra, and F transmitted from Delhi to G at Cabul the money which C had collected at Calcutta, and the contents of a letter written by H giving an account of the conspiracy, are each relevant, both to prove the existence of the conspiracy, and to prove A's complicity in it, although he may have been ignorant of all of them, and although the persons by whom they were done were strangers to him, and although they may have taken place before he joined the conspiracy or after he left it.

When facts not otherwise relevant become relevant.

11. Facts not otherwise relevant are relevant—

(1) if they are inconsistent with any fact in issue or relevant fact;

(2) if by themselves or in connection with other facts they make the existence or non-existence of any fact in issue or relevant fact highly probable or improbable.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether A committed a crime at Calcutta on a certain day.

The fact that on that day A was at Lahore is relevant.

The fact that, near the time when the crime was committed, A was at a distance from the place where it was committed, which would render it highly improbable, though not impossible, that he committed it, is relevant.

(*b.*) The question is, whether A committed a crime.

The circumstances are such that the crime must have been committed either by A, B, C or D. Every fact which shows that the crime could have been committed by no one else and that it was not committed by either B, C or D, is relevant.

In suits for damages, facts tending to enable Court to determine amount are relevant.

12. In suits in which damages are claimed, any fact which will enable the Court to determine the amount of damages which ought to be awarded is relevant.

Facts relevant when right or custom is in question.

13. Where the question is as to the existence of any right or custom, the following facts are relevant—

(*a.*) Any transaction by which the right or custom in question was created, claimed, modified, recognized, asserted or denied, or which was inconsistent with its existence.

(*b.*) Particular instances in which the right or custom was claimed, recognized, or exercised, or in which its exercise was disputed, asserted or departed from.

Illustration.

The question is, whether A has a right to a fishery. A deed conferring the fishery on A's ancestors, a mortgage of the fishery by A's father, a subsequent grant of the fishery by A's father, irreconcilable with the mortgage, particular instances in which A's father exercised the right, or in which the exercise of the right was stopped by A's neighbours, are relevant facts.

Facts showing existence of state of mind, or of body or bodily feeling.

14. Facts showing the existence of any state of mind—such as intention, knowledge, good faith, negligence, rashness, ill-will or good-will towards any particular person, or showing the existence of any state of body or bodily feeling—are relevant, when the existence of any such state of mind or body or bodily feeling, is in issue or relevant.

Explanation.—A fact relevant as showing the existence of a relevant state of mind must show that it exists, not generally, but in reference to the particular matter in question.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A is accused of receiving stolen goods knowing them to be stolen. It is proved that he was in possession of a particular stolen article.

The fact that at the same time he was in possession of many other stolen articles is relevant, as tending to show that he knew each and all of the articles of which he was in possession to be stolen.

(*b.*) A is accused of fraudulently delivering to another person a piece of counterfeit coin which, at the time when he delivered it, he knew to be counterfeit.

The fact that, at the time of its delivery, A was possessed of a number of other pieces of counterfeit coin, is relevant.

(*c.*) A sues B for damage done by a dog of B's, which B knew to be ferocious.

The facts that the dog had previously bitten X, Y and Z, and that they had made complaints to B, are relevant.

(*d.*) The question is whether A, the acceptor of a bill of exchange, knew that the name of the payee was fictitious.

The fact that A had accepted other bills drawn in the same manner before they could have been transmitted to him by the payee if the payee had been a real person, is relevant, as showing that A knew that the payee was a fictitious person.

(*e.*) A is accused of defaming B by publishing an imputation intended to harm the reputation of B.

The fact of previous publications by A respecting B, showing ill-will on the part of A towards B, is relevant, as proving A's intention to harm B's reputation by the particular publication in question.

The facts that there was no previous quarrel between A and B, and that A repeated the matter complained of as he heard it, are relevant, as showing that A did not intend to harm the reputation of B.

(*f.*) A is sued by B for fraudulently representing to B that C was solvent, whereby B, being induced to trust C, who was insolvent, suffered loss.

The fact that, at the time when A represented C to be solvent, C was supposed to be solvent by his neighbours and by persons dealing with him, is relevant, as showing that A made the representation in good faith.

(*g.*) A is sued by B for the price of work done by B, upon a house of which A is owner, by the order of C, a contractor.

A's defence is that B's contract was with C.

The fact that A paid C for the work in question is relevant, as proving that A did, in good faith, make over to C the management of the work in question, so that C was in a position to contract with B on C's own account, and not as agent for A.

(*h.*) A is accused of the dishonest misappropriation of property which he had found, and the question is whether, when he appropriated it, he believed in good faith that the real owner could not be found.

The fact that public notice of the loss of the property had been given in the place where A was, is relevant, as showing that A did not in good faith believe that the real owner of the property could not be found.

The fact that A knew, or had reason to believe, that the notice was given fraudulently by C, who had heard of the loss of the property and wished to set up a false claim to it, is relevant, as showing that the fact that A knew of the notice did not disprove A's good faith.

(*i.*) A is charged with shooting at B with intent to kill him. In order to show A's intent, the fact of A's having previously shot at B may be proved.

(*j.*) A is charged with sending threatening letters to B. Threatening letters previously sent by A to B may be proved, as showing the intention of the letters.

(*k.*) The question is, whether A has been guilty of cruelty towards B, his wife.

Expressions of their feeling towards each other shortly before or after the alleged cruelty, are relevant facts.

(*l.*) The question is, whether A's death was caused by poison.

Statements made by A during his illness as to his symptoms, are relevant facts.

(*m.*) The question is, what was the state of A's health at the time when an assurance on his life was effected.

Statements made by A as to the state of his health at or near the time in question, are relevant facts.

(*n.*) A sues B for negligence in providing him with a carriage for hire not reasonably fit for use, whereby A was injured.

The fact that B's attention was drawn on other occasions to the defect of that particular carriage, is relevant.

The fact that B was habitually negligent about the carriages which he let to hire, is irrelevant.

(*o.*) A is tried for the murder of B by intentionally shooting him dead.

The fact that A, on other occasions, shot at B is relevant, as showing his intention to shoot B.

The fact that A was in the habit of shooting at people with intent to murder them, is irrelevant.

(*p.*) A is tried for a crime.

The fact that he said something indicating an intention to

15. When there is a question whether an act was accidental or intentional the fact that such act formed part of a series of similar occurrences, in each of which the person doing the act was concerned, is relevant.

Facts bearing on question whether act was accidental or intentional.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A is accused of burning down his house in order to obtain money for which it is insured.

The facts that A lived in several houses successively, each of which he insured, in each of which a fire occurred, and after each of which fires A received payment from a different insurance office, are relevant, as tending to show that the fires were not accidental.

(*b.*) A is employed to receive money from the debtors of B. It is A's duty to make entries in a book showing the amounts received by him. He makes an entry showing that on a particular occasion he received less than he really did receive.

The question is, whether this false entry was accidental or intentional.

The facts that other entries made by A in the same book are false, and that the false entry is in each case in favour of A, are relevant.

(*c.*) A is accused of fraudulently delivering to B a counterfeit rupee.

The question is, whether the delivery of the rupee was accidental.

The facts that soon before or soon after the delivery to B, A delivered counterfeit rupees to C, D and E are relevant, as showing that the delivery to A was not accidental.

16. When there is a question whether a particular act was done, the existence of any course of business, according to which it naturally would have been done, is a relevant fact.

Existence of course of business when relevant.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether a particular letter was despatched.

The facts that it was the ordinary course of business for all letters put in a certain place to be carried to the post, and that that particular letter was put in that place, are relevant.

(*b.*) The question is, whether a particular letter reached A. The facts that it was posted in due course, and was not returned through the Dead Letter Office, are relevant.

ADMISSIONS.

17. An admission is a statement, oral or documentary, which suggests any inference as to any fact in issue or relevant fact, and which is made by any of the persons, and under the circumstances, hereinafter mentioned.

Admissions defined.

18. Statements made by a party to the proceeding, or by an agent to any such party, whom the Court regards, under the circumstances of the case, as expressly or impliedly authorized by him to make them, are admissions.

Admission—
by party to proceeding or his agent;

Statements made by parties to suits suing or sued in a representative character are not admissions, unless they were made while the party making them held that character.

by suitor in representative character;

Statements made by—

(1) persons who have any proprietary or pecuniary interest in the subject-matter of the proceeding, and who make the statement in their character of persons so interested, or

by party interested in subject-matter;

(2) persons from whom the parties to the suit have derived their interest in the subject-matter of the suit,

by person from whom interest derived.

19. Statements made by persons whose position or liability it is necessary to prove as against any party to the suit, are admissions if such statements would be relevant as against such persons in relation to such position or liability in a suit brought by or against them, and if they are made whilst the person making them occupies such position or is subject to such liability.

Admissions by persons whose position must be proved as against party to suit.

Illustration.

A undertakes to collect rents for B.

B sues A for not collecting rent due from C to B.

A denies that rent was due from C to B.

A statement by C that he owed B rent is an admission, and is a relevant fact as against A, if A denies that C did owe rent to B.

20. Statements made by persons to whom a party to the suit has expressly referred for information in reference to a matter in dispute are admissions.

Admissions by persons expressly referred to by party to suit.

Illustration.

The question is, whether a horse sold by A to B is sound.

A says to B—'Go and ask C, C knows all about it.' C's statement is an admission.

21. Admissions are relevant and may be proved as against the person who makes them, or his representative in interest; but they cannot be proved by or on behalf of the person who makes them or by his representative in interest, except in the following cases :—

Relevancy of admissions against or in behalf of persons concerned.

(1.) An admission may be proved by or on behalf of the person making it when it is of such a nature that, if the person making it were dead, it would be relevant as between third persons under section thirty-two.

(2.) An admission may be proved by or on behalf of the person making it when it consists of a statement of the existence of any state of mind or body, relevant or in issue, made at or about the time when such state of mind or body existed, and is accompanied by conduct rendering its falsehood improbable.

(3.) An admission may be proved by or on behalf of the person making it if it is relevant otherwise than as an admission.

Illustrations.

(a.) The question between A and B is, whether a certain deed is or is not forged. A affirms that it is genuine, B that it is forged.

A may prove a statement by B that the deed is genuine, and may prove a statement by A that the deed is forged; but cannot prove a statement by himself that the deed is genuine, nor can B prove a statement by himself that the deed is forged.

(b.) A, the Captain of a ship, is tried for casting her away.

Evidence is given to show that the ship was taken out of her proper course.

A produces a book kept by him in the ordinary course of his business, showing observations alleged to have been taken by him from day to day, and indicating that the ship was not taken out of her proper course. A may prove these statements, because they would be admissible between third parties if he were dead under section thirty-two, clause (two).

(c.) A is accused of a crime committed by him at Calcutta.

He produces a letter written by himself and dated at Lahore on that day and bearing the Lahore post-mark of that day.

The statement in the date of the letter is admissible, because, if A were dead it would be admissible under section thirty-two, clause (two).

(d.) A is accused of receiving stolen goods knowing them to be stolen.

He offers to prove that he refused to sell them below their value.

A may prove these statements, though they are admissions, because they are explanatory of conduct influenced by facts in issue.

(e.) A is accused of fraudulently having in his possession counterfeit coin which he knew to be counterfeit.

He offers to prove that he asked a skilful person to examine the coin, as he doubted whether it was counterfeit or not, and that that person did examine it and told him it was genuine.

A may prove these facts for the reasons stated in the last preceding illustration.

22. Oral admissions as to the contents of a document are not relevant, unless and until the party proposing to prove them shows that he is entitled to give secondary evidence of the contents of such document under the rules hereinafter contained, or unless the genuineness of a document produced is in question.

When oral admissions as to contents of documents are relevant.

23. In civil cases no admission is relevant, if it is made either upon an express condition that evidence of it is not to be given, or under circumstances from which the Court can infer that the parties agreed together that evidence of it should not be given.

Admissions in civil cases when relevant.

Explanation.—Nothing in this section shall be taken to exempt any barrister, pleader, attorney or vakíl from giving evidence of any matter of which he may be compelled to give evidence under section 126.

24. A confession made by an accused person is irrelevant in a criminal proceeding, if the making of the confession appears to the Court to have been caused by any inducement, threat or promise, having reference to the charge against the accused person, proceeding from a person in authority and sufficient, in the opinion of the Court, to give the accused person grounds, which would appear to him reasonable, for supposing that by making it he would gain any advantage or avoid any evil of a temporal nature in reference to the proceedings against him.

Confession caused by inducement, threat or promise irrelevant.

25. No confession made to a Police officer, shall be proved as against a person accused of any offence.

Confession made to a Police officer not to be used as evidence.

26. No confession made by any person whilst he is in the custody of a Police officer, unless it be made in the immediate presence of a Magistrate, shall be proved as against such person.

Confession made by accused while in custody of Police not to be used as evidence.

27. Provided that, when any fact is deposed to as discovered in consequence of information received from a person accused of any offence, in the custody of a Police officer, so much of such information, whether it amounts to a confession or not, as relates distinctly to the fact thereby discovered, may be proved.

So much of statement or confession made by accused as relates to fact thereby discovered, may be proved.

28. If such a confession as is referred to in section twenty-four is made after the impression caused by any such inducement, threat, or promise has, in the opinion of the Court, been fully removed, it is relevant.

Confession made after removal of impression caused by inducement, threat or promise relevant.

29. If such a confession is otherwise relevant, it does not become irrelevant merely because it was made under a promise of secrecy, or in consequence of a deception practised on the accused person for the purpose of obtaining it, or when he was drunk, or because it was made in answer to questions which he need not have answered, whatever may have been the form of those questions, or because he was not warned that he was not bound to make such confession, and that evidence of it might be given against him.

Confession otherwise relevant not to become irrelevant because of promise of secrecy, &c.

30. When more persons than one are being tried jointly for the same offence, and a confession made by one of such persons affecting himself and some other of such persons is proved, the Court may take into consideration such confession as against such other person as well as against the person who makes such confession.

Consideration of proved confession affecting person making it and others jointly under trial for same offence.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A and B are jointly tried for the murder of C. It is proved that A said,—"B and I murdered C." The Court may consider the effect of this confession as against B.

(*b.*) A is on his trial for the murder of C. There is evidence to show that C was murdered by A and B, and that B said,—"A and I murdered C."

This statement may not be taken into consideration by the Court against A, as B is not being jointly tried.

31. Admissions are not conclusive proof of the matters admitted, but they may operate as estoppels under the provisions hereinafter contained.

Admissions not conclusive proof, but may estop.

STATEMENTS BY PERSONS WHO CANNOT BE CALLED AS WITNESSES.

32. Statements, written or verbal, of relevant facts made by a person who is dead, or who cannot be found, or who has become incapable of giving evidence, or whose attendance cannot be procured without an amount of delay or expense which, under the circumstances of the case, appears to the Court unreasonable, are themselves relevant facts in the following cases:—

Cases in which statement of relevant fact by person who is dead or cannot be found, &c., is relevant.

(1.) When the statement is made by a person, as to the cause of his death, or as to any of the circumstances of the transaction which resulted in his death, in cases in which the cause of that person's death comes into question.

when it relates to cause of death;

Such statements are relevant whether the person who made them was or was not, at the time when they were made, under expectation of death, and whatever may be the nature of the proceeding in which the cause of his death comes into question.

(2.) When the statement was made by such person in the ordinary course of business, and in particular when it consists of any entry or memorandum made by him in books kept in the ordinary course of business, or in the discharge of professional duty; or of an acknowledgment written or signed by him of the receipt of money, goods, securities or property of any kind; or of a document used in commerce written or signed by him, or of the date of a letter or other document usually dated, written or signed by him.

or is made in course of business;

(3.) When the statement is against the pecuniary or proprietary interest of the person making it, or when, if true, it would expose him or would have exposed him to a criminal prosecution or to a suit for damages.

or against interest of maker;

(4.) When the statement gives the opinion of any such person, as to the existence of any public right or custom or matter of public or general interest, of the existence of which, if it existed, he would have been likely to be aware, and when such statement was made before any controversy as to such right, custom or matter had arisen.

or gives opinion as to public right or custom or matters of general interest;

(5.) When the statement relates to the existence of any relationship between persons as to whose relationship the person making the statement had special means of knowledge, and when the statement was made before the question in dispute was raised.

or relates to existence of relationship;

(6.) When the statement relates to the existence of any relationship between persons deceased, and is made in any will or deed relating to the affairs of the family to which any such deceased person belonged, or in any family pedigree, or upon any tombstone, family portrait or other thing on which such statements are usually made, and when such statement was made before the question in dispute was raised.

or is made in will or deed of deceased person;

(7.) When the statement is contained in any deed, will or other document which relates to any such transaction as is mentioned in section thirteen, clause *(a)*.

or relates to transaction mentioned in section 13, clause (*a*);

(8.) When the statement was made by a number of persons, and expressed feelings or impressions on their part relevant to the matter in question.

or is made by several persons, and expresses feelings relevant to matter in question.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether A was murdered by B; or

A dies of injuries received in a transaction in the course of which she was ravished The question is whether she was ravished by B: or

The question is, whether A was killed by B under such circumstances that a suit would lie against B by A's widow.

Statements made by A as to the cause of his or her death, referring respectively to the murder, the rape, and the actionable wrong under consideration, are relevant facts.

(*b.*) The question is as to the date of A's birth.

An entry in the diary of a deceased surgeon, regularly kept in the course of business, stating that, on a given day, he attended A's mother and delivered her of a son, is a relevant fact.

(*c.*) The question is, whether A was in Calcutta on a given day.

A statement in the diary of a deceased solicitor, regularly kept in the course of business, that, on a given day, the solicitor attended A at a place mentioned in Calcutta for the purpose of conferring with him upon specified business, is a relevant fact.

(*d.*) The question is, whether a ship sailed from Bombay harbour on a given day.

A letter written by a deceased member of a merchant's firm, by which she was chartered, to their correspondents in London to whom the cargo was consigned, stating that the ship sailed on a given day from Bombay harbour, is a relevant fact.

(*e.*) The question is, whether rent was paid to A for certain land.

A letter from A's deceased agent to A saying that he had received the rent on A's account and held it at A's orders, is a relevant fact.

(*f*.) The question is, whether A and B were legally married.

The statement of a deceased clergyman that he married them under such circumstances that the celebration would be a crime, is relevant.

(*g*.) The question is, whether A, a person who cannot be found, wrote a letter on a certain day. The fact that a letter written by him is dated on that day, is relevant.

(*h*.) The question is, what was the cause of the wreck of a ship.

A protest made by the captain, whose attendance cannot be procured, is a relevant fact.

(*i*.) The question is, whether a given road is a public way.

A statement by A, a deceased headman of the village, that the road was public, is a relevant fact.

(*j*.) The question is, what was the price of grain on a certain day in a particular market. A statement of the price, made by a deceased bánya in the ordinary course of his business, is a relevant fact.

(*k*.) The question is, whether A, who is dead, was the father of B.

A statement by A that B was his son, is a relevant fact.

(*l*.) The question is, what was the date of the birth of A.

A letter from A's deceased father to a friend, announcing the birth of A on a given day, is a relevant fact.

(*m*.) The question is, whether, and when, A and B were married.

An entry in a memorandum book by C, the deceased father of B, of his daughter's marriage with A at a given date, is a relevant fact.

(*n*.) A sues B for a libel expressed in a painted caricature exposed in a shop window. The question is as to the similarity of the caricature and its libellous character. The remarks of a crowd of spectators on these points may be proved.

33. Evidence given by a witness in a judicial proceeding, or before any person authorised by law to take it, is relevant for the purpose of proving, in a subsequent judicial proceeding, or in a later stage of the same judicial proceeding, the truth of the facts which it states, when the witness is dead or cannot be found, or is incapable of giving evidence, or is kept out of the way by the adverse party, or if his presence cannot be obtained without an amount of delay or expense which, under the circumstances of the case, the Court considers unreasonable:

Evidence in a former judicial proceeding when relevant.

Provided

that the proceeding was between the same parties or their representatives in interest;

that the adverse party in the first proceeding had the right and opportunity to cross-examine;

that the questions in issue were substantially the same in the first as in the second proceeding.

Explanation.—A criminal trial or enquiry shall be deemed to be a proceeding between the prosecutor and the accused within the meaning of this section.

STATEMENTS MADE UNDER SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES.

34. Entries in books of account, regularly kept in the course of business, are relevant whenever they refer to a matter into which the Court has to inquire, but such statements shall not alone be sufficient evidence to charge any person with liability.

Entries in books of account when relevant.

Illustration.

A sues B for Rs. 1,000 and shows entries in his account books showing B to be indebted to him to this amount. The entries are relevant, but are not sufficient without other evidence to prove the debt.

35. An entry in any public or other official book, register, or record, stating a fact in issue or relevant fact and made by a public servant in the discharge of his official duty, or by any other person in performance of a duty specially enjoined by the law of the country in which such book, register, or record is kept, is itself a relevant fact.

Entry in public record, made in performance of duty enjoined by law, when relevant.

36. Statements of facts in issue or relevant facts, made in published maps or charts generally offered for public sale, or in maps or plans made under the authority of Government, as to matters usually represented or stated in such maps, charts or plans, are themselves relevant facts.

Maps and plans when relevant.

37. When the Court has to form an opinion as to the existence of any fact of a public nature, any statement of it, made in a recital contained in any Act of Parliament or in any Act of the Governor General of India in Council, or of the Governors in Council of Madras or Bombay, or of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council of Bengal, or in a notification of the Government appearing in the *Gazette of India*, or in the Gazette of any Local Government, or in any printed paper purporting to be the *London Gazette* or the Government Gazette of any colony or possession of the Queen, is a relevant fact.

Statement as to fact of public nature contained in any Act or Notification of Government, when relevant.

38. When the Court has to form an opinion as to a law of any country, any statement of such law contained in a book purporting to be printed or published under the authority of the Government of such country and to contain any such law, and any report of a ruling of the Courts of such country contained in a book purporting to be a report of such rulings, is relevant.

Statements in law-books.

HOW MUCH OF A STATEMENT IS TO BE PROVED.

39. When any statement of which evidence is given forms part of a longer statement, or of a conversation or part of an isolated document, or is contained in a document which forms part of a book, or of a connected series of letters or papers, evidence shall be given of so much and no more of the statement, conversation, document, book, or series of letters or papers as the Court considers necessary in that particular case to the full understanding of the nature and effect of the statement, and of the circumstances under which it was made.

What evidence to be given when statement forms part of a conversation, document, book, or series of letters or papers.

JUDGMENTS OF COURTS OF JUSTICE WHEN RELEVANT.

40. The existence of any judgment, order or decree which by law prevents any Court from taking cognizance of a suit or holding a trial, is a relevant fact when the question is whether such Court ought to take cognizance of such suit, or to hold such trial.

Previous judgments relevant to bar a second suit or trial.

41. A final judgment, order or decree of a competent Court, in the exercise of probate, matrimonial, Admiralty or insolvency jurisdiction, which confers upon or takes away from any person any legal character, or which declares any person to be entitled to any such character, or to be entitled to any specific thing, not as against any specified person but absolutely, is relevant

Judgments in probate, &c., jurisdiction.

when the existence of any such legal character, or the title of any such person to any such thing, is relevant.

Such judgment, order or decree is conclusive proof

that any legal character which it confers accrued at the time when such judgment, order or decree came into operation;

that any legal character, to which it declares any such person to be entitled, accrued to that person at the time when such judgment declares it to have accrued to that person;

that any legal character which it takes away from any such person ceased at the time from which such judgment declared that it had ceased or should cease;

and that any thing to which it declares any person to be so entitled was the property of that person at the time from which such judgment declares that it had been or should be his property.

Judgment, order or decree between third parties when irrelevant and when not.

42. Judgments, orders or decrees other than those mentioned in section forty-one, are relevant if they relate to matters of a public nature relevant to the enquiry; but such judgments, orders or decrees are not conclusive proof of that which they state.

Illustration.

A sues B for trespass on his land. B alleges the existence of a public right of way over the land, which A denies.

The existence of a decree in favour of the defendant, in a suit by A against C for a trespass on the same land, in which C alleged the existence of the same right of way, is relevant, but it is not conclusive proof that the right of way exists.

What judgments, &c., not relevant.

43. Judgments, orders or decrees, other than those mentioned in sections forty, forty-one and forty-two, are irrelevant, unless the existence of such judgment, order or decree, is a fact in issue, or is relevant under some other provision of this Act.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A and B separately sue C for a libel which reflects upon each of them. C in each case says, that the matter alleged to be libellous is true, and the circumstances are such that it is probably true in each case, or in neither.

A obtains a decree against C for damages on the ground that C failed to make out his justification. The fact is irrelevant as between B and C.

(*b.*) A prosecutes B for adultery with C, A's wife.

B denies that C is A's wife, but the Court convicts B of adultery.

Afterwards, C is prosecuted for bigamy in marrying B during A's lifetime. C says that she never was B's wife.

The judgment against B is irrelevant as against C.

(*c.*) A prosecutes B for stealing a cow from him. B is convicted.

A, afterwards, sues C for the cow, which B had sold to him before his conviction. As between A and C, the judgment against B is irrelevant.

(*d.*) A has obtained a decree for the possession of land against B. C, B's son, murders A in consequence.

The existence of the judgment is relevant, as showing motive for a crime.

Fraud, collusion and incompetency of Court may be proved.

44. Any party to a suit or other proceeding may show that any judgment, order or decree which is relevant under section forty, forty-one or forty-two and which has been proved by the adverse party, was delivered by a Court not competent to deliver it, or was obtained by fraud or collusion.

OPINIONS OF THIRD PERSONS WHEN RELEVANT.

Opinions of experts.

45. When the Court has to form an opinion upon a point of foreign law, or of science or art, or as to identity of handwriting, the opinions upon that point of persons specially skilled in such foreign law, science or art, are relevant facts.

Such persons are called experts.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether the death of A was caused by poison.

The opinions of experts as to the symptoms produced by the poison by which A is supposed to have died, are relevant.

(*b.*) The question is, whether A, at the time of doing a certain act, was, by reason of unsoundness of mind, incapable of knowing the nature of the act, or that he was doing what was either wrong or contrary to law.

The opinions of experts upon the question whether the symptoms exhibited by A commonly show unsoundness of mind, and whether such unsoundness of mind usually renders persons incapable of knowing the nature of the acts which they do, or of knowing that what they do is either wrong or contrary to law, are relevant.

(*c.*) The question is, whether a certain document was written by A. Another document is produced which is proved or admitted to have been written by A.

The opinions of experts on the question whether the two documents were written by the same person or by different persons, are relevant.

Facts bearing upon opinions of experts.

46. Facts, not otherwise relevant, are relevant if they support or are inconsistent with the opinions of experts, when such opinions are relevant.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether A was poisoned by a certain poison.

The fact that other persons, who were poisoned by that poison, exhibited certain symptoms which experts affirm or deny to be the symptoms of that poison, is relevant.

(*b.*) The question is, whether an obstruction to a harbour is caused by a certain sea wall.

The fact that other harbours similarly situated in other respects, but where there were no such sea walls, began to be obstructed at about the same time, is relevant.

Opinion as to handwriting.

47. When the Court has to form an opinion as to the persons by whom any document was written or signed, the opinion of any person acquainted with the handwriting of the person by whom it is supposed to be written or signed that it was or was not written or signed by that person, is a relevant fact.

Explanation.—A person is said to be acquainted with the handwriting of another person when he has seen that person write, or when he has received documents purporting to be written by that person in answer to documents written by himself or under his authority and addressed to that person, or when, in the ordinary course of business, documents purporting to be written by that person have been habitually submitted to him.

Illustration.

The question is, whether a given letter is in the handwriting of A, a merchant in London.

B is a merchant in Calcutta, who has written letters addressed to A and received letters purporting to be written by him. C is B's clerk, whose duty it was to examine and file B's correspondence. D is B's broker, to whom B habitually submitted the letters purporting to be written by A for the purpose of advising with him thereon.

The opinions of B, C and D on the question whether the letter is in the handwriting of A are relevant though neither B, C nor D ever saw A write.

48. When the Court has to form an opinion as to the existence of any general custom or right, the opinions, as to the existence of such custom or right, of persons who would be likely to know of its existence if it existed, are relevant.

Opinion as to existence of right or custom, when relevant.

Explanation.—The expression 'general custom or right' includes customs or rights common to any considerable class of persons.

Illustration.

The right of the villagers of a particular village to use the water of a particular well is a general right within the meaning of this section.

49. When the Court has to form an opinion as to—

Opinions as to usages, tenets, &c., when relevant.

the usages and tenets of any body of men or family,

the constitution and government of any religious or charitable foundation, or

the meaning of words or terms used in particular districts or by particular classes of people,

the opinions of persons having special means of knowledge thereon, are relevant facts.

50. When the Court has to form an opinion as to the relationship of one person to another, the opinion, expressed by conduct, as to the existence of such relationship, of any person who, as a member of the family or otherwise, has special means of knowledge on the subject, is a relevant fact: Provided that such opinion shall not be sufficient to prove a marriage in proceedings under the Indian Divorce Act, or in prosecutions under Section four hundred and ninety-four, four hundred and ninety-five, four hundred and ninety-seven or four hundred and ninety-eight of the Indian Penal Code.

Opinion on relationship when relevant.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether A and B were married.

The fact that they were usually received and treated by their friends as husband and wife, is relevant.

(*b.*) The question is whether A was the legitimate son of B. The fact that A was always treated as such by members of the family, is relevant.

51. Whenever the opinion of any living person is relevant, the grounds on which such opinion is based are also relevant.

Grounds of opinion when relevant.

Illustration.

An expert may give an account of experiments performed by him for the purpose of forming his opinion.

CHARACTER WHEN RELEVANT.

52. In civil cases, the fact that the character of any person concerned is such as to render probable or improbable any conduct imputed to him, is irrelevant, except in so far as such character appears from facts otherwise relevant.

In civil cases, character to prove conduct imputed irrelevant.

53. In criminal proceedings, the fact that the person accused is of a good character, is relevant.

In criminal cases, previous good character relevant.

54. In criminal proceedings, the fact that the accused person has been previously convicted of any offence is relevant; but the fact that he has a bad character is irrelevant, unless evidence has been given that he has a good character, in which case it becomes relevant.

Previous conviction in criminal trials relevant, but not previous bad character, except in reply.

Explanation.—This section does not apply to cases in which the bad character of any person is itself a fact in issue.

55. In civil cases, the fact that the character of any person is such as to affect the amount of damages which he ought to receive, is relevant.

Character as affecting damages.

Explanation.—In sections fifty-two, fifty-three, fifty-four and fifty-five, the word 'character' includes both reputation and disposition; but evidence may be given only of general reputation and general disposition, and not of particular acts by which reputation or disposition were shown.

PART II.

ON PROOF.

CHAPTER III.—FACTS WHICH NEED NOT BE PROVED.

56. No fact of which the Court will take judicial notice need be proved.

No evidence required of fact judicially noticed.

57. The Court shall take judicial notice of the following facts:—

Facts of which Court must take judicial notice.

(1.) All laws or rules having the force of law now or heretofore in force or hereafter to be in force in any part of British India:

(2.) All public Acts passed or hereafter to be passed by Parliament, and all local and personal Acts directed by Parliament to be judicially noticed:

(3.) Articles of War for Her Majesty's Army or Navy:

(4.) The course of proceeding of Parliament and of the Councils for the purposes of making Laws and Regulations established under the Indian Councils' Act, or any other law for the time being relating thereto.

Explanation.—The word 'Parliament,' in clauses (2) and (4), includes—

1. The Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland;
2. The Parliament of Great Britain;
3. The Parliament of England;
4. The Parliament of Scotland, and
5. The Parliament of Ireland.

(5.) The accession and the sign manual of the Sovereign for the time being of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland:

(6.) All seals of which English Courts take judicial notice: the seals of all the Courts of British India, and of all Courts out of British India, established by the authority of the Governor General or any Local Government in Council: the seals of Courts of Admiralty and Maritime Jurisdiction and of Notaries public, and all seals which any person is authorized to use by any Act of Parliament or other Act or Regulation having the force of law in British India:

(7.) The accession to office, names, titles, functions, and signatures of the persons filling for the time being any public office in any part of British India, if the fact of their appointment to such office is notified in the *Gazette of India*, or in the official Gazette of any Local Government:

(8.) The existence, title, and national flag of every State or Sovereign recognized by the British Crown:

(9.) The divisions of time, the geographical divisions of the world, and public festivals, fasts and holidays notified in the official Gazette:

(10.) The territories under the dominion of the British Crown:

(11.) The commencement, continuance, and termination of hostilities between the British Crown and any other State or body of persons:

(12.) The names of the members and officers of the Court, and of their deputies and subordinate officers and assistants, and also of all officers acting in execution of its process, and of all advocates, attornies, proctors, vakils, pleaders and other persons authorized by law to appear or act before it:

(13.) The rule of the road.

In all these cases, and also on all matters of public history, literature, science or art, the Court may resort for its aid to appropriate books or documents of reference.

If the Court is called upon by any person to take judicial notice of any fact, it may refuse to do so, unless and until such person produces any such book or document as it may consider necessary to enable it to do so.

Facts admitted.

58. No fact need be proved in any proceeding which the parties thereto or their agents agree to admit at the hearing, or which, before the hearing, they agree to admit by any writing under their hands, or which by any rule of pleading in force at the time they are deemed to have admitted by their pleadings: Provided that the Court may, in its discretion, require the facts admitted to be proved otherwise than by such admissions.

CHAPTER IV.—OF ORAL EVIDENCE.

Proof of facts by oral evidence.

59. All facts, except the contents of documents, may be proved by oral evidence.

Oral evidence must be direct.

60. Oral evidence must, in all cases, whatever, be direct; That is to say—

If it refers to a fact which could be seen, it must be the evidence of a witness who says he saw it;

If it refers to a fact which could be heard, it must be the evidence of a witness who says he heard it;

If it refers to a fact which could be perceived by any other sense or in any other manner, it must be the evidence of a witness who says he perceived it by that sense or in that manner;

If it refers to an opinion or to the grounds on which that opinion is held, it must be the evidence of the person who holds that opinion on those grounds:

Provided that the opinions of experts expressed in any treatise commonly offered for sale, and the grounds on which such opinions are held, may be proved by the production of such treatises if the author is dead or cannot be found, or has become incapable of giving evidence, or cannot be called as a witness without an amount of delay or expense which the Court regards as unreasonable;

Provided also that, if oral evidence refers to the existence or condition of any material thing other than a document, the Court may, if it thinks fit, require the production of such material thing for its inspection.

CHAPTER V.—OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE.

Proof of contents of documents.

61. The contents of documents may be proved either by primary or by secondary evidence.

Primary evidence.

62. Primary evidence means the document itself produced for the inspection of the Court.

Explanation 1.—Where a document is executed in several parts, each part is primary evidence of the document:

Where a document is executed in counterpart, each counterpart being executed by one or some of the parties only, each counterpart is primary evidence as against the parties executing it.

Explanation 2.—Where a number of documents are all made by one uniform process, as in the case of printing, lithography, or photography, each is primary evidence of the contents of the rest; but where they are all copies of a common original, they are not primary evidence of the contents of the original.

Illustration.

A person is shown to have been in possession of a number of placards, all printed at one time from one original. Any one of the placards is primary evidence of the contents of any other, but no one of them is primary evidence of the contents of the original.

Secondary evidence.

63. Secondary evidence means and includes—

(1.) Certified copies given under the provisions hereinafter contained;

(2.) Copies made from the original by mechanical processes which in themselves insure the accuracy of the copy, and copies compared with such copies;

(3.) Copies made from or compared with the original;

(4.) Counterparts of documents as against the parties who did not execute them;

(5.) Oral accounts of the contents of a document given by some person who has himself seen it.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A photograph of an original is secondary evidence of its contents, though the two have not been compared, if it is proved that the thing photographed was the original.

(*b.*) A copy compared with a copy of a letter made by a copying machine is secondary evidence of the contents of the letter, if it is shown that the copy made by the copying machine was made from the original.

(*c.*) A copy transcribed from a copy, but afterwards compared with the original, is secondary evidence; but the copy not so compared is not secondary evidence of the original, although the copy from which it was transcribed was compared with the original.

(*d.*) Neither an oral account of a copy compared with the original, nor an oral account of a photograph or machine-copy of the original, is secondary evidence of the original.

Proof of documents by primary evidence.

64. Documents must be proved by primary evidence except in the cases hereinafter mentioned.

Cases in which secondary evidence relating to documents may be given.

65. Secondary evidence may be given of the existence, condition, or contents of a document in the following cases:—

(*a.*) When the original is shown or appears to be in the possession or power

of the person against whom the document is sought to be proved, or

of any person out of reach of, or not subject to, the process of the Court, or

of any person legally bound to produce it,

and when, after the notice mentioned in section sixty-six, such person does not produce it;

(*b*.) When the existence, condition or contents of the original have been proved to be admitted in writing by the person against whom it is proved or by his representative in interest;

(*c*.) When the original has been destroyed or lost, or when the party offering evidence of its contents cannot, for any other reason not arising from his own default or neglect, produce it in reasonable time;

(*d*.) When the original is of such a nature as not to be easily moveable;

(*e*.) When the original is a public document within the meaning of section seventy-four;

(*f*.) When the original is a document of which a certified copy is permitted by this Act, or by any other law in force in British India, to be given in evidence;

(*g*.) When the originals consist of numerous accounts or other documents which cannot conveniently be examined in Court, and the fact to be proved is the general result of the whole collection.

In cases (*a*), (*c*) and (*d*), any secondary evidence of the contents of the document is admissible.

In case (*b*), the written admission is admissible.

In case (*e*) or (*f*), a certified copy of the document, but no other kind of secondary evidence, is admissible.

In case (*g*), evidence may be given as to the general result of the documents by any person who has examined them, and who is skilled in the examination of such documents.

66. Secondary evidence of the contents of the documents referred to in section sixty-five, clause (*a*), shall not be given unless the party proposing to give such secondary evidence has previously given to the party in whose possession or power the document is, such notice to produce it as is prescribed by law; and if no notice is prescribed by law, then such notice as the Court considers reasonable under the circumstances of the case:

Rules as to notice to produce.

Provided that such notice shall not be required in order to render secondary evidence admissible in any of the following cases, or in any other case in which the Court thinks fit to dispense with it:—

(1.) When the document to be proved is itself a notice;

(2.) When from the nature of the case, the adverse party must know that he will be required to produce it;

(3.) When it appears or is proved that the adverse party has obtained possession of the original by fraud or force;

(4.) When the adverse party or his agent has the original in Court;

(5.) When the adverse party or his agent has admitted the loss of the document;

(6.) When the person in possession of the document is out of reach of, or not subject to, the process of the Court.

67. If a document is alleged to be signed or to have been written wholly or in part by any person, the signature or the handwriting of so much of the document as is alleged to be in that person's handwriting must be proved to be in his handwriting.

Proof of signature and handwriting of person alleged to have signed or written document produced.

68. If a document is required by law to be attested, it shall not be used as evidence until one attesting witness at least has been called for the purpose of proving its execution, if there be an attesting witness alive, and subject to the process of the Court and capable of giving evidence.

Proof of execution of document required by law to be attested.

69. If no such attesting witness can be found, or if the document purports to have been executed in the United Kingdom, it must be proved that the attestation of one attesting witness at least is in his handwriting, and that the signature of the person executing the document is in the handwriting of that person.

Proof where no attesting witness found.

70. The admission of a party to an attested document of its execution by himself shall be sufficient proof of its execution as against him, though it be a document required by law to be attested.

Admission of execution by party to attested document.

71. If the attesting witness denies or does not recollect the execution of the document, its execution may be proved by other evidence.

Proof when attesting witness denies the execution.

72. An attested document not required by law to be attested may be proved as if it was unattested.

Proof of document not required by law to be attested.

73. In order to ascertain whether a signature, writing, or seal is that of the person by whom it purports to have been written or made, any signature, writing, or seal admitted or proved to the satisfaction of the Court to have been written or made by that person may be compared with the one which is to be proved, although that signature, writing, or seal has not been produced or proved for any other purpose.

Comparison of handwritings.

The Court may direct any person present in Court to write any words or figures for the purpose of enabling the Court to compare the words or figures so written with any words or figures alleged to have been written by such person.

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.

74. The following documents are public documents:—

Public documents.

1. Documents forming the Acts, or records of the Acts—

(i) of the sovereign authority,

(ii) of official bodies and tribunals, and

(iii) of public officers, legislative, judicial and executive, whether of British India, or of any other part of Her Majesty's dominions, or of a foreign country.

2. Public records kept in British India of private documents.

Private documents.

75. All other documents are private.

Certified copies of public documents.

76. Every public officer having the custody of a public document, which any person has a right to inspect, shall give that person on demand a copy of it on payment of the legal fees therefor, together with a certificate written at the foot of such copy that it is a true copy of such document or part thereof as the case may be, and such certificate shall be dated and subscribed by such officer with his name and his official title, and shall be sealed, whenever such officer is authorized by law to make use of a seal, and such copies so certified shall be called certified copies.

Explanation.—Any officer who, by the ordinary course of official duty, is authorised to deliver such copies, shall be deemed to have the custody of such documents within the meaning of this section.

Production of such copies.

77. Such certified copies may be produced in proof of the contents of the public documents or parts of the public documents of which they purport to be copies.

Proof of other official documents.

78. The following public documents may be proved as follows:—

(1.) Acts, orders or notifications of the Executive Government of British India in any of its departments, or of any Local Government or any department of any Local Government,

by the records of the departments certified by the heads of those departments respectively,

or by any document purporting to be printed by order of any such Government:

(2.) The proceedings of the Legislatures,

by the journals of those bodies respectively, or by published Acts or abstracts, or by copies purporting to be printed by order of Government:

(3.) Proclamations, orders or regulations issued by Her Majesty or by the Privy Council, or by any department of Her Majesty's Government,

by copies or extracts contained in the *London Gazette*, or purporting to be printed by the Queen's Printer:

(4.) The Acts of the Executive or the proceedings of the legislature of a foreign country,

by journals published by their authority, or commonly received in that country as such, or by a copy certified under the seal of the country or sovereign, or by a recognition thereof in some public Act of the Governor General of India in Council:

(5.) The proceedings of a municipal body in British India,

by a copy of such proceedings certified by the legal keeper thereof, or by a printed book purporting to be published by the authority of such body:

(6.) Public documents of any other class in a foreign country,

by the original, or by a copy certified by the legal keeper thereof, with a certificate under the seal of a notary public or of a British Consul or diplomatic agent, that the copy is duly certified by the officer having the legal custody of the original, and upon proof of the character of the document according to the law of the foreign country.

PRESUMPTIONS AS TO DOCUMENTS.

Presumption as to genuineness of certified copies.

79. The Court shall presume every document purporting to be a certificate, certified copy, or other document, which is by law declared to be admissible as evidence of any particular fact, and which purports to be duly certified, by any officer in British India, or by any officer in any Native State in alliance with Her Majesty, who is duly authorised thereto by the Governor General in Council, to be genuine: Provided that such document is substantially in the form and purports to be executed in the manner directed by law in that behalf. The Court shall also presume that any officer, by whom any such document purports to be signed or certified, held, when he signed it, the official character which he claims in such paper.

Presumption on production of record of evidence.

80. Whenever any document is produced before any Court purporting to be a record or memorandum of the evidence or of any part of the evidence given by a witness in a judicial proceeding or before any officer authorised by law to take such evidence, or to be a statement or confession by any prisoner or accused person taken in accordance with law and purporting to be signed by any Judge or Magistrate or by any such officer as aforesaid, the Court shall presume—

that the document is genuine; that any statements, as to the circumstances under which it was taken, purporting to be made by the person signing it, are true, and that such evidence, statement or confession was duly taken.

Presumption as to Gazettes.

81. The Court shall presume the genuineness of every document purporting to be the *London Gazette*, or the *Gazette of India*, or the Government Gazette of any Local Government, or of any colony, dependency or possession of the British Crown, or to be a newspaper or journal, or to be a copy of a private Act of Parliament printed by the Queen's Printer, and of every document purporting to be a document directed by any law to be kept by any person, if such document is kept substantially in the form required by law and is produced from proper custody.

Presumption as to document admissible in England without proof of seal or signature.

82. When any document is produced to any Court purporting to be a document which, by the law in force for the time being in England or Ireland, would be admissible in proof of any particular in any Court of Justice in England or Ireland without proof of the seal or stamp or signature authenticating it, or of the judicial or official character claimed by the person by whom it purports to be signed, the Court shall presume that such seal, stamp or signature is genuine, and that the person signing it held, at the time when he signed it, the judicial or official character which he claims,

and the document shall be admissible for the same purpose for which it would be admissible in England or Ireland.

Proof of maps made for purposes of any cause.

83. The Court shall presume that maps or plans purporting to be made by the authority of Government were so made, and are accurate; but maps or plans made for the purposes of any cause must be proved to be accurate.

84. The Court shall presume the genuineness of every book purporting to be printed or published under the authority of the Government of any country, and to contain any of the laws of that country,

Presumption as to collections of laws and reports of decisions.

and of every book purporting to contain reports of decisions of the Courts of such country.

85. The Court shall presume that every document purporting to be a power of attorney, and to have been executed before, and authenticated by a notary public, or any Court, Judge, Magistrate, British Consul or Vice-Consul, or representative of Her Majesty or of the Government of India, was so executed and authenticated.

Presumption as to powers of attorney.

86. The Court may presume that any document purporting to be a certified copy of any judicial record of any country not forming part of Her Majesty's dominions is genuine and accurate, if the document purports to be certified in any manner which is certified by any representative of Her Majesty or of the Government of India resident in such country to be the manner commonly in use in that country for the certification of copies of judicial records.

Presumption as to certified copies of foreign judicial records.

87. The Court may presume that any book to which it may refer for information on matters of public or general interest, and that any published map or chart, the statements of which are relevant facts and which is produced for its inspection, was written and published by the person, and at the time and place, by whom or at which it purports to have been written or published.

Presumption as to books and maps.

88. The Court may presume that a message, forwarded from a telegraph office to the person to whom such message purports to be addressed, corresponds with a message delivered for transmission at the office from which the message purports to be sent; but the Court shall not make any presumption as to the person by whom such message was delivered for transmission.

Presumption as to photographs, machine copies and telegraphic messages.

89. The Court shall presume that every document, called for and not produced after notice to produce, was attested, stamped and executed in the manner required by law.

Presumption as to due execution, &c., of documents not produced.

90. Where any document, purporting or proved to be thirty years old, is produced from any custody which the Court in the particular case considers proper, the Court may presume that the signature and every other part of such document which purports to be in the handwriting of any particular person is in that person's handwriting, and, in the case of a document executed or attested, that it was duly executed and attested by the persons by whom it purports to be executed and attested.

Documents thirty years old.

Explanation.—Documents are said to be in proper custody if they are in the place in which, and under the care of the person with whom, they would naturally be; but no custody is improper if it is proved to have had a legitimate origin, or if the circumstances of the particular case are such as to render such an origin probable.

This explanation applies also to section eighty-one.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A has been in possession of landed property for a long time. He produces from his custody deeds relating to the land showing his titles to it. The custody is proper.

(*b.*) A produces deeds relating to landed property of which he is the mortgagee. The mortgagor is in possession. The custody is proper.

(*c.*) A, a connection of B, produces deeds relating to lands in B's possession, which were deposited with him by B for safe custody. The custody is proper.

CHAPTER VI.—OF THE EXCLUSION OF ORAL BY DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE.

91. When the terms of a contract, or of a grant, or of any other disposition of property, have been reduced to the form of a document, and in all cases in which any matter is required by law to be reduced to the form of a document, no evidence shall be given in proof of the terms of such contract, grant or other disposition of property, or of such matter, except the document itself, or secondary evidence of its contents in cases in which secondary evidence is admissible under the provisions hereinbefore contained.

Evidence of terms of written contract.

Exception 1.—When a public officer is required by law to be appointed in writing, and when it is shown that any particular person has acted as such officer, the writing by which he is appointed need not be proved.

Exception 2.—Wills under the Indian Succession Act may be proved by the Probate.

Explanation 1.—This section applies equally to cases in which the contracts, grants or disposition of property referred to are contained in one document, and to cases in which they are contained in more documents than one.

Explanation 2.—Where there are more originals than one, one original only need be proved.

Explanation 3.—The statement in any document whatever of a fact other than the facts referred to in this section, shall not preclude the admission of oral evidence as to the same fact.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) If a contract be contained in several letters, all the letters in which it is contained must be proved.

(*b.*) If a contract is contained in a bill of exchange, the bill of exchange must be proved.

(*c.*) If a bill of exchange is drawn in a set of three, one only need be proved.

(*d.*) A contracts in writing with B for the delivery of indigo upon certain terms. The contract mentions the fact that B had paid A the price of other indigo contracted for verbally on another occasion.

Oral evidence is offered that no payment was made for the other indigo. The evidence is admissible.

(*e.*) A gives B a receipt for money paid by B.

Oral evidence is offered of the payment.

The evidence is admissible.

92. When the terms of any such contract, grant or other disposition of property, or any matter required by law to be reduced to the form of a document, have been proved according to the last section, no evidence of any oral agreement or statement shall be admitted as between the parties to any such instrument or their representatives in interest, for the purpose of contradicting, varying, adding to, or subtracting from, its terms:

Exclusion of evidence of oral agreement.

Proviso (1).—Any fact may be proved which would invalidate any document, or which would entitle any person to any decree or order relating thereto; such as fraud, intimidation, illegality, want of due execution, want of capacity in any contracting party, want or failure of consideration, or mistake in fact or law.

Proviso (2).—The existence of any separate oral agreement as to any matter on which a document is silent and which is not inconsistent with its terms, may be proved. In considering whether or not this proviso applies, the Court shall have regard to the degree of formality of the document.

Proviso (3).—The existence of any separate oral agreement constituting a condition precedent to the attaching of any obligation under any such contract, grant or disposition of property, may be proved.

Proviso (4).—The existence of any distinct subsequent oral agreement to rescind or modify any such contract, grant or disposition of property, may be proved, except in cases in which such contract, grant or disposition of property is by law required to be in writing, or has been registered according to the law in force for the time being as to the registration of documents.

Proviso (5).—Any usage or custom by which incidents, not expressly mentioned in any contract, are usually annexed to contracts of that description, may be proved: Provided that the annexing of such incident would not be repugnant to, or inconsistent with, the express terms of the contract.

Proviso (6).—Any fact may be proved which shows in what manner the language of a document is related to existing facts.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A policy of insurance is effected on goods "in ships from Calcutta to London." The goods are shipped in a particular ship which is lost. The fact that that particular ship was orally excepted from the policy, cannot be proved.

(*b.*) A agrees absolutely in writing to pay B Rs. 1,000 on the 1st March 1873. The fact that, at the same time, an oral agreement was made that the money should not be paid till the 31st March, cannot be proved.

(*c.*) An estate called 'the Rampore tea estate' is sold by a deed which contains a map of the property sold. The fact that land not included in the map had always been regarded as part of the estate and was meant to pass by the deed, cannot be proved.

(*d.*) A enters into a written contract with B to work certain mines, the property of B, upon certain terms. A was induced to do so by a misrepresentation of B's as to their value. This fact may be proved.

(*e.*) A institutes a suit against B for the specific performance of a contract, and also prays that the contract may be reformed as to one of its provisions, as that provision was inserted in it by mistake. A may prove that such a mistake was made as would by law entitle him to have the contract reformed.

(*f.*) A orders goods of B by a letter in which nothing is said as to the time of payment, and accepts the goods on delivery. B sues A for the price. A may show that the goods were supplied on credit for a term still unexpired.

(*g.*) A sells B a horse and verbally warrants him sound. A gives B a paper in these words: 'Bought of A a horse for Rs. 500.' B may prove the verbal warranty.

(*h.*) A hires lodgings of B, and gives B a card on which is written—'Rooms, Rs. 200 a month.' A may prove a verbal agreement that these terms were to include partial board.

A hires lodgings of B for a year, and a regularly stamped agreement drawn up by an attorney is made between them. It is silent on the subject of board. A may not prove that board was included in the terms verbally.

(*i.*) A applies to B for a debt due to A by sending a receipt for the money. B keeps the receipt and does not send the money. In a suit for the amount, A may prove this.

(*j.*) A and B make a contract in writing to take effect upon the happening of a certain contingency. The writing is left with B, who sues A upon it. A may show the circumstances under which it was delivered.

Exclusion of evidence to explain or amend ambiguous document.

93. When the language used in a document is, on its face, ambiguous or defective, evidence may not be given of facts which would show its meaning or supply its defects.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A agrees in writing to sell a horse to B for 'Rs. 1,000 or Rs. 1,500.'

Evidence cannot be given to show which price was to be given.

(*b.*) A deed contains blanks. Evidence cannot be given of facts which would show how they were meant to be filled.

Exclusion of evidence against application of document to existing facts.

94. When language used in a document is plain in itself, and when it applies accurately to existing facts, evidence may not be given to show that it was not meant to apply to such facts.

Illustration.

A sells to B by deed 'my estate at Rampore containing 100 bígás.' A has an estate at Rampore containing 100 bígás. Evidence may not be given of the fact that the estate meant to be sold was one situated at a different place and of a different size.

Evidence as to document unmeaning in reference to existing facts.

95. When language used in a document is plain in itself, but is unmeaning in reference to existing facts, evidence may be given to show that it was used in a peculiar sense.

Illustration.

A sells to B by deed 'my house in Calcutta.'

A had no house in Calcutta, but it appears that he had a house at Howrah, of which B had been in possession since the execution of the deed.

These facts may be proved to show that the deed related to the house at Howrah.

Evidence as to application of language which can apply to one only of several persons.

96. When the facts are such that the language used might have been meant to apply to any one, and could not have been meant to apply to more than one, of several persons or things, evidence may be given of facts which show which of those persons or things it was intended to apply to.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A agrees to sell to B for Rs. 1,000 "my white horse." A has two white horses. Evidence may be given of facts which show which of them was meant.

(*b.*) A agrees to accompany B to Hyderabad. Evidence may be given of facts showing whether Hyderabad in the Deccan or Hyderabad in Scind was meant.

Evidence as to application of language to one of two sets of facts to neither of which the whole correctly applies.

97. When the language used applies partly to one set of existing facts, and partly to another set of existing facts, but the whole of it does not apply correctly to either, evidence may be given to show to which of the two it was meant to apply.

Illustration.

A agrees to sell to B 'my land at X' in the occupation of Y. A has land at X, but not in the occupation of Y, and he has land in the occupation of Y, but it is not at X. Evidence may be given of facts showing which he meant to sell.

Evidence as to meaning of illegible characters, &c.

98. Evidence may be given to show the meaning of illegible or not commonly intelligible characters, of foreign, obsolete, technical, local, and provincial expressions, of abbreviations and of words used in a peculiar sense.

Illustration.

A, a sculptor, agrees to sell to B 'all my mods.' A has both models and modelling tools. Evidence may be given to show which he meant to sell.

99. Persons who are not parties to a document, or their representatives in interest, may give evidence of any facts tending to show a contemporaneous agreement varying the terms of the document.

Who may give evidence of agreement varying terms of document.

Illustration.

A and B make a contract in writing that B shall sell A certain cotton, to be paid for on delivery. At the same time they make an oral agreement that three months' credit shall be given to A. This could not be shown as between A and B, but it might be shown by C if it affected his interests.

100. Nothing in this chapter contained shall be taken to affect any of the provisions of the Indian Succession Act (X of 1865) as to the construction of wills.

Saving of provisions of Indian Succession Act relating to wills.

PART III.

PRODUCTION AND EFFECT OF EVIDENCE.

CHAPTER VII.—OF THE BURDEN OF PROOF.

101. Whoever desires any Court to give judgment as to any legal right or liability dependent on the existence of facts which he asserts, must prove that those facts exist.

Burden of proof.

When a person is bound to prove the existence of any fact, it is said that the burden of proof lies on that person.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A desires a Court to give judgment that B shall be punished for a crime which A says B has committed.

A must prove that B has committed the crime.

(*b.*) A desires a Court to give judgment that he is entitled to certain land in the possession of B by reason of facts which he asserts and which B denies to be true.

A must prove the existence of those facts.

102. The burden of proof in a suit or proceeding lies on that person who would fail if no evidence at all were given on either side.

On whom burden of proof lies.

Illustrations

(*a.*) A sues B for land of which B is in possession, and which, as A asserts, was left to A by the will of C, B's father.

If no evidence were given on either side, B would be entitled to retain his possession.

Therefore the burden of proof is on A.

(*b.*) A sues B for money due on a bond.

The execution of the bond is admitted, but B says that it was obtained by fraud, which A denies.

If no evidence were given on either side, A would succeed, as the bond is not disputed and the fraud is not proved.

Therefore the burden of proof is on B.

103. The burden of proof as to any particular fact lies on that person who wishes the Court to believe in its existence, unless it is provided by any law that the proof of that fact shall lie on any particular person.

Burden of proof as to particular fact.

Illustration.

(*a.*) A prosecutes B for theft, and wishes the Court to believe that B admitted the theft to C. A must prove the admission.

B wishes the Court to believe that, at the time in question, he was elsewhere. He must prove it.

104. The burden of proving any fact necessary to be proved in order to enable any person to give evidence of any other fact is on the person who wishes to give such evidence.

Burden of proving fact to be proved to make evidence admissible.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A wishes to prove a dying declaration by B. A must prove B's death.

(*b.*) A wishes to prove, by secondary evidence, the contents of a lost document.

A must prove that the document has been lost.

105. When a person is accused of any offence, the burden of proving the existence of circumstances bringing the case within any of the General Exceptions in the Indian Penal Code, or within any special exception or proviso contained in any other part of the same Code, or in any law defining the offence, is upon him, and the Court shall presume the absence of such circumstances.

Burden of proving that case of accused comes within exceptions.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A, accused of murder, alleges that, by reason of unsoundness of mind, he did not know the nature of the act.

The burden of proof is on A.

(*b.*) A, accused of murder, alleges that, by grave and sudden provocation, he was deprived of the power of self-control.

The burden of proof is on A.

(*c.*) Section three hundred and twenty-five of the Indian Penal Code provides that whoever, except in the case provided for by section three hundred and thirty-five, voluntarily causes grievous hurt, shall be subject to certain punishments.

A is charged with voluntarily causing grievous hurt under section three hundred and twenty-five.

The burden of proving the circumstances bringing the case under section three hundred and thirty-five lies on A.

106. When any fact is especially within the knowledge of any person, the burden of proving that fact is upon him.

Burden of proving fact especially within knowledge.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) When a person does an act with some intention other than that which the character and circumstances of the act suggest, the burden of proving that intention is upon him.

(*b.*) A is charged with travelling on a railway without a ticket. The burden of proving that he had a ticket is on him.

107. When the question is whether a man is alive or dead, and it is shown that he was alive within thirty years, the burden of proving that he is dead is on the person who affirms it.

Burden of proving death of person known to have been alive within thirty years.

108. When the question is whether a man is alive or dead, and it is proved that he has not been heard of for seven years by those who would naturally have heard of him if he had been alive, the burden of proving that he is alive is on the person who affirms it.

Burden of proving that person is alive who has not been heard of for seven years.

109. When the question is whether persons are partners, landlord and tenant, or principal and agent, and it has been shown that they have been acting as such, the burden of proving that they do not stand, or have ceased to stand, to each other in those relationships respectively, is on the person who affirms it.

Burden of proof as to partnership, tenancy and agency.

110. When the question is whether any person is owner of anything of which he is shown to be in possession, the burden of proving that he is not the owner is on the person who affirms that he is not the owner.

Burden of proof as to ownership.

111. Where there is a question as to the good faith of a transaction between parties, one of whom stands to the other in a position of active confidence, the burden of proving the good faith of the transaction is on the party who is in a position of active confidence.

Proof of good faith in transactions where one party is in relation of active confidence.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The good faith of a sale by a client to an attorney. is in question in a suit brought by the client. The burden of proving the good faith of the transaction is on the attorney

(*b.*) The good faith of a sale by a son just come of age to a father is in question in a suit brought by the son. The burden of proving the good faith of the transaction is on the father.

112. The fact that any person was born during the continuance of a valid marriage between his mother and any man, or within two hundred and eighty days after its dissolution, the mother remaining unmarried, shall be conclusive proof that he is the legitimate son of that man, unless it can be shown that the parties to the marriage had no access to each other at any time when he could have been begotten.

Birth during marriage, conclusive proof of legitimacy.

113. A notification in the *Gazette of India* that any portion of British territory has been ceded to any Native State, Prince or Ruler, shall be conclusive proof that a valid cession of such territory took place at the date mentioned in such notification.

Proof of cession of territory.

114. The Court may presume the existence of any fact which it thinks likely to have happened, regard being had to the common course of natural events, human conduct and public and private business in their relation to the facts of the particular case.

Court may presume existence of certain facts.

Illustrations.

The Court may presume—

(*a.*) That a man who is in possession of stolen goods soon after the theft is either the thief or has received the goods knowing them to be stolen, unless he can account for his possession;

(*b.*) That an accomplice is unworthy of credit, unless he is corroborated in material particulars;

(*c.*) That a bill of exchange, accepted or endorsed, was accepted or endorsed, for good consideration;

(*d.*) That a thing or state of things which has been shown to be in existence within a period shorter than that within which such things or states of things usually cease to exist, is still in existence;

(*e.*) That judicial and official acts have been regularly performed;

(*f.*) That the common course of business has been followed in particular cases;

(*g.*) That evidence which could be and is not produced would, if produced, be unfavourable to the person who withholds it;

(*h.*) That if a man refuses to answer a question which he is not compelled to answer by law, the answer, if given, would be unfavourable to him;

(*i.*) That when a document creating an obligation is in the hands of the obligor, the obligation has been discharged.

But the Court shall also have regard to such facts as the following, in considering whether such maxims do or do not apply to the particular case before them:—

As to illustration (*a*)—A shop-keeper has in his till marked rupee soon after it was stolen, and cannot account for its possession specifically, but is continually receiving rupees in the course of his business:

As to illustration (*b*)—A, a person of the highest character, is tried for causing a man's death by an act of negligence in arranging certain machinery. B, a person of equally good character who also took part in the arrangement, describes precisely what was done, and admits and explains the common carelessness of A and himself:

As to illustration (*b*)—A crime is committed by several persons. A, B and C, three of the criminals, are captured on the spot and kept apart from each other. Each gives an account of the crime implicating D, and the accounts corroborate each other in such a manner as to render previous concert highly improbable:

As to illustration (*c*)—A, the drawer of a bill of exchange, was a man of business. B, the acceptor, was a young and ignorant person, completely under A's influence:

As to illustration (*d*)—It is proved that a river ran in a certain course five years ago, but it is known that there have been floods since that time which might change its course:

As to illustration (*e*)—A judicial act, the regularity of which is in question, was performed under exceptional circumstances:

As to illustration (*f*)—The question is, whether a letter was received. It is shown to have been posted, but the usual course of the post was interrupted by disturbances:

As to illustration (*g*)—A man refuses to produce a document which would bear on a contract of small importance on which he is sued, but which might also injure the feelings and reputation of his family:

As to illustration (*h*)—A man refuses to answer a question which he is not compelled by law to answer, but the answer to it might cause loss to him in matters unconnected with the matter in relation to which it is asked:

As to illustration (*i*)—A bond is in possession of the obligor, but the circumstances of the case are such that he may have stolen it.

CHAPTER VIII.—ESTOPPEL.

115. When one person has, by his declaration, act or omission, intentionally caused or permitted another person to believe a thing to be true and to act upon such belief, neither he nor his representative shall be allowed in any suit or proceeding between himself and such person or his representative to deny the truth of that thing.

Estoppel.

Illustration.

A intentionally and falsely leads B to believe that certain land belongs to A, and thereby induces B to buy and pay for it.

The land afterwards becomes the property of A, and A seeks to set aside the sale on the ground that, at the time of the sale, he had no title. He must not be allowed to prove his want of title.

116. No tenant of immoveable property, or person claiming through such tenant, shall, during the continuance of the tenancy, be permitted to deny that the landlord of such tenant had, at the beginning of the tenancy, a title to such immoveable property; and no person who came upon any immoveable property by the license of the person in possession thereof, shall be permitted to deny that such person had a title to such possession at the time when such license was given.

Estoppel of tenant.

117. No acceptor of a bill of exchange shall be permitted to deny that the drawer had authority to draw such bill or to endorse it, nor shall any bailee or licensee be permitted to deny that his bailor or licensor had, at the time when the bailment or license commenced, authority to make such bailment or grant such license.

Estoppel of acceptor of bill of exchange, bailee or licensee.

Explanation (1).—The acceptor of a bill of exchange may deny that the bill was really drawn by the person by whom it purports to have been drawn.

Explanation (2).—If a bailee delivers the goods bailed to a person other than the bailor, he may prove that such person had a right to them as against the bailor.

CHAPTER IX.

OF WITNESSES.

118. All persons shall be competent to testify unless the Court considers that they are prevented from understanding the questions put to them, or from giving rational answers to those questions, by tender years, extreme old age, disease, whether of body or mind, or any other cause of the same kind.

Who may testify.

Explanation.—A lunatic is not incompetent to testify unless he is prevented by his lunacy from understanding the questions put to him and giving rational answers to them.

119. A witness who is unable to speak may give his evidence in any other manner in which he can make it intelligible, as by writing or by signs; but such writing must be written and the signs made in open Court. Evidence so given shall be deemed to be oral evidence.

Dumb witnesses.

120. In all civil proceedings the parties to the suit, and the husband or wife of any party to the suit shall be competent witnesses. In criminal proceedings against any person, the husband or wife of such person, respectively, shall be a competent witness.

Married persons in Civil and Criminal Proceedings.

121. No Judge or Magistrate shall, except upon the special order of some Court to which he is subordinate, be compelled to answer any questions as to his own conduct in Court as such Judge or Magistrate, or as to anything which came to his knowledge in Court as such Judge or Magistrate; but he may be examined as to other matters which occurred in his presence whilst he was so acting.

Judges and Magistrates.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A, on his trial before the Court of Session, says that a deposition was improperly taken by B, the Magistrate. B cannot be compelled to answer questions as to this, except upon the special order of a Superior Court.

(*b.*) A is accused before the Court of Session of having given false evidence before B, a Magistrate. B cannot be asked what he said, except upon the special order of the Superior Court.

(*c.*) A is accused before the Court of Session of attempting to murder a Police officer whilst on his trial before B, a Sessions Judge. B may be examined as to what occurred.

122. No person who is or has been married, shall be compelled to disclose any communication made to him during marriage by any person to whom he is or has been married; nor shall he be permitted to disclose any such communication, unless the person who made it, or his representative in interest, consents, except in suits between married persons, or proceedings in which one married person is prosecuted for any crime committed against the other.

Communications during marriage.

123. No one shall be permitted to give any evidence derived from unpublished official records relating to any affairs of State, except with the permission of the officer at the head of the department concerned, who shall give or withhold such permission as he thinks fit.

Evidence as to affairs of State.

124. No public officer shall be compelled to disclose communications made to him in official confidence, when he considers that the public interests would suffer by the disclosure.

Official communications.

125. No Magistrate or police officer shall be compelled to say whence he got any information as to the commission of any offence.

Information as to commission of offences.

126. No barrister, attorney, pleader or vakíl, shall at any time be permitted, unless with his client's express consent, to disclose any communication made to him in the course and for the purpose of his employment as such barrister, pleader, attorney or vakíl by or on behalf of his client, or to state the contents or condition of any document with which he has become acquainted in the course and for the purpose of his professional employment, or to disclose any advice given by him to his client in the course and for the purpose of such employment:

Professional communications.

Provided that nothing in this section shall protect from disclosure—

(1) Any such communication made in furtherance of any criminal purpose;

(2) Any fact observed by any barrister, pleader, attorney or vakíl in the course of his employment as such showing that any crime or fraud has been committed since the commencement of his employment.

It is immaterial whether the attention of such barrister, attorney or vakíl was or was not directed to such fact by or on behalf of his client.

Explanation.—The obligation stated in this section continues after the employment has ceased.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A, a client, says to B, an attorney,—'I have committed forgery, and I wish you to defend me.'

As the defence of a man known to be guilty is not a criminal purpose, this communication is protected from disclosure.

(*b.*) A, a client, says to B, an attorney,—'I wish to obtain possession of property by the use of a forged deed on which I request you to sue.'

This communication, being made in furtherance of a criminal purpose, is not protected from disclosure.

(*c.*) A, being charged with embezzlement, retains B, an attorney, to defend him. In the course of the proceedings, B observes that an entry has been made in A's account-book charging A with the sum said to have been embezzled, which entry was not in the book at the commencement of his employment.

This being a fact observed by B in the course of his employment showing that a fraud has been committed since the commencement of the proceedings, it is not protected from disclosure.

127. The provisions of section one hundred and twenty-six shall apply to interpreters, and the clerks or servants of barristers, pleaders, attorneys and vakíls.

Section 126 to apply to interpreters, &c.

128. If any party to a suit gives evidence therein at his own instance or otherwise, he shall not be deemed to have consented thereby to such disclosure as is mentioned in section one hundred and twenty-six; and if any party to a suit or proceeding calls any such barrister, attorney or vakíl as a witness, he shall be deemed to have consented to such disclosure only if he questions such barrister, attorney, or vakíl on matters which, but for such question, he would not be at liberty to disclose.

Privilege not waived by volunteering evidence.

129. No one shall be compelled to disclose to the Court any confidential communication which has taken place between him and his legal professional adviser, unless he offers him-

Confidential communication with legal advisers.

self as a witness, in which case he may be compelled to disclose any such communications as may appear to the Court necessary to be known in order to explain any evidence which he has given, but no others.

130. No witness who is not a party to a suit shall be compelled to produce his title-deeds to any property, or any document in virtue of which he holds any property as pledgee or mortgagee, or any document the production of which might tend to criminate him, unless he has agreed in writing to produce them with the person seeking the production of such deeds or some person through whom he claims.

Production of witness' title-deeds.

131. No one shall be compelled to produce documents in his possession, which any other person would be entitled to refuse to produce if they were in his possession, unless such last-mentioned person consents to their production.

Production of documents which another person, having possession, would be entitled to refuse to produce.

132. A witness shall not be excused from answering any question as to any matter relevant to the matter in issue in any suit or in any civil or criminal proceeding, upon the ground that the answer to such question will criminate, or may tend, directly or indirectly, to criminate such witness, or that it will expose, or tend, directly or indirectly, to expose such witness to a penalty or forfeiture of any kind:

Witness not excused from answering on ground that answer will criminate.

Provided that no such answer, which a witness shall be compelled to give, shall subject him to any arrest or prosecution, or be proved against him in any criminal proceeding, except a prosecution for giving false evidence by such answer.

Proviso.

133. An accomplice shall be a competent witness against an accused person; and a conviction is not illegal merely because it proceeds upon the uncorroborated testimony of an accomplice.

Accomplice.

134. No particular number of witnesses shall in any case be required for the proof of any fact.

Number of witnesses.

CHAPTER X.—OF THE EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

135. The order in which witnesses are produced and examined shall be regulated by the law and practice for the time being relating to Civil and Criminal Procedure respectively, and, in the absence of any such law, by the discretion of the Court.

Order of production and examination of witnesses.

136. When either party proposes to give evidence of any fact, the Judge may ask the party proposing to give the evidence in what manner the alleged fact, if proved, would be relevant; and the Judge shall admit the evidence if he thinks that the fact, if proved, would be relevant, and not otherwise.

Judge to decide as to admissibility of evidence.

If the fact proposed to be proved is one of which evidence is admissible only upon proof of some other fact, such last-mentioned fact must be proved before evidence is given of the fact first mentioned, unless the party undertakes to give proof of such fact and the Court is satisfied with such undertaking.

If the relevancy of one alleged fact depends upon another alleged fact being first proved, the Judge may in his discretion either permit evidence of the first fact to be given before the second fact is proved, or require evidence to be given of the second fact before evidence is given of the first fact.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) It is proposed to prove a statement about a relevant fact by a person alleged to be dead, which statement is relevant under section thirty-two.

The fact that the person is dead must be proved by the person proposing to prove the statement before evidence is given of the statement.

(*b.*) It is proposed to prove by a copy the contents of a document said to be lost.

The fact that the original is lost must be proved by the person proposing to produce the copy before the copy is produced.

(*c.*) A is accused of receiving stolen property knowing it to have been stolen.

It is proposed to prove that he denied the possession of the property.

The relevancy of the denial depends on the identity of the property. The Court may in its discretion either require the property to be identified before the denial of the possession is proved, or permit the denial of the possession to be proved before the property is identified.

(*d.*) It is proposed to prove a fact (A) which is said to have been the cause or effect of a fact in issue. There are several intermediate facts (B, C and D) which must be shown to exist before the fact A can be regarded as the cause or effect of the fact in issue. The Court may either permit A to be proved before B, C or D is proved, or may require proof of B, C and D before permitting proof of A.

137. The examination of a witness by the party who calls him shall be called his examination-in-chief.

Examination-in-chief.

The examination of a witness by the adverse party shall be called his cross-examination.

Cross-examination.

The examination of a witness, subsequent to the cross-examination by the party who called him, shall be called his re-examination.

Re-examination.

138. Witnesses shall be first examined-in-chief, then (if the adverse party so desires) cross-examined, then (if the party calling him so desires) re-examined.

Order of examinations. Direction of re-examination.

The examination and cross-examination must relate to relevant facts, but the cross-examination need not be confined to the facts to which the witness testified on his examination-in-chief.

The re-examination shall be directed to the explanation of matters referred to in cross-examination; and if new matter is, by permission of the Court, introduced in re-examination, the adverse party may further cross-examine upon that matter.

139. A person summoned to produce a document does not become a witness by the mere fact that he produces it, and cannot be cross-examined unless and until he is called as a witness.

Cross-examination of person called to produce a document.

140. Witnesses to character may be cross-examined and re-examined.

Witnesses to character.

141. Any question suggesting the answer which the person putting it wishes or expects to receive, is called a leading question.

Leading question.

142. Leading questions must not, if objected to by the adverse party, be asked in an examination-in-chief, or in a re-examination, except with the permission of the Court.

When they must not be asked.

The Court shall permit leading questions as to matters which are introductory or undisputed, or which have, in its opinion, been already sufficiently proved.

143. Leading questions may be asked in cross-examination.

When they may be asked.

144. Any witness may be asked, whilst under examination, whether any contract, grant or other disposition of property, as to which he is giving evidence, was not contained in a document, and if he says that it was, or if he is about to make any statement as to the contents of any document, which, in the opinion of the Court, ought to be produced, the adverse party may object to such evidence being given until such document is produced, or until facts have been proved which entitle the party who called the witness to give secondary evidence of it.

Evidence as to matters in writing.

Explanation.—A witness may give oral evidence of statements made by other persons about the contents of documents if such statements are in themselves relevant facts.

Illustration.

The question is, whether A assaulted B.

C deposes that he heard A say to D—'B wrote a letter accusing me of theft, and I will be revenged on him.' This statement is relevant, as showing A's motive for the assault, and evidence may be given of it, though no other evidence is given about the letter.

145. A witness may be cross-examined as to previous statements made by him in writing or reduced into writing and relevant to matters in question without such writing being shown to him, or being proved; but if it is intended to contradict him by the writing, his attention must, before the writing can be proved, be called to those parts of it which are to be used for the purpose of contradicting him.

Cross-examination as to previous statements in writing.

146. When a witness is cross-examined, he may, in addition to the questions hereinbefore referred to, be asked any questions which tend

Questions lawful in cross-examination.

(1) to test his veracity;

(2) to discover who he is and what is his position in life, or

(3) to shake his credit, by injuring his character, although the answer to such questions might tend directly or indirectly to criminate him, or might expose or tend directly or indirectly to expose him to a penalty or forfeiture.

147. If any such question relates to a matter relevant to the suit or proceeding, the provisions of section one hundred and thirty-two shall apply thereto.

When witness to be compelled to answer.

148. If any such question relates to a matter not relevant to the suit or proceeding, except in so far as it affects the credit of the witness by injuring his character, the Court shall decide whether or not the witness shall be compelled to answer it, and may, if it thinks fit, warn the witness that he is not obliged to answer it. In exercising its discretion, the Court shall have regard to the following considerations:—

Court to decide when question shall be asked and when witness compelled to answer.

(1). Such questions are proper if they are of such a nature that the truth of the imputation conveyed by them would seriously affect the opinion of the Court as to the credibility of the witness on the matter to which he testifies.

(2). Such questions are improper if the imputation which they convey relates to matters so remote in time, or of such a character, that the truth of the imputation would not affect, or would affect in a slight degree, the opinion of the Court as to the credibility of the witness on the matter to which he testifies.

(3). Such questions are improper if there is a great disproportion between the importance of the imputation made against the witness's character and the importance of his evidence.

(4). The Court may, if it sees fit, draw, from the witnesses' refusal to answer, the inference that the answer if given would be unfavourable.

149. No such question as is referred to in section one hundred and forty-eight ought to be asked, unless the person asking it has reasonable grounds for thinking that the imputation which it conveys is well-founded.

Question not to be asked without reasonable grounds.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A barrister is instructed by an attorney or vakíl that an important witness is a dacoit. This is a reasonable ground for asking the witness whether he is a dacoit.

(*b.*) A pleader is informed by a person in Court that an important witness is a dacoit. The informant on being questioned by the pleader gives satisfactory reasons for his statement. This is a reasonable ground for asking the witness whether he is a dacoit.

(*c.*) A witness, of whom nothing whatever is known, is asked at random whether he is a dacoit. There are here no reasonable grounds for the question.

(*d.*) A witness, of whom nothing whatever is known, being questioned as to his mode of life and means of living, gives unsatisfactory answers. This may be a reasonable ground for asking him if he is a dacoit.

150. If the Court is of opinion that any such question was asked without reasonable grounds, it may, if it was asked by any barrister, pleader, vakíl or attorney, report the circumstances of the case to the High Court or other authority to which such barrister, pleader, vakíl or attorney is subject in the exercise of his profession.

Procedure of Court in case of question being asked without reasonable grounds.

151. The Court may forbid any questions or inquiries which it regards as indecent or scandalous, although such questions or inquiries may have some bearing on the questions before the Court, unless they relate to facts in issue, or to matters necessary to be known in order to determine whether or not the facts in issue existed.

Indecent and scandalous questions.

152. The Court shall forbid any question which appears to it to be intended to insult or annoy, or which, though proper in itself, appears to the Court needlessly offensive in form.

Questions intended to insult or annoy.

153. When a witness has been asked and has answered any question which is relevant to the inquiry only in so far as it tends to shake his credit by injuring his character, no evidence shall be given to contradict him; but if he answers falsely, he may afterwards be charged with giving false evidence.

Exclusion of evidence to contradict answers to questions testing veracity.

Exception 1.—If a witness is asked whether he has been previously convicted of any crime and denies it, evidence may be given of his previous conviction.

Exception 2.—If a witness is asked any question tending to impeach his impartiality and answers it by denying the facts suggested, he may be contradicted.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A claim against an underwriter is resisted on the ground of fraud.

The claimant is asked whether, in a former transaction, he had not made a fraudulent claim. He denies it.

Evidence is offered to show that he did make such a claim.

The evidence is inadmissible.

(*b.*) A witness is asked whether he was not dismissed from a situation for dishonesty. He denies it.

Evidence is offered to show that he was dismissed for dishonesty.

The evidence is not admissible.

(*c.*) A affirms that on a certain day he saw B at Lahore.

A is asked whether he himself was not on that day at Calcutta. He denies it.

Evidence is offered to show that A was on that day at Calcutta.

The evidence is admissible, not as contradicting A on a fact which affects his credit, but as contradicting the alleged fact that B was seen on the day in question in Lahore.

In each of these cases the witness might, if his denial was false, be charged with giving false evidence.

(*d.*) A is asked whether his family has not had a blood feud with the family of B against whom he gives evidence.

He denies it. He may be contradicted on the ground that the question tends to impeach his impartiality.

154. The Court may in its discretion permit the person who calls a witness to put any questions to him which might be put in cross-examination by the adverse party.

Question by party to his own witness.

155. The credit of a witness may be impeached in the following ways by the adverse party, or, with the consent of the Court, by the party who calls him:—

Impeaching credit of witness.

(1.) By the evidence of persons who testify that they, from their knowledge of the witness, believe him to be unworthy of credit;

(2.) By proof that the witness has been bribed or has had the offer of a bribe, or has received any other corrupt inducement to give his evidence;

(3.) By proof of former statements inconsistent with any part of his evidence which is liable to be contradicted;

(4.) When a man is prosecuted for rape or an attempt to ravish, it may be shown that the prosecutrix was of generally immoral character.

Explanation.—A witness declaring another witness to be unworthy of credit may not, upon his examination-in-chief, give reasons for his belief, but he may be asked his reasons in cross-examination, and the answers which he gives cannot be contradicted, though, if they are false, he may afterwards be charged with giving false evidence.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A sues B for the price of goods sold and delivered to B.

C says that he delivered the goods to B.

Evidence is offered to show that, on a previous occasion, he said that he had not delivered the goods to B.

The evidence is admissible.

(*b.*) A is indicted for the murder of B.

C says that B, when dying, declared that A had given B the wound of which he died.

Evidence is offered to show that, on a previous occasion, C said that the wound was not given by A or in his presence.

The evidence is admissible.

156. When a witness whom it is intended to corroborate gives evidence of any relevant fact, he may be questioned as to any other circumstances which he observed at or near to the time or place at which such relevant fact occurred, if the Court is of opinion that such circumstances, if proved, would corroborate the testimony of the witness as to the relevant fact which he testifies.

Questions tending to corroborate evidence of relevant fact, admissible.

Illustration.

A, an accomplice, gives an account of a robbery in which he took part. He describes various incidents unconnected with the robbery which occurred on his way to and from the place where it was committed.

Independent evidence of these facts may be given in order to corroborate his evidence as to the robbery itself.

157. In order to corroborate the testimony of a witness, any former statement made by such witness relating to the same fact, at or about the time when the fact took place, or before any authority legally competent to investigate the fact, may be proved.

Former statements of witness may be proved to corroborate later testimony as to same fact.

158. Whenever any statement, relevant under section thirty-two or thirty-three, is proved, all matters may be proved, either in order to contradict or to corroborate it, or in order to impeach or confirm the credit of the person by whom it was made, which might have been proved if that person had been called as a witness and had denied upon cross-examination the truth of the matter suggested.

What matters may be proved in connection with proved statement relevant under section 32 or 33.

159. A witness may, while under examination, refresh his memory by referring to any writing made by himself at the time of the transaction concerning

Refreshing memory.

which he is questioned, or so soon afterwards that the Court considers it likely that the transaction was at that time fresh in his memory.

The witness may also refer to any such writing made by any other person, and read by the witness within the time aforesaid, if when he read it he knew it to be correct.

When witness may use copy of document to refresh memory.

Whenever a witness may refresh his memory by reference to any document, he may, with the permission of the Court, refer to a copy of such document: Provided the Court be satisfied that there is sufficient reason for the non-production of the original.

An expert may refresh his memory by reference to professional treaties.

Testimony to facts stated in document mentioned in section 159.

160. A witness may also testify to facts mentioned in any such document as is mentioned in section one hundred and fifty-nine, although he has no specific recollection of the facts themselves, if he is sure that the facts were correctly recorded in the document.

Illustration.

A book-keeper may testify to facts recorded by him in books regularly kept in the course of business, if he knows that the books were correctly kept, although he has forgotten the particular transactions entered.

Right of adverse party as to writing used to refresh memory.

161. Any writing referred to under the provisions of the two last preceding sections must be produced and shown to the adverse party if he requires it; such party may, if he pleases, cross-examine the witness thereupon.

Production of documents.

162. A witness summoned to produce a document shall, if it is in his possession or power, bring it to Court, notwithstanding any objection which there may be to its production or to its admissibility. The validity of any such objection shall be decided on by the Court.

The Court, if it sees fit, may inspect the document, unless it refers to matters of State, or take other evidence to enable it to determine on its admissibility.

Translation of documents.

If for such a purpose it is necessary to cause any document to be translated, the Court may, if it thinks fit, direct the translator to keep the contents secret, unless the document is to be given in evidence: and if the interpreter disobeys such direction, he shall be held to have committed an offence under section one hundred and sixty-six of the Indian Penal Code.

Giving as evidence of document called for and produced on notice.

163. When a party calls for a document which he has given the other party notice to produce, and such document is produced and inspected by the party calling for its production, he is bound to give it as evidence if the party producing it requires him to do so.

Giving as evidence of document, production of which was refused on notice.

164. When a party refuses to produce a document which he has had notice to produce, he cannot afterwards use the document as evidence without the consent of the other party or the order of the Court.

Illustration.

A sues B on an agreement and gives B notice to produce it. At the trial, A calls for the document and B refuses to produce it. A gives secondary evidence of its contents. B seeks to produce the document itself to contradict the secondary evidence given by A, or in order to show that the agreement is not stamped. He cannot do so.

Judge's power to put questions or order production.

165. The Judge may, in order to discover or to obtain proper proof of relevant facts, ask any question he pleases, in any form, at any time, of any witness, or of the parties, about any fact relevant or irrelevant; and may order the production of any document or thing: and neither the parties nor their agents shall be entitled to make any objection to any such question or order, nor, without the leave of the Court, to cross-examine any witness upon any answer given in reply to any such question:

Provided that the judgment must be based upon facts declared by this Act to be relevant, and duly proved.

Provided also that this section shall not authorise any Judge to compel any witness to answer any question, or to produce any document which such witness would be entitled to refuse to answer or produce under sections one hundred and twenty-one to one hundred and thirty-one both inclusive, if the question were asked or the document were called for by the adverse party; nor shall the Judge ask any question which it would be improper for any other person to ask under sections one hundred and forty-eight or one hundred and forty-nine; nor shall he dispense with primary evidence of any document, except in the cases hereinbefore excepted.

Power of jury or assessors to put questions.

166. In cases tried by jury or with assessors, the jury or assessors may put any questions to the witnesses, through or by leave of the Judge, which the Judge himself might put and which he considers proper.

CHAPTER XI.—OF IMPROPER ADMISSION AND REJECTION OF EVIDENCE.

No new trial for rejection or improper reception of evidence.

167. The improper admission or rejection of evidence shall not be ground of itself for a new trial or reversal of any decision in any case, if it shall appear to the Court, before which such objection is raised, that, independently of the evidence objected to and admitted, there was sufficient evidence to justify the decision, or that, if the rejected evidence had been received, it ought not to have varied the decision.

SCHEDULE.

Number and year.	Title.	Extent of repeal.
Stat. 26 Geo. III, c. 57.	For the further regulation of the trial of persons accused of certain offences committed in the East Indies; for repealing so much of an Act, made in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of his present Majesty (intituled, An Act for the better regulation and management of the affairs of the East India Company, and of the British possessions in India, and for establishing a court of judicature for the more speedy and effectual trial of persons accused of offences committed in the East Indies), as requires the servants of the East India Company to deliver inventories of their estates and effects; for rendering the laws more effectual against persons unlawfully resorting to the East Indies; and for the more easy proof, in certain cases, of deeds and writings executed in Great Britain or India.	Section thirty-eight so far as it relates to Courts of Justice in the East Indies.

SCHEDULE—*continued.*

Number and year.	Title.	Extent of repeal.
Stat. 14 & 15 Vic. c. 99.	To amend the Law of Evidence.	Section eleven and so much of section nineteen as relates to British India.
Act XV of 1852	To amend the Law of Evidence.	So much as has not been heretofore repealed.
Act XIX of 1853	To amend the Law of Evidence in the Civil Courts of the East India Company in the Bengal Presidency.	Section nineteen.
Act II of 1855 ...	For the further improvement of the Law of Evidence.	So much as has not been heretofore repealed.
Act XXV of 1861	For simplifying the Procedure of the Courts of Criminal Judicature not established by Royal Charter.	Section two hundred and thirty-seven.
Act I of 1868 ...	The General Clauses Act, 1868.	Sections seven and eight.

H. S. CUNNINGHAM,
Offg. Secy. to the Council of the Govr. Genl. for making Laws and Regulations.

THE following Bill was introduced into the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 28th February 1872, and was referred to a Select Committee with instructions to make their report thereon in a month.

No 2 OF 1872.

A Bill to provide for the Extradition of Criminals and for the trial of offences in Native States.

Preamble.

WHEREAS various Courts have been established by the Governor General in Council beyond the limits of British India for the trial of offences committed by British subjects beyond such limits; and whereas it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to such Courts, and to offences committed by British subjects, beyond the limits of British India, and to the extradition of criminals; It is enacted as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called "The Native Courts and Extradition Act, 1872":

Local extent.

It extends to the whole of British India;

to all Native Indian subjects of Her Majesty without and beyond the Indian territories under the dominion of Her Majesty; and

to all European British subjects within the dominions of Princes and States in India in alliance with Her Majesty;

Commencement.

And it shall come into force on the passing thereof.

Repeal of enactments.

2. The enactments mentioned in the first schedule hereto annexed are repealed to the extent specified in the third column thereof.

"Political Agent" defined.

3. In this Act the expression 'Political Agent' means and includes—

(1.) the principal officer representing the British Government in any Native State;

(2.) any officer in British territory appointed by the Governor General in Council to act as Political Agent for any place not forming part of the British territory.

"Native State."

'Native State' means, in reference to Native Indian subjects of Her Majesty, all States without and beyond the Indian territories under the dominion of Her Majesty; and, in reference to

European British subjects, it means the dominions of Princes and States in India in alliance with Her Majesty.

Courts in Native States.

Power to establish Courts for trial of offences committed in Native States.

4. The Governor General in Council may establish Courts of Justice with criminal jurisdiction for the trial of offences committed by Native Indian subjects of Her Majesty in the territories of Native States and Princes in and adjacent to British India.

Notification of establishment of such Courts.

5. The establishment of such Courts shall be notified in the Gazette.

The notification shall state:

(1.) What powers the Court is to have.

(2.) What is to be the course of commitment, and of appeal and revision to which the proceedings and judgments of such Courts are to be subject; and whether such Courts are in any, and, if so, in what, cases to report their proceedings to the Governor General in Council or to the Local Government for final orders.

(3.) What is to be the local area of the Court's jurisdiction within which they are to exercise the powers hereinafter described.

Every such notification shall have the force of law.

Appointment, powers and jurisdiction of Justice of the Peace.

6. The Governor General in Council may also appoint any European British subject in any such State or territory to be a Justice of the Peace, and every such Justice of the Peace shall have all the powers conferred on Justices of the Peace by any law in force for the time being in British India. The Governor General in Council may direct to what Court having jurisdiction over European British subjects any such Justice of the Peace is to commit for trial.

Confirmation of existing Courts and Justices.

7. All Courts heretofore established, and all Justices of the Peace heretofore appointed by the Governor General in Council in any such Foreign State as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be and to have been established and appointed, and to have had jurisdiction under the provisions of this Act.

Extension of Criminal law of British India to British subjects in Native States.

8. The law relating to crimes and to criminal procedure in force in British India for the time being, shall extend to all British subjects European and Native, in the territories of Native States and Princes in and adjacent to British India.

Jurisdiction of Courts under Act.

9. The Courts hereinbefore referred to shall have the same jurisdiction to inquire into, try and determine all charges against British subjects, European or Native, charged with any offence against such laws, as Courts with the same powers would have in British India, subject to such rules as may be contained in the notification by which they are established or in any orders heretofore issued by the Governor General in Council.

Inquiries in British India into Crimes committed by British Subjects in Native States.

Liability of British subjects for offences committed in Native States.

10. All British subjects, European and Native, in the British territories, may be dealt with in respect of offences committed by them in Native States as if such offences had been committed in any place within the British territories in which any such subject may be or may be found.

Provided that no charge as to any such offence shall be enquired into unless the Political Agent for the territory in which the offence is said to have been committed certifies that, in his opinion, the charge is one which ought to be enquired into.

Political Agent to certify fitness of inquiry into charge.

Proceedings for compelling appearance of such offenders before officers having jurisdiction.

11. All such proceedings shall be taken by officers in British territory for compelling the appearance of such persons before the British officers having jurisdiction in the Native territory in which the alleged offences were committed as might be had in British territory for compelling the appearance in one district of a person charged with committing an offence in another district:

Provided that any proceedings taken against any person under section ten which would be a bar to subsequent proceedings against such person for the same offence, if the offence had been committed in British territory, shall be a bar against further proceedings against him in respect of the same offence in Native territory under this section:

Provided, also, that the Political Agent may give over any such person being a Native Indian subject of Her Majesty to be tried by the ordinary Courts of the territory in which the offence was committed, if he is generally or specially directed to do so by the Governor General in Council, or by the Governors in Council of Madras and Bombay respectively.

Power to direct copies of depositions and exhibits to be received in evidence.

12. Whenever any such offence as is referred to in section ten is being inquired into or tried, the Local Government may, if it thinks fit, direct that copies of depositions taken or exhibits produced in a State in which such offence is alleged to have been committed, or exhibits filed before a competent judicial officer of such State, shall be received as evidence by the Court holding such inquiry or trial, as though made or produced before such Court.

Extradition.

Arrest and removal of offenders in Foreign States not being British subjects escaping into British territory.

13. When an offence has been committed or is supposed to have been committed in any such State against the law of such State by a person not being a European British subject, and such person escapes into, or is in British territory, the Political Agent may issue a warrant for his arrest and delivery at a place in such State, and to an officer of such State to be named in the warrant,

if he thinks that the charge is one which ought to be enquired into,

and if the act said to have been done would, if done in British India, have constituted an offence against any of the sections of the Indian Penal Code mentioned in the second schedule hereto,

or under any other section which may, from time to time, be specified by the Governor General in Council by a notification in the Gazette.

The warrant may be directed to the Magistrate of any district in which the accused person is believed to be, and shall be executed in the manner provided in the Code of Criminal Proceedure; and the accused person, when arrested, shall be forwarded to the place and officer named in the warrant.

Power to make rules.

14. The Governor General in Council may make, and may from time to time alter, rules to provide for—

(1) the confinement, diet and prison discipline of British subjects, European or Native, imprisoned by Political Agents under this Act;

(2) the removal of accused persons under this Act, and their control and maintenance until such time as they are handed over to the authorities of the State in which the offence is alleged to have been committed;

(3) and generally to carry out the purposes of this Act.

SCHEDULE I.

Number and year.	Title.	Extent of repeal.
26 Geo. III, C. 57.	An Act for the further Regulation of the trial of persons accused of certain offences committed in the East Indies; for repealing so much of an Act made in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of his present Majesty (intituled "An Act for the better Regulation and Management of the Affairs of the East India Company, and of the British Possessions in India, and for establishing a Court of Judicature for the more speedy and effectual trial of persons accused of offences committed in the East Indies"), as requires the Servants of the East India Company to deliver Inventories of their Estates and Effects; for rendering the Laws more effectual against persons unlawfully resorting to the East Indies; and for the more easy proof, in certain cases, of Deeds and Writings executed in Great Britain or India	Section 29
33 Geo. III, C. 52.	An Act for continuing in the East India Company, for a further term, the possession of the British Territories in India, together with their exclusive Trade, under certain limitations; for establishing further Regulations for the government of the said Territories and the better Administration of Justice within the same; for appropriating to certain uses the Revenues and Profits of the said Company; and for making provision for the good order and government of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.	Section 67.
Act I of 1849	An Act to provide more effectually for the punishment of offences committed in Foreign States.	The whole.
Act VII of 1854.	An Act for the apprehension within the territories under the Government of the East India Company, of persons charged with the commission of heinous offences beyond the limits of the said territories, and for delivering them up to justice, and to provide for the execution of warrants in places out of the jurisdiction of the authorities issuing them.	So much as is unrepealed.

SCHEDULE II.

SECTIONS OF THE INDIAN PENAL CODE REFERRED TO IN SECTION 12.

Sections 230 to 263, both inclusive; sections 299 to 304, both inclusive; sections 307, 310 and 311; sections 312 to 317, both inclusive; sections 323 to 333, both inclusive; sections 347 and 348; sections 360 to 373, both inclusive; sections 375 to 377, both inclusive, sections 378 to 414, both inclusive; sections 435 to 440, both inclusive; sections 443 to 446, both inclusive; sections 464 to 468, both inclusive; sections 471 to 477, both inclusive.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Bill is to throw the existing law as to offences committed in foreign territory into a more compact and convenient form; to provide in a distinct manner for the establishment of Courts in Native States for the trial of British subjects; and to lay down the conditions under which Extradition can be enforced.

J. F. STEPHEN.

H. S. CUNNINGHAM,
Offg. Secy. to the Council of the Govr. Genl. for making Laws and Regulations.

THE following Bill was introduced into the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 28th February 1872, and was referred to a Select Committee with instructions to make their report thereon in a month:—

No. 3 OF 1872.

A Bill to amend Act XXIV of 1867.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend Act XXIV of 1867; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Amendment of section 3 of Act XXIV of 1867.

1. In section three of Act XXIV of 1867, after the words "Presidency of Bengal includes the territories which are or shall for the time being be respectively under the Governments of the Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and the Punjab, and under the administrations of the Chief Commissioners of Oudh, the Central Provinces, and British Burmah," the following shall be read:—

"and such other places within the territories of Native States and Princes in alliance with Her Majesty as shall be from time to time declared by the Governor General in Council by notification in the Gazette to form part of the Presidency of Bengal."

Amendment of section 52 of said Act.

2. After section 52 of the said Act, the following shall be read:—

"*Explanation.*—When an Administrator-General, representing or having taken out letters of administration to an estate, pays, sets aside in account, or otherwise deals with any of assets of such estate, at the request of an Executor or Administrator of such estate not in British India,

or, having declared a dividend or payment in full of the debts due by any estate which he represents, sets aside the funds to meet such

dividend or payment in full on account of the creditors,

or, after payment of the debts due by any such estate, sets aside any of the assets of such estate to the account of a person entitled to a share in or legacy payable out of such estate,

there shall be and shall be deemed to have been a 'distribution' of the assets so paid, set aside or dealt with, within the meaning of this section, and of section 27 of Act VIII of 1855."

Act to be read as part of Act XXIV of 1867.

3. This Act shall be read as part of the said Act XXIV of 1867.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Bill is to enable the Governor General in Council to extend the Administrator General's Act, 1867, to places in Native Indian States in which, owing to the existence of a considerable European community, it is desirable that the Administrator General should be able to act. This has been done by providing that the "Presidency of Bengal" shall, for the purpose of the Act, include such places in Native States as the Governor General shall, by notification in the Gazette, declare to belong to it.

The occasion has also been taken to clear up some uncertainty which at present exists as to the meaning of the word "distribution" in section 52.

J. F. STEPHEN.

The 7th February 1872.

H. S. CUNNINGHAM,
Offg. Secy. to the Council of the Govr. Genl. for making Laws and Regulations.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 1st February 1872, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor General on the 7th March 1872, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. I OF 1872.

An Act to extend the borrowing powers of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, and to provide for the repayment of municipal debt.

WHEREAS it is expedient to increase the amount which the Justices are authorized to borrow, by way of debentures or otherwise, under the provisions of Section 9 of Act IX of 1867, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and whereas it is expedient to provide for the repayment of municipal debentures and loans; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

1. In the said section, for the words "sum of fifty-five lakhs of rupees," wherever such words occur, shall be substituted the words "sum of eighty-five lakhs of rupees;" and the said section shall be hereafter read and construed as if the words hereby directed to be substituted were inserted in place of the words for which they are hereby directed to be substituted.

Justices not to borrow more than 85 lakhs.

2. So soon as the aggregate sums from time to time borrowed by the Justices by way of debenture or otherwise, exclusive of any sums now due by them to the Secretary of State for India in Council, shall amount to the said sum of eighty-five lakhs of rupees, the borrowing powers of the Justices shall thereupon cease and determine, save so far as they are hereinafter expressly reserved.

Borrowing powers thereafter to cease.

3. The Justices shall be bound to set aside yearly out of their annual income, before making any disbursements in respect thereof, a sum of not less than two per cent. on the total sum borrowed by the Justices, exclusive of the sum now due by them to the Secretary of State for India in Council, and shall appropriate the same, so far as it is required or will extend, to repay the amount (if any) of such loans or debentures issued by them as shall fall due in the course of the year. And they shall invest the surplus (if any) of the said sum after repayment as aforesaid; or in case there has not been any amount due or paid in respect of such loans or debentures during the year, then they shall invest the whole of the said sum; in Government securities or in any securities guaranteed by Government or in Calcutta Municipal debentures in the names of the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue Department and the Accountant-General of the Government of Bengal, respectively for the time being, to be by them held as Trustees for the purpose of repaying at due date from time to time the several loans contracted or debentures issued by the Justices. And all moneys and securities now held by any Trustees appointed by the said Justices for the purpose of paying off any portion of the said fifty-five lakhs shall be forthwith transferred to the Trustees under this Act, and invested in their names and held by them upon the trusts hereinbefore declared. All interest accruing due to the Trustees shall also from time to time be invested by them in like manner and held upon the like trust.

Establishment of reserve fund.

4. It shall be the duty of the Trustees from time to time, whenever any loans or debentures shall fall due by the Justices, to realize the whole or a sufficient portion of the securities held by them as aforesaid, and appropriate the sale proceeds thereof, so far as the same will extend, to satisfy such loans or debentures. In case any balance in respect of such loans or debentures so falling due as aforesaid shall remain unsatisfied after appropriation thereto of the sale proceeds of the whole of such securities, then the Justices may, for the purpose of paying such unsatisfied balance, issue new debentures in manner as is provided by Act VI of 1863, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor o Bengal in Council, section 93, clause 3, or otherwise contract new loans for any sum not exceeding such amount as may be necessary for the purpose aforesaid.

Appropriation of reserve fund.

5. The Trustees shall at the end of every year submit a statement to the Justices showing the amount which has been invested during the year under the third section of this Act, and setting forth the date of the last investment made previous thereto, and also the aggregate

Account of reserve fund.

amount of the securities then in their hands, and the aggregate amount which has up to the date thereof been paid off in respect of the said debentures and loans. Such statement shall be laid before the Justices and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Construction of Act.

6. This Act shall be read with and as part of Act VI of 1863, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and of the said Act IX of 1867.

HERBERT COWELL,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.
Legislative Department.

THE following Act of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 13th February 1872, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor General on the 12th March 1872, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. II OF 1872.

An Act to amend the law for the registration of Jute Warehouses and to provide for the establishment of an efficient Fire-brigade.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend so much of Act VI of 1866, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, as provides for the registering and licensing of jute warehouses; and whereas it is expedient to provide for the organization and maintenance of a Fire-brigade; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called "The Jute Warehouse and Fire-brigade Act, 1872."

It extends to the whole of the town of Calcutta, and to such portions of the Suburbs thereof as are for the time being subject to the operation of Act II of 1866, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and also to the Municipality of Howrah. And it shall commence and take effect, except in the Municipality of Howrah, immediately upon the passing thereof. In the said Municipality it shall commence and take effect from such date as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct by notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Interpretation.

2. The words mentioned in this section shall for the purposes of this Act have the meanings herein assigned to them, except when from the context a contrary intention appears.

"Jute." "Cotton."

"Jute" and "Cotton" mean respectively "Jute" and "Cotton" which have not been pressed or screwed as if for shipment.

"Person."

"Person" includes a firm and a Hindu undivided family.

"Insurance Company."

"Insurance Company" means any Association or person who may carry on the business of fire insurance, whether such Association be incorporated or not, and the agent or agents of such Association or person.

"Magistrate."

"Magistrate" includes a Justice of the Peace for Calcutta, and any person exercising all or any of the powers of a Magistrate.

"Jute Warehouse."

"Jute Warehouse" means any warehouse, store, depôt, yard, godown or other place used for the storing, keeping, pressing or depositing of jute or cotton or other substance for the time being subject to the operation of this Act.

Repeal of Sections.

3. From and after the 31st July next after the passing of this Act, sections 38, 39, 40, and 41, of Act VI of 1866, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, are hereby repealed, but such repeal shall not affect any registration made, or any act or offence done or committed, or any penalty or liability incurred under the said sections.

PART II.

JUTE WAREHOUSES.

Existing warehouses not to be used till licensed.

4. No jute warehouse, existing at the date of the commencement of this Act within the limits of its operation, shall be used after the 31st July next following such date for the storing, keeping, pressing, or depositing of jute or cotton, unless the owner or occupier thereof shall have previously obtained a license under this Act for such use.

Existing warehouses to be inspected and reported on.

5. As soon as may be after the passing of this Act the Justices at a special meeting shall appoint from their own number a special committee, consisting of seven members, one of whom must be the Chairman of the Justices, whose duty it shall be to visit, inspect, and report on every jute warehouse existing within the town of Calcutta. And the special committee shall report before the 15th day of the said month of July to the Justices whether a license can be granted to all or any such warehouses without risk to life and property in the neighbourhood thereof respectively. No jute warehouse shall be reported upon by the special committee until it shall have been visited by a quorum of not less than three members of the special committee. The Justices at a special meeting may award such fee as they may think fit to each member of the special committee, not being a salaried member of the corporation of Justices.

Licenses for existing warehouses.

6. On receiving the report of the committee it shall be within the discretion of the Justices at a special meeting to grant or refuse a license for any jute warehouse mentioned in the said report. Provided that if in the opinion of the Justices the said jute warehouse may be rendered fit for use without risk to life or property in the neighbourhood thereof the Justices shall certify to the owner and occupier thereof the conditions and restrictions under which the said jute warehouse may in their opinion be so rendered fit for use, and upon the said owner or occupier complying with the terms of such conditions and restrictions to the satisfaction of the Justices at a special meeting they shall grant to him a license in respect thereof. Every license granted under this section shall be subject to the payment of an annual fee to be imposed and

paid in manner as in the next succeeding section is directed, and to such other of the conditions mentioned therein as the Justices may think fit.

Licenses for new warehouses.

7. Any person proposing to establish a new jute warehouse within the town of Calcutta shall send to the Justices a plan of the warehouse so proposed to be established, and it shall be within the discretion of the Justices at a special meeting to grant or refuse a license to establish the same.

Every license for a jute warehouse granted under this section shall be subject to the following conditions, *viz.* :—

(1.) That no loose jute, jute rejections or cuttings, or cotton, shall be stored or screwed, or pressed or combed or dried, save within a building, the walls of which shall be of burnt bricks or of stone or of iron, and all the roof of which, including the beams on which such roof rests, shall be of iron, or of masonry or of tiles;

(2.) That such jute warehouse and the buildings therein shall be supplied with solid doors or gates which can be securely closed;

(3.) That no portion of such jute warehouse shall be used as a residence, and no artificial light or lucifer matches shall be introduced therein, and that no person shall smoke therein;

(4.) That such jute warehouse shall be at any time open to inspection;

(5.) That the engines and furnaces used in such jute warehouse shall be placed as may be considered necessary for safety by the Justices;

(6.) That an annual fee, as the Justices at a special meeting may think fit, shall be imposed in respect thereof at one of the following rates, *viz.* :—

Rupees	...	1,000
,,	...	750
,,	...	500
,,	...	250

and shall be paid in such instalments as the Justices may direct.

In fixing the amount of fee to be paid in respect of any jute warehouse, the Justices at such special meeting shall have regard to the annual value thereof as it is for the time being assessed to the payment of municipal taxes, to the size and position of the jute warehouse, to the number and excellence of the pressing machines erected in such jute warehouse, and to the probable income derived from such jute warehouse by its occupier or owner.

(7.) Such other special conditions as the Justices may, on consideration of the special circumstances of such jute warehouse, deem necessary to prevent risk to life and property in the neighbourhood.

Appointment of inspecting officers.

8. The Justices shall appoint suitable officers for the inspection of jute warehouses within the town of Calcutta; and it shall be lawful for any officer so appointed, and for any superintendent or inspector of police within the said town, to enter at any time into any jute warehouse, where jute or cotton may be kept, and to inspect the same.

Breach of conditions.

9. It shall be in the discretion of the Justices at a special meeting to cancel, or to suspend for such time as they shall think fit, the license of any jute warehouse in respect of which any one or more of the conditions under which such license has been granted shall appear to them to have been broken.

Municipal Commissioners to have the same powers as Justices.

10. In regard to any jute warehouse situated or used or proposed to be established or used out of the town of Calcutta and within the limits of the operation of this Act, the powers and duties conferred and imposed by this Part, and by every section thereof upon the Justices, or the Justices at a special meeting, shall be exercised and discharged by the Municipal Commissioners, or the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting respectively within whose jurisdiction such jute warehouse is situated. The annual fee in respect of any license for a jute warehouse granted by the said Municipal Commissioners may be at the rate of Rs. 150, or at any one of the rates mentioned in section 7, clause 6.

Penalties.

Penalty for not taking out license.

11. Any person who shall after the 31st day of the said July without a license under this Act use any jute warehouse, for keeping or depositing jute or cotton, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding one hundred rupees for each day during which he may use or continue to use such jute warehouse as aforesaid.

Penalty for warehouse without license.

12. Any person who shall without a license appointed paying off shall be fose any jute warehouse, under this Act keeping or depositing by them e or cotton established after the com All intent of this Act shall be liable, on convict from ore a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding five hundred rupees, and to a further penalty not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which such jute warehouse is used for keeping or depositing jute or cotton without a license.

Penalty for using warehouse after refusal of license.

13. Any person who shall after the 31st day of the said July use a jute warehouse for the keeping or depositing of jute or cotton after the Justices or Municipal Commissioners shall have refused or cancelled a license in respect thereof, or during the time for which such license shall have been suspended, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding five hundred rupees, and to a further penalty not exceeding one hundred rupees for every day during which any such jute warehouse may be so used as aforesaid.

Penalty for introducing fire, &c.

14. Whoever in contravention of the license shall introduce or use in any jute warehouse, in which jute or cotton is kept or deposited, any fire or lucifer matches or shall smoke therein, and whoever shall violate any of the conditions or restrictions under which the said license is granted, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees for any one such offence.

PART III.

FIRE-BRIGADE.

Organization of fire-brigade.

15. Within six months from the date of the passing of this Act the Justices shall organize and thereafter maintain an efficient fire-brigade for the town and suburbs of Calcutta.

All existing public fire-engines, with the establishments and buildings thereto belonging, except those belonging to the Military Department or to the Port Commissioners incorporated under Act V of 1870, shall be transferred to the fire-brigade to be established under this Act. The Justices shall have power to appoint and remove any members or officers of the fire-brigade; and they shall furnish the fire-brigade with all such steam or other fire-engines, horses, oxen, accoutrements, tools, and implements, as may be necessary for the complete equipment of the force, or conducive to the efficient performance of their duties.

Power to frame Bye-laws.

16. The Justices at a special meeting may frame bye-laws in respect of the following subjects:—

(1.) Giving of gratuities to persons who have given notice of fires.

(2.) Awarding gratuities by way of a gross sum or annual payment to be from time to time awarded to any member of the fire-brigade or other person specially deserving of reward.

(3.) For the training, discipline, and good conduct of the members of the force; not being members of the Calcutta and Suburban Police Force.

(4.) For the speedy attendance of such members with engines and all necessary implements on the occasion of any alarm of fire.

(5.) Imposing and summarily realizing a fine not exceeding one week's wages from any member of the brigade who may infringe these bye-laws.

(6.) And generally for the maintenance of the fire-brigade in a due state of efficiency.

Powers of fire-brigade in cases of fire.

17. On the occasion of a fire, the chief or other officer in charge of the fire-brigade on the spot may remove, or may order any member of the brigade to remove any persons whose presence shall interfere with the due operation of the brigade; and generally, he may take any measures which may appear necessary for the preservation of life and property; and he shall have power by himself or by his men to break into or through or pull down any premises for the purpose of putting an end to the fire, doing as little damage as possible; and he may also cause the mains and pipes of any district to be shut off so as to give greater pressure of water in the place where the fire has occurred. He may also call on the officer in charge of the Port Commissioners' fire-engine to render such assistance as may be possible in the case of any fire occurring near the river bank. The chief officer on the spot in charge of the brigade may verbally nominate and depute one or more officers of the brigade to act at a distance, and such officer or officers shall have for the time being the like powers as the chief officer himself possesses under this section.

Police officers to render assistance.

Police officers of all grades shall be authorized to aid the fire-brigade in the execution of its duties. They may close any street in or near which a fire is burning, and they may, of their own motion or on the request of the chief or other officer of the fire-brigade, remove any persons who interfere by their presence with the operations of the fire-brigade.

Damage done to be deemed damage by fire.

Any damage done by the fire-brigade in the due execution of their duties shall be deemed to be damage by fire within the meaning of any policy of insurance of property in Calcutta or the suburbs against fire.

But nothing in this section shall exempt any officer of the police or of the fire-brigade from liability to damages on account of any acts done by him without reasonable cause.

Inquiry into origin of fire.

18. In the case of any fire occurring in Calcutta or the suburbs the chief officer of the fire-brigade shall ascertain the facts as to the origin and cause of such fire and shall make a report thereon to the Magistrate having jurisdiction in the place in which such fire shall have occurred, and the said Magistrate, in any case where he may see fit, shall summon witnesses and take evidence in order to the further ascertainment of such facts.

LICENSES AND PENALTIES.

License for using fire-works.

19. No person shall let off rockets or send up fire-balloons in the town or suburbs of Calcutta without a license from the Commissioner of Police, for which license a fee of ten rupees shall be payable.

License for sale or manufacture thereof.

20. No person shall sell or manufacture fire-works in the town or suburbs of Calcutta without a license from the Commissioner of Police, for which a yearly fee of ten Rupees shall be payable in advance.

Penalty for using without license.

21. Whoever shall let off rockets or send up fire-balloons in the town or suburbs of Calcutta without a license as aforesaid shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees for any one such offence.

Penalty for selling, &c.

22. Whoever shall sell or manufacture fire-works in the town or suburbs of Calcutta without a license as aforesaid shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees.

Power to withdraw license.

23. The Commissioner may at his discretion, and after thirty days' notice, withdraw or suspend any license granted by him under this Act.

Liability of house-holders.

24. In the event of any rockets being let off, or fire-balloons sent up within the precincts of any private premises or compound within the town or suburbs of Calcutta, without the express permission in writing of the Commissioner of Police, the occupier, or owner, or person under whose immediate control the

said premises or compound is, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, unless he can prove who the person having committed the offence is, and that the offence was committed without his knowledge.

PART IV.

Expenses and Funds.

Application of fund.

25. The Justices and Municipal Commissioners respectively shall apply the moneys derived from the fees and penalties levied under this Act within their respective jurisdictions in payment of all expenses incurred by them respectively in or about the inspection and superintendence of jute warehouses, and the granting of licenses in respect thereof. In the case of Calcutta and the suburbs, the balance of such monies after payment of the said expenses shall be paid to the credit of an account in the books of the Justices to be called the fire-brigade account.

Contribution by Insurance Companies.

26. Every Insurance Company that insures from fire any property within the town and suburbs of Calcutta shall pay annually to the Justices, by way of contribution towards the expenses of the said fire-brigade, a sum at the rate of half a rupee for every ten thousand rupees on the gross amount insured by it in respect of such property. All sums paid to the Justices under this section shall be credited to the fire-brigade fund. The said payments shall be made quarterly in advance, on such dates as the Justices may appoint: and arrears on account of these payments shall be realizable as if they were arrears of rates due to the Justices, and all the provisions of Act VI of 1863 (passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council) and of any Act amending the same shall be applicable so far as the circumstances will permit to the recovery of moneys due under this section.

Insurance Companies to make returns.

27. For the purpose of ascertaining the amount to be contributed by every such Insurance Company as aforesaid, every Insurance Company insuring property from fire within the town and suburbs of Calcutta shall, on the 30th day of June 1872, and on every succeeding 30th day of June, or on such other days as the Justices may appoint, make a return to the said Justices, in such form as they may require, of the gross amount insured by it in respect of property within the said town and suburbs. At the foot of every such return shall be appended a certificate by the Secretary or chief officer or manager of such Insurance Company in Calcutta, stating that to the best of his knowledge and belief the return contains a true and faithful account of the sums insured by the Company to which he belongs in respect of such property. Such Secretary or chief officer or manager shall allow either the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman or the Secretary to the Justices to inspect at any time during the hours of business any books and papers that will enable him to ascertain the correctness of the return; and every Secretary or chief officer or manager as aforesaid failing to comply with the requisition of this section in respect of such inspection shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees for each offence. The Justices on receiving the report of such inspection may alter the return accordingly.

The return made in the June of one year, or such return as altered on inspection by the Justices, shall be the basis of the contributions for the year beginning on the first day of January next succeeding.

Penalty for not making a return.

28. If any Insurance Company makes default in making such returns to the Justices as are required by this Act, the said Company or Secretary or chief officer or manager thereof shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which it is so in default.

Proportions of contribution towards payment of expenses of fire-brigade.

29. The cost of all establishments and plant hired or purchased, and of all other charges under Part III of this Act, shall be paid from the fire-brigade fund. The full amount of such charges over and above the moneys which may accrue to the fire-brigade fund under sections 25 and 26 of this Act, shall be contributed by the Justices, and by the Commissioners of the suburbs, in the following proportions, namely,—by the Justices, seven-tenths; by the said Commissioners, three-tenths. At the end of each quarter of a year, the Justices shall certify to the said Commissioners the total cost of the fire-brigade for such year, the money which may have accrueed under sections 25 and 26 of this Act, and the precise sum which must be paid by each body charged with the cost of the Calcutta fire-brigade under this Act. On the receipt of such certificate, the said Commissioners shall pay the sum certified against them by the Justices: provided that in no case shall the three-tenths payable by the said Commissioners in any year after the first year of the establishment of the fire-brigade exceed the sum of ten thousand rupees.

PART V.

Miscellaneous.

Lieutenant-Governor may declare the warehousing of any other substance to be subject to Act.

30. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, on the recommendation of the Justices passed by resolution, to declare that any other fibre or any commodity which is stored or deposited in warehouses besides jute or cotton shall be warehoused and kept subject to the provisions of Part II of this Act. When such declaration shall have been made in the *Calcutta Gazette*, this Act shall be read as if the name or names of the said fibre or commodity had been printed in addition to the words "jute" or "cotton" in the several sections of Part II wherein the said words "jute" or "cotton" may occur.

Submission of reports.

31. The Justices and Municipal Commissioners respectively shall make a report to the Lieutenant-Governor as soon as conveniently may be after the 31st July next, showing how the provisions of this Act have been carried out, and specifying the jute warehouses in respect of which licenses have been granted. Such reports shall be forthwith published in the *Calcutta Gazette*. And

thereafter the Justices and Municipal Commissioners shall make a like report once a year at such time as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct.

Power to arrest.

32. Any person committing any offence in respect of which a penalty is provided by section 14 or section 24 of this Act may, if his name and address be unknown, be arrested by any officer to be by the Justices or the Municipal Commissioners within their respective jurisdictions thereunto appointed, and by such officer or any person by him thereunto authorized, or by any officer of police, forthwith conveyed before some Magistrate having jurisdiction in the place in which such offence shall have been committed, or shall be taken to the nearest police station within the said jurisdiction in order that such person may be detained until he can be brought before a Magistrate, or until he shall enter into recognizance with or without sureties, for his appearance before a Magistrate.

Offenders to be brought to trial.

33. Whenever such person shall be taken to a police station, the officer in charge of such station shall, as soon as conveniently may be, cause him to be conveyed before some Magistrate having jurisdiction in the matter.

Summary jurisdiction.

34. Whenever any person shall be charged with the commission of any offence under this Act before a Magistrate, such Magistrate may forthwith hear and summarily determine the charge of such offence. Any thing made punishable by this Act shall be deemed to be an offence within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, and without the limits of the town of Calcutta, shall be dealt with, save as herein otherwise provided, under the provisions of chapter XV of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Construction of Act.

35. This Act so far as it relates to the town of Calcutta shall be read with, and taken as part of the said Act VI of 1863, and the subsequent Acts amending the same; and so far as it relates to the suburbs of Calcutta, or to the Municipality of Howrah, it shall be read with and taken as part of Act III of 1864, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and of the subsequent Acts amending the same.

HERBERT COWELL,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

THE following Bill was read in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 20th January 1872, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 24th February next :—

THE BENGAL MUNICIPALITIES BILL, 1872.

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A Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities within the territories subject to the government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and to make better provision for the self-government of towns and places within the said territories, for the maintenance of police, for the conservancy and improvement of such towns and places, for the diffusion of education therein, and for other objects of utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the said towns; It is enacted as follows :—

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Bengal Municipalities Act, 1872."

PART I.—PRELIMINARY.

Divisions of Act.

2. This Act shall be divided into thirteen several heads or parts:—

the *first* relating to preliminary matters;

the *second* relating to municipal authorities;

the *third* relating to municipal taxation;

the *fourth* relating to the mode of recovery of municipal taxes;

the *fifth* relating to the municipal fund and its application.

the *sixth* relating to the registration of births and deaths;

the *seventh* relating to the municipal police;

the *eighth* relating to the intervention by Government in municipal affairs.

the *ninth* relating to various municipal regulations for conservancy and otherwise;

the *tenth* relating to municipal markets;

the *eleventh* relating to the jurisdiction of Commissioners in municipal and other cases;

the *twelfth* relating to third class municipalities;
the *thirteenth* relating to miscellaneous matters.

Context.

3. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the several meanings hereby assigned to them, except where a different intention shall appear from the context, (that is to say)—

"Magistrate of the district."

"Magistrate of the district" means the chief officer charged with the executive administration of a district in criminal matters by whatsoever designation such officer is called.

"Magistrate."

"Magistrate" means the officer exercising all or any of the powers of a Magistrate, and charged with the immediate executive administration in criminal matters in any sub-division of a district, within which any place to which this Act may be extended may be situated, by whatsoever designation such officer is called. In respect to any such place which is not situated within a sub-division of a district, the powers by this Act conferred on the Magistrate may be exercised by the Magistrate of the district or by a Joint-Magistrate.

"Sub-divisional officer."

"Sub-divisional officer" means the officer in executive charge of a sub-divisional district.

"Municipality."

"Municipality" means any place to which this Act or part thereof shall have been extended. A Municipality created under this Act shall be distinguished as a first class Municipality, or as a second class Municipality, in manner as in the next succeeding section is provided. Any place to which Part XII of this Act shall have been extended shall be deemed to be a third class Municipality.

"The Commissioners."

"The Commissioners" means the persons appointed or elected by the rate-payers to conduct the affairs of any Municipality under this Act, and shall include ex-officio Commissioners under this Act.

"House."

"House" includes any hut, shop, or warehouse.

"Place."

"Place" includes any town, village, hamlet, suburb, bazaar, station, or tract of country.

"Land."

"Land" includes fields, plantations, and gardens.

"Bazaar."

"Bazaar" includes any place of trade where there is a collection of shops or warehouses, and any place where a market is held.

"Road."

"Road" means any road, street, square, court, alley or passage, whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of way, together with such land (not being private property) whether covered or not by any pavement, verandah, or other erection or structure, as may be between the roadway and the main wall of any house or houses adjacent thereto; and also the roadway over any public bridge or causeway within the place; and the expression "in or near any road" designates any site within the place. Provided that nothing in this section shall be taken to interfere with any easement enjoyed by any person in respect of such land at the date of the passing of this Act.

"Owner."

"Owner" means the person for the time being receiving the rent of the land or premises, whether paid in money or in kind, or in charge of the thing in connection with which the word is used, whether on his own account or as agent or trustee for any other person, or who would so receive the rent if such land or premises were let to a tenant. Provided that no person receiving the rent of land or premises as agent for another person shall be liable to make any outlay by this Act required to be made by the owner of such and or premises in excess of the amount of the funds, or of the value of the produce belonging to the owner which he may have in his possession; nor shall he be subject to any penalty if he can prove that he has made the outlay required to the extent of such funds.

"Official year."

"Official year" means the year beginning on the first day of April, or such other date as may hereafter be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Limits of the operation of this Act.

4. All the provisions of this Act, except those contained in Part XII, shall have effect in any place not being within the limits of the town of Calcutta and of the southern portion of Hastings as defined by Act V of 1868 (passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council), to which the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal may extend the same, and from such date as may by him be specified,

by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*. Provided that every such notification shall specify such provisions of Parts IX and X of this Act as are thereby extended to such place, and all provisions contained in the two last mentioned parts as are not specially mentioned in the said notification shall be deemed to be of no force or effect whatever in the places to which such notification applies. From and after the date mentioned in the said notification such place shall be deemed and taken to be created a Municipality for the purposes of this Act; and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to define the limits of such Municipality, and from time to time to alter or amend such definition, and the Lieutenant-Governor shall declare at the time of extending the said Act to such place, whether the same shall, for the purposes of this Act, be a first class or a second class Municipality, and may at any time thereafter by notification alter the class. The Lieutenant-Governor may further, from time to time, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, declare to be united for the purposes of this Act, any number of towns or villages or parts thereof; provided that no portion of this Act shall be extended to any village inhabited by persons more than one-half of whom may be employed in agriculture only, or dependent for support on lands so employed, or habitually exercising trades and occupations only for the use of persons so employed, except the provisions of Parts XII and XIII of this Act. All the provisions of Parts XII and XIII of this Act shall have effect in any place to which the same may be extended by the Lieutenant-Governor or by any officer empowered in that regard under Section 202 of this Act.

Repeal of certain Acts.

5. From and after the creation of any Municipality under the provisions of the next preceding section, the provisions of the Acts named in Schedule (A) hereto annexed shall cease to have effect therein, except as to any assessment made, or as to any act done, or as to any liability incurred, or as to any money due, or as to any proceedings theretofore commenced. Provided that the repeal by this Act of any enactment shall not affect any Act in which such enactment has been applied or referred to. And all references made to any of the Acts named in the said schedule in subsequent Acts, orders or contracts, shall be read, so far as the context will allow, as if made to this Act.

All the property and rights of action of the Municipal Commissioners appointed under Acts mentioned in Schedule (A) vested in the Commissioners appointed under this Act.

6. All lands, buildings, works, and hereditaments, utensils, materials, books, plans, maps, papers, effects, securities, and monies whether derived under the Acts mentioned in Schedule (A) appended to this Act, and other property, movable and immovable, of what nature or kind soever, and all interest therein, whether vested, contingent, or in remainder which shall, on the date on which this Act shall take effect in such town, be vested in, or held in trust for, the Commissioners or Committee appointed under any of the said Acts, who shall hereafter in this Act be designated the late Commissioners, or which would have been vested in, or held in trust for, such Commissioners but for the passing of this Act; and all such estate and interest of and in the same respectively as shall then be, or would have been in, or in trust for, the said late Commissioners or any of them, with all rights of way and other rights and easements now used and enjoyed by the said Commissioners shall, on and from the date when this Act comes into operation in such town, be vested in the Commissioners under this Act and their successors; and all persons who shall then owe any money to the late Commissioners, or to any person on their behalf, shall pay the same to the Commissioners under this Act, or as they shall direct: and all monies which shall be then due, and owing by, or recoverable from, the late Commissioners, shall be paid by, or be recoverable from, the Commissioners; and all contracts, agreements, mortgages, bonds, covenants, and securities made or entered into before this Act comes into operation to, with, or in favor of, or by, or for, the said late Commissioners, or any of them, or any person on behalf of such late Commissioners; and all rights of action and suit arising out of contract or otherwise—shall take effect, and may be proceeded on and enforced, as far as circumstances will admit, in favor of, by, against, and with reference to the Commissioners under this Act in such manner as the same would have taken effect, and might have been proceeded on and enforced in favor of, by, against, and with reference to the said late Commissioners, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed.

Actions, &c., by or against Commissioners not to abate, &c.

7. No action, suit, prosecution, or other proceeding whatsoever, commenced or carried on either by or against the late Commissioners previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall abate, or be discontinued, or prejudicially affected by this Act, but shall continue and take effect both in favor of and against the Commissioners, in the same manner in all respects as the same would have continued and taken effect in relation to the late Commissioners, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed: and all decrees and orders made, and all fines and penalties imposed and incurred, respectively, previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall and may be enforced, levied, recovered, and proceeded for, and all administrative proceedings commenced previously to the coming into operation of this Act shall and may be continued, proceeded with, and completed in such or the like manner as if this Act had not been passed, the Commissioners under this Act being, in reference to the matters aforesaid, in all respects substituted for the late Commissioners.

PART II.—MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES.

Chapter 1.

Municipal Commissioners.

Appointment or election of Commissioners.

8. In any Municipality created under Part I of this Act, the Lieutenant-Governor shall, if the same shall have been declared by him to be a first class Municipality, and the said Lieutenant-Governor or any officer whom the Lieutenant-Governor may authorize in that behalf shall, if the same shall have been declared by the said Lieutenant-Governor to be a second class Municipality, from time to time appoint or cause to be elected, in manner as hereinafter provided, not more than seven and not less than three persons to be Commissioners for carrying out in such Municipality the purposes of this Act.

Qualifications of Commissioners and members of Ward Committees.

9. No person shall be appointed a Commissioner or a Member of a Ward Committee under this Act in any Municipality, who does not either reside or hold land or buildings therein or within five miles from any part of the limits thereof: provided also that when the mode of municipal taxation to be adopted therein shall have once been determined, no person shall be appointed therein a Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee who does not pay municipal taxes to the Commissioners thereof. Subject to the provisions of Section 12 every person so appointed shall continue in office three years, or until his successor shall have been appointed, and shall be eligible for re-appointment. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time accept the resignation of any such Commissioners or Commissioner, or may remove any such Commissioners or Commissioner for misconduct or neglect of duty, add to their number, and fill up vacancies occurring among them.

Their removal.

Ex-officio members.

10. In addition to the Commissioners to be appointed or elected as aforesaid, the Magistrate of a district and the Magistrate in charge of a sub-division of a district, shall be ex-officio Commissioners of every Municipality situated within their respective jurisdictions, and it shall further be competent to the Lieutenant-Governor to appoint as a Commissioner of any such Municipality any officer in the service of Government holding a salaried office in the district in which the same is situate: provided that not more than one-third of the whole number of Commissioners shall be persons holding salaried offices in the service of Government, unless such persons be elected to be Commissioners under any of the provisions in this Act contained.

Election of Commissioners by the rate-payers.

11. If at any time it shall appear to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to be advisable that a certain number of the Commissioners of any Municipality shall be elected by the rate-payers, it shall be competent to the said Lieutenant-Governor to take measures for the election of such Commissioners by the rate-payers, subject to such rules in regard to qualification, election, and discharge, as he may think fit. Subject to the provisions of Section 12 the persons so elected shall continue in office for the term of three years, or until their successors have been elected, and shall be eligible for re-election. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time accept the resignation of any of the Commissioners so elected, or may remove any of such Commissioners for misconduct or neglect of duty, and may provide for filling up vacancies by election.

Rotation of members.

12. When Municipal Commissioners or any Ward Committee shall be for the first time appointed or elected in any Municipality, such number of the members thereof as the Commissioner of the Division may determine, and being not more than one-third of the whole, shall retire at the end of one year, and another equal number at the end of two years, and the rest at the end of three years, to be computed from the first day of the official year next following the date of the appointment or election of such Commissioners or Committee. The members who shall retire at the end of the first and second years respectively shall be decided by lot. But the ex-officio members appointed under Section 10 of this Act shall not be liable to retirement under this Section. Any person appointed or elected to a vacancy caused by the withdrawal, or removal, or death of another member shall fill such vacancy for the unexpired remainder of the term for which the outgoing member, may have been elected or appointed. The Chairman shall keep a roll in which the names of the Commissioners shall be entered in order of seniority according to the dates of their appointment or election. In case of two or more Commissioners being appointed or elected on the same day, the Chairman shall decide the order of seniority between them.

Seniority of members.

Appointment of Chairman and Vice-Chairman.

13. The Magistrate of a district, or the Magistrate in charge of a sub-division, if delegated by the Magistrate for the purpose, shall be ex-officio Chairman of the Commissioners for any Municipality situate within the district or sub-division under his charge. The Commissioners shall elect their own Vice-Chairman, who shall hold office for one year from the date of his election, and who shall be eligible for re-election at the end of such year.

Mode of entering into contracts.

14. The Commissioners shall have and use a common seal, and shall have their names engraved thereon in legible characters in the English language, and also in the vernacular language of the district. All contracts entered into in respect of any sum exceeding twenty rupees shall be in writing, and shall be sealed with the common seal of the Commissioners, and on their behalf, in the presence of at least two of the Commissioners, one of whom shall be the Chairman, or in the absence of the Chairman, the Vice-Chairman, who shall certify the same by affixing their signatures as witnesses at the foot of the instruments. All such contracts shall be varied or discharged in a similar manner.

Commissioners incorporated.

15. The Commissioners shall sue and be sued in the name of their Chairman by the description of "The Chairman of the Commissioners of ," and in such name so described, they shall be competent to hold property, movable and immovable, to them and their successors as a body corporate, and to convey the same and to enter into all necessary contracts for the purposes of this Act.

CHAPTER 2.

Property and Contracts of the Commissioners.

Public streets, &c., vested in the Commissioners.

16. All public streets in any Municipality (not being private property) existing at the time this Act comes into operation, or which shall afterwards be made, and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and also all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided for such streets, shall vest in and belong to the Commissioners and their successors. But it shall be competent to Government from time to time, by notification, to exclude any road or street from the operation of this Act, and to cancel such notification wholly or in part.

17. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to agree with the person or persons in whom the property in any street is vested, to take over the property therein, and after such agreement to declare, by notice in writing put up in any part of such street, that the same has become a public street. Thereupon such street shall vest in the Commissioners and their successors, and shall thenceforth be repaired and kept up out of the Municipal Fund.

Commissioners may with consent of owners take over and repair certain streets.

18. All or any hospitals, dispensaries, schools, rest-houses, markets, tanks, and wells, not being private property, or the property of a religious institution or society, and all medicines, furniture, and other articles appurtenant thereto, not being private property, which at the time this Act comes into operation in any town, shall be found therein, may, by notification of the Lieutenant-Governor, be vested in the Commissioners, and thereupon all endowments or funds belonging to such hospitals, dispensaries, schools, or rest-houses shall be transferred to and vested in the Commissioners as trustees, to hold and apply the same to the purposes to which such endowments and funds were lawfully applicable at the time of such transfer. Provided always that no such notification shall be issued until one month after the intention to transfer such property shall have been notified in English and in the vernacular language of the district in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor shall from time to time direct.

Existing hospitals, schools, rest-houses, &c., to be vested in the Commissioners.

19. The Commissioners may agree with the owners of any land for the purchase thereof for the purposes of this Act, and may sell any land not required for such purposes either together or in parcels, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied for the purposes of this Act.

Power to purchase and sell lands.

20. When the Commissioners may be unable to agree with the owner of any land for the purchase thereof, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal may, upon representation of the Commissioners, and after such enquiry as may be thought proper, declare that the land is needed for a public purpose, and may order proceedings for obtaining possession of the same for the Government, and for determining the compensation to be paid to the parties interested, according to any law now or hereafter to be in force for the acquisition of land for public purposes. On payment by the Commissioners of the compensation awarded, such land shall vest in them for the purposes of this Act.

Mode of ascertaining compensation for land, &c.

CHAPTER 3.

Their mode of transacting business.

21. The Commissioners shall keep an office where they shall meet for the transaction of business at least twice in every month, and as often as a meeting shall be called by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and all questions which may come before them at any meeting shall be decided by a majority.

Commissioners to keep an office for the transaction of business.

22. The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every such meeting, and in the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Commissioners shall choose some one of their number to preside. In cases of equality of votes the President shall have a casting vote.

Who to preside at meetings of the Commissioners.

23. No business shall be transacted at a meeting unless at least four Commissioners be present.

Quorum.

24. In any case of emergency, the Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall exercise all the powers vested by this Act in the Commissioners. Provided that it shall not be lawful for the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman to exercise any power which it is by this Act expressly declared shall be exercised by the Commissioners at a meeting. Any Chairman or Vice-Chairman acting under this section shall inform the Commissioners thereof at the next meeting held thereafter.

The Chairman or Vice-Chairman to exercise, with certain exceptions, the powers of the Commissioners.

25. The Chairman shall from time to time appoint all such overseers, clerks, and subordinate officers and servants as he may think necessary and proper to assist in the execution of this Act, and may from time to time remove any of such persons and appoint others in their places. And out of the Municipal Fund he shall pay, or cause to be paid, such salaries to the said persons respectively, as may from time to time be determined by the Commissioners at a meeting; or, in case of absence on leave, such portion thereof as may appear to the Commissioners to be reasonable. He may, with the sanction of the Commissioners, make such rules as he may think fit as to the manner in which, and as to the persons by whom, all duties connected with the collection of the tax or the preparation of the assessment, shall be performed, provided such rules be in all respects consistent with the provisions in this Act contained. Provided that no salary amounting to more than one hundred and fifty rupees a month shall be assigned to any officer or clerk by Municipal Commissioners under this Act without the sanction of the Commissioner of the Division. He shall also take from every collector of Municipal taxes, duties, or tolls, such security for the sums collected by him as he may think proper.

Appointment of overseers, clerks, and subordinate officers.

CHAPTER 4.

Ward Committees.

26. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate, on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, to divide any Municipality into wards, and thereupon there shall be appointed for each ward not less than three persons qualified to be Commissioners, whether such persons be or be not Commissioners for the time being, to be members of the Ward Committee, and the said Magistrate may define the limits of the ward for which any Ward Committee may be appointed or elected. All question regarding the removal, resignation, and filling up vacancies among the members of Ward Committees shall be settled by the Commissioner at a meeting.

Power to appoint Ward Committees.

27. A Ward Committee shall exercise, within the limits of their ward, as defined by the Magistrate, all or any of the powers of Commissioners described in Sections 25, 52, 58, 61 to 68 inclusive, 113, 115, and in such sections of Part IX of this Act as shall be in force within the municipality, which the Commissioners at a meeting shall have delegated to them. Sections 21, 22, and 24 of the Act shall, as far as may be convenient, be applicable to Ward Committees.

Powers of Ward Committees.

28. The Chairman of each Ward Committee shall be appointed by the Chairman of the Commissioners, and each Ward Committee may, if it see fit, elect their own Vice-Chairman from among their own number.

Appointment of Chairman of Ward Committees.

CHAPTER 5.

General Provisions.

29. No Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any contract made, or expense incurred by or on behalf of the Commissioners, but the funds, from time to time in the hands of the Commissioners, shall be liable for, and chargeable with, all contracts and expenses duly incurred as aforesaid. Every Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any wilful misapplication of money entrusted to the Commissioners, to which he shall have been a party, and he shall be liable to be sued for the same.

No Commissioner to be personally liable for contracts, &c., but only for wilful misapplication, &c., of money.

30. No Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee, or servant of the Commissioners or Committee, shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract made with the Commissioners. And if any such person be so interested, he shall thereby become incapable of continuing in office or employment, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees. Provided always that no person by being a shareholder in, or member of, any incorporated or registered company, shall be disqualified from acting as a Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee by reason of any contract entered into between such company and the Commissioners. Nevertheless, it shall not be lawful for such shareholder or member to act as a Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee in any matter relating to any contract entered into between the Commissioners and such company.

Penalty on Commissioners and others interested in contracts.

PART III.—MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

CHAPTER 1.

Power of the Commissioners to impose Taxes, Duties, and Tolls.

31. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of any Municipality at a meeting to impose, within the limits of such Municipality, any one or more of the following taxes, duties, and tolls, at such rate as the Commissioners shall see fit, not exceeding the maximum in any case hereinafter mentioned and prescribed:—But no tax duty or toll imposed by the Commissioners under this section shall be levied until the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor shall have been obtained to such levy:—

Power to impose taxes.

(*a*)—An annual tax on persons residing in or owning property in the Municipality, according to the circumstances and the property to be protected of the persons liable to pay the same. Provided that no person who resides outside the limits of the Municipality shall be assessed according to his circumstances, but only in regard to the property which he possesses within the Municipality; and that the average annual tax on each holding shall not exceed Rs. 4 in Municipalities of the first class, and Rs. 2 in Municipalities of the second class.

(*b*)—A tax not exceeding 7½ per cent. on the annual value of houses, buildings, and lands situated within the limits of the Municipality exceeding Rs. 6 per annum, to be paid by the owners thereof.

(*c*)—A tax on carriages, horses, and elephants, kept or used within the limits of the Municipality; and a fee on the registration of carts and other vehicles.

(*d*)—A tax on trades and callings carried on and exercised within the said limits.

(*e*)—A tax on processions, and any public ceremonies not exclusively religious, and requiring the attention of the police, and performed within the said limits.

(*f*)—Duties on articles entering the limits of the Municipality, or dues on articles sold at markets or hâts, according to a table of rates sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, and subject to such rules and exceptions as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct.

(*g*)—Tolls on vehicles and beasts of burden entering the limits of the Municipality, according to a scale sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor; and tolls on ferries within the said limits.

CHAPTER 2.

Taxes on persons.

32. When it shall have been determined that an annual tax on persons according to their circumstances and property shall be imposed under this Act in any Municipality, the Commissioners or the Ward Committee shall prepare an assessment in respect thereof upon the several persons liable to be assessed within the Municipality or Ward for which such Commissioners or Committee shall be appointed, and shall prepare a list which shall specify every parcel of land, house, or other holding on account of the occupation of which any person is liable to be assessed, the name of the person liable to be assessed in respect of each such holding, the trade, business, or other description of such person, and the amount payable quarterly by such person. It shall be competent to the Commissioners or to a Ward Committee or to the Magistrate to omit from the list prepared under this section any person who may by them or him be deemed too poor to be assessed to the tax leviable under this Chapter.

Duties of Commissioners in assessing.

Existing assessment may be revised.

33. The Commissioners or the Ward Committee shall, if the Commissioners so decide, instead of preparing a new assessment for any year, revise and amend the assessment then in force.

Commissioners to examine assessment of Ward Committee.

34. When any assessment shall have been prepared, or shall have been revised and amended by any Ward Committee, such Ward Committee shall forthwith forward to the Commissioners the list containing the same, and such Commissioners shall examine, and, if necessary, amend and settle it.

Magistrate may amend and settle assessment as made or revised by the Commissioners.

35. When an assessment shall have been prepared, or revised and amended directly by any Commissioners, and not by a Ward Committee, such Commissioners shall forward to the Magistrate a list containing the same, and the Magistrate shall examine, and, if necessary, amend and settle it.

Assessment to be published.

36. When the assessment in any Municipality shall have been so made and settled as provided by the preceding sections, the Magistrate shall sign the list, and shall cause one copy thereof, together with a notification in the form in Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect, and written in the language of the province in which such Municipality is situate, to be put up in some conspicuous place therein or in the division thereof for which such assessment has been made; and a written copy of the said list to be deposited in his own office. So soon as the copies of the list shall have been so hung up and deposited, public proclamation shall be made throughout such Municipality by beat of a drum notifying that such copies have been so hung up and deposited, and that the copy so deposited in the Magistrate's office is open to inspection.

Assessment to stand good for three years.

37. Unless and until revised and amended as herein is provided, every assessment, as settled under Section 34 or Section 35, shall be valid for three years, and until a new assessment shall be made. In case the occupant of any property included in any assessment shall be changed before a new assessment be made, the new occupant shall be liable in respect of such property for any portion of the amount so assessed which shall have become payable during his occupation; and after notification to such person, the Magistrate may cause his name to be substituted in the said list for the name of the former occupant.

Change of occupation before a new assessment.

Power to adopt old assessment.

38. Whenever the period for which any assessment is valid, as provided in Section 37 of this Act, shall be about to expire, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate, instead of requiring any Commissioners or Ward Committee to prepare a new assessment, or to revise and amend the assessment then in force, to adopt the said assessment as the assessment for the year next following.

Old assessment to be continued if new not made.

39. If no new assessment be made and published before the expiration of the first three months of any year, for which no assessment valid under the provisions of Section 37 shall be in force, the assessment which was in force at the close of the preceding year shall be deemed to be the assessment for the current year.

Notice of adoption of old assessment to be given.

40. As soon as possible after an assessment shall have been adopted under Section 38, or shall have taken effect for the current year under the last preceding section, the Magistrate shall, in the manner provided in Section 36 for giving public notice that copies of the list of assessment have been hung up and deposited, give public notice that the assessment in force at the close of the preceding year will continue to have effect during the current year, but it shall not be necessary to hang up fresh copies of such list; and every person whose assessment may be so continued shall be at liberty to appeal against such assessment as if it were a new assessment made upon him.

Appeal from assessment made by Commissioners.

41. Any person who shall have been assessed by any Commissioners, of whom the Magistrate has not been appointed a member, and who shall be dissatisfied with his assessment, or who shall dispute his occupation of any property, or his liability to be assessed, may appeal on unstamped paper to such Commissioners at a meeting; and in case such Commissioners shall not grant the prayer of such appeal, such Commissioners shall submit the decision of the matter to the Magistrate, and the Magistrate, after making such inquiries as he may deem necessary, by examination of the appellant on oath or solemn affirmation or otherwise, may confirm the assessment or amend the same. In case the Magistrate confirm the assessment, he may order that the appellant shall pay such reasonable costs as may have been incurred in the proceedings on his appeal. The decision of the Magistrate in such cases shall be final, and no objection shall be taken to any assessment, nor shall the liability of any person to be assessed be questioned in any other manner or by any other court. Provided that no appeal shall be received after the expiration of one month from the time of the notification of the assessment prescribed by Sections 36 or 40 or of the notification of the substitution of the name of an occupier under Section 37, unless the Magistrate, upon reasonable cause shown, shall extend the time for receiving such appeal.

Limitation of appeal.

Appeal against assessment when Magistrate a member of committee.

42. Any person who shall have been assessed by Commissioners of whom the Magistrate has been appointed a member, and who shall be dissatisfied with his assessment, or who shall dispute his occupation of any property or his liability to be assessed, may apply to the Commissioners for a review of the assessment so far as regards himself; and with regard to such applications, the Commissioners at a meeting shall proceed as the Magistrate is directed to proceed in Section 41,

and the orders passed by the Commissioners on such application shall have the same effect and finality as orders passed by the Magistrate under the said section. Applications under this section to the Commissioners at a meeting shall be subject to the same limitation of time as appeals to the Magistrate under Section 41.

Appeals from assessment made by Ward Committee.

43. Any person who shall have been assessed by a Ward Committee, and who shall be dissatisfied with his assessment, or who shall dispute his occupation of any property or his liability to be assessed, may appeal to the Commissioners. And with regard to such appeals, the Commissioners at a meeting shall proceed as the Magistrate is directed to proceed in Section 41, and the orders passed by the Commissioners at a meeting on such appeals shall have the same effect and finality as orders passed by the Magistrate under the said section. Appeals to the Commissioners at a meeting shall be subject to the same limitation of time as appeals to the Magistrate under the said section.

Power to assess on account of newly occupied tenement.

44. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate at any time to require any Commissioners or Ward Committee, as the case may be, to make an assessment on account of the occupation of any house which may have been constructed, or any house or other holding which may have become liable to assessment after the general assessment which may then be in force shall have been made, or which may have been by mistake or accident omitted from such assessment. Notice of the amount assessed in accordance with such requisition shall be given to the person so assessed, who may appeal or apply against such assessment according to the provisions of Sections 41, 42, or 43, within one month after the service of such notice.

Power to apply for reduction of assessment in altered circumstances.

45. It shall be lawful for any person upon whom any assessment shall have been made, who shall, during the period for which such assessment is valid have ceased to occupy any property in respect to which he may have been assessed, or whose property to be protected, and circumstances may have changed during the period aforesaid, to apply on unstamped paper to the Commissioners; and in case such Commissioners shall not grant the prayer of such application, such Commissioners shall submit the decision of the matter to the Magistrate, and the Magistrate, after making such inquiries as he may deem necessary by examination of the applicant on oath or solemn affirmation, or otherwise, may amend the assessment of such applicant as to him shall appear just, or may confirm the same; and in case he shall confirm the said assessment, may order that the applicant shall pay such reasonable costs as may have been incurred by reason of such application. The decision of such Magistrate upon such application shall be final.

Commissioner of division may direct revision of assessment.

46. The Commissioner of the division, with the sanction of the Government, may at any time direct the Magistrate to revise, or to cause to be revised by the Commissioners or Ward Committee, the assessment of any Municipality, specifying the reasons which, in his opinion, render such revision necessary, and the Magistrate shall, according to such direction, revise, and if necessary amend the same, or cause it to be revised and amended.

CHAPTER 8.

Taxes on houses.

Tax on houses.

47. When it shall be determined that a tax on the annual value of houses, buildings, and lands shall be imposed in any Municipality, such tax shall be paid by the owners of such houses, buildings, and lands by quarterly instalments, except as hereinafter provided.

Annual value of houses, buildings, and lands, how to be ascertained.

48. The gross annual rent at which the houses, buildings, and lands liable to the tax may be reasonably expected to be let, shall be deemed to be the annual value of such houses, buildings, and lands, and such value shall accordingly be fixed by the Commissioners from year to year, commencing from the date on which this Act shall have come into operation.

Power to assess upon a house consolidated tax for house and ground on which it stands.

49. Whenever any house or building belongs to one owner, and the ground on which the same stands, and which is usually occupied therewith, belongs to another, it shall be lawful for the Municipal Commissioners to assess such house or building and ground together at one consolidated rate. The amount so assessed shall be payable by the owner of the house or building, who shall thereafter be entitled to deduct from the rent which he pays for the ground, such proportion of the tax so paid by him as is equal to the proportion which his rent bears to the annual value of the whole property assessed.

Tax due from non-resident owner may be recovered from occupier, and deducted by him from his rent.

50. If the sum due on account of any tax from the owner of any house, building or land remains unpaid after the notice of demand has been duly served, and such owner be not resident within the place, or the place of abode of such owner be unknown, the Municipal Commissioners may demand the amount from the occupier for the time being of such house, building, or land, and on non-payment thereof, may recover the same by distress and sale of any goods and chattels found on the premises, and whenever such tax shall be paid by or recovered from such occupier, he may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount which may be so paid by or recovered from him. Provided that no arrear of rate, which has remained due from the owner of any house, building, or land for more than one year, shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof. Provided also that if the tax so deducted is a consolidated tax payable by the owner of a house or building under the next preceding section, the same shall, after such deduction, be deemed to have been paid by such

owner within the meaning of the last mentioned section.

Rate of annual tax how to be fixed.

51. The Commissioners shall, at a meeting to be held as soon as may be after their appointment, assess or determine the rate of such annual tax to be levied from the date on which this Act may come into operation till the expiration of the current year, and at a meeting not less than fifteen days before the expiration of each year, shall determine the rate of such tax for the ensuing year.

What returns may be required for ascertaining annual value.

52. The Commissioners may require the respective owners or occupiers of the houses, buildings, and lands to furnish them with returns of the measurements and of the rent or annual value thereof, and they, or any person appointed by them for that purpose, at any time between sun-rise and sun-set, may enter, inspect and measure any such houses, buildings or lands, after having given forty-eight hours' previous notice of their intention to the occupier thereof.

Power to enter houses, &c.

When the valuation of the houses, buildings, and lands, shall have been completed, the Commissioners shall cause lists containing the valuation and assessment to be made out, and shall give public notice thereof, and of the place where the lists or copies thereof may be inspected; and every person claiming to be the owner or occupier of property included in the assessment, or the agent of such person, shall be at liberty to inspect such lists, and to make extracts therefrom, without the payment of any fee.

Public notice of valuation and assessment to be given.

53. The Commissioners shall at the same time give public notice of a day and hour, not being less than fifteen days from the publication of such notice, when they will proceed to revise the said valuation and assessment; and in all cases in which any property is for the first time valued, or the valuation is increased, shall give special notice thereof to the owners or occupiers of such property. All appeals against such valuation and assessment shall be made at or before the time fixed in the notice.

After revision, amendments to be authenticated by signature of three Commissioners.

54. After the appeals have been inquired into, and after the revision of the valuation and assessment has been completed, the amendments made in the lists shall be authenticated by the signature of not less than three of the Commissioners, who shall at the same time certify under their signatures that no valid objection has been made to the valuation and assessment in the said lists, except in the cases in which amendments have been made as shown therein, and subject to such amendments as may thereafter be duly made, the tax so assessed shall be deemed to be the tax for the whole year for which the assessment shall be made.

Further alteration or amendment of assessment.

Provided always that the Chairman or Vice-Chairman may at any time amend the said lists by inserting therein the name of any person whose name ought to be so inserted, or by inserting any property liable to the tax, after giving notice to such person as may be interested in the making of the amendment, of a day not being less than fifteen days from the date of the service of such notice, when such amendment is to be made, or by striking out any property not liable to the tax, or reducing the amount of the tax, without notice; and in all cases in which any property is inserted as liable to the tax, the amendment shall be considered to have been made at the expiration of fifteen days from the time when the person interested first received notice thereof; and any person interested in such amendment may appeal to the said Commissioners by application in writing left at their office three days before the day fixed in the notice of such amendment.

New lists need not be prepared every year.

55. It shall not be necessary to prepare new lists, or to determine the rate of the tax every year, but the Commissioners may adopt the valuation and assessment contained in the lists for the preceding year (with such alteration as may in particular cases be deemed necessary), as the valuation and assessment for the year following. Provided that public notice of such valuation and assessment shall be given in the manner prescribed in Section 53 of this Act.

Hearing of appeals.

56. Appeals against any tax assessed under this Act shall be heard and determined by not less than three Commissioners and their adjudication and the assessment by the Commissioners of any tax when no appeal is made as hereinbefore provided, shall be final; and no person shall contest any assessment in any other manner than by appeal as hereinbefore provided.

Assessment when to be final.

Remission on account of vacant houses.

57. When any house shall have been vacant for sixty or more consecutive days during any year, the Commissioners shall remit so much of the tax of that year as may be proportionate to the number of days the said house may have remained unoccupied; provided that the owner of such house, or his agent, shall have given to the Commissioners notice in writing of the vacancy thereof, and that the amount of tax to be remitted shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice.

Chapter 4.

Taxes on carriages and wheeled vehicles.

Tax on carriages, &c.

58. When it shall be determined that a tax on carriages, horses, and elephants shall be imposed in any Municipality, the Commissioners shall declare at what rates, not exceeding the rates given in Schedule (C) to this Act annexed, such tax shall be imposed on all carriages, horses, and elephants kept within the limits of such place; and thereupon such tax shall be payable quarterly. Provided that this section shall not apply to, or include, gun-carriages, or ordnance carts or wagons; cavalry horses or horses of the mounted police; horses belonging to officers

doing regimental duty, at the rate of one horse for each officer; vehicles, horses, or elephants belonging to the Government; vehicles and horses kept for sale, and not used for any other purpose, if kept by *bonâ fide* dealers.

Ownership for any number of days in a quarter creates liability to the tax for the whole quarter.

59. Every person who may have owned or had charge of any carriage, horse, or elephant, kept within such place for any number of days in any quarter, shall be liable to the whole tax for that quarter; but if a carriage shall have been under repair for the whole quarter, no tax shall be leviable in respect of such carriage for that quarter.

Exemption of carriages under repair.

Carriage, &c., let for hire within any defined place, although owned by persons not residing therein, liable to the tax.

60. Whenever the owner of the carriage, horse, or elephant, let out for hire, and kept for the time being in premises situated within any place shall not reside in such place, the sums to be charged for such carriage, horse, or elephant shall be recoverable from the person in whose premises it is for the time being kept.

Commissioners may compound with livery stable-keepers.

61. The Commissioners at their discretion may compound, for any period not exceeding one year, with livery stable-keepers and other persons keeping carriages and horses for hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages and horses so kept by such person, in lieu of the rates specified in the schedule.

List of persons liable to tax to be prepared.

62. The Commissioners shall from time to time cause to be prepared and entered, in distinct columns, in a book to be kept by the Commissioners, and to be open to the inspection of any person interested therein, a list of the persons liable to the payment of the tax, a description of the carriages and animals in respect of which they are liable, and the amount of the tax thereon.

Returns may be required for purpose of making list.

63. In order to enable the Commissioners to have such list prepared, the Commissioners, or any officer authorized by them, may send to all persons supposed to be liable to the payment of the tax, a schedule to be filled up with such information respecting the carriages and animals kept by them as the Commissioners may judge necessary for the assessment of the tax. The schedule shall be filled up in writing, and signed and dated and returned to the office of the Commissioners by every person to whom it is sent, whether or not liable to the payment of the tax.

Power to summon persons liable to tax.

64. The Commissioners may summon any person supposed to be liable to the payment of the tax, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or his servant as to the number and description of the carriages and animals in respect of which such person is liable to be assessed, and such person or his servant shall answer such questions as may be put to him by the Commissioners.

Appeal against assessment may be made to Commissioners.

65. Any person who may dispute his liability to the payment of such tax, or the amount of any such assessment, may appeal to the Commissioners: provided that such appeal shall be commenced within ten days after the receipt by such person of a bill for the sum claimed from him in respect of such assessment.

Proviso.

Commissioners' decision final.

66. Appeals against any such assessment shall be heard and determined by not less than three Commissioners, and their adjudication upon every such appeal shall be final, and no person shall contest any assessment so made in any other manner than by appeal to the Commissioners as hereinbefore provided.

Registration of wheeled vehicles.

Registration and number of hackeries, &c.

67. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of any Municipality at a meeting, with the sanction in writing of the Lieutenant-Governor first obtained, to declare and direct, by notification published in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may order, that every cart, hackery, and other wheeled vehicle without springs kept and used within, or let for hire within or without such place, and used within it, shall be registered by the Commissioners with the name and residence of the owner, and shall bear the number of registration in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct. Provided that this section shall not apply to, or include carts, hackeries, or other such vehicles as aforesaid kept at more than two miles distance from the said place and used only temporarily or casually in the place, or to carts, hackeries, or other wheeled vehicles without springs, the property of Government or of the Commissioners.

Fee for registration.

68. The registration of carts, hackeries, and other vehicles under the last preceding section shall be made, and the numbers assigned half-yearly, upon such days as the Commissioners shall notify, and such fee as they shall fix, not exceeding one rupee, shall be paid for each registration. Any person becoming possessed, between the first day of January and the first day of July, or between the first day of July and the first day of January of any such cart, hackery, or other vehicle which has not been registered for the then current half-year, shall, within a week of becoming so possessed, register the same, and the Commissioners shall grant registration in any such case, on payment of a fee for the unexpired portion of the current half-year, calculated at the rate of the fee to be fixed as aforesaid. When any registered cart, hackery, or other vehicle is transferred within any half-year it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred, and a fee not exceeding four annas shall be paid for every such last-mentioned registration.

Penalty for not registering a cart or hackery.

69. Whoever owns or keeps any cart, hackery, or other wheeled vehicle without springs, required under the provisions of this Act to be registered, without having caused

the same to be registered under the last preceding section, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding three times the usual registration fee, and the Magistrate may seize and detain the vehicle. If the vehicle seized be not claimed, and the fine be not paid within ten days, such vehicle, together with the animals seized with it (if any), may be sold by auction by order of the Magistrate, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the fine, and to the costs and charges incurred on account of the seizure, detention, and sale, and the surplus (if any), if not claimed by the owner or the person keeping such cart, hackery, or other vehicle within a further period of twenty days, shall become vested in the Commissioners, and be employed for the purposes of this Act.

CHAPTER 5.

Taxes on trades and callings.

Tax on trades and callings.

70. When it shall be determined that a tax on trades and callings shall be imposed in any town, such determination shall be notified, in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct, and from the 1st day of April next following such notification, every person who shall within the town exercise any of the professions, trades, or callings specified in Schedule (D) to this Act annexed shall take out a license, and shall pay for the same an annual fee not exceeding such sum as in the said schedule is mentioned. The table of fees leviable under this chapter shall be fixed from time to time by the Commissioners, subject to the confirmation of the Lieutenant-Governor.

License to be granted by Commissioners, and to specify particulars.

71. Every license under the next preceding section shall be granted by the Commissioners, or by some person duly authorized by them in that behalf, and shall specify the date of the grant thereof, the true name of the person to whom the license is granted, and the sum paid for such license.

Duration of license.

72. Every license shall have effect and continue in force from the day of the date thereof until the day hereinafter appointed for the expiration thereof; and every such license which shall be granted before the 1st day of January next following the notification shall expire on that day, and every such license which shall be granted upon or at any time after that day, shall expire on the 31st day of December next after the day of the granting thereof.

Licenses to be renewed on expiring.

73. Every person to whom such license shall be granted, and who shall be desirous of continuing to exercise his profession, trade, or calling after the expiration thereof, shall take out a fresh license for that purpose for the following year, to expire on the day appointed in the last preceding section, and shall renew the same from year to year so long as he shall desire to continue such profession, trade, or calling.

Chairman to classify all persons required by this Act to be licensed.

74. The Chairman, or in a first class municipality a sub-committee of the Commissioners, shall determine under which of the classes mentioned in the Schedule (D) to this Act annexed every person to whom a license may be granted shall be assessed. The Commissioners at a meeting shall from time to time declare what are to be considered bazaars, hâts, or public markets, within the meaning of this Act.

Chairman to prepare a list of all persons required by this Act to be licensed.

75. As soon as may be after the first day of September in every year, the Chairman shall prepare a list of the persons licensed under this Act, which list shall state the profession, trade, or calling of each of the persons therein named, the class under whichhe is assessed, and the sum paid by him in respect of his license, and such list shall be filed in the office of the said Commissioners, and be open to public inspection at all reasonable times.

Penalty for not taking out a license.

76. If at any time after three months have elapsed from the day of the date of the said notification, any person within the said limits shall exercise his profession, trade, or calling without having duly taken out a license as required by Section 69, he shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding three times the amount which, in the judgment of such Magistrate, would have been payable by such person in respect of a license duly taken out as aforesaid.

Penalty for not producing license when called on to do so by an officer of the Commissioners, &c.

77. Any person required by Section 69 to take out a license, who shall, without reasonable excuse, neglect or refuse to produce and show his license when required so to do by an officer duly empowered in writing by the Commissioners to make such requisition shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

CHAPTER 6.

Taxes on processions, &c.

Tax on processions.

78. When it shall have been determined that a tax shall be levied in any Municipality on processions and any public ceremonies not exclusively religious, such determination shall be duly notified, and from the date of such notification no person shall organise or conduct a procession or public ceremony within the limits of such Municipality without first taking out a license from the Commissioners. Licenses under this section shall be granted at the following rates namely:—

	Rate of license.
License for a procession or ceremony whereat elephants are to be used, or fire-works are to be displayed, or guns fired	100 Rs. for each day.
License for a procession or ceremony whereat more than two hundred persons are to attend... ...	50 „ „
License for a procession or ceremony whereat more than fifty and not more than two hundred persons are to attend	10 „
License for a procession at which less than fifty people are to attend	2 „

79. Any person who may organize or conduct a procession within the limits of such Municipality without first obtaining a license, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding three times the amount of the license fee payable in respect thereof under the next preceding section. Any police officer above the grade of constable may call upon the conductor or organizer of a procession to produce his license, and if the license be not produced, he shall report the circumstances to the Commissioners or to the Magistrate; but he shall not arrest any one or stop the procession, unless he is unable to ascertain the name and address of the organizer of the procession. In the case of processions connected with marriage or betrothal the nearest adult male relative, or the guardians of the bride and bridegroom, or of the betrothed parties, shall, unless the contrary be proved, be deemed to have organized or conducted the procession.

Penalty for organising procession without license.

Chapter 7.

Duties on articles.

80. When it shall have been determined that duties shall be levied on articles entering within the limits of any Municipality, the Commissioners shall prepare and submit for the Lieutenant-Governor's approval a schedule of proposed rates for the levy of such duties, and shall prepare and submit as aforesaid bye-laws which shall provide for the collection and realization of such duties, for penalties for non-payment, and for exempting all through traffic from taxation, and for refunding the duty levied on duty-paid goods which are taken out of the municipal limits. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to modify and to approve such rates and bye-laws: provided that no duty shall be levied on any article at a rate exceeding two per centum on the average value of such article. The rates and bye-laws for any Municipality shall, when finally approved, be published in such Municipality in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct.

Duties on articles entering Municipal limits.

81. When it shall have been determined that market dues shall be levied upon the sale of goods at any periodical market within the limits of any Municipality, the Commissioners shall prepare and submit a schedule of rates for the levy of such dues, and shall prepare and submit bye-law for the collection and realization of such dues and for penalties for non-payment. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to modify and to approve such rates and bye-laws, provided that such dues shall in no case exceed one quarter of an anna in every rupee of the price for which such goods may be sold.

Market dues on sale of goods.

82. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, to lease out for any term not exceeding three years, the collection of duties or dues under the two next preceding sections. Such lease shall be subject in all respects to the rates and bye-laws passed under the said sections.

Power to lease the same.

Chapter 8.

Tolls.

83. When it shall have been determined that Municipal Funds shall be raised by tolls on ferries within the limits of a Municipality the Commissioners shall notify the ferry or ferries at which such tolls shall be levied; and shall also notify such rates of tolls as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time sanction. A table of tolls, written or printed, in the English and native languages, shall be hung up in some conspicuous place near every ferry so as to be easily read by all persons crossing at the ferries.

Table of tolls.

84. Every toll-keeper or ferry lessee who shall neglect to hang up and keep in good order and repair such table of tolls, or who shall wilfully remove, alter, or deface the same, or allow it to become illegible, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees.

Penalty for neglecting to put up a table of tolls.

85. Every toll-keeper or ferry lessee who shall ask or take any toll other than the lawful toll, or who shall without due cause delay any passenger, cart, carriage, animal, or goods, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Extortion or misconduct by toll-keeper.

86. Every person crossing at any such public ferry, who shall refuse to pay the toll, or who, with intent of avoiding payment thereof, shall fraudulently or forcibly pass by or through any toll-station without paying the toll, or who shall obstruct any toll-keeper or any of his assistants in any way in the execution of their duty under this Act; and every person who shall maliciously damage any toll-bar, boat, or any other thing employed in or about any public ferry, or who shall maliciously remove, alter, destroy, or damage any table of tolls hung up as hereinbefore directed, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees over and above the value of the damage, if any, which he has done.

Refusal to pay toll, &c.

87. The Commissioners may make rules, subject to confirmation by the Lieutenant-Governor, fixing the number of passengers, carts, carriages, and animals, and the quantity of goods that may be carried in any public ferry-boat at one trip, and for the safe and convenient carriage of passengers and property, and for keeping the ferry-boats in good order, and otherwise for the due discharge of their duty by all tindals, toll-keepers, and other persons employed at any public ferry: and any tindal, toll-keeper, or other person infringing or disobeying any such rule, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees, and also to make good any loss or damage caused thereby, the amount of which shall be summarily ascertained by the Magistrate, within whose jurisdiction the offence was committed, and such amount may be recovered as any penalty under this Act may be recovered.

Bye-laws for regulating ferry-boats, &c., to be made by Commissioners.

88. Every person who shall convey for hire any passenger, animal, cart, carriage, or goods, across any arm of the sea, creek, or river within the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor to any point or place on the opposite bank or coast within a distance of three miles on either sides above or below any public ferry, without the special license of the Magistrate of the district in which the ferry is situated, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees: Provided that nothing in

Carrying for hire within three miles of a ferry without license of Magistrate.

Proviso.

is section shall subject to such penalty any per-
n who shall specially let for hire his boat for
e conveyance of any other person or his family
goods across any creek or arm of the sea with-
the said settlement.

Toll-keepers.

89. The Commissioners may appoint at any ferry managed under this Act toll-keepers, and may collect the tolls through such ll-keepers, or they may grant a lease of any such rry for any period not exceeding three years.

Lieutenant-Governor ay make over existing ries.

90. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to make over to the Commissioners any existing ferry within the nits of the Municipality, and such ferry shall enceforward be subject to the provisions of this ct.

Tolls on vehicles, &c., tering town.

91. When it shall have been determined that tolls shall be levied on vehicles and beasts of burden entering any wn, the Commissioners shall submit to the ieutenant-Governor a table of rates and rules r the levy of such tolls; and the Lieutenant-overnor may modify or approve such tables d rules. The rules and rates, so modified or proved, shall not take effect until one month ter they shall have been duly notified. Provi-d that the rates shall in no case exceed the rates id down in Schedule (E) appended to this Act.

Tolls to be levied on riages, carts, and ani-ls entering the Munici-limits.

92. The tolls or rates determined as in the next preceding section shall be levied upon all carriages, carts, and animals entering the municipal limits; and the Commissioners may nstruct toll-bars, gates, and gate-keepers' ations, and may place the collection of such tolls der the management of such persons as may pear to them proper, or may lease out the same r any period not exceeding three years, and all frame bye-laws in manner hereinafter ovided for the guidance of such toll collectors; d all persons employed in the management d collection of such tolls shall be liable to the me responsibilities as would attach to them if ployed in the collection of any assessment or x under this Act. Provided that this section all not apply to carriages, carts, and animals ensed or registered by the Commissioners: pro-ded also that no more than one payment of toll all be demanded for, and in respect of, any car-ge, cart, or animal in any one period of twenty-ur hours from midnight to midnight.

In case of non-payment of toll, vehicle, &c., may be seized.

93. In case of non-payment of any such toll on demand, the officer appointed or duly authorized to collect the same may seize any carriage or animal on which it is chargeable, or any part of its burden of sufficient value to defray the toll. If any toll, together with the cost arising from such seizure and custody, remains undischarged for forty-eight hours, the Commissioners may sell the property seized for discharge of the toll, and of all expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure, custody, and sale. Any balance that may remain shall be returned, on demand, if made within twelve months, to the owner of the property, and if unclaimed after such period, shall be credited to the Municipal Fund. After seizure of the property as aforesaid, the Commissioners shall forthwith issue a notice in writing that, after the expiration of two days, exclusive of Sunday, they will sell at such place as they may state in the notice the property by auction. Provided that if at any time before the sale has actually begun the person whose property has been seized shall tender to the Commissioners, or other officer appointed by them, the amount of all the expenses incurred and of the toll payable by him, the Commissioners shall forthwith release the property seized.

Troops, military stores, police, &c., exempt.

94. No tolls shall be paid for the passage of troops on their march, or of military or Government stores, or of military or police officers on duty, or of any person or property in their custody, or of conservancy carts or other such vehicles belonging to the Commissioners; but no other exemption from payment of the tolls levied under this Act shall be allowed.

The Commissioners may compound with persons living outside the municipal limits for a payment in lieu of tolls.

95. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to compound with persons living outside the Municipal limits for a sum to be paid annually or half-yearly, in lieu of all tolls payable under the provisions of this Act in respect of carriages, carts, or animals entering the municipal limits; and the Commissioners shall issue licenses for such carriages, carts, or animals; and while such licenses shall remain in force, such carriages, carts, and animals shall be exempt from all tolls as aforesaid upon entering the municipal limits. Provided always that such composition shall include all the carriages, carts, and animals possessed by the person compounding.

Police to assist toll collectors.

96. In all cases of resistance to the lawful authority of the toll-collectors, all police officers shall be bound to assist the toll collectors when required; and for that purpose shall have the same power which they have in the exercise of their ordinary police duties.

Illegal collection of tolls.

97. Every person other than persons appointed or duly authorized to collect the tolls under this Act, who shall levy or demand any toll, and also every person who shall unlawfully and extortionately demand or take any other or higher toll than the lawful toll, or under colour of this Act, seize or sell any property, knowing such seizure and sale to be unlawful, or in any manner unlawfully extort money or any valuable thing from any person under colour of this Act, shall be deemed to have committed the offence of cheating or extortion, as the case may be, and shall be liable to such punishment as is prescribed for those offences respectively by the Indian Penal Code.

Table of tolls to be exhibited.

98. A table of the tolls authorized to be taken at any toll-gate or station, legibly written or painted in English words and figures, and in the vernacular language or languages of the district, shall be put up in a conspicuous place near such gate or station.

PART IV.—MODE OF RECOVERY OF MUNICIPAL TAXES.

Tax Collector to prepare assessment register.

99. Every tax collector shall prepare from the lists hereinbefore mentioned a register which shall contain the names of all persons assessed, the property in respect of the occupation of which the assessment in each case is made, and the amount payable quarterly by each person in the Municipality or division, or portion of a Municipality in which the duties of such tax collector are to be performed; and every such list shall be attested by the Chairman.

Payment of tax by instalments.

100. Every tax to be payable under this Act shall be payable by four equal quarterly instalments. The instalment of tax on account of any quarter shall be due on the first day of the month in the said quarter.

Bill to be presented.

101. When any sum is due on account of any tax leviable under this Act, the Chairman shall, unless otherwise specially provided in this Act, cause to be presented to the person liable to the payment thereof a bill for the amount, which shall also contain a statement of the period and a description of the property or thing for which the charge is made. If the bill be in respect of the tax upon carriages, horses, and elephants, it shall contain a notice of the time within which an appeal against such tax may be preferred.

Receipts to be given.

102. For all sums collected on account of any tax under this Act, a receipt shall be given signed by the ıx collector or by some other officer who may ave been specially authorized by the Magistrate) grant such receipts.

Tax Collector to remit llections.

103. The Tax Collector or other officer appointed on that behalf shall remit, in such manner and at such times as the Magisate shall direct, all sums of money collected ther by himself or by any one of his establishent, and the Magistrate, or some other officer ıthorized on that behalf, shall give the tax colctor a receipt for every sum of money so remitted. he Magistrate shall also cause all such sums of oney to be credited to the Municipal Fund.

Recovery of taxes.

104. If any bill which may have been presented in pursuance of this Act be not paid by the perın liable to pay the same within ten days from ıe presentation thereof, the Magistrate may ıuse to be served upon such person a notice of ımand in the Form (A) in Schedule F annexed) this Act, or to the like effect; and if such perın shall not, within ten days from the service of otice of such demand, pay the sum due, together ith a fee of two annas as costs for the service of ıe notice of demand, or show to the Magistrate ifficient cause for non-payment of the same, the mount of the arrear due, with costs on the ale in the Form (B) in Schedule F. set forth, hich shall include those of serving the notice of emand, may be levied by distress and sale of any oods and chattels belonging to the defaulter hich may be found within the Municipality, or of any goods and chattels whatever which may be found on the premises in respect of the occupation of which such defaulter is liable to such tax.

Sale how to be conducted.

105. Every warrant of distraint and sale under the last preceding section shall be issued by the Magistrate, and shall be in the Form (C) in Schedule F set forth. The officer charged with the execution of the warrant of distress shall make an inventory of all goods and chattels seized under the Magistrate's warrant, and shall give not less than ten days' previous notice of the sale, and of the time and place thereof, by beat of drum, in the town or division thereof in which the property is situated and by serving on the defaulter a notice in the Form (D) in Schedule F. If the arrear be not paid with costs before the time fixed for the sale, or the warrant be not discharged or suspended by the Magistrate, the goods and chattels seized shall be sold by public outcry at the time and place specified, in the most public manner possible; and the proceeds shall be applied in discharge of the arrears and the costs, and the surplus, if any, shall be returned on demand to the person in possession of the goods and chattels at the time of the seizure. The tax collector or other officer appointed on that behalf under this Act shall make a return of all such sales to the Magistrate in the Form (E) specified in Schedule F; and the costs upon every such proceeding shall be such as are mentioned and set forth in Form (B) in Schedule F annexed to this Act.

Proceeds how to be applied.

Costs.

Sale of property beyond limits of town, &c.

106. If no sufficient goods or chattels belonging to a defaulter or being upon the premises in respect of the occupation of which the tax is due can be found within the Municipality in which the premises are situate, the Magistrate on being satisfied thereof, and of the existence of an arrear, may issue his warrant for the distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to the defaulter within any other part of the jurisdiction of the Magistrate, or for the distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to the defaulter within the jurisdiction of any other Magistrate whatsoever, and such other Magistrate shall back the warrant so issued, and cause it to be executed and the amount (if levied) to be remitted to the Magistrate issuing the warrant.

All goods found on premises liable to sale.

107. All goods and chattels, except tools or instruments of trade, which may be found upon any premises in respect of the occupation of which an arrear is due, shall be liable to be distrained for the recovery of such arrear. If the goods and chattels belong to any person other than the defaulter, the defaulter shall be liable to indemnify the owner of such goods and chattels from any damage he may sustain by reason of such distress or by reason of any payment he may make to avoid such distress or any sale under the same. Provided that no arrear of tax which has remained due for more than three calendar months shall be recovered by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of any person, other than the defaulter himself, who did not reside on the premises in respect of which such tax was imposed at the time when such arrear became due.

But owner of goods to be indemnified by the defaulter.

108. Every tax collector and other servants appointed for, or employed in, the performance of any duties connected with the assessment or collection of the tax under this Act, is prohibited from bidding for or purchasing any property at such sales as aforesaid. Any person purchasing property in contravention of this section shall be liable, upon conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and the sale shall be quashed and the property declared liable to resale.

No person employed in collection of tax to buy distrained goods.

109. The Magistrate shall cause a regular account to be kept of all distresses levied and sales made for the realization of arrears under this Act.

Magistrate to keep account of distress and sales.

110. Whoever conceals, removes, or disposes of any property belonging to the person who is liable for any amount of tax, for the purpose of avoiding a distress under the provisions of this Act, shall be considered to have concealed, removed, or disposed of such property fraudulently.

Removal of property to be fraudulent.

PART V.—MUNICIPAL FUND AND ITS APPLICATION.

111. All monies, rents, and profits received by the Commissioners by virtue of this or any other Act, and all fines, fees, and penalties paid or levied under this Act, and all other monies which, under sanction of Government, may be transferred to such Commissioners, shall constitute a fund, which shall be called the Municipal Fund, and shall, together with all property of every nature or kind which may become vested in the said Commissioners, be under their control, and shall be held by them and their successors in trust for the purposes of this Act.

What shall constitute the Municipal Fund.

112. The Commissioners shall set apart annually out of the Municipal Fund a sum sufficient for the maintenance of police officers appointed or employed under Act V of 1861, or any other Act which may for the time being be in force for the regulation of the police within the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal or any part thereof; provided that the number of police officers shall be determined in manner as hereinafter provided.

Payment on account of Police.

113. The Municipal Fund, after a sum has been set apart as in the manner provided by the next preceding section, may, subject to such rules and restrictions as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe, be applicable within the towns in which it is raised, to the following purposes, that is to say—

Purposes to which Fund may be applied.

(1)—The construction, repair, and maintenance, of streets and bridges.

(2)—Works of public utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the townspeople; including the supply of water, expenses of lighting of streets, the construction, repair, and maintenance of hospitals, dispensaries, lunatic asylums, rest-houses, tanks, wells, and markets; also the payment of all charges connected with the objects for which such buildings were constructed, the training and employment of medical practitioners and vaccinators, the sanitary inspections, the registration of births and deaths, the cleansing of tanks or wells, and the application of the Indian Contagious Diseases Act.

(3)—The diffusion of education, and with this view, the construction and repair of school-houses, the establishment and maintenance of schools either wholly or by means of grants-in-aid, the inspection of schools and training of teachers.

(4)—The support or relief of the poor in times of exceptional distress and scarcity.

114. It shall be competent to the Commissioners, with the sanction or upon the direction of the Lieutenant-Governor, to contribute a portion of the Municipal Funds towards the expenses incurred in any other Municipality under this Act, or in any district or sub-division under the District Road Cess Act 1871 passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, where such expenditure is incurred for any of the purposes described in the last preceding section, and is calculated to benefit the inhabitants of the contributing town, or to relieve exceptional distress in the neighbourhood; provided always that, where such contribution has not been originally recommended by the Commissioners, it shall not be obligatory upon them until the proposal to make such contribution shall have been submitted to them by the Lieutenant-Governor, and they shall have had the opportunity of offering their opinions thereon.

Contribution to extra Municipal expenditure.

115. It shall be competent to the Lieutenant-Governor to appoint, from time to time, such officers as may be required for the purpose of inspecting or superintending the operations of the Municipalities created by this Act, and to assign to them such salaries as the Lieutenant-Governor shall think reasonable; and the expense incurred by reason of such appointments shall be defrayed in rateable proportions out of the funds of the several Municipalities established under this Act. And the said Lieutenant-Governor may direct that the municipalities in any district or division shall pay such sum as he may consider reasonable towards the cost of clerks or other establishment maintained in the office of the Collector or Commissioner for purposes of supervision under this Act.

Appointment of officers to superintend operations of Municipalities.

116. The Commissioners shall consider and pass at a meeting, a statement or estimate showing the probable receipts, and the expenditure which it is proposed by the Commissioners to incur during the year commencing on the first day of April then next, and the items in respect of which it is proposed to incur such expenditure, and may also consider and pass a supplemental estimate providing for any modifications which they may deem it advisable to make in the distribution of the amount to be raised in the official year then current for the purposes of this Act.

Annual estimates of expenditure to be prepared.

117. Copies of the aggregate estimates for any Municipality which shall have been passed under the provisions of the next preceding Section, and if necessary, translations thereof into the vernacular of the district, shall be lodged in the offices of the Magistrate of the district and of the Magistrate, and at some convenient place within such Municipality. During fourteen days after such estimates shall have been so lodged in the said offices, of which due notice shall be

Estimates to be published.

publicly given, such estimates and translations in the vernacular of the district shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times and seasons by any rate-payer of such town who may desire to inspect the same.

Estimate to be transmitted to Magistrate of district and Commissioner of Division.

118. As soon as is practicable, after the expiration of the said fourteen days, the Magistrate shall transmit to the Magistrate of the district the said estimates, with any remarks or objections thereupon which may have been recorded by himself or by the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting. The Magistrate of the district shall transmit to the Commissioner of the Division the said estimates, together with any remarks or objections made by the Magistrate or the Municipal Commissioners, and his own opinion thereon.

Power of Commissioner of division as to estimates.

119. The Commissioner of the division shall sanction, if unobjectionable, any estimate forwarded under the next preceding section. If he see any objection to such estimate he may record his objection: and he shall have power to remit for reconsideration the estimate of any Municipality made under this Part which may have been voted by less than two-thirds of the Commissioners of such Municipality.

An annual report of proceedings, &c., to be submitted.

120. The Commissioners shall, at such time or times, and in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, furnish an annual report of their proceedings and statements in detail of all the works executed by them, and of all sums received and expended by them. All the municipal accounts shall be audited by such person and in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct. The annual report shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Disposal of sums collected.

121. All sums collected under this Act, and all funds appropriated by Government for the purposes of this Act, shall be paid into the nearest Government treasury of the district, or, with the sanction of Government, into any Bank or branch Bank, or Native Banker established in or near to the Municipality, and shall be credited to an account to be called the Municipal Fund of the Municipality where they have been raised, provided always that it shall be competent to the Commissioners, with the sanction of Government, to invest any sums not required for immediate use either in the Government Savings Bank or in Government securities, or in any other form of security which may be approved of by Government.

Mode of drawing money.

122. All orders for payment of money from the Municipal Fund shall be signed by the Chairman or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman, or, in the absence of the Vice-Chairman, by any two of the Commissioners.

Accounts to be prepared.

123. Within one month after the commencement of each year, the Magistrate shall cause to be prepared accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the Municipal Fund during the previous year; and shall cause such accounts to be laid before the Municipal Commissioners for the space of one month, and shall cause copies of such accounts and of any remarks made thereon by the Municipal Commissioners to be forwarded to the Magistrate of the district, who shall forward the same to the Commissioner of the Division.

PART VI.—REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATH.

Commissioners may keep a register of births and deaths, and appoint Registrars.

124. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to keep in their office a register of all births and deaths within the Municipality, and for this purpose they shall divide the Municipality into such and so many districts as they shall think fit, and for every such district they shall appoint a person to be Registrar of births and deaths within such district.

Every Registrar to live in his district; list of Registrars to be published, &c.

125. Every Registrar shall dwell within the district of which he is Registrar, and shall cause his name, with the addition of Registrar for the district for which he shall be so appointed, to be placed in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of his own dwelling-house; and the Commissioners shall cause to be printed and published a list, containing the name and place of abode of every Registrar in the town.

Commissioners to have register books prepared and numbered.

126. The Commissioners shall cause to be prepared and printed a sufficient number of register books for making entries of all births and deaths which may take place within the Municipality according to the forms prescribed in Schedules (G) and (H) to this Act annexed, and the pages of such book shall be numbered progressively from the beginning to the end.

Registrar to inform himself of, and register births and deaths.

127. Every Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and of every death which shall happen in his district after the first day of September, and shall learn and register, as soon as conveniently may be after the event, without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered, according to the forms in the said Schedules (G) and (H), respectively, touching every such birth and every such death, as the case may be, which shall not have been already registered, every such entry being made in order from the beginning to the end of the book.

Information of births to be given within one month.

128. The father or mother of every child born within the Municipality, or in case of the death, illness, absence, or inability of the father and mother, the occupier of the house or tenement in which such child shall have been born, shall, within one month next after the day of every such birth, give information to the Registrar of the district, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child. Any person whose duty it shall be to give information to a Registrar under this section, who shall refuse or neglect to give such information, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

129. Some one of the persons present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness, of every person dying within the Municipality, or, in case of the death, illness, inability, or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house or tenement, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, some inmate of the house or tenement in which such death shall have happened, shall, within eight days next after the day of such death, give information to the Registrar of the district, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the death of such person. Any person who shall refuse or neglect to give any information which it is his duty to give under this section, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Information of death to be given.

130. Every person by whom the information contained in any register of births or deaths under this Act shall have been given, shall sign in the register his name, description, and place of abode; and no such registration shall be deemed to be complete or of any effect until such person shall have so signed it.

Person giving information to sign the register.

PART VII.—MUNICIPAL POLICE.

131. At such time or times, and in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, the Commissioners at a meeting shall prepare a statement of the police force required for their Municipality, and such statement, when passed at a meeting of the Commissioners shall be forwarded to the Lieutenant-Governor through the Magistrate to the Commissioner of the division, who shall either himself sanction or amend the statement, or shall forward it to the Lieutenant-Governor for sanction or amendment, according as the said Lieutenant-Governor may, in each case from time to time, direct who shall sanction or amend such statement. The police force, according to the statement finally approved by the Lieutenant-Governor, shall be the police force of the Municipality for the year next ensuing, and its cost shall be incorporated on the estimates of expenditure to be prepared under this Act.

Strength of the force.

132. When the strength and the cost and distribution of the police of any Municipality shall have been settled under the next foregoing section, no alteration shall be made in such strength or cost or distribution of costs, save on the recommendation of the Commissioners and with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or of the Commissioner of the division in cases where the Lieutenant-Governor may have delegated to the Commissioner powers under this section.

Alteration therein.

133. The Commissioners or a sub-committee of the Commissioners nominated for that purpose shall control, appoint, and dismiss or suspend the members of the town police force; provided that no police officer above the rank of constable shall be dismissed or suspended without the sanction of the magistrate of the district; and provided that all the acts of a sub-committee under this section shall be liable to revision by the Commissioners at a meeting.

Appointment of police.

134. No police officer, who forms part of the strength of the Municipal police, shall be liable to serve beyond the limits of the Municipality, save in execution of duties imposed on him by his employment as a police officer of such Municipality.

Police paid under Act not to be employed beyond town.

135. As soon as possible after the close of each month the District Superintendent of Police shall, as regards each Municipality, present to the Magistrate, in whose jurisdiction such Municipality may be situated, a bill showing the actual expenses incurred during the preceding month in the payment of the said force, and the contingent expenses thereof; and the said Magistrate, on being satisfied that the bill is substantially in accordance with the estimate for such town, shall cause the amount of such bill to be paid to the District Superintendent from the Municipal Fund.

Police to be paid monthly.

136. The total amount which shall be chargeable to the Municipal Fund for the cost of any police force which may be sanctioned by the Government for employment within any town, including the contingent expenses of such force, shall not exceed the average rate of one rupee and eight annas per annum for each house in such town, provided that the number of police officers appointed shall not be greater than one superior officer for every fifteen constables, and one constable for every fifty houses.

Maximum amount chargeable on account of police.

PART VIII.—INTERVENTION BY THE GOVERNMENT.

137. If the Commissioners of any Municipality fail to effect the necessary repairs and maintenance of roads, or to pay for the police of the town, it shall be lawful for the Commissioner of the Division in which such Municipality is situated to convene a Committee, consisting of the district sub-divisional Magistrate, the executive engineer of the division, the civil surgeon, and two members nominated by the said Commissioner; and such Committee shall inquire into and report upon the state of such Municipality. And the Lieutenant-Governor may on the report of such Committee call upon the Commissioners, by requisition in writing signed by him and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, to raise the necessary funds and carry out the purposes of this Act, and thereupon if the Commissioners neglect for the space of three months then next ensuing to comply with the said requisition, the Lieutenant-Governor may direct the Magistrate to raise the necessary funds under the provisions of this Act and carry out in all respects the purposes thereof.

Administration of Municipality may be transferred to Magistrate if Commissioners fail to maintain roads and pay for police.

138. When it shall appear to the Lieutenant-Governor in regard to any first class Municipality, or to such officer as he may delegate authority under this section in regard to any second class Municipality, either that due provision is not made for the construction and maintenance in the municipal limits of any district road passing through such limits, and that hinderance to the traffic of the country is caused thereby, or that reasonable elementary education is not available at a fair cost for children of the residents, it shall be lawful for

Or if Commissioners fail to maintain district roads or provide means of elementary education.

the Lieutenant-Governor, or such delegated officer as aforesaid, to call upon the Commissioners to repair or maintain such roads, or to provide such means of elementary education as may seem to the Lieutenant-Governor fit; and in case they shall not within three months make due provision for the same, to authorize the Magistrate to collect and apply to these purposes any of the municipal taxes hereinbefore authorized to be imposed.

Commissioners may be required to contribute towards the cost of Government schools.

139. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to direct the Commissioners of any Municipality to contribute the whole or a part of the cost of any elementary school established within such municipality, provided that in no case shall the contribution made under this section for any one year exceed one-sixth part of the balance of the Municipal Fund available, after the cost of police has been met, for carrying out the purposes of this Act. An elementary school shall be deemed to be a vernacular school or a school with a vernacular department, provided that the fee for each vernacular scholar at such school be not more than one anna per month.

PART IX.—MUNICIPAL REGULATIONS.

CHAPTER I.

Duties of Commissioners, &c.

Limits of the operation of this Part.

140. The provisions of this and the next succeeding Part shall not have force in any Municipality until they shall have been specially extended thereto, and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to extend any or all of the sections in this Part to any Municipality created under this Act, and the said Lieutenant-Governor shall have power to withdraw any Municipality from the operation of all or any of the sections of this Part.

Names of streets and numbers of houses.

141. The Commissioners may cause a name to be given to any road and affixed in such place or places as they may think fit, and may also cause a number to be affixed to every house in every road for the purpose of identifying such house; and the Commissioners at a meeting may cause such names and numbers to be altered.

Places of deposit for filth.

142. The Commissioners shall provide all cattle, carts, and implements required for the removal of night-soil, dung, and other filth, and shall, from time to time, appoint or provide places convenient for the deposit of such night-soil, dung, and other filth, and for keeping all cattle, carts, and implements, required for the removal thereof, and for other purposes of conservancy.

Occupiers of houses to remove night-soil, &c., to carts of Commissioners.

143. It shall be the duty of the occupier of every house within the limits of any Municipality to remove from his premises all night-soil, dung, and other filth into carts provided by the Commissioners for the purpose of carrying away the same, and at such times and in such manner as the Commissioners may direct. Provided that if the occupier of any house shall prefer to carry away the said night-soil, dung, or other filth, it shall be open to him to do so in conformity with the provisions of Section 146 of this Act.

Proviso.

All rubbish collected to be the property of Municipal Commissioners.

144. All dirt, ashes, rubbish, sewage, soil, dung, and filth, collected by the Commissioners from the roads, houses, privies, sewers, and cess-pools, shall be held to be the property of the said Commissioners, who shall have power to sell and dispose of the same; and the money arising from the sale thereof shall form part of the Municipal Fund.

Dust boxes in streets.

145. The Commissioners may cause any number of movable or fixed dust boxes, or other convenient receptacles wherein dust and rubbish may be temporarily deposited until removed and carried away, to be provided and placed in convenient situations, and may require the occupiers of houses in roads to cause all such matter as aforesaid to be deposited daily, or otherwise periodically, in the said receptacles.

Removal of night-soil.

146. The Commissioners shall from time to time fix the hours within which it shall be lawful to remove night-soil or other such offensive matter, and the manner in which such night-soil or other offensive matter shall be removed.

Inspection of drains, privies, and cess-pools.

147. The Commissioners, or any officer appointed by them for that purpose, may inspect all privies, drains, and cess-pools within any Municipality at any time between sunrise and sun-set, after six hours' notice in writing to the occupier of any premises in which such privies, drains, or cess-pools are situated, and may, if necessary, cause the ground to be opened where they or he think fit for the purpose of preventing or removing any nuisance arising from such privies drains, or cess-pools.

All public streams, &c., to be under direction and control of the Commissioners.

148. All public streams, channels, watercourses, tanks, reservoirs, springs, and wells in any town shall, for the purposes of this Act, be under the direction and control of the Commissioners.

Bathing places, &c.

149. The Commissioners shall have power to set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks, or parts of rivers, streams, or channels, not being private property, for the inhabitants to bathe in, and also to set apart tanks or other places for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, or comfort of the inhabitants.

Power to require unwholesome tanks on private premises to be cleansed or drained.

150. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to require, by notice in writing, the owner of any premises to cleanse any private tank, and to drain off and remove any waste or stagnant water within any such premises which may appear to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood; and if such owner refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition during eight days from the service thereof, the Commissioners, their officers, and workmen, may enter such premises, and do all such necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid as they shall think fit; and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the

owner of such premises so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Power to clear noxious vegetation and to improve bad drainage.

151. Whenever any lands or premises being private property or within any private enclosure, appear to the Commissioners to be, by reason of thick or noxious vegetation or want of drainage, in a state injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to require, by notice in writing, the owner or occupier of the premises to clear and remove such vegetation or drain such premises, and if he do not within one week after such notice begin to cut, clear, and remove such vegetation, or to drain such land, and do not complete such work with the due diligence, the Commissioners, their officers and workmen, may after forty-eight hours' notice, enter into the said premises, and do all necessary acts for the purpose aforesaid as they shall think fit, and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner or occupier of such premises, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Power to drain off and cleanse stagnant pools in open places.

152. The Commissioners may, from time to time, as they see fit, drain off into any sewers, and cleanse and fill up or otherwise abate, any stagnant pool, ditch, tank, pond, or other receptacle of water (the same not being within any private enclosure) which shall appear to them to be useless or unnecessary, or likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants, whether the same be the private property of any person or not.

Chapter 2.

Penalties.

Altering names of streets, &c.

153. Whoever wilfully removes, obliterates, or destroys any name or number affixed under section 141 of this Act, or under the provisions of any Act hereby repealed, shall be liable on conviction by a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

Depositing dirt in streets, &c.

154. Whoever commits any nuisance, or deposits, or permits his servants to deposit any dust, dirt, dung, ashes, garden, kitchen, or stable refuse or filth of any kind, or any animal matter, or any broken glass or earthenware, broken brick, mortar, or other rubbish, in any road or on the pavement or verandah of any house, or on any ground between the house and the road, or any public quay, jetty, or landing place, or on any part of a river bank, whether above or below high water-mark, except in such places and in such manner and at such hours as shall be fixed by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Allowing sewerage to flow on public highway.

155. Whoever causes or allows the water of any sink or sewer, or any other offensive liquid matter, belonging to him or being on his land, to run, drain, or be thrown or put upon any road or public highway; or causes or allows any offensive matter from any sewer or privy to run, drain, or be thrown into a surface drain in any such road or highway, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees.

Penalty on occupier of a house not removing filth.

156. Whoever, being the occupier of a house within the limits of any Municipality, keeps or allows to be kept for more than twenty-four hours, or otherwise than in some proper receptacle, any dirt, dung, night-soil, filth, or any noxious or offensive matter, in or upon the roof of such house, or in or upon the roof of any outhouse, or in any yard or ground attached to, and occupied by the occupier of such house, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Filthy houses.

157. Whoever, being the owner or occupier of any house, building, or land within any Municipality, whether tenantable or otherwise, suffers the same to be in a filthy or unwholesome state, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees, and to a further penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after conviction for such offence during which the offence is continued.

Licensed public necessaries.

158. It shall also be lawful for the Commissioners to grant to such persons and for such period as they think fit, licenses to keep privies for public accommodation, subject to such conditions as may be necessary for the preservation of public health and decency. Any such person holding such license, and failing to observe the conditions prescribed in such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees. Provided that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, at any time, on giving one month's notice in writing, to cancel any license granted under this section.

Throwing rubbish into sewers.

159. Whoever throws or puts, or permits his servants to throw or put any earth, dirt, or other filth, rubbish, or night-soil into any sewer not specially appropriated for such purpose by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Fouling water by bathing, &c.

160. Whoever, except as permitted by the Commissioners, bathes in any public stream, channel, water-course, tank, reservoir, spring, or well, or in any other manner fouls the water thereof, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Penalty for keeping sheep-pen, &c., in a filthy state.

161. Whoever being the owner or keeper of any cattle, sheep, or pigs, suffers the stall, pen, or place in which they are kept, in or near any road or public highway, to be in a filthy or noxious state, or neglects to employ proper means to remove the filth therefrom, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and to a fine not exceeding three Rupees for every day after conviction for such offences during which the offence is continued.

Chapter 3.

Conservancy works.

Common privies.

162. The Commissioners shall provide and maintain, in sufficient numbers and in proper situations, common privies and urinals, and shall cause the same to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

163. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to prescribe the form or construction of privy which the owner or occupier of any house or building within the limits of the Municipality may have on his premises; and such owner or occupier shall have such privy shut out by a wall or fence from the view of persons passing by or residing in the neighbourhood; and any such owner or occupier having a privy constructed in a form different from that prescribed by the Commissioners, or failing to shut it out from public view in the manner hereinbefore directed, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees a day for each day of default or breach of the provisions of this section after written notice duly given by the Commissioners to such owner or occupier.

Construction of privy.

164. All public sewers, drains, and other works for conservancy existing in any Municipality at the time this Act comes into operation, or which may afterwards be made, shall be under the direction and control of the Commissioners.

Sewers and drains, &c., under control of the Commissioners.

165. All public sewers, or other works for the improvement, or the conservancy hereafter required in any Municipality shall be constructed under the direction of the Commissioners, who shall be empowered to purchase any land necessary for such purpose from funds at their disposal; or such land shall, if necessary, be taken under the sanction of Government, under the provisions of any Act heretofore passed, or which shall hereafter be passed, for the acquisition of land for public purposes.

Sewers, &c., to be constructed under the direction of the Commissioners.

166. All branch drains, and all privies and cess-pools within any town, shall be under the survey and control of the Commissioners, and shall be repaired and made efficient at the cost of the owners of the lands and buildings to which the same belong. If any such owner neglect, during eight days after notice in writing, to repair and make the same efficient in such manner as may be required by the Commissioners, the Commissioners shall cause such drain, privy, or cess-pool to be made efficient, or, if necessary, removed, and the expense of such removal or repair shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Branch drains, privies, &c., under control of Commissioners.

167. If any such drain, privy, or cess-pool is constructed, after the passing of this Act, contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioners, or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or if any person, without the consent of the Commissioners, constructs, re-builds, or unstops any drain, privy, or cess-pool, which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, every person so doing shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees. And the Commissioners may cause such drain, privy, or cess-pool to be removed, or may cause such amendment or alteration to be made therein as they think fit; and the expense thereof shall be paid by the person by whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool was improperly constructed, re-built, or unstopped, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for making drains, &c., contrary to Commissioners' orders.

CHAPTER 4.

Obstructions in the road.

168. Whoever builds any wall or erects or sets up any fence, rail, post or other obstruction or encroachment, in any road or public highway, or in or over any open drain sewer, or aqueduct along the side of any such road or highway, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees: and the Commissioners shall have power to remove any such obstruction or encroachment; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the person erecting the same, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Future obstructions in highway.

169. Whoever displaces, takes up, or makes any alteration in the pavement or other materials, or in the fences or posts of any road or public highway without the consent in writing of the Commissioners, or without other lawful authority, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Taking up pavements.

170. The Commissioners may give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any house or building as aforesaid, to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, which after this Act shall have taken effect, shall be erected or placed against or in front of such house or building, if the same overhangs, or juts into, or in any way projects or encroaches upon, or is an obstruction to the safe and convenient passage along any road or public highway, or obstructs, or projects or encroaches into or upon any uncovered aqueduct, drain, or sewer in such road or highway; and such owner or occupier shall, within fourteen days after the service of such notice upon him, remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the Commissioners, and in default thereof shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees; and the Commissioners in such case may remove or alter such projection, encroachment or obstruction; and the expense of such removal or alteration shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Projections from houses erected in future to be removed.

171. The Commissioners may cause any such projection, encroachment, or obstruction erected or placed against or in front of any house or building in any road or public highway before this Act shall have been extended to the place, to be removed or altered as they shall think fit; provided that notice be given of such intended removal or alteration to the occupier of the house or building against, or in front of which such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall be, thirty days before such alteration or removal is begun; and they shall make reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration.

Removal of existing projection from houses.

Notice of removal.

Compensation when to be made.

172. Whenever any house or building, part of which projects beyond the regular line of a road or public highway or beyond the front of the house or building on either

Houses projecting beyond line of highway, when taken down to be set back.

side thereof, shall be taken down in order to be re-built or altered, the Commissioners may require the same to be set back to, or towards the line of the road or highway, or the line of the adjoining houses or buildings, and shall make reasonable compensation to the owner of such house or building for any damage he may thereby sustain.

Power to trim hedges and trees bordering roads.

173. The Commissioners may give notice to the owner or occupier of any land to cut and trim any hedges or trees which overhang any road or public highway, so as to obstruct the passage; and in the event of such notice not being complied with within eight days from the date of service thereof, the Commissioners may cause the said hedges or trees to be cut and trimmed in the manner required; and the expense incurred by the Commissioners in respect thereof shall be paid by the owner or occupier, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Roofs and external walls not to be made of inflammable materials.

174. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners, by a by-law to be made in manner hereinafter provided, to direct that the external roof and walls of huts or other buildings about to be erected or renewed in or near any road or public highway shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other such inflammable materials.

Penalty for not lighting deposits of building materials or excavations.

175. No person intending to build or take down, alter, or repair any building, shall deposit any building materials or make a hole in or near any public highway, without the permission of the Commissioners, and when such permission is granted to any person, he shall, at his own expense, cause such materials or such hole to be sufficiently fenced and enclosed until the materials are removed, or the hole is filled up or otherwise made secure; and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night: and whoever so deposits materials or so makes a hole without such permission, or fails to fence or enclose and cause to be lighted such materials or hole, or remove such materials or fill up or otherwise make secure such hole when the permission has been withdrawn, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day while the offence is continued after twenty-four hours' notice from the Commissioners.

Dangerous places to be repaired or enclosed.

176. If any house or other building, tank, well, or hole or other place, whether on public or private ground be, for want of sufficient repair or protection, dangerous to human beings, the Commissioners shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and also to the occupier of the premises, if any, and shall also cause notice to be put on some conspicuous part of such premises, requiring the owner, or occupier, if any, forthwith to take down, secure, repair, or protect such building, tank, well, or hole, or other dangerous place; and if such owner or occupier do not, within three days after such notice, begin to comply with the requisition, and do not carry on the work to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, they may cause the same to be taken down, secured, repaired, or protected, so as to prevent danger therefrom; and the expense of such work shall be paid by the owner or occupier of such property so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Houses, &c., in a ruinous or dangerous state.

177. If, in any road any house, building or wall, or anything affixed thereon, be deemed by the Commissioners to be in a ruinous state or likely to fall, or in any way dangerous, they shall forthwith give notice in writing to the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and also to the occupier thereof, if any, requiring such owner or occupier to take down or secure the same within a fixed time; and in default the Commissioners shall cause such repairs to be made or such buildings to be removed; and the expense thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the premises so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Occupier may retain or recover cost of works executed at his expense from owner, and one owner may enforce contribution from other owners.

178. Whenever, under the provisions of this Act, any work is required by the Commissioners to be executed, or any alterations or improvements to be made in any building, premises, or place, and such work, alterations, or improvements are executed by the occupier of such house, place, or premises, or by the Commissioners, at his expense, the cost thereof may be deducted by such occupier from the next and following payments of his rent due or becoming due to such owner, or may be recovered by him in any court of competent jurisdiction. Provided always, that in case the occupier has a beneficial interest in such building, premises, or place, he shall deduct or recover such sum only as will bear the same proportion to the entire cost of such work, alteration, or improvement, as the value of the owner's interest bears to the value of the joint interest of him and the occupier. And provided also, that in case the rents issuing out of any such building, premises, or place belong to more persons than one, who are entitled to the same, either as being joint proprietors of such building, premises, or place, or as having intermediate and other interests therein, the cost of any work, alteration, or improvement as aforesaid payable by the owner, shall be borne by such persons in proportion to their respective interests, and any one or more of such persons, who may have been compelled to pay more than a just proportion in the first instance, shall have like remedies against the others, for enforcing contribution by them, as are hereby given to the occupier as against the owner.

Sale of materials of ruinous houses, &c.

179. The materials of any such house, building, wall, or other structure or any part of the same which may be pulled down as provided in Section 176, may be sold by the Commissioners, and the proceeds of such sale applied to the payment of the expenses incurred. Any overplus of such sale shall on demand be restored to the owner of such house, building, or wall, and if unclaimed shall, after the lapse of twelve months, be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

Chapter 5.

Regulation of certain offensive trades and of Burial and Burning Grounds.

Penalty for establishing certain offensive and dangerous trades within limits to be fixed by the Commissioners.

180. Within such limits as may for the purposes of this section be fixed by the Commissioners, no premises shall be newly used except under license from the Commissioners, for any of the following purposes, namely, for melting tallow, for boiling offal or blood, or as a soap house, oil-boiling house, dyeing house, tannery, brick pottery or lime kiln, or other manufactory or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise, or as a yard or depôt for hay, straw, wood, or coal; and whoever without a license uses any such premises for such purpose, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

No burial or burning place henceforth to be formed without leave of Government, or of Commissioners.

181. No burial or burning ground, whether public or private, shall be made or formed after the passing of this Act, otherwise than by or under the authority of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, without a license from the Commissioners; and whoever shall bury or burn, or cause, permit, or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpse in any burial or burning ground made or formed without such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

Commissioners may order certain burial or burning places to be closed.

182. If, upon the evidence of competent persons, it shall appear to the Commissioners that any burial or burning ground is in such a state as to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof, and also that a suitable place for interment or burning, as the case may be, exists within a convenient distance and is available, the Commissioners, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal previously obtained, may, by notification to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the ground, appoint a time, not being less than two months, for the closing of such burial or burning ground, and whoever, after the time so appointed, buries or burns, or causes or permits to be buried or burned, any corpse therein, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Chapter 6.

Vaccination and Inoculation.

Operation of this chapter.

183. In any Municipality where the Lieutenant-Governor may consider that proper and sufficient arrangements have been made for the vaccination or inoculation with the cow-pox of the inhabitants thereof, the practice of inoculation shall be prohibited with effect from such date as may be notified by the Lieutenant-Governor at the time of the extension of this Chapter to such Municipality.

Penalty for inoculating or otherwise producing small-pox.

184. Any person who shall thereafter produce, or attempt to produce, in any person, by inoculation with variolous matter, or by wilful exposure to variolous matter, or to any matter, article, or thing impregnated with variolous matter, or who shall wilfully, by any other means whatsoever, produce the disease of small-pox in any person, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding three months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, or to both.

Penalty for entering into any place, subject to this Act, without a proper certificate, before forty days from date of inoculation.

185. If any person having been inoculated with the small-pox in a place to which the provisions of this Act shall not at the time be applicable, shall afterwards enter the town of Calcutta, or any other town or place to which such provision shall then be applicable, before the elapse of forty days from the date of such inoculation, or without a certificate from a qualified medical officer, stating that such person is no longer likely to cause contagion, such person shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding three months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, or to both.

Mode of procedure.

186. Whenever a Magistrate shall sentence an offender to fine under this Chapter, it shall be lawful for such Magistrate to award any portion not exceeding one-half of such fine to the person on whose information such offender has been convicted.

Part X.—Municipal Markets.

Power to grant licenses for markets.

187. If shall be lawful for the Municipal Commissioners to grant licenses for the use of any place as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit and vegetables within the Municipality.

Duration of license, and terms on which granted.

188. Every license to be granted under the provisions of this Act shall be in force until the next ensuing the day therein named for the commencement thereof, and the said Municipal Commissioners shall grant such license whenever it shall be certified to them in writing, under the hand of the Vice-Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners, that such place is fit to be used as a market.

Vice-Chairman bound to certify fit places.

189. The Vice-Chairman, upon the application in writing of the owner of any such place, shall certify under the preceeding section, unless such place be defective as a market in drainage, ventilation, water-supply, or proper width of paths and ways therein.

Penalty on permitting unauthorized places to be used as markets.

190. Whoever wilfully or negligently permits any place within the limits aforesaid to be used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables, without a license under this Act, shall, unless such place shall have been used as a market for the sale of similar articles at the time of the passing of this Act, be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees; and shall also be liable to a further penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day during which the said offence shall be continued.

Power to close unlicensed places

191. Whenever three convictions under the provisions of the next preceding section shall have been pronounced in respect of the same place, it shall be lawful for the

Magistrate, on the application of the Municipal Commissioners, to order such place to be closed, and thereupon to appoint persons, or otherwise take order, to prevent such place being so used; and every person who shall sell or expose for sale, meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables in any place which shall have been so closed shall be liable for each offence to a fine which may extend to ten Rupees.

Present markets to be registered.

192. The owner or lessee of every place within the limits aforesaid at the time of the passing of this Act used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables, shall, within six months of the passing of this Act, register, or cause to be registered, the same in a book to be kept for that purpose by the Municipal Commissioners at their office, in which shall be stated the name of the owner thereof, and of the lessee, the extent and boundary of the market, and the description of articles sold therein.

Mode of registration.

193. Such registration shall be made on the application in writing of the owner or lessee, or some one of the owners or lessees thereof, and every such application shall contain the particulars hereinbefore required to be set out in the registration.

Transfers to be registered.

194. Every transfer of interest in any such market as last aforesaid shall be in like manner registered within two months after the date of transfer.

Penalty on omission to register.

195. Any market which, or the transfer of which, shall not be duly registered under the preceding sections shall be deemed to be a place not used as a market at the time of the passing of this Act.

Power to Municipal Commissioners to construct markets.

196. The Municipal Commissioners may from time to time, if they shall think fit, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, provide places within the said town for the purpose of being used as municipal markets, and may charge such rents, tolls and fees as to them may seem fit for the use of or right to expose goods for sale in such markets, and for the use of shops, stalls and standings therein.

Recovery of fees.

197. All such rents, tolls, and fees which shall be imposed shall be recoverable by the Municipal Commissioners from the persons liable to pay the same, as if the amounts payable in respect thereof were rates due to the Commissioners from such persons under the provision of this Act.

Power to make rules for Municipal markets.

198. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to make bye-laws for the establishment and publication of a price-current by measure, weight, or tale of the articles sold in Municipal markets under this Act, and for prescribing the mode of sale of such articles.

Power to expel persons breaking regulations.

199. It shall be lawful for the Municipal Commissioners to expel from any such market any person who or whose servants may be convicted of disobeying any such bye-law, and to prevent such person by himself or his servants further carrying on any trade or business in such market, or occupying stalls or shops therein, and to determine any lease or tenure which such person may have in any such stall or shop.

PART XI.—JURISDICTION OF COMMISSIONERS IN MUNICIPAL AND OTHER CASES.

Jurisdiction of Commissioners

200. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to direct that any two or more Commissioners of any Municipality may exercise within the limits of such Municipality the powers of a Magistrate in respect of all or any of the offences under the following provisions of this Act, namely, Sections 69, 76, 77, 79, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 97, 117, 118, all the sections of Parts IX and X, and the rules and bye-laws which may be framed under any Section of this Act, and also in respect of all offences named in the Penal Code which may be triable under the Criminal Procedure Code by a subordinate magistrate of the first class. When such direction shall have been notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*, then any person accused of an offence, or liable to a penalty under or in persuance of the above-mentioned provisions of this Act, shall be tried by a bench of not less than two Commissioners sitting together. With respect to any matter which may, under this section, be transferred to the jurisdiction of the Commissioners, the powers, duties, and authority of the Magistrate shall cease. Provided that if the Commissioners, or a bench of the Commissioners, refuse or omit to act under this section, the Magistrate may, with the sanction of the Commissioner of the Division, resume for such time as he may seem fit the functions transferred to the Commissioners under this section. It shall be competent to the Lieutenant-Governor to amend, modify, or recall any direction notified under this section. In case of difference of opinion between the members of a bench of Commissioners, the opinion of the majority shall prevail; when the numbers are equally divided, the opinion of the senior Commissioner shall prevail. The provisions of this section shall not be held to affect the appellate jurisdiction of the Magistrate of the district, under Chapter XXX of the Code of Criminal Procedure, or the powers of supervision vested in the Magistrate of the district by section 434 of the same Code.

Bye-laws for Benches.

201. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners at a meeting to make bye-laws for regulating the rotation in which, and the place at which, the Commissioners shall sit to decide cases under the next foregoing section, and to assign from the Municipal Fund salaries to clerks and other servants who may be appointed by the Commissioners to serve in the courts of benches of Commissioners sitting under the next preceding section.

PART XII.

THIRD CLASS MUNICIPALITIES.

Appointment of punchayets.

202. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of this and the next succeeding Part to any place not being a I or II Class Municipality, and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to delegate the power of extending the said provisions to such officers as he may see

fit. After such extension shall have been notified the Magistrate of the district may by a writing under his hand and seal appoint not less three and not more than five persons to be a punchayet in such place. Provided that no punchayet shall be appointed for any place in which there shall be less than sixty houses, and provided that no punchayet shall be appointed in any place, until a Magistrate shall, in personal communication with some of the residents of such town, have explained to them the general duties of a punchayet.

Power to make unions of places.

203. If two or more places containing together not less than eighty houses are so situate that some house in one of such places is situate within one mile of some house in each of the others, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to form such places into a union, and for the purposes of this part such union shall be deemed to be a village.

Election of punchayet.

204. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate of the district to permit or cause the election of a punchayet, under such rules as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe for any place, instead of appointing such punchayet under section 201 of this Act. The Magistrate of the district shall have power to accept resignations and to fill up vacancies in punchayets either by election or by appointment. Every member of a punchayet shall hold office until a successor be elected or appointed. But no person shall be eligible for membership of the punchayet of any place, unless he a resident in such place, or the proprietor or holder of land therein or his local agent, provided that such proprietor or local agent shall not be eligible for membership unless he be resident within one mile from some part of such place.

Power to appoint punchayet on application of villagers.

205. Whenever the majority in number of the adult male residents in any place or in two or more places so situate as in section 202 is set forth shall by a writing signed by them apply to the Magistrate of the district for the appointment of a punchayet in such place or places, it shall be lawful for him to appoint a punchayet under this Part in such place or places without regard to the number of houses therein contained, and all the provisions of this Part shall apply to such punchayet and to such place or places.

Limits of Municipalities.

206. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate of the district to declare by a writing under his hand and seal what shall be the limits of any Municipality constituted under this Part. But in any case where no such declaration is made, the limits of a Municipality under this Part shall be taken to be the boundaries of the area of the village or villages which constitute such Municipality.

Municipal taxation.

207. It shall be lawful for the punchayet of any Municipality constituted under this Part to impose within the limits of such Municipality the tax described at section 31 clause (*a*) of this Act, provided that the average annual tax on each holding shall not exceed one rupee.

Manner of assessment.

208. The assessment to the tax imposed under the next foregoing section shall be made by the punchayet, subject as far as may be to the provisions of sections 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40 of Part III, Chapter 2 of this Act in respect to Commissioners, provided that it shall not be necessary to send any list or notice of assessment under this part anywhere outside the place for which the assessments may be framed; and provided that any person dissatisfied with his assessment may appeal orally or in writing to the punchayet, who shall consider and decide finally on such appeal; and also that the Magistrate may call for the list of assessment of any village, and that he shall call for such list on the application of ten tax-payers of such villages, and may pass such orders on any such list as he may think fit.

Collection of the tax.

209. Every punchayet shall appoint one of their number to receive and collect the tax, and to grant receipts for the same and to keep the accounts thereof, and it shall be lawful for the punchayet to permit the person so appointed to retain any sum not exceeding six per cent. of the amount collected by him to re-pay the costs of such collection.

Manner of realization.

210. The collecting member of the punchayet shall collect the tax due every quarter, following, as near as may be, the procedure laid down in sections 99, 100, 102, 104, 105, and 107 of Part IV of this Act, provided that the collecting member shall himself do all which must be done by the tax collector or by the Magistrate under the abovementioned sections; and provided that the collecting member be not bound to make use of the forms prescribed in these sections, so long as any warrant of distress issued for tax due under this Part shall be in writing, and shall be under the hand of the collecting member.

Appeal against distress.

211. Any person against whom distress may issue under the next foregoing section may, if he dispute his liability to the arrear demanded of him, apply to the Magistrate either orally or in writing, and the Magistrate, after hearing the applicant's statement and making such enquiry as he may see fit, shall pass such order as he may deem proper on the application.

Application of tax.

212. The proceeds of the tax levied under this part, together with any fines realized under this Act, and any other sum which may become applicable for the purposes of this Act, shall constitute a fund which shall be called "The Village Fund;" and such fund shall be applicable to the payment of chowkeedars, and the balance after payment of chowkeedars shall be applicable to the supply of drinking water to the residents or to their cattle, to simple conservancy operations, and to the support of *patshalas* or village schools.

Appointment of chowkeedars.

213. The punchayet of any place shall be bound to appoint such persons to be chowkeedars as they may deem fit, and to assign them salaries out of the Village Fund; provided that not more than one chowkeedar be appointed to every sixty houses, and that the salary of a chowkeedar be not less than three rupees a month, subject to reduction on account of the revenue due on any chakran lands enjoyed by such chowkeedar.

214. On the appointment of any chowkeedar the punchayet shall give to him a certificate signed by them of such his appointment, specifying therein the rate of salary at which he has been appointed, and he shall within seven days produce such certificate at the police station within the limits of which his village may be situate, and the officer in charge of such station shall cause the particulars of such certificate to be registered in a book to be kept in such station for the purpose of such registration, and shall report the same to the Magistrate.

Registry of chowkeedars by the police.

215. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate if he see fit to dismiss any chowkeedar for misconduct or neglect of duty, and the punchayet shall thereupon appoint a successor. It shall be lawful for the punchayet to dismiss or fine to the extent of one month's salary any chowkeedar for neglect of duty or misconduct, provided that such chowkeedar may within sixty days appeal to the Magistrate against such dismissal or fine, and the Magistrate shall thereon make such enquiry and pass such order as he may see fit.

Dismissal and fine of chowkeedars.

216. Every chowkeedar appointed under the provisions of this Part shall perform the following duties:

Duties of chowkeedar.

(1) He shall give immediate information to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which the village is situate of every unnatural, suspicious, or sudden death which may occur, and of every offence specified in the final section of this Part which may be committed within the village of which he is chowkeedar, and he shall further keep the police informed of all disputes which are likely to lead to any riot or serious affray.

(2) He shall arrest all proclaimed offenders, and all persons whom he may find in the act of committing any offence specified in the final section of this Part.

(3) He shall observe, and from time to time report to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which the village may be situate, the movements of all bad characters in such village.

(4) He shall report to the officer in charge of such police station the arrival of suspicious characters in the neighbourhood.

(5) He shall present himself at such station twice in each week, if such station be within two miles of the village, and if it be more remote once in each week, or once in each fortnight as the Magistrate may direct.

(6) He shall supply any local information which the Magistrate or any officer of police may require.

(7) He shall obey the orders of the punchayet in regard to keeping watch in the village and other matters connected with his duties as chowkeedar.

217. Whenever the chowkeedar may arrest any person, such chowkeedar shall forthwith take the person so arrested to the police station within the limits of which such village is situate, provided that if the arrest is made at night, such person shall be so taken, as soon as convenient, on the following morning.

Procedure on arrest by chowkeedars.

218. The punchayet shall exercise a general control over the chowkeedars, and every member of such punchayet who may know or be informed of the commission within the village of any offence specified in the final section of this Part shall forthwith cause the same to be reported by the chowkeedar to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which the village may be situate, and on failure of the chowkeedar, such member shall himself report the same to such officer.

Control of chowkeedars by punchayet.

219. Every chowkeedar shall receive, month by month, the full amount of his salary from the member of the punchayet appointed to collect the tax.

Mode of paying chowkeedars.

220. Whenever the salary of any month shall not be paid in full to any chowkeedar on or before the 15th of the month following, such chowkeedar may apply to the Magistrate, who shall call upon the punchayet within ten days to show cause why they should not pay the amount due to such chowkeedar, and the Magistrate after hearing the punchayet shall pass such order as he may deem fit directing the punchayet or any member thereof to pay the chowkeedar's salary, or directing distraint of the property of the punchayet or any member thereof to the amount of the arrear due to the chowkeedar.

Application by chowkeedar for payment of his salary.

221. All powers vested in the punchayet for the appointment and dismissal of chowkeedars and for fixing the number of chowkeedars to be appointed and the rate of their pay, and for making and levying the assessments hereinbefore directed to be made, may be exercised by the Magistrate or any person whom the Magistrate may by any writing under his hand authorise on that behalf, in case the punchayet shall, for fifteen days after a notice from the Magistrate to exercise such powers or any of them, refuse or neglect to exercise the same, and the Magistrate shall be bound to enquire into any matter concerning the due observance of the provisions of this part in any village whenever ten adult tax-payers may make a representation to the effect that the punchayet's proceedings require supervision or amendment.

Powers of punchayet may be exercised by the Magistrate.

222. The punchayet shall be bound to affix once in every quarter on a conspicuous place in the village, or in each village of their circuit, an account of the receipts and expenditure of the quarter next preceding. Any ten adult tax-payers of the village may, if the accounts are not published, or if they are dissatisfied with such accounts, make a representation to the Magistrate who shall be bound to supervise the same.

Accounts.

Jurisdiction of a punchayet.

223. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to invest all or any of the members of a punchayet with powers described in Section 200 of this Act so far as the same are applicable. Two or more of the members so invested may thereafter sit together under such bye-laws as to rotation, days of sitting, and place of sitting, as the Magistrate may from time to time prescribe, and so sitting shall have jurisdiction within the limits of their municipality. All the provisions of the said section with respect to Commissioners shall apply to members of a punchayet invested with powers as aforesaid so far as the said provisions are or may be applicable.

PART XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Service of notice.

224. Every bill, notice, schedule, summons, or notice of demand, regarding any assessment, rate, or tax or any money due in respect of the same, may be served personally upon the person to whom the same is assessed, or be left at his usual place of abode with some adult male member or servant of his family, or if it cannot be so served, may be put up on some conspicuous part of such place of abode, and shall thereby be deemed to be duly served.

Proviso.

Provided that, if the place of abode of the owner of any house, building, or land in respect of which a rate is assessed be unknown, or if the owner of any such house, building, or land be not resident within the limits of the place, every such bill, notice, summons, or notice of demand, shall be deemed to have been duly served, if put up on some conspicuous part of the house, building, or land in respect of which the rate is assessed.

Assessment not to be impeached if the directions of the Act are in substance complied with.

225. No assessment, and no charge or demand of a rate or tax made under the authority of this Act shall be impeached or affected by reason of any mistake in the name of any person liable to pay the rate or tax, or in the description of any property or thing liable to the rate or tax, or any mistake in the amount of assessment, provided the directions of this Act be in substance and effect complied with; and no proceedings under this Act shall, for want of form, be quashed or set aside in any court of justice.

Distress not unlawful for want of form.

226. No distress levied by virtue of this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the notice, schedule, summons, notice of demand, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser *ab initio* on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him; but all persons aggrieved by such irregularity may recover full satisfaction for any special damage sustained by them in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Commissioners may bring suit instead of distraining, or on failure of distress.

227. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of any rates, taxes, expenses, or charges, recoverable under the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Power to make compensation out of the Municipal Fund.

228. The Commissioners may make compensation out of the Municipal Fund to any person sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the Commissioners, their officers or servants, under this Act.

Commissioners empowered to make by-laws.

229. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to make bye-laws, and to repeal, alter, and amend the same, subject to the confirmation hereinafter-mentioned, for regulating the time and mode of collecting the rates and taxes mentioned in this Act, for regulating the conduct of persons employed by them, for the management of all matters connected with conservancy, and for carrying out all the purposes of this Act; and to affix fines as penalties for the infringement of such by-laws. Provided that no by-law shall be repugnant to any law in force, and that no fine for any one infringement of a by-law shall exceed twenty Rupees, and that in case of a continuing infringement no fine shall exceed five Rupees for every day after notice from the Commissioners of such infringement.

Confirmation and publication of by-law.

230. No bye-law or alteration of a bye-law shall have effect until the same shall have been approved and confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and shall have been published for such length of time and in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall order.

Bye-laws until repealed or altered, to be of like effect as if inserted in this Act.

231. All bye-laws, when the same shall have been duly confirmed and published, shall, until the same be repealed or altered, be of the like effect as if they were inserted in this Act.

No action to be brought against the Commissioners or their officers, until after one month's notice of cause of action.

232. No action shall be brought against the Commissioners, or against a punchayet, or any of their officers, or any person acting under their direction, for anything done under this Act until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing shall have been delivered or left at the office of the Commissioners or affixed at some conspicuous place in the village of such punchayet, or at the place of abode of such person, explicitly stating the cause of action and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff; and unless such notice be proved, the court shall find for the defendant, and every such action shall be commenced within three months next after the accrual of the cause of action, and not afterwards; and if any person to whom any such notice of action is given, shall before such action is brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover.

No charge to be instituted under this Act without consent of Commissioners.

233. The Commissioners may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance whatever, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties, and for the punishment of any persons offending against the provisions of this Act, and may order the expenses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund, and no charge of an offence under this Act shall be instituted without the order or consent of the

Commissioners, and no such charge shall be instituted except within three months next after the commission of such offence. Any prosecution under this section shall be instituted before any Magistrate having jurisdiction under the provisions of Chapter XV of the Criminal Procedure Code. The procedure of the above-mentioned code shall apply to all trials of offences under this Act.

234. All the proceedings of the Magistrate of the district, or of a Magistrate under this Act, or of the Municipal Commissioners, except as otherwise specially provided, shall be subject to the control and revision of the Commissioner of the division; and all the proceedings of the Commissioner of the division shall be subject to the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

* Proceedings of Magistrate of district and Commissioner of division respectively, subject to control of Lieutenant-Governor.

SCHEDULE A.

(Referred to in Section 5.)

ACTS REPEALED.

Number of Act.	*Title.*
Act XXVI of 1850 ...	To enable improvements to be made in towns.
Act XX of 1856 ...	To make better provision for the appointment and maintenance of police chowkeedars in cities, towns, stations, suburbs, and bazaars in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.
Act XXI of 1857 ...	To make better provision for the order and good government of the suburbs of Calcutta and of the station of Howrah.
Act XII of 1858 ...	For raising funds for making and repairing roads in the suburbs of Calcutta and the station of Howrah.
Act III (B.C.) of 1864, or District Municipal Improvement Act.	For the appointment of Municipal Commissioners in towns and other places in the provinces under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and to make better provision for the conservancy, improvement, and watching thereof, and for the levying of rates and taxes thereon.
Act IV (B.C.) of 1865 ...	For the prohibition of the practice of inoculation in the town and suburbs of Calcutta and in towns to which Act III of 1864 has been or shall hereafter be extended.
Act VI (B.C.) of 1867 ...	For the better regulation of the police in towns and municipalities in the territories under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
Act VII (B.C.) of 1867 ...	For amending Act III of 1864.
Act II (B.C.) of 1868 ...	For amending the District Municipal Improvement Act.
Act VI (B.C.) of 1868, or District Towns Act, 1868.	For providing for the better regulation of the police in towns under the control of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, and for the conservancy and improvement thereof.

SCHEDULE B (referred to in section 36).

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.

An assessment made for [*here describe the Municipality for which the assessment is made*] upon the several occupiers of houses and other property in the said Municipality pursuant to the Bengal Municipalities Act, 1872, for the purpose of maintaining the conservancy for such Municipality and carrying out the other provisions.

Property occupied.	Names of occupants.	Profession or business.	Amount of quarterly assessment.

Whereas the above assessment has been duly made pursuant to the Bengal Municipalities Act, 1872, and has been revised and settled by me, the undersigned Magistrate of , the several persons whose names are included in the said assessment are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity to the Tax Collector or other person appointed by the Magistrate to receive the same, the first payment on the first day of ( ) and every subsequent payment on or before the first day of ( ) the first day of ( ), and the first day ( ), or in default thereof, any arrear that may be due will be realized by distraint and sale of the personal effects of the defaulter, or of any goods and chattels which may be found on the premises in respect of which such defaulter is assessed, and such other proceedings adopted for the recovery of the same as allowed by law.

Dated this day of

Magistrate of

SCHEDULE C.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 58.)

Tax on Carriages, Horses, and Elephants.

	Rs. p. quarter.
For every 4-wheeled carriage on springs drawn by two horses ...	4 8
For every 4-wheeled carriage on springs drawn by one horse or pony, or a pair of ponies under thirteen hands ...	1 8
For every 4-wheeled carriage without springs ...	1 8
For every 2-wheeled carriage on springs	2 4
For every 2-wheeled carriage without springs, drawn by a horse, pony, or mule ...	0 12
For every horse ...	2 4
For every pony under thirteen hands or mule ...	0 12
For every elephant ...	6 0

Ponies under eleven hands, and children's carriages the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, exempt.

SCHEDULE D.

(Referred to in Section 70.)

License on Professions, Trades, and Callings.

CLASS I.

	Yearly. Rs.
Every Joint-Stock Company	100

CLASS II.

	Rs.
Every Merchant, Banker, Shroff, Banian, wholesale Trader, and Commission Agent, and every practising Surgeon, Physician, Dentist, Architect, Civil Engineer, Barrister, Attorney, Proctor, Notary Public, and Pleader of the High Court	50
Every owner or farmer of a hât or bazaar.	
Every owner of Cotton, Jute, Hide, or other Screws and every Auctioneer ...	

CLASS III.

Every Broker or Daloll employed in the wholesale transfer or purchase of Imports or Exports, or in the sale of Government Securities, Shares, and Bills of Exchange, or in procuring Freight.	25
Every Practising Licentiate of Medicine, Apothecary, and Veterinary Surgeon...	
Every keeper of a Spirit-shop, Panchhouse or Billiard-room, wholesale Tobacco or Jute Depôt	25
Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer or Trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Section at more than 250 or less than 100 Rupees a month...	
Every Pawn-broker, and every person having a shop or place of business registered under Section ...	
Every Pleader, Mooktear, or Law Agent, not included in Class II.	

CLASS IV.

Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding and Lodging House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer or Trader, whose shop or place of business is kept in a brick-house, but not included in Class II. or Class III.	12
Every keeper of a permanent stall at a daily public market or in a chouk ...	
Every Poddar or Money-changer ...	
Every Hakeem, Koberaj, and Native Doctor, not included in any other Class	

CLASS V.

Every keeper of a shop not included in any other Class, and every Daloll not included in Class III....	4
Every Pedlar, Hawker, Box-wallah, and keeper of a shop at a periodical market or hât	

CLASS VI.

All other itinerant dealers and keepers of stalls at periodical markets or hâts ...	1

NOTE.—A person who carries on several kinds of business, and may come under more than one of the designations in this schedule, shall be chargeable only under one of such designations at the discretion of the Chairman or of the sub-committee as the case may be, and in the case of a firm consisting of two or more persons, payment by any one of such persons shall be considered to be payment b the firm.

SCHEDULE E.

(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 91.)

Maximum rates of tolls payable on entering the municipal limits.

	Rs.	As.	P.
On every four-wheeled carriage on springs	0	8	0
Ditto two-wheeled ditto ...	0	4	0
On every cart, hackery on springs, or cart drawn by men, buffaloes, bullocks, horses, ponies, asses, or mules laden	0	4	0
Ditto ditto not laden ...	0	2	0
On every buffalo or bullock laden ...	0	1	0
Ditto horse laden or ridden ...	0	2	0
Ditto ditto not laden or ridden ...	0	1	0
Ditto pony or ass laden or ridden	0	1	0
Ditto elephant ditto ...	1	0	0
Ditto camel	0	4	0

SCHEDULE F.

FORM A.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 104.)

Notice of Demand.

Municipality of ( )

To of

Take notice that the sum of Rs. being the amount of assessment due from you to the Fund of the said Municipality is hereby demanded from you, and that if you do not, within ten days, pay the same with two annas as the cost of this notice into the office of , the same with costs will be levied by distress and sale of your goods and chattels.

(Sd.)

Magistrate of

FORM B.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTIONS 104 and 105.)

Table of Fees payable upon distraints under this Act.

Sums distrained for	Fee. Rs.	As.
Under 1 Rupee	0	4
1 and under 5 Rupees	0	8
5 „ 10 „	1	0
10 „ 15 „	1	8
15 „ 20 „	2	0
20 „ 25 „	2	8
25 „ 30 „	3	0
30 „ 35 „	3	8
35 „ 40 „	4	0
40 „ 45 „	4	8
45 „ 50 „	5	0
50 „ 60 „	6	0
60 „ 80 „	7	8
80 „ 100 „	9	0
Above 100 „	10	0

The above charge includes all expenses including the service of notice of demand, except when peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case three annas must be paid daily for each man.

FORM C.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 105.)

Warrant of Distraint.

To (here insert the name of the officer charged with the execution of the warrant.)

Whereas of has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of Rupees due for rates (*or taxes*) or rates [*and taxes*] mentioned in the margin for the months of 18 , although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said , and ten days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand: This is to command you to distrain the property of the said to the amount of the said sum of Rupees and such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, and if within ten days next after such distress the said sum shall not be paid together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charge of taking and keeping such distress, to sell the said property, and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of Rupees and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, to return the surplus (if any) on demand to the person whom you shall find in possession of the said property. If sufficient distress cannot be found of the property of the said you are to certify the same to us together with this warrant.

(*Signature of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.*)

FORM D.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 105.)

Form of Inventory and Notice (state particulars of goods seized).

Take notice that I have this day seized the property specified in the above inventory for the sum of Rupees due for the rates (*or taxes*) mentioned in the margin for the months of 18 , and that unless you pay into the office of the Municipal Commissioners of the amount due, together with the costs of this distress within ten days from the day of the date of this notice, the property will be sold.

(*Signature of the officer executing*

Date *the warrant of distress.*

FORM E.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 105.)

Returns of Sales.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
District.	Names of defaulters.	Amount of defalcation.	Amount cost or penalty.	Inventory of property seized under distress.	Date of distress.	Date of sale.	Property sold.	Amount realized on each article.	Purchaser's name.	Balance.

SCHEDULE G.—(referred to in Sections 115 and 116.)

18 . *Births in the Municipality of*

No.	When born.	Nationality or caste.	Name, if any	Sex.	Name of Father.	Profession of Father.	Signature, description, and residence of informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

SCHEDULE H.—(referred to in Sections 115 and 116.)

18 . . *Deaths in the Municipality of*

No.	When died.	Nationality or caste.	Name.	Sex.	Age.	Profession.	Cause of Death.	Signature, description, and residence of informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THERE are at present four different laws, besides several amending Acts, under which municipalities in Bengal are administered. The present Bill has been framed with the view of consolidating these different enactments into a single law. Opportunity has been taken to enlarge the powers of Municipal Commissioners; to lay less municipal work and responsibility on the shoulders of Magistrates; to make Municipal Commissioners elective; and in other ways to afford more scope for municipal self-government. The Bill provides for three classes of municipalities; in two classes the governing body will be Municipal Commissioners, while the rural townships in the third class will be administered by punchayets. Municipal Commissioners will have power to adopt one or more of the ordinary forms of Indian municipal taxation, but for punchayets only one form of local taxation will be available. Municipal funds will be devoted to police and to ordinary municipal purposes; and it is proposed to permit of their expenditure on the maintenance of education and on then relief of exceptional distress. Village funds in third class Municipalities shall, it is proposed, be applicable to the payment of chowkeydars, to the maintenance of *patshalas* or rural schools, and to the supply of drinking water. Power is taken for Government or its officers to intervene in cases where Municipal Commissioners or a punchayet may fail to maintain sufficient police, or where elementary education may not be available at reasonable cost. Provision is made for members of municipal bodies sitting for the trial of petty offences committed within the limits of their townships.

In respect of nuisances, of conservancy, of vaccination, of town markets, and such like matters, the Bill adopts the provisions of existing Municipal Acts.

C. BERNARD.

The 9th December 1871.

HERBERT COWELL,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

THE following Bill was read in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 9th March 1872, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report therein in one month:—

A Bill to provide for the due appropriation of certain educational and charitable endowments.

Preamble.

WHEREAS there are at present endowments granted in money or in land for certain educational and charitable purposes, in respect of which either no person has been originally nominated a trustee, or there is now no trustee living or capable of being appointed under the instrument of endowment; and whereas it is expedient to provide for their due appropriation and management; It is enacted as follows:—

Vesting of endowment.

1. All moneys or lands heretofore granted, or which may be hereafter granted by any person or persons for any charitable or educational purposes, within any district within the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, for which no person or persons have been nominated trustees or trustee, or for which there may not be any living trustee, or any power of appointing a trustee under the instrument of endowment, are hereby vested in such trustees as the said Lieutenant-Governor shall, as soon as possible after the passing of this Act, nominate, as hereinafter provided.

Appointment of trustees.

2. For every district in respect of which any such endowments have been made whereof at the time of the passing of this Act or thereafter there shall not be any trustee living or capable of being appointed under the instrument of endowment, the said Lieutenant-Governor shall nominate trustees in whom such endowments shall vest; provided that the chief executive officer of such district shall be nominated as one of the trustees in respect of such endowments. Such trustees shall have in all respects the same powers and responsibilities in relation thereto as if they had been appointed by the donor thereof under the instrument of endowment, and where there is no instrument of endowment, they shall be subject in all respects to the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor.

Appropriation of endowments.

3. It shall be the duty of such trustees to take order that all endowments so vested in them as aforesaid shall be duly appropriated to the purposes for which they were destined by the respective donors thereof, so far as the same can be ascertained, and to invest the same in Government securities, and to apply the yearly proceeds or income thereof to the purposes aforesaid, subject in all respects to the general instructions of the Lieutenant-Governor; provided that the trustees may, with the sanction of the said Lieutenant-Governor, devote any portion of the capital sum or value of the said funds to any especial object for the furtherance of the above-mentioned purposes.

Suits in court.

4. Any person interested in the purposes to which any endowment, not being for a purely religious purpose, may have been intended may, without joining as plaintiff any of the other persons interested therein, sue before the civil court the trustee, manager or superintendent by whom such endowment may be administered, or any trustee appointed under this Act, for any misfeasance, breach of trust, or neglect of duty, committed by such trustee, manager, or superintendent, in respect of the trusts vested in or confided to them respectively, and the civil court may direct the specific performance of any act by such trustee, manager, or superintendent, and may decree damages and costs against such trustee, manager, or superintendent, and may also direct the removal of such trustee, manager, or superintendent. The interest required in order to entitle a person to sue under this section need not be a pecuniary or a direct or immediate interest, or such an interest as would entitle the person suing to take any part in the management or superintendence of the trusts. Provided that any trustee, nominated under this Act, shall not be liable for damages on account of any act done or omitted by him *bonâ fide* for the furtherance of the objects of the trust; and provided also that any costs which may be awarded against any trustee as aforesaid in a suit instituted under this section may, if the said trustee be found to have acted *bonâ fide*, be defrayed from the endowment vested in such trustee under this Act.

New trustees.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time nominate and appoint a new trustee or trustees for any endowment which by virtue of this Act has been vested as aforesaid, and also may at any time remove any trustee so appointed as aforesaid.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

IN some districts of Bengal there are certain educational and charitable endowments for which there are no properly constituted trustees. The present Bill is introduced to enable the Government to appoint standing trustees, who shall be responsible for the care of such endowments.

C. BERNARD.

The 2nd March 1872.

HERBERT COWELL,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Revenue and General Departments.

No. 605 R.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 9th March 1872.—The following gentlemen are appointed to form a committee for the management of the Setapore Madrassa, *viz*:—

The Collector of Hooghly.
Moulvi Dilawar Husain.
Moulvi Abdur Rahim.

The 12th March 1872.—Moulvi Abdur Rashid to be Sub-Registrar of Assurances of the Sub-district of Gopalgunge.

Moulvi Abdul Mahi to be Sub-Registrar of Assurances of the Sub-district of Bhangah.

The 13th March 1872.—Mr. Henry Leland Harrison, B.A., to have charge of the office of Inspector of Schools, South-West Division, in addition to the duties connected with his present special appointment, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. R. L. Martin, or until further orders.

The 14th March 1872.—Moulvi Mufizuddin Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tipperah, is transferred to Dacca.

The 15th March, 1872.—Mr. Arthur C. Tute, C.S., to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Patna Division.

The following gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Rungpore, *viz* :—

Mr. George Morsely McMullen Ridsdale.
Babu Gopal Chandra Basu, B.L.
„ Raut Mal.
„ Syama Mohan Chakravarti, B.L.

The 16th March 1872.—Mr. Henry Giraud Cooke, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, to have charge of the Sub-division of Cox's Bazar in Chittagong, and to be ex-officio Assistant to the Deputy Commissioner of the Chittagong Hill Tracts. In addition to the powers with which he is already vested, Mr. Cooke is empowered, under Section 38 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to hold the preliminary inquiry into cases triable by the Court of Session or the High Court, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Session or the High Court, and to exercise all the powers necessary for that purpose.

Mr. Alfred Wallis Paul, B.A., Assistant Magistrate and Collector of Cox's Bazar, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Chittagong for the present.

The 18th March 1872.—Mr. Trevor John Chichele Plowden to officiate as Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, until further orders.

Mr. William Henry Ryland, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, to have charge of the Sub-division of Serampore.

Mr. Edmond Breton Godfrey, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to have charge of the Sub-division of Serampore till the arrival of Mr. William Henry Ryland, or until further orders

Mr. J. G. Farquharson to officiate as an Extra Assistant Commissioner in Kamroop. Mr Farquharson is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class.

Babu Nobin Krishna Sarkar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to have charge of the Sub-division of Jehanabad, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Syama Charan Chattarji, or until further orders.

Mr. Richard Lea to be Sub-Registrar of Assurances of the Sub-district of Tezpore, having its Head-Quarters at the Sudder Station of the District of Durrung.

The 19th March 1872.—Mr. William Mearns Souttar, M.A., to officiate as Collector of Stamps in Calcutta, and Superintendent of Abkarry Revenue in Calcutta, 24-Pergunnahs, and Hooghly, as far as the Sulkeah Thannah under Act XXI of 1856, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. James Mackenzie, or until further orders. Mr. Souttar is vested, under Section 22, Act XXI of 1867, with the powers of a Collector of Land Revenue for the purposes of the Act in Calcutta, the 24-Pergunnahs, and Hooghly, and also with the powers of a Collector under Act XII of 1871 in the town of Calcutta and its Suburbs. This appointment will have effect from the 16th instant.

Mr. Guybon Henry Damant, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Dinagepore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate.

Mr. Francis Henry Bennet Skrine, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Rajshahye, is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class.

Moulvi Muhammad Ishaq, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to have charge of the Sub-division of Bhubooah, in Shahabad.

Mr. Hamilton Winkup Gordon, Assistant Magistrate of Barh, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Tirhoot.

Babu Gopal Chandra Das, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on special duty at Patna, to have charge of the Sub-division of Barh. Babu Gopal Chandra Das is vested with the powers of a Magistrate.

Mr. James Crawfurd, B.A., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, to have charge of the Sub-division of Durbhangah.

Moulvi Wilayat Husain, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to have charge of the Sub-division of Sherghotty.

Babu Dhanesh Chundra Ray, recently appointed to officiate as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the Patna Division, is posted to Chumparun.

Babu Lachmi Náráyan, recently appointed to officiate as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the Patna Division, is posted temporarily to the Sudder Station of Tirhoot.

Babu Ram Charan Basu, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to have charge of the Sub-division of Bagirhaut. Babu Ram Charan Basu is vested with the powers of a Magistrate.

Babu Uma Charan Ganguli, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Bagirhaut, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Jessore.

Mr. Charles Augustus Skipwith Bedford, Extra Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Sub-division of Burhee, is transferred to the Sonthal Pergunnahs.

Mr. Rawson Hart Boddam to officiate as an Extra Assistant Commissioner in the Sonthal Pergunnahs. Mr. Boddam is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate, Second Class.

Babu Amarnath Bhuttáchárjya recently appointed to officiate as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the Rajshahye Division, and vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate, Second Class.

Mr. Edward Hardcastle Ruddock, B.A., to officiate as a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade.

Leave of Absence.

The 13th March 1872.—Assistant Surgeon Thomas William Sheppard, Principal Assistant to the Opium Agent of Benares, is allowed thirty days' preparatory leave from the date on which he may be relieved, to enable him to appear before the Medical Board at Bombay.

The 14th March 1872.—The preparatory leave which was granted to Mr. Edward Stewart, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Purneah, in orders of the 16th ultimo, is extended to the 28th instant.

The 16th March 1872.—Mr. Charles Campbell Quinn, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy

Collector of Jessore, is allowed subsidiary leave from the 20th instant, for a period not exceeding thirty days, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on furlough.

Mr. William Rea Larminie, C.S., having reported his arrival at Bombay on the 3rd instant on his return from furlough, is allowed subsidiary leave from the 4th idem, for a period not exceeding thirty days, to enable him to join his appointment.

The 18th March 1872.—Mr. Robert Henry Wilson, B.A., Officiating Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, for three months, under Section XIX of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules, from any date in the first week of April next, on which he may avail himself of the leave.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 16th March 1872.—Mr. Rowland Vyner Cockerell, C.S., reported his arrival at Bombay on the evening of the 7th instant on his return from furlough.

The 19th March 1872.—The leave granted to Babu Gopál Chandra Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Burdwán, under orders of the 23rd January last, is cancelled at his own request.

The services of the Reverend William Alexander Duke, B.A., Chaplain of Dinapore, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 8th instant.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION.

The 18th March 1872.—In making recent appointments to the Subordinate Executive Service of Officers who have passed the tests now prescribed, the Lieutenant-Governor has warned them that he will expect them to maintain active habits, and to keep up the habit of riding, so as to be capable of moving about rapidly in the execution of their duty.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor now directs that after communication with the district Magistrates, each divisional Commissioner shall submit to Government a roll of the officers of the Uncovenanted Subordinate Executive Service at present employed in his division, showing which of them are of active habits, can ride or walk long distances about the country, and are fit for active executive work; and which can only travel by palkee, or are otherwise unfit for active work. It should be impressed upon all Officers of the Subordinate Executive Service, especially the younger Officers, that their promotion, and their employment in important posts, will much depend on their qualifications for active duty. Officers now acting as Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, or as Extra Assistant Commissioners, must be given to understand that they will not be confirmed in their appointments unless they are found to possess the qualifications prescribed for those now entering the service. These Officers, as well as all others of the Subordinate Executive Service who are capable of learning, should be encouraged to learn to ride and to survey, and to pass an examination in those subjects.

Ordered, that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to all Commissioners of Divisions, and Magistrates and Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Ordered, also, that this Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for the information of all concerned.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th March 1872.—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to pass the following orders connected with the departmental examinations of junior members of the Covenanted Civil Service, the Subordinate Executive Service, the Non-Regulation Commission, Police, &c.

1. Natives of Hindustan serving in Behar and Hazareebaugh shall not be required to pass in Bengali, but it will be optional with them to do so, and those who do pass will be eligible for service and promotion in Bengal as well as in Behar.

2. Officers other than natives of Hindustan, will not be required to pass in Hindustani, but may do so, and will then be eligible for service and promotion in Behar and Hazareebaugh, (except Palamow,) as well as in Bengal.

3. These exemptions are not applicable to officers in the Police, who must pass in both Bengali and Hindustani as now, unless specially exempted.

4. As to Covenanted Civil Servants, the present rule remains in force, that is, that they must pass in both the languages, and unless they so pass will have no claims to the full powers of a Magistrate, and to the full pay of Rs. 500, although the higher powers may be conferred on them if the public service requires it.

5. These relaxations of the existing rules are experimentally introduced, and it may be found necessary to revert to the present requirements that all officers should qualify in both the vernacular languages.

6. It should be understood that officers of all departments who have hitherto been required to pass the examinations are still required to pass them as modified by these rules.

7. The next examination will be held about the end of May, and the exact date will be notified hereafter.

The following Rules which have been laid down for the next examination, are published for general information:—

LANGUAGE EXAMINATION.

(1.) For Covenanted and other officers alike one paper shall be prepared in each of the test languages, the first half of which shall be in an easier style than the rest. Of the total number of marks assigned to the whole paper, 50 shall be allotted to the first portion, and 50 to the second. To pass for the Lower Standard, 25 marks at least in the first part must be obtained, and to pass for the Higher Standard, 50 on the whole; of which 25 must be obtained in the second part.

(2.) Covenanted Civil Servants will be required to pass by the Lower Standard in languages only.

EXAMINATION IN LAW.

(3.) All other officers will be required to pass for the lower standard—

I.—In a paper confined to Criminal Codes, which shall be prepared specially for this standard, and for which the use of books will be allowed;

II.—In part of the general paper of Local Laws, &c., as described below, which is to be answered without books.

(4.) All examinees will be required to pass for the Higher Standard in two papers containing questions on Local Laws, Regulations, and Rules, (Revenue and Criminal).

One of these papers, which is to be answered without the use of books, will be so arranged as to serve as a test for officers by both standards; it will contain a certain number of questions, to the first half of which 100 marks will be assigned and to the last half 120; 50 marks obtained in the first half of the questions will pass officers for the Lower Standard, and a total of 120 will pass for the Higher Standard, provided that at least 60 of those 120 be obtained in the latter half of the questions.

The other paper, for which the use of books will be allowed, will be confined to the examination for the Higher Standard.

Local Laws, Regulations, and Rules, in which the examination will be without the aid of Books.

Regulations I, VIII, and XLVIII of 1793, and XII of 1817.

Regulations I and II of 1819.

Regulation VIII of 1819.

Regulations VII of 1822, IX and XI of 1825, and IX of 1833.

Acts IX of 1847, XXXI of 1858, and IV (B.C.) of 1868.

Act XI of 1859.

Acts VII (B.C.) of 1868 and VIII (B.C.) of 1869.

Acts XXI of 1856* and XXIII of 1860.*

Act V of 1861.

Act VIII of 1871.*

Bengal Council Act X of 1871.*

The Municipal Act in force for Lower Bengal.†

In which the examination will be with the aid of books.

All the Acts of Parliament‡ relating to India, Acts of the Government of India, Bengal Regulations, and Bengal Acts; Circulars of Bengal Government, the High Court, and the Board of Revenue, of the Inspectors-General of Police, Jails, and Registration.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th March 1872.—The Bye-laws for landing and delivery of goods at the jetties of the Commissioners for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta having been published for three successive weeks in the *Calcutta Gazette*,* it is hereby notified for general information that under the provisions of Section 83 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to approve of these Bye-laws.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

* Gazette of 21st Feb. 1872, pages 551-52.
" of 28th " " " 647-49.
" of 6th Mar. " " 702-3.

* As to the laws which are marked thus* a knowledge of the principles and general scheme of the law will be sufficient. Acquaintance with the executive details and other particulars will not be required.

† As the existing Municipal Acts are about to be reconsidered, no questions will be set on Municipal Acts at the next examination.

‡ As it is doubtful whether the Acts of Parliament are now readily accessible to officers in the mofussil, no questions will be set on them before the second examination of 1872, by which time officers can provide themselves with a collection of these Acts.

The 1st March 1872.—The following Resolution of the Government of India is published for general information:—

No. 1580.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Accounts.

Fort William, the 1st March 1872.

Read again—

Financial Resolution No. 189 of the 12th January 1872, resolving that mechanics and people of a like class engaged by the Secretary of State for service in India shall be allowed the option of drawing a portion of their salaries in England.

Read—

Office Memorandum from the Military Department, No. 1310 of the 27th January 1872, enquiring whether there is any restriction as to the proportion of the salaries which they can draw.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to decide that such an officer shall be allowed to draw in England a maximum amount of one-half of his salary.

ORDERED, that a copy of the foregoing Resolution be forwarded to the several Departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, the Comptroller-General, the Mint Master, the several Accountants-General, and Deputy Accountants-General in independent charge.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th March 1872.—It is hereby notified that the declaration of the 1st June 1871, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 7th idem, for taking up land for a rifle range at Nulooah, Pergunnah Boro, Zillah Hooghly, is cancelled.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th March 1872.—In supersession of the Notification of the 14th February 1872, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, page 574, the following is published for general information:—

It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act (VIII of 1871), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to form the following sub-districts in the district of Backergunge:—

A new sub-district, with head-quarters at Nalchiti, shall comprise that portion of the thannah of that name which is situated south of the Nalchiti river.

Another new sub-district, with head-quarters at Jhalokati, shall include that portion of the thannah of Nalchiti which is situated north of the Nalchiti river.

A third sub-district, with the head-quarters at Backergunge, shall be conterminous with the thannah of that name.

The sudder sub-district of Burrisaul will thus comprise the thannahs of Burrisaul and Mehdigunge only.

This Notification shall take effect on and from the 1st April 1872.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 1227.—*Fort William, the* 11*th March* 1872.—*Notifications.—Public.*—The Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Mr. J. R. Muspratt to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service from the 1st instant.

No. 1234.—*The* 12*th March* 1872.—The undermentioned Covenanted Civil Servants have been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified against their names :—

* * * * *

Mr. J. J. Livesay, six months (medical certificate).

The following Orders issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

LEAVE AND ALLOWANCES.

The 13*th March* 1872.

No. 1835.—The following extract from a Resolution No. 4806, recorded in this Department on the 31st October 1871, is published for general information :—

> "The Governor General in Council is pleased to empower local Governments to lay down rules for the grant to Uncovenanted Servants of leave of absence for the purpose of attending examinations, provided that the rules prescribed are not more liberal than those sanctioned for Covenanted Officers."

2. In the above extract, the term "local Governments" includes local Administrations.

The 14*th March* 1872.

No. 2008.—In supersession of existing rules regarding leave of absence from duty to public servants in the Civil Department, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Civil Leave Code.

As regards Covenanted Civil Servants, no change is made, except that it is expressly laid down that no officer can have "ordinary" furlough if he have rendered less than three years' service; a restriction which, in the rules of 1868, was only implied.

As regards Uncovenanted Servants, the Code includes the recent orders of the Secretary of State, published in the *Gazette of India* of the 17th February last, but the following changes have been made in the original form of the rules :—

Sections of the proposed rules.	*Change.*
IV.	The qualification is three years' service, and not three years' "active" service.
VIII (*b*).	The restriction in the last sentence is omitted.
IX.	Special leave without allowances is not reckoned as leave taken, in calculating the amount of furlough due.
	An officer is entitled to allowances during his second special leave for any period by which his first may have fallen short of six months.
XXI.	The additional week at the end of furlough is not admitted.
XXII.	Leave on medical certificate without allowances is not reckoned as furlough taken.

One or two of the subsidiary rules are slightly altered, *e. g.*, 24, 9; and a few rules regarding procedure, which were not in the first Code, have been inserted; and a proviso has been added in section 6 (*b*).

The new rules for the Uncovenanted Service shall be deemed to have come into effect on the 3rd January 1871, being the day on which the despatch of the Secretary of State, No. 451, dated 6th December 1871, was received.

Officers who have taken leave since the 3rd January 1871 may apply for any additional allowances to which, by the rules now published under the orders of the Secretary of State, they may be entitled. But no reductions are to be made in the allowances of officers now on leave, in consequence of the leave allowances being calculated on "average salary" instead of on pay.

THE CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

CHAPTER I.—Preliminary.

„ II.—Definitions.

„ III.—Furlough.

„ IV.—Special Leave of Absence.

„ V.—Subsidiary Leave of Absence.

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THE CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

Extent of Application.

Section 1.—LEAVE of absence from duty may be granted under the rules in this Code—

Covenanted Servants.

(*a*), to all Covenanted Civil Servants of the Crown in India, except—

Lieutenant-Governors;

Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor General, or of the Governor of Madras or Bombay;

Judges of the High Courts;

Uncovenanted Servants.

(*b*), to all Uncovenanted Civil Servants of the classes enumerated in Schedule A, who either have been, or may hereafter be, appointed to the service of the Government of India by, or with the special sanction of, Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, or who may be specially admitted to the benefit of these rules.

Servants under contract.

1. Servants under contract are not entitled to leave except in accordance with the terms of their contract. But if a servant of the class defined in clause (*b*) of this section is, by the terms of his contract of service, entitled to leave under the Uncovenanted Service Leave Rules, the rules referred to shall be held to be the rules in this Code.

Section 2.—Leave of absence from duty may be granted under the rules in the Supplements to this Code—

(*a*), to the officers excepted under Section 1 (*a*), (Supplements A, B. & C);

Barrister Judges.

(*b*), to the following officers, being barristers-at-law, or advocates of one of the High Courts of India, or of the Court of Session of Scotland, viz.,—

Judges of the Chief Court of the Panjab;

First Judges of Small Cause Courts of Presidency Towns;

Recorder of Rangún;

Secretary to the Council of the Governor General for making Laws and Regulations;

(Supplement C).

(*c*), to Law Officers of Government (Supplement D).

Chaplains.

(*d*), to Chaplains (Supplement E);

Uncovenanted Servants.

(*e*), to Uncovenanted Servants other than those mentioned in Section 1 (*b*), (Supplement F).

Discretion of Government.

Section 3.—Leave of absence can never be claimed absolutely, as of right. Nothing in these rules must be understood to limit the free discretion of the Government to refuse or revoke leave of absence of any description, at any time, according to the exigencies of the public service.

(1). If a Local Government, under this Section, refuse furlough to an officer of the Bengal Covenanted Civil Service, it should report the refusal for the sanction of the Government of India in the Home Department.

CHAPTER II.

DEFINITIONS.

Section 4.—In these rules—

(*a*) "Active service" includes, besides time spent on duty:— Active Service.

(1). Privilege leave of absence.

1. "Privilege leave" includes the corresponding leave, (then called "short leave on private affairs" and "leave on private affairs"), under the Covenanted Service Leave Rules in force before the 1st July 1868.

(2). Subsidiary leave of absence.

1. "Subsidiary leave" includes the corresponding leave, (then called "special leave") under the Covenanted Service Rules in force before the 1st July 1868; and also preparatory leave under the Uncovenanted Service Leave Rules.

In the case of Covenanted Civil Servants, it includes also—

(3). The interval between the date of an officer's first arrival in India and the date on which he joins his first appointment.

1. The date of an officer's first arrival in India is held to have been as follows:— Arrival in India.

Before the 31st January 1868,—the date of his actual arrival in India.

From the 31st January 1868 to the 4th May 1869, inclusive,—the date on which he reported his arrival at the capital town of the Presidency to which he was attached; or if he was attached to the North-West Provinces, the Panjab, or Oudh, and had permission to come to India *vid* Bombay, the date on which he reported his arrival at Bombay.

On and after the 5th May 1869,—the date on which he reports his arrival either at the seat of the Government to which he is attached, or at any other station to which he is ordered, or permitted to proceed direct.

2. If an officer does not join his first appointment within the joining time allowed him, the interval between the end of such joining time and the date on which he actually joins, is not active service.

(4.) Time passed in India, out of employ, on subsistence allowance, but not on furlough.

1. If a Covenanted Civil Servant on his first arrival in India is unable, from illness, to proceed to the seat of the Government to which he is attached, or to any other station to which he is ordered, the local Government in whose jurisdiction he is, may, on medical certificate, grant to him a subsistence allowance of Rs. 250 a month, for not more than two months. Time thus spent is not active service.

(5). Leave of absence within the limits of the East India Company's Charter, which counted as service and residence under the Covenanted Service Leave Rules in force before the 8th June 1855.

(6). Leave of absence on urgent private affairs granted before the 3rd January 1863.

1. Examination leave of absence is also "active service;" provided that not more than twelve months can be so reckoned to any officer.

2. One year of leave of absence of medical certificate was reckoned as "residence" under the Covenanted Service Leave Rules in force before the 1st July 1868, but is not "active service."

(*b*) "Extraordinary leave" means leave of absence granted otherwise than under the rules in this Code or its Supplements. Extraordinary leave

Example. Leave in extention of the three years admissible under Section 7.

Continuous service.

(*c*) "Continuous service" and "continuous active service" mean the service, and active service, of an officer since his last return from leave of the following kinds, namely:—

in the case of a Covenanted Civil Servant, furlough or extraordinary leave, lasting more than three months;

in the case of an Uncovenanted Civil Servant, furlough, special leave, or extraordinary leave, whether more or less than three months;

or, if he have not had such leave, since the beginning of his active service.

No leave can be included in continuous service, except—

in the case of a Covenanted Civil Servant, privilege leave and special leave.

in the case of an Uncovenanted Civil Servant, privilege leave.

1. Examination leave may also be included, unless the officer have already had twelve months such leave.

Pay and salary.

(*d*) "Pay" means substantive pay. The term includes also the subsistence allowance of a Covenanted Civil Servant who has an officiating, but not a substantive appointment. "Salary" is the sum of pay and acting allowance.

1. Personal allowance is, for the purposes of this Code, to be taken as part of an officer's substantive pay.

2. "Salary" does not include house-rent, tentage, or travelling allowances, whether daily, monthly, or annual; nor does it include "local allowances," which are paid in full to the officer performing the duty for which they are given, no part being allowed to an absentee.

Local Government.

(*e*) "Local Government" includes a Department of the Government of India, a Chief Commissioner, and the Resident at Hydarabad.

CHAPTER III.

FURLOUGH.

Section **5**.—The amount of furlough admissible to a Covenanted Civil Servant, and the aggregate amount of furlough and of special leave with allowances, admissible to an Uncovenanted Civil Servant, is limited to six years. All the rules in the Code are subject to this limitation.

Aggregate admissible.

Explanation.—The following leave under other rules is counted as furlough under this Section:—

In the case of a Covenanted Civil Servant,—furlough, and leave with allowances on medical certificate, under former rules.

In the case of an Uncovenanted Civil Servant,—furlough, leave with allowances on medical certificate, and leave on private affairs, under former rules or under the rules in Supplement F of this Code.

Section **6** (*a.*)—The amount of furlough "earned" by an officer is one-fourth of his active service.

Proviso.—Provided that, in making this calculation for an Uncovenanted Civil Servant, only half of the active service rendered by him in offices other than those included in Schedule A, shall be taken into account.

1. The whole of the active service rendered while officiating in any of the offices included in Schedule A, is to be taken into account.

(*b.*) The amount of furlough "due" to an officer is the amount which he has earned, diminished by— Amount due.

First, in the case of a Covenanted Civil Servant,—

(1) the amount of furlough which he has enjoyed under these or any former rules, except junior furlough under the rules in force before the 8th June 1855;

(2) the excess over one year in the amount of leave with allowances on medical certificate which he has enjoyed under former rules.

Secondly, in the case of an Uncovenanted Civil Servant,—

(3) the amount of furlough or special leave with allowances which he has enjoyed under these or any other rules;

(4) the amount of leave on private affairs or on medical certificate with allowances which he has enjoyed under the rules formerly applicable to him.

1. Leave of the kind described in Section 4 (*a* 5) is not counted against an officer under this section, or under Section 5.

Proviso.—Provided that if more than two years' furlough be due to an Uncovenanted Civil Servant when he is first admitted to the benefit of these rules, the excess shall be cancelled.

Section **7** (*a.*)—To an officer who has rendered three years' continuous service, furlough for not more than two years may be granted as follows:— Amount admissible after 3 years' service.

First, on medical certificate,—unconditionally;

See Section 25, Rule 2.

Secondly, without medical certificate,—subject to these provisos—

(1) that the furlough be due to him;

(2) that he have rendered eight years' active service;

(3) that the whole number of officers absent on furlough and special leave do not exceed the limit appointed by the Government of India.

1. Except on medical certificate, or on very urgent private affairs, furlough or special leave may not be granted to a Covenanted Civil Servant in Oudh, the Central Provinces, British Burmah, Ajmír, Mysore and Coorg, and the Berars, if one-fifth of the whole number of officers, Covenanted, Military, and Uncovenanted, serving in the same Commission, are already absent on furlough or special leave. In other Local Governments, it may not be granted, if one-fifth of the whole number of Covenanted Civil Servants serving under the orders of the same Local Government are already absent on furlough or special leave. Limit.

(*b.*) Furlough granted under this section may, on medical certificate, be extended to not more than three years.

Section **8** (*a.*)—To an officer who has not rendered three years' continuous service, furlough for not more than one year may be granted on medical certificate. After less than 3 years' service.

(*b.*) Furlough granted under this section for less than one year may, on medical certificate, be extended to not more than one year.

Section **9** (*a.*)—An officer on ordinary furlough has a lien on his substantive appointment, or on a substantive appointment of a like character and not less pay. Lien.

Explanation.—Ordinary furlough includes— Ordinary furlough.

(1) the first two years of each separate period of furlough under Section 7;

(2) so much of furlough under Section 8 as may be due, provided the officer have rendered six months' continuous active service.

Other furlough.

(*b.*) On other furlough a Covenanted Civil Servant has no lien, but an Uncovenanted Civil Servant has a lien.

1. An officer may not surrender his lien; and a local Government may not fill up substantively an appointment on which an officer has a lien without transferring the officer to another substantive appointment of not less pay. The saving which accrues to the State by paying acting allowances, instead of substantive, must be carefully secured as a set-off against the cost of leave allowances.

2. An officer may have a lien on an appointment without having actually joined it.

3. An officer on furlough has no claim to substantive promotion; but there is no objection to such promotion.

4. An officer on furlough has no lien on an acting appointment.

ALLOWANCES On ordinary furlough.

Section **10** (*a.*)—An officer on ordinary furlough is entitled, subject to the limitations prescribed in clauses (*b*) and (*c*) of this section, to a leave allowance equal to half the average salary which he has earned during so much of his continuous active service as is within the three years preceding the day on which he gives up office.

Provided that subsidiary leave shall not be included in active service under this section, nor periods during which an officer has been out of employ in India, otherwise than as a penalty for misconduct.

Limits.

(*b.*) The maximum leave allowance of a Covenanted Civil Servant on ordinary furlough is, if paid at the Home Treasury of the Government of India, £250 a quarter, and if paid in India, Rs. 833⅓ a month. The minimum is, if paid at the Home Treasury, £125 a quarter, or his last salary, whichever is less, and if paid in India, Rs. 416⅔ a month, or his last salary, whichever is less.

(*c.*) The maximum leave allowance of an Uncovenanted Civil Servant on ordinary furlough is, if paid at the Home Treasury of the Government of India, £200 a quarter, and if paid in India, Rs. 666⅔ a month. There is no minimum limit.

1. An officer on furlough does not forfeit his past leave allowance by resigning the service without returning to India.

On other furlough.

Section **11**.—An officer on furlough, other than ordinary, is entitled, if a Covenanted Civil Servant, to subsistence allowance, and if an Uncovenanted Civil Servant, to £120 a quarter paid at the Home Treasury, or Rs. 400 a month paid in India, or to one quarter of the average salary defined in Section 10 (*a*), whichever is less.

Subsistence allowance.

1. The following are the rates of subsistence allowance for Covenanted Civil Servants:—

To an officer of not more than eight years' actual residence in India	Rs. 250 a month.
To an officer of more than eight, but less than twelve years' actual residence in India	„ 320 „
To an officer of twelve or more years' actual residence in India	„ 400 „

CHAPTER IV.

Special Leave of Absence.

Section **12**.—Special leave on urgent private affairs may be granted at any time, for not more than six months : Amount admissible.

Provided that an officer who has had special leave, must render six years' active service before he can again have such leave.

1. The corresponding leave under the Covenanted Service Leave Rules in force before the 1st July 1868, is "special leave" within the meaning of this proviso.

Section **13**.—An officer on special leave has a lien on his substantive appointment, or on a substantive appointment of a like character and not less pay. Lien.

See Rules under Section 9.

Section **14** (*a*.)—For the first six months for which an officer is on special leave, whether the six months be included in the same leave or not, he is entitled to the leave allowance admissible under Section 10. Allowances.

(*b*.)—Thereafter he is entitled to no leave allowance.

1. The corresponding leave under the rules in force before the 1st July 1868 is "special leave" within the meaning of this section.

CHAPTER V.

Subsidiary Leave of Absence.

Section **15** (*a*.)—Furlough and special leave, out of India, begin on, and include, the date of the departure of the vessel in which the officer sails; and to an officer taking such leave, subsidiary leave, not ordinarily exceeding thirty days, may be granted from the day on which he gives up office, to the day before that on which his furlough or special leave begins. Amount admissible.

(*b*.)—Furlough and special leave, out of India, end on, and include, the date of the arrival of the vessel in which the officer returns; and to an officer coming back from such leave, subsidiary leave, not ordinarily exceeding thirty days, may be granted, from the day after that on which the vessel arrives, to the day before that on which he assumes the office to which he may be appointed.

1. Subsidiary leave may be granted to a Covenanted Civil Servant retiring from the service, to the same extent, and with the same allowances, as if he were going on furlough. To an Uncovenanted Civil Servant, such leave may be given on half pay for fourteen days, but only if it cause no additional expense to the State.

2. Subsidiary leave for more than thirty days may be granted in cases of necessity; but all such grants, and the reasons for them, must be reported to the Government of India.

3. An officer may leave India, or return to India, by any port he likes; but the dates by which the beginning and end of furlough and special leave are determined, are the date of the vessel's departure from the port where he first meets it, and arrival at the port where he quits it. For instance, an officer sailing from Calcutta in a vessel which touches at Madras, counts by the date of departure from Calcutta, and not from Madras. Port of embarkation.

4. The date of the departure of a vessel from Calcutta is held to be the date on which the pilot leaves it at sea.

Reports required.

5. An officer quitting India after subsidiary leave must report his departure to the Local Government which granted him the leave; and he must report his arrival in England to the Secretary of State.

Explanation.—An officer may take furlough or special leave partly in, and partly out of, India. But subsidiary leave is not admissible under clause (*a*) of this section, unless the furlough or special leave begins as furlough or special leave out of India; nor under clause (*b*), unless it ends as furlough or special leave out of India.

1. If an officer remains in India after the end of subsidiary leave under clause (*a*), his furlough or special leave will be held to have begun as furlough or special leave in India, and will be counted from the day on which he gave up office.

Section 16. (*a.*)—An officer on subsidiary leave under clause (*a*) of Section 15 has, or has not, a lien on an appointment according as he has, or has not, such lien on the first day of the leave to which it is subsidiary.

(*b.*)—An officer on subsidiary leave under clause (*b*) of Section 15 has, or has not, a lien on an appointment according as he has, or has not, such lien on the day last preceding the subsidiary leave.

Allowances.

Section 17. An officer on subsidiary leave is entitled to allowances as follows:—

Ordinary furlough.

(*a*) If the leave immediately following, or immediately preceding, the subsidiary leave be ordinary furlough, or if it be special leave, and the officer have not had leave subsidiary to a former special leave,—the allowance admissible under Section 10, but calculated, in the case of a Covenanted Civil Servant, without limitation of maximum or minimum.

Other furlough.

(*b*) If the leave immediately following, or immediately preceding, the subsidiary leave, be furlough other than ordinary, —the allowance admissible under Section 11.

Special leave.

(*c*) If the leave be subsidiary to special leave, and the officer have had leave subsidiary to a former special leave,—no allowance.

(*d*) If the officer, under Section 24, have ceased to have a lien on a substantive appointment,—subsistence allowance in the case of a Covenanted Civil Servant, and no allowance in the case of an Uncovenanted Civil Servant.

1. The corresponding leave under the Covenanted Service Rules in force before the 1st July 1868 is special leave within the meaning of this section.

Privilege leave allowances.

2. An officer may draw allowances as if he were on privilege leave, for any part of his subsidiary leave under clause (*a*) of Section 15, for which, if he were not going on furlough or special leave, privilege leave would be admissible to him.

CHAPTER VI.

Privilege Leave of Absence.

Amount admissible.

Section 18.—Privilege leave may be granted as follows:—

After eleven months' uninterrupted duty,—for not more than one month.

After twenty-two months' uninterrupted duty,—for not more than two months.

After thirty-three months' uninterrupted duty,—for not more than three months.

Officers who have vacations.

1. To Uncovenanted Judicial and Educational Officers, whose duties are not continuous, and who enjoy regular vacations, during which they are allowed to be absent from duty, privilege leave is not admissible except in case of urgent necessity.

2. The Local Government may, with the sanction of the Government of India, impose similar restrictions in the case of Covenanted Officers.

Declaration required.

3. Before privilege leave can be granted to an officer, he must record a declaration that he has no intention of retiring or of taking furlough, special leave, or leave on private affairs or medical certificate, within three months of his return to duty. Though not absolutely debarred by this declaration from applying to retire or to take such leave within the three months, he should, if he does so, explain fully his change of mind.

Qualification.

4. Time spent on subsidiary leave does not qualify for privilege leave. But if an officer returning from leave be, solely for the convenience of the Local Government, and not for any fault of his own, prevented from joining an appointment on which he has a lien, or if he be kept out of employ on subsistence allowance, then duty qualifying for privilege leave begins on the day on which he presents himself to the Local Government ready for duty.

5. When an officer is first appointed to the public service, duty qualifying for privilege leave does not begin until he takes charge of a particular office.

6. "Examination-leave" may, if the examination for which it was granted be successfully passed, count as duty qualifying for privilege leave, unless the officer have already had twelve months' such leave.

7. Suspension as a penalty for misconduct is an interruption of duty within the meaning of this section.

8. If an officer remains absent after the end of examination-leave or of joining-time, the period of absence cannot count as duty qualifying for privilege leave, and unless the absence is accounted for to the satisfaction of the Local Government, it is an interruption of duty within the meaning of this section.

Instalments.

Section 19. (*a*).—If less than the whole amount of privilege leave admissible under Section 18 be at first granted, the rest may be granted afterwards, either at one time, or in instalments:

Provided that no privilege leave may be granted under this clause after less than six months' uninterrupted duty.

1. Officer absent on privilege leave has been recalled to duty on public grounds, the next instalment of the leave may be granted without reference to this proviso.

(*b*) Duty qualifying for fresh privilege leave begins at the end of the leave first granted; and further leave under clause (*a*) of this section, though not counting as duty, does not interrupt duty for fresh privilege leave.

(*c*) Fresh privilege leave, if admissible under Section 18, may be granted in combination with leave under clause (*a*) of this section:

Provided that no length of duty can, under any circumstances, qualify for more than three months' privilege leave.

Lien.

Section 20.—An officer on privilege leave has a lien on his substantive appointment. He has also a lien on his officiating appointment, so long as it is not resumed by an officer having a superior lien on it.

Allowances.

Section 21.—An officer on privilege leave is entitled to a leave allowance equal to the pay or salary which he would earn if he held or officiated in the appointment on which he has a lien.

1. If privilege leave is granted to an officer who holds an appointment sanctioned only for a limited time, and for a special purpose, he is not entitled, during privilege leave, to any special allowance attached to the appointment.

allowances.

2. If an officer on privilege leave obtains officiating promotion which, were he on duty, would, without involving any increase or change of duties or responsibility, entitle him to acting allowance or increased acting allowance, he is entitled to the acting allowance, or increased acting allowance, from the date of such promotion.

3. An officer on privilege leave is entitled to acting allowance, even though another officer be appointed to act for him.

4. If an officer, who has been temporarily promoted from a lower to a higher officiating appointment, takes privilege leave on being relieved of the latter, and the Local Government declares that, on being so relieved, he has reverted to the lower officiating appointment, his allowances on leave shall be calculated as if he had rejoined it.

rent.

5. In Bombay, an officer on privilege leave may draw the house-rent or tentage attached to his appointment, if he places his house or tent at the disposal of the officer, if any, who officiates for him. The officiating officer cannot draw the house-rent or tentage attached to the same appointment. But if the officiating officer, for a reason which the Local Government considers sufficient, refuses the accommodation placed at his disposal, the allowance is to be drawn by him and not by the absentee.

CHAPTER VII.

Examination-Leave of Absence.

nation-leave.

1. A Covenanted Civil Servant, who is a candidate for one of the rewards offered for the study of Oriental Languages, may be allowed leave for one month for the purpose of being examined.

2. If he pass the examination, he may be allowed similar leave for another month.

3. An officer on examination-leave has a lien on his appointment (substantive or officiating), and is entitled to leave allowance, as if he were on privilege leave.

CHAPTER VIII.

Joining-time.

[The rules in this Chapter apply to all officers in civil employ.]

1. Joining-time is the time allowed to an officer to proceed from one station to another when his appointment is changed, or when, being unemployed, he is appointed to any office. An officer is held to be on duty during joining-time, if he is entitled to allowances.

Amount admissible.

2. Joining-time is allowed as follows:—

For that part of the route for which railway is available,—one day for every hundred miles.

For that part of the route for which steamer is available,—one day for every hundred miles, or such longer time as the steamer may actually occupy.

Where neither railway nor steamer is available,—one day for every ten miles.

And six days in addition to the whole thus calculated.

Sundays are excluded in the calculation of joining-time.

3. The full joining-time is allowed only if it is spent *bonâ fide* in preparation for the journey or in progress from one station to another; and no more than three months may be given under any circumstances. The Government also, which orders a transfer, may limit the duration of joining-time.

When leave intervenes.

4. When an officer, after giving over charge of his office at one station on transfer or reversion to another, takes privilege or examination-leave before joining the office to which he has been transferred, or to which he has reverted; or when an officer, while on privilege or examination-leave, is transferred to a station other than that from which he took leave,—he is entitled to joining time in addition to his privilege or examination-leave. The joining-time of an officer transferred during privilege or examination-leave, will be counted from his old station, or from the place where he received the order of transfer, whichever is nearer to his new station.

5. An officer, the head quarters of whose office are not fixed at one station, must, on the expiry of leave, rejoin his office wherever either the head quarters of the office or his *locum tenens* may actually be, provided that the Government or other authority by whom the leave was granted, may, for any public reason, permit or require the officer to rejoin elsewhere.

6. If an officer, during transit from one appointment to another, obtains furlough on medical certificate (with or without subsidiary leave prefixed), he will be allowed only the joining-time calculated for the journey from his old station to the furthest place to which he has proceeded on his route to his new station.

Allowances.

7. Except in the case mentioned in the next rule, an officer draws during joining-time the following allowances:—

(*a*) First, as regards pay,—

the pay which he drew in his old appointment, or that which he draws in his new, whichever is less.

(*b*) Second, as regards acting allowance:—

(1) if transferred from an officiating appointment to an appointment, officiating or substantive, of not less salary,—the acting allowance of his old appointment;

(2) if, after being promoted from a lower to a higher officiating appointment with retention of lien on the lower one, he is relieved of the higher and returns to the lower officiating appointment, or to another appointment, officiating or substantive, of not less salary,—the acting allowance of the lower officiating appointment:

(3) Provided that no officer can draw acting allowance for any appointment after any one having a superior lien on it has resumed it.

8. An officer who has no substantive appointment, and is not in the Covenanted Civil Service or the Army, is not entitled to any allowance during joining-time; but if such an officer, while officiating in an office, is transferred to another office in the same department, and under the same Local Government, the Local Government may allow him to draw, during his transit, the allowance to which he would be entitled under Rule 7.

Illustration.—A, who has no substantive appointment, but is officiating as Sub-Registrar of Assurances in Bardwan, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Rajshahye, and subsequently transferred to officiate as Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Patna, A is not entitled to any allowance during his transit from Bardwan to Rajshahye, but he may be allowed by the Local Government to draw, during his transit from Rajshahye to Patna, the allowance to which he would be entitled under Rule 7.

CHAPTER IX.

Extension and Commutation of Leave.

Extension and Commutation.

Section **22.** Except as provided in Section 15, no kind of leave can be granted in continuation of any other kind; but any leave may be retrospectively changed for any other kind or amount of leave which might at first have been granted:

Provided that the grant, or extension of furlough, under this rule (otherwise than on medical certificate), is subject to Proviso 3 in Section 7 (*a*).

1. Except by the Secretary of State, leave cannot be changed or extended without the permission of the Local Government which originally granted it.

2. Examination-leave may be granted in continuation of privilege leave, but no kind of leave, except furlough on medical certificate, can be granted in continuation of examination-leave.

3. When privilege leave is, on medical certificate, retrospectively changed for furlough out of India, so much of the leave passed before the departure of the vessel in which the officer sails, may be treated as subsidiary leave under clause (*a*) of Section 15, as might have been granted as subsidiary leave, if the officer had originally obtained furlough, and not privilege leave.

CHAPTER X.

Payment of Leave Allowances.

[The rules in this Chapter apply to all officers in civil employ.]

Allowances how payable.

Section **23** (*a*). Leave allowances are payable in India after the end of each month; but an officer on furlough or special leave out of India may, at his option, take payment at the Home treasury of the Government of India.

1. An officer quitting India on furlough or special leave must take with him a last-pay certificate, whether he intends to draw his allowances in England or not. For rules, see next Chapter.

Treasury forms.

2. A gazetted officer may draw his allowances at any treasury in India. If he signs the bill himself, he must either appear in person at the place of payment, or must furnish a life-certificate by a Covenanted Civil Servant, a Magistrate, a Notary, a Banker, or a Minister of Religion. If he draws the allowances through an authorised agent, the agent must either furnish a life-certificate as above, or must execute a bond to refund over-payments. A life-certificate may be given periodically, a bond being given to cover intermediate payments not supported by the life-certificate.

(Forms of life-certificate may be procured at the India Office, London).

3. A non-gazetted officer can draw his leave allowances only at the treasury whence his salary is disbursed, and under the signature of the head of the office to which he is attached; this officer is responsible for any over-charges, and no other security is required.

Exchange with England.

(*b*). If payment be taken at the Home treasury, it is made quarterly, and rupees are converted into sterling at the rate of exchange fixed, for the time being, for financial transactions between the Imperial and the Indian treasuries.

1. If an officer's contract of service contains a stipulation to the effect that "a pound sterling shall be considered equal to and calculated after the rate of ten rupees," his leave allowances shall be converted into sterling at that rate.

CHAPTER XI.

LAST-PAY CERTIFICATE.

(The rules in this Chapter apply to all officers in civil employ.)

Last-pay certificate.

1. No officer (unless he has been newly appointed to the service of Government), can begin to draw pay or allowances at any treasury in India or at the Home treasury of the Government of India, without producing a last-pay certificate from the treasury where his pay or allowances were last disbursed, or from the Accountant General within whose jurisdiction that treasury is.

2. An officer must, if possible, appear personally at the office where his last-pay certificate is completed.

3. The following are the rules and forms prescribed for the issue of last-pay certificates in India.

The cases in which these certificates are given are thus classified :—

Case I.—To an officer proceeding on leave to Europe and embarking at a port in the presidency or province in which he is employed;

Case II.—To an officer proceeding on leave to Europe and embarking at a port in another presidency or province;

(*a*) If he be employed at, or have to pass through, the station of the Accountant General of his presidency or province;

(*b*) If he be not employed at, and have not to pass through, that station;

Case III.—To an officer proceeding on leave from one place in India to another, whether the two places are or are not within the same presidency or province;

Case IV.—To an officer proceeding on duty from one presidency or province to another;

Case V.—To an officer proceeding on duty from one place to another in the same presidency or province.

The rules for each of these cases are as follows:—

CASE I.

Officer embarking in his own presidency.

The Accountant General should give the officer a certificate in Form A, Appendix B, and, save in the cases below excepted, forward a duplicate certificate, in the same form, to the Local Government for transmission to the Secretary of State.

Exceptions.—1. If the officer embark at a port in British Burmah, the Accountant General should forward the duplicate form direct to the Financial Department of the Government of India for transmission to the Secretary of State.

2. If the officer embark at Calcutta, the Accountant General should, in like manner, forward the duplicate form to the Financial Department after filling up the blanks in the pilot's certificate at its foot.

CASE II (*a*).

Officer embarking in another presidency.

The Accountant General should pay the officer* his allowances up to the date of his departure from his (the Accountant General's) station, and should give him a certificate in Form B, Appendix B, leaving the 5th, 7th, and 8th spaces blank, and send a duplicate, after signing the letter on the reverse, to the Accountant General, or (if there be no Accountant General) to the officer in charge of the treasury at the port at which the absentee intends to embark for Europe. The Accountant General or Treasury Officer at the port of embarkation should follow the instructions in the letter addressed to him, and return the original form to the officer. If he be an Accountant General, he should forward the duplicate to the Local Government for transmission to the Secretary of State, and address a letter in the Form E, Appendix B, to the Accountant General of the officer's presidency; but if he be a Treasury Officer, he should forward the duplicate to the Accountant General of his own presidency, who will forward it to the Local Government for transmission to the Secretary of State, and address a letter in the Form F, Appendix B, to the Accountant General of the absentee's presidency.

* The officer, if he be not employed at the Accountant General's station, should bring a last-pay certificate, in a form similar to Form M, from the officer in charge of the treasury where his salary was last disbursed.

CASE II (*b*).

The Accountant General should send to the officer a certificate in Form C, Appendix B, leaving the 5th, 7th, and 8th spaces blank, and forward a duplicate to the Accountant General or Treasury Officer at the port at which the officer intends to embark for Europe. Before the officer's departure from his station, the officer in charge of the treasury from which he last drew pay should fill up and attest the certificate at the end of the original Form C. The Accountant General or Treasury Officer at the port at which the officer intends to embark should follow the instructions in the letter to his address on the back of Form C, and after copying the entries and signature from the certificate at the end of the original form into the duplicate, should return the original form to the officer. If he be an Accountant General, he should forward the duplicate certificate to the Local Government for transmission to the Secretary of State, and forward a copy of the certificate at the end of the form to the Accountant General of the absentee's presidency, with a letter in the Form G, Appendix B; but if he be a Treasury Officer, he should forward the duplicate Form E to the Accountant General of his own presidency, who will send it to the Local Government for transmission to the Secretary of State, and forward a copy of the certificate at the end of the form to the Accountant General of the absentee's presidency, with a letter in the Form H, Appendix B.

But in the case of a Covenanted Civil Servant, or a Military Officer in civil employ, or an Uncovenanted Civil Servant of the class as specified in Section 1 (*b*) of the Code, if the officer's appointment have been changed within the period, on his average salary for which the leave allowance is to be calculated, the rate of leave allowance will sometimes depend on the date on which he may make over charge of his office, and the Accountant General may not be aware of that date at the time the last-pay certificate is prepared. In such cases, the Accountant General should send to the officer a document in the Form D, Appendix B, leaving the 5th, 6th, 8th, and 9th spaces on the face of the form blank, and should forward a duplicate of it to the Accountant General or Treasury Officer at the port at which the officer intends to embark. Before the officer's departure from his station, the officer in charge of the treasury from which he last drew pay should fill up the 6th space on the face of the original form, and fill up and attest the certificate at the end of that form. The Accountant General or Treasury Officer at the port at which the officer intends to embark should follow the instructions in the letter to his address on the back of the form, and having copied in the duplicate form the entry in the 6th space on the face of the original form and the entries and signature in the certificate at the end should return the original form to the absentee. If he be an Accountant General, he should forward the duplicate form to the Local Government for transmission to the Secretary of State, and send a copy of the certificate at the end of the form to the Accountant General of the absentee's presidency with a letter in the Form K, Appendix B; but if he be a Treasury Officer, he should forward the duplicate Form D to the Accountant General of his own presidency, who will send it on to the Local Government for transmission to the Secretary of State, and forward a copy of the certificate at the end of the Form D to the Accountant General of the absentee's presidency with a letter in the Form L, Appendix B.

CASE III.

Proceeding on leave to another place in India.

The Accountant General will give the officer a certificate in Form A, Appendix B; but if the officer is proceeding to a place within the same presidency or province, the tenth space in the form may be left blank.

CASE IV.

Proceeding on duty to another Province.

The officer should obtain a certificate in the Form M, Appendix B. If he be employed at the station of the Accountant General of his presidency, the certificate should be given by that officer. If he have to pass through that station on his way to his new presidency, the certificate should be given by the officer in charge of the treasury from which he last drew pay and countersigned by the Accountant General. If he be not employed at, and have not to pass through, the Accountant General's station, the certificate should be given by the officer in charge of the treasury from which he last drew pay, and a duplicate of it should be forwarded by the Treasury Officer to the Accountant General for countersignature and transmission to the Accountant General of the transferred officer's new presidency.

CASE V.

The officer should obtain a last-pay certificate in Form M from the officer in charge of the treasury from which he last drew pay. To another place in the same Province.

CHAPTER XII.

RETURN TO DUTY.

Section **24.** An officer who remains absent after the end of his leave is entitled to no allowance for the period of such absence, and he ceases to have a lien on any appointment, if his leave was furlough, immediately, and, if it was special or privilege leave, after a week. Overstay of leave.

1. An officer on furlough or special leave in Europe may not return to India without obtaining the permission of the Secretary of State. Permission to return to duty.

2. The grant by the Secretary of State to an officer on leave of permission to return to duty by a particular steamer, is equivalent to an extension of leave without prejudice to the officer's appointment until the date the steamer arrives.

3. A gazetted officer returning to duty must report his return to the Local Government. An officer of the Bengal Covenanted Civil Service returning from furlough must report his return to the Government of India also.

4. An officer permitted to return to duty before the end of his leave should have the unused part of his leave formally cancelled by the authority which granted it; but this is not necessary if his return from leave is separately notified in the Gazette.

5. The Local Government may exempt an officer from loss of appointment under this section, if it considers that his default was due to circumstances beyond his control.

6. If the appointment of an officer is changed during furlough or special leave out of India, or upon his reporting his return, he must join his new appointment within the subsidiary leave allowed him. Nothing in excess of the allowances admissible for subsidiary leave can be passed to him until he joins his new office. Change of appointment during furlough.

7. If the appointment of an officer is changed during furlough or special leave in India, he must join his new appointment within the leave. But the Local Government may give him joining-time, if he have not had sufficient notice of the change.

8. An officer the head quarters of whose office are not fixed at one station must, at the end of his leave, rejoin his office wherever either the head quarters of his office or his *locum tenens*, may actually be; but the Government or other authority which granted the leave may, for public reasons, permit or require the officer to rejoin elsewhere.

9. An officer begins to draw pay and acting allowance from the day on which he assumes the office (substantive or officiating) to which he may have been appointed, or on which he may have a lien. But if his leave or joining time end on a Sunday or holiday, and he take charge on the first working day after such Sunday or holiday, his assumption of office and the re-arrangement of appointments (if any), consequent thereon, shall be held to have taken place on the day after that on which his leave ended: Provided that such re-arrangement (if any) does not involve the transfer of any officer to another station, or the formal appointment of any officer to a new office.

10. If charge of an office is transferred after noon, the transfer does not affect allowances till the next day.

CHAPTER XIII.

APPLICATIONS FOR LEAVE.

Applications for leave.

Section 25. Applications for leave are to be submitted to the Local Government, which will deal with them in such manner as the Governor General in Council may prescribe.

1, (*a*). When an officer applies for leave, he should distinctly state under what section of these rules he wants it, and should show that he is entitled to it under that section.

(*b*). Local Governments may grant leave under the rules to officers serving under their orders. Before granting the leave, they should obtain report of the Accountant General as to the applicant's title to it.

(*c*). A Local Government granting leave to an officer of the Bengal, Madras, or Bombay Covenanted Service serving out of his own presidency, should inform the Government of India, Madras, or Bombay as the case may be.

(*d*). The Local Governments should, at the end of each quarter, submit to the Home Department of the Government of India a statement of officers of the Bengal Covenanted Civil Service absent on furlough or special leave (including subsidiary leave) granted by them. A register prepared from these statements is kept in the Home Department, and is published quarterly in the *Gazette of India*.

Medical certificate.

2, (*a*). Applications from officers in India for leave, or extension, or commutation of leave on medical certificate, must be accompanied by a medical certificate in the following form :—

> I, *A. B.*, Surgeon at, or of, , do hereby certify that *C. D.*, of the Service, is in a bad state of health, and I solemnly and sincerely declare that, according to the best of my judgment, a change of air is essentially necessary to his recovery, and do therefore recommend that he may be permitted to proceed to sea [*or to such place as the Surgeon may think proper, expressing it in the certificate*].

(*b*). The applicant must (unless the state of his health absolutely prevent it) present himself, with two copies of the statement of his case, before the Medical Board at any of the presidency towns, and obtain their certificate as follows :—

> We [*or* I] do hereby certify that, according to the best of our [*or* my] professional judgment, after careful personal examination of the case, we [*or* I] consider the state of health of *C. D.* to be such as to render leave of absence for a period of blank absolutely necessary for his recovery.

(*c*). An officer serving in Burmah need not appear at a presidency town, but must obtain the certificate from a Medical Board composed of the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, and the two next senior medical officers, at Rangoon.

(*d*). If the officer is going on leave out of India, he should take with him one copy of his case.

(*e*). If the applicant for an *extension or commutation of leave* on medical certificate be residing out of India, and within 20 miles of London, he must produce a certificate from the Medical Board attached to the India Office, showing the necessity for the extension or commutation. If he be residing beyond that distance from London, certificates in the second of the above forms must be produced from two medical practitioners; but he is liable to be called upon to produce other evidence.

3. Unless specially otherwise ordered, leave must begin within 35 days of the date on which it was granted.

4. No-demand certificates are not required from officers going on leave except in the Public Works Department.

Section **26.** If under the operation of Proviso 3, Section 7 (*a*) the applications for furlough (including those under Section 22) cannot all be complied with, furlough will be granted in the following order: Priority of claim.

First.—To those applicants to whom most furlough is due;

Secondly.—Of two or more applicants to whom the same amount is due, to him who has rendered longest continuous active service;

Thirdly.—Of two or more such applicants who have rendered the same continuous active service, to the senior.

SCHEDULE A.

REFERRED TO IN SECTION 1(*b*).

Officers holding substantive appointments, such as are usually held by Covenanted Civil Servants, or Commissioned Officers of the Army; or any of those specified in the following list:—

LAND REVENUE.—Officers of the Settlement Department above the rank of Deputy Collector, or Extra Assistant Commissioner.

FOREST.—Assistant Conservators and officers of higher rank.

CUSTOMS.—Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner and Collectors of Inland Customs, Deputy and Assistant Commissioners of Sea Customs.

OPIUM.—Sub-Deputy Opium Agents.

POST OFFICE.—Presidency Post Masters, Chief Inspectors, and officers of higher rank.

TELEGRAPH.—Assistant Superintendents and officers of higher rank.

ADMINISTRATION—Assistant and Under Secretaries to Government, Superintendent of Government Printing.

SURVEY.—Trigonometrical, Topographical, and Revenue.—Assistant Surveyors and officers of higher rank.

Geological.—Officers on the graded list.

FINANCIAL.—Officers of 5th and higher grades.

JUDICIAL.—Judges of the Chief Court of the Panjab (not being Barristers). Judges and Registrars of Presidency Small Cause Courts. Civil Judges in Oudh. Magistrates of Police in Presidency Towns. Registrars of High Courts. Clerks of the Crown.

REGISTRATION.—Inspectors General of Registration.

POLICE.—District Superintendents and officers of higher rank.

MARINE.—Master Attendants, Deputy and Assistant Master Attendants.

EDUCATION.—Officers on the graded list.

MEDICAL.—Uncovenanted Medical Officers graded in the Notification of the Financial Department, No. 2295, dated 25th April 1867.

POLITICAL.—Assistant Political Agents.

PUBLIC WORKS.—Assistant Engineers of the 3rd grade and officers of higher rank. Assistant Controllers of Accounts and officers of higher rank.

APPENDIX.

FORMS FOR LAST PAY CERTIFICATE.

[In filling up these forms :—

(1.) Allowances should be stated in rupees a month, and not in pounds a year, and in entering "the rate of absentee allowance," it should be stated, in the first place, without reference to the maximum or minimum applicable, and then if a maximum or minimum applies, or if the allowance is such that a future change in the official rate of exchange may render a maximum or minimum applicable, the words should be added "subject to a maximum (or minimum) of, &c."

(2.) In Forms A, B, C, and D, the presidency to which an officer belongs should be stated in the title, and the presidency or province in which he is employed should be stated under the first heading.

(3). In the heading "source from which, &c.," the term "Indian Revenues" should be used in all certificates intended to be sent to England, as the term "Imperial Revenues" has there a different signification. If the allowance is not chargeable finally to the Government of India, the Local Administration or Fund from which it is recoverable must be expressly stated].

FORM A.

LAST-PAY CERTIFICATE OF *(title and name)* OF THE *(Corps or Service)* PROCEEDING ON *(nature and period of leave)* TO *(place)*.

1.	Government under which employed ...	1.
2.	Substantive appointment	2.
3.	Acting appointment, if any ...	3.
4.	Period of leave	4.
5.	Date of commencement of leave ...	5.
6.	Rate of absentee allowance and place of payment.	6.
7.	Date from which first payment is to be made.	7.
8.	Amount, if any, paid in advance ...	8.
9.	Source from which absentee allowance is payable.	9.
10.	Period for, and terms on, which leave may be extended or commuted.	10.

(Place) the (date).

(SIGNATURE)
Accountant General.

NOTE—In the case of officers on other than privilege leave embarking for Europe at Calcutta, the entry in the 5th and 7th spaces should be—"The date of the pilot quitting the vessel as certified below;" and the certificate below should be in the following form :—

"This is to certify that *(title and name)* is a passenger on board the *(name of vessel)* proceeding to *(destination)*, and left by me at sea this day."

(Place) the (date).

(SIGNATURE)
Pilot.

FORM B.

(Obverse.)

LAST-PAY CERTIFICATE OF (*title and name*) OF THE (*Corps or Service*) PROCEEDING ON (*nature of leave*) TO EUROPE.

1.	Government under which employed ...	1.
2.	Substantive appointment	2.
3.	Acting appointment, if any ...	3.
4.	Period of leave	4.
5.	Date of commencement of leave ...	5.
6.	Rate of absentee allowance and place of payment.	6.
7.	Date from which first payment is to be made.	7.
8.	Amount, if any, paid in advance ...	8.
9.	Source from which absentee allowance is payable.	9.
10.	Period for, and terms on, which leave may be extended or commuted.	10.

(SIGNATURE)

(*Place*) *the* (*date*). *Accountant General.*

Certified that the above-named officer appeared before me on this date, that he stated his intention of embarking for Europe on the *(name of vessel)* which leaves this port on the *(date)*, that he drew an (or no) advance of salary, and that the 5th, 7th and 8th spaces in the above certificate have been filled up by me accordingly.

(SIGNATURE)

(Place) the (date). *Accountant General or Collector.*

(Reverse.)

FROM

THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL,

(*Place*),

To

THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL (OR COLLECTOR) OF

(Name of port of embarkation).

Dated (place) the (date).

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to request that when (*title and name of absentee*) produces this letter, you will pay him at the rate of ——— per month from the (*date of departure from Accountant General's station*) to the day not later than the (*date of expiry of subsidiary or preparatory leave*) preceding his departure from *(name of port of embarkation)*, that you will grant him an advance of——if required, and will fill up the certificates on the reverse accordingly. The date to be shown in the 5th and 7th spaces of the last-pay certificate is that of *(title and name)* 's departure from (*name of port of embarkation*).

I have, &c.,

(*Place*) *the* (*date*). (SIGNATURE)

Accountant General,

(*place*)

FORM C.

(Obverse.)

LAST-PAY CERTIFICATE, &c., *(as in form B)*.

(Reverse.)

FROM

THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL,

(Name of absentee's presidency).

To

THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL (OR COLLECTOR) OF

(Name of port of embarkation).

Dated (place) the (date).

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to request that when *(title and name of absentee)* produces this letter, you will pay him at the rate of ——— a month, less the deductions shown in the margin, from the date up to which he last drew salary from the ——— treasury to the date on which he may make over charge of the office of ——— as shown below, and at the rate of ——— a month for the period not exceeding *(maximun of subsidiary or preparatory leave)* from the date on which he may make over charge of that office to the day preceding his departure from *(name of port of embarkation)*, that you will grant him an advance of ——— if required, and fill up accordingly the certificates on the reverse. The date to be shown in the 5th and 7th spaces of the last pay certificate is that of *(title and name of absentee)*'s departure from *(name of port of embarkation)*.

Rs. A. P.

I have, &c.,

(SIGNATURE)

Accountant General.

(Title and name of absentee) received his salary from the ——— treasury at the rate of ———, less the deductions shown in the margin up to the ———, and to no later date. He made over charge of the office of ——— on the fore (*or* after) noon of the ———

(Place) the (date).

Collector of ———

FORM D.

(Obverse.)

LAST-PAY CERTIFICATE OF *(title and name)* OF THE *(Corps or Service)* PROCEEDING ON *(nature of leave)* TO EUROPE.

1.	Government under which employed	1.
2.	Substantive appointment...	2.
3.	Acting appointment, if any	3.
4.	Period of leave	4.
5.	Date of commencement of leave	5.
6.	Rate of absentee allowance	6.
7.	Place of payment	7.
8.	Date from which first payment is to be made	8.
9.	Amount, if any, paid in advance	9.
10.	Source from which absentee allowance is payable	10.
11.	Period for, and terms on, which leave may be extended or commuted.	11.

NOTE.—*(Title and name)'s* pay and acting allowance for the three years preceding (or for the period from the ——— to) this date, exclusive of periods of absence on other than privilege leave, were—

			R.	A.	P.
Rs.	a month from the (*date*) to the (*date*) ...	...	0	0	0
Rs.	a month from the (*date*) to the (*date*) ...	...	0	0	0
	Total	...	0	0	0

The rate of absentee allowance admissible to him is half his monthly average pay and acting allowance for the three years preceding (or for the period from the ——— to) the date on which he may make over charge of his office, exclusive of periods of absence on other than privilege leave, provided that the allowance does not exceed ——— * or fall short of ———.

* These figures to be entered in accordance with the rules of the service to which the officer belongs.

(*Place*) *the* (*date*). (SIGNATURE)

Accountant General.

Certified that the above-named officer appeared before me on this date; that he stated his intention of embarking for Europe on the (*name of vessel*) which leaves this port on the (*date*); that he drew an (or no) advance of salary; and that the 5th, 8th, and 9th spaces in the above certificate have been filled up by me accordingly.

(*Place*) *the* (*date*). (SIGNATURE)

Accountant General or Collector.

(Reverse.)

FROM

THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL,

(*Name of absentee's presidency*),

TO

THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL (OR COLLECTOR) OF

(*Name of port of embarkation*),

Dated (*place*) *the* (*date*).

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to request that when (*title and name of absentee*) produces this letter, you will pay him at the rate of ——— a month, less the deduction shown in the margin, from the date up to which he last drew salary from the ——— treasury to the date on which he may make over charge of the office of ——— as shown below, and at the rate of half his monthly average pay and acting allowance as shown below for the period not exceeding (*maximum of subsidiary or preparatory leave*) from the date on which he may make over charge of that office to the day preceding his departure from (*name of port of embarkation*); that you will grant him an advance of ———, if required, and fill up accordingly the certificates on the reverse. The date to be shown in the 5th and 7th spaces of the last-pay certificate is that of (*title and name of absentee*)'s departure from (*name of port of embarkation*).

Rs.	A.	P.
———		
———		

I have, &c.,

(SIGNATURE)

(*Title and name of absentee*) received his salary from the ——— treasury, at the rate of ———, less the deduction shown in the margin up to the ———, and to no later date. He made over charge of the office of ——— on the fore (*or* after) noon of the ———. His average monthly pay and acting allowance for the three years preceding (or for the period from the ——— to) the date on which he made over charge of his office is Rs. ———, and the 6th space in the certificate on the face of this form has been filled up accordingly.

Collector of

(*Place*) *the* (*date*). *Accountant General.*

FORMS E, F, G, H, K, L.

These forms are not reprinted; they will be found in the *Gazette of India*, as follows:

Form	E	is the same as Form	C	Printed with Resolution No. 409, dated 7th May 1869, in *Gazette of India*, 15th May 1869, pages 959 and 960.
,,	F	,, ,,	D	
,,	G	,, ,,	F	
,,	H	,, ,,	G	
,,	K	,, ,,	B	Printed with Resolution No. 3904, dated 11th October 1869, in *Gazette of India*, 23rd October 1869, page 406.
,,	L	,, ,,	C	

FORM M.

Last-pay certificate of (*title and name*) of the (*corps or service*) proceeding to (*place*) to join the appointment of ———— *or* to officiate as ———— *or* on duty.

———— has drawn pay as ————, at the rate of ———— a month, and acting allowance as ————, at the rate of ———— a month, less the deductions shown below, up to the (*date*). He made over charge of the office of ———— on the fore (*or* after) noon of the ————.

Deductions.			Rs.	A.	P.
————	...	...	0	0	0
————	...	...	0	0	0
————	...	...	0	0	0
			0	0	0

SUPPLEMENT A.

Lieutenant-Governors.

Leave on medical certificate for not more than six months may be granted to a Lieutenant-Governor. A Lieutenant-Governor is not entitled to any other leave.

SUPPLEMENT B.

Members of Council.

The leave admissible to an Ordinary Member of the Executive Council of the Governor General, or of the Governor of Madras or Bombay, is regulated by Act of Parliament, Section 26 of 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 67.

Section 26.—It shall be lawful for the Governor General in Council, or Governor in Council of either of the presidencies, as the case may be, to grant to an Ordinary Member of Council leave of absence, under medical certificate, for a period not exceeding six months, and such member, during his absence, shall retain his office, and shall, on his return and resumption of his duties, receive half his salary for the period of such absence; but, if his absence shall exceed six months, his office shall be vacated.

SUPPLEMENT C.

Judges of High Courts and certain Legal and Judicial Officers.

Regulations by the Secretary of State in Council of India under the provisions of 24 *&* 25 *Victoria, cap.* 104, *section* 6, *respecting the furloughs* * * * *of the Chief Justices and Puisne Judges of the High Courts of Judicature for the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William, Madras, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces; and regulations by the Secretary of State in Council respecting the furloughs and leaves of absence of certain other Legal and Judicial Officers.*

* * * * *

Definitions.

I.—In the following rules, "actual service" includes the period during which a Judge is carrying on his duties in a High Court, also periods spent on privilege and subsidiary leave, and periods of vacation during which the Judge is not on "furlough or extraordinary leave."

"Extraordinary leave" means any leave granted otherwise than under these rules.

Furlough.

II.—One year's furlough shall be placed to the credit of each Judge after the completion of every four years of actual service.

III.—Except under Rules VI and VII, no furlough shall be granted until at credit under Rule II.

Provided that any Judge who may have been already in the service of the Government at the time of taking office in the High Court, and who was at that time entitled, under the rules applicable to the branch of the service to which he belonged, to furlough, without medical certificate, may be granted furlough for a term not exceeding that to which he was so entitled upon the condition that such furlough shall not be taken until the completion of two years' actual service in the High Court, and shall not exceed one year.

IV.—Except under Rule VII, furlough shall not be repeated until after the completion of three years' actual service from the date of the last return from furlough or extraordinary leave.

N. B.—The words "furlough or extraordinary leave" in the above rule mean furlough under the rules or extraordinary leave granted to an officer since he has been a Chief Justice Judge of a High Court.

V.—The maximum term of furlough to be taken at any one time shall be fifteen months.

VI.—Under medical certificate, furlough may be granted before it is at credit under Rule II.

VII.—On urgent private affairs, furlough may be granted before it is at credit under Rule II, and although three years of actual service have not been completed since the last return from furlough or extraordinary leave.

Provided that furlough under this section shall not exceed six months, and shall be granted only once during the whole period of a Judge's service in the High Court.

VIII.—The aggregate amount of all furlough which can be granted to a Judge during the whole period of his service in the High Court shall not exceed two years and a half.

IX.—Furlough taken in India shall be reckoned from the date of the Judge's quitting his office to the date of his return thereto. Furlough taken out of India shall be reckoned from the date of embarkation to the date of return.

In the event of the furlough being taken partly in India, and partly out of India, the commencement and termination of the furlough shall be respectively determined by the above rules, according as the furlough begins or ends in or out of India.

X.—For the interval elapsing between the date of quitting his office and the commencement of furlough out of India, and between the termination of furlough out of India and resuming his office, a Judge may be allowed subsidiary leave not ordinarily exceeding thirty days, which in special cases may be extended.

XI.—A Judge, when on furlough or subsidiary leave, shall receive allowances at the rate of Rs. 833-5-4 per mensem in the case of leave taken in India, or £1,000 per annum in the case of leave taken out of India.

XII.—Except under medical certificate, the number of furloughs to be granted at any one time, and the grant of furloughs to individual Judges shall be subject to, and limited by the exigencies of the service, which exigencies shall be determined exclusively by the authority granting the furlough.

XIII.—If, owing to the exigencies of the service, it may be necessary to place any limit on the number of Judges who may be absent on furlough at the same time, applications not supported by medical certificate will be granted in the following order:

The Judge to whose credit the greatest amount of furlough remains under Rule II, shall have the preference.

If two or more applicants are on an equality in this respect, the preference shall be given to the applicant whose actual service in a High Court is longest, reckoning, in the case of a Judge who has not taken furlough or extraordinary leave, from the date of his commencement of service in the High Court, and, in the case of a Judge who has taken furlough or extraordinary leave, from the date of his last return from such furlough or leave.

If two or more applicants are equal in both respects, the preference shall be given to the senior in the Court.

Privilege Leave.

XIV.—Subject to the exigencies of the service, a Judge who has completed 11 months' continuous duty, inclusive of vacations, may, if the Government be satisfied that there is an urgent necessity, but not otherwise, be granted privilege leave for one month without deduction from his salary or acting allowances.

XV.—In the same manner and under the same conditions an additional month of privilege leave shall be held to accrue to a Judge after each further period of 11 months' continuous duty.

XVI.—Privilege leave shall not be taken in instalments, but any balance of privilege leave that may not have been taken shall be added to the next privilege leave which may accrue.

Provided that the whole privilege leave taken at any one time shall not exceed three months, and that any accumulation of privilege leave beyond that period shall be forfeited.

N. B.—Financial Resolution of the Government of India, No. 401, dated 24th April 1869, shall not be held to apply to a Chief Justice or Judge of a High Court, even though, under Rule XXIII, he may elect to abide by former rules. Whatever rules such an officer may elect, privilege leave shall not be granted to him except on urgent necessity being shown.

General.

XVII.—Furlough and privilege leave shall not be taken as such in continuation of each other, but if a Judge absent on one of these classes of leave be allowed to change it for another, the whole period of his absence shall be held to be under the class of leave for which it was changed.

XVIII.—Applications for leave shall in all cases be submitted in such manner as the Government may, from time to time, prescribe.

XIX.—Leave allowances shall be payable monthly if payment is taken in India, and quarterly if payment is taken in England.

XX.—No substantive appointment shall be vacated merely by reason of leave being granted under these rules.

XXI.—If a Judge shall overstay any leave, he shall forfeit all salary during the time of his remaining so absent, and if he shall so continue absent for more than one week, his office shall be liable to become vacant.

XXII.—No leave, except privilege leave and leave subsidiary to furlough, shall count as service for pension.

XXIII.—Each Judge who stood appointed to a High Court on the 7th August 1869, and has taken no leave since then, shall, on the next occasion of his taking leave, be given the option of accepting these rules or abiding by those in force before that date for Judges of the High Courts of Judicature. Any Judge who has taken leave since the 7th August 1869, must abide by the rules he elected when taking that leave.

N. B.—Under the above rule a Covenanted Civil Servant, who stood appointed as Judge of a High Court on the 7th August 1869, may take leave on medical certificate under the rules which were in force before the 1st July 1868 for the grant of such leave to Covenanted Civil Servants generally.

XXIV.—If a Judge, who is a Covenanted Civil Servant, shall be permitted to resign his office and remain in the service, all leave which he may have taken as a Judge of the High Court shall be reckoned as if it had been taken under the rules for the leave of absence of Covenanted Civil Servants.

XXV.—The above rules regarding furlough and leave of absence (I to XXIV) are, with the modifications A and B below stated, applicable also to the following officers:—

Barrister-Judges of the Chief Court of the Panjáb.

Recorders in Burmah.

First Judges of Small Cause Courts at the Presidency Towns.

Secretary to the Council of the Governor General for making Laws and Regulations.

Modifications above indicated.

A.—The allowances of these officers while on furlough or subsidiary leave shall not exceed half their salaries, and shall be limited also to the rate prescribed in Rule XI.

B.—The privilege leave of the officer last named shall be regulated by the * * Civil * * Leave Code.

SUPPLEMENT D.

TO LAW OFFICERS.

Law Officers.

Sick Leave, and Short Leave on private affairs (now called Privilege Leave) may be granted to Law Officers in accordance with the rules of the 8th June 1855 for the Grant of Leave of Absence to Covenanted Civil Servants. Provided that no additional expense be caused in consequence of the leave.

SUPPLEMENT E.

CHAPLAINS.

PRELIMINARY.

Section 1.—The following rules regulate the grant of leave to Chaplains.

Active serv

Section 2.—In these rules—

(*a*) "Active service" includes besides time spent on duty:—

(1). Privilege leave of absence.

(2). Subsidiary leave of absence.

(3). Time passed in India out of employ, but not on leave. Extraordina

(*b*) "Extraordinary leave" means leave of absence granted otherwise than under these rules.

Example.—Leave in extension of the three years admissible under Section 5 (*b*). Continuous

(*c*) "Continuous service" and "continuous active service" mean the service, and active service, of a Chaplain since his last return from furlough or extraordinary leave lasting more than three months; or, if he have not had such leave, since the beginning of his active service.

No leave can be included in continuous service except privilege leave and special leave.

Aggregate

FURLOUGH.

Section 3.—The amount of furlough, admissible to a Chaplain, is limited to six years. All the rules in this Supplement are subject to this limitation.

Furlough and leave with allowances on medical certificate under former rules are counted as furlough under this rule; but leave of absence in India taken before the 25th August 1854 is not.

Section 4 (*a*).—The amount of furlough "earned" by a Chaplain is one-fourth of his active service, and three months in addition thereto. Amount du

(*b*).—The amount of furlough "due" to a Chaplain is the amount which he has earned, diminished by—

(1) the amount of furlough which he has enjoyed under these or any former rules.

(2) the excess over one year in the amount of leave with allowances on medical certificate which he has enjoyed under former rules.

Section 5. (*a*).—To a Chaplain who has rendered three years' continuous service, furlough for not more than two years may be granted as follows:— Amount adı

First, on medical certificate,—unconditionally;

1. Section 25 of the Code, Rule 2, applies generally to Chaplains also.

Secondly, without medical certificate,—subject to these provisos—

(1) that the furlough be due to him;

(2) that he have rendered seven years' active service;

(3) that the whole number of Chaplains absent on furlough and special leave do not exceed the limit appointed by the Government of India.

1. Except on medical certificate, or on very urgent private affairs, furlough or special leave may not be granted to Church of England Chaplains employed in the diocese of Calcutta, if 15 per cent. of the whole number of such Chaplains are already absent on furlough or special leave. The Bishop of Calcutta will report to the Government of India when the limit is reached.

(*b*).—Furlough taken under this section may, on medical certificate, be extended to not more than three years.

Section 6 (*a*).—To a Chaplain who has not rendered three years' continuous service, furlough for not more than one year may be granted on medical certificate.

(*b*).—Furlough granted under this section for less than one year may, on medical certificate, be extended to not more than one year.

Allowances.

Section 7.—A Chaplain on furlough is entitled to allowances as follows:—

	On ordinary furlough.	On other furlough.
Archdeacon, and the Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland	£600 a year	£480 a year.
Senior Chaplains	£500 „	£384 „
Junior Chaplains	£350 „	£300 „

Explanation.—Ordinary furlough includes—

(1) the first two years of each separate period of furlough under Section 5.

(2) so much of furlough under Section 6 as may be due, provided that the Chaplain have rendered six months' continuous active service.

1. If a Chaplain on furlough, by the completion of ten years' service, passes from the rank of Junior Chaplain into that of Senior, he immediately becomes entitled to the higher furlough allowance.

2. A Chaplain on furlough does not forfeit his past leave allowance by resigning the service, without returning to India.

SPECIAL LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Amount admissible.

Section 8. Special leave on urgent private affairs may be granted at any time, for not more than six months:

Provided that a Chaplain, who has had special leave, must render six years' active service before he can again have such leave.

Allowances.

Section 9. (*a*).—For the first period of a Chaplain's special leave, he is entitled to the leave allowance admissible during ordinary furlough.

(*b*).—In subsequent periods he is entitled to no leave allowance.

SUBSIDIARY LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Section **10** (*a*).—Furlough and special leave, out of India, begin on, and include, the date of the departure of the vessel on which the Chaplain sails; and to a Chaplain taking such leave, subsidiary leave, not ordinarily exceeding thirty days, may be granted from the day on which he gives up duty to the day before that on which his furlough or special leave begins. Amount admissible.

(*b*).—Furlough and special leave, out of India, end on, and include, the date of the arrival of the vessel in which the Chaplain is; and to a Chaplain returning from such leave, subsidiary leave not ordinarily exceeding thirty days, may be granted from the day after that on which the vessel arrives, to the day before that on which he assumes the duty to which he may be appointed.

1. Subsidiary leave for more than thirty days may be granted in cases of necessity; but all such grants and the reasons for them are to be reported to the Government of India.

2. A Chaplain may leave India, or return to India, by any port he likes; but the dates by which the beginning and end of furlough and special leave are determined, are the date of the vessel's departure from the port where he first meets it, and arrival at the port where he quits it. For instance: a Chaplain sailing from Calcutta in a vessel which touches at Madras, counts by the date of departure from Calcutta, and not from Madras.

3. The date of the departure of a vessel from Calcutta is held to be the date on which the pilot leaves it at sea.

Explanation.—A Chaplain may take furlough or special leave partly in, and partly out of, India. But subsidiary leave is not admissible under clause (*a*) of this section unless the furlough or special leave begins as furlough or special leave out of India; nor under clause (*b*), unless it ends as furlough or special leave out of India.

Section **11.** A Chaplain on subsidiary leave is entitled to the same allowances as during the leave to which it is subsidiary. All

1. A Chaplain may draw allowances as if he were on privilege leave, for any part of his subsidiary leave under clause (*a*) of Section 11, for which, if he were not going on furlough or on special leave, privilege leave would be admissible to him.

PRIVILEGE LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Section **12.** Privilege leave may be granted as follows:— Am

After five months' uninterrupted duty,—for not more than one month.

After ten months' uninterrupted duty,—for not more than two months.

After fifteen months' uninterrupted duty,—for not more than three months.

1. Before privilege leave can be granted, the Chaplain must record a declaration that he has no intention of retiring or of taking furlough, special leave or leave on medical certificate, within three months of his return to duty. Though not absolutely debarred by this declaration from applying to retire or to take such leave within the period of three months, he should, if he does so, explain fully his change of mind.

Allowances.

Section **13.**—A Chaplain on privilege leave is entitled to the same pay and house rent as if he were on duty.

1. A Chaplain on privilege leave is not entitled to "local allowances," such as conveyance allowance, jail allowance, and the special allowance to the Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland. Such allowances are drawn in full by the substitute.

2. The Chaplain's substitute may draw the house-rent, although it is also drawn by the absentee.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Section **14.**—The rules for—

Extension, &c.

(1) Extension and commutation of leave;

(2) Payment of leave allowances;

are those contained in Sections 22 and 23 of the Code, and the rulings subjoined. But to a Chaplain going on furlough to England, an advance of the first quarter's allowances may be made, and the advance shall not be recoverable in the event of his death.

1. A Chaplain on leave in any of the British Colonies may draw his leave allowances there through the Control Pay Master in the same manner as a military officer. But the requisite authority to pay must first be given by the Government of India.

Applications.

Section **15.**—Applications for leave are to be dealt with as the Governor General in Council may from time to time prescribe; and priority of claim is determined in accordance with Section 26 of the Code.

1. The following rules have been prescribed by the Home Department with reference to applications for leave from Chaplains on the Bengal ecclesiastical establishment, and from Chaplains on other establishments serving in the Diocese of Calcutta.

I.—Subject to the exigencies of the public service, Local Governments and Chief Commissioners are empowered, with the concurrence of the Bishop of Calcutta, to grant any furlough or special leave authorized by the rules to Chaplains serving within their respective jurisdictions. But the Government of India alone grants leave to Chaplains of the Church of Scotland serving in the Bengal Presidency.

II.—If a Chaplain applying for furlough or special leave belong to the Madras or Bombay ecclesiastical establishment, the Local Government or Administration under which he is serving will, if the furlough or leave be granted, inform the Government of Madras or Bombay as the case may be.

III.—The Bishop of Calcutta is empowered to grant privilege leave to Chaplains under Section 12, subject to the exigencies of the State, of which the Bishop shall be the judge. But the grant, cancelment, or extension of such leave should be reported to the Local Government or Administration concerned.

IV.—All applications for leave or furlough should be accompanied by a certificate from the Local Accountant General, showing that the applicant is entitled to the leave asked for, and should, as a general rule, be forwarded, in the first instance, through the proper channel to the Bishop of Calcutta, who will transmit applications for furlough or special leave, with His Lordship's remarks, to the Local Government or Administration concerned, and will himself dispose of applications for privilege leave. But in cases of urgency, leave on medical certificate may be granted by the Local Government or Chief Commissioner in anticipation of the concurrence of the Bishop, who should, however, be informed without delay.

V.—Except under orders of the Secretary of State, the term of furlough or special leave cannot be altered without the permission of the Government or Administration by which it may have been granted.

VI.—Every Chaplain who obtains leave or furlough shall supply himself with a last-pay certificate, and with a statement showing the pay which he is entitled to draw while absent. It shall be the duty of the Local Accountant General to furnish these documents, and no leave allowances will be payable without their production.

VII.—A quarterly statement of Chaplains absent on furlough or special leave, with the dates of the grant and expiry of such furlough or leave brought up to the 31st March, 30th June, 30th September, and 31st December of each year, shall be punctually furnished by Local Governments and Administrations to the Government of India in the Home Department.

VIII.—From these quarterly returns, a register will be compiled and kept at the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, of all grants to Chaplains on leave or furlough, of all extensions of leave or furlough, and of all returns to duty from absence. This register will be published quarterly in the *Gazette of India*.

IX.—Every Chaplain returning to duty shall report his return to the Bishop, and to the Local Government and Administration by which his leave or furlough may have been granted.

X.—If any Local Government or Administration shall see fit to refuse a furlough to any Chaplain on the ground of the exigencies of the public service, it shall report such refusal for the confirmation of the Government of India.

SUPPLEMENT F.

UNCOVENANTED OFFICERS GENERALLY.

[Such of the rules under the Sections of the Code as are not expressly restricted to Covenanted Civil Servants, or are not explanatory of points in which the provisions of the Code differ from those in this Supplement, apply also to Uncovenanted officers generally.]

PRELIMINARY.

Section 1.—Leave of absence from duty may be granted under the following rules to officers who have substantive appointments on permanent establishments under the Government, and who are not entitled to leave under any of the other rules in this Code or its Supplements. The rules apply fully only to those whose pay is not less than Rs. 100 a month, but may be applied, in their general spirit, to officers whose pay is less than Rs. 100 a month. Applicat Rules.

1. Officers and men of the Army, and officers in the Subordinate Medical Department, are under Military rules, and these rules do not apply to them. The leave of members of the Pilot Service is also governed by special rules.

2. Officers appointed as probationers for a certain period, prior to formal appointment, are entitled to the same leave as if they held substantive appointments.

3. Officers holding temporary or officiating appointments only, are not entitled to leave of any kind; but a limited amount of leave may be allowed to such officers under the conditions hereinafter stated.

4. Service in a capacity to which the leave rules do not apply does not qualify for leave under them, in the event of the officer afterwards coming under them. Service under a Local Fund of the kind mentioned in Civil Pension Code, Section 28, may qualify for leave under the rules, but the allowances given during such leave must be disbursed from the Local Fund and from general revenues in the proportion in which the salary has been paid from these sources during the period qualifying for the leave.

Section 2.—In these rules, "pay" means substantive pay; "salary" means the sum of pay and acting allowance. Pay, and

1. Personal allowance is to be taken as part of an officer's substantive pay.

Average salary.

"Average salary" means the average calculated for so much of the three years immediately preceding the day on which the officer gives up office, as he has passed on duty, or on privilege leave. But in all cases of leave for not more than one month, and also whenever the officer's pay is less than Rs. 100 a month, the pay of the officer's appointment at the time he gives up office is to be taken in lieu of his "average salary."

"Half average salary" is always subject to a maximum of Rs. 500 a month if paid in India, and £150 a quarter if paid at the Home Treasury of the Government of India.

"One quarter average salary" is always subject to a maximum of Rs. 400 a month if paid in India, and £120 a quarter if paid at the Home Treasury.

LEAVE ON MEDICAL CERTIFICATE.

Amount.

Section 3.—Leave on medical certificate may be granted, whenever sufficient cause is shown, for three years in all, but not for more than two years at one time; and no officer can have leave on medical certificate beyond India more than twice.

1. An officer who has a temporary or officiating appointment only may be allowed leave under this Section for not more than three months, if the Local Government consider no substitute to be necessary, or can provide for his duties without additional expense.

Allowances.

Section 4.—An officer on leave under Section 3 is entitled to half of his average salary for the first fifteen months of each period of absence, but not for more than thirty months in all.

For the rest of the leave he is entitled to a quarter of his average salary.

LEAVE ON PRIVATE AFFAIRS.

Amount.

Section 5.—Leave on private affairs for six months at a time may be granted to an officer who has not had furlough. The first leave under this section may be taken after six years' service, and the leave may be repeated after intervals of six years.

1. Leave on private affairs does not accumulate, nor can it be taken in instalments.

Allowances.

Section 6.—An officer on leave under Section 5 is entitled to half of his average salary.

1. An officer does not forfeit the allowance to which he is entitled under this section, by resigning the service at the end of the leave.

FURLOUGH.

Amount.

Section 7.—Furlough may be granted, as follows, to an officer who has not had leave on private affairs:—

After ten years' service, one year; and after eighteen years' service, another year; or in one period of two years, after eighteen years' service.

1. Leave on medical certificate counts as service for furlough.

2. Leave on private affairs under the rules in force before the 8th June 1863, does not prevent the grant of furlough under this section.

Allowances.

Section 8.—An officer on furlough is entitled to half of his average salary.

LEAVE WITHOUT ALLOWANCES.

Section **9**.—Leave without allowances may, in cases of necessity, be granted for such time as may be necessary. Time spent on leave under this section does not count as service for other leave. Amount.

1. There is no limit to the length or frequency of leave under this section, and it may be granted in continuation of leave on medical certificate, or furlough.

SUBSIDIARY LEAVE.

Section **10**.—Leave subsidiary to leave on medical certificate, leave on private affairs, or furlough, when taken out of India, may be allowed as prescribed in Section 15 of the Code for such time as may be sufficient. Fourteen days only are allowed to an officer at a presidency town, who takes leave on medical certificate out of India. Subsidiary leave may also be granted to an officer going on, or returning from, leave on medical certificate to a sanitarium in India. Amount.

Section **11**.—An officer on subsidiary leave prefixed to other leave, is entitled to half his average salary. An officer on subsidiary leave following other leave, is entitled to half his average salary, or one quarter of his average salary, according to the rate of allowance to which he may be entitled at the end of the leave to which it is subsidiary. Allowances.

1. But see Code, Section 15 (*b*), Rule 1, and Section 17, Rule 1.

PRIVILEGE LEAVE.

Section **12**:—Privilege leave may be granted in accordance with the rules in Chapter VI of the Code: provided that no officer whose salary is less than Rs. 200 a month can draw any allowances for privilege leave until he returns to duty.

1. An officer who has only a temporary or officiating appointment only, may be allowed privilege leave, if the Local Government consider no substitute to be necessary, or can provide for his duties without additional expense.

2. Ministerial officers of High Court are not allowed privilege leave, if they are allowed to be absent during the High Court vacation.

GENERAL.

Section **13**.—Leave on private affairs and furlough cannot be taken in continuation of any other leave except subsidiary leave; but any leave may be retrospectively changed for any other kind or amount of leave which might at first have been granted; and if an officer absent on privilege leave, or on leave on private affairs, take extension of leave on medical certificate, the whole of the absence will be treated as leave on medical certificate. Commutation leav

Section **14**.—No officer's appointment becomes vacant, simply by reason of his taking leave under these rules. But absence without leave, or after the end of leave (except privilege leave, in which case a week's grace is allowed) involves loss of appointment; and after five years' continuous absence, whether with or without leave, an officer is considered to be out of Government employ. Lien on appointment

1. The Secretary of State, in granting to officers extension of leave, sometimes declines to guarantee retention of appointment, if there is not time to communicate with the Local Government in India.

2. An officer who goes on leave out of India has no claim to return to the *particular* local appointment from which he took leave.

APPLICATIONS FOR LEAVE.

Applications for leave.

Section 15 (*a*).—Leave may be granted to an officer by the authority whose duty it would be to fill up his appointment if vacant. The Local Government may empower heads of departments to grant privilege leave to officers under their orders, who are appointed by Government; but if the officer, to whom leave is granted, be a gazetted officer, the grant of leave must be reported to the Local Government.

Monthly Return.

(*b*).—A monthly return of non-gazetted officers absent on leave should be prepared in the following form, and should accompany each establishment pay bill:

1, Absentee's name; 2, his appointment; 3, pay of his appointment; 4, nature of the leave, and section under which granted; 5, period of leave; 6, excess of pay over leave allowance; 7, name of substitute (if any); 8, acting allowances consequent on the leave; 9, excess of column 6, over column 8, showing the amount to be deducted from the establishment pay bill; 10, remarks.

Medical Certificate.

1, (*a*).—Applications for leave, or extension or commutation of leave, on medical certificate, must be accompanied by a statement from the applicant's medical attendant, distinctly stating from personal observation the nature of the illness, its symptoms, causes, and duration.

(*b*).—A certificate must also be submitted from the chief medical officer of the station or district, or, if the officer is at the presidency, from a Presidency Surgeon, to the effect that, after careful personal investigation, he considers a certain period of absence absolutely requisite for the restoration of health.

(*c*).—If the leave be for more than six months, the papers must be submitted for countersignature by the Deputy Inspector General; and if the leave is to be taken out of India, by the Principal Inspector General also, unless danger be incurred by the delay.

(*d*).—If the applicant be already on leave out of India, the certificate under clause (*a*) must state the period during which the Surgeon or physician has attended the officer, and it must be countersigned, after *personal* examination, by the Medical Board of the India Office, or by the principal medical authority of the colony or country where the absentee may be.

(*e*).—The forms of certificate prescribed in the Code, Section 25, Rule 2, may be used as far as applicable.

No. 2009.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the republication of the Acting Allowance Code, with corrections up to date, and a few alterations in arrangement.

ACTING ALLOWANCE CODE.

ARRANGEMENT OF CHAPTERS.

I.—Definitions and Explanations.
II.—General Rules.
III.—The Covenanted Civil Service.
IV.—Military Officers in Civil Employ.
V.—The Public Works Department.
VI.—The Survey Department.
VII.—Other Officers.
VIII.—Plural Appointments.
IX.—Appointments on Progressive Pay.
X.—Exceptional Cases.

CHAPTER I.

Definitions and Explanations.

Section **1**.—In the following Rules:—

Local Government. (*a*). "Local Government" includes a Department of the Government of India, a Chief Commissioner and the Resident at Hydarabad.

Class and grade. (*b*). Appointments are said to be in the same "class" when they are in the same Department and bear the same designation, or have been declared by the Government of India to be in the same class. Appointments in the same class are sometimes divided into "grades" according to pay.

Absentee. (*c*). An "absentee" is an officer absent, whether on leave or on duty, from an appointment on which he has a lien.

(*d*). Except in Chapter IX, the words "the appointment" mean "the appointment in which an officer is officiating for an absentee."

Pay and Salary. *Section* **2** (*a*).—The "pay" of an *officer* is as follows:—

(1.) In the case of an officer with a substantive appointment: the amount which he would receive monthly under any of the following designations if he were doing the work of his substantive appointment:

Substantive pay,

Consolidated pay,

Military pay and allowances, and staff salary,

Staff corps pay and staff salary.

(2.) In the case of an officer without a substantive appointment: his subsistence allowance (if a Covenanted Civil Servant), and his military pay and allowances, or staff corps pay (if a military officer).

(*b*).—The "pay" of an *appointment* with reference to any officer, is the pay which he would receive if he held that appointment substantively.

For instance: if the pay of the appointment is subject to increase upon the passing of an examination or upon the completion of a certain period of service, the officiating officer's allowances are calculated upon the pay which he would, from time to time, receive, if he held the appointment substantively.

(*c*).—"Salary" is the sum of "pay" and "acting allowance;" it does not include personal allowances, travelling allowances, or the like.

(*d*).—"Progressive Pay" is pay which rises from a minimum to a maximum.

(*e*).—"Consolidated Pay" includes military pay and allowances or staff corps pay, which cannot be separately drawn.

(*f*).—"Staff Salary" is an allowance to a military officer in addition to the military pay and allowances or the staff corps pay of his rank.

CHAPTER II.

General Rules.

Maximum and Minimum.

Section **3** (*a*).—The maximum salary of an officiating officer shall be the pay of the appointment.

(*b*).—The minimum salary of an officiating officer shall be half the pay of the appointment.

Seconding.

Section **4**.—If an absentee draws no part of the pay of his appointment, another officer may be appointed thereto substantively, for a time only, on full pay, without disturbing the lien of the absentee.

1.—An absentee who receives leave allowances draws, within the meaning of this section, "part of the pay of his appointment."

CHAPTER III.

The Covenanted Civil Service.

Officers with substantive appointments.

Section **5** (*a*).—An officer with a substantive appointment, officiating in another appointment or in a higher grade, is entitled to an acting allowance of one-fifth of the pay of the appointment or grade.

(*b*).—But the acting allowance shall not be less than two-thirds of the difference between the pay (or, in the case of a progressive pay, the minimum pay) of the appointment or grade and the pay of the officiating officer.

(*c*).—Nor shall it be less than Rs. 200.

1. In the case of an acting appointment made with effect from before 1st November 1869, or of a reversion to an acting appointment held before the date, the officer is entitled, in addition, to one-tenth of the first Rs. 2,000 of the pay of the appointment or grade.

[Note.—"Reversion" means a return to an appointment under the operation of the rules, and without formal re-appointment.]

Settlement Officers.

2. In the North-Western Provinces, when a settlement officer officiates in an appointment in another Department, his salary shall be calculated as if his pay were the pay of the ordinary grade next below the standing which he occupies in the Settlement Department.

Explanation.—An officer officiating in a class divided into grades will officiate in the lowest grade unless it be otherwise specially ordered.

[*Illustration.*—A. is Magistrate in the first grade of Nuddea. B. is Magistrate of Midnapore, the senior in the second grade. C. is a Joint Magistrate. If A. takes leave, then, in ordinary course of promotion, B. would obtain officiating promotion to the first grade without leaving Midnapore, and C. appointed to officiate as Magistrate of Nuddea would officiate in the second grade.]

Officers without substantive appointments.

Section 6 (*a*).—An officer without substantive appointment is entitled to an acting allowance of half the pay of any appointment in which he officiates, and to subsistence allowance.

1. For rates of subsistence allowance, see Civil Leave Code, Section 11, Rule 1.

(*b*). But an officer, who on the 1st July 1868 was absent on leave, without a substantive appointment, or had returned from furlough and had not obtained a substantive appointment, is entitled, till he again holds a substantive appointment with pay not less than that of the substantive appointment which he last held, to an acting allowance of three-quarters, instead of half, of the pay of any appointment in which he officiates.

1. No officer who did not return from furlough before the 23rd November 1869, may under this clause draw more salary than he would draw if the substantive appointment which he last held were restored to him.

2. An officer may decline the special acting allowance provided in clause (*b*) of this section, and take the ordinary acting allowance under clause (*a*). In this case, the limitation prescribed by the preceding rule will not operate.

3. If an officer who draws acting allowance under clause (*b*) of this section takes furlough, the clause will continue to apply to him on his return from that furlough, unless the circumstances are such that if he had had a substantive appointment, he would have lost it by the operation of the rules.

4. An officer drawing allowances under clause (*b*) of this section should be appointed to the first appointment (not being a special one) suitable to his rank and qualifications which may become substantively vacant. If its pay is less than that of the substantive appointment which he last held, he should be promoted as substantive vacancies occur, until his pay is equal to that of the substantive appointment which he last held. Until he regains this position, he may draw, unless the local Government declare him unfit to be restored to his former rank, such personal allowance as will raise his salary to the amount which he would draw under this clause and the rules explanatory of it.

CHAPTER IV.

MILITARY OFFICERS IN CIVIL EMPLOY (NOT BEING IN THE PUBLIC WORKS, THE SURVEY, THE TELEGRAPH, OR THE FOREST DEPARTMENT).

Specification of cases.

Section 7.—The cases which may occur are these:—

(*A*). An officer officiating in an appointment of which the pay is consolidated may be—

Case 1.—An officer without a substantive appointment.

Case 2.—An officer having a substantive appointment the pay of which is consolidated.

Case 3.—An officer having a substantive appointment the pay of which is a staff salary.

(*B*). An officer officiating in an appointment of which the pay is a staff salary may be—

Case 4.—An officer without a substantive appointment.

Case 5.—An officer having a substantive appointment the pay of which is consolidated.

Case 6.—An officer having a substantive appointment the pay of which is a staff salary.

1. An appointment of which the pay is fixed with reference to its being held by a civil officer, Covenanted or Uncovenanted, is treated, for the purposes of this section, as if the pay of it were "consolidated."

Section 8.—In case 1 the officer is entitled to his pay and to such acting allowance as will make the total equal to the sum of the assumed subsistence allowance stated below, *plus* half the pay of the appointment:— Appointments on consolidated pay.

Assumed Subsistence Allowance.

	Rs.
For the rank of Captain or Subaltern ...	250 a month.
For the rank of Major	320 „
For higher ranks	400 „

Section 9.—In cases 2 and 3 the acting allowance is regulated by Section 5. Appointments on staff salary.

Section 10 (*a*).—In cases 4, 5, and 6 the salaries are calculated by military rules: any excess of the consolidated pay of the substantive appointment in case 5, over the military pay and allowances or the staff corps pay of the officer, being treated as a staff salary.

(*b*).—The military rules referred to are as follows:—

(1).—For officers who have elected the rules of 1868—

An officiating officer will draw half the staff salary of the appointment and half the staff salary of his substantive appointment, if he have one: provided the whole staff salary thus drawn be not less than Rs. 100 a month.

(2). For officers who have elected the rules of 1854—

An officiating officer will draw half the staff salary of the appointment. After acting for six months, whether continuously or not, in the same post or grade, he is entitled to the full staff salary, as soon as the absentee ceases to draw any part of it.

Section 11 (*a*).—A medical appointment, the pay of which was fixed by General Order of the Government of India, Military Department, No. 370, dated the 4th April 1867, is to be treated for the purposes of this Chapter as if the pay thereof were a staff salary equal to the excess, if any, of the consolidated pay over the "unemployed pay" of the permanent incumbent: Medical appointments.

(*b*).—Provided that an officer appointed to the Medical Service before 7th November 1864, officiating in one of these appointments, shall receive an aggregate salary not less than his full batta pay.

CHAPTER V.

The Public Works Department.

[Engineer Establishment and Superior Officers of Accounts Branch.]

Section 12 (*a*).—An officer of a class divided into grades cannot officiate in that class in a grade higher than that to which he is substantively appointed. No officiating in grades.

(*b*).—An officer officiating in a rank which is divided into classes, or in a class divided into grades, will officiate in the lowest class or grade; but this rule does not apply to officers officiating in appointments of which the substantive holders must belong to a particular class.

Section 13 (*a*).—An officer with a substantive appointment, officiating in a higher class or in another appointment, is entitled to an acting allowance, in addition to his pay, of one-fifth of the civil pay of the class or appointment in which he officiates. Officers with substantive appointment.

(*b*.)—A civil officer without a substantive appointment is entitled to an acting allowance of half the civil pay of the class or appointment in which he officiates. A military officer, without an appointment, is entitled to his pay and to such acting allowance as will make the total equal to the sum of the assumed subsistence allowance stated in Section 8, *plus* half the civil pay of the class or appointment in which he officiates.

Explanation.—The civil pay of a graded class is the average civil pay of the grades (calculated without reference to the number of appointments in each grade); but the officiating officer's salary shall not exceed the pay of the lowest grade.

1. The net military pay of an officer of the Royal Engineers is not taken into account in calculating acting allowances. He is entitled to this pay independently of any other allowance.

Section **14**.—In the following cases, special allowances are given, on sanction by the Local Government, or, if the appointment be under a Chief Commissioner or an Agent to the Governor General, or under the Resident of Hydarabad, or the Superi_____nt of Port Blair, by the Government of India:

(*a*).—A subordinate officiating as an Executive Engineer is allowed Rs. 100 a month in addition to his pay, provided that the aggregate does not exceed the pay of an Executive Engineer of the 4th Grade.

(*b*).—A subordinate officiating as an Assistant is allowed Rs. 50 a month in addition to his pay. This allowance is not admissible on the mere circumstance of the subordinate holding a charge formerly held by an Assistant, but only when the charge involves duties and responsibilities which, in character or extent, are such as are not usually imposed on subordinate officers.

(*c*).—An Accountant officiating for a Controller or Deputy Controller is entitled to draw an allowance of Rs. 100 a month in addition to his pay, provided that the aggregate does not exceed the pay of a Deputy Controller.

CHAPTER VI.

THE SURVEY DEPARTMENT.

(OFFICERS NOT BELOW THE RANK OF ASSISTANT SURVEYOR IN THE SURVEY DEPARTMENT UNDER THE SURVEYOR GENERAL OF INDIA.)

Survey Department.

Section **15**.—An officer officiating in the grade immediately superior to his own, is entitled to the same allowances as if he were confirmed in that grade.

Section **16**.—An officer officiating in a grade higher than that immediately superior to his own, is entitled to an acting allowance, in addition to his pay, of one-fifth of the civil pay of the grade in which he officiates.

1. Rule 1 under *Section* 5 applies to this section also.

Section **17**.—An officer without a substantive appointment is entitled to an acting allowance, in addition to his pay (if any), of half the civil pay of the grade in which he officiates.

CHAPTER VII.

Other Officers.

Section **18**.—The following are the rules applicable to officers in civil employ who are

not members of the Covenanted Civil Service,
nor Commissioned Officers in the Army,
nor in the Public Works and Survey (India) Departments, unless they are officiating in appointments below the rank of Assistant Engineer, or Assistant Controller, or Assistant Surveyor,
nor officers of the superior establishment of the Telegraph and Forest Departments, whose acting allowances are regulated by the special rules contained in the Appendix.

Section **19** (*a*).—An officer with a substantive appointment officiating in an appointment which is open to, and may in practice be held by, a Covenanted Civil Servant or an officer of the Army, is entitled to the acting allowance prescribed in *Section* 5. Officers with substantive appointments.

Examples of the appointments referred to.

Postmasters General, Judges of Small Cause Courts, gazetted officers of Police.

1. The classified list of the Financial Department is excepted from this clause, and comes under the next clause.

(*b*).—An officer with a substantive appointment officiating in an appointment to which clause (*a*) does not apply, and of which the pay is not less than Rs. 100, is entitled to an acting allowance of one-fifth of the pay of the appointment: Provided that no officer may, under this clause, be appointed to officiate in a higher grade of his own class. No officiating in grades.

1. In the Public Works Department no increased allowances are admissible to an officer of the Upper Subordinate Establishment, or to a Sub-Overseer, for performing duties previously entrusted to one of a higher grade in either of the Subordinate Establishments.

2. In Madras the first, second, and third grades of munsiffships are treated as distinct *classes*. Munsiffs in Madras.

Explanation.—The pay of an appointment which belongs to a graded class and is not such as is described in clause (*a*) of this section, is the average pay of the grades, calculated without reference to the number of appointments in each grade; but the officiating officer's salary shall not exceed the pay of the lowest grade, unless he belongs to another Department, and is specially appointed to officiate in a grade other than the lowest. Graded appointments.

Section **20**.—An officer without a substantive appointment, officiating in an appointment the pay of which is not less than Rs. 100, is entitled to an acting allowance of half the pay of the appointment. Officers without substantive appointments.

See explanation under the last section.

Section **21**.—If the pay of the appointment is less than Rs. 200, and the Local Government considers that the acting allowances admissible by rule are insufficient, it may grant to the officiating officer higher allowances, not exceeding the difference between the pay of the appointment and the portion of it drawn by the absentee for whom he officiates. Appointments of less than Rs. [illegible]

Appointments of less than Rs. 100.

Section **22**.—The salary of an officer officiating in an appointment of which the pay is less than Rs. 100 should, as far as practicable, be regulated by Sections 19 (*b*) and 20; but the officer who appoints the substitute may grant him higher allowances, not exceeding the difference between the pay of appointment and the portion of it drawn by the absentee for whom he officiates.

CHAPTER VIII.

PLURAL APPOINTMENTS.

Two or more appointments.

Section **23**.—The salary of an officer holding substantively, or officiating in, two or more independent appointments at one time, shall be regulated as follows:

(*a*).—He shall draw the highest salary to which he would be entitled if he held, or officiated in, any one of the appointments alone.

(*b*).—For the other appointment or appointments, he shall draw such allowances as the Local Government may fix, not exceeding, for each appointment, half the salary which he would draw if he held or officiated in it alone.

(*c*).—Provided that his aggregate salary shall not exceed the pay which he would draw in the most highly paid of the appointments, if he held it substantively and alone.

1. This proviso may be dispensed with, if the Local Government declared that, for special reasons (to be communicated to the Supreme Government), it is necessary, on public grounds, to entrust to the one officer the duties of the several offices at once, and that the salary to which he would be limited by the proviso is insufficient.

[*Illustration.*—A Covenanted Civil Servant holding a substantive appointment, A, of which the pay is Rs. 1,000, is appointed, without being relieved of his own duties, to officiate in two appointments, B, of which the pay is Rs. 1,600, and C, of which the pay is Rs. 2,200.

	Rs.
If he held A only, he would draw	1,000
If he officiated in B only, he would draw pay Rs. 1,000, and acting allowance Rs. 400	1,400
If he officiated in C only, he would drawn pay Rs. 1,000, and acting allowance Rs. 800	1,800
He will therefore draw for C (which carries the highest salary)	1,800

And but for proviso (*c*) he would be entitled for B and A to such allowances as the Local Government may fix, not exceeding Rupees $\frac{1,400}{2}$=700 for B, and $\frac{1,000}{2}$= 500 for A.

But in consequence of that proviso, his aggregate salary must be limited to Rs. 2,200 (the pay of appointment C), unless the declaration prescribed in Rule 1 be made.]

Exceptions.

Section **24** (*a*).—Section 23 does not apply to the case of an officer officiating at the same time in two or more appointments which are ordinarily held substantively by one individual. In such case, the two appointments shall, for the purpose of calculating acting allowances, be treated as one appointment upon the aggregate pay.

(*b*).—Nor to the case of an officer discharging the duties of more than one appointment in the same office, or on the same establishment.

EXAMPLES.—One Under Secretary discharging the duties of a fellow Under Secretary in the same office or department as well as his own.

A Joint Magistrate appointed, in addition to his own duties, to officiate as Magistrate of the District. In this case, he gets allowances only as Officiating Magistrate of the District.

A District Judge deprived of the help of an Additional or Assistant Judge, and therefore doing the Additional or Assistant Judge's work.

A Joint Magistrate doing the work of a second Joint Magistrate in the District as well as his own.

A clerk doing the duties of another clerk in the same office.

(*c*).—Nor does the section affect "local allowances" given for the performance of separate duties.

1. The allowances for the additional charge of an appointment of the kind specified in Section 11, are regulated by military rules and not by this Code.

Charge of current duties.

Section **25** (*a*).—An officer appointed, without being relieved of his own duties, to be in charge of the current duties of an office, is ordinarily not entitled to acting allowance.

(*b*).—But when an officer is appointed to be in charge of the current duties of a judicial office, or of a gazetted office in the Police Department, and the charge, in the opinion of the Local Government, entails a substantial increase of responsibility, besides some additional work, he is entitled to a charge allowance, to be fixed by the Local Government, not exceeding one-tenth of the pay of the office. If the office is open to, and may in practice be held by, a Covenanted Civil Servant or an officer of the Army, the charge allowance may not be less than Rs. 100 a month.

1. For a subordinate judicial officer in charge of the current duties of a district judge's office, the charge allowance is fixed at Rs. 150 a month.

(*c*).—An officer of the Engineer Establishment of the Public Works Department, appointed, without being relieved of his own duties, to be in charge of the current duties of an office of higher class than his own, is entitled to a charge allowance of one-tenth of the civil pay of the class. But the cases must be reported to the Government of India for confirmation.

CHAPTER IX.

APPOINTMENTS ON PROGRESSIVE PAY.

Rule for finding the "pay of the appointment."

Section **26** (*a*).—When an officer is first appointed (whether the appointment be substantive or officiating) to an office of which the pay is progressive and the minimum pay is not less than Rs. 100, the pay of the appointment shall, for the purpose of calculating his salary, be ascertained by counting towards the increments any excess over one year in the period immediately preceding the date on which the appointment takes effect, during which the officer's pay continuously—

(1) if progressive, has been at its maximum, and

(2) has been not less than the minimum pay of the appointment.

Provided that not more than a year can be counted under this section.

(*b*).—If the minimum pay of the appointment is less than Rs. 100, no time can be counted towards the increments before the date on which the appointment takes effect.

Example.—A had since the 1st July 1870 been drawing the maximum pay (Rs. 600) of his appointment. On the 1st December 1871, he was appointed to officiate in an office the pay of which rises from Rs. 600 to 800. Under this section he counts five months out of the seventeen intervening between the 1st July 1870 and the 1st December 1871. This section, however, does not fix his salary, but only determines one of the elements necessary for its calculation.

Section **27**.—After an officer's first appointment, the pay of the appointment shall, for the purpose of calculating his salary, be ascertained by counting towards the increments (in addition to any time admissible under Section 26)—

i. Any time, whether continuous or not, during which he has officiated in the appointment, and during which—

(1) his pay, if progressive, has been at its maximum, and

(2) his salary has been not less than the minimum pay of the appointment.

ii. Any time during which he has substantively held the appointment.

Example.—A (the officer in the example under last section) will, under this section, count the time subsequent to 1st December 1871, during which he is officiating in the appointment. But this section, like the last, does not of itself fix his salary.

Rule for calculating salary."

Section **28** (*a*).—If the officer is officiating in the appointment, his acting allowance shall be calculated on the mean pay of the appointment; his maximum salary shall be the pay of the appointment as fixed in accordance with Sections 26 and 27; and his minimum salary shall be half the mean pay of the appointment.

(*b*). If the officer holds the appointment substantively, his pay shall be the pay of the appointment as fixed in accordance with Sections 26 and 27.

Example.—The "pay of the appointment", as fixed for A in the above example, is—

From December 1, 1871	...	Rs. 600
From July 1, 1872 ...	...	„ 650
From July 1, 1873 ...	...	„ 700
From July 1, 1874 ...	...	„ 750 and so on.

If he officiates only, he gets Rs. 740 (*i. e.* Rs. $600+\frac{700}{5}$), limited at first to Rs. 600, after the 1st July 1872 to Rs. 650, and after the 1st July 1873 to Rs. 700. But after the 1st July 1874 he will draw the full Rs. 740, as the limit is then Rs. 750.

If he at any time obtains the appointment substantively, he gets the full pay above stated.

1. The following special rules apply to the Post Office Department:—

(*a*). Unless otherwise specially ordered by the Director General, an officer can count time only under Section 27, and can count under part i of that section only so much as is continuous.

(*b*). An increment of salary accruing in any other month than March must be postponed until the 1st of March next following.

Section **29.**—An officer may, by excluding a previous appointment, count a subsequent appointment as the "first" appointment under these rules.

Example.—A officiated from the 1st January 1872 till the 31st March 1872 in an appointment the pay of which was progressive, but his own pay not being at the maximum, he was not entitled to count any time under Section 26.

He is again appointed to officiate on the 1st January 1874, but his pay having for some time been at the maximum, and the other conditions being fulfilled, the circumstances are such that, if this were his first appointment, he would be entitled, under Section 26, to count nine months towards the increments.

As this is more advantageous than it would be to count under Section 27 only the three months of his first officiating tenure, he would, by this section, exclude the first officiating tenure, and count the second tenure (beginning on the 1st January 1874) as the first.

The three months, of course, cannot be afterwards counted under Section 27.

Section **30.**—In Departments in which the pay is regulated according to classes, an officer may count, under Section 27, any time during which he has officiated in a higher class, as if he had during that time officiated in any lower class. Time thus counted cannot be afterwards counted towards an increment in the higher class.

Section **31.**—Time spent on leave with allowances counts towards increments in the same manner as if during it the officer had actually held or officiated in (as the case may be) the appointment on which he has a lien. But an increment accruing while an officer is on leave does not affect his allowances until he returns to duty. Time spent on leave.

Section **32.**—Time passed under suspension does not count towards increments, if the suspension is a penalty for misconduct; but an officer, in directing reinstatement of a person who has been suspended, may declare that the time shall count. Suspension

Note.—The rules in Sections 26 and 30 were first promulgated in the Acting Allowance Code dated the 1st August 1871.

Section 30 may be applied in fixing the salaries of officers in the appointments which they were holding on the 1st August, but no back pay before the 1st August can be drawn in consequence of the permission given by it.

Section 26 can be applied only in fixing the salaries of officers in appointments made on or after the 1st August, but any officer holding an appointment on the 1st August 1871 may count that appointment as if it had been "first" made on that date.

CHAPTER X.

Exceptional Cases.

Section **33.**—The allowances of an officiating Ordinary Member of the Executive Council of the Governor General, or of the Governor of Madras or Bombay, are regulated by Act of Parliament, Section 27 of 24 & 25 Vic., Cap. 67. Members of Council.

Section 27.—If any vacancy shall happen in the office of an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General, or of the Council of either of the Presidencies, when no person provisionally appointed to succeed thereto shall be then present on the spot, then, and on every such occasion, such vacancy shall be supplied by the appointment of the Governor General in Council, or the Governor in Council, as the case may be; and until a successor

shall arrive, the person so nominated shall execute the office to which he shall have been appointed, and shall have all the powers thereof, and shall have, and be entitled to, the salary and other emoluments and advantages appertaining to the said office during his continuance therein, every such temporary Member of Council foregoing all salaries and allowances by him held and enjoyed at the time of his being appointed to such office; and if any Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General, or of the Council of either of the Presidencies, shall, by any infirmity or otherwise, be rendered incapable of acting or of attending to act as such, or if any such Member shall be absent on leave, and if any person shall have been provisionally appointed as aforesaid, then the place of such Member absent or unable to attend shall be supplied by such person, and if no person provisionally appointed to succeed to the office shall be then on the spot, the Governor General in Council, or Governor in Council as the case may be, shall appoint some person to be a temporary Member of Council, and until the return of the Member so absent or unable to attend, the person so provisionally appointed by the Secretary of State in Council, or so appointed by the Governor General in Council, or Governor in Council, as the case may be, shall execute the office to which he shall have been appointed, and shall have all the powers thereof, and shall receive half the salary of the Member of Council whose place he supplies, and also half the salary of his office under the Government of India, or the Government of either of the Presidencies, as the case may be, if he hold any such office, the remaining half of such last-named salary being at the disposal of the Government of India, or other Government as aforesaid: provided always that no person shall be appointed a temporary Member of the said Council, who might not have been appointed as hereinbefore provided to fill the vacancy supplied by such temporary appointment.

High Court Judges.

Section **34**.—An Officiating Chief Justice, or Judge of any High Court, or of the Chief Court of the Panjab, is entitled to the full pay of the appointment.

Law Officers.

Section **35**.—An Officiating Law Officer draws, as acting allowance, the difference between the allowance attached to the appointment and the portion of it drawn by the absentee for whom he officiates.

1. The Government of Madras may apply this rule to an officer officiating as translator to Government.

Rates of fixed minima.

Section **36**.—The undermentioned officers, officiating or substantive, are entitled to minimum salaries as follows:—

	Rs.
Accountant General in Bengal, Madras, or Bombay	1,500
Accountant General in the North-Western Provinces or in the Panjab	1,200
Accountant General (or Deputy Accountant General in independent charge) in British Burmah...	1,000
Deputy Accountant General (in independent charge) in the Central Provinces, Hydarabad or Mysore	800
Uncovenanted Medical Officer in medical charge of a Civil Station	350
Supernumerary Deputy Collector in Sind	400
Extra Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Class, in British Burmah ...	75
Extra Assistant Commissioner, except as above	200
Assistant Superintendent of Police (except those promoted from lower grades)	200

Section **37**.—For the following cases there are special rules:—

(*a*). A Clergyman appointed to perform the duties of a Chaplain on the regular establishment is entitled to an allowance of Rs. 100 a month:

(*b*). A Sub-Assistant Surgeon officiating for, or appointed to do the duties of, a Civil Surgeon is entitled to an allowance in addition to his pay, as follows:—

If he be in the first or second grade:—Rs. 150 a month, (but he must forfeit the Panjab allowance of Rs. 50 a month, if he has it.)

If he be in the third grade:—Rs. 100 a month.

(*c*). A Subordinate Medical Officer officiating in medical charge of a first or second class Civil Station, is entitled to an allowance, in addition to his pay, of Rs. 100 a month.

APPENDIX REFERRED TO IN SECTION 18.

Extract from the Telegraph Code, Chapter D.

82. The following Rules relate to the acting allowances of officers of the superior establishment, the expression "consolidated pay" being in all cases understood as the pay fixed for a Civil Officer holding an appointment, even though the officer affected in the calculation of acting allowance be a military officer.

I.—An officer officiating in the Telegraph Department, who does not hold any substantive appointment, shall receive an acting allowance of half the consolidated pay of the appointment in which he may officiate. In giving acting allowance under this rule to a Military Officer not holding any substantive appointment, who may officiate in the Telegraph Department, the allowance granted will be in addition to his military pay and allowances, up to an amount not exceeding what the officer would draw were he to be confirmed in the lowest grade of the class in which he may be appointed to officiate.

II.—An officer officiating as Director General shall draw a salary not less than Rs. 2,500 a month.

III.—Except as provided in Rules I and V, an officer officiating in a grade immediately superior to his own, shall draw the minimum consolidated pay of that grade; if he be a Military Officer, and the grade in which he is officiating carry staff allowances, he shall draw the same salary as he would draw were he permanently confirmed in the grade in which he officiates.

IV.—Except as provided in Rules I and V, an officer officiating in a grade higher than that immediately superior to his own shall draw an acting allowance of one-fifth of the mean consolidated pay of the grade in which he officiates, provided that the whole salary drawn by him shall not exceed the minimum pay of the grade in which he officiates. If, however, he be a Military Officer, officiating in a grade carrying staff allowances, he shall draw, in addition to the staff allowances of his own grade, an acting allowance of one-fifth of the staff allowances of the grade in which he officiates, provided that the whole salary drawn by him shall not exceed the maximum pay fixed for the grade in which he officiates.

V.—No Assistant Superintendent, when officiating for another Assistant Superintendent of a higher grade, shall draw any acting allowance.

VI.—These rules are to be applied to all officers, Military or Civil, officiating in the superior appointments of the Telegraph Department in all cases, whether in an absolute vacancy or during the absence of the permanent incumbent on general or privilege leave, special duty, or field service.

VII.—The acting allowance to the substitute of an officer on privilege leave will be paid by the State.

VIII.—A Superintendent holding charge of two divisions will receive an allowance of Rs. 100 a month, and any Assistant Superintendent in charge of two sub-divisions Rs. 50 a month. This, however, is only to be allowed under special circumstances, and as a temporary arrangement, and must be reported to the Government of India for confirmation.

96. No increased allowances are payable to any officer of the upper or lower subordinate establishment, or to any Sub-Inspector, for performing duties previously entrusted to one of a higher grade in either of those subordinate establishments.

Extract from the Rules of the appointments, &c., of Officers of the Forest Department under the control of the Government of India.

XII.—As a rule, all officiating appointments will be made to the lowest grade of Assistant or Deputy Conservator, and to the lowest class of Conservator, and in such cases the salary of the officiating officer will be the pay of the lowest grade or class of the office in which he officiates. There being no fixed number in the different grades of the Assistant Conservator and Deputy Conservator, no officiating appointments in the higher grades within these classes will be permitted.

XIII.—If in any special case an officiating appointment is made otherwise than to the lowest grade or class of Assistant or Deputy Conservator, or Conservator, the salary of the officiating office will be regulated by the ordinary rules regarding acting allowance, or will be fixed specially by the Government of India.

MINT AND CURRENCY.

No. 1843.—*The 12th March* 1872.—With reference to Section 15 of Act III of 1871, the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify for general information that the provisions of Notification by the Government of India, Financial Department, No. 4284, dated 22nd October 1869, are still in force.

The Notification is published below:—

The Governor General in Council directs that it be notified for general information that the payment of any sum of money which any one has to make to Government in any Department can be made in Government Notes of any issue irrespective of Presidency or Circle, and that all Officers of Revenue, Customs, Tax Office, Railway, &c., are hereby authorized to receive payment in Notes of any issue irrespective of Presidency or Circle.

PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

No. 1897.—*The 14th March* 1872.—The Governor General in Council directs the publication of the following additions to Civil Pension Code, 69:—

After "Department"—

and the Inland Customs Department.

At the end of para. 1—

for Officers of the Inland Customs Department whose pay does not exceed Rs. 10, a roll shall be kept similar to that prescribed in Section 109 (*a*) for the Police.

No. 2032.—*The 15th March* 1872.—ERRATA. In Notification No. 1772, dated 8th March 1872 (Supplement C of Civil Pension Code) published in the *Gazette of India* of 9th idem—

In Section 3, Rule 1, for "often" read "after."

In Section 5, for "£125-15" read "£127-15."

SEPARATE REVENUE.

(POST OFFICE.)

No. 1829.—*The 14th March* 1872.—In supersession of Financial Notification No. 3585, dated 11th November 1868, the Governor General in Council, under the provision of Section 26 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1866, is pleased to notify that letters posted at any Indian Post Office, and addressed to any place in India, which contain coin or a currency note, or any portion thereof, or postage stamps, cheques, or hoondies, must be registered.

If any such cover, the contents of which are apparent or known, be found in the Letter Box without registration, it shall be registered and charged on delivery with a double registration fee, in addition to any other postage which may be due.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Judicial and Political Departments.

No. 398J.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 6th March 1872.—The following gentlemen to be Members of the Committee for the anagement of the Charitable Dispensary at idnapore :—

Mr. A. Scott.
Babu Bhupati Charan Ray.
„ Nobin Chandra Nag.

Third Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon Tárá Prasanna Ray, on special duty, to have charge of the Charitable Dispensary recently established at Sewan in Sarun.

The 16th March 1872.—Mr. Henry John Stedman Cotton to officiate as Judge of the Small Small Court of Sealdah, during the absence, on duty, of Mr. J. S. Bell, or until further orders.

Mr. Henry Muspratt to officiate as District and Sessions Judge of Sylhet, during the absence, on furlough, of Mr. Francis Jeffrey Cockburn, or until further orders. Mr. Muspratt is vested with the powers of a Sessions Judge in Cachar.

In supersession of the orders of the 7th instant, Babu Braja Mohan Prasad is appointed to officiate as Munsiff of Begoo Serai, in Zillah Bhaugulpore, during the absence, on leave, of Moulvi Tumuzuddin, or until further orders.

Mr. William Cornell, M A, is appointed, under Section 4, Act II of 1869, to be a Justice of the Peace for the town of Calcutta.

The 18th March 1872.—Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Elderton to officiate temporarily as Cantonment Magistrate of Dum-Dum and Judge of the Small Cause Court in that Cantonment, from the date on which Lieutenant-Colonel Edmund Henry Cullen Wintle may make over charge to him. Lieutenant-Colonel Elderton is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. Rowland Vyner Cockerell is appointed, under Section 3, Act X of 1870, to perform the functions of a Judge for the purpose of disposing of cases of land acquisition under the provisions of Part III of that Act in Howrah.

Surgeon John Armstrong Pitrefoy Colles, M.D., to officiate as Professor of Surgical and Descriptive Anatomy, and to be ex-officio Second Surgeon, Calcutta Medical College Hospital, during the absence, on leave, of Surgeon Samuel Bowen Partridge, or until further orders.

The 19th March 1872.—Babu Piyári Lál Banurji to officiate as Judge of the Small Cause Court of Midnapore, and Subordinate Judge of that District, during the absence, on duty, of Babu Mahendranath Basu, or until further orders.

Mr Arthur Levien to officiate as District and Sessions Judge of Rungpore, during the absence, on duty, of Mr. Henry Cockburn Richardson, or until further orders.

Mr. Charles Armstrong Fisher, Assistant Superintendent of Police, in temporary charge of the District Police of Sylhet, is promoted from the 3rd to the 2nd grade of Assistant Superintendents, with effect from the 1st January 1872.

The following Officiating Assistant Superintendents of Police are confirmed in the 3rd grade viz :—

Mr. H. V. H. Roberts from the 1st January 1872.
„ William a'Court Beadon (on leave) from the 1st January 1872.
„ Rawson Hart Boddam

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 19th March 1872.—Mr. Anthony Benn Falcon, Officiating Judge of Rungpore, for two months, under Section XIX of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules, from the date on which he may be relieved.

Babu Naruttam Mallik, Small Cause Court Judge of Moorshedabad, and Subordinate Judge of that district, for three months, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in orders of the 13th February 1872.

In supersession of the orders of the 19th ultimo, Captain Reginald Justus Wimberley, late Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Howrah, is allowed twelve days privilege leave.

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th March 1872.—Mr. Augustus Rivers Thompson, C.S., reported his departure from India on the 1st instant.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 519.—*Fort William, the 15th March* 1872.—*Judicial.—Notification.*—The Hon'ble George Loch, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained furlough to Europe for one year, with effect from the 11th April next, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 522.—The Hon'ble J. B. Phear, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained six months' leave of absence on medical certificate, under the Leave Rules of 1863, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 633P.—*Fort William, the 15th March* 1872.—*Political.—Notification.*—In continuation of Notification No. 1333P of 30th June 1871, the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify as follows, regarding the declaration to be made under Section 3 of the Naturalization Act, 1870, by British subjects naturalized in the United States of America, in order

to renounce their status as naturalized American citizens and to resume British nationality:—

WHEREAS by Section 3 of the Naturalization Act, 1870, it was provided as follows:—

"When Her Majesty has entered into a Convention with any foreign State to the effect that the subjects or citizens of that State who have been naturalized as British subjects may divest themselves of their status as such subjects, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by Order in Council, to declare that such Convention has been entered into by Her Majesty; and from and after the date of such Order in Council any person being originally a subject or citizen of the State referred to in such Order, who has been naturalized as a British subject, may, within such limit of time as may be provided in the Convention, make a declaration of alienage, and from and after the date of his so making such declaration such person shall be regarded as an alien, and as a subject of the State to which he originally belonged as aforesaid.

"A declaration of alienage may be made as follows, that is to say—if the declarant be in the United Kingdom, in the presence of any Justice of the Peace; if elsewhere in Her Majesty's dominions, in the presence of any Judge of any Court of Civil or Criminal Jurisdiction, of any Justice of the Peace, or of any other Officer for the time being authorized by law in the place in which the declarant is to administer an oath for any judicial or other legal purpose; if out of Her Majesty's dominions, in the presence of any Officer in the Diplomatic or Consular Service of Her Majesty."

And whereas, in pursuance of the said section, Her Majesty entered into a Convention with the United States of America which was signed at London, May 13th, 1870, and the ratifications of which were exchanged at London, August 10th, 1870, to the following effect:—

"Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the President of the United States of America being desirous to regulate the citizenship of British subjects who have emigrated or who may emigrate from the British dominions to the United States of America, and of citizens of the United States of America who have emigrated or who may emigrate from the United States of America to the British dominions, have resolved to conclude a Convention for that purpose, and have named as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say—

"Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Hon'ble George William Frederick, Earl of Clarendon, Baron Hyde of Hindon, a Peer of the United Kingdom, a Member of Her Britannic Majesty's Most Hon'ble Privy Council, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Hon'ble Order of the Bath, Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs;

"and the President of the United States of America, John Lothrop Motley, Esq., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Her Britannic Majesty;

"who after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found to be in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles:—

"ARTICLE I.

"British subjects who have become, or shall become, and are naturalized, according to law within the United States of America, as citizens thereof, shall, subject to the provisions of Article II, be held by Great Britain to be in all respects and for all purposes citizens of the United States, and shall be treated as such by Great Britain.

"Reciprocally, citizens of the United States of America who have become, or shall become, and are naturalized, according to law within the British dominions, as British subjects, shall, subject to the provisions of Article II, be held by the United States to be in all respects and for all purposes British subjects, and shall be treated as such by the United States.

"ARTICLE II.

"Such British subjects as aforesaid, who have become and are naturalized as citizens within the United States, shall be at liberty to renounce their naturalization and to resume their British nationality, provided that such renunciation be publicly declared within two years after the twelfth day of May 1870.

"Such citizens of the United States as aforesaid, who have become and are naturalized within the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty as British subjects, shall be at liberty to renounce their naturalization, and to resume their nationality as citizens of the United States, provided that such renunciation be publicly declared within two years after the exchange of the ratifications of the present Convention.

"The manner in which this renunciation may be made and publicly declared shall be agreed upon by the Governments of the respective countries.

"ARTICLE III.

"If any such British subject as aforesaid, naturalized in the United States, should renew his residence within the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty, Her Majesty's Government may, on his own application, and on such conditions as that Government may think fit

to impose, re-admit him to the character and privileges of a British subject, and the United States shall not in that cas eclaim him as a citizen of the United States on account of his former naturalization.

"In the same manner, if any such citizen of the United States as aforesaid, naturalized within the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty, should renew his residence in the United States, the United States' Government may, on his own application, and on such conditions as that Government may think fit to impose, re-admit him to the character and privileges of a citizen of the United States, and Great Britain shall not, in that case, claim him as a British subject on account of his former naturalization.

"ARTICLE IV.

"The present Convention shall be ratified by Her Britannic Majesty and by the President of United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at London as soon as may be within twelve months from the date hereof.

"In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto their respective seals.

"Done at London the thirteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand, eight hundred and seventy.

"(L. S.) CLARENDON.

"(L. S.) JOHN LOTHROP MOTLEY."

AND WHEREAS a further Convention, supplementary to the foregoing Convention was signed at Washington, February 23rd, 1871, (the ratifications being exchanged at Washington, May 4th, 1871), and was to the following effect:—

"Whereas by the second Article of the Convention between Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the United States of America, for regulating the citizenship of subjects and citizens of the contracting parties who have emigrated or may emigrate from dominions of the one to those of the other party, signed at London on the 13th of May 1870, it was stipulated that the manner in which the renunciation by such subjects and citizens of their naturalization, and the resumption of their native allegiance, may be made and publicly declared, should be agreed upon by the Governments of the respective countries; Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the President of the United States of America, for the purpose of effecting such agreement, have resolved to conclude a Supplemental Convention, and have named as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say, Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Sir Edward Thornton, Knight Commander of the Most Hon'ble Order of the Bath, and Her Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States of America, and the President of the United States of America, Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State, who have agreed as follows:—

ARTICLE I.

"Any person being originally a citizen of the United States, who had previously to May 13th, 1870, been naturalized as a British subject, may at any time before August 10th, 1872, and any British subject, who at the date first aforesaid had been naturalized as a citizen within the United States, may at any time before May 12th, 1872, publicly declare his renunciation of such naturalization by subscribing an instrument in writing substantially in the form hereunto appended, and designated as Annex A.

"Such renunciation by an original citizen of the United States of British nationality shall, within the territories and jurisdiction of the United States, be made in duplicate, in the presence of any Court authorized by law for the time being to admit aliens to naturalization, or before the Clerk or Prothonotary of any such Court; if the declarant be beyond the territories of the United States, it shall be made in duplicate before any Diplomatic or Consular Officer of the United States. One of such duplicates shall remain of record in the custody of the Court or Officer in whose presence it was made; the other shall be, without delay, transmitted to the Department of State.

"Such renunciation, if declared by an original British subject, of his acquired nationality as a citizen of the United States, shall, if the declarant be in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, be made in duplicate, in the presence of a Justice of the Peace; if elsewhere in Her Britannic Majesty's dominions, in triplicate, in the presence of any Judge of Civil or Criminal Jurisdiction, of any Justice of the Peace, or of any other Officer for the time being authorized by law in the place in which the declarant is, to administer an oath for any judicial or other legal purpose; if out of Her Majesty's dominions, in triplicate, in the presence of any Officer in the Diplomatic or Consular Service of Her Majesty.

"ARTICLE II.

"The contracting parties hereby engage to communicate each to the other, from time to time, lists of the persons who within their respective dominions and territories, or before

their Diplomatic and Consular Officers have declared their renunciation of naturalization, with the dates and places of making such declarations, and such information as to the abode of the declarants, and the time and places of their naturalization, as they may have furnished.

"ARTICLE III.

"The present Convention shall be ratified by Her Britannic Majesty and by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Washington as soon as may be convenient.

"In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto their respective seals.

"Done at Washington the twenty-third day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

"(L. S.) EDWARD THORNTON.

"(L. S.) HAMILTON FISH.

"ANNEX A.

"I, *A. B.*, of *(insert abode)*, being originally a citizen of the United States of America *(or a British subject)*, and having become naturalized within the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty as a British subject (*or as a citizen within the United States of America*) do hereby renounce my naturalization as a British subject (*or citizen of the United States,*) and declare that it is my desire to resume my nationality as a citizen of the United States (*or British subject*).

"(Signed) *A. B.*

"Made and subscribed before me in (*insert country or other subdivision, and state, province, colony, legation, or consulate*) this day of 187 .

"Signed) *E. F.*,

Justice of the Peace (or other title).

"(L. S.) EDWARD THORNTON.

"(L. S.) HAMILTON FISH.

AND WHEREAS by an Order made by Her Majesty in Council, 17th August 1870, it was ordered as follows:—

"*At the Court of Windsor, the 17th day of August* 1870.

"PRESENT:

"The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

"Whereas by 'The Naturalization Act, 1870,' it is enacted that where Her Majesty has entered into a Convention with any foreign State, to the effect that the subjects or citizens of that State who have been naturalized as British subjects may divest themselves of their status as such subjects, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty by Order in Council to declare that such Convention has been entered into by Her Majesty; and from and after the date of such Order in Council, any person being originally a subject or citizen of the State referred to in such Order, who has been naturalized as a British subject, may, within such limit of time as may be provided in the Convention, make a declaration of alienage; and from and after the date of his so making such declaration, such person shall be regarded as an alien and as a subject of the State to which he originally belonged as aforesaid. And whereas, on or about the thirteenth day of May last past, a Convention between Her Majesty and the President of the United States of America was duly signed at London, the ratifications whereof were duly exchanged at London, the tenth day of August instant, whereby the subjects or citizens of the United States of America who have been naturalized as British subjects are at liberty to renounce their naturalization, and divest themselves of their status as such British subjects, provided that such renunciation be publicly declared within two years after the exchange of the ratifications of the said Convention. Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, doth hereby declare that Her Majesty has entered into a Convention with the said United States of America, to the effect that the subjects or citizens of those States who have been naturalized as British subjects may divest themselves of their status as such subjects."

Now, this is to notify that all British subjects who have become and are naturalized, according to the law within the United States of America, as citizens thereof, may renounce such naturalization and resume their British nationality, provided that such renunciation be made before the 12th day of May 1872.

The renunciation is to be made in the following form:—

I., *A. B.* (*insert abode*), being originally a British subject, and having become naturalized as a citizen within the United States of America, do hereby renounce my naturalization as a citizen of the said United States, and declare that it is my desire to resume my nationality as a British subject.

(Signed) *A. B.*

"Made and subscribed before me in (*insert country or other sub-division, and state, province, colony, legation, or consulate*) this day of 187 .

(Signed) *E. F.*,

Justice of the Peace (or other title).

This declaration must be made as directed in Section 3 of the said Naturalization Act, 1870, hereinbefore recited.

It is further notified that although by the above recited Convention of the 23rd day of February 1871 it is provided that American citizens who have been naturalized as British subjects should make the declaration of renunciation before an United States' Court of Justice or Diplomatic or Consular Officer of the United States, it is necessary, nevertheless, in order to comply with the terms of the said Section 3, that such declaration be also made before one of the Officers mentioned in the said section.

It is further notified that no fee will be levied for receiving the declaration hereinbefore mentioned. The said declarations are to be made in triplicate,—one copy is to be delivered to the declarant, one is to be retained in the archives of the *Officer* before whom the declaration is made, and one is to be transmitted to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 257.—*Fort William, the 9th March* 1872.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel A. Elderton, of the Bengal Staff Corps, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 263.—*The 13th March* 1872.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs :—

* * * * * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel Edmund Henry Cullen Wintle, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Cantonment Magistrate and Judge, Small Cause Court, Dum-Dum,—for two years, under the Regulations of 1868.

* * * * * * *

No. 272.—*The 14th March* 1872.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure for Europe on the dates specified :—

Surgeon Major J. Fayrer, M. D., C. S. I., of the Medical Department, G. G. O. No. 168 of 1872, *Indus*, 1st March 1872.

* * * * * * *

No. 276 *of* 1872.—The services of Surgeon J. A. P. Colles, M.D., in medical charge of the 4th Sikh Infantry, Punjab Frontier Force, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

C. BERNARD,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 107.

The 13th March 1872.

Notifications—Mr. W. Girling, Supervisor, First Grade, joined the Second Presidency Division on the 7th March 1872, before noon.

No. 108.

The 15th March 1872.

Mr. E. S. P. Pereira, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is posted to the Dacca Division, which he joined on the 26th February 1872, before noon.

No. 109.

The 17th March 1872.

Baboo Poran Chunder Sen, Supervisor, Second Grade, joined the Dinapore Division on the 8th March 1872, before noon.

No. 110.

The 19th March 1872.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. T. Kenoy, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, attached to the Darjeeling Division, is allowed privilege leave for two months under Sections 16 and 20 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Regulations.

No. 111.

Mr. W. Connan, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the Midnapore Division, is allowed special leave for one week, under Chapter II, Section 4, paragraph 28 of the Public Works Code.

COMMUNICATIONS.

No. 112.

The 19th March 1872.

Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 *the Government of India.*—Whereas it appears the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz. for a road between Girhidi and Doomree *vid* Chammerkhi Maujidi, and Dhawatand, in the Sub-divisions

Kurhurballee and Burhee, in the district of Hazareebaugh, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a strip of land measuring about 27 miles in length and an average of 100 feet in breadth, and containing more or less 990 beegahs of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid district of Hazareebaugh.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 113.

Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz. for a Dâk Bungalow at Girhidi, in the Sub-division of Kurhurballee, in the district of Hazareebaugh, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land measuring about 500 feet by 300 feet, bounded on the north by the new Girhidi and Doomree Road, and on the east, south, and west by jungle, and containing more or less 10 beegahs 8 cottahs 5 chittacks of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid district of Hazareebaugh.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 114.

Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz. for an Inspection Bungalow at Maujhidi, in the Sub-division of Kurhurbalee, in the District of Hazareebaugh, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land measuring about 400 feet by 300 feet, bounded on the south by the new Girhidi and Doomree Road, and on the north, east, and west by waste land, and containing more or less 8 beegahs 6 cottahs 10 chittacks of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid district of Hazareebaugh.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 115.

Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz. for an Overseer's Bungalow at Bunderkoopee, in the Sub-division of Kurhurballee, in the district of Hazareebaugh, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land, measuring about 150 feet by 150 feet, bounded on the west by the new Girhidi and Doomree Road, on the north, east, and south by waste land, and containing more or less 1 beegah 11 cottahs 4 chittacks of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid district of Hazareebaugh.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

No. 116.

Declaration under section 6 of Act X of of 1870 of the Government of India.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz. for an Overseer's Bungalow at Dhawatand, in the Sub-division of Kurhurballee, in the district of Hazareebaugh, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land measuring about 150 feet by 150 feet, bounded on the south by the new Girhidi and Doomree Road, and on the north, east, and west by waste land, and containing more or less 1 beegah 11 cottahs 4 chittacks of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid district of Hazareebaugh.

This Declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

H. Leonard, C.E.,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. D.

Irrigation.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 65.

The 15th March 1872.

The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under the sanction of the Government of India, to abolish the Selye Division, and to incorporate it with the 24-Pergunnahs Division, with effect from the 1st April 1872.

No. 66.

The 19th March 1872.

Mr. H. Draper, Temporary Supervisor, First Grade, is posted to the Arrah Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 11th March 1872.

No. 67.

Lieutenant N. Arnott, R.E., Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is posted to the Patna Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 13th March 1872.

Irrigation.

No. 68.

Notification—The 1st and 2nd Reaches of the Tidal Canal connecting the Roopnarian and Russoolpore rivers, will be re-opened for traffic on the 23rd instant.

G. A. Searle, *Lieut.-Col., S.C.,*
for Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

High Court Notices.

Circular Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

THE accompanying Circular memorandum No. 4, dated 16th February 1872, should be substituted for the circular memorandum of *the same number and date* previously issued, which is hereby cancelled and should be destroyed.

By order of the High Court,

F. B. PEACOCK,
Registrar.

HIGH COURT,
The 14th March 1872.

CIRCULAR MEMO.

No. 4.

In the Notice circulated with circular memorandum No. 2, dated 21st February 1870, after the words "*viz.*, 2 Rs. for each person to be served."

READ

"plus 2 Rs. on account of the Sheriff's European Officer, or 6 annas on account of his native officer, according as the service is made by one or the other."

By order of the High Court,

F. B. PEACOCK,
Registrar.

HIGH COURT, CIVIL SIDE,
The 16th February 1872.

Departmental Notices.

Notification.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO KALLY CHURN GHOSE has been placed in charge of the Alipore Treasury, and authorised to draw bills on other public treasuries.

H. COCKERELL,
Offg. Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESIDENCY DIVN.,
Calcutta, the 15th February 1872.

Notification.

ASSISTANT COLLECTOR MR. LEONARD CHARLES ABBOTT has been placed in charge of the Nuddea Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other public treasuries.

H. A. COCKERELL,
Offg. Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESIDENCY DIVN.,
The 11th March 1872.

Notification.

BABOO RAMAKHOY CHATTERJEE has been placed in charge of the Midnapore Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

C. T. BUCKLAND,
Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN.,
The 1st March 1872.

Notice.

MOULVIE ABDOOL GHUFOOR, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Sylhet Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on all other treasuries.

F. B. SIMSON,
Commissioner.

DACCA COMMR.'S OFFICE,
The 12th February 1872.

Notification.

MR. EXTRA ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER R. LEA has been placed in charge of the Durrung Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

H. HOPKINSON,
Governor General's Agent, N. E. F., and Commissioner of Assam.

GOWHATTY,
The 4th March 1872.

Notification.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO NUNDKISSORE DASS has been placed in charge of the Pooree Treasury, and authorised to draw bills on all other treasuries.

T. E. RAVENSHAW,
Commissioner.

ORISSA COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
The 8th March 1872.

Notification.

BABOO RUNGO LALL BANERJEE, Deputy Collector, has been placed temporarily in charge of the Hooghly Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

C. T. BUCKLAND,
Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN.,
The 14th March 1872.

STATEMENT showing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export in the undermentioned Districts:—

Name of District.	Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.	Quantity remaining in store actually available for export on 1st Feb. 1872.	REMARKS.
		Indian Mds.	
Ganjam ...	Bavanapadu, at the Nowpadah Salt Paus ...	50,000	
Godavery ...	Cocanada ...	.....	
Kistna ...	Nizampatam ...	.....	
Chingleput ...	Madras ...	297,486	
	Ennore ...	179,646	
	Covelong ...	.....	
South Arcot ...	Merkanum ...	50,000	
Tanjore ...	Negapatam ...	.....	
	Katmavady ...	.....	
Tinnevelly ...	Tuticorin ...	.....	
	Total ...	577,132	

N.B.—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rates specified in the Notifications dated 21st March 1868 and 22nd April 1869, published at pages 737, FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE dated 24th March 1868, and 637, dated 27th April 1869.

J. P. PENNINGTON,
Sub-Secretary.

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE,
Madras, the 20th February 1872.

PUBLISHED for general information.

By order of the Member in charge,

T. B. LANE,
Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P.,
Fort William, the 15th March 1872.

Statement shewing the importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on River Hooghly, subject to Customs' duty on the 16th March 1872.

	Government Golahs.	Private Golahs.	Afloat.	Total.
	In Mds.	In Mds.		
Liverpool Pungah ...	17,16,136½	98,858½	40,823	18,55,817½
Italian Kurkutch ...	1,639	.....	.....	1,639
Bombay „ ...	58,446	.....	25,086	83,532
Madras „ ...	16,493½	.....	3,100	19,593½
Arabian and Persian Gulf's Kurkutch and Muscat Rock...	3,68,641	.....	1,848	3,70,489
Total ...	21,61,355½	98,858½	70,857	23,31,071

By order of the Board of Revenue, L.P.,

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,
The 19th March 1872.

List of Remaining and Unclaimed Letters accumulated in the Calcutta Post Office during the week ending 16th March 1872.

Aldar, A. L.
Adie, F. C.
Butchart, Capt. W.
Barnes, Mrs. E.
Barnard, G.
Barton, W. G.
Bridge, G. A.
Brigges, J. A.
Bligh, W. G.
Benban.
Bridgnell, Mrs.
Beady, Mrs. J.
Brown, E.
Brown, R. D.
Beverley, W. J.
Courtacy, Dr. W. M.
Coles, J. R.
C. A. L.
C. N. Dutt.
Cummins, A.
Cross, Dr. W.
Cunningham, W. O.
C. A L.
Collins, G. C.
Doran, E. J.
Dumas, S.
Durrant. Mrs.
D'Silva, Miss. J. C.
Doran, P. G.
Dunbar, A H.
Davies, Capt. H. C.
D'Souza, E. & Co.
Donlevy, H.
Day, W.
DeBarras, R.
Davier, R.
Elliot, Capt.
Fisher, A.
Francis, A.
Frayer, W. E.
Franklin, C.
George, Mrs.
Gopal Chunder Roy.
Greig, J.
Gonsalves, Mrs. J.
Green, J. E.
Grant, J. G.
Grogan, J. E. K.
Gomes, F.
Goslin, Mrs. G. A.
Hopkins, C. W.
Hand, C. F.
Hawkes, F.
Hay, Capt. J.
Henderson, Mrs. P. D.
Hurra Chunder Ghose.
Jones, E.
Jones, W.
Jardine, W.
Koolah, Mrs.
Kenney, Mrs.
Kally Prosono Mookerjea.
Leopold, A.
Levinge, Mrs. C.
Lane, J.
Lockwood, Capt. A. D. C.
Letts, Serjt. T.
Lambers, J. A. C.
Monahan, A. C.
Marks, Mrs. A. J.
Maclean, M. L.
Middleton, G. D.
Oldham, P. S.
O'Donnel, H.
Paul, J.
Pregrive, H. R. H.
Polanne, Madame A.
Radcliffe, F. A.
Robinson, Col. A.
Ross, Mrs.
Roberts, A.
Robinson, Mrs.
The Director of Archæological Survey of India.
Smith, W.
Smith, S. F. A.
Simson, F. L.
Smith, W. R.
Stoker, J.
Thornton, Mrs. H.
Tommey, W.
The Negociation Loan Office.
Tipp, S.
Vun, Mrs.
Ward, J.
Willis, Miss.
Warrand, Lt.-Col. W. E.
Young, Miss E. W.

W. H. McGOWAN,
Post-master of Calcutta.

CALCUTTA POST OFFICE,
The 19th March 1872.

Postal Notice.

SEA AND OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, Hong-Kong, China, and Japan.	7 P.M.	23rd Mar.	
Chittagong, Akyab, Kyouk Phyoo, and Sandoway.	7 „	24th „	*Scotia.*
Rangoon, Moulmein, Penang, Malacca, and Singapore.	7 „	„ „	*Busheer.*
Guadar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Bagdad, and Bussorah.	7 „	25th „	
Gopaulpore, Bimlipatam, Vizagapatam, Coconada, Madras, Pondicherry, Negapatam, Galle, Colombo, Tuticorin, Alleppy, Cochin, Beypore, Calicut, Tellecherry, Cannanore, Mangalore, and Bombay.	7 „	27th „	*Satara.*
Port Blair and Camorta ...	7 „	31st „	*Himalaya.*

The next Overland Mail *vid* Bombay will close on Friday, the 22nd March 1872.

2. Book Post and Pattern Packets must be posted on the 21st.

3. Letters, &c., for Mauritius, St. Denis, and Ré-union can be sent by this opportunity.

N.B.—The letter box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two annas on each cover will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four annas on each cover up to 8 P.M., and after 8 up to 9 P.M., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât.

W. H. McGOWAN.
CALCUTTA, *Post-Master.*
The 18th March 1872.

Insolvent Notices.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Sewchurn Rair and Dabeeloll, Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvents were adjudged entitled to their personal discharge under the Act XI Vic., cap. 21, as to all persons named in their schedule as creditors or claiming to be creditors respectively.

Carruthers and Dignam, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Alfred William Cave, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of March instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 6th day of April next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

M. Camell, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Martha Herring, an Insolvent. } On Thursday, the 7th day of March, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Robertson, Orr, Harriss, and Francis, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 12th March 1872.

NOTICE.

THE following Packages landed from the undermentioned Ships are lying unclaimed at the Custom House. If the Goods are not cleared on or before the dates stated against each item, they will be sold, under Section 57 of Act VI. of 1863, for the realization of duty, wharfage, and other charges:—

Date of Sale.			Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1872, Mar.	30th	...	1 Box, Mr. R. Taylor, Oak Lodge, Dalhousie Hill, *vid* Loodiana, Punjab, India	... Meinam.
,,	23rd	...	2 Boxes, M N	... Mahratta.
,,	23rd	...	2 Cases, C. N. and Co.	... Dacca.
,,	23rd	...	11 Bars of Iron, 8 Pieces ditto, no mark	... Cathcart.
,,	23rd	...	10 Cakes of Spelter, M	... Ditto.
,,	30th	...	1 Case, [G. A. & Co.] C. L. & Co.	... Oriental.
,,	30th	...	2 Drums, [X]	... Ditto.
,,	30th	...	1 Cask, [P] C	.. Unknown.
,,	30th	...	1 Bag, R	... Meinam.
,,	30th	...	1 Bag, J E	... Ditto.
,,	30th	...	1 Bundle, no mark	... Hindoostan.
,,	30th	...	2 Boxes, no mark	... Ditto.
,,	30th	...	1 Bag, no mark	... Ditto.
,,	30th	...	1 Parcel, [C B C]	... Burmah.
,,	30th	...	1 Keg, [S. S. & Co.]	... Ditto.
April	6th	...	27 Cases, M Y	... Deccan.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS.
The 19th March 1872.

J. A. CRAWFORD, *Collector of Customs.*

NOTICE.

THE following Package has been landed at the Custom House from the undermentioned Ship under the provisions of Section 52 of Act VI. of 1863. If the Goods are not cleared before the date stated against the item, they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharf rent, and other charges, under Section 56 of Act VI. of 1863:—

Date of Sale.		Mark or Address of Package.	Ship.
1872, April 27th	...	300 Cases, [J B B]	... Antoinette.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 19th March 1872.

J. A. CRAWFORD, *Collector of Customs.*

Sheriff's Office, the 5th March 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Third Criminal Session of the year 1872 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town Hall of Calcutta, on Thursday, the Fourth day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

JOHN COWIE,
Sheriff.

শরিফ আফিস ১৮৭২ সাল ৫ মার্চ।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামি ৪ আপ্রিল বৃহস্পতিবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার টৌনহালে হাই কোর্টের আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭২ সালের তৃতীয় ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্দ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে ঐ সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি সন ১৮৭২ সাল তারিখ ৫ মার্চ।

JOHN COWIE,
Sheriff.

Notification under Section 64 of Act V of (B.C.) of 1870.

THE Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, do hereby declare that the wharf on the east bank of the river Hooghly, extending from Colvin's Ghât on the North to Chandpaul Ghât on the South, is ready for receiving, landing, and shipping goods, from and upon vessels not being sea-going vessels, and order that within the limits of that portion of the Port of Calcutta situated between Tolly's Nullah on the South and Ahereetollah Ghât on the North, it shall not be lawful to land or ship any goods out of or into vessels of the class above specified, other than those hereinafter excepted, except at the aforesaid wharf or at the wharf extending from Ahereetollah Ghât on the North to Juggurnauth Ghât on the South, or at the wharf between No. 6 Jetty on the North and Colvin's Ghât on the South, or at the wharf between the Mint premises on the North and Mullick's Ghât on the South.

The above order shall not be held to apply, until further notification, to inland steamers or to boats ladan with bamboos, hay, straw, vegetables, fruit, meat, and market produce; such goods can be landed at the public ghâts under any rules and restrictions at present or hereafter in force thereat.

[True copy]

G. H. SIMMONS,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 19th March 1872.

(1152—3)

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V. (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned Ships have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act:—

Date of removal to Import Warehouse. 1872.	No., mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
Mar. 27th ...	27 Cases, [A C S]	... Order ...	Zeno.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, addressed	... G. D. Blake ..	Ditto.
„ 27th ..	1 Case, B C C	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	19 Cases, [C & M]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	5 Cases, [555] D & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	2 Packages, D W	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	2 Cases, D	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, G C S	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Sample, I R [G]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, addressed	... Captain H. Evans ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, H M H	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Sample, [H D B L]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	5 Packages, [J T C]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Cask, [J. M. & Co.]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Cask, [J G M L]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, [K N N]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	3 Cases, L H	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Sample, L S	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, addressed	.. Mackinnon, Mackenzie, & Co.	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, [M D]	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	2 Cases, [6] M. C. & Co.		
„ 27th ...	3 Cases, [I] M. C. & Co.	... Order ...	Zeno.
„ 27th ...	1 Sample, C B	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	7 Cases, H C B C	.. „ ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	2 Cases, [N C D] S. S. S. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Case, [T]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	4 Cases, [W J S]	. „ ..	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Case, W. F. S. & Co.	. „ ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Crate, H. & Co.	. „ ...	City of Brussels.
„ 7th ...	1 Sample, [M C]	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	3 Cases, P L C	„ ...	Ditto.

CALCUTTA,
The 18th March 1872.

W. D. BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*

(1149—1)

Monthly Statement of Traffic passed through the Toll Stations, in the District of Backergunge, during the month of February 1872.

Names of Toll Stations.	Rice.			Paddy.			Lime.			Jute.			Mustard Seed.			Betelnut.			Molasses.			Khail.			Salt.			Potatoes.		
	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.
Kowkhali	103	108,154	75,480	7	2,900	1,480	43	112,686	59,970	75	180,895	91,280	15	11,077	6,310	25	26,034	13,750	3	392	210	1	540	309	2	809	400	...	...	...
Jhalokati	45	25,548	12,765	15	15,117	7,500	4	4,131	1,900	10	8,941	3,650	...	...	...	4	2,417	1,200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Perozepur	5	4,033	1,900	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	3,665	1,400	...	...	...	27	24,143	2,800	...	...	...
Bhandariah	447	233,151	175,700	13	2,679	2,080	...	...	...	2	3,440	1,500	...	...	...	3	1,212	400	7	1,206	650	...	...	...	11	11,034	5,050	1	324	200

Names of Toll Stations.	Pepper.			Koriander seed.			Sugar.			Liquor.			Iron.			Coal.			Sundries.		
	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.	Number of boats.	Maundage by measurement.	Maundage of cargo by estimate.
Kowkhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1851	935
Jhalokati	2	443	140	1	875	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	903	300
Perozepur	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1,373	625	3	1,578	600	2	866	400	1	609	300	15	3097	1625
Bhandaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	1	126	100

Zillah Backergunge, Collector's Office,
The 13th March 1872.

H. Beveridge, *Offg. Collector.*

MAPS OF THE SURVEY OF INDIA.

Published at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta,
During the month of February 1872.
Sole Agents in Calcutta—Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co.

Description.	Size.	Price. Unmounted.
		Rs. As.
GENERAL MAPS.		
Scale, 4 Miles = 1 Inch.		
Sindh Compilation, Sheet No. 6	Imperial ..	1 0
Do. do., Sheet „ 1	ditto ..	1 0
REVENUE SURVEY MAPS.		
Scale, 1 Mile = 1 Inch.		
District Chanda, Sheet No. 2 (2nd edition)	Double Royal ..	1 8
Do. Peshawur, do. „ 1	Double Elephant ...	1 8
Do. do., do. „ 4	ditto ...	1 8
Do. do., do. „ 8	ditto ...	1 8
District Raepoor, Main Circuit, No. 20 (Anastatic) ...	ditto ..	2 0
Do. Mymensing, do. Nos. 27 & 31 do. ..	Imperial ..	1 8
Do. do., do. „ 32 & 33 do. ...	ditto ..	1 8
Do. do., do. „ 34, 35, & 36 do. ..	Double Elephant ..	1 8
Do. do., do. No. 37 do. ..	Atlas ..	1 8
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY MAPS.		
Scale, 1 Mile = 1 Inch.		
Bundelcund, Sheet No. 43	Double Elephant ...	1 0
Do, do. „ 44	ditto ...	1 0
Do. do. „ 46	ditto ...	1 0
Rewah, do. „ 2	ditto ...	1 0
Central Provinces, Sheet No. 17	ditto ..	1 0
Scale 4 Miles= Inch.		
Degree Sheet V, Central Provinces, (Sheet Nos. 14, 15, 16)	½ Sheet, D Elephant..	0 8
DISTRICT MAPS.		
Scale, 2 Inches=1 Mile.		
Purgunnah Sunaouth, District Balasore..	2 Sheets, Imperial ...	1 8
PLANS OF CANTONMENT, CITY & CIVIL STATION.		
Scale, 16 Inches=1 Mile.		
Civil Station and Environs of Khundwa..	4 Sheets, Imperial ..	8 0
Scale 8 Inches = 1 Mile.		
Civil Station and Environs of Khundwa...	Atlas. ...	1 8

SURVEYOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Calcutta, 4th March 1872.

H. L. THUILLIER, *Colonel,*
Surveyor-General of India.

CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4538	A/88 42366	50	Debandronath Dey.
4552	A/00 59336	100	Heraloll Seal.
4553	A/84 27157	100	Mohes Chunder Paul.
	,, 27158	100	
	,, 27159	100	
4554	A/00 41868	100	Heraloll Nundy.
	,, 41127	100	
	,, 41126	100	
	,, 41125	100	
	,, 35065	100	
	A/83 40271	50	
	A/80 31901	10	
	A/97 18458	10	
4555	A/86 69228	500	Rossomoy Ghose.
4556	A/86 64298	50	Kalachund Mondole.
	,, 66294	50	
	,, 65776	50	
	A/00 65812	100	
	,, 65813	100	
4570	A/86 92923	1,000	Bhugwan Doss Agurwalla.
4575	A/99 44565	20	Messrs. J. Davies & Co.
	,, 00792	20	
	,, 28692	20	
	,, 42136	20	
	A/81 23391	20	
	A/98 71229	10	
4576	A/84 95178	100	Roy Norendronath Chowdry.
4580	A/86 76684	500	Kissen Ram.
	A/83 59286	50	
4581	A/83 59653	50	Praunauth Roy Chow-dry.
	,, 59654	50	
	,, 59657	50	
	,, 78847	50	
4588	A/80 04062	10	Tara Dutt.
4590	A/81 81810	1,000	Kadernath Mitter.
	A/00 66051	100	
	,, 67307	100	
	,, 44996	100	
4591	A/86 39546	100	Bindrabun Ravetee-pershad.
	,, 34367	100	
	,, 50942	100	
4592	A/89 33938	50	J. D. White.
4593	A/95 99801		
	,, 99804		
	,, 99805		
	,, 99802		
	A/81 95507		
	A/86 04227		
	,, 42226		
	,, 04224		

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4593	A/95 18456		Gunesh Chunder Roy.
	,, 99576		
	A/96 00112		
	A/96 04226		
	A/89 46118		
	A/79 19530		
	A/93 50355		
	A/95 41221		
	A/97 14677		
	A/86 04219		
	,, 39174	10 ea.	
	A/97 27514		
	,, 27517		
	,, 27515		
	,, 27516		
	,, 27513		
	,, 27545		
	,, 27510		
	,, 26132		
	,, 26133		
	,, 26134		
	,, 26135		
	,, 26136		
	A/94 65021		
	A/97 26118		
	,, 26119		
	A/98 65839		
	,, 65838		
	,, 65879		
	A/91 40370		
	,, 40436		
	,, 40435		
	,, 40434		
	A/94 46858		
	,, 75750		
	A/91 75757		
	,, 75758	20 ea.	
	,, 75759		
	,, 75760		
	,, 13490		
	,, 75718		
	,, 77199		
	,, 75753		
	,, 75744		
	A/93 06819		
	A/83 05325		
	,, 09695		
	,, 20720		
	,, 11033		
	,, 45268	50 ea.	
	,, 54713		
	,, 53973		
	,, 54784		
	A/97 95927		
	A/00 12763	100	
4600	A/90 66876	100	J. Cornelius.
4602	A/90 41760	100	The Post-Master General, N. W. P.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

4539	A/96 40349	10	Messrs. Atkinson, Tilton and Co.
4540	A/80 61177	10	Mr. J. Toonee.
4541	A/80 28827	10	Messrs. Bennett and Co.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4542	A/57 95741	50	Luckhmeechund Rakhickha.
	A/53 18926	50	
4544	A/57 85512	50	Mirza Ibrahim Beg.
4546	A/64 57926	20	Ismail Khan.
4547	A/57 78151	50	Rundhaie Lal.
4549	A/58 16857	10	Benudbehary Sing.
4550	A/58 44887	10	Nobinchund Bural.
4551	A/53 92999	20	Bistoo Doss Ghose.
	A/8 85938	10	
4557	A/03 80835	20	Dwarkanath Bhunjo.
	A/07 91100	10	
	A/08 24632	10	
4558	A/50 91015	10	Briznath Sing.
4562	A/57 51066	10	Hurronath Seal.
4564	A/54 34298	100	Pitumber Shaha.
4567	A/00 63913	10	Messrs. Colvin, Cowie and Co.
	A/05 37019	20	
	A/58 56301	50	
	„ 56302	50	
4568	A/00 31971	100	J. Gibbon.
4569	A/58 63597	50	Doorgadoss Doss and Woomachurn Doss.
4571	A/03 77284	20 each.	Messrs. James Anderson & Co.
	„ 39028		
	A/54 69484		
	„ 11426		
4582	A/58 03042	20	Dwarkanath Chuckerbutty.
	„ 76252	20	
4583	A/08 93304	10	Juggobundhoo Goopto.
4585	A/57 41857	20	Hajee Hossein Ali.
4586	A/08 82517	20	A. J. Oldham.
4589	A/46 64734	10	C. T. Davies.
4594	A/00 00021	100	Aubus Ally.
4596	A/07 49899	10	F. Lemarchand.
4597	A/56 99324	100	Basakharam Hurdial.
4601	A/00 01374	100	Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.
	„ 01373	100	
	„ 01372	100	

Wrongly joined.

4543	A/51 13399	10	Koylas Chunder Banerjee.
	A/01 69397		
4545	A/78 09130	10	Auttol Behary Paul.
	A/56 72090		
4548	A/57 94150	50	Ramessur Mookerjee.
	„ 94151		
4559	A/03 05682	20	Rahamuth Khow.
	„ 05681		
4560	A/58 35884	50	Bunkim Chunder Chatterjee.
	„ 35585		
4561	A/08 90842	10	Gunganarain Dhur.
	A/06 34908		
4563	A/03 65244	20	Syed Hossein.
	„ 65243		
4574	A/03 81902	20	J. P. Hicks Lyne.
	A/78 75564		
4577	A/03 51072	20	Messrs. Wattenbach, Heilgers & Co.
	„ 51071		
	A/71 87155	20	
	„ 87147		
4578	A/78 03518	10	Tameezuddeen, Ahamud.
	A/06 61290		
4579	A/06 95255	10	Kallypuddo Chuckerbutty.
	„ 95399		

Wrongly joined.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs	
4584	A/57 18877	10	Hurkuru Doss, Ramchurn Doss.
	A/57 14935		
4587	A/03 09946	10	Messrs. P. S. D'Rozario &.Co.
	„ 79694		
4595	A/01 10160	20	Gonesh Chunder Paul.
	„ 10159		

L. BERKELEY,
Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 18th March 1872.

Opium Notification.

No. 140C.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1870-71, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday, the 3rd April 1872, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,575 Chests, *viz.* :—

Behar Opium	...	... 2,000
Benares ditto	...	... 1,575
Total Chests		... 3,575

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual: they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 10th November 1871, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 18th April respectively; that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Monday, the 8th April 1872, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 18th April 1872.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 6th May 1872	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 6th June „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 4th July „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Monday, 5th Aug. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Sept. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Tuesday, 1st Oct. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Wednesday, 6th Nov. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Dec. „	2,000	1,575	3,575
Total chests ...	16,000	12,600	28,600

By order of the Member in charge.

T. B. LANE,
Secretary.

BD. OF REV., FORT WILLIAM,
The 26th February 1872.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruttee River for the week ending Friday, the 15th March 1872.

Names of Places, &c.	Least depth of Water.	Remarks.
	Ft. In.	
On the Entrance Bar ...	4 9	
From		
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	4 0	
From		
Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles.	3 0	
From		
Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles.	3 0	
From		
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles...	3 6	

Height of water on guage at Berhampore on the 15th March 1872 above zero 4 feet 7 inches.

T. H. Wickes, C.E.,
Exe. Engr., Nuddea (Local) Rivers Division.
Berhampore,
The 18th March 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that the undermentioned lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 2,000 acres, more or less, situate in Mouzah Ekoratolli, Mehal Deenjoz, in the district of Luckimpore, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed land in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," (Chapter XXVI of the rules of the Board of Revenue). All claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 5 an acre, on the 2nd May of 1872, at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

W. S. Clarke,
Deputy Commissioner.
Dy. Comm'r's. Office, Luckimpore,
The 1st February 1872.

1. Lot.

Boundaries.

North—Maijan River.
South—Sessa Nuddee and Ryotts' Basti lands.
East—Nadooa Grant.
West—Barra Bheel, Farlong Nuddee, and Ryotts' cultivated lands.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 718 acres, situated in Mouzah Tingrai, Mehal Tingrai, District of Luckimpore, Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (chapter XXVI of the rules of the Board of Revenue). All claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 2-8 an acre on the 2nd day of May 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, Assam. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

W. C. S. Clarke,
Dy. Commr., Luckimpore.
Debroogurh Dy. Comm.'s Office,
The 3rd February 1872.

Lot 1.

Boundaries.

North—Tingrai Nuddee.
South—Balijan Garden and a Path.
East—Chapori.
West—Tingrai Nuddee.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 157 acres 2 roods and 8 poles, situate in Mouzah Kakoratolly, in the district of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the "rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (Chapter XXVI. of the rules of the Board of Revenue.)" All claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 2-8 an acre, on the 3rd day of June 1872, at the Deputy Commissioner's Office at Debrooghur. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863 :—

Boundaries.

North—By the Bissakossijan, and Suddyah road.
South—By the Hilikhagooryjan.
East—Road to Suddyah.
West—Bissakossijan.

W. C. S. Clarke,
Deputy Commissioner.
Depy. Comm.'s Office, Luckimpore,
The 29th February 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 748 acres 1 rood and 8 poles, situate in Mouzah Rungagora, in the district of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the "rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (Chapter XXVI. of the

rules of the Board of Revenue.)" All claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 2-8 an acre, on the 3rd day of June 1872, at the Deputy Commissioner's Office at Debrooghur. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863:—

Boundaries.

North—Moree Dibroo and Dibroo River.
South—Forest Jungle and Grant No. I.
West—Dinjan.
East—Thecka Disoyjan.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Deputy Commissioner.

DEPY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 29th February 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 513 acres 1 rood, situate in Mouzah Bogdome, in the district of Luckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the "rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (Chapter XXVI. of the rules of the Board of Revenue.)" All claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 2-8 an acre, on the 3rd day of June 1872, at the Deputy Commissioner's Office at Debrooghur. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863:—

Boundaries.

North—By the Moree Dibroo.
South—Grass Jungle.
East—Road to Rungagora and Dinjan River.
West—Law Jam and road to Debrooghur.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Deputy Commissioner.

DEPY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 29th February 1872.

Notice.

LOT No. 8.

NOTICE is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 63 acres, more or less, situated in Mouzah Solall, Zillah Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 5 per acre on the 17th day of June 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863:—

Boundaries.

North, Roopeet land; South, Chekoni Purbut; East, jungle and Paneebhola tree; West, Chekonee Jooree and Paneebhola tree.

J. SHERER,
Deputy Commissioner.

NOWGONG, ASSAM,
The 31st January 1872.

Notice.

LOT No. 9.

NOTICE is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 112 acres, more or less, situated in Mouzah Solall, Zillah Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the "rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 5 per acre on the 17th day of June 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863:—

Boundaries.

North, jungle and Mr. Haxell's grant under ordinary cultivation lease; South, jungle and Paneebhola tree; East, Chekonee Purbut; West, Dullung Jooree.

J. SHERER,
Deputy Commissioner.

NOWGONG, ASSAM,
The 31st January 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 150 acres, more or less situated in Mouzah Rungamatee, Zillah Seebsagur, and bounded as shown at foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of two rupees and eight annas per acre, on the 17th June 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Seebsagur, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the sale under the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863.

Boundaries of Lot.

North, Gela Bheel; South, Gur Allee; East, by a line drawn at right angles from the Gur Allee, where a pillar will be raised to the Gela Bheel, distant 3,600 feet; West, a line parallel to the eastern boundary and distant 1,800 feet from it.

A. C. CAMPBELL, *Major,*
Deputy Commissioner.

ZILLAH SEEBSAGUR, DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE,
The 20th December 1871.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

Department of Public Works.

Notice is hereby given that the right of collecting the authorized tolls on the Buxee and Gyeghattee Navigation Channels, for the year ending the 31st March 1873, will be sold by public auction at the Office of the Executive Engineer, 24-Pergunnahs Division, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, on Thursday, the 21st March 1872, at 11 A.M.

Each intending bidder will be required to deposit before the sale commences the sum of Rs. 100, which will be returned to him in the event of his bid not being accepted; the deposit of the highest bidder will be returned on the receipt of security equal to the amount of one-fourth of his bid.

This cancels the previous notice advertising the sale to take place on the 25th instant at Raneegunge.

For further particulars, apply to the undersigned.

A. J. Hughes, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Selye Division,
Raneegunge.

বিজ্ঞাপন।

সর্ব্বসাধারণকে জ্ঞাত করা যাইতেছে যে, সন হালের ২১ মার্চ তারিখে বৃহস্পতিবার বেলা ১১ ঘণ্টার সময় মোকাম কলিকাতার রাইটর্স বিল্ডিং নামক বাটিতে ২৪ পরগনার ডিবিজনের একজিকিউটিব ইঞ্জিনিয়র সাহেবের আপিসে রূপনারায়ণ ও দামোদর নদের মধ্যবর্ত্তী বাকসী ও গাইঘাটী নামক খাল সন ১৮৭২ সালের ১লা আপ্রেল অবধি সন ১৮৭৩ সালের ৩১ মার্চ পর্য্যন্ত এক বৎসরের নিমিত্ত মাসুল আদায়ের ইজারা প্রকাশ্য নীলামে বিলি করা যাইবে।

প্রত্যেক নীলাম ডাকনিয়া ব্যক্তিকে নীলাম আরম্ভের পূর্ব্বে ১০০৲ শত টাকা আমানত করিতে হইবে এবং যাহাদিগের ডাক অগ্রাহ্য হইবে, তাহাদিগের আমানতি টাকা ফেরত দেওয়া যাইবে এবং উচ্চ পণের নীলাম ডাকনীয়া ব্যক্তির আমানতি টাকা ইজারার ডাকের সিকি পরিমাণে জামিনী টাকা আদায় দিলে ফেরত দেওয়া যাইবে।

এই নুটীস দ্বারায় পূর্ব্বলিখিত রাণীগঞ্জ মোকামে নীলাম করা রদ হইল।

উপরক্ত বিষয়ের অন্যান্য সংবাদ নিম্নস্বাক্ষরিত সাহেবের সমীপে প্রাপ্ত হইবে।

এ. জে, হিউজ, সি, ই,
একজিকিউটিব ইঞ্জিনিয়ার সিলাই ডিবিজান,
রাণীগঞ্জ।

Notice.

Copies of Act VII of 1871, the Indian Emigration Act, in Urdoo and Hindee, can be obtained on application at the Bengal Secretariat at 8 annas per copy.

Notice

Is hereby given that the lease of the undermentioned lime quarries, situated in the Khasi and Jynteah Hills, for three years, commencing from the 1st April 1872 and ending with the 31st March 1875 A.D., will be put up to public auction on the 30th March 1872, at 12 A.M., at the Deputy Commissioner's Office at Shillong, at the upset price mentioned opposite the mehals. The rent payable half-yearly in advance. Further particulars regarding lime quarries can be obtained by application to the undersigned:—

No.	Name of quarries.	Where situated.	Upset price.
			Rs. As.
1	Patharea Cherra ...	Bhawul in Khasi Hills	6,015 0
2	Romsemdemreski ...	Maharam in ditto ...	795 0
3	Nokorea Cherra ...	Malaichamok in ditto	500 0
4	Oolhmee Cherra ...	Jynteah Hills ..	5,000 0
5	Leemussoochu ...	Ditto ...	805 0
6	Mooralee Cherra ...	Ditto ...	206 0
7	Nongtholong ...	Ditto ...	1,006 0
8	Roopnath	Ditto ...	1,506 0
9	Choon Cherra, Lelting Cherra, and Rowye.	Ditto ...	14,500 0

J. B. Shadwell,
Extra Asst. Commr., in charge.

Dy. Commr.'s Office, Khasi and Jynteah Hills,
The 26th February 1872.

Notice.

Certain effects belonging to the estate of the late Mr. E. Rosmond, who held the post of Inspector in the Sarun Police, and who died intestate on the 24th January 1872, have been placed in the custody of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

A. Hope,
Judge.

Sarun,
The 24th February 1872. (1122—4)

Notice

Is hereby given that certain effects belonging to the estate of the late Mr. G. W. Ferris, a British born subject, who died intestate at Soory, are under the seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any one duly authorized to receive the same.

E. C. Craster,
Offg. Judge.

Beerbhoom,
The 15th March 1872. (1145—3)

Notice.

Mr. James Drummond Maxwell, and also Mr. Robert McDonald Ross and Mr. Hugh Walker Tulloch, are authorized to sign our firm from this date.

J. Nicol Fleming and Co.

Calcutta,
The 7th March 1872. (1144—3)

INSOLVENT COURT.

OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE'S OFFICE.

Pursuant to Act No. XXVII. of 1841.

NOTICE is hereby given that in the event of no claim being established to the unclaimed dividends hereundermentioned within twelve months from this date, such dividends will be distributed amongst such of the creditors of the undermentioned Insolvent Estates as have established their claims against such estate :—

ESTATE OF DOORGAPERSAUD GOOLZAREEMULL.

Names of Creditors.	Amount of claim.			1st dividend at 7½ per cent.		
	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
Bunnachund Premraj of Burra Bazar, Cloth Merchant ...	999	12	0	74	15	8
Beenraj Ramanund of ditto, ditto ...	21	0	0	1	9	0
Baboololl Chowdry of Sulkeah, Garrewan	19	0	0	1	6	9
Bcharryloll Hirraloll of Pugiaputty, Cloth Merchant ...	11	0	0	0	13	2
Bolaky Sing Gopauldoss of ditto, ditto ...	299	0	0	22	6	9
Bhoyrub Khettry of Punchanuntollah, Duloll ...	1,251	0	0	93	13	2
Bisseshurnauth Paray of Jugget Sett's Kuttra, Cloth Merchant ...	190	15	0	14	5	4
Choutmull Golaubchund of Monohur Doss's Kuttra, ditto ...	39	13	0	2	15	9
Choutmull Chooneeloll of Pugiaputty, Shop-keeper ...	500	0	0	37	8	0
Cassinauth Dutt at Messrs. Jardine, Skinner and Company ...	9	3	0	0	10	0
Dutaram Gourie Dutt of Kuttra, Cloth Merchant ...	32	0	0	2	6	4
Deen Dyall Naraindoss of Rajah's Kuttra, Cloth Merchant ...	2,346	10	6	176	0	0
Fergusson and Company, Nolitmohun Doss, Banian ...	339	8	0	25	7	5
Goramull Gocoolchund of Rajah's Kuttra, Cloth Merchant ...	1,245	6	0	93	6	9
Gopaulchund Hemchund of Pugiaputty, ditto ...	100	0	0	7	8	0
Jogedhum Khettry of Meerbohur's Ghaut, ditto ...	136	5	0	10	3	7
Indarchund Choanroop of Pugiaputty, ditto ...	394	7	0	29	9	3
Jadubchunder Paul and Callycoomar Mullick of Pugiaputty, Cloth Merchants	6	6	0	0	7	10
Konnoyloll Radakissen of Mirzapore, North-Western Provinces ...	922	0	0	69	2	5
Luckichund Pretundoss of Calcutta, Cloth Merchant ...	21	0	0	1	9	2
Moujy Ram Kheksydoss of ditto, ditto ...	17	15	0	1	5	6
Mahydut Koondunmull of ditto, ditto ...	21	0	0	1	9	2
Mohunloll Konnoylall of ditto, ditto ...	15	10	0	1	2	9
Nobin Napis at Messrs. Robert Watson and Company's ...	37	14	0	2	13	4
Nathoram Ramkissen of Calcutta, Cloth Merchant ...	51	0	0	3	13	2
Nanoo Mull of ditto, ditto ...	25	0	0	1	14	0
Noonkurum Woodychund of ditto, ditto ...	143	12	6	10	12	6
Nobingopal of ditto, Stationer ...	21	0	0	1	9	2
Patterson and Company, Gobinchunder Dutt of Calcutta, Merchant and Banian	688	12	0	51	10	6
Ramnarain Nohurmull of Burra Bazar, Shop-keeper ...	102	4	0	7	10	9
Reeobchund Heerololl of Calcutta, Cloth Merchant ...	130	14	0	9	13	1
Ramsoroop Soorjeeprosad of Calcutta, Shroff ...	867	13	9	65	1	5
Sunker Lall Balmokund of Calcutta, Cloth Merchant ...	756	4	0	56	11	6
Salim Sing Boijnath of ditto, ditto ...	44	6	0	3	5	5
Saoojyram Bood Sing of ditto, ditto ...	144	15	9	10	14	0
Takoor Joalopersaud Gungapersaud of Muttra, Shroffs ...	1,001	9	3	75	1	10
Ummurchurn Ramnarain of Calcutta	11	0	0	0	13	2

ESTATE OF KESSREECHUND AND ISSREECHUND.

Names of Creditors.	Amount of claim.			1st dividend at 5½ per cent.		
	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
Amoluckchund Koorloll of Agra. Trader	29	8	3	1	9	11
Ajoodhapersaud Tirbeddy of Mirzapore, Mahajun	106	9	3	5	13	9
Amudally Khan, Nizamutally Khan of Mirzapore, Mahajuns ...	49	13	0	2	11	10
Balgovind Sreckissen Doss of Chunargur, Trader ...	5,644	7	9	310	7	2
Bullorum Doss, Brujorutton Doss of Mirzapore, Merchants ...	4,413	13	3	242	12	2
Bulloram Doss, Bindabun Doss of ditto, ditto ...	273	14	3	15	1	1
Baneepersaud Gobindpersaud of ditto, ditto ...	27	12	6	1	8	5
Bhogoman Doss Mohunloll of Mirzapore, Mahajun ...	14	4	6	0	12	7
Brijomohun Doss Dabeepersaud of Mirzapore, Merchant ...	76	8	3	4	3	4
Bekhareedoss Coojobeharee of ditto, ditto ...	4,104	0	0	225	11	6
Buddreedoss Sewdyall Jhungyloll of ditto, ditto ...	2,258	13	0	123	3	9
Callooram Sheer Sing of Mirzapore, Merchant ...	809	8	3	44	8	5
Choteeloll Gobindpersaud of ditto, ditto	2,581	8	0	141	15	9
Dilsook Roy of Mirzapore, Merchant	28	8	9	1	9	2

Names of Creditors.	Amount of claim.	1st dividend at 5½ per cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Geapersaud Kissenpersaud of Chunargur, Trader	15 6 0	0 13 6
Hurnarain Mukoonloll of Mirzapore, Mahajun	98 8 3	5 6 9
Jubhamull Sirsaha of Mirzapore, Trader	1,621 0 3	89 2 5
Jebutsaha Sanccaram of Mirzapore, Merchant	1,628 7 0	89 6 0
Jebeutsaha Kasseram Progoram of Mirzapore, Trader ...	29 12 0	1 10 2
Jecharam Nundololl of Mirzapore, Trader	3,121 2 0	171 10 7
Koonjeloll Bissessur Doss of Patna, Trader	35 4 0	1 15 0
Kutwaroololl Sunruttonloll of Mirzapore, Merchants ...	5,507 3 3	302 14 4
Koonjebcharry Baneemadhub of ditto, ditto ...	1,508 3 0	82 15 2
Mohachand Punnaloll of Agra, Trader	25 4 0	1 6 2
Mokundoss Chunduck of Mirzapore, Mahajun	28 4 0	1 8 10
Mohunt Persuram Geer, Ghasi Mehmo Gheer, and Mohunt Aman Gheer of Mirzapore, Mahajuns	3,217 9 0	176 15 5
Muddopersaud Ramnarain of Mirzapore, Mahajun ...	23 13 6	1 4 11
Mohunt Naulpoory, Rajenderpoory, and Manpoory of Mirzapore, Mahajuns	6,433 5 3	353 13 4
Nunny Boho, widow of Jhaugloll of Mirzapore, Mahajun ...	950 2 6	52 4 1
Naick Menmoor Guness Doss of Mirzapore, Mahajun ...	62 8 0	3 7 0
Pertaubmull Jugmun Doss of Mirzapore, Mahujun ...	29 0 0	1 9 6
Poorunchand Sreemull of Mirzapore, Mahajun	18 1 6	0 15 11
Perroomul Ramrick of Mirzapore, Mahajun	2,264 1 0	124 8 5
Rajchund Nursingdoss of Mirzapore, Trader	13 14 6	0 12 3
Rampersaud Ramanund ditto, ditto ...	65 10 0	3 9 9
Rampersaud Jankepersaud ditto, ditto ...	3,122 15 0	171 12 2
Ramsaha Muttra Doss ditto, ditto ...	3,874 8 0	213 1 7
Rogoonauth Doss Ameermull ditto, ditto ...	1,075 10 0	59 2 7
Ramjun Sewbux ditto, ditto ...	5,449 11 0	299 11 8
Sewment Roy Kalooram ditto, ditto ...	11 11 3	0 10 4
Sookram Ramchund ditto, ditto ...	26 3 3	1 7 1
Sewram Ramkissen diito, ditto ...	623 13 9	34 4 11
Sungumloll Mewaloll ditto, ditto ...	1,210 12 6	66 9 5
Saligram Bhugwan Doss ditto, ditto ...	2,262 12 0	124 7 2
Tecaram Lutchmunpersaud ditto, ditto ...	28 9 0	1 8 0

ESTATE OF SEEKURCHUND BUSRAJ.

Names of Creditors.	Amount of claim.	1st dividend at 10 per cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Bhuggowan Doss Dhurmchund of Burra Bazar, Merchant ...	162 9 0	16 4 0
Bissessur Parray ditto, ditto ...	13 12 0	1 6 0
Dowlut Ramkissen Doss ditto, ditto ...	200 0 0	20 0 2
Goramul Gokoolchund ditto, ditto ...	255 12 0	25 9 0
Goburdhone Doss, Ramjee Doss ditto, ditto ...	30 10 0	3 1 0
Joychund Bissumchund ditto, ditto ...	56 4 0	5 10 0
Kostoorchund Bagrie ditto, ditto ...	120 0 0	12 0 0
Mahamood Saha of Coomartolly, Money Lender	450 0 0	45 0 0
Pannaloll, Kettsee Doss of Burra Bazar, Merchants ...	137 8 0	13 12 0
Tarachund Saraoogee ditto, ditto ...	125 0 0	12 8 0

ESTATE OF ROBERT BURKINYOUNG.

Names of Creditors.	Amount of claim.	1st divident at 1¼ per cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Guddadhur Paulit (firm of Bindabun Shahoo) Calcutta, Merchant ...	3,125 0 0	54 11 0
Kistodoss Paul and Company of China Bazar, Calcutta ...	149 8 0	2 9 11
Mirtonjoy Day of Burra Bazar, Calcutta	1,368 0 0	23 15 2
North-Western Bank (J. O'B.) Tandy, Manager	11,235 9 3	196 10 0
Praunkisto Chowdry of Burra Bazar, Calcutta	1,641 0 0	28 11 6
Reliance Marine Insurance Society (Apear and Company), Secretaries	325 0 0	5 11 0
Ramloll Chowdry of Burra Bazar, Calcutta	455 0 0	7 15 5
Saunders, H., Shoe-maker, Wimpoll Street, London ...	80 0 0	1 6 5
Stevenson, R. B., of Calcutta	150 0 0	2 10 0
Wedloke, Mr. Solicitor, King's Bench Walk, London ...	350 0 0	6 2 0

A. B. MILLER, *Official Assignee.*

CALCUTTA,
The 12th March 1872.

(1142—2)

Bank of Bengal.

Notice is hereby given that the Bank of Bengal, General Treasury, and Public Debt Office will be closed on Monday, the 25th instant, on account of the Hindoo festival "Dole Jattra," in conformity with Government Notification No. 3464 of the 29th October 1871.

By order of the Directors,

GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

CALCUTTA,
The 18th March 1872. (1150—1)

Notice.

CALCUTTA MUNICIPALITY.

A Special Meeting of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta will be held at the Town Hall on Wednesday, the 27th instant, at 11 o'clock A.M.

Business to be brought forward.

1*st*.—Proceedings of the Special Committee appointed to consider the Strand Bank question

2*nd*.—Proceedings of the Standing Committees of Justices for Finance, Water-supply, Conservancy, and City Improvements with reference to—

A.—Mr. Clark's application for seven months' leave on Medical Certificate.

B.—Application from the Eastern Bengal Railway Company for permission to lay on water for the purpose of extinguishing fires.

C.—Letter from Government having reference to a resolution of the Justices, recommending an increase in the number of European and Native Justices in equal proportions.

3*rd*.—Application from the Municipal Commissioners of Benares for the temporary services of Mr. Clark.

4*th*.—Proceedings of the Finance Committee having reference to the cost of pumping additional 17,000 gallons of water per day for the use of the Slaughter-houses.

5*th*.—Proceedings with reference to a letter from Government conveying the assent of His Excellency the Governor General to the Bill for extending the borrowing powers of the Justices.

G. W. BARTLETT,
Offg. Secy. to the Justices.

The 18th March 1872.

(1148—1)

Tirhoot Indigo Company, "Limited."

NOTICE.

THE seventeenth half-yearly ordinary General meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at its registered office, No. 3, Church Lane, at noon of Wednesday, the 27th instant, to receive the Directors' report, pass the accounts, and transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.

By order of Directors,

WILLIAM MORAN & Co.,
Agents.

3, CHURCH LANE,
The 15th March 1872. (1146—2)

TO BE SOLD by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction at the Town Hall, on Saturday, the thirteenth day of April next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, pursuant to a decree of the said Court, made in suit No. 410 of 1870, wherein Sreemutty Sowdameenee Dossee is the plaintiff, and Albert Birmingham Miller, Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate and effects of one Aga Mahomed Hossein Sherazee is the defendant, dated the seventeenth day of July 1871, the following property, that is to say:—All that upper-roomed messuage, tenement, and premises situate, lying, and being at No. 12, formerly No. 13-5, Colootollah Street, in the town of Calcutta, together with the piece or parcel of land or ground whereon the same is erected and built, containing by estimation seven cottahs and nine square feet, and butted and bounded—on the East by a public lane called Colootollah Lane; on the West by a public drain; on the North by a piece of land formerly belonging to Rampersaud Dutt, but now the property of Hushmadad Khan; and on the South by a piece of land with tiled huts built thereon, belonging, or reported to belong, to Roopchund Auddy.

For further particulars apply at the Office of Mr. Charles Frederick Pittar, Solicitor of the plaintiff, No. 7, Council House Street, Calcutta.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION,
REGISTRAR'S OFFICE,
Calcutta, the 12th March 1872. (1143—2)

Bishnauth Tea Company, "Limited."

WE beg to give notice that the Seventeenth Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the registered Office of the Company, No. 7, New China Bazar Street, on Thursday, the 28th instant, at 4 P.M., precisely, to receive the Directors' report, pass the accounts, declare a further dividend, and transact such other business as may be necessary.

By order of the Board,

WILLIAMSON, MAGOR & Co.,
Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,
The 12th March 1872. (1140—3)

Bengal Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Twenty-third Half-yearly General Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered Office, No. 7, Church Lane, on Wednesday, the 20th March, at 4 P.M., to receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the half-year ending 31st December 1871, to declare a dividend, and transact such other business as may be brought forward.

A. H. BLECHYNDEN,
Secretary.

The 11th March 1872. (1136—2)

WASTE LAND RULES,

Being Chap. XXVI. of the Rules of the Board of Revenue

Price, 4 annas. Packing and postage charges, 2 annas extra.

Calcutta: Office of Supdt. of Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 12th March 1872.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	As.	P.
Proprietors' Capital, paid-up	2,20,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	15,40,456	1	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office ... Rs. 3,42,22,153 3 0	5,30,59,883	1	3
General Treasury Balance at Branches ... Rs. 1,88,37,729 14 3			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches ...	2,14,43,580	14	4
Bank Post Bills, &c.	10,26,581	12	3
Sundries	9,47,565	2	5
	10,00,18,066	15	11

ASSETS.	Rs.	As.	P.
Government Securities	89,17,593	4	0
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	76,86,945	8	11
Accounts of Credit on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	1,40,74,723	1	11
Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches	2,06,54,811	0	3
Dead Stock	11,87,407	0	6
Stamps	13,627	8	0
Balances with other Banks	5,46,516	1	1
Sundries	1,45,997	3	2
	5,32,27,620	11	10
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office ... Rs. 1,60,18,449 11 4	4,67,90,446	4	1
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches ... Rs. 3,07,71,996 8 9			
	10,00,18,066	15	11

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 14th March 1872.

J. GORDON,
Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.

GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(1147—2)

Just Published.

SECOND and revised Edition of the Uncovenanted Civil Service Code, containing the Leave, Acting Allowance, Pension, Travelling, and other Rules, corrected up to 29th February 1872. Price, Rs. 2 and 4 annas, inclusive of postage. Apply to Baboo Bholanauth Sen, Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office, Calcutta.

(1130—3)

Nztice.

A SUPPLEMENT to the Uncovenanted Civil Service Code, containing the new leave and acting allowance rules published in the *Gazette of India* of the 16th March 1872, is in course of publication, and will be supplied gratis to all subscribers to the Second Edition of my Code. The cost of postage only will be charged.

(1151—1.) BHOLANAUTH SEN.

Regulations for conducting the Musketry Instruction of the Native Troops armed with the Enfield Rifle—published by authority. *Price*, 1 *Re.*; *postage*, 3 *as. extra.*

Apply at the Office of Supdt. Govt. Printing, Calcutta.

Central Provinces Gazetteer.

EDITION OF 1870 in one VOL.

A LIMITED number of the above work, strongly bound in cloth, octavo size, for sale at Rs. 12 per vol., exclusive of postage charge. Apply to

MESSRS. THACKER, VINNING, *Bombay,*

MESSRS. THACKER, SPINK & CO., *Calcutta,*

or to Supdt., Chief Commr.'s Office, Nagpur.

The Indian Financial Almanack for 1872, Price 4 annas; postage 1 anna.

Selections from Unpublished Records of Government for the years 1748 to 1767 inclusive. Relating mainly to the social condition of Bengal With a Map of Calcutta in 1784. By the Rev. J. Long, Member of the Government Record Commission. Price Rs. 5; packing and postage 1 Rupee extra.

Selections from Calcutta Gazettes of the years 1816 to 1823 inclusive, showing the political and social condition of the English in India upwards of fifty years ago. By Hugh David Sandeman, C.S., Accountant-General, Bengal, and Member of the Record Commission. Volume I, 3 Rs., and Volumes II, III, IV, and V, at 5 Rs. each; packing and postage 1 Rupee extra.

The above to be had at the Office of Superintendent of Government Printing, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Just Published.

Bengal Official Army List.

Corrected up to 1st January 1872.

THE Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is added a non-official Supplement, containing the latest corrected Civil List, &c. &c. Price Rs. 5, and 8 annas extra for packing and postage.

Calcutta: Office of Supdt. of Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street.

Rates of Subscription to the Calcutta Gazette,

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Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS, at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—March 20, 1872.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1872.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plot of land no longer required by the Government situated in the district of Shahabad, will be put up to sale, at the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th April 1872, corresponding with 6th Baisakh 1279 *F.S.*

2. The purchasers of this plot will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plot will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estate.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Upset Price.
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.
.....	.....	Plot of land on which the old circuit bungalow stood in the town of Arrah with trees.	5 0 17½	270 0 0

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 3rd February 1872.

H. W. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of Class C lands no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situated in the district of Shahabad, will be put up to sale, at the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th of April 1872, corresponding with 6th Baisakh 1279 *F.S.*

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estates.	Number on the District Roll.	Names of Estates and Pergunnahs.	Area in acres.	Upset Price.
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.
.....	.....	Koelwor, Pergunnah Barnhgawan ...	47 2 0	760 0 0
.....	.....	Dhundhian, ditto ditto ...	35 0 38	564 0 0
.....	.....	Humidpore, ditto Arrah ...	1 0 15	18 0 0
.....	.....	Domraon, ditto Bhojepore ...	3 0 30	51 0 0
		Total ...	87 0 3	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 3rd February 1872.

H. W. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plot of Class C lands no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situated in the District of Monghyr, will be put up to sale, at the Monghyr Collectorate, on Saturday, the 12th of April 1872, corresponding with 18th Cheyt 1279 *F.S.*

2. The purchaser of this plot will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plot will be sold revenue free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estates.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government Revenue.			Upset Price.
				Revenue assessed.	Road cess.	Total.	
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As P.	Rs. As. P.
1	4444	Arazee Class C lands in Mouzah Singpore, Pergunnah Dhurhura, relinquished by the Railway Company.	1 1 28	.....	.....	.....	46 0 0

COLLR.'s OFFICE, DISTRICT MONGHYR,
The 7th February 1872.

G. N. BARLOW, *Collector.*

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS, at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—March 20, 1872.

APPENDIX (No. II.) TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1872.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in the district of Nuddea will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 27th day of March 1872, corresponding with 15th Chyet 1278 *B.S.*, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1872.

No. 1-0.—Pergunnah Alumpur; recorded proprietors, Issur Chundra Pal Chowdhry and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 50,287-13-7, and Police Rs. 568-14-7. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 23,743-5-8, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 17-0.—Dehi Alpha; recorded proprietors, Santaram Roy and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 4,046-2-2½, and Police Rs. 44-14-8. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 92-1-5½, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 22.—Pergunnah Belgong; recorded proprietors, Kader Nath Ghose and others; sudder jumma, Rs. 6,054-3-8, and Police Rs. 73-11-11. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 832-10-6, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 62-0.—Dehi Buxipore; recorded proprietors, Hurrimohun Mukhupadhya and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 5,276-6-11. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 653-15-10, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 240-0.—Dehi Huri Sankura; recorded proprietors, Mohamaya Chowdhurani and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 1,935-3-7¾. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 48-6-10 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 304-0.—Turuf Khoirhuda; recorded proprietors, Nobokisto Chowdhury and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 539-10-5½. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 9-12-5½, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 371-0.—Dehi Nakasipara; recorded proprietors, Santiram Roy and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 3,829-3, and Police Rs. 41-15-9. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 695-8-6, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 2179.—Chur Samnagur; recorded proprietor, Mr. J. B. Mackintosh; sudder jumma Rs. 523-9-8, and road fund Rs. 5-3-10. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 27-2-10, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 3227.—Dehi Pukuria; recorded proprietors, Nobokishen Chowdhry and others; sudder jumma, Rs. 799-13-4. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 26-0-10, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 3231.—Dehi Shasta; recorded proprietors, Jeban Nessa Bibi and others; sudder jumma, Rs. 553-3-10. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 7-12-6, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

NUDDEA COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 23rd February 1872.

C. STEVENS, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in the district of East Burdwan will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 27th day of March 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1872.

Number in the Rent Roll.	Class.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Proprietors.	Government Revenue.	Remarks.
				Rs. As. P.	
30	1st Class, permanently-settled.	Bhedia, 4 annas share; Pergunnah Monohurshahi.	Hirra Lall Baboo, Doorganaran Banerjea, Khodeza Bibi herself, and as guardian of minor Abdool Odood, Kedar Nath Mookerjea, and Brojo Mohun Ghose.	2,676 6 6	Out of the total amount of Government revenue separate accounts have been opened for Rs. 143-9-1, on account of Brojo Mohun Ghose, and for Rs. 307-6-11 in favor of Kedar Nauth Mookerjee; no arrears have occurred on their portions of the sudder jumma. The estate is to be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
62	Ditto	Pulshona, Pergunnah Shomurshahi.	Umbicca Churn Chundro, Kassi Nath Chundro, Lokenath Chundro, Rukkini Bulluv Chundro, Kallydas Chundro, and Hurro Mohun Chundro.	7,400 11 11	The entire estate to be sold for arrears of Government revenue only, which became due on the 12th day of January 1872.
		Chakran lands appertaining to the above mehal bearing Touji No. 16.	Ditto	44 8 2	
78	Ditto ...	Nizampore and others, Pergunnah Shomershahi.	*Issur* Radhamadan Mohun Jea *Sewal* Gopikristo Bose, and Poornoo Chundro Banerjea.	1,168 8 10	Ditto.
158	Ditto ...	Shoomuddoogoree, Pergunnah Shatsoika.	Rohimunnessa Bibi and Kylas Chundro Dey Chowdhery.	2,710 8 11	Ditto.
174	Ditto ...	Gowarrah, Pergunnah Mamdanipore.	Kristodeb Bhattacherjea	727 14 7	Ditto.
5537	Ditto ...	Bahadoorpore, Pergunnah Chowmoohah	Ram Gobindo Roy ...	508 0 10	Ditto.

R. PORCH,
For Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned estate, in the district of Monghyr, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 28th day of March 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1872 :—

Temporarily-settled Estate.

Mehal Bhowaneedpore oorf Ramdeoree, Pergunnah Mulkee, Towjee No. 1406; sudder jumma Rs. 20,967. The maliks and lessees are Nirput Singh, Dhowl Singh, Kooldeep Singh, Ram Sahoy Singh, Bhekhee Singh, Khooder Singh, and others. The estate is to be sold, with the exception of the shares of Bhekee Singh and others, and Khooder Singh, aggregating 4 annas 15 gundas 2 cowrees, for which separate accounts have been opened under Act XI. of 1859 for Rs. 6,486-2, being arrears of land revenue due from the estate up to the 12th January 1872.

MONGHYR,
The 26th February 1872.

T. GRANT, *Dy. Collector in charge, for Collector.*

اشتہار نیلام بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار

واضح ہو کہ حسب دفعہ ۶ ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع کے بہ صیغۂ مرقومۂ الذیل ضلع مونگیر مین بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار و دیگر دعوي جو از روے دستورات و قوانین مقارنہ موافق باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے بتاریخ ۱۲ جنوري سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع واجب الوصول هي بروز پنجشنبہ ۲۸ مارچ سنہ ۱۸۷۲ ع کچہري مین صاحب کلکٹر اس ضلع کے بلا عذر عام نیلام مین رکہا جایگا ۰

نمبر توزیع — معال

نمبر ۱۳۰۶ توزیع — بہوانندپور عرف رامدیوري پرگنہ ملکے بندوبستے معدي جسکا صدر جمع مبلغ ۲۰۹۶۷ واجبکے خانہ مالگذار مین نام نریت سنگهہ ودهول سنگهہ وکلدیپ سنگهہ و رام سهاے سنگهہ و بهکے سنگهہ و کهودر سنگهہ و غیرہ مالکان بندوبستداران مندرج هی باستثناے موازي ۱۵ انہ ۲ گنڈہ کہ حصہ بهکے سنگهہ و موازي ۲ انہ ۲ کوڑي حصہ کهودر سنگهہ جملہ ۱۵ انہ ۴ گنڈہ ۲ کوڑي باقي حصہ ۴ انہ ۱۱ گنڈہ ۱۸ کوڑي نریت سنگهہ دهول سنگهہ وغیرہ اجمالے بعلت مبلغ ۶۴۸۶-۲ باقہ مالگذاري سرکار نیلام هوگا فقط ۰

بحکم: گرانٹ
ڈپوٹي کلکٹران-چارج

مونگیر تاریخ ۲۳ فبروري ۱۸۷۲ ع

Printed and published by Edwin Monris Lewis, at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—March 20, 1872.

APPENDIX (No. III.) TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1872.

1. Number.	2. Title (to be translated into English, when the title page is not in that language).	3. Language in which book is written.	4. Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	5. Subject.	6. Place of printing and place of publication.	7. Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
4	Bible Stories ...	Bengali.	Translated from the German of Dr. Barth by Mrs. Haeberlin and thoroughly revised and edited by Rev. S. C. Ghose.	Religious ...	Printed at the Saptahik Sumbad Press, No. 1, Pipoolputty Lane, Bhowanee pore, Published at No. 10, Hare St., Calcutta.	Printed by Brujumadhub Busoo Published by the Calcutta Christian Tract and Book Society.
80	Eeshwurer Ustitwu, or the existence of God.	ditto ...	Edited by Rev. S. C. Ghose.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..
81	Eleventh Annual Report of the Bengal Christian Family Pension Fund.	ditto ...	Edited by Rev. S. C. Ghose, Secretary to the Fund.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Saptahik Sumbad Press, No. 1, Pipoolputty Lane, Bhowanee pore, Published at Bhowanee pore.	Printed by Brujumadhub Busoo, Published by the B. C F. Pension Fund.
82	Brahmu Opudesh, or Brahmu Instruction.	ditto ...	Muhendronath Rayu Burmunu.	Religious ...	Printed at the Columbian Press, No. 38, Cornwallis St., Published at No. 36, Amherst St., Calcutta.	Printed by Judoonath Dey, Published by Muhendronath Rayu Burmunu.
83	Ingraj Goonu Burnun, or a description of the virtues of the English.	ditto ...	Prankrishnu Busoo.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Alfred Press, Serampore, Published at Junai.	Printed by Oomeshchundru Chuttopadhyayu, Published by Prankrishnu Bussoo.
84	Shushee-Jaminee, or the moon and the night.	ditto ...	Eeshwur Chundru Chukruburtee.	Fiction ...	Prakritu Press, No. 2, Holwell's Lane, Mirzapore.	Printed by Kalichurun Chukruburtee, Published by Muthooranath Turkurutnu.
85	Swurger Puth, or the Way to heaven. Illustrated.	ditto ...	Edited by Rev. S. C. Ghose.	Religious...	Printed at the Saptahik Sumbad Press, No. 1, Pipoolputty Lane, Bhowanee pore, Published at No. 10, Hare St., Calcutta.	Printed by Brujumadhub Busoo, Published by the Calcutta Christian Tract and Book Society.

LIBRARY.

PAMPHLETS for the Quarter ending 31st December 1871.

8. Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	9. Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	10. Size.	11. First, second, or other edition.	12. Number of copies of which the edition consists.	13. Printed or lithographed.	14. Price at which the book is sold to the public.	15. Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of copyright.	16. Remarks.
1871.						1871.		
Aug. 23rd..	300 pp	12mo. ...	A new and revised edition.	1,500	Printed..	0 4 0	The Calcutta Christian Tract and Book Society, No. 10, Hare St., Calcutta.	A brief Scripture Hist from the creation to days of the Apostl intended for the use Schools. Illustrated
PAMPHLETS.								
July 29th...	18 pp.	18mo. ...	Second...	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	Calcutta Christian Tract and Book Society, No. 10, Hare St., Calcutta.	A Christian Tract pr ing the existence of G intended for childr Illustrated.
„ 25th ...	24 „	Dy. 8vo.	First ...	50	ditto ...	0 0 0	Bengal Christian Family Pension Fund, Bhowaneepore.	
Aug. 20th...	32 „	Dy. 16mo.	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 2 0	Muhendronath Rayu Burmunu.	A Catechism of the B mu Religion.
Sept. 30th..	34 „	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	Prankrishnu Busoo, of Junai.	The author at first p trays in glowing guage the many lasting benefits confe on the people of country by the Br Government; and describes such thing watches, coal, gas-li the mint, telegr railway, water-w Engine-made paper Asiatic Society all introduced or e lished by the Eng The poetry of the is pretty good.
Oct. 9th ...	370 „	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	Eeshwur Chundru Chukruburtu, of Calcutta.	A poetical love sto a very mean order. throughout interp with obscene ex sions.
Nov. 21st...	18 „	18mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	The Calcutta Christian Tract and Book Society, No. 10, Hare St., Calcutta.	A Christian Tract.

1. Number.	2. Title (to be translated into English, when the title page is not in that language).	3. Language in which book is written.	4. Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	5. Subject.	6. Place of printing and place of publication.	7. Name or firm of pr and name or firm publisher.
86	Tranarthir Ookti, or the sayings of one enquiring after salvation. Illustrated.	Bengali..	Edited by Rev. S. C. Ghose.	Religious ...	Printed at the Saptahik Sumbad Press, No. 1, Pipoolputti Lane, Bhowaneepore, Published at No. 19, Hare St., Calcutta.	Printed by Brujuı dhub Busoo, P lished by the (cutta Christ Tract and Book ciety.
87	Soudaminee. Illustrated.	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
88	Asia Dekhu, or come and see.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto
89	Pracheen Kahinee, or The old story. Illustrated	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
90	Tyag sweekar, or self denial.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
91	Upubyuee Pootru, or the prodigal son. Illustrated.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
92	Hitabulee, or salutary sentences. Part II.	ditto ...	Prusunnuchundru Goohu.	Poetry ...	Bangala Saptahik Report Press, No. 4, College Sq., Calcutta.	Printed by Dwarl nath Ray, Publish by Prusunnuchun Goohu.
93	Kubitakoosoom, or the blossoms of poetry.	ditto ...	Anunduchundru Mittru.	ditto	ditto ...	Printed by Dwark nath Rayu, Publish by Anunduchund Mittru.
94	Anatomy, Descriptive and Surgical, Part I.	ditto ...	Mohendrunath Gooptu, G.M.C.B.	Medicine ...	Gunesh Press ...	Nubeenkrishnu Sirk

e Quarter ending 31st December 1871.—(Continued.)

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1871.						Rs. As. P.		
Nov. 1st...	18 pp.	18mo. ...	First ...	5,000	Printed.	0 0 3	The Calcutta Christian Tract and Book Society, No. 10, Hare St., Calcutta.	A Christian Tract.
„ 1st...	18 „	ditto ...	Second...	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto ...	A Christian Tract children, in which mother is represen conversing with daughter Soudami on various subjects b ing upon religion.
Sept. 27th..	16 „	ditto ...	Second...	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto ...	A Christian Tract b on the narrative tained in John I., to 51 verses.
„ 18th..	16 „	ditto ...	Third ...	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto ...	A translation of a known little Chri book for children, tled The Old Old S in poetry.
„ 15th..	18 „	ditto ...	Second...	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto ...	A tract on the self-d which every followe Christ must be prep to make.
Oct. 12th...	10 „	ditto ...	First ...	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto ...	A metrical version of prodigal son, publi in the form of a tra
„ 3rd...	56 „	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 6	Prusunuchunndru Goohu.	Pieces of poetry on gious and moral sub adapted to the young intended for the u schools. The sub are well chosen, an book is full of sal instruction to child
Sept. 14th..	32 „	ditto ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 3 0	Anunduchundru Mittru.	Pieces of easy poetr various subjects, a a salutary nature.
Aug. 15th...	240 „	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	2 8 0	Mohendrunath Sirkar, Lock Hospital, Sealdah, and Nundu Krishnu Sirkar.	The author inten publish in parts a prehensive work anatomy for the u students of the v cular classes of the cutta Medical Co This part treat Osteology, and is trated by diag One serious defe the book is tha words and phrases tinctively medical, been left untranslat

1. Number.	2. Title (to be translated into English, when the title page is not in that language).	3. Language in which book is written.	4. Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it	5. Subject.	6. Place of printing and place of publication.	7. Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
105	Buhoobibahu Rahityarahityu Neernuyu, or a determination of whether poligamy ought to be abolished or not.	Bengali.	Gungadhur Rayu Kubiraj.	Miscellaneous.	Sutyurutnu Press, Berhampore.	Ramnath Talookdar.
106	Rookshmineechurun Natuk, or the abduction of Rookshminee, a Drama.	ditto ...	Ramnarayun Turkurutnu.	Drama ...	Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bowbazar Road, Calcutta.	I. C. Bose and Co. ...
107	Prumodkaminee Kabyu, or the Poem of Prumodkaminee.	ditto ...	Ashootosh Mookhopadhyayu.	Poetry ...	Printed at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bow bazar Road, Published at Burahunugur.	Printed by I. C. Bose and Co. Published by Ashootosh Mookhopadhyayu.
108	The Exile of Ram ...	ditto ...	Sreemuntu Bidyabhooshun.	Romance ...	Printed at the Kabyuprukash Press, No. 7 Huripal's Lane, Published at the Sunskrit Press Depository, Calcutta.	Printed by Kaleekoomar Chukruburtee, Published by Sreemuntu Bidyabhooshun.
109	Shustheebanta Bishumlyatha, or Shusteebanta, a very troublesome affair.	ditto ...	Bholanath Mookhopadhyayu.	Farce ...	Gunesh Press, Calcutta.	Nundukrishnu Sirkar.
110	Hector Budh, or the murder of Hector.	ditto ...	Michael M. S. Duttu.	Fiction ...	Stanhope Press, No. 249 Bowbazar Road, Calcutta.	I. C. Bose and Co. ...
111	Pudyumunjuree, or the Blossoms of Poesy, Part I.	ditto ...	Prusunnuchundru Chukruburtee.	Poetry ...	Bangala Press, Dacca	Nubeenchundru De...
112	Gireebala Natuk, or the Drama of Gireebala.	ditto ...	Taruknath Chukruburtee.	Drama ...	Gunesh Press, Calcutta.	Nundukrishnu Sirkar.
113	Sudhhab Koumoodee, or the Moonlight of good understanding, Part I.	ditto ...	Prusunnu Koomar Sen.	Poetry ...	Soolubh Press, Dacca	Eshanchundru Sheel.
114	Hitopakhyanmala, or a Collection of instructive tales, Part I.	ditto ...	Compiled by Girishchundru Sen.	Fiction ...	Girish Press, Dacca.	Hurimohun Busak,...
115	Neerbasita Seeta, or the exiled Seeta.	ditto ...	Hurishchundru Mittru.	Romance ...	ditto ...	ditto ...

the Quarter ending 31st December 1871.—(Continued.)

8. Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	9. Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	10. Size.	11. First, second, or other edition.	12. Number of copies of which the edition consists.	13. Printed or lithographed.	14. Price at which the book is sold to the public.	15. Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of copyright.	16. Remarks.
1871.						Rs. As. P.		
Oct. 12th...	30 pp.	8vo. ...	First ...	500	Printed. .	0 6 0	.....	A pamphlet advoca polygamy.
Sept. 9th...	106 „	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	Nubeenchundru Mookhopadhyu, of Patooriaghata, Calcutta.	A drama on the sto Krishnu's clandest taking away Roc minee, the daught Raja Rookshamu.
„ 2nd.	54 „	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Ashootosh Mookhopadhyayu, of Burahunugur.	A Poem written the basis of Goldsm well-known " Her
„ 8th...	126 „	8vo. ...	Second...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Sreemuntu Bidyabhooshun, of Calcutta.	The story of Ram's as illustrative of h traordinary filial tion, brotherly love truthfulness.
„ 12th...	14 „	16mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ..	0 1 6	Ramdhun Mookhopadhyayu, of Sobhabazar, Calcutta.	A farce exposing abuses now practis the occasion of the known Hindoo cere in which sons-in-l entertained in father-in-laws' hou
„ 1st ...	112 „	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Michael M. S. Duttu of Calcutta.	The story of the and murder of H translated from the in the original Gr
Nov. 15th. .	12 „	12mo. ...	Seventh..	1,000	ditto ..	0 1 0	Prusunnuchundru Chukruburtee.	A few pieces of intended for the children.
Sept. 12th..	48 „	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Taruknath Chukruburtee, of Chapatula, Calcutta.	A drama exposing titution in Hind ciety.
Oct. 5th...	50 „	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	Prusunnu Koomar Sirkar.	Miscellaneous pie poetry for the children.
Nov. 13th...	96 „	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Girishchundru Sen.	The tales contai this book are all from the Goli Shaik Sadi, and of moral instruct
Oct. 20th...	84 „	12mo. ...	Second...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Hurishchundru Mittru of Baboobazar, Dacca.	A poetical descri the touching in connected with banishment of Ram's consort.

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116	Geetsar, or Choice songs.	Bengali.	Mohimunath Haldar.	Religious ...	H. C. Gangooly and Co.'s Press, Nos. 23 and 24, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.	H. C. Gangooly a Co.
117	Hindoodhurmu Durpun, or a Mirror of Hindoo Religion. Part II.	ditto ...	Brujunath Bungu.	ditto ...	Printed at the Sahitya Press, No. 47, Patooriaghata Street, Calcutta, Published at Santipore Hindoo School.	Printed by Kartil chundru Choudho ree, published b Gopalchundru Ray
118	Life of the late Poet Rususagur, to which are added some of his extempore poems.	ditto ...	Compiled by Shyammadhub Rayu.	Biography.	Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bowbazar Road, Calcutta.	Printed by I. C. Bo and Co., publishe by Shyammadhu Rayu.
119	Diseases of Women...	ditto ...	Meer Ashruff Ally, *G.M.C.B.*	Medicine ...	Gooptu Press, Meerjaffer's Lane, Calcutta.	Mutilal Das ..
120	Kubita Sungruhu, or Poetical Selections.	ditto ...	Edited by Khetrunath Bhuttacharjyu.	Poetry ...	Bodhoduyu Press, Hooghly.	Kaseenath Bhuttacharjyu.
121	Bangalar Itihas, or the History of Bengal. Part I.	ditto ...	Ramguti Nyarutnu.	History ...	ditto ...	ditto ..
122	Relinquishment of Lukhun.	ditto ...	Chundrunath Shurma.	Romance ...	Tumohur Press, Serampore.	Brujomohun Sen ..
123	Urthurutnu, or the Treasury of Meanings. Part I.	ditto ...	Kedarnath Turkurutnu.	Miscellaneous.	B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhamapookoor Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Umritula Choudhooree, Pub lished by Buruda prusad Mozoomdar
124	Buhoobibahu, or Polygamy, with Appendix.	ditto ...	Eeshwurchundru Bidyasagur.	ditto ...	Printed at the Sunskrit Press, No. 62, Amherst Street, Published at No. 13, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Peetambu Bundhyopadhyayu, Published by Eesh wurchundru Bidya sagur.
125	Sreemut Bhagbut. Part I.	ditto ...	Kaleeprusunnu Sirkar.	Religious...	Bharut Press, No. 367, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Dhuruneedhur Mookhopadhyayu.

LIBRARY.

the Quarter ending 31*st December* 1871.—(*Continued.*)

8. Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	9. Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	10. Size.	11. First, second, or other edition.	12. Number of copies of which the edition consists.	13. Printed or lithographed.	14. Price at which the book is sold to the public.	15. Names and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of copyright.	16. Remarks.
1871.						Rs. As. P.		
July 22nd. .	70 pp.	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	Printed. .	0 8 0	Muhimunath Haldar, Kaleeghat.	Songs.
Aug. 24th. .	28 „	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	.....	An enunciation and fence of the Hindo ligion; intended es ally for the use of boys of the H School at Santipor
„ 14th...	52 „	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	Shyammadhub Rayu, of Krishnunugur.	As in the title.
„ 20th ..	144 „	Ryl.12mo	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	2 0 0	Meer Ashruff Ally, of Nimookhansama's Lane, Calcutta.	The first book of its in Bengali, con from the works o F. H. Tanner, (Bedford, C. West other English au and intended f use of the Bengal students of the C Medical College.
Oct. 29th...	120 „	12mo. ...	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Khetrunath Bhuttacharjyu, of Ghutiabazar.	Miscellaneous pie poetry compiled the Ramayun of bas and other wo
„ 20th..	192 „	12mo. ...	Eighth ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	RamgutiNyarutnu, of Ilsoba.	This part takes period from the the Kings of the yu Family to the of Nawab Al Khan.
Dec. 20th...	134 „	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	.....	The well-known Ram's severing h nection with Lul the close of his and life.
Sept. 18th..	128 „	12mo. ...	Second ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Burudaprusad Muzoomdar.	A key to Seeta's bas by Pundit E chundru Bidyas
Aug. 10th...	104 „	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	.....	Eeshwurchundru Bidyasagur, of Calcutta.	A masterly bo Koolin Polygam voted to the tion of the o generally brou ward by orthod doos against t posed abolition' system.
Sept. 2nd. .	46 „	8vo. ...	First ...	1,250	ditto ...	0 4 0	Rohineenundun Sirkar, Jowgan, Burdwan.	A literal transl the Sunskrit.

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126	Muhabharut Bunupurbu, Part XVII. (continued from No. 64) p. 569 to 662.	Bengali.	Prose translation by Gunesh-chundru Bhuttacharjyu and Rahineenundun Sirkar.	Histrical Romance	Bharut Press, No. 367, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Dhurunee dhur Mookhopadhyayu, Published by Prutapchundru Rayu.
127	Ditto ditto, Part XVIII. (continued from No. 126) pp. 663 to 756.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto	ditto ...	ditto ...
128	Ditto ditto, Part XIX. (continued from No. 127) pp. 757 to 850.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto	ditto ...	ditto ...
129	Pooranŭungruhu, or selections from the Poorans, Part III. (continued from No. 74) pp. 529 to 932.	ditto ...	Translated by the late Kaleeprusunnu Singh.	Religious	Kabyuprukash Press, No. 7, Huripal's Lane, Calcutta.	Kaleekoomar Chukrubortee and Co.
130	Sreemut Bhagbut, Part X. (continued from No. 76) pp. 111 to 149, and again from pp. 1 to 40.	ditto ...	Translated by Doorgachurun Bundyopadhyayu.	ditto	ditto ...	Printed by Kaleekoomar Chukruburtee and Co., Published by Doorgachurun Bundyopadhyayu.
131	The Annual Report of the Behala Huribhuktiprudayinee Subha, No. 14.	ditto ...	Gooroodayal Rayu.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Sahityu Press, No. 47, Patooriaghata Street, Calcutta, Published at the Behala Dhurmu Subha.	Kartikchundru Choudhooree.
132	Sahityu Sungruhu, or selections from Literature, Huribunshu, Vol. I., No. 6, (continued from No. 58) pp. 201 to 236.	ditto ...	Translated by Krishnudhun Bidyarutnu.	Religious	Printed at the Sahityu Press, No. 47, Patooriaghata Street: Published at No. 54, Doorgachurun Mittru's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kartikchundru Choudhooree, Published by Gopalchundru Rayu.
133	Ditto ditto, Vol. I., No. 7, (continued from No. 132) pp. 237 to 280.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto	ditto ...	ditto ...
	Kabyu Prukash, Part XXXII., Moodra Rakhus, (continued from No. 3076) pp. 65 to 132.	ditto ...	Translated by Hurishchundru Kubirutnu.	ditto	B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhamapookoor Lane, Calcutta.	Burudaprusad Muzoomdar.

Quarter ending 31st December 1871.– (Continued.)

8. Date of issue from the press or of publication.	9. Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	10. Size.	11. First, second, or other edition.	12. Number of copies of which the edition consists.	13. Printed or lithographed.	14. Price at which the book is sold to the public.	15. Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of copyright.	16. Remarks.
1871.						Rs. As. P.		
Aug. 2nd..	94 pp.	8vo. ...	First ...	1,250	Printed. .	0 12 0	Prutapchundru Rayu, of Jorasanko, Calcutta.	
.. 12th...	96 ,,	8vo. ...	First ...	1,250	ditto ...	0 12 0	ditto ...	ditto.
Sept. 28th...	96 ,,	8vo. ...	First ...	1,250	ditto ...	0 12 0	ditto ...	ditto.
,, 10th...	424 ,,	8vo. ...	Second...	2,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	Chukruburtee and Co., of Calcutta.	Selections from the purbu of the M bharut.
,, 15th...	82 ,,	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Doorgachurun Bundyopadhyayu.	A prose translatio the well-known poe the same name.
Aug. 2nd..	58 ,,	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	Gratis.	.....	As in the Title.
,, 9th...	36 ,,	4to. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	.....	A prose translation portion of the M bharut.
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8. Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	9. Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	10. Size.	11. First, second, or other edition.	12. Number of copies of which the edition consists.	13. Printed or lithographed.	14. Price at which the book is sold to the public.	15. Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of copyright.	16. Remarks.
1871.						Rs. As. P.		
PAMPHLETS.								
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„ 2nd.	16 „	8vo. ..	First ...	500	ditto ..	0 1 0	Sudanund Misru and Sumbhoonath Misru, of Buru Bazar.	Hymns bearing o Jugunnath, the Jum na, Krishna, and th Ganges.
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„ 25th...	4 „	8vo. ...	First ...	50	ditto ..	0 1 0	Gopal Chundru Bhuttacharjya of Ariaduhu.	A short description the evils of the pa sions.
„ 25th...	4 „	8vo. ...	First ..	50	ditto ...	0 1 0	Taraprusunnu Bhuttacharjya of Bhatpara.	A short, pointless a tobiography describin the several states infancy, childhood, an youth, through whic the author has passe concluding with a pra er to God.
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						SUNSKRIT AND
13	Bhagbut Tuttwubodhika, or the Expositor of Bhagbut Vol. I., No. 3, (continued from No. 5) p. 161 to 240.	Sunskrit and Bengali	Edited and explained by Ramnarayun Bidyarutnu.	Romance ...	Sutyurutnu Press Berhampore.	Printed by Ramnath, Talookdar; Published by Ramnarayun Bidyarutnu.
14	Ditto ditto, Vol. I. No. 4, (continued from No. 13) p. 24, to 320.	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
15	Ditto ditto, Vol. I. No 5 (continued from No. 14) p. 321 to 400.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...
16	Muhabharut, Part VII. (continued from No. 8, p. 337 to 376 of the Sunskrit, and p. 193 to 240 of the Bengali.	ditto ...	Translated and revised by Sntyubrutu Samswamee and Kaleeprusunnu Bidyarutnu, with the commentary of Neelkunthu.	ditto ...	Alfred Press, Serampore.	Printed by Oomeshchundru Chuttopadhyayu; Published by Judoonath Bundyopadhyayu.
17	Ditto ditto, Part VIII (continued from No. 16) p. 377 to 424 of the Sunskrit, and p. 241 to 280 of the Bengali.	ditto ..	Translated and revised by Sutyubrutu Samswamee, with the commentary of Neelkuntthu.	ditto ..	ditto ...	Printed by Judoonath Bundyopadhyayu; Published by Sutyubrutu Samswamee.
18	Ditto ditto, Part IX. (continued from No. 17) p 425 to 456 of the Sunskrit, and p. 281 to 336 of the Bengali.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...
19	Ditto ditto, Part I. Adipurbu, p. 1 to 56 of the Sunskrit, and p. 1 to 32 of the Bengali.	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditfo ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
20	Muhabharut, Part IX. Adipurbu (continued from No. 7) p. 449 to 504 of the Sunskrit, and p. 281 to 320 of the Bengali.	ditto ...	Edited, translated and revised by Jugunmohun Turkalunkar and Nrisinhu Chundru Mookhopadhyayu, M.A., with the commentary of Neelkuntthu.	ditto ...	Dwoipayun Press, No. 221, Cornwalis St., Calcutta.	Printed by Judoonath Rayu; Published by Gobinduchundru Ghosh and Co.
21	Shradhu Muntrarthu Prukashika, or an Expositor of the Shradhu Ritual.	ditto ...	Compiled and translated by Nubukoomar Bhuttacharjya.	Religious ...	Calcutta Hitoishee Press, 1, Krishnu Das Pal's Lane, Calcutta.	Koilaschundru Bundyopadhayu.

ending 31st December 1871.—*(Continued.)*

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						SUNSKRIT AND
22	Ayoorveda Sar Sungruhu or Selections from Ayoorveda.	Sunskrit and Bengali.	Compiled and translated by Gopalchundru Sen Gooptu.	Medicine ...	Printed at the Columbian Press, No. 38, Cornwallis St.; Published at No. 6, Mudun Mittru's Lane.	Printed by Judoonath De; Published by Bhoobun Mohun Gongopadhyayu.
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24	Sunskrit Brumhandubibriti, or a description of the Earth in Sunskrit.	ditto ...	Compiled by Brujusoondru Moitru.	Science ...	Tumoghnu Press, Beaulea Rajshye.	Moorarimohun Bishwas.
25	Ramayun Ujodhya Kandu, No. 10 (continued from No. 9, p. 561 to 640 of the Sunskrit, and p. 289 to 320 of the Bengali, with the commentary of Ramanooju.	ditto ...	Translated and revised by Hemchundru Bhuttacharjya.	Romance ...	Valmikee Press, No. 55, Amherst St., Calcutta.	Kaleekinkur Chukrubortee.
26	Ditto ditto, No. 11 (continued from 25) p. 641 to 704 of the Sunskrit, and p. 321 to 352 of the Bengali.	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...
27	Pooranprukash, Vishnoo Pooran, Part IV., No. 13, (continued from No. 10) p. 73 to 144 Commentary, p. 9 to 16.	ditto ...	Translated and edited by Jugunmohun Turkalunkar.	ditto ...	Kabyuprukash Press, No. 7, Huripal's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kaleekoomar Chukruburtee, Published by Burudaprusad Busak.
28	Muhabharut Huribunshu, Part V. (continued from No.) p. 161 to 200 of the Sunskrit, and p. 161 to 200 of the Bengali.	ditto ...	Translated by Rohineenundun Sirkar and Gunesbchundru Bhuttacharjya.	ditto ...	Bharut Press, No. 367, Chitpore Road.	Dhuruneedhur Mookhopadhyayu.
29	Gayutree Prukurunum or the Rules of Gayutree.	ditto ...	Compiled by Taranath Turkubachusputi.	Religion ...	Printed at the new Sunskrit Press, No. 12, Fukurchand Mittru's St.; Published at Ahireetola, Calcutta.	Printed by Hurimohun Mookhopadhyayu; Published by Troilukhyunath Mookhopadhyayu.

ending 31st December 1871.—(Continued.)

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						SUNSKRIT AND
30	Tithitutwu—or the truth concerning the age of the moon.	Sunskrit Bengali.	Edited by Muthooranath Turkurutnu, with Kaseeram Bachusputi's commentary.	Religious ...	Prakritu Press, No. 2, Holwell's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kalee Churn Bundyopadhyayu; Published by Muthooranath Turukurutnu.
31	Kabyuprukashika, Part XXXIII., Bhutti Kabyu (continued from No. 3238) p. 177 to 264 of the Sunskrit, and p. 17 to 24 of the Bengali.	ditto ...	Edited by Nrisinhuchundru Mookhopadhyayu.	Poetry ...	B. P. M's. Press, No. 22, Jhamapookur Lane, Calcutta.	Burudaprusad Muzoomdar.
						SUNSKRIT AND
8	A Dictionary, Sunskrit and English, enlarged and improved from the second edition of the Dictionary of Professor H. H. Wilson, (continued from No. 1 sup.) p. 73 to 112.	Sunskrit and English.	Edited by Tarakoomar Kubirutnu.	Language. .	Kabyuprukash Press. No. 7, Huripal's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kaleekoomar Chukruburtee; Published by Tarakoomar Kubirutnu.
						SUNSKRIT
1	Byakurunkoumudi, or the Moonlight of Grammar.	Sunskrit and Ooriya.	Translated by Gobinduchundru Puttunayuk.	Science ...	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, No. 24, Lower Circular Road; Published at No. 10, Government Place, E.	Printed by Rev. C B. Lewis; Published by the Calcutta School Book Society.
						ENGLISH AND
1	A Key to the Poetical English Reader No. II.	English and Bengali.	Koilaschundru Duttu, B. A.	Miscellaneous.	B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhamapookur Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by A. L. Choudhooree; Published by Burudaprusad Muzoomdar.
						ENGLISH AND
8	List of Scriptural terms, with proposed renderings.	Ditto. The Bengali is in Roman Character.	Edited by Rev. Dr. J. M. Mitchell.	.....	Baptist Mission Press, No. 24, Lower Circular Road.	Printed by Rev. C B. Lewis.

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1871.						Rs. As. P.		
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Oct. 9th...	104pp.	8vo. ...	First ...	500	printed...	1 0 0	Muthooranath Turkurutnu of Calcutta ...	Social and Religious duties as connected with the age of the moon.
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AND OORIYA.								
Oct. 3rd...	226 „	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	.....	This is a translation of Pundit Eeshwurchundr Bidyasagur's outlines o Sunskrit Grammar.
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BENGALI PAMPHLETS.								
Sept. 18th..	8 „	8vo. ...	First ...	95	ditto ...	Not known	.....	The list gives the Bengali rendering of many scriptural terms, about which as they occur in the current Bengali version of the Bible, there is considerable difference of opinion.

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IIA. 1	Bigyan Ruhusyu, or the Mysteries of Science, a monthly Magazine, Part I., No. 1, September 1871.	Bengali.	Muhendrunath Bhuttacharjyu.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and Published at the Kabyu-pruksh Press, No. 7, Huripal's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kaleekoomar Chukruburtee, Published by Muhendrunath Bhuttacharjyu.
IV. 3	Chikitsa Durpun, or the Medical Mirror, Part I., No. 6, Ashwin 1278.	ditto ...	Judoonath Mookhopadhyayu.	Medical ...	Printed at the Alfred Press, Serampore, Published at Chinsurah.	Printed by Oomeshchundru Chuttopadhyayu, Published by Chukoolal Sirkar.
4	Ditto ditto, Part I., No. 7, Kartik 1278.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed by Judoonath Bu-dyopadhyayu, Published by Chukoolal Sirkar.
5	Ditto ditto, Part I., No. 8, Augruhayun 1278.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
IVA. 1	Dhoomketoo or the Comet, No. 2, 11th September 1871.	ditto ...		Miscellaneous.	Soolubhu Press, Dacca	Eeshanchundru Sheel
IVB. 1	Garhusthyu Chikitsa Bidhan, or Domestic Treatment, Part I., No. 3.	ditto ...	Oomachurun Dey	Medical ..	Printed at the New Sunskrit Press, No. 12, Fukeerchand Mittru's St., Calcutta, Published at Burahunugur.	Printed by Hurimohun Mookhopadhyayu, Published by Oomachurun Dey.
2	Ditto ditto, Part I., No. 4.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
3	Ditto ditto, Part I., No. 5.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...

Quarter ending 31st December 1871.—(Continued.)

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1871.						Rs. As. P.		
Sept. 25th...	12 pp.	Sup. Ryl. 8vo.	First ...	1,000	Printed.	0 4 0	Muhendrunath Bhuttacharjyu, M.A., of Calcutta.	
Oct. 9th...	44 „	Dy. 8vo.	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 9 0	Judoonath Mookhopadhyayu, of Chinsurah.	Compiled chiefly fr English periodicals a journals, and transla into Bengali for benefit of medical pr titioners the have little or no knowle of English.
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Dec. 22nd..	36 „	Dy. 8vo.	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 9 0	ditto ...	ditto.
Sept. 11th .	16 „	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 1 0	Eeshanchundru Sheel.	This is the second nu ber of a Magazine P lished at Dacca. first number not hav come to hand, we can say whether it is weekly or monthly pe dical, nor state the ject it has in vi The present num opens with an art caricaturing the p gressive Brahmus, wh is followed by other, in which assault committed by Protap Baboo in a of drunkenness is ferred to as illustrat of the evils of exces drinking. It is altoget... ill-conceived and badly executed.
Aug. 26th..	16 „	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Oomachurun Dey, of Burahunugur.	Domestic medicine and treatment of diseases with efficacious prescriptions and diagrams of organs.
Sept. 5th...	16 „	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	ditto ...	ditto.
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IVC. 6	Halishuhur Putrika, Vol. I, No. 6, Ashwin 1278.	Bengali.	Poornuchundru Sinhu.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Alfred Press, Serampore, Published at Halishuhur.	Printed by Oomeshchundru Chuttopadhyayu, Published by Janukeenath Gungopadhyayu.
7	Ditto ditto, Vol. I., No. 7, Kartik 1278.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed by Judoonath Bundyopadhyayu, Published by Janukeenath Gungopadhyayu.
VI. 6	Jyotiringun, or the Firefly a monthly Magazine Part III., No, 2, August 1871.	ditto ...	Rev. S. C. Ghosh	ditto ...	Printed at the Saptahik Sumbad Press, No. 1, Pipulputi Lane, Published at No. 10, Hare St., Calcutta.	Printed by Brujumadhub Busoo, Published by the Calcutta Christian Tract and Book Society.
7	Ditto ditto, Part III., No. 3, September 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
8	Ditto ditto, Part III., No. 4, October 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
9	Ditto ditto, Part III., No. 5, November 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...
X. 2	Nubuprubundhu, or the New Essayist, a monthly Magazine, Part V., No. 7, November 1870.	ditto ...	Edited by Tinkuri Ghoshal.	ditto ..	Printed at the New Bengal Press, No. 149, Maniktula St., Calcutta, Published at No. 30, Buluram De's St., Jorasanko, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharudaprusad Chuttopadhyayu, Published by Tinkuri Ghoshal.
XI. 3	Ruhusyu Sundurbhu, or Interesting Selections, Vol. VI., No. 66,	ditto ...	Edited by Rajendrulal Mittru.	ditto ...	Printed and Published at the Gunesh Press.	Nundukrishnu Sirkar.
XIA. 1	Rusuturungu, or the Billows of Pleasure, a Weekly Journal, Part I., No. 1,	ditto ...	Soorendrumohun Muzoomdar.	ditto ...	Printed at the Indian Royal Press, No. 9, Cornwallis St., Published at No. 11, Nunduram Sen's St., Calcutta	Printed by B. N. Bose and Co., Published by Soorendrumohun Muzoomdar.
XII. 24	Sahityu Mookoor, or Mirror of Literature, a Weekly Journal, Part II., No. 18, 28th Srabun 1278.	ditto ...	Sutyuchurun Gooptu.	ditto ...	Printed and Published at the Gooptu Press, No. 24 Meerjaffer's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and Published by Mutilal Das.
25	Ditto ditto, Part II., No. 19, 4th Bhadru 1278.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
26	Ditto ditto, Part II., No. 20, 11th Bhadru 1278.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...

the Quarter ending 31st December 1871.—(Continued.)

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27	Sahityu Mookoor, or Mirror of Literature, a Weekly Journal, Part II., No. 21, 18th Bhadru 1278.	Bengali.	Sutyuchurun Gooptu.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and Published at the Gooptu Press, No. 24, Meerjaffer's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and Published by Mutilal Das.
28	Ditto ditto, Part II., No. 22, 25th Bhadru 1278.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
XIII. 4	Sunatun Dhurmopudeshinee, or the preacher of the ancient Religion of India, monthly Magazine, Part II., No. 2, Joisthu 1278.	ditto ...	Chundrushekhur Mookhopadhyayu.	Religious ...	The Sahityu Press, No. 47 Patooriaghata St.	Printed by Kartikchundru Choudhooree, Published by the Dhurmurukhinee Subha.
5	Ditto ditto, Part II., No. 3, Ashar 1278.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
XIV. 14	Weekly precedents of cases decided on Appeal to the High Court, Part V., No 12, March 1871.	ditto ...	Kaleemohun Mookhopadhyayu, the recognized Bengali Translator of the late Sudder Reports.	Law ...	The New Bengal Press, No. 149, Maniktula St., Calcutta.	Printed and Published by Sharudaprusad Chuttopadhyayu.
15	Ditto ditto, Part V., No. 13, April 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
16	Ditto ditto, Part V., No. 14, April 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
17	Ditto ditto, Part V., No. 15, April 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
XIVA. 6	Weekly Precedents of cases decided on Appeal to the Original and Appellate High Court Part V., No. 14, April 1871.	ditto ...	Girishchundru Mookhopadhyayu, the recognized Bengali Translator of the late Sudder Reports.	ditto ...	Printed at the Soocharoo Press, No. 12, Armenian St., Published at Calcutta and other places.	Printed by Lalchand Bishwas, Published by Girishchundru Mookhopadhyayu.
7	Ditto ditto, Part V., No. 15, April 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
8	Ditto ditto, Part V., No. 16, April 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
9	Ditto ditto, Part V., No. 17, May 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
10	Ditto ditto, Part V., No. 18, May 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
11	Ditto ditto, Part V., No. 19, May 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
12	Ditto ditto, Part V., No. 20, May 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...

8. Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	9. Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	10. Size.	11. First, second, or other edition.	12. Number of copies of which the edition consists.	13. Printed or lithographed.	14. Price at which the book is sold to the public.	15. Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of copyright.	16. Remarks.
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Sept. 2nd..	8 pp.	Ryl. 8vo.	First ...	3,000	Printed..	0 0 3	Sutyuchurun Gooptu, No. 24, Meerjaffer's Lane, Calcutta.	Articles of miscellan character, in prose verse.
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Aug. 26th...	32 „	ditto ...	First ...	300	ditto ...	2 0 0	Grishchundru Mookhopadhyayu, of Sobhubazar, Calcutta.	ditto.
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„ 12th...	24 „	ditto ...	First ...	300	ditto ...	2 0 0	ditto ...	ditto.
„ 16th...	24 „	ditto ...	First ...	300	ditto ...	2 0 0	ditto ...	ditto.
„ 24th...	24 „	ditto ...	First ...	300	ditto ...	2 0 0	ditto ...	ditto.
Oct. 6th ..	32 „	ditto ...	First ...	300	ditto ...	2 0 0	ditto ...	ditto.

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XV. 19	Weekly Reports of cases in the Appellate High Court, Vol. VIII., No. 21, June 1871.	Bengali.	Ubhuyadas Busoo.	Law ...	Printed and Published at the Bengali Saptahik Report Press, No. 4, College Sq., Calcutta.	Printed by Dwarkanath Rayu, Published by Ubhuyadas Busoo.
20	Ditto ditto, Vol. VIII., No. 22, June 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
21	Ditto ditto, Vol. VIII., No. 23, June 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
22	Ditto ditto, Vol. VIII., No. 24, June 1871.	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto .	ditto ...	ditto ...
23	Ditto ditto, Vol. VIII., No. 25, June 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...
						ENGLISH
II. 7	Bengal Law Reports, Vol. VII., Part XXXVIII., September 1871.	English ..	Edited by L. A. Goodeve, Middle Temple.	ditto ..	Printed at Thacker, Spink and Co.'s Press, No. 1-1, Fancy Lane; Published at No. 5, Govt. Place, Calcutta.	Printed and Published at Calcutta by Thacker, Spink and Co.; at Bombay by Thacker Vining and Co.; at London by W. Thacker and Co., No. 87, Newgate St.
8	Ditto ditto, Vol. VII., Part XXXIX., October 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
V. 3	Calcutta Journal of Medicine, Vol. IV., No. 7, July 1871.	ditto ...	Mahendralal Sircar, M.D.	Medical ...	The Anglo Sunskrit Press, No. 73, Sankaritola Lane.	Eeshwurchundru Ghosh.
4	Ditto ditto, Vol. IV. No. 8, August 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
VI. 3	Calcutta Review, a Quarterly Magazine, No. 106, October 1870.	ditto ..	Thos. S. Smith, Esq.	Miscellaneous.	The City Press, No. 12, Bentinck St., Calcutta.	Thos. S. Smith, Esq.
VII. 3	The Christian Spectator, Vol. I., No. 8, September 1871.	ditto ...	Rev. C. B. Lewis	Religious ...	Printed and Published at the Baptist Mission Press, No. 24, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Rev. C. B. Lewis ..
4	Ditto ditto, Vol. I., No. 4.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...

To Quarter ending 31st December 1871.—(Continued.)

8. Date of issue from the press or of publication.	9. Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	10. Size.	11. First, second, or other edition.	12. Number of copies of which the edition consists.	13. Printed or lithographed.	14. Price at which the book is sold to the public.	15. Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of copyright.	16. Remarks.
1871.						Rs. As. P.		
July 31st...	36 pp.	Sup. Ryl. 8vo.	First ...	425	Printed.	2 0 0	Ubhuyadas Busoo, No. 8, College Sq. Calcutta.	Decisions of the High Court in Civil, Criminal, and Revenue suits, and Circulars of the High Court and Board of Revenue.
Aug. 23rd...	44 „	ditto ...	First ..	425	ditto ..	2 0 0	ditto ...	Ditto.
Sept. 5th...	68 „	ditto ...	First ..	425	ditto ...	4 0 0	ditto ...	Ditto.
„ 18th...	60 „	ditto ...	First ..	425	ditto ...	3 0 0	ditto ...	Ditto.
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Sept. 9th...	211 „	Sup. Ryl. 8vo.	First ...	1,500	ditto ...	5 0 0	Bengal Council of Law Reporting.	Decisions of the High Court and of the Privy Council, with rules and orders, &c.
„ 23rd...	146 „	ditto ...	First ...	1,500	ditto ...	5 0 0	ditto ...	Ditto.
Aug. 14th...	40 „	8vo. ...	First ...	400	ditto ...	1 0 0	Mahendralal Sircar, M.D., of No. 78, Sankaritola Lane, Calcutta.	A monthly record of Medical and Auxiliary Sciences.
Sept. 4th...	48 „	8vo. ...	First ...	400	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	Ditto.
Oct. 9th..	427 „	Dy. 8vo.	First ...	450	ditto ...	4 0 0	Thomas Smith.	
Aug. 31st...	40 „	8vo. ...	First ...	250	ditto ...	0 8 0	.....	A religious periodical, the organ of the Baptists.
Oct. 1st...	40 „	8vo. ...	First ...	250	ditto ...	0 8 0	.....	Ditto.

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VIII. 7	Indian Bradshaw, a guide to travellers throughout India, especially arranged, time and fare tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Navigation, Dak and Transit Companies, No. 20, September 1871.	English ..	Compiled by J. Bruce Gillon.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Bengal Printing Co.'s Press, No. 4, Hastings St., Published at No. 8, Dalhousie Sq., Calcutta.	Printed by the Beng Printing Co., L Published by Newman and Co.
IX. 6	Indian Student Vol. III., No. 6, August 1871.	ditto ...	Rev. K. S. Macdonald, M. A.	ditto ...	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, No 24, Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. C. Lewis; Published Thacker Spink a Co.,
7	Ditto ditto, Vol. III., No. 7, September 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto
8	Ditto ditto, Vol. III., No. 8, October 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
XI. 4	Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, New Series, Vol. XI. No. 170, Part II., No. 3, 1871.	ditto ...	Edited by the Honorary Secretaries.	ditto ...	ditto ..	Printed by Rev. C Lewis; Publishe the Asiatic Soc of Bengal.
XII. 7	Masonic Herald, a Journal of History, Philosophy, and Theocracy of Free Masonry, August 1871.	ditto ...	W. Burroughs...	ditto ...	Printed at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bow Bazar; Published at Wood St., Calcutta.	Printed by I. C. I and Co.; Publi by W. Burrough
8	Ditto ditto, September 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
XIV. 6	Proceedings of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, No. 7, July 1871.	ditto ...	Edited by the Honorary Secretaries.	ditto ...	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, No. 24, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. C Lewis; publishe the Asiatic Soc of Bengal.
7	Ditto ditto, No. 8, August 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto
VI. 8	Report of select cases, Part VII., Vol. XI.	ditto ...	A. A. Sevestre, Esq., Plender of the High Court.	Law ...	ditto ...	Printed by Rev. C Lewis; publishe A. A. Sevestre,

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Sept. 1st...	155 pp.	18mo. ...	First ...	400	Printed ..	0 8 0	W. Newman and Co.	
Aug. 3rd...	24 „	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	.....	A monthly magazine containing papers and notes on subjects and books studied by candidates of the University Examinations, as also articles of a purely Christian Character.
Sept. 4th...	24 „	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	.....	ditto.
„ 29th...	24 „	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	.....	ditto.
„ 25th...	136 pages and 16 woodcuts.	8vo. ...	First ...	650	ditto ...	2 0 0	The Asiatic Society of Bengal.	History and Literature.
Aug. 7th...	14 pp.	Dy. 8vo.	First ...	106	ditto ...	1 0 0	W. Burroughs, Esq., No. 12, Wood St., Calcutta.	Lectures and discourses Extracts, Prose and Poetry, Biographical Memoirs, Chronological notes and Miscellaneous notices on different subjects; Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.
Sept. 1st...	14 „	ditto ...	First ...	106	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	ditto.
Aug. 7th .	26 pp and 2 woodcuts.	8vo. ...	First ...	650	ditto ...	0 8 0	The Asiatic Society of Bengal.	
„ 27th .	27 pp.	8vo. ...	First ...	650	ditto ...	0 8 0	ditto.	
„ 22nd .	105 „	4to. ...	First ...	75	ditto ...	5 0 0	.....	Reports on cases coming up before the Appellate High Court.

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I. 3	Bibliotheca Indica, a collection of Oriental works, new series, No. 236.	Persian ..	Edited by H. Blochmann, M.A., Assistant Professor, Calcutta Mudrassa.	The Aini Akbari by Abulfazil-i mubarik-i-Allami, Fas XIII.	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, No. 24, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis; published by the Asiatic Society of Bengal.
4	Ditto ditto, new series, No. 239.	ditto ...	Edited and annotated by Moulavi Zulfaqar Ali, First Persian Teacher, Calcutta, Mudrasa.	The Farhang-i-Rashidi a Persian, Dictionary, Fas IV.	ditto ...	ditto ...
I. 10	Ditto ditto, No. 235.	Sunskrit .	Edited by Satyubrutu Samasrumeę.	Religious...	Printed at the Gunesh Press, Calcutta.	Printed by Nundukrishnu Sircar; Published by the Asiatic Society of Bengal.
11	Ditto ditto, No. 237.	ditto ...	Edited by Pundit Bharutchundru Siromuni, Professor of Law, Sunskrit College, Calcutta.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
12	Ditto ditto, No. 238.	ditto ...	Edited by Ramamaya Tarkaratna, Professor of Rhetoric in the Sunskrit College, Calcutta.	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...
II. 3	Prutnukumrunundinee, or the Hindoo Commentator of Sunskrit Literature, No. 4, April 1871.	ditto ...	Edited by Satyubrutu Samsrunee.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the New Sunskrit Press, No. 12, Fukeerchand Mittru's St., Calcutta.	Printed by Hurimohun Mookhopadhyayu; published by Satyubrutu Samsrumee.
4	Ditto ditto, No. 5, May 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
5	Ditto ditto, No. 6, June 1871.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
6	Ditto ditto, No. 7	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto

the Quarter ending 31st December 1871.—(Concluded.)

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1871.						Rs. As. P.		
Sept. 7th	52 pp.	4to.	First	500	Printed.	1 4 0	The Asiatic Society of Bengal.	
„ 29th	48 „	4to.	First	500	ditto	1 4 0	ditto.	
Aug. 26th	96 „	8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 10 0	ditto	Sam Veda Sanhita, the commentary of S nacharya, Fas III.
Sept. 18th	96 „	8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 10 0	ditto	Chaturvarga Ch mani by Hemadri, II. Danakhahda, II.
„ 29th	96 „	8vo.	First	500	ditto	0 10 0	ditto	The Nrisinhatapani, the commentary Sankaracharya, III.
Aug. 19th	44 „	8vo.	First	500	ditto	1 0 0	Satyubrutu Samsrumee of Calcutta.	Sam Veda, Logic Literature.
„ 19th	44 „	8vo.	First	500	ditto	1 0 0	ditto	Ditto.
„ 19th	44 „	8vo.	First	500	ditto	1 0 0	ditto	Ditto.
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Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS, at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 23 Chowringhee in the City of Calcutta.—March 20, 1872.

No. 12 of 1872

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1872.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT, *separately, on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

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Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 16th March 1872.

Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, *presiding.*
F. L. BEAUFORT, ESQ.,
V. H. SCHALCH, ESQ.,
H. L. DAMPIER, ESQ.,
C. E. BERNARD, ESQ.,
MOULVIE ABDDOL LUTEEF, KHAN BAHADOOR,
BABOO DIGUMBER MITTER,
B. D. COLVIN, ESQ.,
T. M. ROBINSON, ESQ.,
and
RAJAH JOTEENDRO MOHUN TAGORE, BAHADOOR.

CALCUTTA PORT IMPROVEMENT.

MR. BERNARD moved that the Bill to amend the Calcutta Port Improvement Act, being Act V of 1870 passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and to amend Act XXII of 1855, the clauses of which were settled at the last meeting, be passed. The Bill as settled by the Council had been published and had been fully considered, and as nobody had any amendments to propose as far as he was aware, he would now move that the Bill be passed.

The motion was agreed to, and the Bill passed.

EMBANKMENTS AND WATER-COURSES.

MR. SCHALCH moved that Mr. Robinson be added to the select committee on the Bill to provide for embankments and water-courses.

The motion was agreed to.

MOFUSSIL MUNICIPALITIES.

MR. BERNARD moved that Mr. Beaufort be added to the select committee on the Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to municipalities.

The motion was agreed to.

PROVINCIAL FINANCES.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said that before adjourning the Council he would announce to the members to-day that he proposed, at the next meeting of the Council, to make the financial statement—the statement which was prescribed by the resolution of the Government of India commonly known as the financial decentralization resolution, a statement of the kind being by that resolution appointed to be made by each of the local Governments in their respective Legislative Councils. On that occasion he should take the opportunity of explaining and reviewing the mode in which the trust committed to us, the mode in which the money committed to the administration of the Government of Bengal by that resolution, had been administered in the year which was now expiring; and he would take the opportunity to lay before the Council the mode in which we proposed to meet the financial requirements of the ensuing year. He would also take occasion to explain his views regarding our financial position, and the reasons which had guided him in distributing the funds at his disposal in the various departments of the State.

The Council was adjourned to Saturday, the 23rd instant.

Preparations in Cuttack for receiving the late Viceroy.

No. 925A, dated Cuttack, the 26th February 1872.

From—T. E. RAVENSHAW, ESQ., Commissioner of the Orissa Division.

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.

I HAVE the honor to report that in accordance with official and demi-official instructions the following preparations had been made in Orissa in anticipation of His Excellency the late Viceroy's visit.

Marked A. 2. The annexed programme and station order was issued, and every detail of arrangement had been carefully attended to.

Marked B. 3. Government officers, European residents, rajahs and zemindars, as per statement appended, had been invited to attend durbar. Among the rajahs and zemindars the utmost enthusiasm prevailed, and, with very few exceptions, every individual was, in obedience to the summons, present at Cuttack. I should note that the list, as submitted, was not prepared without reference to the exact order of precedence. I intended to have revised it in communication with His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, and with the Foreign Secretary to Government of India previous to the proposed durbar.

4. In addition to the rajahs and zemindars I had, in accordance with the wishes of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, secured the attendance with their rajahs of deputations from every indigenous tribe and race to be found in the hill tracts of Orissa. There was a large and a most interesting gathering.

5. I proceeded to False Point, and was there awaiting arrival of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, when a steamer arrived, bringing Colonel Rundall from the Andaman Islands with intelligence of His Excellency the Viceroy's assassination. Understanding that another steamer had been despatched direct to Calcutta, I returned without a moment's delay to Cuttack, and arrived on the morning of 14th. Telegraphic information had preceded me. The town, though crowded with people, was in a state of the deepest sorrow and depression; an ominous and death-like silence and stillness prevailed in the bazars, and the conduct of the native population was expressive of the greatest sorrow and sympathy. Perfect order and quiet was preserved.

6. On the 15th my house was crowded from morning to night by groups of anxious inquirers and sympathizers: meetings were held among the European and native residents and visitors; addresses of condolence were voted.

7. On 16th I invited all the rajahs, zemindars, and native gentlemen who had been summoned for durbar to attend a meeting at my private residence. Seats were provided for about 200, and at the same time the verandah and compound were filled with an immense crowd of people. I had prepared a translation of the enclosed address, which was read out amidst the most profound silence. It would be impossible adequately to describe the sympathy, distress, and regret exhibited by the native rajahs and people. Many of them shed tears of genuine grief; and I feel confident that in no part of India is there to be found a more thoroughly loyal population, or a people better affected towards the British Government, than in Orissa. All their hopes had been set on Lord Mayo's anticipated visit, and the personal repute and noble character of our lamented Viceroy will, I am confident, remain permanently impressed on the minds of Orissa chiefs and people.

Marked C.

8. I personally explained to the rajahs that the presentation of khillats would be postponed, and I am bound to state that this was in precise accordance with their ideas; indeed, many of them intimated that the dispensation of presents at such a season was deemed impossible.

9. On the 17th I received deputations from the hill tribes, headed by the Boad Khonds and Keonjhur Bhooyas. To these also I carefully gave audience, explaining in simple language the circumstances of the Viceroy's assassination; their expression of loyalty and sympathy were loud and sincere; and on reference to the presents prepared for them, they unanimously repudiated any possible wish to receive them, stating "How can we take gifts of joy at a time of sorrow?" and knowing, as I do, these wild people's predilections for red cloth and beads, I feel that they paid no ordinary compliment to the Viceroy's memory.

10. Letters of condolence have been forwarded through the Private Secretary to the Countess of Mayo from the European and native residents and rajahs. Another memorial, expressive of regret and loyalty, enclosing copy of the address prepared by the rajahs and zemindars to be presented on Lord Mayo's landing at Cuttack, has also been submitted to Government.

11. A large meeting of natives, including all the tributary chiefs, was held, at which a Mayo memorial was voted to take the form of educational endowments. Subscriptions to the amount of Rs. 14,019 were raised on the spot, and a Committee will be formed to carry out the scheme.

12. Finally, I have to report that the Viceroy's horses, the toshekhana superintendent with the properties sent for durbar, the durbar and other tents and furnitures, were despatched to False Point some days ago, under supervision of the Collector of Cuttack, for transmission to Calcutta per steamer *Celerity*.

13. The rajahs, zemindars, and people, assembled at Cuttack for this occasion have all quietly and sorrowfully dispersed.

STATION ORDERS.

THE following arrangements have been made for the Viceroy's visit to Orissa.

The Viceroy, accompanied by the Countess of Mayo, Major and the Hon'ble Mrs. Bourne, Mr. Aitchison, Colonel Rundall, and two Aides-de-camp, will arrive at False Point on Wednesday, 14th February.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, Colonel Haig, Mr. Beadon, and Aides-de-camp, will also arrive at False Point about the same time.

The Viceroy's and Lieutenant-Governor's party will disembark and proceed up the Mahanuddy river in the steamer *Koel* to Marsaghai, and thence by canal steamers and boats to Kendoopatna, arriving on the evening of 14th.

Thursday, 15th February. In the morning canal distributaries will be inspected, after which the party will proceed up the Kendraparah canal, visiting the head works on Beripa river and entrance to high-level canal and Mahanuddy anicut, arriving at Jobra ghât at 4-30 P.M.

Friday, 16th February. His Excellency will ride up to Naraje and return by river, reaching Cuttack before noon. Public institutions will then be visited, and a durbar will be held at 4 P.M.

On Saturday, 17th February, the Viceroy and party will proceed to Bhoobunessur and Khundgiree, visiting and inspecting the caves and antiquities, returning to Cuttack the same evening, and start after dinner on the return journey towards False Point.

18th. Embark on *Nemesis* at 1 P.M. for Calcutta, which is to be reached on the afternoon of 19th.

Details for carrying out the above programme will be arranged as follows:—

The Superintending Engineer and his staff will undertake provision of necessary steamers and boats for the river and canal trip in communication with the Collector of Cuttack, who has been desired to place all available boats at the Superintending Engineer's disposal; the Master Attendant has been written to, and informs that the *Koel*, river steamer, will be sent to False Point without delay, and the two canal steamers will be supplemented by the *Gemini*, which is being sent down.

Each boat is to be provided as far as possible with the best accommodation, crews, and stores procurable.

The *Koel*, *Gemini*, and *Pioneer*, steamers, will proceed to False Point, leaving the *Olga* and smaller boats at a little below Marsaghai entrance of the Kendrapara canal; cargo boats will be in attendance at the part to receive baggage, and will be towed up by the *Koel* to Marsaghai.

Every canal steamer and boat will be provided with all requisites in the way of crew and stores before leaving Cuttack.

Transit from False Point to Cuttack will be under the Superintending Engineer's special control and management, and all officers of other departments are requested to render the utmost possible assistance.

A special dâk will be laid between Cuttack and Marsaghai by the Collector of Cuttack, and dâk boats from Marsaghai to the port will similarly be supplied with extra men, so as to facilitate early receipt and despatch of letters and information; for this duty the Collector of Cuttack will be responsible.

A full supply of coolies will be needed at convenient stages all along the canals for towing boats and to facilitate transit to and from Cuttack; the Superintending Engineer will arrange for this with the Executive Engineer in charge of canal, who will also do his utmost to make suitable arrangements for the night's halt at Kendoopatna.

In consequence of deficiency of boat accommodation, and the difficulties of the route, it will be impossible to give the Viceregal party a proper reception at the port, where he will be met by the Divisional Commissioner and Superintending Engineer only; the Kendrapara sub-divisional officer and Revenue Superintendent of Canals should be in attendance at Kendoopatna.

On reaching Jobra ghât at Cuttack, where the arrival of His Excellency may be expected about 4 P.M., he will be received by a guard of honor provided by the Officer Commanding Cuttack. Guns are expected, and the usual salute will be fired on His Excellency's landing.

Official and non-official residents of Cuttack will be invited to be in attendance at the ghât and to receive the Viceroy on arrival

Carriages will be in attendance to convey the party to Lall Baugh; the Collector of Cuttack, in communication with the District Superintendent of Police, will be responsible that the perfect order and absence of confusion prevails at the landing ghât, and that an abundant supply of carriage and coolies are in attendance to convey the personal baggage to its destination.

On landing His Excellency will be met by the official and non-official residents, and an address may, if desired, be presented in suitable terms by the native inhabitants, rajahs, and zemindars, welcoming His Excellency to Orissa.

The Viceregal party will be escorted from the landing ghât to Lall Baugh by the chief officers and residents of the station, proceeding over the Jobra and Taldundah Canal head sluices and by the road skirting the south bank of the canal to Bridge No. 1; thence past Munglabag and the Commissioner's office through Buxee Bazar, past the jail and Judge's office through Baloo Bazar to Lall Baugh house.

The Viceroy and suite will make their head-quarters at Lall Baugh, the Lieutenant-Governor and suite at the circuit house.

Early on the morning of the 16th February the Viceroy will ride to Naraje; arrangements for inspection of the works and return by river will be made by the Superintending Engineer.

On the afternoon of 16th February a durbar will be held at 4 P.M.; all Government gazetted officers, civil and military, will attend. The Commissioner and Superintendent of Tributary Mehals will issue notice to rajahs of tributary states whose presence is required, and will arrange with district collectors for issue of cards of admission to peshkush rajahs, zemindars, and official and non-official residents.

The Assistant Superintendent of Tributary Mehals and the Assistant Superintendent of Gurjat Police will see that all all the tributary rajahs are duly in attendance; similarly, district collectors will secure the timely attendance of all the native officers and zemindars of their respective jurisdictions.

Durbar arrangements and order of precedence will be adjusted and settled by the Secretaries to Government, and each rajah or zemindar will occupy the place assigned to him. Special instructions will issue on this subject hereafter.

The Magistrate of Cuttack will see that an adequate police guard is on the spot to keep the ground clear in front of the durbar, and will settle all details with the District Superintendent.

Colonel Lines, Commanding Cuttack, will arrange for a proper guard of honor to meet His Excellency on arrival, to be in attendance at Lall Baugh and at the durbar.

Seats will be provided for ladies to witness the ceremony.

The durbar will open and close with usual salutes.

If the native residents and gentlemen desire to have an exhibition of fireworks or any other demonstration of welcome and loyalty, it may take place under arrangements to be made by the Magistrate and District Superintendent of Police.

On the morning of the 17th the Viceroy and party will go to Bhoobenessur; boats will be provided at Lall Baugh by the Superintending Engineer to cross Katjoorce river to Pooree ghât, where carriages and horses will be in waiting to drive and ride to Tankpanee. The Collectors of Cuttack and Pooree will be asked to arrange to the utmost of their power for speedy transit to Tankpanee; and it is requested that all who are able to aid in lending carriages and horses will do so. At Tankpanee elephants and horses must be sent out to take the party on to Bhoobenessur. After visiting the temple and ruins at Bhobenessur, the party will proceed to camp, halfway between Bhoobunessur and Khundgiri, where the Collector of Pooree will provide tents and breakfast. After breakfast the Khundgiri caves will be visited, and the party will return to Cuttack the same evening, 17th, to dinner; after which His Excellency and party

will re-embark at Jobra ghât, and the chief official and non-official residents will be invited to be in attendance at the ghât. A royal salute will be fired; the usual guard of honor provided by the Officer Commanding Cuttack.

The return journey to False Point will be carried out in the same manner as the journey up, the Superintending Engineer making necessary arrangements for boats and transit through the cannal. While giving a general sketch of the arrangements, it is impossible to enter into every detail. The Commissioner relies on every officer in every department exerting himself to the utmost to render the Viceroy's visit as well ordered and free from delay or inconvenience as possible.

List of persons invited to the Durbar to be held at Cuttack by command of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General on the 16th February 1872.

Serial No.	Names.	Title or authorized style of address.
	Gazetted Officers (*European*).	
1	T. E. Ravenshaw, Esq. ...	... Commissioner and Superintendent, Tributary Mehals.
2	J. F. Browne, Esq. ...	... Judge.
3	W. Macpherson, Esq. ...	... Magistrate and Collector.
4	G. M. Currie, Esq. ...	... Assistant Collector and Magistrate.
5	W. H. M. Gun, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
6	C. D. C. Winter, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
7	C. F. Manson, Esq. ...	... Deputy Collector and Magistrate.
8	J. F. Harrison, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
9	Dr. A. Fleming ...	... Civil Surgeon.
10	Rev. F. D. Robbards	... Chaplain.
11	J. W. Lacey, Esq.	... Government Ooriah Translator.
	Military.	
12	Colonel H. D. Innes.	
13	„ W. Serries.	
14	„ G. W. Johnstone.	
15	„ A. D. Phelps.	
16	Captain D. McNeile.	
17	„ A. C. Mottet.	
18	Lieutenant D. D. Pryce.	
19	Dr. FitzPatrick.	
	Police.	
20	D. Lacey, Esq. ...	... District Superintendent, Police.
21	F. Graves, Esq. ...	... Assistant ditto, ditto.
22	W. R. Green, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto, ditto.
23	D. J. Poole, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto, ditto.
	Public Works Department.	
24	G. Toynbee, Esq. ...	... Canal Revenue Superintendent.
25	H. Wylly, Esq. ...	... Ditto Assistant ditto.
26	J. C. Roberts, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto ditto.
27	J. P. H. Walker, Esq. ...	... Superintending Engineer.
28	J. McMillan, Esq. ...	... Executive Engineer.
29	J. Campbell, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
30	G. H. Faulkner, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
31	C. Whitefoord, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
32	F. G. Brooks, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
33	C. D. Odling, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
34	W. H. Wells, Esq. ...	... Officiating Executive Engineer.
35	C. A. G. Rogers, Esq. ...	... Assistant Engineer.
36	E. Elliston, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
37	G. Faulkner, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
38	— Salmon, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
39	J. A. Beale, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
40	—— Roberts, Esq. ...	... Ditto ditto.
41	J. Dwyer, Esq. ...	... Telegraph Master.
	Pooree.	
42	J. C. Geddes, Esq. ...	... Magistrate and Collector.
43	A. Manson, Esq. ...	... Joint-Magistrate.
44	W. C. Taylor, Esq. ...	... Deputy Collector and Magistrate.

Serial No.	Names.	Title or authorised style of address.
	Balasore.	
45	J. Beames, Esq.	Magistrate and Collector.
46	W. Fiddian, Esq.	Assistant Collector and Magistrate.
47	Lieutenant R. Hunter	Assistant Superintendent, Tributary Mehals.
	Non-Official Europeans.	
48	R. V. Stoney, Esq.	
49	L. B. Withers, Esq.	
50	Revd. J. Buckley.	
51	„ W. Miller.	
52	„ W. W. Bailey.	
53	A. Whiteford, Esq.	
54	— Serries, Esq.	
55	— Longston, Esq.	
56	— Stoney, Esq.	
57	E. Wylly, Esq.	
58	W. Brooks, Esq.	
59	W. E. Brooks, Esq.	
	Gazetted Officers Natives (Cuttack).	
60	Baboo Kadarnath Banerjee	Subordinate Judge.
61	„ Juggomohun Roy	Deputy Collector and Magistrate.
62	„ Borodakant Mozoomdar	Ditto ditto.
63	„ Koylash Chunder Ghose	Personal Assistant to Commissioner.
64	„ Aunada Persad Ghose	Canal Revenue Superintendent.
65	„ Umbica Churn Roy Chowdry	Deputy Collector and Magistrate.
66	„ Hurreekishen Dass	Assistant Superintendent, Tributary Mehals.
67	„ Dinobundho Putnaik	Tehsildar, Khund Mehal.
68	„ Rughonath Bose	Ditto, Bankee.
69	„ Suddanund Sircar	Ditto, Ungool.
70	„ Chundy Churn Banerjee	Head Master, High School.
	Pooree.	
71	Baboo Kadernath Dutt	Deputy Collector and Magistrate.
72	„ Nundokishore Dass	Ditto ditto.
73	Moulvie Ikram Russool	Ditto ditto.
74	Baboo Bhagbut Mahantee	Tehsildar, Khoorda.
	Balasore.	
75	Baboo Jugdesnath Roy	District Superintendent of Police.
	Public Works Department.	
76	Baboo Radhikanarain Ghose	Assistant Engineer.
77	„ Kadernath Dutt	Ditto ditto.
78	„ Udoinarian Singh	Ditto ditto.
	Military.	
79	Goorapah	Subadar Major, H. Company.
80	Appiah	Subadar D. Company.
81	Kistamah	Ditto, C. ditto.
82	Bungariah	Ditto, B. ditto.
83	Meer Modeen	Ditto, E. ditto.
84	Mahomed Ruzzah	Ditto, F. ditto.
85	Venkata Swamy	Ditto, G. ditto.
86	Abeeb Khan	Jemadar, B. ditto.
87	Appadoo	Ditto, D. ditto.
88	Audinaraidoo	Ditto, E. ditto.
89	Pudmanahadoo	Ditto, F. ditto.
90	Syed Sillar	Ditto, G. ditto.
91	Mahomed Hoosein	Ditto, H. ditto.
92	Appiah	Ditto, A. ditto.
93	Lall Mahomed	Ditto, C. ditto.
	Ministerial Officers.	
94	Baboo Obinash Chunder Chatterjee	2nd Master, High School.
95	„ Dwarkanath Chukerbutty	Superintendent, Normal School.
96	„ Peary Mohun Sein	Deputy Inspector of Schools.
97	„ Hurro Mohun Mitter	Supdt. of Tributary Mehals' sheristadar.
98	„ Bichitra Nund Dass	Commissioner's sheristadar.
99	„ Soodersun Dass	Judge's ditto.
100	„ Nemye Churn Newgee	Magistrate's ditto.

Serial No.	Names.	Title or authorized style of address.
101	Baboo Dinbundhoo Dey ...	Collector's ditto.
102	Mr. L. D. Tores	Commissioner's head clerk.
103	Baboo Hurreekristo Dass ...	Judge's ditto.
104	„ Bulram Bose	Collector's ditto.
105	„ Gowry Sunker Roy ...	Judge's translator.
106	Mr. J. D'Costa	Subordinate Judge's head clerk.
107	Baboo Koylash Chunder Palit ...	Superintending Engineer's head clerk.
108	Mr. G. Xavier	Commissioner's record-keeper.
109	Baboo Radhasham Kur... ...	Superintendents' translator.
110	„ Ram Lochun Ghose ...	Collector's treasurer.
111	„ Kaseenath Bose	Collector's record-keeper.

GURJAT CHIEFS OR RAJAHS OF TRIBUTARY MEHALS.

112	Rajah Doyaneedhee Beerbur Huree Chundun, Mohendro Bahadoor ..	Mohendro Bahadoor, Rajah of Talchere.
113	Maharajah Bhageeruthee, Mohendro Bahadoor	Maharajah Bahadoor, Rajah of Dhenkanal.
114	Rajah Kishen Chunder Bhunj ...	Rajah of Mohurbhunj.
115	Rajah Dhunoorjoy Narain Bhunj ...	„ of Keonjhur.
116	„ Moonee Paul Bahadoor ...	„ of Pal Lehera.
117	„ Kisen Chunder Murdraj ...	„ of Nilgiri.
118	„ Issur Sing Murdraj ...	„ of Hindole.
119	„ Peetamber Deo	„ of Bood.
120	„ Hurreehur Khetria Beerbur Chumptee Sing Mahapater ...	„ of Tigiriah.
121	„ Benoodhur Badjrodhur Norinder Mahapater	„ of Rungpore.
122	„ Luddoo Kishore Sing Mandatta	„ of Nyogurh.
123	„ Nursing Deo Bhunj ...	„ of Duspulla.
124	„ Brojo Soonder Mansingh Hurree Chundun Mahapater.	„ of Nursingpore.
125	„ Notober Murdraj Bhramerber Roy	„ of Khundpara.
126	„ Sree Korun Bhageeruthee Bewarta Putnaik ...	„ of Autgurh.
127	„ Dasruthee Beerbur Mungraj Mahapater	„ of Burumba.
128	„ Jogendro Sawant ...	Zemindar of Autmullik.

MOGULCHUNDEE RAJAHS.

129	Rajah Debio Singh Deb... ...	Minor Rajah of Pooree.
130	„ Chunder Seekur Hurry Churn Murdraj Bromurber, C.S.I. ...	„ „ of Paricood.
131	„ Puddo-Nabh Deo... ...	Rajah of Aul, (*c.*)
132	„ Debia Singh Deb ...	„ of Puttia, (*c.*)
133	„ Roghonath Mansingh, Bhoomerber Roy	„ of Domparah, (*c.*)
134	„ Nundakishore Bhoputtee Hurree Chundun Mahapater ...	„ of Lookinda, (*c.*)
135	„ Beerbur Kisno Chunder Dheera Norindra	„ of Mudhoopore, (*c.*)

ZEMINDARS.

136	Sreeputtee Beediadhur Mahapater ...	Zemindar of Kulkula, (*c.*)
137	Beerbur Niladree Beharee Hurree Chundun Mahapater ...	„ of Bulrampore, (*c.*)
138	Beerbur Gocool Chunder Chotra Mahapater	„ of Chowsutparah, (*c.*)
139	Trilochun Norinder Mahapater ...	„ of Rugree, (*c.*)
140	Rajah Beediadhur Sunda ...	Ex-Rajah of Coojung, (*c.*)
141	Balkishen Mungraj	Zemindar of Ambo, (*b.*)
142	Bulbhoder Persad Dass Raj Coomar Boiregungun Bhooya Mahapater	„ of Mungulpore, (*b.*)
143	Sheik Jomeer Oodeen Mahomed ...	Jagheerdar, (*p.*)
144	Khetriober Bhugwan Rait Singh ...	Zemindar (*p.*)

Serial No.	Names.	Title or authorised style of address.
145	Baboo Koylash Chunder Roy Mahasoy	Ditto (*b*)
146	„ Goluck Chunder Bose ...	Ditto (*c*.)
147	„ Chowdry Biswanath Dass ...	Ditto (*c*.)
148	„ Luckhee Narain Roy Chowdry	Ditto (*c*.)
149	„ Gopebullub Roy Mahasoy ...	Ditto (*b*.)
150	„ Radhasham Norindro ...	Ditto (*c*.)
151	„ Ram Gobind Jugdeb ...	Ditto (*c*.)
152	„ Brindabun Chunder Mundul ...	Ditto (*b*.)
153	„ Shamanund Dey	Ditto (*b*.)
154	„ Kristo Mohun Bose ...	Ditto (*c*.)
155	„ Nemy Churn Bose ...	Ditto (*b*.)
156	„ Modun Mohun Dass ...	Ditto (*b*.)
157	„ Bodionath Pundit ...	Ditto (*c*.)
158	„ Konyalall Pundit ...	Ditto (*c*.)
159	Rajah Nursing Churn Singh ...	Ditto (*b*.)
160	Baboo Bodionath Dass Maharutha Bhooyan	Ditto (*b*.)
161	Baboo Chowdry Rugonath Santra ...	Ditto (*c*)
162	„ Chowdry Canhoo Churn Dass .	Ditto (*c*)
163	Lala Beer Chunder Roy ...	Ditto (*c*)
164	Baboo Sohod Mahapater ...	Ditto (*c*)
165	„ Kally Puddo Banerjee ...	Ditto (*c*)
166	„ Suddanund Mahapater ...	Ditto (*c*)
167	„ Doorjanarain Bose ...	Ditto (*c*)
168	Moonshee Roshun Mahomed ...	Ditto (*c*)
169	Rajah Khelwan Singh ...	Ditto (*b*)
170	Moonshee Ubdool Gunny ...	Ditto (*b*)
171	Chowdry Ram Chunder Neesunkha Mahapater	Ditto (*b*)
172	Lala Juddoonath Roy	Ditto (*b*)
173	Moonshee Rosool Bux	Ditto (*c*)

NATIVE GENTLEMEN.—*Non-officials.*

174	Baboo Mokond Persad Roy, Roy Bahadoor	Roy Bahadoor, Pensioned Deputy Collr.
175	„ Dinonath Sircar	Government Pleader.
176	„ Uddit Churn Sircar ...	Pleader.
177	„ Huri Bullub Bose	Ditto.
178	„ Nilmadhub Bose	Ditto.
179	„ Hurikisto Banerjee ...	Pleader and Law Lecturer.
180	„ Huri Churn Banerjee ...	Pleader.
181	„ Lala Prosoram Roy ...	Ditto.
182	„ Juggernath Persad Bhromerber Roy.	
183	„ Mohesh Chunder Banerjee ...	Agent to Baboo Ramnath Roy Chowdry Zemindar.
184	„ Hurrish Chunder Sircar ...	Manager of Koojung.
185	Mohunt Narian Dass.	
186	„ Hayagriva Dass.	

Dated Cuttack, the 16th February 1872.

Address by T. E. RAVENSHAW, Esq., Commissioner of the Cuttack Division, to the Rajahs, Zemindars, and Residents of Orissa.

I HAVE called you together in accordance with the wishes of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, in order to inform you that His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India is dead. He was on his way from Rangoon in British Burmah to Cuttack, and called at the Andaman Islands to inspect the penal settlements, where criminals sentenced to transportation beyond the seas, are detained. His Excellency, in the course of his inspection, visited Hope Town, and was returning after dark to his ship, not far from the ghât, when a life-prisoner named Shere Ali, a Cabullee, armed with a pointed weapon, broke through the guard and stabbed the Viceroy in the back: he fell and expired in a few moments.

The assassin was immediately arrested, and will be dealt with in accordance with law.

No reason or cause whatever is assigned for so deep and desperate a crime which deprives India of a nobleman of high rank and ability, the trusted friend and able representative of the Queen of England and Hindoostan. Lord Mayo's good qualities are too well known to require repetition. He was indefatigable in carrying out the details of Government, and also in visiting every portion of this vast empire. It was His Excellency's intention to have received you all at

a durbar at Cuttack, and every preparation had been made. You all loyally and promptly responded to the call to attend, and were assembled, ready to welcome our lamented Viceroy's arrival on the shores of Orissa. His death has deprived you of an opportunity of showing your devotion and loyalty to the British Government—qualities which the rajahs and zemindars of Orissa have never failed to exhibit, and I feel confident you will, in returning to your killahs and homes, bear in mind the fact that Lord Mayo met his death in discharge of his duty, and that his last object in life was to visit Orissa, and to meet the officers of Government, the rajahs, zemindars, and people of this great province, thereby testifying to the constant interest and care Government takes in the progress and prosperity of Orissa and its people.

You have already prepared a formal address of condolence with Lady Mayo, and I feel assured that if it be possible to mitigate the sorrows of a widowed heart, they may be in a measure soothed by the knowledge that her noble husband, Lord Mayo, died in the execution of his duty and in possession of the confidence of his Queen and of the people of India—a noble instance among many on record of the devotion with which all who serve the British Government swerve not from the path of loyalty and duty.

The durbar which was fixed for this date is postponed, and deeply as I regret the sad cause of its postponement, I shall hope on some future and more auspicious occasion to meet you again assembled in Cuttack.

Each rajah and zemindar should return home.

Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of the Lower Provinces of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending 16*th March* 1872.

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
1	Bhaugulpore ..	Mar. 16th	.....	Favorable ...	Very good.	
2	Monghyr ...	„ 16th	.....	Favorable; getting hot.	Satisfactory.	
3	Purneah ...	„ 16th	.....	Seasonable ...	The winter crops reaped; the spring crops promising.	
4	Rajmehal ...	„ 16th	.....	Hot and sultry ...	Hardly any crop on the ground.	Some cases of cholera and small-pox have occurred.
5	Deoghur ...	„ 18th	.....	Hot and windy ...	Good.	
6	Nya Doomka ...	„ 16th	.....	Dry and hot ..	Nothing on the ground.	
7	Godda ...	„ 16th	.....	Very dry and very hot.	No crops on the ground.	
8	Pakour ...	„ 11th	.....	Dry ...	Satisfactory.	
9	Jamtarra ...	„ 16th	.....	Very dry and hot	Nothing to report.	
10	Patna ...	„ 16th	.....	Fine ...	Prospects of the winter crops are excellent as the weather continues favorable.	
11	Gya ...	„ 16th	.....	Dry ...	Spring crops favorably progressing	
12	Chumparun ...	„ 16th	.....	Fair and dry ...	Spring crops favorable ...	Some injury appears to have been done by the hail-storms to the poppy and some other crops in tuppeh Ramgeer.
13	Sarun ...	„ 16th	.....	Fine and favorable	Crops are being everywhere cut. Wheat has suffered to some extent from blight, but the barley is a magnificent crop, and peas and vetches have not done badly. Poppy unequal.	
14	Shahabad ...	„ 16th	.....	Fair, and temperature much higher.	Weather very seasonable for the indigo sowings. Crops good; wheat and barley being reaped: best part of the opium crop gathered.	
15	Tirhoot ...	„ 16th	.....	Fair ...	Spring crops thriving well.	
16	Rajshahye ...	„ 15th	.....	Cool morning and hot day.	Spring crops improving.	
17	Bograh ...	„ 16th	.....	Foggy mornings and hot days.	Sugarcane good. Little else on the ground.	
18	Dinagepore.					
19	Maldah ...	„ 16th	.....	Fair ...	Good.	
20	Moorshedabad ...	„ 16th	.....	Warm ...	Good.	
21	Pubna	„ 16th	.....	Days warm; nights cool; mornings occasionally foggy.	Good.	
22	Rungpore ...	„ 16th	.....	Hot ...	Rain required.	
23	Burdwan ...	„ 16th	.....	Fair; getting hot	Spring crops favorable, sugarcane being cut.	
24	Bancoorah ...	„ 15th	.....	.....	Barley, wheat, and mustard being reaped. Cotton doing well.	
25	Beerbhoom ...	„ 16th	.....	Mornings cool and days hot.	From 10 to 12 annas crop.	
26	Hooghly ...	„ 16th	.....	Clear ...	Good.	
27	Howrah ...	„ 9th	.....	Favorable ...	Satisfactory.	
28	Midnapore ...	„ 16th	.....	Unusually hot ...	Good. Rain required.	
29	Nuddea ...	„ 16th	.....	Fine and dry ..	Only wheat and gram on the ground; former good, latter bad.	A great scarcity of ploughing cattle.

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
30	Jessore ...	Mar. 16th	.....	Generally clear and fine; morning cloudy, and very hot during the day. Mean height of barometer 29·8 mean temperature 99·7, and the general direction of wind from south to west.	Good.	On the 14th, at 6 P.M., a meteor like a star fell down with a tail from the zenith to the E S horison.
31	24-Pergunnahs ...	„ 16th	.....	Fair and hot ...	Satisfactory.	
32	Dacca ...	„ 16th	.....	Dry ...	Good. Rain will now do much good, and is beginning to be required.	
33	Backergunge ...	„ 15th	.....	Hot ...	Rice crops have all been reaped.	
34	Furreedpore ...	„ 16th	.....	Fair but hot ...	Good.	
35	Mymensingh ...	„ 16th	.....	Fair and hot ...	Good.	
36	Sylhet ...	„ 9th	.....	Heavy rain towards the south-east of the district. This and the probable fall of rain on the hills to the north, have kept the weather cool. Signs of rain and a coming storm at head quarter. More rain wanted.	Good.	
37	Cachar ...	„ 9th	0·28	Wind; hail on the 8th.	No crops on the ground.	
38	Chittagong ...	„ 9th	.....	Generally warm..	Chilli crops want rain.	
39	Noakhally or Bullooah	„ 9th	0·44	Occasional showers with fine weather.	Good.	
40	Tipperah	„ 16th	.....	Hot; strong southerly wind.	Pulse, onion, and rice crops good. Little damage seems to have been done by the hail-storm of the 8th March.	
41	Hill Tracts of Chittagong.	„ 9th	0·63	Foggy, sunny, and one day rainy.	Good.	
42	Cuttack ...	„ 16th	.....	Very hot ...	All crops reaped, except sugarcane and cotton.	
43	Balasore ...	„ 16th	.....	Excessively hot...	No crops on the ground	
44	Pooree ...	„ 9th	.....	Cloudy ...	No change since last week.	
45	Hazareebaugh ...	„ 16th	.....	Very hot and dry	Wheat, barley, and gram being cut and gathered. Prospects fair.	
46	Lohardugga ...	„ 16th	.....	Dry and hot ...	Very fair.	
47	Maunbhoom ...	„ 16th	.....	Fine ...	The crops are all off the ground now; sugarcane has been good; gram, wheat, and barley, a fair crop.	
48	Singbhoom ...	„ 9th	0·24	Seasonable ...	No crops on the ground.	
49	Durrung ...	„ 9th	.....	Stormy ...	Sugarcane is being cut.	
50	Nowgong ...	„ 9th	.....	Hot days with strong north-easterly winds; nights cool and pleasant.	Good.	
51	Seebsaugor ...	„ 9th	0·42	Cool and healthy	Satisfactory.	
52	Kamroop ...	„ 9th	.....	Cold ...	Favorable.	
53	Luckimpore ...	„ 9th	1·3	Good ...	Satisfactory.	
54	Khasi and Jynteah Hills.	„ 9th	.....	Fair ...	No crops on the ground.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
55	Naga Hills ...	Mar. 2nd	.....	Growing warm in the hills, and most suitable for the cutting of "jhums." Fine, healthy weather now in the plains.	Hill tribes still occupied in preparing their "jhums."	
56	Julpigoree ...	„ 16th	.....	Mornings cool and days hot.	No crops on the ground.	
57	Gowalparah ...	„ 9th	.....	Foggy and then sunny.	Tilling not progressing well for want of rains.	
58	Garo Hills ...	„ 9th	.....	Fair ...	No crops on the ground.	
59	Darjeeling ...	„ 16th	...	Fair ...	No crops on the ground in the plains. In the hills, wheat and barley are the only crops.	
60	Cooch Behar ...	„ 9th	.....	Fair ...	Good.	

N.B.—The columns of the districts from which returns have not been received remain blank.

Published for general information.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 19th March 1872.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Divisions.	Stations.	Rain from 26th Feb. to 3rd March 1872.	Rain from 4th to 10th Mar. 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872		Remarks.
				Inches.	Up to date.	
		Inches.	Inches.			
Cuttack.	Cuttack { Telegraph Office ...	Nil	Nil	0·40	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Cuttack { Jail	ditto	ditto	0·03	ditto.	
	False Point	ditto	Not received	0·70	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Jajipore	ditto	ditto	0·77	ditto.	
	Kendraparah	ditto	ditto	0·70	ditto.	
	Jugutsingpore	ditto	ditto	1·00	ditto.	
	Sumbulpore	ditto	ditto	Nil	ditto.	
	Bamoie	ditto	Nil	2·70	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Bhuddruck	ditto	0·23	1·11	ditto.	
	Pooree	ditto	Nil	0·15	ditto.	
	Khoordah	Not received	Not received	0·07	25th Feb. 1872.	
Chota Nagpore.	Hazareebaugh { Jail ...	0·06	0·05	1·30	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Hazareebaugh { Dispensary ...	0·07	0·03	1·28	ditto.	
	Burhee	Nil	0·02	1·52	ditto.	
	Puchumba	ditto	Not received	0·92	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Ranchee	0·10	Nil	1·56	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Palamow	Nil	Not received	0·96	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Purulia	ditto	Nil	1·08	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Gobindpore	ditto	Not received	1·35	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Chyebassa	0·17	Nil	0·42	10th Mar. 1872.	
Patna.	Patna (Bankipore)	0·02	Not received	2·89	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Dinapore { Jail	Nil	Nil	2·75	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Dinapore { Cantonment ...	ditto	ditto	3·32	ditto.	
	Behar	ditto	Not received	2·06	3rd Mar. 1872	Not received 8th to 14th Jan.
	Barh	ditto	Nil	2·16	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Gya	ditto	Not received	2·24	3rd Mar. 1872	Not received 12th to 18th Feb.
	Sherghotty	ditto	Nil	1·20	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Nowadah	ditto	ditto	1·51	ditto.	
	Arungabad	ditto	ditto	3·56	ditto.	
	Chumparun	ditto	ditto	0·51	ditto.	
	Bettiah	ditto	Not received	1·20	3rd Mar. 1872	Not received 22nd to 28th Jan.
	Chuprah	ditto	Nil	2·50	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Sewan	Not received	ditto	1·21	ditto ...	Not received 8th to 14th Jan., and 26th Feb. to 3rd Mar.
	Mozufferpore	Nil	Not received	2·30	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Durbhangah	ditto	Nil	1·12	10th Mar. 1872	
	Seetamaree	Not received	ditto	1·25	ditto ...	Not received 26th Feb. to 3rd Mar.
	Tappore	Nil	ditto	3·52	ditto.	
	Mudhubani	Not received	ditto	2·02	ditto ...	Not received 19th Feb. to 3rd Mar.
	Hajipore	0·04	Not received	3·13	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Arrah	0·10	Nil	2·67	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Buxar	Nil	ditto	2·86	ditto.	
	Sasseram	ditto	0·05	1·91	ditto.	
	Bhubooah	Not received	Nil	2·26	ditto ...	Not received 26th Feb. to 3rd Mar.
	Benares	Nil	ditto	1·95	ditto.	
Bhaugulpore.	Bhauguipore	ditto	ditto	0·48	ditto.	
	Mungheypoorah	Not received	Not received	1·00	25th Feb. 1872.	
	Banka	Nil	ditto	1·86	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Soopool	ditto	ditto	0·99	ditto.	
	Monghyr	ditto	Nil	2·08	10th Mar. 1872	
	Jamooie	ditto	ditto	1·57	ditto ...	Not recorded 29th Jan. to 3rd Feb.
	Begoosorai	ditto	ditto	3·05	ditto ...	Not received 19th to 25th Feb.
	Deoghur	ditto	ditto	2·34	ditto.	
	Jamtara	ditto	ditto	1·50	ditto.	
	Rajmehal	ditto	ditto	1·10	ditto.	
	Pakour	Not received	Not received	Nil	14th Jan. 1872.	
	Nya-Doomka	Nil	0·06	1·96	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Purneah	ditto	Nil	1·84	ditto.	
	Kishengunge	ditto	ditto	1·42	ditto.	
	Arrareah	Not received	ditto	Nil	ditto ...	Not recorded 22nd to 28th Jan., and 19th Feb. to 3rd March.
Rajshahye.	Rampore Beauleah	0·06	ditto	2·13	ditto.	
	Nattore	Nil	Not received	2·40	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Bograh	ditto	Nil	1·12	10th Mar. 1872	
	Dinagepore	0·05	ditto	1·82	ditto.	
	Maldah	0·02	ditto	1·45	ditto.	
	Berhampore	Nil	0·14	2·60	ditto.	
	Jungipore	0·01	0·03	3·17	ditto.	
	Laulbaugh	0·04	Not received	2·76	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Jamoonkandi	Nil	ditto	1·34	ditto.	
	Pubna	0·07	0·07	2·22	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Serajgunge	0·10	Nil	2·35	ditto.	
	Rungpore	0·31	Not received	0·41	3rd Mar. 1872	Not received 5th to 11th Feb.
	Bhowanigunge	Nil	ditto	Nil	ditto.	
	Titalya	ditto	Nil	1·38	10th Mar. 1872	
Burdwan.	Burdwan	ditto	ditto	0·60	ditto.	
	Cutwa	ditto	0·01	1·91	ditto.	
	Culna	ditto	Nil	0·54	ditto.	
	Bood-Bood	ditto	ditto	1·10	ditto.	
	Bancoorah	ditto	ditto	0·96	ditto.	
	Raneegunge	ditto	ditto	1·39	ditto.	
	Sooree	ditto	ditto	2·55	ditto.	
	Hooghly	ditto	ditto	4·20	ditto.	
	Serampore	ditto	0·06	2·78	ditto.	
	Jehanabad	0·02	Nil	2·72	ditto.	
	Howrah	Nil	0·28	2·56	ditto.	
	Midnapore	ditto	Nil	0·12	ditto.	
	Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office...	ditto	0·80	2·15	ditto.	
	Contai { Exe. Engr.'s Office	ditto	Nil	1·50	ditto.	
	Gurbetta	ditto	ditto	1·54	ditto.	
	Tumlook	ditto	ditto	2·53	ditto.	

Divisions.	Stations.	Rain from 26th Feb. to 3rd March, 1872.	Rain from 4th to 10th Mar. 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872.		Remarks.
				Inches.	Up to date.	
		Inches.	Inches.			
Presidency.	Krishnaghur	Nil	Nil	1·83	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Bongong	ditto	ditto	Nil	ditto	Not received 5th to 11th Feb.
	Ranaghat	ditto	ditto	1·77	ditto.	
	Meherpore	0·01	0·02	1·43	ditto.	
	Chooadangah	Nil	Nil	1·30	ditto.	
	Kooshtea	ditto	ditto	1·50	ditto.	
	Jessore	ditto	0·19	2·69	ditto.	
	Khoolnah	ditto	1·00	1·00	ditto.	
	Jenidah	ditto	Not received	1·85	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Nurail	ditto	ditto	3·01	ditto.	
	Magoorah	ditto	ditto	0·08	ditto.	
	Bagirhaut	ditto	ditto	1·91	ditto.	
	Sangor Island	ditto	0·10	0·42	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Calcutta	ditto	0·21	3·25	ditto.	
	Alipore { Hospital	ditto	0·21	2·70	ditto.	
	Alipore { Jail	ditto	0·21	2·39	ditto.	
	Barrackpore	ditto	0·08	3·11	ditto.	
	Dum-Dum	0·02	0·18	2·48	ditto.	
	Baruset	Nil	0·50	2·81	ditto.	
	Satkherah	0·04	Nil	2·59	ditto.	
	Busseerhaut	Nil	ditto	3·02	ditto.	
	Diamond Harbour	0·08	ditto	1·91	ditto.	
	Barripore	Nil	ditto	1·51	ditto.	
Dacca.	Dacca { Telegraph Office	ditto	0·35	1·74	ditto.	
	Dacca { Jail	ditto	0·50	1·25	ditto.	
	Burrisaul	ditto	0·86	2·10	ditto.	
	Dowlat Khan	ditto	Not received	1·65	3rd Mar 1872.	
	Perozepore	ditto	0·45	3·71	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Madaripore	ditto	0·90	4·27	ditto.	
	Furreedpore	ditto	Nil	0·68	ditto.	
	Goalundo	ditto	ditto	2·06	ditto.	
	Mymensing	ditto	ditto	0·86	ditto.	
	Jamalpore	Not received	Not received	2·25	25th Feb. 1872	Not received 22nd to 28th Jan.
	Attiah	ditto	ditto	1·24	ditto.	
	Kishoregunge	0·15	ditto	0·60	3rd Mar. 1872	Not received 8th to 14th Jan., and 5th to 11th Feb.
	Sylhet	0·48	Nil	1·03	10th Mar. 1872	
	Cachar	0·95	Not received	2·90	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Hylakandy	1·38	ditto	2·84	ditto.	
	Koyah	0·61	ditto	1·81	ditto.	
Chittagong.	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	Nil	Nil	0·50	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Chittagong { Jail	ditto	Not received	1·58	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Cox's Bazar	ditto	ditto	1·05	ditto.	
	Rangamatee Hill	ditto	ditto	1·12	ditto.	
	Noakhaly	ditto	0·44	1·17	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Tipperah	ditto	1·15	2·06	ditto.	
	Brahmanbariah	ditto	Not received	1·46	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Akyab	ditto	Nil	0·10	10th Mar. 1872.	
Cooch Behar.	Cooch Behar	ditto	ditto	1·20	ditto.	
	Buxa	ditto	Not received	1·95	3rd Mar 1872	
	Goalparah	ditto	ditto	0·87	ditto	Not received 19th to 25th Feb.
	Dhooaree	ditto	Nil	1·00	10th Mar. 1872	Not received 12th to 18th Feb.
	Tura (Garo Hills)	ditto	Not received	0·93	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	Not received	ditto	1·18	15th Feb. 1872	
	Darjeeling { Hospital	Nil	Nil	0·86	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Rungbee	Not received	Not received	1·90	31st Jan. 1872	
	Julpigoree	Nil	Nil	0·96	10th Mar. 1872	
	Boda	Not received	Not received	2·10	11th Feb. 1872.	
Assam.	Tezpore	Nil	ditto	0·87	3rd Mar. 1872	
	Nowgong	ditto	ditto	0·19	ditto.	
	Mungledye	Not received	ditto	1·17	25th Feb. 1872	
	Burpettah	ditto	ditto	0·53	ditto.	
	Gowhatty	0·12	ditto	2·25	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Seebsaugor	0·42	ditto	5·05	ditto.	
	Jorehaut	0·40	ditto	2·77	ditto	Not received 15th to 21st Jan.
	Golaghat	0·50	ditto	3·42	ditto.	
	Nazeerah	0·1.	ditto	2·75	ditto.	
	Debrooghur	0·19	ditto	4·21	ditto.	
	Suddya	Not received	ditto	7·29	25th Feb. 1872	Not received 15th to 21st Jan.
	Shillong	0·03	ditto	0·42	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Cherrapoonjee	0·20	ditto	1·06	ditto.	
	Jaowai	Nil	ditto	0·95	ditto.	
	Samoogoodting	Not received	ditto	0·54	25th Feb. 1872.	

HENRY F. BLANFORD,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 16th March 1872.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 10th to 16th March 1872.

Stations.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	Thermometer. Dry.	Thermometer. Wet.	Humidity Sat. =100.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
Calcutta.	March											
	10th	10	30·018	30·036	82·0	77·0	78	S W	...	...	K	
		16	29·872	29·890	91·5	73·6	40	S S W	...	...	CS	
	11th	10	29·823	29·941	80·6	76·8	82	S W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·762	29·780	92·5	72·3	34	W by S	...	...	.....	b
	12th	10	29·861	29·879	84·2	78·4	77	S S W	...	...	C	
		16	29·711	29·729	93·5	74·3	37	S S W	...	...	C	
	13th	10	29·811	29·829	84·4	78·0	73	S by W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·657	29·675	95·2	75·2	36	W by S	...	..	.....	b
	14th	10	29·829	29·847	84·2	76·2	67	S W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·661	29·679	98·0	69·7	20	W N W	...	...	.....	b
	15th	10	29·850	29·868	84·0	76·5	69	S W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·736	29·754	95·1	73·7	33	S	...	...	.....	b
	16th	10	29·887	29·905	85·5	80·3	79	S S W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·779	29·797	93·0	80·8	57	S by E	...	...	.....	b
Saugor Island.	10th	10	30·039	30·045	88	81	72	S W	9·5*	...	K	b, m, scuds
		16	29·901	29·907	86	79	72	S S W	11·6*	...	KS	b, m, scuds
	11th	10	29·884	29·890	87	80	72	W	14·5*	...	N	b, scuds
		16	29·790	29·796	88	81	72	S S W	14·3*	...	.....	b, m
	12th	10	29·802	29·808	88	81	72	S W	15·4*	...	K	b, m, scuds
		16	29·736	29·742	87	82	79	S S W	14·2*	...	KS	b, m
	13th	10	29·834	29·840	89	83	76	S W	13·4*	...	.....	b, m
		16	29·700	29·706	88	83	80	S S W	14·9*	...	KS	m
	14th	10	29·836	29·842	89	83	76	W S W	7·4*	...	.....	b, m
		16	29·692	29·698	91	82	66	S	9·4*	...	.....	b, m
	15th	10	29·876	29·882	89	83	76	S W	8·0*	...	K	b, m
		16	29·764	29·770	88	82	76	S	10·9*	...	KS	b, m
	16th	10	29·935	29·941	89	82	73	S W	9·6*	...	N	b, m
		16	29·828	29·834	88	82	76	S E	11·1*	...	N	m, o
Chittagong.	10th	10	29·977	30·070	82	74	66	W	3·8*	...	K	b, m
		16	29·839	29·931	85	76	64	W S W	8·7*	...	.....	b, m
	11th	10	29·864	29·976	85	76	64	S W	5·1*	...	K	b, m
		16	29·756	29·849	82	76	74	S S E	9·4*	...	K, KS	b, m
	12th	10	29·827	29·919	84	80	83	S	5·8*	...	K	b, m
		16	29·716	29·809	82	77	78	S	15·8*	...	K, KS	b, m
	13th	10	29·788	29·880	83	78	78	S W	7·3*	...	K, KS	b, m
		16	29·666	29·759	82	78	82	S W	18·8*	...	K, KS	b, m
	14th	10	29·775	29·867	80	79	72	S	8·3*	...	K	b, m
		16	29·673	29·765	85	78	71	S W	18·9*	...	K	b, m, q
	15th	10	29·824	29·916	85	77	68	S	5·9*	...	K	b, m
		16	29·705	29·797	87	79	68	S W	11·6*	...	.....	b, m
	16th	10	29·862	29·954	83	78	78	S	3·7*	...	K	b, m
		16	29·766	29·859	81	78	86	W S W	4·0*	...	.....	b
Madras.	9th	10	30·016	30·076	86	75	57	S by W	9*	...	.....	b
		16	29·928	29·958	85	76	64	S by E	12*	...	.....	b
	10th	10	30·038	30·068	81	75	57	S by W	8*	...	.....	b
		16	29·914	29·944	83	75	67	S E by E	12*	...	.....	b
	11th	10	30·004	30·034	86	74	54	S by E	7*	...	.....	b
		16	29·866	29·896	84	75	64	S E by E	13*	...	.....	b
	12th	10	29·958	29·988	85	73	54	S by W	7*	...	.....	b
		16	29·836	29·866	85	75	60	S E	11*	...	.....	b
	13th	10	29·920	29·950	85	73	54	S	9*	...	.....	b
		16	29·828	29·858	83	73	60	S E by E	10*	...	.....	b
	14th	10	29·919	29·949	84	71	50	S by W	7*	...	.....	b
		16	29·768	29·798	85	74	57	S E by E	10*	...	.....	bc
	15th	10	29·926	29·956	86	76	61	S S E	10*	...	.....	b
		16	29·804	29·834	85	76	64	S E by S	14*	...	.....	
Cuttack.	9th	10	29·933	30·015	85	76	64	E	1·6*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·802	29·883	85	77	41	S W	1·8*	...	KS	fair
	10th	10	29·955	30·038	82	76	74	S W	2·2*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·709	29·850	98	73	26	N N E	2·8*	...	.....	fair
	11th	10	29·873	29·955	85	76	64	S W	3·0*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·814	29·925	100	69	15	W N W	3·1*	...	.....	fair
	12th	10	29·810	29·892	87	76	58	S W	4·9*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·715	29·796	99	75	28	S	3·6*	...	.....	fair
	13th	10	29·863	29·945	84	77	71	S W	3·4*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·703	29·684	100	77	32	S	3·8*	...	.....	fair
	14th	10	29·774	29·856	86	77	64	N	3·4*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·587	29·668	104	70	13	S W	2·0*	...	.....	fair
	15th	10	29·771	29·853	86	77	64	S W	2·8*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·643	29·724	102	76	26	S S W	5·5*	...	.....	
Akyab.	10th	10	30·032	30·054	80	72	66	N W	1	...	CS	b
		16	29·884	29·906	82	75	70	W	2	...	.....	b
	11th	10	29·954	29·976	82	71	55	N N W	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·828	29·850	84	73	51	W	1	...	.....	b
	12th	10	29·932	29·954	80	75	78	S W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·801	29·823	83	75	67	W	2	...	.....	b
	13th	10	29·892	29·914	81	76	78	S E	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·784	29·806	83	75	67	S W	1	...	.....	b
	14th	10	29·879	29·901	82	76	74	S E	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·753	29·775	83	75	67	S S W	1	...	.....	b
	15th	10	29·896	29·918	82	77	78	S E	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·769	29·791	84	77	71	S W	2	...	.....	b
	16th	10	29·919	29·971	82	75	70	S W	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·941	29·962	84	77	71	W S W	1	...	.....	b

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

Calcutta,
The 16th March 1872.

Henry F. Blanford,
Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Thermometer.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Wind.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	General Remarks.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	O	O	O	O	O	O			lb	Miles.	In.		
March ...	8th	29·893	89·0	74·8	140·0	80·4	74·4	70·2	0·72	S by W & S S W	...	122·5	...	...	Clear and cumuli.
	9th	·951	90 3	70·5	140·5	79·7	72·5	67·5	·68	S S W	...	106·4	...	●	Clear. Foggy from 3 to 8 A.M.
	10th	·939	91·5	74·5	140·8	81·1	75·6	71·7	·74	S S W & S W	...	133·2	...	...	Chiefly clear. Slightly foggy at 6 and 7 A.M.
	11th	·852	92·7	76·0	144·0	82·4	74·8	69·5	·66	S W	...	179·9	...	...	Clear and overcast.
	12th	·788	94·0	76.6	145·8	83·7	76·4	71·3	·67	S S W & S by W	...	185·9	...	...	Clear and cirri.
	13th	·740	95·2	77·3	142·8	84·4	76·8	71·5	·66	S by W & S W	...	135·2	...	...	Clear and scuds from S by W. Slightly foggy at 6 and 7 A.M.
	14th	·738	98·0	77·0	145·8	85·0	75·6	69·0	·60	S W & W N W	...	115·2	...	...	Clear and stratoni.

The mean barometer as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants.—The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity.—The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground.—The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	...	27·5
The max. temperature during the past seven days	...	98·0
The max. temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	92·3
The mean humidity during the past seven days	...	0·68
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0·70
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th ... by lower rain gauge	...	Nil
The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th ... by anemometer gauge	...	Nil
Ditto ditto average of eighteen previous years	...	0·15
Ditto between the 1st January and the 14th March	...	3·25
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, average of eighteen previous years	...	2·19

Gopeenauth Sen,
In charge of the Observatory.

Calcutta,
The 18th March 1872.

No. 13 of 1872

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1872. REGISTERED No. 50.

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Government of India.

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Act No. I of 1872.

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SCHEDULE.

THE INDIAN EVIDENCE ACT, 1872.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate, define, and amend the Law of Evidence; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Part I.

RELEVANCY OF FACTS.

CHAPTER I.—PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called "The Indian Evidence Act, 1872."

Short title.

It extends to the whole of British India, and applies to all judicial proceedings in or before any Court, including Courts Martial, but not to affidavits presented to any Court or Officer, nor to proceedings before an arbitrator,

Extent.

and it shall come into force on the first day of September 1872.

Commencement of Act.

2. On and from that day the following laws shall be repealed:—

Repeal of enactments.

(1.) All rules of evidence not contained in any Statute, Act, or Regulation in force in any part of British India.

(2.) All such rules, laws, and regulations as have acquired the force of law under the twenty-fifth section of 'The Indian Councils' Act, 1861,' in so far as they relate to any matter herein provided for; and

(3.) The enactments mentioned in the schedule hereto, to the extent specified in the third column of the said schedule.

But nothing herein contained shall be deemed to affect any provision of any Statute, Act, or Regulation in force in any part of British India and not hereby expressly repealed.

3. In this Act the following words and expressions are used in the following senses, unless a contrary intention appears from the context:—

Interpretation-clause.

"Court" includes all Judges and Magistrates, and all persons, except arbitrators, legally authorised to take evidence.

"Court."

"Fact" means and includes—

"Fact."

(1) any thing, state of things, or relation of things, capable of being perceived by the senses;

(2) any mental condition, of which any person is conscious.

Illustrations.

(a.) That there are certain objects arranged in a certain order in a certain place is a fact.

(b.) That a man heard or saw something is a fact.

(c.) That a man said certain words is a fact.

(d.) That a man holds a certain opinion, has a certain intention, acts in good faith, or fraudulently, or uses a particular word in a particular sense, or is or was at a specified time conscious of a particular sensation, is a fact.

(e.) That a man has a certain reputation is a fact.

One fact is said to be relevant to another when the one is connected with the other in any of the ways referred to in the provisions of this Act relating to the relevancy of facts.

'Relevant.'

The expression "Facts in issue" means and includes—

"Facts in issue."

any fact from which, either by itself or in connection with other facts, the existence, non-existence, nature, or extent of any right, liability, or disability, asserted or denied in any suit or proceeding, necessarily follows.

Explanation.—Whenever, under the provisions of the law for the time being in force relating to Civil Procedure, any Court records an issue of fact, the fact to be asserted or denied in the answer to such issue, is a fact in issue.

Illustrations.

A is accused of the murder of B.
At his trial the following facts may be in issue—
That A caused B's death;
That A intended to cause B's death.
That A had received grave and sudden provocation from B.
That A at the time of doing the act which caused B's death was, by no reason of unsoundness of mind, incapable of knowing its nature.

"Document" means any matter expressed or described upon any substance by means of letters, figures, or marks, or by more than one of those means, intended to be used, or which may be used, for the purpose of recording that matter.

"Document."

Illustrations.

A writing is a document.
Words printed, lithographed, or photographed are documents.
A map or plan is a document.
An inscription on a metal plate or stone is a document.
A caricature is a document.

"Evidence" means and includes—

"Evidence."

(1) all statements which the Court permits or requires to be made before it by witnesses, in relation to matters of fact under inquiry;

r I.—Relevancy of Facts. h. I.—Preliminary s. 4. PART I. h. 2.—Relicy of Facts, 5—8.

such statements are called oral evidence:

(2) all documents produced for the inspection of the Court;

such documents are called documentary evidence.

"Proved."

A fact is said to be proved when, after considering the matters before it, the Court either believes it to exist, or considers its existence so probable that a prudent man ought, under the circumstances of the particular case, to act upon the supposition that it exists.

"Disproved."

A fact is said to be disproved when, after considering the matters before it, the Court either believes that it does not exist, or considers its non-existence so probable that a prudent man ought, under the circumstances of the particular case, to act upon the supposition that it does not exist.

"Not proved."

A fact is said not to be proved when it is neither proved nor disproved.

"May presume."

4. Whenever it is provided by this Act that the Court may presume a fact, it may either regard such fact as proved, unless and until it is disproved, or may call for proof of it.

"Shall presume."

Whenever it is directed by this Act that the Court shall presume a fact, it shall regard such fact as proved, unless and until it is disproved.

"Conclusive proof."

When one fact is declared by this Act to be conclusive proof of another, the Court shall, on proof of the one fact, regard the other as proved, and shall not allow evidence to be given for the purpose of disproving it.

CHAPTER II.—OF THE RELEVANCY OF FACTS.

Evidence may be given of facts in issue and relevant facts.

5. Evidence may be given in any suit or proceeding of the existence or non-existence of every fact in issue and of such other facts as are hereinafter declared to be relevant, and of no others.

Explanation.—This section shall not enable any person to give evidence of a fact which he is disentitled to prove by any provision of the law for the time being relating to Civil Procedure.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A is tried for the murder of B by beating him with a club with the intention of causing his death.

At A's trial the following facts are in issue—

A's beating B with the club;

A's causing B's death by such beating;

A's intention to cause B's death.

(*b.*) A suitor does not bring with him, and have in readiness for production at the first hearing of the case, a bond on which he relies. This section does not enable him to produce the bond or prove its contents at a subsequent stage of the proceedings, otherwise than in accordance with the conditions prescribed by the Code of Civil Procedure.

Relevancy of facts forming part of same transaction.

6. Facts which, though not in issue, are so connected with a fact in issue as to form part of the same transaction, are relevant, whether they occurred at the same time and place or at different times and places.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A is accused of the murder of B by beating him. Whatever was said or done by A or B or the by-standers at the beating, or so shortly before or after it, as to form part of the transaction, is a relevant fact.

(*b.*) A is accused of waging war against the Queen by takin part in an armed insurrection in which property is destroyed troops are attacked, and gaols are broken open. The occurrence of these facts is relevant as forming part of the general transaction, though A may not have been present at all of them.

(*c.*) A sues B for a libel contained in a letter forming part of a correspondence. Letters between the parties relating to the subject out of which the libel arose, and forming part of the correspondence in which it is contained, are relevant facts, though they do not contain the libel itself.

(*d.*) The question is whether certain goods ordered from B were delivered to A. The goods were delivered to several intermediate persons successively. Each delivery is a relevant fact.

Facts which are occasion, cause, or effect of facts in issue.

7. Facts which are the occasion, cause, or effect, immediate or otherwise, of relevant facts, or facts in issue, or which constitute the state of things under which they happened, or which afforded an opportunity for their occurrence or transaction, are relevant.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether A robbed B.

The facts that, shortly before the robbery, B went to a fair with money in his possession, and that he showed it, or mentioned the fact that he had it, to third persons, are relevant.

(*b.*) The question is, whether A murdered B.

Marks on the ground produced by a struggle at or near the place where the murder was committed are relevant facts.

(*c.*) The question is, whether A poisoned B.

The state of B's health before the symptoms ascribed to poison, and habits of B, known to A, which afforded an opportunity for the administration of poison, are relevant facts.

Motive, preparation, and previous or subsequent conduct.

8. Any fact is relevant which shows or constitutes a motive or preparation for any fact in issue or relevant fact.

The condut of any party, or of any agent to any party, to any suit or proceding in reference to such suit or proceeding, or in reference to any fact in issue therein or relevant thereto, and the conduct of any person an offence against whom is the subject of any proceeding, is relevant, if such conduct influences or is influenced by fact in issue or relevant fact, and whether it was previous or subsequent thereto.

Explanation 1.—The word "conduct" in this section does not include statements, unless those statements accompany and explain acts other than statements: but this explanation is not to affect the relevancy of statements under any other section of this Act.

Explanation 2.—When the conduct of any person is relevant, any statement made to him or in his presence and hearing, which affects such conduct, is relevant.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A is tried for the murder of B.

The facts that A murdered C, that B knew that A had murdered C, and that B had tried to extort money from A by threatening to make his knowledge public, are relevant.

(*b.*) A sues B upon a bond for the payment of money. B denies the making of the bond.

The fact that, at the time when the bond was alleged to be made, B required money for a particular purpose, is relevant.

(*c.*) A is tried for the murder of B by poison.

The fact that, before the death of B, A procured poison similar to that which was administered to B, is relevant.

(*d.*) The question is, whether a certain document is the will of A.

The facts that, not long before the date of the alleged will, A made inquiry into matters to which the provisions of the alleged will relate, that he consulted vakils in reference to making the will, and that he caused drafts of other wills to be prepared, of which he did not approve, are relevant.

(*e.*) A is accused of a crime.

The facts that either before, or at the time of, or after the alleged crime, A provided evidence which would tend to give to the facts of the case an appearance favorable to himself, or that he destroyed or concealed evidence, or prevented the presence or procured the absence of persons who might have been witnesses, or suborned persons to give false evidence respecting it, are relevant.

(*f.*) The question is, whether A robbed B.

The facts that, after B was robbed, C said in A's presence—'the police are coming to look for the man who robbed B,'—and that immediately afterwards A ran away, are relevant.

(*g*.) The question is, whether A owes B rupees 10,000.

The facts that A asked C to lend him money, and that D said to C in A's presence and hearing—'I advise you not to trust A for he owes B 10,000 rupees,'—and that A went away without making any answer, are relevant facts.

(*h*.) The question is, whether A committed a crime.

The fact that A absconded after receiving a letter warning him that inquiry was being made for the criminal, and the contents of the letter, are relevant.

(*i*.) A is accused of a crime.

The facts that, after the commission of the alleged crime, he absconded, or was in possession of property or the proceeds of property acquired by the crime, or attempted to conceal things which were or might have been used in committing it, are relevant.

(*j*.) The question is, whether A was ravished.

The facts that, shortly after the alleged rape, she made a complaint relating to the crime, the circumstances under which and the terms in which the complaint was made, are relevant.

The fact that, without making a complaint, she said that she had been ravished is not relevant as conduct under this section, though it may be relevant

as a dying declaration under section 32, (1), or

as corroborative evidence under section 157.

(*k*.) The question is, whether A was robbed.

The fact that, soon after the alleged robbery, he made a complaint relating to the offence, the circumstances under which, and the terms in which, the complaint was made, are relevant.

The fact that he said he had been robbed without making any complaint, is not relevant as conduct under this section, though it may be relevant

as a dying declaration under section 32, clause (1), or

as corroborative evidence under section 157.

Facts necessary to explain or introduce relevant facts.

9. Facts necessary to explain or introduce a fact in issue or relevant fact, or which support or rebut an inference suggested by a fact in issue or relevant fact, or which establish the identity of any thing or person, whose identity is relevant, or fix the time or place at which any fact in issue or relevant fact happened, or which show the relation of parties by whom any such fact was transacted, are relevant in so far as they are necessary for that purpose.

Illustrations.

(*a*.) The question is, whether a given document is the will of A.

The state of A's property and of his family at the date of the alleged will may be relevant facts.

(*b*.) A sues B for a libel imputing disgraceful conduct to A. B affirms that the matter alleged to be libellous is true.

The position and relations of the parties at the time when the libel was published may be relevant facts as introductory to the facts in issue.

The particulars of a dispute between A and B about a matter unconnected with the alleged libel are irrelevant, though the fact that there was a dispute may be relevant if it affected the relations between A and B.

(*c*.) A is accused of a crime.

The fact that, soon after the commission of the crime, A absconded from his house, is relevant, under section 8, as conduct subsequent to and affected by facts in issue.

The fact that, at the time when he left home, he had sudden and urgent business at the place to which he went, is relevant as tending to explain the fact that he left home suddenly.

The details of the business on which he left are not relevant, except in so far as they are necessary to show that the business was sudden and urgent.

(*d*.) A sues B for inducing C to break a contract of service made by him with A. C on leaving A's service says to A, I am leaving you because B has made me a better offer. This statement is a relevant fact as explanatory of C's conduct, which is relevant as a fact in issue.

(*e*.) A, accused of theft, is seen to give the stolen property to B, who is seen to give it to A's wife. B says as he delivers it—'A says you are to hide this.' B's statement is relevant as explanatory of a fact which is part of the transaction.

(*f*.) A is tried for a riot, and is proved to have marched at the head of a mob. The cries of the mob are relevant as explanatory of the nature of the transaction.

Things said or done by conspirator in reference to common design.

10. Where there is reasonable ground to believe that two or more persons have conspired together to commit an offence or an actionable wrong, any thing said, done, or written, by any one of such persons in reference to their common intention, after the time when such intention was first entertained by any one of them, is a relevant fact as against each of the persons believed to be so conspiring, as well for the purpose of proving the existence of the conspiracy as for the purpose of showing that any such person was a party to it.

Illustration.

(*a*.) Reasonable ground exists for believing that A has joined in a conspiracy to wage war against the Queen.

The facts that B procured arms in Europe for the purpose of the conspiracy, C collected money in Calcutta for a like object, D persuaded persons to join the conspiracy in Bombay, E published writings advocating the object in view at Agra, and F transmitted from Delhi to G at Cabul the money which C had collected at Calcutta, and the contents of a letter written by H giving an account of the conspiracy, are each relevant both to prove the existence of the conspiracy and to prove A's complicity in it, although he may have been ignorant of all of them, and although the persons by whom they were done were strangers to him, and although they may have taken place before he joined the conspiracy or after he left it.

When facts not otherwise relevant become relevant.

11. Facts not otherwise relevant are relevant—

(1) if they are inconsistent with any fact in issue or relevant fact;

(2) if by themselves or in connection with other facts they make the existence or non-existence of any fact in issue or relevant fact highly probable or improbable.

Illustrations.

(*a*.) The question is, whether A committed a crime at Calcutta on a certain day.

The fact that on that day A was at Lahore is relevant.

The fact that near the time when the crime was committed, A was at a distance from the place where it was committed, which would render it highly improbable, though not impossible, that he committed it, is relevant.

(*b*.) The question is, whether A committed a crime.

The circumstances are such that the crime must have been committed either by A, B, C, or D. Every fact which shows that the crime could have been committed by no one else, and that it was not committed by either B, C, or D, is relevant.

In suits for damages, facts tending to enable Court to determine amount are relevant.

12. In suits in which damages are claimed, any fact which will enable the Court to determine the amount of damages which ought to be awarded is relevant.

Facts relevant when right or custom is in question.

13. Where the question is as to the existence of any right or custom, the following facts are relevant—

(*a*.) Any transaction by which the right or custom in question was created, claimed, modified, recognized, asserted, or denied, or which was inconsistent with its existence.

(*b*.) Particular instances in which the right or custom was claimed, recognized, or exercised, or in which its exercise was disputed, asserted, or departed from.

Illustration.

The question is, whether A has a right to a fishery. A deed conferring the fishery on A's ancestors, a mortgage of the fishery by A's father, a subsequent grant of the fishery by A's father, irreconcilable with the mortgage, particular instances in which A's father exercised the right, or in which the exercise of the right was stopped by A's neighbours, are relevant facts.

14. Facts showing the existence of any state of mind—such as intention, knowledge, good faith, negligence, rashness, ill-will, or good-will towards any parti-

Facts showing existence of state of mind, or of dy or bodily feeling.

ılar person, or showing the existence of any state ' body or bodily feeling—are relevant, when the istence of any such state of mind or body or odily feeling, is in issue or relevant.

Explanation.—A fact relevant as showing the istence of a relevant state of mind must show at it exists not generally but in reference to the rticular matter in question.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A is accused of receiving stolen goods knowing them be stolen. It is proved that he was in possession of a parti-ar stolen article.

The fact that at the same time he was in possession of many ıer stolen articles is relevant, as tending to show that he ew each and all of the articles of which he was in possession be stolen.

(*b.*) A is accused of fraudulently delivering to another per-ı a piece of counterfeit coin which, at the time when he livered it, he knew to be counterfeit.

The fact that, at the time of its delivery, A was possessed of ıumber of other pieces of counterfeit coin is relevant.

(*c.*) A sues B for damage done by a dog of B's, which B ow to be ferocious.

The facts that the dog had previously bitten X, Y, and Z, and t they had made complaints to B, are relevant.

(*d.*) The question is whether A, the acceptor of a bill of change, knew that the name of the payee was fictitious.

The fact that A had accepted other bills drawn in the same nner before they could have been transmitted to him by payee if the payee had been a real person, is relevant, as owing that A knew that the payee was a fictitious person.

(*e.*) A is accused of defaming B by publishing an imputa-n intended to harm the reputation of B.

The fact of previous publications by A respecting B, showing will on the part of A towards B, is relevant, as proving A's ention to harm B's reputation by the particular publication question.

The facts that there was no previous quarrel between A and and that A repeated the matter complained of as he heard it, relevant, as showing that A did not intend to harm the utation of B.

(*f.*) A is sued by B for fraudulently representing to B that as solvent, whereby B, being induced to trust C, who was olvent, suffered loss.

The fact that, at the time when A represented C to be solvent, as supposed to be solvent by his neighbours and by persons ling with him, is relevant, as showing that A made the re-sentation in good faith.

(*g.*) A is sued by B for the price of work done by B, upon a se of which A is owner, by the order of C, a contractor.

A's defence is that B's contract was with C.

The fact that A paid C for the work in question is relevant, proving that A did, in good faith, make over to C the manage-nt of the work in question, so that C was in a position contract with B on C's own account, and not as agent A.

(*h.*) A is accused of the dishonest misappropriation of pro-ty which he had found, and the question is whether, when appropriated it, he believed in good faith that the real owner ld not be found.

The fact that public notice of the loss of the property had n given in the place where A was, is relevant, as showing t A did not in good faith believe that the real owner of the perty could not be found.

The fact that A knew, or had reason to believe, that the notice given fraudulently by C, who had heard of the loss of the perty and wished to set up a false claim to it, is relevant, as wing that the fact that A knew of the notice did not dis-ve A's good faith.

(*i.*) A is charged with shooting at B with intent to kill him. order to show A's intent, the fact of A's having previously t at B may be proved.

(*j.*) A is charged with sending threatening letters to B. reatening letters previously sent by A to B may be proved, as ving the intention of the letters.

(*k.*) The question is, whether A has been guilty of cruelty ards B, his wife.

Expressions of their feeling towards each other shortly before fter the alleged cruelty, are relevant facts.

(*l.*) The question is, whether A's death was caused by son.

Statements made by A during his illness as to his symptoms, relevant facts.

(*m.*) The question is, what was the state of A's health at the time when an assurance on his life was effected.

Statements made by A as to the state of his health at or near the time in question, are relevant facts.

(*n*) A sues B for negligence in providing him with a carriage for hire not reasonably fit for use whereby A was injured.

The fact that B's attention was drawn on other occasions to the defect of that particular carriage, is relevant.

The fact that B was habitually negligent about the carriages which he let to hire, is irrelevant.

(*o.*) A is tried for the murder of B by intentionally shooting him dead.

The fact that A, on other occasions, shot at B is relevant, as showing his intention to shoot B.

The fact that A was in the habit of shooting at people with intent to murder them, is irrelevant.

(*p*) A is tried for a crime.

The fact that he said, something indicating an intention to commit that particular crime, is relevant.

The fact that he said something indicating a general disposition to commit crimes of that class, is irrelevant.

15. When there is a question whether an act was accidental or intentional, the fact that such act formed part of a series of similar occurrences, in each of which the person doing the act was concerned, is relevant.

Facts bearing on question whether act was accidental or intentional.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A is accused of burning down his house in order to obtain money for which it is insured.

The facts that A lived in several houses successively, each of which he insured, in each of which a fire occurred, and after each of which fires A received payment from a different insurance office, are relevant, as tending to show that the fires were not accidental.

(*b.*) A is employed to receive money from the debtors of B. It is A's duty to make entries in a book showing the amounts received by him. He makes an entry showing that on a particular occasion he received less than he really did receive.

The question is, whether this false entry was accidental or intentional.

The facts that other entries made by A in the same book are false, and that the false entry is in each case in favor of A, are relevant.

(*c.*) A is accused of fraudulently delivering to B a counterfeit rupee.

The question is, whether the delivery of the rupee was accidental.

The facts that soon before or soon after the delivery to B, A delivered counterfeit rupees to C, D, and E, are relevant, as showing that the delivery to A was not accidental.

16. When there is a question whether a particular act was done, the existence of any course of business, according to which it naturally would have been done, is a relevant fact.

Existence of course of business when relevant.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether a particular letter was despatched.

The facts that it was the ordinary course of business for all letters put in a certain place to be carried to the post, and that that particular letter was put in that place, are relevant.

(*b.*) The question is, whether a particular letter reached A. The facts that it was posted in due course, and was not returned through the Dead Letter Office, are relevant.

ADMISSIONS.

17. An admission is a statement, oral or documentary, which suggests any inference as to any fact in issue or relevant fact, and which is made by any of the persons, and under the circumstances, hereinafter mentioned.

Admissions defined.

18. Statements made by a party to the proceeding, or by an agent to any such party whom the Court regards, under the circumstances of the case, as expressly or impliedly authorized by him to make them, are admissions.

Admission—by party to proceeding or his agent;

Statements made by parties to suits suing or sued in a representative character are not admissions, unless they were made while the party making them held that character.

by suitor in representative character;

Statements made by—

(1) persons who have any proprietary or pecuniary interest in the subject-matter of the proceeding, and who make the statement in their character of persons so interested, or

by party interested in subject-matter;

(2) persons from whom the parties to the suit have derived their interest in the subject-matter of the suit,

by person from whom interest derived.

are admissions if they are made during the continuance of the interest of the persons making the statements.

19. Statements made by persons whose position or liability it is necessary to prove as against any party to the suit, are admissions, if such statements would be relevant as against such persons in relation to such position or liability in a suit brought by or against them, and if they are made whilst the person making them occupies such position or is subject to such liability.

Admissions by persons whose position must be proved as against party to suit.

Illustration.

A undertakes to collect rents for B.

B sues A for not collecting rent due from C to B.

A denies that rent was due from C to B.

A statement by C that he owed B rent is an admission, and is a relevant fact as against A, if A denies that C did owe rent to B.

20. Statements made by persons to whom a party to the suit has expressly referred for information in reference to a matter in dispute are admissions.

Admissions by persons expressly referred to by party to suit.

Illustration.

The question is, whether a horse sold by A to B is sound.

A says to B—'Go and ask C, C knows all about it.' C's statement is an admission.

21. Admissions are relevant and may be proved as against the person who makes them, or his representative in interest; but they cannot be proved by or on behalf of the person who makes them or by his representative in interest, except in the following cases:—

Relevancy of admissions against or in behalf of persons concerned.

(1.) An admission may be proved by or on behalf of the person making it when it is of such a nature that, if the person making it were dead, it would be relevant as between third persons under section thirty-two.

(2.) An admission may be proved by or on behalf of the person making it when it consists of a statement of the existence of any state of mind or body, relevant or in issue, made at or about the time when such state of mind or body existed, and is accompanied by conduct rendering its falsehood improbable.

(3.) An admission may be proved by or on behalf of the person making it if it is relevant otherwise than as an admission.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question between A and B is, whether a certain deed is or is not forged. A affirms that it is genuine, B that it is forged.

A may prove a statement by B that the deed is genuine, and B may prove a statement by A that the deed is forged; but A cannot prove a statement by himself that the deed is genuine, nor can B prove a statement by himself that the deed is forged.

(*b*) A, the Captain of a ship, is tried for casting her away.

Evidence is given to show that the ship was taken out of her proper course.

A produces a book kept by him in the ordinary course of his business, showing observations alleged to have been taken by him from day to day, and indicating that the ship was not taken out of her proper course. A may prove these statements, because they would be admissible between third parties if he were dead under section thirty-two, clause (2).

(*c.*) A is accused of a crime committed by him at Calcutta.

He produces a letter written by himself and dated at Lahore on that day and bearing the Lahore post mark of that day.

The statement in the date of the letter is admissible, because if A were dead it would be admissible under section thirty-two, clause (2).

(*d.*) A is accused of receiving stolen goods knowing them to be stolen.

He offers to prove that he refused to sell them below their value.

A may prove these statements, though they are admissions, because they are explanatory of conduct influenced by facts in issue.

(*e.*) A is accused of fraudulently having in his possession counterfeit coin which he knew to be counterfeit.

He offers to prove that he asked a skilful person to examine the coin, as he doubted whether it was counterfeit or not, and that that person did examine it and told him it was genuine.

A may prove these facts for the reasons stated in the last preceding illustration.

22. Oral admissions as to the contents of a document are not relevant, unless and until the party proposing to prove them shows that he is entitled to give secondary evidence of the contents of such document under the rules hereinafter contained, or unless the genuineness of a document produced is in question.

When oral admissions as to the contents of documents are relevant.

23. In civil cases no admission is relevant, if it is made either upon an express condition that evidence of it is not to be given, or under circumstances from which the Court can infer that the parties agreed together that evidence of it should not be given.

Admissions in civil cases when relevant.

Explanation.—Nothing in this section shall be taken to exempt any barrister, pleader, attorney, or vakil from giving evidence of any matter of which he may be compelled to give evidence under section 126.

24. A confession made by an accused person is irrelevant in a criminal proceeding, if the making of the confession appears to the Court to have been caused by any inducement, threat, or promise, having reference to the charge against the accused person, proceeding from a person in authority and sufficient, in the opinion of the Court, to give the accused person grounds, which would appear to him reasonable, for supposing that by making it he would gain any advantage or avoid any evil of a temporal nature in reference to the proceedings against him.

Confession caused by inducement, threat, or promise irrelevant.

25. No confession made to a Police officer, shall be proved as against a person accused of any offence.

Confession made to a Police officer not to be used as evidence.

26. No confession made by any person whilst he is in the custody of a Police officer, unless it be made in the immediate presence of a Magistrate, shall be proved as against such person.

Confession made by accused while in custody of Police not be used as evidence.

27. Provided that, when any fact is deposed to as discovered in consequence of information received from a person accused of any offence, in the custody of a Police officer, so much of such information, whether it amounts to a confession or not, as relates distinctly to the fact thereby discovered, may be proved.

So much of statement or confession made by accused as relates to a fact thereby discovered, may be proved.

28. If such a confession as is referred to in section 24 is made after the impression caused by any such inducement, threat, or promise has, in the opinion of the Court, been fully removed, it is relevant.

Confession made after removal of impression caused by inducement, threat, or promise relevant.

29. If such a confession is otherwise relevant, it does not become irrelevant merely because it was made under a promise of secrecy, or in consequence of a deception practised on the accused person for the purpose of obtaining it, or when he was drunk, or because it was made in answer to questions which he need not have answered, whatever may have been the form of those questions, or because he was not warned that he was not bound to make such confession, and that evidence of it might be given against him.

Confession otherwise relevant not to become irrelevant because of promise of secrecy, &c.

30. When more persons than one are being tried jointly for the same offence, and an confession made by one of such persons affecting himself and some other such persons is proved, the Court may take into consideration such confession as against such other person as well as against the person who makes such confession.

Consideration of proved confession affecting person making it and others jointly under trial for same offence.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A and B are jointly tried for the murder of C. It is proved that A said,—"B and I murdered C." The Court may consider the effect of this confession as against B.

(*b.*) A is on his trial for the murder of C. There is evidence to show that C was murdered by A and B, and that B said,—"A and I murdered C."

This statement may not be taken into consideration by the Court against A, as B is not being jointly tried.

31. Admissions are not conclusive proof of the matters admitted, but they may operate as estoppels under the provisions hereinafter contained.

Admission not conclusive proof, but may estop.

STATEMENTS BY PERSONS WHO CANNOT BE CALLED AS WITNESSES.

32. Statements, written or verbal, of relevant facts made by a person who is dead, or who cannot be found, or who has become incapable of giving evidence, or whose attendance cannot be procured without an amount of delay or expense which, under the circumstances of the case, appears to the Court unreasonable, are themselves relevant facts in the following cases:—

Cases in which statement of relevent fact by person who is dead or cannot be found, &c., is relevant.

(1.) When the statement is made by a person, as to the cause of his death, or as to any of the circumstances of the transaction which resulted in his death, in cases in which the cause of that person's death comes into question.

When it relates to cause of death;

Such statements are relevant, whether the person who made them was or was not, at the time when they were made, under expectation of death, and whatever may be the nature of the proceeding in which the cause of his death comes into question.

(2.) When the statement was made by such person in the ordinary course of business, and in particular when it consists of any entry or memorandum made by him in books kept in the ordinary course of business, or in the discharge of professional duty; or of an acknowledgment written or signed by him of the receipt of money, goods, securities, or property of any kind; or of a document used in commerce written or signed by him, or of the date of a letter or other document usually dated, written or signed by him.

or is made in course of business;

(3.) When the statement is against the pecuniary or proprietary interest of the person making it, or when, if true, it would expose him or would have exposed him to a criminal prosecution or to a suit for damages.

or against interest of maker;

(4.) When the statement gives the opinion of any such person, as to the existence of any public right or custom or matter of public or general interest, of the existence of which, if it existed, he would have been likely to be aware, and when such statement was made before any controversy as to such right, custom, or matter had arisen.

or gives opinion as to public right or custom or matters of general interest;

(5.) When the statement relates to the existence of any relationship between persons as to whose relationship the person making the statement had special means of knowledge, and when the statement was made before the question in dispute was raised.

or relates to existence of relationship;

(6.) When the statement relates to the existence of any relationship between persons deceased, and is made in any will or deed relating to the affairs of the family to which any such deceased person belonged, or in any family pedigree, or upon any tombstone, family portrait or other thing on which such statements are usually made, and when such statement was made before the question in dispute was raised.

or is made in will or deed of deceased person;

(7.) When the statement is contained in any deed, will or other document which relates to any such transaction as is mentioned in section 13, clause *(a)*.

or relates to transaction mentioned in section 13, clause (*a*);

(8.) When the statement was made by a number of persons, and expressed feelings or impressions on their part relevant to the matter in question.

or is made by several persons, and expresses feelings relevant to matter in question.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether A was murdered by B; or

A dies of injuries received in a transaction in the course of which she was ravished. The question is whether she was ravished by B: or

The question is, whether A was killed by B under such circumstances that a suit would lie against B by A's widow.

Statements made by A as to the cause of his or her death referring respectively to the murder, the rape, and the actionable wrong under consideration, are relevant facts.

(*b.*) The question is as to the date of A's birth.

An entry in the diary of a deceased surgeon, regularly kept in the course of business, stating that, on a given day, he attended A's mother and delivered her of a son, is a relevant fact.

(c.) The question is, whether A was in Calcutta on a given day.

A statement in the diary of a deceased solicitor, regularly kept in the course of business, that, on a given day, the solicitor attended A at a place mentioned in Calcutta for the purpose of conferring with him upon specified business, is a relevant fact.

(d.) The question is, whether a ship sailed from Bombay harbour on a given day.

A letter written by a deceased member of a merchant's firm, by which she was chartered, to their correspondents in London to whom the cargo was consigned, stating that the ship sailed on a given day from Bombay harbour, is a relevant fact.

(e.) The question is, whether rent was paid to A for certain land.

A letter from A's deceased agent to A, saying that he had received the rent on A's account and held it at A's orders, is a relevant fact.

(f.) The question is, whether A and B were legally married.

The statement of a deceased clergyman that he married them under such circumstances that the celebration would be a crime, is relevant.

(g.) The question is, whether A, a person who cannot be found, wrote a letter on a certain day. The fact that a letter written by him is dated on that day, is relevant.

(h.) The question is, what was the cause of the wreck of a ship.

A protest made by the captain, whose attendance cannot be procured, is a relevant fact.

(i.) The question is, whether a given road is a public way.

A statement by A, a deceased headman of the village, that the road was public, is a relevant fact.

(j.) The question is, what was the price of grain on a certain day in a particular market. A statement of the price, made by a deceased banya in the ordinary course of his business, is a relevant fact.

(k.) The question is, whether A, who is dead, was the father of B.

A statement by A that B was his son, is a relevant fact.

(l.) The question is, what was the date of the birth of A.

A letter from A's deceased father to a friend, announcing the birth of A on a given day, is a relevant fact.

(m.) The question is, whether, and when, A and B were married.

An entry in a memorandum book by C, the deceased father of B, of his daughter's marriage with A at a given date, is a relevant fact.

(n.) A sues B for a libel expressed in a painted caricature exposed in a shop window. The question is as to the similarity of the caricature and its libellous character. The remarks of a crowd of spectators on these points may be proved.

33. Evidence given by a witness in a judicial proceeding, or before any person authorised by law to take it, is relevant for the purpose of proving, in a subsequent judicial proceeding, or in a later stage of the same judicial proceeding, the truth of the facts which it states when the witness is dead or cannot be found, or is incapable of giving evidence, or is kept out of the way by the adverse party, or if his presence cannot be obtained without an amount of delay or expense which, under the circumstances of the case, the Court considers unreasonable:

Evidence in a former judicial proceeding when relevant.

Provided

that the proceeding was between the same parties or their representatives in interest;

that the adverse party in the first proceeding had the right and opportunity to cross-examine;

that the questions in issue were substantially the same in the first as in the second proceeding.

Explanation.—A criminal trial or inquiry shall be deemed to be a proceeding between the prosecutor and the accused within the meaning of this section.

STATEMENTS MADE UNDER SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

alone be sufficient evidence to charge any person with liability.

Illustration.

A sues B for Rs. 1,000, and shows entries in his account books showing B to be indebted to him to this amount. The entries are relevant, but are not sufficient without other evidence to prove the debt.

35. An entry in any public or other official book, register, or record, stating a fact in issue or relevant fact and made by a public servant in the discharge of his official duty, or by any other person in performance of a duty specially enjoined by the law of the country in which such book, register, or record is kept, is itself a relevant fact.

Entry in public record, made in performance of duty enjoined by law when relevant.

36. Statements of facts in issue or relevant facts, made in published maps or charts generally offered for public sale, or in maps or plans made under the authority of Government, as to matters usually represented or stated in such maps, charts, or plans, are themselves relevant facts.

Maps and plans when relevant.

37. When the Court has to form an opinion as to the existence of any fact of a public nature, any statement of it, made in a recital contained in any Act of Parliament or in any Act of the Governor General of India in Council, or of the Governors in Council of Madras or Bombay, or of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council of Bengal, or in a notification of the Government appearing in the *Gazette of India*, or in the Gazette of any local Government, or in any printed paper purporting to be the *London Gazette*, or the Government Gazette of any colony or possession of the Queen, is a relevant fact.

Statement as to fact of public nature contained in any Act or Notification of Government, when relevant.

38. When the Court has to form an opinion as to a law of any country, any statement of such law contained in a book purporting to be printed or published under the authority of the Government of such country and to contain any such law, and any report of a ruling of the Courts of such country contained in a book purporting to be a report of such rulings, is relevant.

Statements in law-books.

HOW MUCH OF A STATEMENT IS TO BE PROVED.

39. When any statement of which evidence is given forms part of a longer statement, or of a conversation or part of an isolated document, or is contained in a document which forms part of a book, or of a connected series of letters or papers, evidence shall be given of so much and no more of the statement, conversation, document, book, or series of letters or papers as the Court considers necessary in that particular case to the full understanding of the nature and effect of the statement, and of the circumstances under which it was made.

What evidence to be given when statement forms part of a conversation, document, book, or series of letters or papers.

JUDGMENTS OF COURTS OF JUSTICE WHEN RELEVANT.

40. The existence of any judgment, order or decree which, by law prevents

41. A final judgment, order or decree of a competent Court, in the exercise of probate, matrimonial, admiralty or insolvency jurisdiction, which confers upon or takes away from any person any legal character, or which declares any person to be entitled to any such character, or to be entitled to any specific thing, not as against any specified person but absolutely, is relevant when the existence of any such legal character, or the title of any such person to any such thing is relevant.

Judgments in probate, &c., jurisdiction.

Such judgment, order or decree is conclusive proof

that any legal character which it confers accrued at the time when such judgment, order or decree, came into operation;

that any legal character, to which it declares any such person to be entitled, accrued to that person at the time when such judgment declares it to have accrued to that person;

that any legal character which it takes away from any such person ceased at the time from which such judgment declared that it had ceased or should cease;

and that any thing to which it declares any person to be so entitled was the property of that person at the time from which such judgment declares that it had been or should be his property.

42. Judgments, orders or decrees other than those mentioned in section 41, are relevant if they relate to matters of a public nature relevant to the inquiry; but such judgments, orders or decrees are not conclusive proof of that which they state.

Judgments, order or decree between third parties when irrelevant and when not.

Illustration.

A sues B for trespass on his land. B alleges the existence of a public right of way over the land, which A denies.

The existence of a decree in favor of the defendant, in a suit by A against C for a trespass on the same land, in which C alleged the existence of the same right of way, is relevant, but it is not conclusive proof that the right of way exists.

43. Judgments, orders or decrees, other than those mentioned in sections 40, 41, and 42, are irrelevant, unless the existence of such judgment, order or decree, is fact in issue, or is relevant under some other provision of this Act.

What judgments, &c., not relevant.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A and B separately sue C for a libel which reflects upon each of them. C in each case says, that the matter alleged to be libellous is true, and the circumstances are such that it is probably true in each case, or in neither.

A obtains a decree against C for damages on the ground that C failed to make out his justification. The fact is irrelevant as between B and C.

(*b.*) A prosecutes B for adultery with C, A's wife.

B denies that C is A's wife, but the Court convicts B of adultery.

Afterwards, C is prosecuted for bigamy in marrying B during A's lifetime. C says that she never was B's wife.

The judgment against B is irrelevant as against C.

(*c.*) A prosecutes B for stealing a cow from him. B is convicted.

A, afterwards, sues C for the cow, which B had sold to him before his conviction. As between A and C, the judgment against B is irrelevant.

(*d.*) A has obtained a decree for the possession of lands against B. C, B's son, murders A in consequence.

The existence of the judgment is relevant, as showing motive for a crime.

44. Any party to a suit or other proceeding may show that any judgment, order or decree which is relevant under sections 40, 41, or 42, and which has been proved by the adverse party, was delivered by a Court not competent to deliver it, or was obtained by fraud or collusion.

Fraud, collusion, and incompetency of Court may be proved.

OPINIONS OF THIRD PERSONS WHEN RELEVANT.

45. When the Court has to form an opinion upon a point of foreign law, or of science or art, or as to identity of handwriting, the opinions upon that point of persons specially skilled in such foreign law, science, or art, are relevant facts.

Such persons are called experts.

Opinion of experts.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether the death of A was caused by poison.

The opinions of experts as to the symptoms produced by the poison by which A is supposed to have died, are relevant.

(*b.*) The question is, whether A, at the time of doing a certain act, was, by reason of unsoundness of mind, incapable of knowing the nature of the act, or that he was doing what was either wrong or contrary to law.

The opinions of experts upon the question whether the symptoms exhibited by A commonly show unsoundness of mind, and whether such unsoundness of mind usually renders persons incapable of knowing the nature of the acts which they do, or of knowing that what they do is either wrong or contrary to law, are relevant.

(*c.*) The question is, whether a certain document was written by A. Another document is produced which is proved or admitted to have been written by A.

The opinions of experts on the question whether the two documents were written by the same or by different persons, are relevant.

46. Facts not otherwise relevant, are relevant if they support or are inconsistent with the opinions of experts, when such opinions are relevant.

Facts bearing upon opinions of experts.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether A was poisoned by a certain poison.

The fact that other persons who were poisoned by that poison exhibited certain symptoms which experts affirm or deny to be the symptoms of that poison, is relevant.

(*b.*) The question is, whether an obstruction to a harbour is caused by a certain sea wall.

The fact that other harbours similarly situated in other respects, but where there were no such sea walls, began to be obstructed at about the same time, is relevant.

47. When the Court has to form an opinion as to the persons by whom any document was written or signed, the opinion of any person acquainted with the handwriting of the person by whom it is supposed to be written or signed that it was or was not written or signed by that person, is a relevant fact.

Opinion as to handwriting.

Explanation.—A person is said to be acquainted with the handwriting of another person when he has seen that person write, or when he has received documents purporting to be written by that person in answer to documents written by himself or under his authority and addressed to that person, or when, in the ordinary course of business, documents purporting to be written by that person have been habitually submitted to him.

Illustration.

The question is, whether a given letter is in the handwriting of A, merchant in London.

B is a merchant in Calcutta, who has written letters addressed to A, and received letters purporting to be written by him. C is B's clerk, whose duty it was to examine and file B's correspondence. D is B's broker, to whom B habitually submitted

the letters purporting to be written by A for the purpose of advising with him thereon.

The opinions of B, C, and D on the question whether the letter is in the handwriting of A are relevant, though neither B, C, nor D ever saw A write.

Opinion as to existence of right or custom, when relevant.

48. When the Court has to form an opinion as to the existence of any general custom or right, the opinions, as to the existence of such custom or right, of persons who would be likely to know of its existence if it existed, are relevant.

Explanation.—The expression 'general custom or right' includes customs or rights common to any considerable class of persons.

Illustration.

The right of the villagers of a particular village to use the water of a particular well is a general right within the meaning of this section.

Opinions as to usages, tenets, &c., when relevant.

49. When the Court has to form an opinion as to—

the usages and tenets of any body of men or family,

the constitution and Government of any religious or charitable foundation, or

the meaning of words or terms used in particular districts or by particular classes of people,

the opinions of persons having special means of knowledge thereon, are relevant facts.

Opinion on relationship when relevant.

50. When the Court has to form an opinion as to the relationship of one person to another, the opinion, expressed by conduct, as to the existence of such relationship, of any person who, as a member of the family or otherwise, has special means of knowledge on the subject, is a relevant fact: Provided that such opinion shall not be sufficient to prove a marriage in proceedings under the Indian Divorce Act, or in prosecutions under sections 494, 495, 497 or 498 of the Indian Penal Code.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) The question is, whether A and B were married. The fact that they were usually received and treated by their friends as husband and wife, is relevant.

(*b.*) The question is whether A was the legitimate son of B. The fact that A was always treated as such by members of the family, is relevant.

Grounds of opinion when relevant.

51. Whenever the opinion of any living person is relevant, the grounds on which such opinion is based are also relevant.

Illustration.

An expert may give an account of experiments performed by him for the purposes of forming his opinion.

CHARACTER WHEN RELEVANT.

In civil cases, character to prove conduct imputed irrelevant.

52. In civil cases, the fact that the character of any person concerned is such as to render probable or improbable any conduct imputed to him, is irrelevant, except in so far as such character appears from facts otherwise relevant.

In criminal cases, previous good character relevant.

53. In criminal proceedings, the fact that the person accused is of a good character, is relevant.

Previous conviction in criminal trials relevant, but not previous bad character, except in reply.

54. In criminal proceedings, the fact that the accused person has been previously convicted of any offence is relevant; but the fact that he has a bad character is irrelevant, unless evidence has been given that he has a good character, in which case it becomes relevant.

Explanation.—This section does not apply to cases in which the bad character of any person is itself a fact in issue.

Character as affecting damages.

55. In civil cases, the fact that the character of any person is such as to affect the amount of damages which he ought to receive, is relevant.

Explanation.—In sections 52, 53, 54 and 55, the word 'character' includes both reputation and disposition; but evidence may be given only of general reputation and general disposition, and not of particular acts by which reputation or disposition were shown.

PART II.

ON PROOF.

CHAPTER III.—FACTS WHICH NEED NOT BE PROVED.

No evidence required of fact judicially noticed.

56. No fact of which the Court will take judicial notice need be proved.

Facts of which Court must take judicial notice.

57. The Court shall take judicial notice of the following facts:—

(1.) All laws or rules having the force of law now or heretofore in force or hereafter to be in force in any part of British India:

(2.) All public Acts passed or hereafter to be passed by Parliament, and all local and personal Acts directed by Parliament to be judicially noticed:

(3.) Articles of War for Her Majesty's Army or Navy:

(4.) The course of proceeding of Parliament and of the Councils for the purposes of making Laws and Regulations established under the Indian Councils' Act, or any other law for the time being relating thereto.

Explanation.—The word 'Parliament' in clauses (2) and (4) includes—

1. The Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland;
2. The Parliament of Great Britain;
3. The Parliament of England;
4. The Parliament of Scotland, and
5. The Parliament of Ireland.

(5.) The accession and the sign manual of the Sovereign for the time being of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland:

(6.) All seals of which English Courts take judicial notice: the seals of all the Courts of British India, and of all Courts out of British India, established by the authority of the Governor General or any Local Government in Council: the seals of Courts of Admiralty and Maritime Jurisdiction and of Notaries public, and all seals which any person is authorized to use by any Act of Parliament or other Act of Regulation having force of law in British India:

(7.) The accession to office, names, titles, functions, and signatures of the persons filling for the time being any public office in any part of British India, if the fact of their appointment to such office is notified in the *Gazette of India*, or in the official Gazette of any Local Government:

(8.) The existence, title, and national flag of every State or Sovereign recognized by the British Crown:

(9.) The divisions of time, the geographical divisions of the world, and public festivals, fasts and holidays notified in the official Gazette :

(10.) The territories under the dominion of the British Crown :

(11.) The commencement, continuance, and termination of hostilities between the British Crown and any other State or body of persons :

(12.) The names of the members and officers of the Court, and of their deputies and subordinate officers and assistants, and also of all officers acting in execution of its process, and of all advocates, attornies, proctors, vakils, pleaders and other persons authorized by law to appear or act before it :

(13.) The rule of the road.

In all these cases, and also on all matters of public history, literature, science or art, the Court may resort for its aid to appropriate books or documents of reference.

If the Court is called upon by any person to take judicial notice of any fact, it may refuse to do so, unless and until such person produces any such book or document as it may consider necessary to enable it to do so.

Facts admitted.

58. No fact need be proved in any proceeding which the parties thereto or their agents agree to admit at the hearing, or which, before the hearing, they agree to admit by any writing under their hands, or which by any rule of pleading in force at the time they are deemed to have admitted by their pleadings : Provided that the Court may, in its discretion, require the facts admitted to be proved otherwise than by such admissions.

Chapter IV.—Of oral evidence.

Proof of facts by oral evidence.

59. All facts, except the contents of documents, may be proved by oral evidence.

Oral evidence must be direct.

60. Oral evidence must, in all cases, whatever, be direct ; That is to say—

If it refers to a fact which could be seen, it must be the evidence of a witness who says he saw it ;

If it refers to a fact which could be heard, it must be the evidence of a witness who says he heard it ;

If it refers to a fact which could be perceived by any other sense or in any other manner, it must be the evidence of a witness who says he perceived it by that sense or in that manner ;

If it refers to an opinion or to the grounds on which that opinion is held, it must be the evidence of the person who holds that opinion on those grounds :

Provided that the opinions of experts expressed in any treatise commonly offered for sale, and the grounds on which such opinions are held, may be proved by the production of such treatises if the author is dead or cannot be found, or has become incapable of giving evidence, or cannot be called as a witness without an amount of delay or expense which the Court regards as unreasonable ;

Provided also that, if oral evidence refers to the existence or condition of any material thing other than a document, the Court may, if it thinks fit, require the production of such material thing for its inspection.

Chapter V.—Of documentary evidence.

Proof of contents of documents.

61. The contents of documents may be proved either by primary or by secondary evidence.

Primary evidence.

62. Primary evidence means the document itself produced for the inspection of the Court.

Explanation 1.—Where a document is executed in several parts, each part is primary evidence of the document :

Where a document is executed in counterpart, each counterpart being executed by one or some of the parties only, each counterpart is primary evidence as against the parties executing it.

Explanation 2.—Where a number of documents are all made by one uniform process, as in the case of printing, lithography, or photography, each is primary evidence of the contents of the rest ; but where they are all copies of a common original, they are not primary evidence of the contents of the original.

Illustration.

A person is shown to have been in possession of a number of placards, all printed at one time from one original. Any one of the placards is primary evidence of the contents of any other, but no one of them is primary evidence of the contents of the original.

Secondary evidence.

63. Secondary evidence means and includes—

(1.) Certified copies given under the provisions hereinafter contained ;

(2.) Copies made from the original by mechanical processes which in themselves insure the accuracy of the copy, and copies compared with such copies ;

(3.) Copies made from or compared with the original ;

(4.) Counterparts of documents as against the parties who did not execute them ;

(5.) Oral accounts of the contents of a document given by some person who has himself seen it.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A photograph of an original is secondary evidence of its contents, though the two have not been compared, if it is proved that the thing photographed was the original.

(*b.*) A copy compared with a copy of a letter made by a copying machine is secondary evidence of the contents of the letter, if it is shown that the copy made by the copying machine was made from the original.

(*c.*) A copy transcribed from a copy, but afterwards compared with the original, is secondary evidence ; but the copy not so compared is not secondary evidence of the original, although the copy from which it was transcribed was compared with the original.

(*d.*) Neither an oral account of a copy compared with the original, nor an oral account of a photograph or machine-copy of the original, is secondary evidence of the original.

Proof of documents by primary evidence.

64. Documents must be proved by primary evidence except in the cases hereinafter mentioned.

Cases in which secondary evidence relating to documents may be given.

65. Secondary evidence may be given of the existence, condition, or contents of a document in the following cases :—

(*a.*) When the original is shown or appears to be in the possession or power

of the person against whom the document is sought to be proved, or

of any person out of reach of, or not subject to, the process of the Court, or

of any person legally bound to produce it,

and when, after the notice mentioned in section sixty-six, such person does not produce it ;

(*b.*) When the existence, condition or contents of the original have been proved to be admitted in writing by the person against whom it is proved or by his representative in interest;

(*c.*) When the original has been destroyed or lost, or when the party offering evidence of its contents cannot, for any other reason not arising from his own default or neglect, produce it in reasonable time;

(*d.*) When the original is of such a nature as not to be easily moveable;

(*e.*) When the original is a public document within the meaning of section seventy-four;

(*f.*) When the original is a document of which a certified copy is permitted by this Act, or by any other law in force in British India, to be given in evidence;

(*g.*) When the originals consist of numerous accounts or other documents which cannot conveniently be examined in Court, and the fact to be proved is the general result of the whole collection.

In cases (*a*), (*c*) and (*d*), any secondary evidence of the contents of the document is admissible.

In case (*b*), the written admission is admissible.

In cases (*e*) or (*f*), a certified copy of the document, but no other kind of secondary evidence, is admissible.

In case (*g*), evidence may be given as to the general result of the documents by any person who has examined them, and who is skilled in the examination of such documents.

Rules as to notice to produce.

66. Secondary evidence of the contents of the documents referred to in section sixty-five, clause (*a*), shall not be given unless the party proposing to give such secondary evidence has previously given to the party in whose possession or power the document is, such notice to produce it as is prescribed by law; and if no notice is prescribed by law, then such notice as the Court considers reasonable under the circumstances of the case:

Provided that such notice shall not be required in order to render secondary evidence admissible in any of the following cases, or in any other case in which the Court thinks fit to dispense with it:—

(1.) When the document to be proved is itself a notice;

(2.) When from the nature of the case, the adverse party must know that he will be required to produce it;

(3.) When it appears or is proved that the adverse party has obtained possession of the original by fraud or force;

(4.) When the adverse party or his agent has the original in Court;

(5.) When the adverse party or his agent has admitted the loss of the document;

(6.) When the person in possession of the document is out of reach of, or not subject to, the process of the Court.

Proof of signature and handwriting of person alleged to have signed or written document produced.

67. If a document is alleged to be signed or to have been written wholly or in part by any person, the signature or the handwriting of so much of the document as is alleged to be in that person's handwriting must be proved to be in his handwriting.

Proof of execution of document required by law to be attested.

68. If a document is required by law to be attested, it shall not be used as evidence until one attesting witness at least has been called for the purpose of proving its execution, if there be an attesting witness alive, and subject to the process of the Court and capable of giving evidence.

Proof where no attesting witness found.

69. If no such attesting witness can be found, or if the document purports to have been executed in the United Kingdom, it must be proved that the attestation of one attesting witness at least is in his handwriting, and that the signature of the person executing the document is in the handwriting of that person.

Admission of execution by party to attested document.

70. The admission of a party to an attested document of its execution by himself shall be sufficient proof of its execution as against him, though it be a document required by law to be attested.

Proof when attesting witness denies the execution.

71. If the attesting witness denies or does not recollect the execution of the document, its execution may be proved by other evidence.

Proof of document not required by law to be attested.

72. An attested document not required by law to be attested may be proved as if it was unattested.

Comparison of handwritings.

73. In order to ascertain whether a signature, writing, or seal is that of the person by whom it purports to have been written or made, any signature, writing, or seal admitted or proved to the satisfaction of the Court to have been written or made by that person may be compared with the one which is to be proved, although that signature, writing, or seal has not been produced or proved for any other purpose.

The Court may direct any person present in Court to write any words or figures for the purpose of enabling the Court to compare the words or figures so written with any words or figures alleged to have been written by such person.

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.

Public documents.

74. The following documents are public documents:—

1. Documents forming the Acts, or records of the Acts—

(i) of the sovereign authority,

(ii) of official bodies and tribunals, and

(iii) of public officers, legislative, judicial and executive, whether of British India, or of any other part of Her Majesty's dominions, or of a foreign country.

2. Public records kept in British India of private documents.

Private documents.

75. All other documents are private.

Certified copies of public documents.

76. Every public officer having the custody of a public document, which any person has a right to inspect, shall give that person on demand a copy of it on payment of the legal fees therefor, together with a certificate written at the foot of such copy that it is a true copy of such document or part thereof as the case may be, and such certificate shall be dated and subscribed by

such officer with his name and his official title, and shall be sealed whenever such officer is authorzed by law to make use of a seal, and such copies so certified shall be called certified copies.

Explanation.—Any officer who, by the ordinary course of official duty, is authorised to deliver such copies, shall be deemed to have the custody of such documents within the meaning of this section.

Production of such copies.

77. Such certified copies may be produced in proof of the contents of the public documents or parts of the public documents of which they purport to be copies.

Proof of other official documents.

78. The following public documents may be proved as follows:—

(1.) Acts, orders or notifications of the Executive Government of British India in any of its departments, or of any Local Government or any department of any Local Government,

by the records of the departments certified by the heads of those departments respectively,

or by any document purporting to be printed by order of any such Government:

(2.) The proceedings of the Legislatures,

by the journals of those bodies respectively, or by published Acts or abstracts, or by copies purporting to be printed by order of Government:

(3.) Proclamations, orders or regulations issued by Her Majesty or by the Privy Council, or by any department of Her Majesty's Government,

by copies or extracts contained in the *London Gazette*, or purporting to be printed by the Queen's Printer:

(4.) The Acts of the executive or the proceedings of the legislature of a foreign country,

by journals published by their authority, or commonly received in that country as such, or by a copy certified under the seal of the country or sovereign, or by a recognition thereof in some public Act of the Governor General of India in Council:

(5.) The proceedings of a municipal body in British India,

by a copy of such proceedings certified by the legal keeper thereof, or by a printed book purporting to be published by the authority of such body:

(6.) Public documents of any other class in a foreign country,

by the original, or by a copy certified by the legal keeper thereof, with a certificate under the seal of a notary public or of a British Consul or diplomatic agent, that the copy is duly certified by the officer having the legal custody of the original, and upon proof of the character of the document according to the law of the foreign country.

PRESUMPTIONS AS TO DOCUMENTS.

Presumption as to genuineness of certified copies.

79. The Court shall presume every document purporting to be a certificate, certified copy, or other document, which is by law declared to be admissible as evidence of any particular fact, and which purports to be duly certified, by any officer in British India or by any officer in any Native State in alliance with Her Majesty who is duly authorised thereto by the Governor General in Council, to be genuine: Provided that such document is substantially in the form and purports to be executed in the manner directed by law in that behalf. The Court shall also presume that any officer by whom any such document purports to be signed or certified, held, when he signed it, the official character which he claims in such paper.

Presumption on production of record of evidence.

80. Whenever any document is produced before any Court purporting to be a record or memorandum of the evidence or of any part of the evidence given by a witness in a judicial proceeding or before any officer authorised by law to take such evidence, or to be a statement or confession by any prisoner or accused person taken in accordance with law and purporting to be signed by any Judge or Magistrate or by any such officer as aforesaid, the Court shall presume—

that the document is genuine; that any statements as to the circumstances under which it was taken purporting to be made by the person signing it are true, and that such evidence, statement or confession was duly taken.

Presumption as to Gazettes.

81. The Court shall presume the genuineness of every document purporting to be the *London Gazette*, or the *Gazette of India*, or the Government Gazette of any Local Government, or of any colony, dependency or possession of the British Crown, or to be a newspaper or journal, or to be a copy of a private Act of Parliament printed by the Queen's Printer, and of every document purporting to be a document directed by any law to be kept by any person, if such document is kept substantially in the form required by law and is produced from proper custody.

Presumption as to documents admissible in England without proof of seal or signature.

82. When any document is produced to any Court purporting to be a document which, by the law in force for the time being in England or Ireland, would be admissible in proof of any particular in any Court of Justice in England or Ireland without proof of the seal or stamp or signature authenticating it, or of the judicial or official character claimed by the person by whom it purports to be signed, the Court shall presume that such seal, stamp or signature is genuine, and that the person signing it held at the time when he signed it the judicial or official character which he claims,

and the document shall be admissible for the same purpose for which it would be admissible in England or Ireland.

Proof of maps made for purposes of any cause.

83. The Court shall presume that maps or plans purporting to be made by the authority of Government were so made, and are accurate; but maps or plans made for the purposes of any cause must be proved to be accurate.

Presumption as to collections of laws and reports of decisions.

84. The Court shall presume the genuineness of every book purporting to be printed or published under the authority of the Government of any country, and to contain any of the laws of that country,

and of every book purporting to contain reports of decisions of the Courts of such country.

85. The Court shall presume that every document purporting to be a power of attorney, and to have been executed before, nd authenticated by a notary public, or any Court, udge, Magistrate, British Consul or Vice-Consul, r representative of Her Majesty or of the Govern- ient of India, was so executed and authenticated.

Presumption as to ›wers of attorney.

86. The Court may presume that any document purporting to be a certified copy of any judicial record of any country not forming part of Her Majesty's dominions is genuine and accurate, if the document purports to be certified in any manner which is certified by any representative of Her Majesty or of the Government of India resident in such country to be the manner commonly in use in that country for the certification of copies of judicial records.

Presumption as to certified copies of foreign judicial records.

87. The Court may presume that any book to which it may refer for information on matters of public or general interest, and that any published map or chart, the statements of which are relevant facts and which is produced for its inspection, was written and published by the person, and at the time and place, by whom or at which it purports to have been written or published.

Presumption as to books and maps.

88. The Court may presume that a message, forwarded from a telegraph office to the person to whom such message purports to be addressed, corresponds with a message delivered for transmission at the office from which the messsage purports to be sent; but the Court shall not make any presumption as to the person by whom such message was delivered for transmission.

Presumption as to photographs, machine copies and telegraphic messages.

89. The Court shall presume that every document, called for and not produced after notice to produce, was attested, stamped and executed in the manner required by law.

Presumption as to due execution, &c., of documents not produced.

90. Where any document, purporting or proved to be thirty years old, is produced from any custody which the Court in the particular case considers proper, the Court may presume that the signature and every other part of such document which purports to be in the handwriting of any particular person is in that person's handwriting, and, in the case of a document executed or attested, that it was duly executed and attested by the persons by whom it purports to be executed and attested.

Documents thirty years old.

Explanation.—Documents are said to be in proper custody if they are in the place in which, and under the care of the person with whom, they would naturally be; but no custody is improper if it is proved to have had a legitimate origin, or if the circumstances of the particular case are such as to render such an origin probable.

This explanation applies also to section eighty-one.

Illustrations.

(a.) A has been in possession of landed property for a long time. He produces from his custody deeds relating to the land showing his titles to it. The custody is proper.

(b.) A produces deeds relating to landed property of which he is the mortgagee. The mortgagor is in possession. The custody is proper.

(c.) A, a connection of B, produces deeds relating to lands in B's possession, which were deposited with him by B for safe custody. The custody is proper.

CHAPTER VI.—OF THE EXCLUSION OF ORAL BY DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE.

91. When the terms of a contract, or of a grant, or of any other disposition of property, have been reduced to the form of a document, and in all cases in which any matter is required by law to be reduced to the form of a document, no evidence shall be given in proof of the terms of such contract, grant or other disposition of property, or of such matter, except the document itself, or secondary evidence of its contents in cases in which secondary evidence is admissible under the provisions hereinbefore contained.

Evidence of terms of written contract.

Exception 1.—When a public officer is required by law to be appointed in writing, and when it is shown that any particular person has acted as such officer, the writing by which he is appointed need not be proved.

Exception 2.—Wills under the Indian Succession Act may be proved by the Probate.

Explanation 1.—This section applies equally to cases in which the contracts, grants or disposition of property referred to are contained in one document, and to cases in which they are contained in more documents than one.

Explanation 2.—Where there are more originals than one, one original only need be proved.

Explanation 3.—The statement in any document whatever of a fact other than the facts referred to in this section, shall not preclude the admission of oral evidence as to the same fact.

Illustrations.

(a.) If a contract be contained in several letters, all the letters in which it is contained must be proved.

(b.) If a contract is contained in a bill of exchange, the bill of exchange must be proved.

(c.) If a bill of exchange is drawn in a set of three, one only need be proved.

(d.) A contracts in writing with B for the delivery of indigo upon certain terms. The contract mentions the fact that B had paid A the price of other indigo contracted for verbally on another occasion.

Oral evidence is offered that no payment was made for the other indigo. The evidence is admissible.

(e.) A gives B a receipt for money paid by B.

Oral evidence is offered of the payment.

The evidence is admissible.

92. When the terms of any such contract, grant or other disposition of property, or any matter required by law to be reduced to the form of a document, hav been proved according to the last section, no evidence of any oral agreement or statement shall be admitted as between the parties to any such instrument or their representatives in interest, for the purpose of contradicting, varying, adding to, or substracting from, its terms:

Exclusion of evidence of oral agreement.

Proviso (1).—Any fact may be proved which would invalidate any document, or which would entitle any person to any decree or order relating thereto; such as fraud, intimidation, illegality, want of due execution, want of capacity in any contracting party, want or failure of consideration, or mistake in fact or law.

Proviso (2).—The existence of any separate oral agreement as to any matter on which a document is silent and which is not inconsistent with its terms, may be proved. In considering whether or not this proviso applies, the Court shall have regard to the degree of formality of the document.

Proviso (3).—The existence of any separate oral agreement constituting a condition precedent to the attaching of any obligation under any such contract, grant or disposition of property, may be proved.

Proviso (4).—The existence of any distinct subsequent oral agreement to rescind or modify any such contract, grant or disposition of property, may be proved, except in cases in which such contract, grant or disposition of property is by law required to be in writing, or has been registered according to the law in force for the time being as to the registration of documents.

Proviso (5).—Any usage or custom by which incidents, not expressly mentioned in any contract, are usually annexed to contracts of that description, may be proved: Provided that the annexing of such incident would not be repugnant to, or inconsistent with, the express terms of the contract.

Proviso (6).—Any fact may be proved which shows in what manner the language of a document is related to existing facts.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A policy of insurance is effected on goods "in ships from Calcutta to London." The goods are shipped in a particular ship which is lost. The fact that that particular ship was orally excepted from the policy, cannot be proved.

(*b.*) A agrees absolutely in writing to pay B Rs. 1,000 on the 1st March 1873. The fact that, at the same time, an oral agreement was made that the money should not be paid till the 31st March, cannot be proved.

(*c.*) An estate called 'the Rampore tea estate' is sold by a deed which contains a map of the property sold. The fact that land not included in the map had always been regarded as part of the estate and was meant to pass by the deed, cannot be proved.

(*d.*) A enters into a contract with B to work certain mines, the property of B, upon certain terms. A was induced to do so by a misrepresentation of B's as to their value. This fact may be proved.

(*e.*) A institutes a suit against B for the specific performance of a contract, and also prays that the contract may be reformed as to one of its provisions, as that provision was inserted in it by mistake. A may prove that such a mistake was made as would by law entitle him to have the contract reformed.

(*f.*) A orders goods of B by a letter in which nothing is said as to the time of payment, and accepts the goods on delivery. B sues A for the price. A may show that the goods were supplied on credit for a term still unexpired.

(*g.*) A sells B a horse and verbally warrants him sound. A gives B a paper in these words: 'Bought of A a horse for Rs. 500.' B may prove the verbal warranty.

(*h.*) A hires lodgings of B, and gives B a card on which is written—'Rooms, Rs. 200 a month.' A may prove a verbal agreement that these terms were to include partial board.

A hires lodgings of B for a year, and a regularly stamped agreement drawn up by an Attorney is made between them. It is silent on the subject of board. A may not prove that board was included in the terms verbally.

(*i*) A applies to B for a debt due to A by sending a receipt for the money. B keeps the receipt and does not send the money. In a suit for the amount, A may prove this.

(*j.*) A and B make a contract in writing to take effect upon the happening of a certain contingency. The writing is left with B, who sues A upon it. A may show the circumstances under which it was delivered.

Exclusion of evidence to explain or amend ambiguous document.

93. When the language used in a document is, on its face, ambiguous or defective, evidence may not be given of facts which would show its meaning or supply its defects.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A agrees in writing to sell a horse to B for 'Rs. 1,000 or Rs. 1,500.'

Evidence cannot be given to show which price was to be given.

(*b.*) A deed contains blanks. Evidence cannot be given of fact which would show how they were meant to be filled.

Exclusion of evidence against application of document to existing facts.

94. When language used in a document is plain in itself, and when it applies accurately to existing facts, evidence may not be given to show that it was not meant to apply to such facts.

Illustration.

A sells to B by deed 'my estate to Rampore containing 100 bigas.' A has an estate at Rampore containing 100 bigas. Evidence may not be given of the fact that the estate meant to be sold was one situated at a different place and of a different size.

Evidence as to document unmeaning in reference to existing facts.

95. When language used in a document is plain in itself, but is unmeaning in reference to existing facts, evidence may be given to show that it was used in a peculiar sense.

Illustration.

A sells to B by deed 'my house in Calcutta.'

A had no house in Calcutta, but it appears that he had a house at Howrah, of which B had been in possession since the execution of the deed.

These facts may be proved to show that the deed related to the house at Howrah.

Evidence as to application of language which can apply to one only of several persons.

96. When the facts are such that the language used might have been meant to apply to any one, and could not have been meant to apply to more than one, of several persons or things, evidence may be given of facts which show which of those persons or things it was intended to apply to.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A agrees to sell to B for Rs. 1,000 "my white horse." A has two white horses. Evidence may be given of facts which show which of them was meant.

(*b.*) A agrees to accompany B to Hyderabad. Evidence may be given of facts showing whether Hyderabad in the Deccan or Hyderabad in Scind was meant.

Evidence as to application of language to one of two sets of facts to neither of which the whole correctly applies.

97. When the language used applies partly to one set of existing facts, and partly to another set of existing facts, but the whole of it does not apply correctly to either, evidence may be given to show to which of the two it was meant to apply.

Illustration.

A agrees to sell to B 'my land at X' in the occupation of Y. A has land at X, but not in the occupation of Y, and he has land in the occupation of Y, but it is not at X. Evidence may be given of facts showing which he meant to sell.

Evidence as to meaning of illegible character, &c.

98. Evidence may be given to show the meaning of illegible or not commonly intelligible characters, of foreign, obsolete, technical, local, and provincial expressions, of abbreviations and of words used in a peculiar sense.

Illustration.

A, a sculptor, agrees to sell to B 'all my models.' A has both models and modelling tools. Evidence may be given to how which he meant to sell.

Who may give evidence of agreement varying terms of document.

99. Persons who are not parties to a document, or their representatives in interest, may give evidence of any facts tending to show a contemporaneous agreement varying the terms of the document.

Illustration.

A and B make a contract in writing that B shall sell A certain cotton, to be paid for on delivery. At the same time they make an oral agreement that three months' credit shall be given to A. This could not be shown as between A and B, but it might be shown by C if it affected his interests.

Saving of provisions of Indian Succession Act relating to wills.

100. Nothing in this chapter contained shall be taken to affect any of the provisions of the Indian Succession Act (X of 1865) as to the construction of wills.

PART III.

PRODUCTION AND EFFECT OF EVIDENCE.

CHAPTER VII.—OF THE BURDEN OF PROOF.

Burden of proof.

101. Whoever desires any Court to give judgment as to any legal right or liability dependent on the existence of facts which he asserts, must prove that those facts exist.

When a person is bound to prove the existence of any fact, it is said that the burden of proof lies on that person.

Illustrations.

(*a*.) A desires a Court to give judgment that B shall be punished for a crime which A says B has committed.

A must prove that B has committed the crime.

(*b*.) A desires a Court to give judgment that he is entitled to certain land in the possession of B by reason of facts which he asserts and which B denies to be true.

A must prove the existence of those facts.

On whom burden of proof lies.

102. The burden of proof in a suit or proceeding lies on that person who would fail if no evidence at all were given on either side.

Illustrations.

(*a*.) A sues B for land of which B is in possession, and which, as A asserts, was left to A by the will of C, B's father.

If no evidence were given on either side, B would be entitled to retain his possession.

Therefore the burden of proof is on A.

(*b*.) A sues B for money due on a bond.

The execution of the bond is admitted, but B says that it was obtained by fraud, which A denies.

If no evidence were given on either side, A would succeed, as the bond is not disputed and the fraud is not proved.

Therefore the burden of proof is on B.

Burden of proof as to particular fact.

103. The burden of proof as to any particular fact lies on that person who wishes the Court to believe in its existence, unless it is provided by any law that the proof of that fact shall lie on any particular person.

Illustration.

(*a*.) A prosecutes B for theft, and wishes the Court to believe that B admitted the theft to C. A must prove the admission.

B wishes the Court to believe that, at the time in question, he was elsewhere. He must prove it.

Burden of proving fact to be proved to make evidence admissible.

104. The burden of proving any fact necessary to be proved in order to enable any person to give evidence of any other fact is on the person who wishes to give such evidence.

Illustrations.

(*a*.) A wishes to prove a dying declaration by B. A must prove B's death.

(*b*.) A wishes to prove, by secondary evidence, the contents of a lost document.

A must prove that the document has been lost.

Burden of proving that case of accused comes within exceptions.

105. When a person is accused of any offence, the burden of proving the existence of circumstances bringing the case within any of the General Exceptions in the Indian Penal Code, or within any special exception or proviso contained in any other part of the same Code, or in any law defining the offence, is upon him, and the Court shall presume the absence of such circumstances.

Illustrations.

(*a*.) A, accused of murder, alleges that, by reason of unsoundness of mind, he did not know the nature of the act.

The burden of proof is on A.

(*b*.) A, accused of murder, alleges that, by grave and sudden provocation, he was deprived of the power of self-control.

The burden of proof is on A.

(*c*.) Section three hundred twenty-five of the Indian Penal Code provides that whoever except in the case provided for, by section 335, voluntarily causes grievous hurt, shall be subject to certain punishments.

A is charged with voluntarily causing grievous hurt under section three hundred twenty-five.

The burden of proving the circumstances, bringing the case under section three hundred thirty-five, lies on A.

Burden of proving fact especially within knowledge.

106. When any fact is especially within the knowledge of any person, the burden of proving that fact is upon him.

Illustrations.

(*a*.) When a person does an act with some intention other than that which the character and circumstances of the act suggest, the burden of proving that intention is upon him.

(*b*.) A is charged with travelling on a railway without a ticket. The burden of proving that he had a ticket is on him.

Burden of proving death of person known to have been alive within thirty years.

107. When the question is whether a man is alive or dead, and it is shown that he was alive within thirty years, the burden of proving that he is dead is on the person who affirms it.

Burden of proving that person is alive who has not been heard of for seven years.

108. When the question is whether a man is alive or dead, and it is proved that he has not been heard of for seven years by those who would naturally have heard of him if he had been alive, the burden of proving that he is alive is on the person who affirms it.

Burden of proof as to partnership, tenancy, and agency.

109. When the question is whether persons are partners, landlord and tenant, or principal and agent, and it has been shown that they have been acting as such, the burden of proving that they do not stand, or have ceased to stand, to each other in those relationships respectively, is on the person who affirms it.

Burden of proof as to ownership.

110. When the question is whether any person is owner of anything of which he is shown to be in possession, the burden of proving that he is not the owner is on the person who affirms that he is not the owner.

Proof of good faith in transactions where one party is in relation of active confidence.

111. Where there is a question as to the good faith of a transaction between parties, one of whom stands to the other in a position of active confidence, the burden of proving the good faith of the transaction is on the party who is in a position of active confidence.

Illustrations.

(*a*.) The good faith of a sale by a client to an attorney is in question in a suit brought by the client. The burden of proving the good faith of the transaction is on the attorney.

(*b*.) The good faith of a sale by a son just come of age to a father is in question in a suit brought by the son. The burden of proving the good faith of the transaction is on the father.

Birth during marriage, conclusive proof of legitimacy.

112. The fact that any person was born during the continuance of a valid marriage between his mother and any man, or within two hundred and eighty days after its dissolution, the mother remaining unmarried, shall be conclusive proof that he is the legitimate son of that man, unless it can be shown that the parties to the marriage had no access to each other at any time when he could have been begotten.

Proof of cession of territory.

113. A notification in the *Gazette of India* that any portion of British territory has been ceded to any Native State, Prince or Ruler, shall be conclusive proof that a valid cession of such territory took place at the date mentioned in such notification.

Court may presume existence of certain facts.

114. The Court may presume the existence of any fact which it thinks likely to have happened, regard being had to the common course of natural events, human conduct, and public and private business in their relation to the facts of the particular case.

Illustrations.

The Court may presume—

(*a*.) That a man who is in possession of stolen goods soon after the theft is either the thief or has received the goods knowing them to be stolen, unless he can account for his possession;

(*b*.) That an accomplice is unworthy of credit, unless he is corroborated in material particulars;

(*c*.) That a bill of exchange accepted or endorsed, was accepted or endorsed, for good consideration;

(*d*.) That a thing or state of things which has been shown to be in existence within a period shorter than that within which such things or states of things usually cease to exist, is still in existence;

(*e*.) That judicial and official acts have been regularly performed;

(*f*.) That the common course of business has been followed in particular cases;

(*g*.) That evidence which could be and is not produced would if produced, be unfavorable to the person who withholds it;

(*h*.) That if a man refuses to answer a question which he is not compelled to answer by law, the answer, if given, would be unfavorable to him;

(*i*.) That when a document creating an obligation is in the hands of the obligor, the obligation has been discharged.

But the Court shall also have regard to such facts as the following, in considering whether such maxims do or do not apply to the particular case before them;—

As to illustration (*a*)—A shop-keeper has in his till marked rupee soon after it was stolen, and cannot account for its possession specifically, but is continually receiving rupees in the course of his business:

As to illustration (*b*)—A, a person of the highest character, is tried for causing a man's death by an act of negligence in arranging certain machinery. B, a person of equally good character who also took part in the arrangement, describes precisely what was done, and admits and explains the common carelessness of A and himself:

As to illustration (*b*)—A crime is committed by several persons. A, B and C, three of the criminals, are captured on the spot and kept apart from each other. Each gives an account of the crime implicating D, and the accounts corroborate each other in such a manner as to render previous concert highly improbable:

As to illustration (*c*)—A, the drawer of a bill of exchange, was a man of business. B, the accepter, was a young and ignorant person, completely under A's influence:

As to illustration (*d*)—It is proved that a river ran in a certain course five years ago, but it is known that there have been floods since that time which might change its course:

As to illustration (*e*)—A judicial act, the regularity of which is in question, was performed under exceptional circumstances:

As to illustration (*f*)—The question is, whether a letter was received. It is shown to have been posted, but the usual course of the post was interrupted by disturbances:

As to illustration (*g*)—A man refuses to produce a document which would bear on a contract of small importance on which he is sued, but which might also injure the feelings and reputation of his family:

As to illustration (*h*)—A man refuses to answer a question which he is not compelled by law to answer, but the answer to it might cause loss to him in matters unconnected with the matter in relation to which it is asked:

As to illustration (*i*)—A bond is in possession of the obligor, but the circumstances of the case are such that he may have stolen it.

CHAPTER VIII.—ESTOPPEL.

Estoppel.

115. When one person has, by his declaration, act or omission, intentionally caused or permitted another person to believe a thing to be true and to act upon such belief, neither he nor his representative shall be allowed in any suit or proceeding between himself and such person or his representative to deny the truth of that thing.

Illustration.

A intentionally and falsely leads B to believe that certain land belongs to A, and thereby induces B to buy and pay for it.

The land afterwards becomes the property of A, and A seeks to set aside the sale on the ground that, at the time of the sale, he had no title. He must not be allowed to prove his want of title.

Estoppel of tenant.

116. No tenant of immoveable property, or person claiming through such tenant, shall, during the continuance of the tenancy, be permitted to deny that the landlord of such tenant had, at the beginning of the tenancy, a title to such immoveable property; and no person who came upon any immoveable property by the license of the person in possession thereof, shall be permitted to deny that such person had a title to such possession at the time when such license was given.

Estoppel of acceptor of bill of exchange, bailee or licensee.

117. No acceptor of a bill of exchange shall be permitted to deny that the drawer had authority to draw such bill or to endorse it, nor shall any bailee or licensee be permitted to deny that his bailor or licensor had, at the time when the bailment or license commenced, authority to make such bailment or grant such license.

Explanation (1).—The acceptor of a bill of exchange may deny that the bill was really drawn by the person by whom it purports to have been drawn.

Explanation (2).—If a bailee delivers the goods bailed to a person other than the bailor, he may prove that such person had a right to them as against the bailor.

CHAPTER IX.—OF WITNESSES.

Who may testify.

118. All persons shall be competent to testify, unless the Court considers that they are prevented from understanding the questions put to them, or from giving rational answers to those questions, by tender years, extreme old age, disease, whether of body or mind, or any other cause of the same kind.

Explanation.—A lunatic is not incompetent to testify, unless he is prevented by his lunacy from understanding the questions put to him, and giving rational answers to them.

Dumb witnesses.

119. A witness who is unable to speak, may give his evidence in any other manner in which he can make it intelligible, as by writing or by signs; but such writing must be written and the signs made in open Court. Evidence so given shall be deemed to be oral evidence.

Married persons in Civil and Criminal Proceedings.

120. In all civil proceedings the parties to the suit, and the husband or wife of any party to the suit shall be competent witnesses. In criminal proceedings against any person, the husband or wife of such person, respectively, shall be a competent witness.

Judges and Magistrates.

121. No Judge or Magistrate shall, except upon the special order of some Court to which he is subordinate, be compelled to answer any questions as to his own conduct in Court as such Judge or Magistrate, or as to anything which came to his knowledge in Court as such Judge or Magistrate; but he may be examined as to other matters which occurred in his presence whilst he was so acting.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A, on his trial before the Court of Session, says that a deposition was improperly taken by B, the Magistrate. B cannot be compelled to answer questions as to this, except upon the special order of a superior Court.

(*b.*) A is accused before the Court of Session, of having given false evidence before B, a Magistrate. B cannot be asked what A said, except upon the special order of the superior Court.

(*c*). A is accused before the Court of Session of attempting to murder a Police officer whilst on his trial before B, a Sessions Judge. B may be examined as to what occurred.

Communications during marriage.

122. No person, who is or has been married, shall be compelled to disclose any communication made to him during marriage by any person to whom he is or has been married, nor shall he be permitted to disclose any such communication, unless the person who made it or his representative in interest consents, except in suits between married persons, or proceedings in which one married person is prosecuted for any crime committed against the other.

Evidence as to affairs of State.

123. No one shall be permitted to give any evidence derived from unpublished official records relating to any affairs of State, except with the permission of the officer at the head of the department concerned, who shall give or withhold such permission as he thinks fit.

Official communications.

124. No public officer shall be compelled to disclose communications made to him in official confidence, when he considers that the public interests would suffer by the disclosure.

Information as to commission of offences.

125. No Magistrate or police officer shall be compelled to say whence he got any information as to the commission of any offence.

Professional communications.

126. No barrister, attorney, pleader or vakíl, shall at any time, be permitted, unless with his client's express consent, to disclose any communication made to him in the course and for the purpose of his employment as such barrister, pleader, attorney or vakíl, by or on behalf of his client, or to state the contents or condition of any document with which he has become acquainted in the course and for the purpose of his professional employment, or to disclose any advice given by him to his client in the course and for the purpose of such employment:

Provided that nothing in this section shall protect from disclosure—

(1) Any such communication made in furtherance of any criminal purpose;

(2) Any fact observed by any barrister, pleader, attorney or vakíl, in the course of his employment as such, showing that any crime or fraud has been committed since the commencement of his employment.

It is immaterial whether the attention of such barrister, attorney or vakíl, was or was not directed to such fact by or on behalf of his client.

Explanation.—The obligation stated in this section continues after the employment has ceased.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A, a client, says to B, an attorney,—'I have committed forgery, and I wish you to defend me.'

As the defence of a man known to be guilty is not a criminal purpose, this communication is protected from disclosure.

(*b*). A, a client, says to B, an attorney,—'I wish to obtain possession of property by the use of a forged deed on which I request you to sue.'

This communication, being made in furtherance of a criminal purpose, is not protected from disclosure.

(*c.*) A being charged with embezzlement retains B, an attorney, to defend him. In the course of the proceedings, B observes that an entry has been made in A's account book charging A with the sum said to have been embezzled, which entry was not in the book at the commencement of his employment.

This being a fact observed by B in the course of his employment showing that a fraud has been committed since the commencement of the proceedings, it is not protected from disclosure.

Section 126 to apply to interpreters, &c.

127. The provisions of section one hundred and twenty-six shall apply to interpreters, and the clerks or servants of barristers, pleaders, attorneys and vakíls.

Privilege not waived by volunteering evidence.

128. If any party to a suit gives evidence therein at his own instance or otherwise, he shall not be deemed to have consented thereby to such disclosure as is mentioned in section one hundred and twenty-six, and if any party to a suit or proceeding calls any such barrister, attorney or vakíl as a witness, he shall be deemed to have consented to such disclosure only if he questions such barrister, attorney or vakíl on matters which, but for such question, he would not be at liberty to disclose.

Confidential communication with legal advisers.

129. No one shall be compelled to disclose to the Court any confidential communication which has taken place between him and his legal professional adviser, unless he offers himself as a witness, in which case he may be compelled to disclose any such communications as may appear to the Court necessary to be known in order to explain any evidence which he has given, but no others.

Production of witness' title deeds.

130. No witness who is not a party to a suit shall be compelled to produce his title-deeds to any property or any document in virtue of which he holds any property as pledgee or mortgagee, or any document the production of which might tend to criminate him, unless he has agreed in writing to produce them with the person seeking the production of such deeds or some person through whom he claims.

Production of documents which another person, having possession, would be entitled to refuse to produce.

131. No one shall be compelled to produce documents in his possession which any other person would be entitled to refuse to produce if they were in his possession, unless such last-mentioned person consents to their production.

Witness not excused from answering on ground that answer will criminate.

132. A witness shall not be excused from answering any question as to any matter relevant to the matter in issue in any suit or in any civil or criminal proceeding, upon the ground that the answer to such question will criminate, or may tend, directly or indirectly, to criminate such witness, or that it will expose, or tend, directly or indirectly, to expose such witness to a penalty or forfeiture of any kind :

Proviso.

Provided that no such answer, which a witness shall be compelled to give, shall subject him to any arrest or prosecution, or be proved against him in any criminal proceeding, except a prosecution for giving false evidence by such answer.

Accomplice.

133. An accomplice shall be a competent witness against an accused person, and a conviction is not illegal merely because it proceeds upon the uncorroborated testimony of an accomplice.

Number of witnesses.

134. No particular number of witnesses shall in any case be required for the proof of any fact.

CHAPTER X.—OF THE EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

Order of production and examination of witnesses.

135. The order in which witnesses are produced and examined shall be regulated by the law and practice for the time being relating to Civil and Criminal Procedure respectively, and, in the absence of any such law, by the discretion of the Court.

Judge to decide as to admissibility of evidence.

136. When either party proposes to give evidence of any fact, the Judge may ask the party proposing to give the evidence in what manner the alleged fact, if proved, would be relevant, and the Judge shall admit the evidence if he thinks that the fact, if proved, would be relevant, and not otherwise.

If the fact proposed to be proved is one of which evidence is admissable only upon proof of some other fact, such last-mentioned fact must be proved before evidence is given of the fact first mentioned, unless the party undertakes to give proof of such fact and the Court is satisfied with such undertaking.

If the relevancy of one alleged fact depends upon another alleged fact being first proved, the Judge may in his discretion either permit evidence of the first fact to be given before the second fact is proved, or require evidence to be given of the second fact before evidence is given of the first fact.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) It is proposed to prove a statement about a relevant fact by a person alleged to be dead, which statement is relevant under section thirty-two.

The fact that the person is dead must be proved by the person proposing to prove the statement before evidence is given of the statement.

(*b.*) It is proposed to prove by a copy the contents of a document said to be lost.

The fact that the original is lost must be proved by the person proposing to produce the copy before the copy is produced.

(*c*) A is accused of receiving stolen property knowing it to have been stolen.

It is proposed to prove that he denied the possession of the property.

The relevancy of the denial depends on the identity of the property. The Court may in its discretion either require the property to be identified before the denial of the possession is proved, or permit the denial of the possession to be proved before the property is identified.

(*d.*) It is proposed to prove a fact (A) which is said to have been the cause or effect of a fact in issue. There are several intermediate facts (B, C and D) which must be shown to exist before the fact A can be regarded as the cause or effect of the fact in issue. The Court may either permit A to be proved before B, C or D is proved, or may require proof of B, C and D before permitting proof of A.

Examination-in-chief.

137. The examination of a witness by the party who calls him shall be called his examination-in-chief.

Cross-examination.

The examination of a witness by the adverse party shall be called his cross-examination.

Re-examination.

The examination of a witness, subsequent to the cross-examination by the party who called the witness, shall be called his re-examination.

Order of examinations. Direction of re-examination.

138. Witnesses shall be first examined-in-chief, then (if the adverse party so desires) cross-examined, the (if the party calling him s desires) re-examined.

The examination and cross-examination must relate to relevant facts, but the cross-examination need not be confined to the facts to which the witness testified on his examination-in-chief.

The re-examination shall be directed to the explanation of matters referred to in cross-examination, and if new matter is by permission of the Court introduced in re-examination, the adverse party may further cross-examine upon that matter.

Cross-examination of person called to produce a document.

139. A person summoned to produce a document does not become a witness by the mere fact that he produces it, and cannot be cross-examined unless and until he is called as a witness.

Witnesses to character.

140. Witnesses to character may be cross-examined and re-examined.

Leading questions.

141. Any question suggesting the answer which the person who puts it wishes or expects to receive, is called a leading question.

When they must not be asked.

142. Leading questions must not, if objected to by the adverse party, be asked in an examination-in-chief, or in a re-examination, except with the permission of the Court

The Court shall permit leading questions as to matters which are introductory or undisputed, or which have, in its opinion, been already sufficiently proved.

When they may be asked.

143. Leading questions may be asked in cross-examination.

Evidence as to matters in writing.

144. Any witness may be asked, whilst under examination, whether any contract, grant or other disposition of property as to which he is giving evidence was not contained in a document ; and if he says that it was, or if he is about to make any statement as to the contents of

any document, which, in the opinion of the Court, ought to be produced, the adverse party may object to such evidence being given until such document is produced, or until facts have been proved which entitle the party who called the witness to give secondary evidence of it.

Explanation.—A witness may give oral evidence of statements made by other persons about the contents of documents if such statements are in themselves relevant facts.

Illustration.

The question is, whether A assaulted B.

C deposes that he heard A say to D—'B wrote a letter accusing me of theft, and I will be revenged on him.' This statement is relevant, as showing A's motive for the assault, and evidence may be given of it, though no other evidence is given about the letter.

Cross-examination as to previous statements in writing.

145. A witness may be cross-examined as to previous statements made by him in writing or reduced into writing and relevant to matters in question without such writing being shown to him, or being proved; but if it is intended to contradict him by the writing, his attention must, before the writing can be proved, be called to those parts of it which are to be used for the purpose of contradicting him.

Questions lawful in cross-examination.

146. When a witness is cross-examined, he may, in addition to the questions hereinbefore referred to, be asked any questions which tend

(1) to test his veracity,

(2) to discover who he is and what is his position in life, or

(3) to shake his credit by injuring his character, although the answer to such questions might tend directly or indirectly to criminate him, or might expose or tend directly or indirectly to expose him to a penalty or forfeiture.

When witness to be compelled to answer.

147. If any such question relates to a matter relevant to the suit or proceeding, the provisions of section 132 shall apply thereto.

Court to decide when question shall be asked and when witness compelled to answer.

148. If any such question relates to a matter not relevant to the suit or proceeding, except in so far as it affects the credit of the witness by injuring his character, the Court shall decide whether or not the witness shall be compelled to answer it, and may, if it thinks fit, warn the witness that he is not obliged to answer it. In exercising its discretion, the Court shall have regard to the following considerations:—

(1.) Such questions are proper if they are of such a nature that the truth of the imputation conveyed by them would seriously affect the opinion of the Court as to the credibility of the witness on the matter to which he testifies.

(2.) Such questions are improper if the imputation which they convey relates to matters so remote in time or of such a character that the truth of the imputation would not affect or would affect in a slight degree the opinion of the Court as to the credibility of the witness on the matter to which he testifies.

(3.) Such questions are improper if there is a great disproportion between the importance of the imputation made against the witnesses' character and the importance of his evidence.

(4.) The Court may, if it sees fit, draw from the witnesses' refusal to answer the inference, that the answer if given would be unfavourable.

Question not to be asked without reasonable grounds.

149. No such question, as is referred to in section 148, ought to be asked unless the person asking it has reasonable grounds for thinking that the imputation which it conveys is well-founded.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A barrister is instructed by an attorney or vakil that an important witness is a dacoit. This is a reasonable ground for asking the witness whether he is a dacoit.

(*b.*) A pleader is informed by a person in Court that an important witness is a dacoit. The informant on being questioned by the pleader gives satisfactory reasons for his statement. This is a reasonable ground for asking the witness whether he is a dacoit.

(*c.*) A witness, of whom nothing whatever is known, is asked at random whether he is a dacoit. There are here no reasonable grounds for the question.

(*d.*) A witness, of whom nothing whatever is known, being questioned as to his mode of life and means of living gives unsatisfactory answers. This may be a reasonable ground for asking him if he is a dacoit.

Procedure of Court in case of question being asked without reasonable grounds.

150. If the Court is of opinion that any such question was asked without reasonable grounds, it may, if it was asked by any barrister, pleader, vakil or attorney, report the circumstances of the case to the High Court or other authority to which such barrister, pleader, vakil or attorney, is subject in the exercise of his profession.

Indecent and scandalous questions.

151. The Court may forbid any questions or inquiries which it regards as indecent or scandalous, although such questions or inquiries may have some bearing on the questions before the Court, unless they relate to facts in issue, or to matters necessary to be known in order to determine whether or not the facts in issue existed.

Questions intended to insult or annoy.

152. The Court shall forbid any question which appears to it to be intended to insult or annoy, or which, though proper in itself, appears to the Court needlessly offensive in form.

Exclusion of evidence to contradict answers to questions testing veracity.

153. When a witness has been asked and has answered any question which is relevant to the inquiry only in so far as it tends to shake his credit by injuring his character, no evidence shall be given to contradict him; but if he answers falsely he may afterwards be charged with giving false evidence.

Exception 1.—If a witness is asked whether he has been previously convicted of any crime and denies it, evidence may be given of his previous conviction.

Exception 2.—If a witness is asked any question tending to impeach his impartiality and answers it by denying the facts suggested, he may be contradicted.

Illustrations.

(*a.*) A claim against an underwriter is resisted on the ground of fraud.

The claimant is asked whether, in a former transaction, he had not made a fraudulent claim. He denies it.

Evidence is offered to show that he did make such a claim.

The evidence is inadmissible.

(*b.*) A witness is asked whether he was not dismissed from a situation for dishonesty. He denies it.

Evidence is offered to show that he was dismissed for dishonesty.

The evidence is not admissible.

(c.) A affirms that on a certain day he saw B at Lahore.

A is asked whether he himself was not on that day at Calcutta. He denies it.

Evidence is offered to show that A was on that day at Calcutta.

The evidence is admissible, not as contradicting A on a fact which affects his credit, but as contradicting the alleged fact that B was seen on the day in question in Lahore.

In each of these cases the witness might, if his denial was false, be charged with giving false evidence.

(d.) A is asked whether his family has not had a blood feud with the family of B, against whom he gives evidence.

He denies it. He may be contradicted on the ground that the question tends to impeach his impartiality.

Question by party to his own witness.

154. The Court may in its discretion permit the person who calls a witness to put any questions to him which might be put in cross-examination by the adverse party.

Impeaching credit of witness.

155. The credit of a witness may be impeached in the following ways by the adverse party, or with the consent of the Court by the party who calls him :—

(1.) By the evidence of persons who testify that they, from their knowledge of the witness, believe him to be unworthy of credit.

(2.) By proof that the witness has been bribed or has had the offer of a bribe, or has received any other corrupt inducement to give his evidence.

(3.) By proof of former statements inconsistent with any part of his evidence which is liable to be contradicted.

(4.) When a man is prosecuted for rape or an attempt to ravish, it may be shown that the prosecutrix was of generally immoral character.

Explanation.—A witness declaring another witness to be unworthy of credit may not, upon his examination-in-chief, give reasons for his belief, but he may be asked his reasons in cross-examination, and the answers which he gives cannot be contradicted, though, if they are false, he may afterwards be charged with giving false evidence.

Illustrations.

(a.) A sues B for the price of goods sold and delivered to B. C says that he delivered the goods to B.

Evidence is offered to show that, on a previous occasion, he said that he had not delivered the goods to B.

The evidence is admissible.

(b.) A is indicted for the murder of B.

C says that B, when dying, declared that A had given B the wound of which he died.

Evidence is offered to show that, on a previous occasion, C said that the wound was not given by A or in his presence.

The evidence is admissible.

Questions tending to corroborate evidence of relevant fact, admissible.

156. When a witness whom it is intended to corroborate gives evidence of any relevant fact, he may be questioned as to any other circumstances which he observed at or near to the time or place at which such relevant fact occurred, if the Court is of opinion that such circumstances, if proved, would corroborate the testimony of the witness as to the relevant fact which he testifies.

Illustration.

A, an accomplice, gives an account of a robbery in which he took part. He describes various incidents unconnected with the robbery which occurred on his way to and from the place where it was committed.

Independent evidence of these facts may be given in order to corroborate his evidence as to the robbery itself.

Former statements of witness may be proved to corroborate later testimony as to same fact.

157. In order to corroborate the testimony of a witness, any former statement made by such witness relating to the same fact, at or about the time when the fact took place, or before any authority legally competent to investigate the fact, may be proved.

What matters may be proved in connection with proved statement relevant under section 32 or 33.

158. Whenever any statement, relevant under section thirty-two or thirty-three, is proved, all matters may be proved, either in order to contradict or to corroborate it, or in order to impeach or confirm the credit of the person by whom it was made, which might have been proved if that person had been called as a witness and had denied upon cross-examination the truth of the matter suggested.

Refreshing memory.

159. A witness may, while under examination, refresh his memory by referring to any writing made by himself at the time of the transactions concerning which he is questioned, or so soon afterwards that the Court considers it likely that the transaction was at that time fresh in his memory.

The witness may also refer to any such writing made by any other person and read by the witness within the time aforesaid, if when he read it he knew it to be correct.

When witness may use copy of document to refresh memory.

Whenever a witness may refresh his memory by reference to any document, he may, with the permission of the Court, refer to a copy of such document: Provided the Court be satisfied that there is sufficient reason for the non-production of the original.

An expert may refresh his memory by reference to professional treaties.

Testimony to facts stated in document mentioned in section 159.

160. A witness may also testify to facts mentioned in any such document as is mentioned in section 158, although he has no specific recollection of the facts themselves, if he is sure that the facts were correctly recorded in the document.

Illustration.

A book-keeper may testify to facts recorded by him in books regularly kept in the course of business if he knows that the books were correctly kept, although he has forgotten the particular transactions entered.

Right of adverse party as to writing used to refresh memory.

161. Any writing referred to under the provisions of the two last preceding sections must be produced and shown to the adverse party if he requires it, such party may, if he pleases, cross-examine the witness thereupon.

Production of documents.

162. A witness summoned to produce a document shall, if it is in his possession or power, bring it to Court, notwithstanding any objection which there may be to its production or to its admissibility. The validity of any such objection shall be decided on by the Court.

The Court, if it see fit, may inspect the document, unless it refers to matters of State, or take other evidence to enable it to determine on its admissibility.

Translation of documents.

If, for such a purpose, it is necessary to cause any document to be translated, the Court may, if it thinks fit, direct the translator to keep the contents secret, unless the document is to be given in evidence; and if the interpreter disobeys such direction, he shall be held to have committed an offence under section one hundred and sixty-six of the Indian Penal Code.

163. When a party calls for a document which he has given the other party notice to produce, and such document is produced and inspected by the party calling for its production, he is bound to give it as evidence if the party producing it requires him to do so.

Giving as evidence of document called for and produced on notice.

164. When a party refuses to produce a document which he has had notice to produce, he cannot afterwards give the document as evidence without the consent of the other party or the order of the Court.

Giving as evidence of document production of which was refused on notice.

Illustration.

A sues B on an agreement and gives B notice to produce it. At the trial A calls for the document, and B refuses to produce it. A gives secondary evidence of its contents. B seeks to produce the document itself to contradict the secondary evidence given by A, or in order to show that the agreement is not stamped. He cannot do so.

165. The Judge may, in order to discover or to obtain proper proof of relevant facts, ask any question he pleases in any form at any time of any witness or of the parties about any fact relevant or irrelevant; and may order the production of any document or thing: and neither the parties nor their agents shall be entitled to make any objection to any such question or order, nor, without the leave of the Court, to cross-examine any witness upon any answer given in reply to any such question:

Judge's power to put questions or order production.

Provided that the judgment must be based upon facts declared by this Act to be relevant, and duly proved.

Provided also that this section shall not authorize any Judge to compel any witness to answer any question, or to produce any document which such witness would be entitled to refuse to answer or produce under sections one hundred and twenty-one to one hundred and thirty-one both inclusive, if the question were asked or the document were called for by the adverse party; nor shall the Judge ask any question which it would be improper for any other person to ask under sections one hundred and forty-eight or one hundred and forty-nine; nor shall he dispense with primary evidence of any document, except in the cases herein before excepted.

166. In cases tried by jury or with assessors, the jury or assessors may put any questions to the witnesses through or by leave of the Judge which the Judge himself might put and which he considers proper.

Power of jury or assessors to put questions.

CHAPTER XI.—OF IMPROPER ADMISSION AND REJECTION OF EVIDENCE.

167. The improper admission or rejection of evidence shall not be ground of itself for a new trial or reversal of any decision in any case, if it shall appear to the Court before which such objection is raised, that, independently of the evidence objected to and admitted, there was sufficient evidence to justify the decision; or that if the rejected evidence had been received, it ought not to have varied the decision.

No new trial for rejection or improper reception of evidence.

SCHEDULE.

Number and year.	TITLE.	Extent of repeal.
Stat. 26 Geo. III, c. 57.	For the further regulation of the trial of persons accused of certain offences committed in the East Indies; for repealing so much of an Act, made in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of his present Majesty (intituled, An Act for the better regulation and management of the affairs of the East India Company, and of the British possessions in India, and for establishing a court of judicature for the more speedy and effectual trial of persons accused of offences committed in the East Indies), as requires the servants of the East India Company to deliver inventories of their estates and effects; for rendering the laws more effectual against persons unlawfully resorting to the East Indies; and for the more easy proof, in certain cases, of deeds and writings executed in Great Britain or India.	Section thirty-eight so far as it relates to Courts of Justice in the East Indies.
Stat. 14 & 15 Vic. c. 99.	To amend the Law of Evidence.	Section eleven and so much of section nineteen as relates to British India.
Act XV of 1852	To amend the Law of Evidence.	So much as has not been heretofore repealed.
Act XIX of 1853	To amend the Law of Evidence in the Civil Courts of the East India Company in the Bengal Presidency.	Section nineteen.
Act II of 1855 ...	For the further improvement of the Law of Evidence.	So much as has not been heretofore repealed.
Act XXV of 1861	For simplifying the Procedure of the Courts of Criminal Judicature not established by Royal Charter.	Section two hundred and thirty-seven.
Act I of 1868 ...	The General Clauses Act, 1868.	Sections seven and eight.

H. S. CUNNINGHAM,
Offg. Secy. to the Council of the Govr. Genl. for making Laws and Regulations.

he following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 22nd March 1872, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. III of 1872.

An Act to provide a form of Marriage in certain cases.

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to provide a form of marriage for persons who do not profess the Christian, Jewish, Hindú, Muhammadan, Pársí, Buddhist, Sikh or Jaina religion, and to legalize certain marriages the validity of which is doubtful; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Local extent. Commencement.

1. This Act extends to the whole of British India, and shall come into force on the passing thereof.

Conditions upon which marriages under Act may be celebrated.

2. Marriages may be celebrated under this Act between persons neither of whom professes the Christian or the Jewish, or the Hindú or the Muhammadan, or the Pársí or the Buddhist, or the Sikh or the Jaina religion, upon the following conditions:—

(1).—Neither party must, at the time of the marriage, have a husband or wife living:

(2).—The man must have completed his age of eighteen years, and the woman her age of fourteen years, according to the Gregorian calendar:

(3).—Each party must, if he or she has not completed the age of twenty-one years, have obtained the consent of his or her father or guardian to the marriage:

(4).—The parties must not be related to each other in any degree of consanguinity or affinity which would, according to any law to which either of them is subject, render a marriage between them illegal.

1st Proviso.—No such law or custom, other than one relating to consanguinity or affinity, shall prevent them from marrying.

2nd Proviso.—No law or custom as to consanguinity shall prevent them from marrying, unless a relationship can be traced between the parties through some common ancestor, who stands to each of them in a nearer relationship than that of great-great-grand-father or great-great-grand-mother, or unless one of the parties is the lineal ancestor, or the brother or sister of some lineal ancestor, of the other.

Appointment of Marriage Registrars.

3. The Local Government may appoint one or more Registrars under this Act, either by name or as holding any office for the time being, for any portion of the territory subject to its administration. The officer so appointed shall be called 'Registrar of Marriages under Act III of 1872,' and is hereinafter referred to as 'the Registrar.' The portion of territory for which any such officer is appointed shall be deemed his district.

One of the parties to intended marriage to give notice to Registrar.

4. When a marriage is intended to be solemnized under this Act, one of the parties must give notice in writing to the Registrar, before whom it is to be solemnized.

The Registrar to whom such notice is given must be the Registrar of a district within which one at least of the parties to the marriage has resided for fourteen days before such notice is given.

Such notice may be in the form given in the first schedule to this Act.

Notice to be filed and copy entered in the Marriage Notice Book.

5. The Registrar shall file all such notices and keep them with the records of his office, and shall also forthwith enter a true copy of every such notice in a book to be for that purpose furnished to him by the Government, to be called the "Marriage Notice Book under Act III of 1872," and such book shall be open at all reasonable times, without fee, to all persons desirous of inspecting the same.

Objection to marriage.

6. Fourteen days after notice of an intended marriage has been given under section four, such marriage may be solemnized, unless it has been previously objected to in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

Any person may object to any such marriage on the ground that it would contravene some one or more of the conditions prescribed in clauses (1), (2), (3) or (4) of section two.

The nature of the objection made shall be recorded in writing by the Registrar in the register, and shall, if necessary, be read over and explained to the person making the objection, and shall be signed by him or on his behalf.

Procedure on receipt of objection.

7. On receipt of such notice of objection the Registrar shall not proceed to solemnize the marriage until the lapse of fourteen days from the receipt of such objection, if there be a Court of competent jurisdiction open at the time, or, if there be no such Court open at the time, until the lapse of fourteen days from the opening of such Court.

Objector may file suit.

The person objecting to the intended marriage may file a suit in any Civil Court having local jurisdiction (other than a Court of Small Causes) for a declaratory decree, declaring that such marriage would contravene some one or more of the conditions prescribed in clauses (1), (2), (3) or (4) of section two.

Certificate of filing of suit to be lodged with Registrar.

8. The officer before whom such suit is filed shall thereupon give the person presenting it a certificate to the effect that such suit has been filed. If such certificate be lodged with the Registrar within fourteen days from the receipt of notice of objection, if there be a Court of competent jurisdiction open at the time, or, if there be no such Court open at the time, within fourteen days of the opening of such Court, the marriage shall not be solemnized till the decision of such Court has been given and the period, allowed by law for appeals from such decision, has elapsed; or, if there be an appeal from such decision, till the decision of the Appellate Court has been given.

If such certificate be not lodged in the manner and within the period prescribed in the last preceding paragraph, or if the decision of the Court

be that such marriage would not contravene any one or more of the conditions prescribed in clauses (1), (2), (3) or (4) of section two, such marriage may be solemnized.

If the decision of such Court be that the marriage in question would contravene any one or more of the conditions prescribed in clauses (1), (2), (3) or (4) of section two, the marriage shall not be solemnized.

Court may fine when objection not reasonable.

9. Any Court, in which any such suit as is referred to in section seven is filed, may, if it shall appear to it that the objection was not reasonable and *bonâ fide*, inflict a fine, not exceeding one thousand rupees, on the person objecting, and award it, or any part of it, to the parties to the intended marriage.

Declaration by parties and witnesses.

10. Before the marriage is solemnized, the parties and three witnesses shall, in the presence of the Registrar, sign a declaration in the form contained in the second schedule to this Act. If either party has not completed the age of twenty-one years, the declaration shall also be signed by his or her father or guardian, except in the case of a widow, and, in every case, it shall be countersigned by the Registrar.

Marriage how to be solemnized.

11. The marriage shall be solemnized in the presence of the Registrar and of the three witnesses who signed the declaration. It may be solemnized in any form, provided that each party says to the other, in the presence and hearing of the Registrar and witnesses, 'I, [*A.*] take thee, [*B.*,] to be my lawful wife (*or* husband).'

Place where marriage may be solemnized.

12. The marriage may be celebrated either at the office of the Registrar or at such other place, within reasonable distance of the office of the Registrar, as the parties desire. Provided that the Local Government may prescribe the conditions under which such marriages may be solemnized at places other than the Registrar's office, and the additional fees to be paid thereupon.

Form of certificate.

13. When the marriage has been solemnized, the Registrar shall enter a certificate thereof in a book to be kept by him for that purpose and to be called the 'Marriage Certificate Book under Act III of 1872,' in the form given in the third schedule to this Act, and such certificate shall be signed by the parties to the marriage and the three witnesses.

Fees.

14. The Local Government shall prescribe the fees to be paid to the Registrar for the duties to be discharged by him under this Act.

The Registrar may, if he think fit, demand payment of any such fee before solemnization of the marriage or performance of any other duty in respect of which it is payable.

The said Marriage Certificate Book shall at all reasonable times be open for inspection, and shall be admissible as evidence of the truth of the statements therein contained. Certified extracts therefrom shall on application be given by the Registrar on the payment to him by the applicant of a fee to be fixed by the Local Government for each such extract.

Penalty on married person marrying again under Act.

15. Every person who, being at the time married, procures a marriage of himself to be solemnized under this Act, shall be deemed to have committed an offence under section four hundred and ninety-four or section four hundred and ninety-five of the Indian Penal Code, as the case may be; and the marriage so solemnized is void.

Punishment of bigamy.

16. Every person married under this Act who, during the lifetime of his or her wife or husband, contracts any other marriage, shall be subject to the penalties provided in sections four hundred and ninety-four and four hundred and ninety-five of the Indian Penal Code for the offence of marrying again during the lifetime of a husband or wife, whatever may be the religion which he or she professed at the time of such second marriage.

Indian Divorce Act to apply.

17. The Indian Divorce Act shall apply to all marriages contracted under this Act, and any such marriage may be declared null or dissolved in the manner therein provided, and for the causes therein mentioned, or on the ground that it contravenes some one or more of the conditions prescribed in clauses (1), (2), (3) or (4) of section two of this Act.

Law to apply to issue of marriages under Act.

18. The issue of marriages solemnized under this Act shall, if they marry under this Act, be deemed to be subject to the law to which their fathers were subject as to the prohibition of marriages by reason of consanguinity and affinity, and the provisoes to section two of this Act shall apply to them.

Saving of marriages solemnized otherwise than under Act.

19. Nothing in this Act contained shall affect the validity of any marriage not solemnized under its provisions; nor shall this Act be deemed directly or indirectly to affect the validity of any mode of contracting marriage; but if the validity of any such mode shall hereafter come into question before any Court, such question shall be decided as if this Act had not been passed.

Registry of marriages contracted before passing of Act.

20. All persons who have heretofore contracted marriages in the presence of at least two witnesses, according to any form whatever, may at any time, previous to the first day of January 1873, have such marriages registered under this Act, and such marriages shall thereupon be deemed to be and to have been as valid as if they had been contracted and solemnized under this Act: Provided that persons who have such marriages registered under this section must, on such registry, sign a declaration in the form given in the fourth schedule to this Act.

No marriage shall be registered under this section unless conditions (1), (3) and (4) of section two were complied with; and no such marriage shall be registered under this section if, during its continuance, either party has contracted a subsequent marriage.

21. Every person making, signing or attesting any declaration or certificate prescribed by this Act, containing a statement which is false, and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true, shall be deemed guilty of the offence described in section one hundred and ninety-nine of the Indian Penal Code.

Penalty for signing declarations or certificates containing false statements.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

(*See Section* 4).

NOTICE OF MARRIAGE.

To a Registrar of Marriages under Act III of 1872 for the District.

I hereby give you notice that a marriage under Act III of 1872, is intended to be had, within three calendar months from the date hereof, between me and the other party herein named and described (that is to say):—

Names.	Condition.	Rank or profession.	Age.	Dwelling place.	Length of residence.
A B	*Unmarried. Widower.*	*Landowner.*	*Of full age.*	.....	*23 days.*
C D	*Spinster.*	.....	*Minor.*	.....	.....

Witness my hand, this day of 187 .

(Signed) *A. B.*

SECOND SCHEDULE.

(*See Section* 10).

Declaration to be made by the Bridegroom.

I, *A B*, hereby declare as follows:—

1. I am at the present time unmarried:

2. I do not profess the Christian, Jewish, Hindú, Muhammadan, Pársí, Buddhist, Sikh or Jaina religion.

3. I have completed my age of eighteen years:

4. I am not related to *C D* [*the bride*] in any degree of consanguinity or affinity which would, according to the law to which I am subject, or to which the said *C D* is subject, and subject to the provisoes of clause (4) of section two of Act III of 1872, render a marriage between us illegal:

[*And when the bridegroom has not completed his age of twenty-one years:*

5. The consent of my father [*or* guardian, *as the case may be*] has been given to a marriage between myself and *C D*, and has not been revoked.]

6. I am aware that, if any statement in this declaration is false, and if in making such statement I either know or believe it to be false, or do not believe it to be true, I am liable to imprisonment, and also to fine.

(*Signed*) *A B* (*the bridegroom*).

Declaration to be made by the Bride:—

I, *C D*, hereby declare as follows:—

1. I am at the present time unmarried:

2. I do not profess the Christian, Jewish, Hindú, Muhammadan, Pársí, Buddhist, Sikh or Jaina religion.

3. I have completed my age of fourteen years:

4. I am not related to *A B* [*the bridegroom*] in any degree of consanguinity or affinity which would, according to the law to which I am subject, or to which the said *A B* is subject, and subject to the provisoes of clause (4) of section two of Act III of 1872, render a marriage between us illegal.

[*And when the bride has not completed her age of twenty-one years, unless she is a widow:*

5. The consent of *M N* my father [*or* guardian, *as the case may be*], has been given to a marriage between myself and *A B*, and has not been revoked.]

6. I am aware that, if any statement in this declaration is false, and if in making such statement I either know or believe it to be false, or do not believe it to be true, I am liable to imprisonment, and also to fine.

Signed in our presence by the abovenamed *A B* and *C D*:

G H,
I J,
K L,
} (*three witnesses*).

[*And when the bridegroom or bride has not completed the age of twenty-one years, except in the case of a widow:*

Signed in my presence and with my consent by the above *A B* and *C D*:

M N, the father [*or* guardian] of the abovenamed *A B* [*or C D, as the case may be.*]

(Countersigned) *E F*,

Registrar of Marriages under Act III of 1872 *for the District of*

Dated the day of 18 .

THIRD SCHEDULE.

(*See section* 13).

Registrar's Certificate.

I, *E F*, certify that, on the of 18 appeared before me *A B* and *C D*, each of whom in my presence and in the presence of

three credible witnesses, whose names are signed hereunder, made the declarations required by Act III of 1872, and that a marriage under the said Act was solemnized between them in my presence.

(Signed) *E F,*

Registrar of Marriages under Act III of 1872 *for the District of*

(Signed) *A B,*
C D,

G H,
I J,
K L, } (*three witnesses*).

Dated the day of 18 .

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

(*See section* 20).

Declaration to be made by the Husband.

I, *A B*, hereby declare as follows:—

1. I was married to *C D* at (*place*), on or about (*date*) in the presence of (*two witnesses*):

2. I was, at the time of my marriage to my wife, *C D*, unmarried:

3. I did not at such time profess the Christian, Jewish, Hindú, Muhammadan, Pársí, Buddhist, Sikh or Jaina religion:

4. I have not contracted any subsequent marriage:

5. I am not related to *C D* [*the wife*] in any degree of consanguinity or affinity which would, according to the law to which I am subject, or to which the said *C D* is subject, and subject to the provisoes of clause (4) of section two of Act III of 1872, render a marriage between us illegal:

[*And when the bridegroom had not completed his age of twenty-one years:*

6. The consent of my father [*or* guardian, *as the case may be*], had been given to a marriage between myself and *C D*, and had not been revoked.]

7. I am aware that, if any statement in this declaration is false, and if in making such statement I either know or believe it to be false or do not believe it to be true, I am liable to imprisonment, and also to fine.

(*Signed*) *A B* (*the husband*).

Declaration to be made by the Wife:—

I, *C D*, hereby declare as follows:—

1. I was married to *A B* at (*place*), on or about (*date*) in the presence of (*two witnesses*):

2. I was, at the time of my marriage to my husband, *A B*, unmarried:

3. I did not at such time profess the Christian, Jewish, Hindú, Muhammadan, Pársí, Buddhist, Sikh or Jaina religion:

4. I have not contracted any subsequent marriage:

5. I am not related to *A B* [*the husband*] in any degree of consanguinity or affinity which would, according to the law to which I am subject, or to which the said *A B* is subject, and subject to the provisoes of clause (4) of section two of Act III of 1872, render a marriage between us illegal.

[*And when the bride had not, at the time of her marriage, completed her age of twenty-one years, unless she was then a widow:*

6. The consent of *M N* my father [*or* guardian, *as the case may be*] had at such time been given to a marriage between myself and *A B*, and had not been revoked:]

7 I am aware that, if any statement in this declaration is false, and if in making such statement I either know or believe it to be false, or do not believe it to be true, I am liable to imprisonment, and also to fine.

Signed in our presence by the abovenamed *A B* and *C D:*

G H,
I J, } (*two witnesses*).

(Countersigned) *E F,*

Registrar of Marriages under Act III of 1872 *for the District of*

Dated the day of 18 .

H. S. CUNNINGHAM,
Offg. Secy. to the Council of the Govr. Genl. for making Laws and Regulations.

The following Bill was introduced into the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 19th March 1872, and was referred to a Select Committee with instructions to make their report thereon in two months:—

No. 6 OF 1872.

A Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to the admission of appeals to Her Majesty in Council from judgments and orders of the Civil Courts.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law by which the admission of appeals to Her Majesty in Council from certain judgments and orders of the Civil Courts throughout British India is regulated; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act shall be called "The Privy Councils Appeals Act, 1872:"

Extent.

It extends to the whole of British India, but shall not apply to suits tried by a High Court in any of the Presidency Towns in the exercise of its ordinary original jurisdiction;

Commencement.

and shall come into force on the passing thereof.

2. The several enactments specified in the schedule hereto annexed are repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof.

Repeal of enactments.

3. If any person desires to prefer an appeal to Her Majesty in Council from any final judgment, decree, or order made on appeal or revision by any High Court or other Court of final appellate jurisdiction in India under the law for the time being in force relating to appeals,

Admission of appeals to Her Majesty in Council.

or from any final judgment, decree, or order made by a High Court in the exercise of its original jurisdiction, in any suit in which the amount or value of the subject-matter in dispute exceeds ten thousand rupees, or such amount as may be fixed as the limit for such appeals from time to time by the orders of Her Majesty in Council,

or in which such judgment, decree, or order involves directly or indirectly any claim, demand, or question to or respecting property the amount or value of which is not less than ten thousand rupees, or such other amount as aforesaid,

or from any other final judgment, decree, or order made either on appeal or otherwise when the High Court declares that the case is a fit one for appeal to Her Majesty in Council,

and the application for the admission of the appeal is presented within six months from the date of the judgment, decree, or order appealed from,

the Court shall admit such appeal subject to such rules and orders as may be made from time to time by Her Majesty in Council in regard to the disposal of such appeals.

4. When the High Court or other Court as aforesaid has admitted any such appeal as is mentioned in the last preceding section, it shall forthwith cause notice of such appeal having been made to be given to the opposite party in the suit to which the appeal relates.

Notice to opposite party.

5. If application be made to that effect, the Court may either direct the judgment or order against which an appeal has been preferred to be enforced, sufficient security being taken for the performance of such decree or order as Her Majesty in Council may make on the appeal; or it may direct, on like security being given, that no injunction for the enforcement of the judgment or order shall be issued pending the result of the appeal, or that if any such injunction has been issued, its execution shall, so far as may be practicable, be suspended.

Court may direct enforcement of judgment appealed against or stay injunction pending result of appeal.

6. In either case, the Court shall require the appellant to give security for the payment of such costs as it may think likely to be incurred by the appeal within such period, not exceeding six months from the date of the judgment or order appealed from, as to it may seem fit.

Appellant to give security for costs.

7. Any person who desires to prefer an appeal to Her Majesty in either of the cases hereinbefore mentioned, may present a petition to the High Court or other Court as aforesaid for the purpose of obtaining security from the opposite party for staying execution of the judgment, decree or order against which he is about to appeal, within six months from the date of such judgment, decree or order.

Appellant may petition for security from opposite party for staying execution.

8. If at any time during the pendency of such appeal the security taken is from any cause shewn to be inadequate, the Court which has admitted such appeal may, on the application of the opposite party, require further security; and may, in default of such further security being given, if the original security was furnished by the appellant, enforce the judgment, decree or order against which an appeal has been made as if no such security had been given; if the original security was given by the respondent, the Court shall, so far as may be practicable, compel him to deliver the property to which the appeal relates, and such property shall be dealt with according to the rules in force applicable to such case.

Court may require further security when that first given is insufficient.

9. In every appeal under this Act, the Court shall certify and transmit to Her Majesty in Council under the seal of the Court two correct copies of all evidence, proceedings, judgments, decrees and orders taken, held or made in the suit or case appealed so far as the same are relevant to the matters of appeal, together with a copy of the reasons recorded by such Court for or against the judgment, decree or order against which the appeal has been preferred. The expense of preparing the said copies and of translating so much of the original documents as are not in that language, shall be defrayed by the party prosecuting the appeal; and the amount required to cover such expense shall be deposited by the appellant within the period allowed for furnishing security for the costs of the appeal;

Court to transmit to Queen in Council certified copies of all proceedings.

Deposit of costs by appellant.

Until such deposit is made, the appeal shall not be admitted.

No appeal until deposit made.

10. The orders or decrees of Her Majesty in Council when duly certified shall be enforced and executed subject to the directions of the High Court or other Court as aforesaid, by the Judge by whom the suit was originally tried in the manner and according to the rules and laws applicable to the execution of original orders or decrees made by such Judge.

Execution of decrees of Queen in Council.

11. Any person who desires to enforce or obtain the execution of any such decree or order made in appeal as aforesaid, shall present a petition to the Court which made the first decree or order appealed from, and the said petition shall be accompanied by a certified copy of the decree or order made in appeal and sought to be enforced or executed.

Petition for execution to Court which made decree appealed against.

12. An appeal shall lie from any decree or order made by such last mentioned Court relating to the enforcement or execution of any such decree or order made in appeal as hereinbefore mentioned, in

Appeal from order of such Court relating to enforcement of decree in appeal.

the same manner and subject to the same rules as an appeal from a decree or order made upon a petition for the enforcement or execution of the decree or order first appealed from.

SCHEDULE.

ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

No. and year of enactment.	Title.	Extent of repeal.
Bengal Regulation XVI of 1797.	A Regulation respecting Appeals from the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut to his Most Excellent Majesty and his Most Honourable Privy Council.	The whole.
„ V of 1803.	A Regulation for empowering the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut to try Appeals from the Decisions of the Provincial Court of Appeal established in the Provinces ceded by the Nawaub Vizier to the Honourable the English East India Company; and for extending the Jurisdiction of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut over the said Provinces, and all the Civil Courts established therein.	The whole.
Madras Regulation VIII of 1818.	A Regulation prescribing the Rules under which Appeals may be preferred to the King's Most Excellent Majesty in his Privy Council, from the Decisions of the Court of Sudder Adawlut at Fort Saint George.	The whole.
Bombay Regulation IV of 1827.	A Regulation prescribing the Forms of Proceeding of the Courts of Law in Civil Suits and Appeals, and Rules for the Trial of the same.	Section 100.
Act II of 1844.	An Act respecting the Expenses of preparing Copies of Proceedings in Appeals.	The whole.
Act XXV of 1852.	An Act for the execution of decrees made in appeal by Her Majesty in Council, or by the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut and of the Zillah and City Judges in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	So much as is not repealed.
Act II of 1863	An Act to regulate the admission of Appeals to Her Majesty in Council from certain Judgments and Orders in Provinces not subject to the General Regulations.	The whole.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The law relating to the admission and transmission of appeals from the judgments and orders of the Civil Courts in India to Her Majesty in Council is distributed over the following enactments, namely—

Bengal Regulation XVI of 1797 and Regulation V of 1803 ...
Madras Regulation VIII of 1818 ...
Bombay Regulation IV of 1827, Section 100 ... ...
Act II of 1844 ... ...
Act XXV of 1852 ... } In force in the Regulation territories.

And Act II of 1863 ... In force in the Non-Regulation Provinces.

The chief object of the Bill is to reduce into one Act the provisions of these several enactments, with such alterations of a purely verbal character or of arrangement as are incidental to the work of consolidation.

In consequence of the recent alteration of the law relating to appeals in Oudh—an alteration which is likely to be extended soon to British Burma—. it has become necessary also to provide for the admission of appeals from the decrees and orders of Courts of final jurisdiction under the law for the time being in force relating to appeals, as the existing rules of procedure in respect of the admission of appeals to the Privy Council apply only to appeals from the decrees or orders of the Courts of highest civil jurisdiction.

F. R. COCKERELL.

The 8th March 1872.

H. S. CUNNINGHAM,
Offg. Secy. to the Council of the Govr. Genl. for making Laws and Regulations.

The following Bill was introduced into the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, on the 19th March 1872, and was referred to a Select Committee with instructions to make their report thereon in two months:—

No. 7 OF 1872.

A Bill to consolidate and amend the Law relating to the Redemption and Foreclosure of Mortgages.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the redemption and foreclosure of mortgages in the territories in which the Bengal Regulations are directly or indirectly in force; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called "The Mortgage Procedure Act, 1872;"

Extent. Commencement.

It extends to the territories subject to the control of the Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and the Panjáb, respectively, and to Oudh and the Central Provinces; and it shall come into force on the passing thereof.

Enactments repealed.

2. The enactments mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed are repealed to the extent specified in the third column thereof.

Mortgagor of landed property desiring to redeem it, may deposit amount of debt within year after due date.

3. Any person who has, by conditional sale or otherwise, mortgaged any landed property, and is desirous of redeeming the same, may deposit the amount due on account of principal and interest (if any) in respect of such mortgage in the chief Civil Court of the district in which the mortgaged land is situated, at any time within one year from the latest date fixed for the re-payment of the loan.

The Court shall receive such deposit and cause a written notice of the same to be delivered to the mortgagee.

Notice of deposit to mortgagee.

The deposit so made shall be deemed to preserve to the mortgagor the right of redeeming his property, and if the land is in the possession of the mortgagee, the mortgagor shall be entitled to recover possession subject to such adjustment of accounts as may be required under the terms of the mortgage.

Effect of deposit.

4. When any person in whose favour a deed of mortgage and conditional sale of landed property has been executed is desirous of foreclosing the mortgage and rendering the sale absolute, he may, on or after the expiration of the period stipulated for the repayment of the consideration for which the mortgage was executed, institute a suit in any Court of competent jurisdiction for the foreclosure of the mortgage.

Mortgagee desiring foreclosure may bring suit.

5. If the Court makes a decree of foreclosure in such suit, the foreclosure shall be conditional on the non-payment by the mortgagor of such amount as the Court finds to be due by him to the mortgagee, within one year from the date on which the mortgagor received notice of the institution of the suit.

Condition to attach to decree for foreclosure.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The procedure relating to the preservation of the right of redemption of mortgaged property and to foreclosure in force in the Bengal Presidency is prescribed by the Bengal Regulations I of 1798, XXXIV of 1803 and XVII of 1806.

The object of the proposed legislation is (*1st*) to consolidate the law by which this procedure is regulated; and, (*2nd*), to amend the procedure by assimilating it in a certain measure to the English law on this subject.

F. R. COCKERELL.

The 18th March 1872.

H. S. CUNNINGHAM,
Offg. Secy. to the Council of the Govr. Genl. for making Laws and Regulations.

The following Report of a Select Committee, together with the Bill as settled by them was presented to the Council of the Governor-General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 5th March 1872:—

We, the undersigned, the Members of the Select Committee of the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, to which the Bill to amend Act XII of 1870 (the Native Passenger Ships Act) was referred, have the honour to report that we have considered the Bill and the papers noted in the margin, and beg to recommend the following alterations:—

Petition from certain Muhammadans of Calcutta and its suburbs, dated 9th November 1870.
Memorial from certain ship-owners of Bombay.
Opinion of the Advocate General, Bengal, dated 12th November 1870.
Endorsement, Department of Agriculture, Revenue and Commerce, No. 34, dated 14th July 1871, forwarding telegrams from Home Department, Nos. 5095 and 5124, dated 23rd and 22nd November 1870.
From Officiating Secretary to Government, Home Department, No. 5615, dated 20th December 1870.
From Advocate General, Calcutta, dated 9th January 1871.
Circular from Home Department, Nos. 733 to 736, dated 7th January 1871.
From Acting Chief Secretary to Government, Madras, No. 113, dated 19th April 1871, and enclosures.
From Chief Secretary to Government, Bombay, No. 1541, dated 13th June 1871, and enclosure.
From Officiating Under Secretary to Government, Bengal, No. 612, dated 28th February 1871, and enclosures.
From Secretary to Chief Commissioner, British Burma, No. 548-6, dated 27th February 1871.
Note by Hon'ble F. S. Chapman, dated 5th December 1871.
From Secretary to Government, Madras, No. 177, dated 18th December 1871, and enclosures.
From Secretary to Government, Madras, No. 2, dated 5th January 1872.
From Secretary to Government, Bengal, No. 163, dated 13th January 1872, and enclosures.
Demi-official letter from Hon'ble F. S. Chapman, dated 10th January 1872, forwarding Resolution of the Government of Bombay (General Department), No. 52, dated 15th January 1872, and enclosures.
From Secretary to Government, Bengal, No. 234, dated 18th January 1872, and enclosure.
From Acting Chief Secretary to Government, Bombay, No. 424, dated 26th January 1872, and enclosures.
Telegram from Chief Secretary to Government, Bombay, No. 425, dated 26th January 1872.
From Secretary to Government, Bombay, No. 771, dated 15th February 1872, forwarding letter from Chamber of Commerce, dated 7th February 1872.

2. We consider that the scope of chapter II of the Bill might, with advantage, be enlarged, so as to include—

1st, all sea-going vessels, without distinction, except ships-of-war or transports;

2nd, all sea-going vessels which may depart from any port or place in British India or in the dominions of Princes and States in India in alliance with Her Majesty to any port or place whatever, whether in the Red Sea or elsewhere, and whether owned by or commanded by Native Indian subjects of Her Majesty or by others.

3. We propose to alter the definition of "Native Passenger Ship" so as to mean vessels carrying more than sixty Native passengers, and to provide that servants in attendance

on their masters are not to be counted as Native passengers. By this alteration, we consider we shall meet any objection which the Peninsular and Oriental, the British India and other large and well regulated Steam Navigation Companies might otherwise reasonably offer to being brought under the provisions of the Act.

4. We propose that the quantity of stored water shall not, even when the vessel is provided with a serviceable condenser, be less than at the rate of four gallons per head per week.

5. With a view to the case of ships owned by persons other than British subjects, we have provided that, when a Convention between the Indian and Turkish Governments has been entered into, to the effect that all Masters of Native Passenger Ships leaving a Turkish for an Indian port, shall execute a bond binding them to touch at Aden and get a clean bill of health from that place, the Master of any such vessel arriving without such clean bill of health, shall be liable forthwith to pay the full penalty of the bond.

6. We recommend that the Bill as thus amended be passed.

F. S. CHAPMAN.

J. F. STEPHEN.

R. STEWART.

J. R. BULLEN SMITH.

F. R. COCKERELL.

The 5th March 1872.

A Bill to amend Act XII of 1870 *(the Native Passenger Ships Act).*

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend Act XII of 1870 (the Native Passenger Ships Act); It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Amendment of sec. 2, Act XII of 1870.

1. Instead of section two of the said Act, the following shall be read:

"2. This Act extends to British India and applies also to all subjects of Her Majesty within the dominions of Princes and States in alliance with Her Majesty, and to all Native Indian subjects of Her Majesty without and beyond British India.

Extent of Act.

"Nothing in this Act applies to any Ship-of-War or Transport belonging to or in the service of Her Majesty, or to any Ship-of-War belonging to any Foreign Prince or State, or to any ship under contract with the Government of any European State."

Act not to apply to Ships-of-War, &c.

Amendment of sec. 4.

2. Instead of the last paragraph of section four of the said Act, the following shall be read:

"The words 'Native Passenger Ship' mean a vessel, whether sailing or steam, carrying more than sixty passengers, being natives of Asia or Africa; provided that no person in attendance upon another person other than a native of India, shall be deemed a passenger for the purposes of this section.',

"Native Passenger Ship."

Addition to section 12.

3. After section twelve of the said Act, the following proviso shall be added:

"Provided that, in the case of Steam Ships, the officer aforesaid may, if under the circumstances of the case he thinks fit, reduce the space to be appropriated to passengers in the between decks under the requirements of this section, to a space containing at the least nine superficial and fifty-four cubical feet of space for every adult passenger on board."

Addition to section 21.

4. After section twenty-one of the said Act, the following proviso shall be added:

"Provided also that, in the case of Steam Ships provided with a condenser, the officer authorised in that behalf may, if under the circumstances of the case he thinks fit, reduce the amount of water to be provided under the requirements of this section to an amount not less than four gallons to every week of the declared duration of the voyage, for every passenger on board."

Addition after section 26.

5. After section twenty-six of the said Act, the following shall be read:—

Penalty on Master of Turkish Ship bound from Turkish to Indian port entering latter without clean bill of health in breach of Convention.

26A. Whenever a Convention shall have been entered into between the Governor General of India in Council and the Turkish Government that every Master of a Native Passenger Ship leaving a Turkish port or place and bound for

any port or place in British India, whether it be owned by a subject of Her Majesty or not, shall execute a bond binding him in a penalty to touch at Aden, and not to proceed thence without a clean bill of health obtained in the manner provided in section twenty-five, any Master of any such ship, whether he be a subject of Her Majesty or not, who shall come into any port or place in British India without such clean bill of health, may be taken by the officer in charge of such port or place before any Magistrate having local jurisdiction, and on proof that such Master has come from a Turkish port or place, such Magistrate shall presume that such bond was duly executed by such Master, and in default of production of such clean bill of health, shall presume that the penalty mentioned in such bond has been incurred, and may award the full amount or any part of such penalty against such Master, and, in default of payment of such penalty, may recover it as though it were a fine imposed under this Act.

Act to be read as part of Act XII of 1870.

6. This Act shall be read as part of Act XII of 1870.

H. S. CUNNINGHAM,

Offg. Secy. to the Council of the Govr. Genl. for making Laws and Regulations.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 1st February 1872, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor General on the 7th March 1872, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. I OF 1872.

An Act to extend the borrowing powers of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, and to provide for the repayment of municipal debt.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to increase the amount which the Justices are authorized to borrow, by way of debentures or otherwise, under the provisions of Section 9 of Act IX of 1867, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and whereas it is expedient to provide for the repayment of municipal debentures and loans; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Justices not to borrow more than 85 lakhs.

1. In the said section, for the words "sum of fifty-five lakhs of rupees," wherever such words occur, shall be substituted the words "sum of eighty-five lakhs of rupees;" and the said section shall be hereafter read and construed as if the words hereby directed to be substituted were inserted in place of the words for which they are hereby directed to be substituted.

Borrowing powers thereafter to cease.

2. So soon as the aggregate sums from time to time borrowed by the Justices by way of debenture or otherwise, exclusive of any sums now due by them to the Secretary of State for India in Council, shall amount to the said sum of eighty-five lakhs of rupees, the borrowing powers of the Justices shall thereupon cease and determine, save so far as they are hereinafter expressly reserved.

Establishment of reserve fund.

3. The Justices shall be bound to set aside yearly out of their annual income, before making any disbursements in respect thereof, a sum of not less than two per cent. on the total sum borrowed by the Justices, exclusive of the sum now due by them to the Secretary of State for India in Council, and shall appropriate the same, so far as it is required or will extend, to repay the amount (if any) of such loans or debentures issued by them as shall fall due in the course of the year. And they shall invest the surplus (if any) of the said sum after repayment as aforesaid; or in case there has not been any amount due or paid in respect of such loans or debentures during the year, then they shall invest the whole of the said sum in Government securities or in any securities guaranteed by Government, or in Calcutta Municipal debentures in the names of the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue Department and the Accountant-General of the Government of Bengal, respectively for the time being, to be by them held as Trustees for the purpose of repaying at due date from time to time the several loans contracted or debentures issued by the Justices. And all moneys and securities now held by any Trustees appointed by the said Justices for the purpose of paying off any portion of the said fifty-five lakhs shall be forthwith transferred to the Trustees under this Act, and invested in their names and held by them upon the trusts hereinbefore declared. All interest accruing due to the Trustees shall also from time to time be invested by them in like manner and held upon the like trust.

Appropriation of reserve fund.

4. It shall be the duty of the Trustees from time to time, whenever any loans or debentures shall fall due by the Justices, to realize the whole or a sufficient portion of the securities held by them as aforesaid, and appropriate the sale proceeds thereof, so far as the same will extend, to satisfy such loans or debentures. In case any balance in respect of such loans or debentures so falling due as aforesaid shall remain unsatisfied after appropriation thereto of the sale proceeds of the whole of such securities, then the Justices may, for the purpose of paying such unsatisfied balance, issue new debentures in manner as is provided by Act VI of 1863, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, section 93, clause 3, or otherwise contract new loans for any sum not exceeding such amount as may be necessary for the purpose aforesaid.

Account of reserve fund.

5. The Trustees shall at the end of every year submit a statement to the Justices, showing the amount which has been invested during the year under the third section of this Act, and setting forth the date of the last investment made previous thereto, and also the aggregate amount of the securities then in their hands, and the aggregate amount which has up to the date thereof been paid off in respect of the said debentures and loans. Such statement shall be laid before the Justices and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Construction of Act.

6. This Act shall be read with and as part of Act VI of 1863, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and of the said Act IX of 1867.

HERBERT COWELL,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.
Legislative Department.

THE following Act of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 13th February 1872, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor General on the 12th March 1872, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. II OF 1872.

An Act to amend the law for the registration of Jute Warehouses and to provide for the establishment of an efficient Fire-brigade.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend so much of Act VI of 1866, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, as provides for the registering and licensing of jute warehouses; and whereas it is expedient to provide for the organization and maintenance of a Fire-brigade; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called "The Jute Warehouse and Fire-brigade Act, 1872."

It extends to the whole of the town of Calcutta, and to such portions of the Suburbs thereof as are for the time being subject to the operation of Act II of 1866, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and also to the Municipality of Howrah. And it shall commence and take effect, except in the Municipality of Howrah, immediately upon the passing thereof. In the said Municipality it shall commence and take effect from such date as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct by notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Interpretation.

2. The words mentioned in this section shall for the purposes of this Act have the meanings herein assigned to them, except when from the context a contrary intention appears.

"Jute." "Cotton."

"Jute" and "Cotton" mean respectively "Jute" and "Cotton" which have not been pressed or screwed as if for shipment.

"Person."

"Person" includes a firm and a Hindu undivided family.

"Insurance Company."

"Insurance Company" means any Association or person who may carry on the business of fire insurance, whether such Association be incorporated or not, and the agent or agents of such Association or person.

"Magistrate."

"Magistrate" includes a Justice of the Peace for Calcutta, and any person exercising all or any of the powers of a Magistrate.

"Jute Warehouse."

"Jute Warehouse" means any warehouse, store, depôt, yard, godown or other place used for the storing, keeping, pressing, or depositing of jute or cotton or other substance for the time being subject to the operation of this Act.

Repeal of Sections.

3. From and after the 31st July next after the passing of this Act, sections 38, 39, 40, and 41, of Act VI of 1866, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, are hereby repealed, but such repeal shall not affect any registration made, or any act or offence done or committed, or any penalty or liability incurred under the said sections.

PART II.

JUTE WAREHOUSES.

Existing warehouses not to be used till licensed.

4. No jute warehouse, existing at the date of the commencement of this Act within the limits of its operation, shall be used after the 31st July next following such date for the storing, keeping, pressing, or depositing of jute or cotton, unless the owner or occupier thereof shall have previously obtained a license under this Act for such use.

Existing warehouses to be inspected and reported on.

5. As soon as may be after the passing of this Act the Justices at a special meeting shall appoint from their own number a special committee, consisting of seven members, one of whom must be the Chairman of the Justices, whose duty it shall be to visit, inspect, and report on every jute warehouse existing within the town of Calcutta. And the special Committee shall report before the 15th day of the said month of July to the Justices whether a license can be granted to all or any such warehouses without risk to life and property in the neighbourhood thereof respectively. No jute warehouse shall be reported upon by the special committee until it shall have been visited by a quorum of not less than three members of the special committee. The Justices at a special meeting may award such fee as they may think fit to each member of the special committee, not being a salaried member of the corporation of Justices.

Licenses for existing warehouses.

6. On receiving the report of the committee it shall be within the discretion of the Justices at a special meeting to grant or refuse a license for any jute warehouse mentioned in the said report. Provided that if in the opinion of the Justices the said jute warehouse may be rendered fit for use without risk to life or property in the neighbourhood thereof the Justices shall certify to the owner and occupier thereof the conditions and restrictions under which the said jute warehouse may in their opinion be so rendered fit for use, and upon the said owner or occupier complying with the terms of such conditions and restrictions to the satisfaction of the Justices at a special meeting they shall grant to him a license in respect thereof. Every license granted under this section shall be subject to the payment of an annual fee to be imposed and paid in manner as in the next succeeding section is directed, and to such other of the conditions mentioned therein as the Justices may think fit.

Licenses for new warehouses.

7. Any person proposing to establish a new jute warehouse within the town of Calcutta shall send to the Justices a plan of the warehouse so proposed to be established, and

it shall be within the discretion of the Justices at a special meeting to grant or refuse a license to establish the same.

Every license for a jute warehouse granted under this section shall be subject to the following conditions, *viz.* :—

(1.) That no loose jute, jute rejections or cuttings, or cotton, shall be stored or screwed, or pressed or combed or dried, save within a building, the walls of which shall be of burnt bricks or of stone or of iron, and all the roof of which, including the beams on which such roof rests, shall be of iron, or of masonry or of tiles;

(2.) That such jute warehouse and the buildings therein shall be supplied with solid doors or gates which can be securely closed;

(3.) That no portion of such jute warehouse shall be used as a residence, and no artificial light or lucifer matches shall be introduced therein, and that no person shall smoke therein;

(4.) That such jute warehouse shall be at any time open to inspection;

(5.) That the engines and furnaces used in such jute warehouse shall be placed as may be considered necessary for safety by the Justices;

(6.) That an annual fee, as the Justices at a special meeting may think fit, shall be imposed in respect thereof at one of the following rates, *viz.* :—

Rupees	...	1,000
,,	...	750
,,	...	500
,,	...	250

and shall be paid in such instalments as the Justices may direct.

In fixing the amount of fee to be paid in respect of any jute warehouse, the Justices at such special meeting shall have regard to the annual value thereof as it is for the time being assessed to the payment of municipal taxes, to the size and position of the jute warehouse, to the number and excellence of the pressing machines erected in such jute warehouse, and to the probable income derived from such jute warehouse by its occupier or owner.

(7.) Such other special conditions as the Justices may, on consideration of the special circumstances of such jute warehouse, deem necessary to prevent risk to life and property in the neighbourhood.

Appointment of inspecting officers.

8. The Justices shall appoint suitable officers for the inspection of jute warehouses within the town of Calcutta; and it shall be lawful for any officer so appointed, and for any superintendent or inspector of police within the said town, to enter at any time into any jute warehouse, where jute or cotton may be kept, and to inspect the same.

Breach of conditions.

9. It shall be in the discretion of the Justices at a special meeting to cancel, or to suspend for such time as they shall think fit, the license of any jute warehouse in respect of which any one or more of the conditions under which such license has been granted shall appear to them to have been broken.

Municipal Commissioners to have the same powers as Justices.

10. In regard to any jute warehouse situated or used or proposed to be established or used out of the town of Calcutta and within the limits of the operation of this Act, the powers and duties conferred and imposed by this Part, and by every section thereof upon the Justices, or the Justices at a special meeting, shall be exercised and discharged by the Municipal Commissioners, or the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting respectively within whose jurisdiction such jute warehouse is situated. The annual fee in respect of any license for a jute warehouse granted by the said Municipal Commissioners may be at the rate of Rs. 150, or at any one of the rates mentioned in section 7, clause 6.

Penalties.

Penalty for not taking out license.

11. Any person who shall after the 31st day of the said July without a license under this Act use any jute warehouse, for keeping or depositing jute or cotton, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding one hundred rupees for each day during which he may use or continue to use such jute warehouse as aforesaid.

Penalty for establishing warehouse without license.

12. Any person who shall without a license use any jute warehouse, for keeping or depositing jute or cotton established after the commencement of this Act shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding five hundred rupees, and to a further penalty not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which such jute warehouse is used for keeping or depositing jute or cotton without a license.

Penalty for using warehouse after refusal of license.

13. Any person who shall after the 31st day of the said July use a jute warehouse for the keeping or depositing of jute or cotton after the Justices or Municipal Commissioners shall have refused or cancelled a license in respect thereof, or during the time for which such license shall have been suspended, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding five hundred rupees, and to a further penalty not exceeding one hundred rupees for every day during which any such jute warehouse may be so used as aforesaid.

Penalty for introducing fire, &c.

14. Whoever in contravention of the license shall introduce or use in any jute warehouse, in which jute or cotton is kept or deposited, any fire or lucifer matches or shall smoke therein, and whoever shall violate any of the conditions or restrictions under which the said license is granted, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees for any one such offence.

PART III.

Fire-Brigade.

Organization of fire-brigade.

15. Within six months from the date of the passing of this Act the Justices shall organize and thereafter maintain an efficient fire-brigade for the town and suburbs of Calcutta.

All existing public fire-engines, with the establishments and buildings thereto belonging, except

those belonging to the Military Department or to the Port Commissioners incorporated under Act V of 1870, shall be transferred to the fire-brigade to be established under this Act. The Justices shall have power to appoint and remove any members or officers of the fire-brigade; and they shall furnish the fire-brigade with all such steam or other fire-engines, horses, oxen, accoutrements, tools, and implements, as may be necessary for the complete equipment of the force, or conducive to the efficient performance of their duties.

Power to frame Bye-laws.

16. The Justices at a special meeting may frame bye-laws in respect of the following subjects:—

(1.) Giving of gratuities to persons who have given notice of fires.

(2.) Awarding gratuities by way of a gross sum or annual payment to be from time to time awarded to any member of the fire-brigade or other person specially deserving of reward.

(3.) For the training, discipline, and good conduct of the members of the force; not being members of the Calcutta and Suburban Police Force.

(4.) For the speedy attendance of such members with engines and all necessary implements on the occasion of any alarm of fire.

(5.) Imposing and summarily realizing a fine not exceeding one week's wages from any member of the brigade who may infringe these bye-laws.

(6) And generally for the maintenance of the fire-brigade in a due state of efficiency.

Powers of fire-brigade in cases of fire.

17. On the occasion of a fire, the chief or other officer in charge of the fire-brigade on the spot may remove, or may order any member of the brigade to remove any persons whose presence shall interfere with the due operation of the brigade; and generally, he may take any measures which may appear necessary for the preservation of life and property; and he shall have power by himself or by his men to break into or through or pull down any premises for the purpose of putting an end to the fire, doing as little damage as possible; and he may also cause the mains and pipes of any district to be shut off so as to give greater pressure of water in the place where the fire has occurred. He may also call on the officer in charge of the Port Commissioners' fire-engine to render such assistance as may be possible in the case of any fire occurring near the river bank. The chief officer on the spot in charge of the brigade may verbally nominate and depute one or more officers of the brigade to act at a distance, and such officer or officers shall have for the time being the like powers as the chief officer himself possesses under this section.

Police officers to render assistance.

Police officers of all grades shall be authorized to aid the fire-brigade in the execution of its duties. They may close any street in or near which a fire is burning, and they may, of their own motion or on the request of the chief or other officer of the fire-brigade, remove any persons who interfere by their presence with the operations of the fire-brigade.

Damage done to be deemed damage by fire.

Any damage done by the fire-brigade in the due execution of their duties shall be deemed to be damage by fire within the meaning of any policy of insurance of property in Calcutta or the suburbs against fire.

But nothing in this section shall exempt any officer of the police or of the fire-brigade from liability to damages on account of any acts done by him without reasonable cause.

Inquiry into origin of fire.

18. In the case of any fire occurring in Calcutta or the suburbs the chief officer of the fire-brigade shall ascertain the facts as to the origin and cause of such fire and shall make a report thereon to the Magistrate having jurisdiction in the place in which such fire shall have occurred, and the said Magistrate, in any case where he may see fit, shall summon witnesses and take evidence in order to the further ascertainment of such facts.

Licenses and Penalties.

License for using fire-works.

19. No person shall let off rockets or send up fire-balloons in the town or suburbs of Calcutta without a license from the Commissioner of Police, for which license a fee of ten rupees shall be payable.

License for sale or manufacture thereof.

20. No person shall sell or manufacture fire-works in the town or suburbs of Calcutta without a license from the Commissioner of Police, for which a yearly fee of ten Rupees shall be payable in advance.

Penalty for using without license.

21. Whoever shall let off rockets or send up fire-balloons in the town or suburbs of Calcutta without a license as aforesaid shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees for any one such offence.

Penalty for selling, &c.

22. Whoever shall sell or manufacture fire-works in the town or suburbs of Calcutta without a license as aforesaid shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees.

Power to withdraw license.

23. The Commissioner may at his discretion, and after thirty days' notice, withdraw or suspend any license granted by him under this Act.

Liability of house-holders.

24. In the event of any rockets being let off, or fire-balloons sent up within the precincts of any private premises or compound within the town or suburbs of Calcutta, without the express permission in writing of the Commissioner of Police, the occupier, or owner, or person under whose immediate control the said premises or compound is, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, unless he can prove who the person having committed the offence is, and that the offence was committed without his knowledge.

PART IV.

EXPENSES AND FUNDS.

Application of fund.

25. The Justices and Municipal Commissioners respectively shall apply the moneys derived from the fees and penalties levied under this Act within their respective jurisdictions in payment of all expenses incurred by them respectively in or about the inspection and superintendence of jute warehouses, and the granting of licenses in respect thereof. In the case of Calcutta and the suburbs, the balance of such monies after payment of the said expenses shall be paid to the credit of an account in the books of the Justices to be called the fire-brigade account.

Contribution by Insurance Companies.

26. Every Insurance Company that insures from fire any property within the town and suburbs of Calcutta shall pay annually to the Justices, by way of contribution towards the expenses of the said fire-brigade, a sum at the rate of half a rupee for every ten thousand rupees on the gross amount insured by it in respect of such property. All sums paid to the Justices under this section shall be credited to the fire-brigade fund. The said payments shall be made quarterly in advance, on such dates as the Justices may appoint: and arrears on account of these payments shall be realizable as if they were arrears of rates due to the Justices, and all the provisions of Act VI of 1863 (passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council) and of any Act amending the same shall be applicable so far as the circumstances will permit to the recovery of moneys due under this section.

Insurance Companies to make returns.

27. For the purpose of ascertaining the amount to be contributed by every such Insurance Company as aforesaid, every Insurance Company insuring property from fire within the town and suburbs of Calcutta shall, on the 30th day of June 1872, and on every succeeding 30th day of June, or on such other days as the Justices may appoint, make a return to the said Justices, in such form as they may require, of the gross amount insured by it in respect of property within the said town and suburbs. At the foot of every such return shall be appended a certificate by the Secretary or chief officer or manager of such Insurance Company in Calcutta, stating that to the best of his knowledge and belief the return contains a true and faithful account of the sums insured by the Company to which he belongs in respect of such property. Such Secretary or chief officer or manager shall allow either the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman or the Secretary to the Justices to inspect at any time during the hours of business any books and papers that will enable him to ascertain the correctness of the return; and every Secretary or chief officer or manager as aforesaid failing to comply with the requisition of this section in respect of such inspection shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees for each offence. The Justices on receiving the report of such inspection may alter the return accordingly.

The return made in the June of one year, or such return as altered on inspection by the Justices, shall be the basis of the contributions for the year beginning on the first day of January next succeeding.

Penalty for not making a return.

28. If any Insurance Company makes default in making such returns to the Justices as are required by this Act, the said Company or Secretary or chief officer or manager thereof shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which it is so in default.

Proportions of contribution towards payment of expenses of fire-brigade.

29. The cost of all establishments and plant hired or purchased, and of all other charges under Part III of this Act, shall be paid from the fire-brigade fund. The full amount of such charges over and above the moneys which may accrue to the fire-brigade fund under sections 25 and 26 of this Act, shall be contributed by the Justices, and by the Commissioners of the suburbs, in the following proportions, namely,—by the Justices, seven-tenths; by the said Commissioners, three-tenths. At the end of each quarter of a year, the Justices shall certify to the said Commissioners the total cost of the fire-brigade for such year, the money which may have accrued under sections 25 and 26 of this Act, and the precise sum which must be paid by each body charged with the cost of the Calcutta fire-brigade under this Act. On the receipt of such certificate, the said Commissioners shall pay the sum certified against them by the Justices: provided that in no case shall the three-tenths payable by the said Commissioners in any year after the first year of the establishment of the fire-brigade exceed the sum of ten thousand rupees.

PART V.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Lieutenant-Governor may declare the warehousing of any other substance to be subject to Act.

30. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, on the recommendation of the Justices passed by resolution, to declare that any other fibre or any commodity which is stored or deposited in warehouses besides jute or cotton shall be warehoused and kept subject to the provisions of Part II of this Act. When such declaration shall have been made in the *Calcutta Gazette*, this Act shall be read as if the name or names of the said fibre or commodity had been printed in addition to the words "jute" or "cotton" in the several sections of Part II wherein the said words "jute" or "cotton" may occur.

Submission of reports.

31. The Justices and Municipal Commissioners respectively shall make a report to the Lieutenant-Governor as soon as conveniently may be after the 31st July next, showing how the provisions of this Act have been carried out, and specifying the jute warehouses in respect of which licenses have been granted. Such reports shall be forthwith published in the *Calcutta Gazette*. And

thereafter the Justices and Municipal Commissioners shall make a like report once a year at such time as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct.

Power to arrest.

32. Any person committing any offence in respect of which a penalty is provided by section 14 or section 24 of this Act may, if his name and address be unknown, be arrested by any officer to be by the Justices or the Municipal Commissioners within their respective jurisdictions thereunto appointed, and by such officer or any person by him thereunto authorized, or by any officer of police, forthwith conveyed before some Magistrate having jurisdiction in the place in which such offence shall have been committed, or shall be taken to the nearest police station within the said jurisdiction in order that such person may be detained until he can be brought before a Magistrate, or until he shall enter into recognizance with or without sureties, for his appearance before a Magistrate.

Offenders to be brought to trial.

33. Whenever such person shall be taken to a police station, the officer in charge of such station shall, as soon as conveniently may be, cause him to be conveyed before some Magistrate having jurisdiction in the matter.

Summary jurisdiction.

34. Whenever any person shall be charged with the commission of any offence under this Act before a Magistrate, such Magistrate may forthwith hear and summarily determine the charge of such offence. Any thing made punishable by this Act shall be deemed to be an offence within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, and without the limits of the town of Calcutta, shall be dealt with, save as herein otherwise provided, under the provisions of chapter XV of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Construction of Act.

35. This Act so far as it relates to the town of Calcutta shall be read with, and taken as part of the said Act VI of 1863, and the subsequent Acts amending the same; and so far as it relates to the suburbs of Calcutta, or to the Municipality of Howrah, it shall be read with and taken as part of Act III of 1864, passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and of the subsequent Acts amending the same.

HERBERT COWELL,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

THE following Bill was read in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 20th January 1872, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 24th February next:—

THE BENGAL MUNICIPALITIES BILL, 1872.

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A Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend and consolidate the law relating to Municipalities within the territories subject to the government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and to make better provision for the self-government of towns and places within the said territories, for the maintenance of police, for the conservancy and improvement of such towns and places, for the diffusion of education therein, and for other objects of utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the said towns; It is enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the "Bengal Municipali-

PART I.—PRELIMINARY.

Division of Act.

2. This Act shall be divided into thirteen several heads or parts:—

the *first* relating to preliminary matters;

the *second* relating to municipal authorities;

the *third* relating to municipal taxation;

the *fourth* relating to the mode of recovery of municipal taxes;

the *fifth* relating to the municipal fund and its application.

the *sixth* relating to the registration of births and deaths;

the *seventh* relating to the municipal police;

the *eighth* relating to the intervention by Government in municipal affairs.

the *ninth* relating to various municipal regulations for conservancy and otherwise;

the *tenth* relating to municipal markets;

the *eleventh* relating to the jurisdiction of Commissioners in municipal and other cases;

the *twelfth* relating to third class municipalities;
the *thirteenth* relating to miscellaneous matters.

Context.

3. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the several meanings hereby assigned to them, except where a different intention shall appear from the context, (that is to say)—

"Magistrate of the district" means the chief executive administration of a district in criminal matters by whatsoever designation such officer is called.

"Magistrate of the district."

"Magistrate" means the officer exercising all or any of the powers of a Magistrate, and charged with the immediate executive administration in criminal matters in any sub-division of a district, within which any place to which this Act may be extended may be situated, by whatsoever designation such officer is called. In respect to any such place which is not situated within a sub-division of a district, the powers by this Act conferred on the Magistrate may be exercised by the Magistrate of the district or by a Joint-Magistrate.

"Magistrate."

"Sub-divisional officer" means the officer in executive charge of a sub-divisional district.

"Sub-divisional officer."

"Municipality" means any place to which this Act or part thereof shall have been extended. A Municipality created under this Act shall be distinguished as a first class Municipality, or as a second class Municipality, in manner as in the next succeeding section is provided. Any place to which Part XII of this Act shall have been extended shall be deemed to be a third class Municipality.

"Municipality."

"The Commissioners" means the persons appointed or elected by the rate-payers to conduct the affairs of any Municipality under this Act, and shall include ex-officio Commissioners under this Act.

"The Commissioners."

"House" includes any hut, shop, or warehouse.

"House."

"Place" includes any town, village, hamlet, suburb, bazaar, station, or tract of country.

"Place."

"Land" includes fields, plantations, and gardens.

"Land."

"Bazaar" includes any place of trade where there is a collection of shops or warehouses, and any place where a market is held.

"Bazaar."

"Road" means any road, street, square, court, alley or passage, whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of way, together with such land (not being private property) whether covered or not by any pavement, verandah, or other erection or structure, as may be between the roadway and the main wall of any house or houses adjacent thereto; and also the roadway over any public bridge or causeway within the place; and the expression "in or near any road" designates any site within the place. Provided that nothing in this section shall be taken to interfere with any easement enjoyed by any person in respect of such land at the date of the passing of this Act.

"Road."

"Owner" means the person for the time being receiving the rent of the land or premises, whether paid in money or in kind, or in charge of the thing in connection with which the word is used, whether on his own account or as agent or trustee for any other person, or who would so receive the rent if such land or premises were let to a tenant. Provided that no person receiving the rent of land or premises as agent for another person shall be liable to make any outlay by this Act required to be made by the owner of such land or premises in excess of the amount of the funds, or of the value of the produce belonging to the owner which he may have in his possession; nor shall he be subject to any penalty if he can prove that he has made the outlay required to the extent of such funds.

"Owner."

"Official year" means the year beginning on the first day of April, or such other date as may hereafter be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

"Official year."

Limits of the operation of this Act.

4. All the provisions of this Act, except those contained in Part XII, shall have effect in any place not being within the limits of the town of Calcutta and of the southern portion of Hastings as defined by Act V of 1868 (passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council), to which the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal may extend the same, and from such date as may by him be specified,

by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*. Provided that every such notification shall specify such provisions of Parts IX and X of this Act as are thereby extended to such place, and all provisions contained in the two last mentioned parts as are not specially mentioned in the said notification shall be deemed to be of no force or effect whatever in the place to which such notification applies. From and after the date mentioned in the said notification such place shall be deemed and taken to be created a Municipality for the purposes of this Act; and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to define the limits of such Municipality, and from time to time to alter or amend such definition, and the Lieutenant-Governor shall declare at the time of extending the said Act to such place, whether the same shall, for the purposes of this Act, be a first class or a second class Municipality, and may at any time thereafter by notification alter the class. The Lieutenant-Governor may further, from time to time, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, declare to be united for the purposes of this Act, any number of towns or villages or parts thereof; provided that no portion of this Act shall be extended to any village inhabited by persons more than one-half of whom may be employed in agriculture only, or dependent for support on lands so employed, or habitually exercising trades and occupations only for the use of persons so employed, except the provisions of Parts XII and XIII of this Act. All the provisions of Parts XII and XIII of this Act shall have effect in any place to which the same may be extended by the Lieutenant-Governor or by any officer empowered in that regard under Section 202 of this Act.

Repeal of certain Acts.

5. From and after the creation of any Municipality under the provisions of the next preceding section, the provisions of the Acts named in Schedule (A) hereto annexed shall cease to have effect therein, except as to any assessment made, or as to any act done, or as to any liability incurred, or as to any money due, or as to any proceedings theretofore commenced. Provided that the repeal by this Act of any enactment shall not affect any Act in which such enactment has been applied or referred to. And all references made to any of the Acts named in the said schedule in subsequent Acts, orders or contracts, shall be read, so far as the context will allow, as if made to this Act.

All the property and rights of action of the Municipal Commissioners appointed under Acts mentioned in Schedule (A) vested in the Commissioners appointed under this Act.

6. All lands, buildings, works, and hereditaments, utensils, materials, books, plans, maps, papers, effects, securities, and monies whether derived under the Acts mentioned in Schedule (A) appended to this Act, and other property, movable and immovable, of what nature or kind soever, and all interest therein, whether vested, contingent, or in remainder which shall, on the date on which this Act shall take effect in such town, be vested in, or held in trust for, the Commissioners or Committee appointed under any of the said Acts, who shall hereafter in this Act be designated the late Commissioners, or which would have been vested in, or held in trust for, such Commissioners but for the passing of this Act; and all such estate and interest of and in the same respectively as shall then be, or would have been in, or in trust for, the said late Commissioners or any of them, with all rights of way and other rights and easements now used and enjoyed by the said Commissioners shall, on and from the date when this Act comes into operation in such town, be vested in the Commissioners under this Act and their successors; and all persons who shall then owe any money to the late Commissioners, or to any person on their behalf, shall pay the same to the Commissioners under this Act, or as they shall direct: and all monies which shall be then due, and owing by, or recoverable from, the late Commissioners, shall be paid by, or be recoverable from, the Commissioners; and all contracts, agreements, mortgages, bonds, covenants, and securities made or entered into before this Act comes into operation to, with, or in favor of, or by, or for, the said late Commissioners, or any of them, or any person on behalf of such late Commissioners; and all rights of action and suit arising out of contract or otherwise—shall take effect, and may be proceeded on and enforced, as far as circumstances will admit, in favor of, by, against, and with reference to the Commissioners under this Act in such manner as the same would have taken effect, and might have been proceeded on and enforced in favor of, by, against, and with reference to the said late Commissioners, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed.

Actions, &c., by or against Commissioners not to abate, &c.

7. No action, suit, prosecution, or other proceeding whatsoever, commenced or carried on either by or against the late Commissioners previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall abate, or be discontinued, or prejudicially affected by this Act, but shall continue and take effect both in favor of and against the Commissioners, in the same manner in all respects as the same would have continued and taken effect in relation to the late Commissioners, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed: and all decrees and orders made, and all fines and penalties imposed and incurred, respectively, previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall and may be enforced, levied, recovered, and proceeded for, and all administrative proceedings commenced previously to the coming into operation of this Act shall and may be continued, proceeded with, and completed in such or the like manner as if this Act had not been passed, the Commissioners under this Act being, in reference to the matters aforesaid, in all respects substituted for the late Commissioners.

PART II.—MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES.

Chapter 1.

Municipal Commissioners.

Appointment or election of Commissioners

8. In any Municipality created under Part I of this Act, the Lieutenant-Governor shall, if the same shall have been declared by him to be a first class Municipality, and the said Lieutenant-Governor or any officer whom the Lieutenant-Governor may authorize in that behalf shall, if the same shall have been declared by the said Lieutenant-Governor to be a second class Municipality, from time to time appoint or cause to be elected, in manner as hereinafter provided, not more than seven and not less than three persons to be Commissioners for carrying out in such Municipality the purposes of this Act.

Qualifications of Commissioners and members of Ward Committees.

9. No person shall be appointed a Commissioner or a Member of a Ward Committee under this Act in any Municipality, who does not either reside or hold land or buildings therein or within five miles from any part of the limits thereof: provided also that when the mode of municipal taxation to be adopted therein shall have once been determined, no person shall be appointed therein a Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee who does not pay municipal taxes to the Commissioners thereof. Subject to the provisions of Section 12 every person so appointed shall continue in office three years, or until his successor shall have been appointed, and shall be eligible for re-appointment. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time accept the resignation of any such Commissioners or Commissioner, or may remove any such Commissioners or Commissioner for misconduct or neglect of duty, add to their number, and fill up vacancies occurring among them.

Their removal.

Ex-officio members.

10. In addition to the Commissioners to be appointed or elected as aforesaid, the Magistrate of a district and the Magistrate in charge of a sub-division of a district, shall be ex-officio Commissioners of every Municipality situated within their respective jurisdictions, and it shall further be competent to the Lieutenant-Governor to appoint as a Commissioner of any such Municipality any officer in the service of Government holding a salaried office in the district in which the same is situate: provided that not more than one-third of the whole number of Commissioners shall be persons holding salaried offices in the service of Government, unless such persons be elected to be Commissioners under any of the provisions in this Act contained.

Election of Commissioners by the rate-payers.

11. If at any time it shall appear to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to be advisable that a certain number of the Commissioners of any Municipality shall be elected by the rate-payers, it shall be competent to the said Lieutenant-Governor to take measures for the election of such Commissioners by the rate-payers, subject to such rules in regard to qualification, election, and discharge, as he may think fit. Subject to the provisions of Section 12 the persons so elected shall continue in office for the term of three years, or until their successors have been elected, and shall be eligible for re-election. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time accept the resignation of any of the Commissioners so elected, or may remove any of such Commissioners for misconduct or neglect of duty, and may provide for filling up vacancies by election.

Rotation of members.

12. When Municipal Commissioners or any Ward Committee shall be for the first time appointed or elected in any Municipality, such number of the members thereof as the Commissioner of the Division may determine, and being not more than one-third of the whole, shall retire at the end of one year, and another equal number at the end of two years, and the rest at the end of three years, to be computed from the first day of the official year next following the date of the appointment or election of such Commissioners or Committee. The members who shall retire at the end of the first and second years respectively shall be decided by lot. But the ex-officio members appointed under Section 10 of this Act shall not be liable to retirement under this Section. Any person appointed or elected to a vacancy caused by the withdrawal, or removal, or death of another member shall fill such vacancy for the unexpired remainder of the term for which the outgoing member, may have been elected or appointed. The Chairman shall keep a roll in which the names of the Commissioners shall be entered in order of seniority according to the dates of their appointment or election. In case of two or more Commissioners being appointed or elected on the same day, the Chairman shall decide the order of seniority between them.

Seniority of members.

Appointment of Chairman and Vice-Chairman.

13. The Magistrate of a district, or the Magistrate in charge of a sub-division, if delegated by the Magistrate for the purpose, shall be ex-officio Chairman of the Commissioners for any Municipality situate within the district or sub-division under his charge. The Commissioners shall elect their own Vice-Chairman, who shall hold office for one year from the date of his election, and who shall be eligible for re-election at the end of such year.

Mode of entering into contracts.

14. The Commissioners shall have and use a common seal, and shall have their names engraved thereon in legible characters in the English language, and also in the vernacular language of the district. All contracts entered into in respect of any sum exceeding twenty rupees shall be in writing, and shall be sealed with the common seal of the Commissioners, and on their behalf, in the presence of at least two of the Commissioners, one of whom shall be the Chairman, or in the absence of the Chairman, the Vice-Chairman, who shall certify the same by affixing their signatures as witnesses at the foot of the instruments. All such contracts shall be varied or discharged in a similar manner.

Commissioners incorporated.

15. The Commissioners shall sue and be sued in the name of their Chairman by the description of "The Chairman of the Commissioners of ," and in such name so described, they shall be competent to hold property, movable and immovable, to them and their successors as a body corporate, and to convey the same and to enter into all necessary contracts for the purposes of this Act.

CHAPTER 2.

Property and Contracts of the Commissioners.

Public streets, &c., vested in the Commissioners.

16. All public streets in any Municipality (not being private property) existing at the time this Act comes into operation, or which shall afterwards be made, and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and also all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided for such streets, shall vest in and belong to the Commissioners and their successors. But it shall be competent to Government from time to time, by notification, to exclude any road or street from the operation of this Act, and to cancel such notification wholly or in part.

Commissioners may with consent of owners take over and repair certain streets.

17. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to agree with the person or persons in whom the property in any street is vested, to take over the property therein, and after such agreement to declare, by notice in writing put up in any part of such street, that the same has become a public street. Thereupon such street shall vest in the Commissioners and their successors, and shall thenceforth be repaired and kept up out of the Municipal Fund.

Existing hospitals, schools, rest-houses, &c., to be vested in the Commissioners.

18. All or any hospitals, dispensaries, schools, rest-houses, markets, tanks, and wells, not being private property, or the property of a religious institution or society, and all medicines, furniture, and other articles appurtenant thereto, not being private property, which at the time this Act comes into operation in any town, shall be found therein, may, by notification of the Lieutenant-Governor, be vested in the Commissioners, and thereupon all endowments or funds belonging to such hospitals, dispensaries, schools, or rest-houses shall be transferred to and vested in the Commissioners as trustees, to hold and apply the same to the purposes to which such endowments and funds were lawfully applicable at the time of such transfer. Provided always that no such notification shall be issued until one month after the intention to transfer such property shall have been notified in English and in the vernacular language of the district in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor shall from time to time direct.

Power to purchase and sell lands.

19. The Commissioners may agree with the owners of any land for the purchase thereof for the purposes of this Act, and may sell any land not required for such purposes either together or in parcels, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied for the purposes of this Act.

Mode of ascertaining compensation for land, &c.

20. When the Commissioners may be unable to agree with the owner of any land for the purchase thereof, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal may, upon representation of the Commissioners, and after such enquiry as may be thought proper, declare that the land is needed for a public purpose, and may order proceedings for obtaining possession of the same for the Government, and for determining the compensation to be paid to the parties interested, according to any law now or hereafter to be in force for the acquisition of land for public purposes. On payment by the Commissioners of the compensation awarded, such land shall vest in them for the purposes of this Act.

CHAPTER 3.

Their mode of transacting business.

Commissioners to keep an office for the transaction of business.

21. The Commissioners shall keep an office where they shall meet for the transaction of business at least twice in every month, and as often as a meeting shall be called by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and all questions which may come before them at any meeting shall be decided by a majority.

Who to preside at meetings of the Commissioners.

22. The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every such meeting, and in the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Commissioners shall choose some one of their number to preside. In cases of equality of votes the President shall have a casting vote.

Quorum.

23. No business shall be transacted at a meeting unless at least four Commissioners be present.

The Chairman or Vice-Chairman to exercise, with certain exceptions, the powers of the Commissioners.

24. In any case of emergency, the Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall exercise all the powers vested by this Act in the Commissioners. Provided that it shall not be lawful for the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman to exercise any power which it is by this Act expressly declared shall be exercised by the Commissioners at a meeting. Any Chairman or Vice-Chairman acting under this section shall inform the Commissioners thereof at the next meeting held thereafter.

Appointment of overseers, clerks, and subordinate officers.

25. The Chairman shall from time to time appoint all such overseers, clerks, and subordinate officers and servants as he may think necessary and proper to assist in the execution of this Act, and may from time to time remove any of such persons and appoint others in their places. And out of the Municipal Fund he shall pay, or cause to be paid, such salaries to the said persons respectively, as may from time to time be determined by the Commissioners at a meeting; or, in case of absence on leave, such portion thereof as may appear to the Commissioners to be reasonable. He may, with the sanction of the Commissioners, make such rules as he may think fit as to the manner in which, and as to the persons by whom, all duties connected with the collection of the tax or the preparation of the assessment, shall be performed, provided such rules be in all respects consistent with the provisions in this Act contained. Provided that no salary amounting to more than one hundred and fifty rupees a month shall be assigned to any officer or clerk by Municipal Commissioners under this Act without the sanction of the Commissioner of the Division. He shall also take from every collector of Municipal taxes, duties, or tolls, such security for the sums collected by him as he may think proper.

CHAPTER 4.

Ward Committees.

Power to appoint Ward Committees.

26. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate, on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, to divide any Municipality into wards, and thereupon there shall be appointed for each ward not less than three persons qualified to be Commissioners, whether such persons be or be not Commissioners for the time being, to be members of the Ward Committee, and the said Magistrate may define the limits of the ward for which any Ward Committee may be appointed or elected. All question regarding the removal, resignation, and filling up vacancies among the members of Ward Committees shall be settled by the Commissioner at a meeting.

27. A Ward Committee shall exercise, within the limits of their ward, as defined by the Magistrate, all or any of the powers of Commissioners described in Sections 25, 52, 53, 61 to 68 inclusive, 113, 115, and in such sections of Part IX of this Act as shall be in force within the municipality, which the Commissioners at a meeting shall have delegated to them. Sections 21, 22, and 24 of the Act shall, as far as may be convenient, be applicable to Ward Committees.

Powers of Ward Committees.

28. The Chairman of each Ward Committee shall be appointed by the Chairman of the Commissioners, and each Ward Committee may, if it see fit, elect their own Vice-Chairman from among their own number.

Appointment of Chairman of Ward Committees.

Chapter 5.

General Provisions.

29. No Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any contract made, or expense incurred by or on behalf of the Commissioners, but the funds, from time to time in the hands of the Commissioners, shall be liable for, and chargeable with, all contracts and expenses duly incurred as aforesaid. Every Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee shall be personally liable for any wilful misapplication of money entrusted to the Commissioners, to which he shall have been a party, and he shall be liable to be sued for the same.

No Commissioner to be personally liable for contracts, &c., but only for wilful misapplication, &c., of money.

30. No Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee, or servant of the Commissioners or Committee, shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract made with the Commissioners. And if any such person be so interested, he shall thereby become incapable of continuing in office or employment, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees. Provided always that no person by being a shareholder in, or member of, any incorporated or registered company, shall be disqualified from acting as a Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee by reason of any contract entered into between such company and the Commissioners. Nevertheless, it shall not be lawful for such shareholder or member to act as a Commissioner or member of a Ward Committee in any matter relating to any contract entered into between the Commissioners and such company.

Penalty on Commissioners and others interested in contracts.

Part III.—Municipal Taxation.

Chapter 1.

Power of the Commissioners to impose Taxes, Duties, and Tolls.

31. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of any Municipality at a meeting to impose, within the limits of such Municipality, any one or more of the following taxes, duties, and tolls, at such rate as the Commissioners shall see fit, not exceeding the maximum in any case hereinafter mentioned and prescribed:—But no tax duty or toll imposed by the Commissioners under this section shall be levied until the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor shall have been obtained to such levy:—

Power to impose taxes.

(*a*)—An annual tax on persons residing in or owning property in the Municipality, according to the circumstances and the property to be protected of the persons liable to pay the same. Provided that no person who resides outside the limits of the Municipality shall be assessed according to his circumstances, but only in regard to the property which he possesses within the Municipality; and that the average annual tax on each holding shall not exceed Rs. 4 in Municipalities of the first class, and Rs. 2 in Municipalities of the second class.

(*b*)—A tax not exceeding 7½ per cent. on the annual value of houses, buildings, and lands situated within the limits of the Municipality exceeding Rs. 6 per annum, to be paid by the owners thereof.

(*c*)—A tax on carriages, horses, and elephants, kept or used within the limits of the Municipality; and a fee on the registration of carts and other vehicles.

(*d*)—A tax on trades and callings carried on and exercised within the said limits.

(*e*)—A tax on processions, and any public ceremonies not exclusively religious, and requiring the attention of the police, and performed within the said limits.

(*f*)—Duties on articles entering the limits of the Municipality, or dues on articles sold at markets or hâts, according to a table of rates sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, and subject to such rules and exceptions as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct.

(*g*)—Tolls on vehicles and beasts of burden entering the limits of the Municipality, according to a scale sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor; and tolls on ferries within the said limits.

Chapter 2.

Taxes on persons.

32. When it shall have been determined that an annual tax on persons according to their circumstances and property shall be imposed under this Act in any Municipality, the Commissioners or the Ward Committee shall prepare an assessment in respect thereof upon the several persons liable to be assessed within the Municipality or Ward for which such Commissioners or Committee shall be appointed, and shall prepare a list which shall specify every parcel of land, house, or other holding on account of the occupation of which any person is liable to be assessed, the name of the person liable to be assessed in respect of each such holding, the trade, business, or other description of such person, and the amount payable quarterly by such person. It shall be competent to the Commissioners or to a Ward Committee or to the Magistrate to omit from the list prepared under this section any person who may by them or him be deemed too poor to be assessed to the tax leviable under this Chapter.

Duties of Commissioners in assessing.

Existing assessment may be revised.

33. The Commissioners or the Ward Committee shall, if the Commissioners so decide, instead of preparing a new assessment for any year, revise and amend the assessment then in force.

Commissioners to examine assessment of Ward Committee.

34. When any assessment shall have been prepared, or shall have been revised and amended by any Ward Committee, such Ward Committee shall forthwith forward to the Commissioners the list containing the same, and such Commissioners shall examine, and, if necessary, amend and settle it.

Magistrate may amend and settle assessment as made or revised by the Commissioners.

35. When an assessment shall have been prepared, or revised and amended directly by any Commissioners, and not by a Ward Committee, such Commissioners shall forward to the Magistrate a list containing the same, and the Magistrate shall examine, and, if necessary, amend and settle it.

Assessment to be published.

36. When the assessment in any Municipality shall have been so made and settled as provided by the preceding sections, the Magistrate shall sign the list, and shall cause one copy thereof, together with a notification in the form in Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect, and written in the language of the province in which such Municipality is situate, to be put up in some conspicuous place therein or in the division thereof for which such assessment has been made; and a written copy of the said list to be deposited in his own office. So soon as the copies of the list shall have been so hung up and deposited, public proclamation shall be made throughout such Municipality by beat of a drum notifying that such copies have been so hung up and deposited, and that the copy so deposited in the Magistrate's office is open to inspection.

Assessment to stand good for three years.

37. Unless and until revised and amended as herein is provided, every assessment, as settled under Section 34 or Section 35, shall be valid for three years, and until a new assessment shall be made. In case the occupant of any property included in any assessment shall be changed before a new assessment be made, the new occupant shall be liable in respect of such property for any portion of the amount so assessed which shall have become payable during his occupation; and after notification to such person, the Magistrate may cause his name to be substituted in the said list for the name of the former occupant.

Change of occupation before a new assessment.

Power to adopt old assessment.

38. Whenever the period for which any assessment is valid, as provided in Section 37 of this Act, shall be about to expire, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate, instead of requiring any Commissioners or Ward Committee to prepare a new assessment, or to revise and amend the assessment then in force, to adopt the said assessment as the assessment for the year next following.

Old assessment to be continued if new not made.

39. If no new assessment be made and published before the expiration of the first three months of any year, for which no assessment valid under the provisions of Section 37 shall be in force, the assessment which was in force at the close of the preceding year shall be deemed to be the assessment for the current year.

Notice of adoption of old assessment to be given.

40. As soon as possible after an assessment shall have been adopted under Section 38, or shall have taken effect for the current year under the last preceding section, the Magistrate shall, in the manner provided in Section 36 for giving public notice that copies of the list of assessment have been hung up and deposited, give public notice that the assessment in force at the close of the preceding year will continue to have effect during the current year, but it shall not be necessary to hang up fresh copies of such list; and every person whose assessment may be so continued shall be at liberty to appeal against such assessment as if it were a new assessment made upon him.

Appeal from assessment made by Commissioners.

41. Any person who shall have been assessed by any Commissioners, of whom the Magistrate has not been appointed a member, and who shall be dissatisfied with his assessment, or who shall dispute his occupation of any property, or his liability to be assessed, may appeal on unstamped paper to such Commissioners at a meeting; and in case such Commissioners shall not grant the prayer of such appeal, such Commissioners shall submit the decision of the matter to the Magistrate, and the Magistrate, after making such inquiries as he may deem necessary, by examination of the appellant, on oath or solemn affirmation or otherwise, may confirm the assessment or amend the same. In case the Magistrate confirm the assessment, he may order that the appellant shall pay such reasonable costs as may have been incurred in the proceedings on his appeal. The decision of the Magistrate in such cases shall be final, and no objection shall be taken to any assessment, nor shall the liability of any person to be assessed be questioned in any other manner or by any other court. Provided that no appeal shall be received after the expiration of one month from the time of the notification of the assessment prescribed by Sections 36 or 40 or of the notification of the substitution of the name of an occupier under Section 37, unless the Magistrate, upon reasonable cause shown, shall extend the time for receiving such appeal.

Limitation of appeal.

Appeal against assessment when Magistrate a member of committee.

42. Any person who shall have been assessed by Commissioners of whom the Magistrate has been appointed a member, and who shall be dissatisfied with his assessment, or who shall dispute his occupation of any property or his liability to be assessed, may apply to the Commissioners for a review of the assessment so far as regards himself; and with regard to such applications, the Commissioners at a meeting shall proceed as the Magistrate is directed to proceed in Section 41,

and the orders passed by the Commissioners on such application shall have the same effect and finality as orders passed by the Magistrate under the said section. Applications under this section to the Commissioners at a meeting shall be subject to the same limitation of time as appeals to the Magistrate under Section 41.

Appeals from assessment made by Ward Committee.

43. Any person who shall have been assessed by a Ward Committee, and who shall be dissatisfied with his assessment, or who shall dispute his occupation of any property or his liability to be assessed, may appeal to the Commissioners. And with regard to such appeals, the Commissioners at a meeting shall proceed as the Magistrate is directed to proceed in Section 41, and the orders passed by the Commissioners at a meeting on such appeals shall have the same effect and finality as orders passed by the Magistrate under the said section. Appeals to the Commissioners at a meeting shall be subject to the same limitation of time as appeals to the Magistrate under the said section.

Power to assess on account of newly occupied tenement.

44. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate at any time to require any Commissioners or Ward Committee, as the case may be, to make an assessment on account of the occupation of any house which may have been constructed, or any house or other holding which may have become liable to assessment after the general assessment which may then be in force shall have been made, or which may have been by mistake or accident omitted from such assessment. Notice of the amount assessed in accordance with such requisition shall be given to the person so assessed, who may appeal or apply against such assessment according to the provisions of Sections 41, 42, or 43, within one month after the service of such notice.

Power to apply for reduction of assessment in altered circumstances.

45. It shall be lawful for any person upon whom any assessment shall have been made, who shall, during the period for which such assessment is valid have ceased to occupy any property in respect to which he may have been assessed, or whose property to be protected, and circumstances may have changed during the period aforesaid, to apply on unstamped paper to the Commissioners; and in case such Commissioners shall not grant the prayer of such application, such Commissioners shall submit the decision of the matter to the Magistrate, and the Magistrate, after making such inquiries as he may deem necessary by examination of the applicant on oath or solemn affirmation, or otherwise, may amend the assessment of such applicant as to him shall appear just, or may confirm the same; and in case he shall confirm the said assessment, may order that the applicant shall pay such reasonable costs as may have been incurred by reason of such application. The decision of such Magistrate upon such application shall be final.

Commissioner of division may direct revision of assessment.

46. The Commissioner of the division, with the sanction of the Government, may at any time direct the Magistrate to revise, or to cause to be revised by the Commissioners or Ward Committee, the assessment of any Municipality, specifying the reasons which, in his opinion, render such revision necessary, and the Magistrate shall, according to such direction, revise, and if necessary amend the same, or cause it to be revised and amended.

CHAPTER 8.

Taxes on houses.

Tax on houses.

47. When it shall be determined that a tax on the annual value of houses, buildings, and lands shall be imposed in any Municipality, such tax shall be paid by the owners of such houses, buildings, and lands by quarterly instalments, except as hereinafter provided.

Annual value of houses, buildings, and lands, how to be ascertained.

48. The gross annual rent at which the houses, buildings, and lands liable to the tax may be reasonably expected to be let, shall be deemed to be the annual value of such houses, buildings, and lands, and such value shall accordingly be fixed by the Commissioners from year to year, commencing from the date on which this Act shall have come into operation.

Power to assess upon a house consolidated tax for house and ground on which it stands.

49. Whenever any house or building belongs to one owner, and the ground on which the same stands, and which is usually occupied therewith, belongs to another, it shall be lawful for the Municipal Commissioners to assess such house or building and ground together at one consolidated rate. The amount so assessed shall be payable by the owner of the house or building, who shall thereafter be entitled to deduct from the rent which he pays for the ground, such proportion of the tax so paid by him as is equal to the proportion which his rent bears to the annual value of the whole property assessed.

Tax due from non-resident owner may be recovered from occupier, and deducted by him from his rent.

50. If the sum due on account of any tax from the owner of any house, building or land remains unpaid after the notice of demand has been duly served, and such owner be not resident within the place, or the place of abode of such owner be unknown, the Municipal Commissioners may demand the amount from the occupier for the time being of such house, building, or land, and on non-payment thereof, may recover the same by distress and sale of any goods and chattels found on the premises, and whenever such tax shall be paid by or recovered from such occupier, he may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount which may be so paid by or recovered from him. Provided that no arrear of rate, which has remained due from the owner of any house, building, or land for more than one year, shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof. Provided also that if the tax so deducted is a consolidated tax payable by the owner of a house or building under the next preceding section, the same shall, after such deduction, be deemed to have been paid by such

owner within the meaning of the last mentioned section.

Rate of annual tax how to be fixed.

51. The Commissioners shall, at a meeting to be held as soon as may be after their appointment, assess or determine the rate of such annual tax to be levied from the date on which this Act may come into operation till the expiration of the current year, and at a meeting not less than fifteen days before the expiration of each year, shall determine the rate of such tax for the ensuing year.

What returns may be required for ascertaining annual value.

52. The Commissioners may require the respective owners or occupiers of the houses, buildings, and lands to furnish them with returns of the measurements and of the rent or annual value thereof, and they, or any person appointed by them for that purpose, at any time between sun-rise and sun-set, may enter, inspect and measure any such houses, buildings or lands, after having given forty-eight hours' previous notice of their intention to the occupier thereof. When the valuation of the houses, buildings, and lands, shall have been completed, the Commissioners shall cause lists containing the valuation and assessment to be made out, and shall give public notice thereof, and of the place where the lists or copies thereof may be inspected; and every person claiming to be the owner or occupier of property included in the assessment, or the agent of such person, shall be at liberty to inspect such lists, and to make extracts therefrom, without the payment of any fee.

Power to enter houses, &c.

Public notice of valuation and assessment to be given.

53. The Commissioners shall at the same time give public notice of a day and hour, not being less than fifteen days from the publication of such notice, when they will proceed to revise the said valuation and assessment; and in all cases in which any property is for the first time valued, or the valuation is increased, shall give special notice thereof to the owners or occupiers of such property. All appeals against such valuation and assessment shall be made at or before the time fixed in the notice.

After revision, amendments to be authenticated by signature of three Commissioners.

54. After the appeals have been inquired into, and after the revision of the valuation and assessment has been completed, the amendments made in the lists shall be authenticated by the signature of not less than three of the Commissioners, who shall at the same time certify under their signatures that no valid objection has been made to the valuation and assessment in the said lists, except in the cases in which amendments have been made as shown therein, and subject to such amendments as may thereafter be duly made, the tax so assessed shall be deemed to be the tax for the whole year for which the assessment shall be made. Provided always that the Chairman or Vice-Chairman may at any time amend the said lists by inserting therein the name of any person whose name ought to be so inserted, or by inserting any property liable to the tax, after giving notice to such person as may be interested in the making of the amendment, of a day not being less than fifteen days from the date of the service of such notice, when such amendment is to be made, or by striking out any property not liable to the tax, or reducing the amount of the tax, without notice; and in all cases in which any property is inserted as liable to the tax, the amendment shall be considered to have been made at the expiration of fifteen days from the time when the person interested first received notice thereof; and any person interested in such amendment may appeal to the said Commissioners by application in writing left at their office three days before the day fixed in the notice of such amendment.

Further alteration or amendment of assessment.

New lists need not be prepared every year.

55. It shall not be necessary to prepare new lists, or to determine the rate of the tax every year, but the Commissioners may adopt the valuation and assessment contained in the lists for the preceding year (with such alteration as may in particular cases be deemed necessary), as the valuation and assessment for the year following. Provided that public notice of such valuation and assessment shall be given in the manner prescribed in Section 53 of this Act.

Hearing of appeals.

56. Appeals against any tax assessed under this Act shall be heard and determined by not less than three Commissioners and their adjudication, and the assessment by the Commissioners of any tax when no appeal is made as hereinbefore provided, shall be final; and no person shall contest any assessment in any other manner than by appeal as hereinbefore provided.

Assessment when to be final.

Remission on account of vacant houses.

57. When any house shall have been vacant for sixty or more consecutive days during any year, the Commissioners shall remit so much of the tax of that year as may be proportionate to the number of days the said house may have remained unoccupied; provided that the owner of such house, or his agent, shall have given to the Commissioners notice in writing of the vacancy thereof, and that the amount of tax to be remitted shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice.

Chapter 4.

Taxes on carriages and wheeled vehicles.

Tax on carriages, &c.

58. When it shall be determined that a tax on carriages, horses, and elephants shall be imposed in any Municipality, the Commissioners shall declare at what rates, not exceeding the rates given in Schedule (C) to this Act annexed, such tax shall be imposed on all carriages, horses, and elephants kept within the limits of such place; and thereupon such tax shall be payable quarterly. Provided that this section shall not apply to, or include, gun-carriages, or ordnance carts or wagons; cavalry horses or horses of the mounted police; horses belonging to officers

doing regimental duty, at the rate of one horse for each officer; vehicles, horses, or elephants belonging to the Government; vehicles and horses kept for sale, and not used for any other purpose, if kept by *bonâ fide* dealers.

Ownership for any number of days in a quarter creates liability to the tax for the whole quarter.

59. Every person who may have owned or had charge of any carriage, horse, or elephant, kept within such place for any number of days in any quarter, shall be liable to the whole tax for that quarter; but if a carriage shall have been under repair for the whole quarter, no tax shall be leviable in respect of such carriage for that quarter.

Exemption of carriages under repair.

Carriage, &c., let for hire within any defined place, although owned by persons not residing therein, liable to the tax.

60. Whenever the owner of the carriage, horse, or elephant, let out for hire, and kept for the time being in premises situated within any place shall not reside in such place, the sums to be charged for such carriage, horse, or elephant shall be recoverable from the person in whose premises it is for the time being kept.

Commissioners may compound with livery stable-keepers.

61. The Commissioners at their discretion may compound, for any period not exceeding one year, with livery stable-keepers and other persons keeping carriages and horses for hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages and horses so kept by such person, in lieu of the rates specified in the schedule.

List of persons liable to tax to be prepared.

62. The Commissioners shall from time to time cause to be prepared and entered, in distinct columns, in a book to be kept by the Commissioners, and to be open to the inspection of any person interested therein, a list of the persons liable to the payment of the tax, a description of the carriages and animals in respect of which they are liable, and the amount of the tax thereon.

Returns may be required for purpose of making list.

63. In order to enable the Commissioners to have such list prepared, the Commissioners, or any officer authorized by them, may send to all persons supposed to be liable to the payment of the tax, a schedule to be filled up with such information respecting the carriages and animals kept by them as the Commissioners may judge necessary for the assessment of the tax. The schedule shall be filled up in writing, and signed and dated and returned to the office of the Commissioners by every person to whom it is sent, whether or not liable to the payment of the tax.

Power to summon persons liable to tax.

64. The Commissioners may summon any person supposed to be liable to the payment of the tax, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or his servant as to the number and description of the carriages and animals in respect of which such person is liable to be assessed, and such person or his servant shall answer such questions as may be put to him by the Commissioners.

Appeal against assessment may be made to Commissioners.

65. Any person who may dispute his liability to the payment of such tax, or the amount of any such assessment, may appeal to the Commissioners: provided that such appeal shall be commenced within ten days after the receipt by such person of a bill for the sum claimed from him in respect of such assessment.

Proviso.

Commissioners' decision final.

66. Appeals against any such assessment shall be heard and determined by not less than three Commissioners, and their adjudication upon every such appeal shall be final, and no person shall contest any assessment so made in any other manner than by appeal to the Commissioners as hereinbefore provided.

Registration of wheeled vehicles.

Registration and number of hackeries, &c.

67. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners of any Municipality at a meeting, with the sanction in writing of the Lieutenant-Governor first obtained, to declare and direct, by notification published in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may order, that every cart, hackery, and other wheeled vehicle without springs kept and used within, or let for hire within or without such place, and used within it, shall be registered by the Commissioners with the name and residence of the owner, and shall bear the number of registration in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct. Provided that this section shall not apply to, or include carts, hackeries, or other such vehicles as aforesaid kept at more than two miles distance from the said place and used only temporarily or casually in the place, or to carts, hackeries, or other wheeled vehicles without springs, the property of Government or of the Commissioners.

Fee for registration.

68. The registration of carts, hackeries, and other vehicles under the last preceding section shall be made, and the numbers assigned half-yearly, upon such days as the Commissioners shall notify, and such fee as they shall fix, not exceeding one rupee, shall be paid for each registration. Any person becoming possessed, between the first day of January and the first day of July, or between the first day of July and the first day of January of any such cart, hackery, or other vehicle which has not been registered for the then current half-year, shall, within a week of becoming so possessed, register the same, and the Commissioners shall grant registration in any such case, on payment of a fee for the unexpired portion of the current half-year, calculated at the rate of the fee to be fixed as aforesaid. When any registered cart, hackery, or other vehicle is transferred within any half-year it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred, and a fee not exceeding four annas shall be paid for every such last-mentioned registration.

Penalty for not registering a cart or hackery.

69. Whoever owns or keeps any cart, hackery, or other wheeled vehicle without springs, required under the provisions of this Act to be registered, without having caused

the same to be registered under the last preceding section, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding three times the usual registration fee, and the Magistrate may seize and detain the vehicle. If the vehicle seized be not claimed, and the fine be not paid within ten days, such vehicle, together with the animals seized with it (if any), may be sold by auction by order of the Magistrate, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the fine, and to the costs and charges incurred on account of the seizure, detention, and sale, and the surplus (if any), if not claimed by the owner or the person keeping such cart, hackery, or other vehicle within a further period of twenty days, shall become vested in the Commissioners, and be employed for the purposes of this Act.

CHAPTER 5.

Taxes on trades and callings.

Tax on trades and callings.

70. When it shall be determined that a tax on trades and callings shall be imposed in any town, such determination shall be notified, in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct, and from the 1st day of April next following such notification, every person who shall within the town exercise any of the professions, trades, or callings specified in Schedule (D) to this Act annexed shall take out a license, and shall pay for the same an annual fee not exceeding such sum as in the said schedule is mentioned. The table of fees leviable under this chapter shall be fixed from time to time by the Commissioners, subject to the confirmation of the Lieutenant-Governor.

License to be granted by Commissioners, and to specify particulars.

71. Every license under the next preceding section shall be granted by the Commissioners, or by some person duly authorized by them in that behalf, and shall specify the date of the grant thereof, the true name of the person to whom the license is granted, and the sum paid for such license.

Duration of license.

72. Every license shall have effect and continue in force from the day of the date thereof until the day hereinafter appointed for the expiration thereof; and every such license which shall be granted before the 1st day of January next following the notification shall expire on that day, and every such license which shall be granted upon or at any time after that day, shall expire on the 31st day of December next after the day of the granting thereof.

Licenses to be renewed on expiring.

73. Every person to whom such license shall be granted, and who shall be desirous of continuing to exercise his profession, trade, or calling after the expiration thereof, shall take out a fresh license for that purpose for the following year, to expire on the day appointed in the last preceding section, and shall renew the same from year to year so long as he shall desire to continue such profession, trade, or calling.

Chairman to classify all persons required by this Act to be licensed.

74. The Chairman, or in a first class municipality a sub-committee of the Commissioners, shall determine under which of the classes mentioned in the Schedule (D) to this Act annexed every person to whom a license may be granted shall be assessed. The Commissioners at a meeting shall from time to time declare what are to be considered bazaars, hâts, or public markets, within the meaning of this Act.

Chairman to prepare a list of all persons required by this Act to be licensed.

75. As soon as may be after the first day of September in every year, the Chairman shall prepare a list of the persons licensed under this Act, which list shall state the profession, trade, or calling of each of the persons therein named, the class under whichhe is assessed, and the sum paid by him in respect of his license, and such list shall be filed in the office of the said Commissioners, and be open to public inspection at all reasonable times.

Penalty for not taking out a license.

76. If at any time after three months have elapsed from the day of the date of the said notification, any person within the said limits shall exercise his profession, trade, or calling without having duly taken out a license as required by Section 69, he shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding three times the amount which, in the judgment of such Magistrate, would have been payable by such person in respect of a license duly taken out as aforesaid.

Penalty for not producing license when called on to do so by an officer of the Commissioners, &c.

77. Any person required by Section 69 to take out a license, who shall, without reasonable excuse, neglect or refuse to produce and show his license when required so to do by an officer duly empowered in writing by the Commissioners to make such requisition shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

CHAPTER 6.

Taxes on processions, &c.

Tax on processions.

78. When it shall have been determined that a tax shall be levied in any Municipality on processions and any public ceremonies not exclusively religious, such determination shall be duly notified, and from the date of such notification no person shall organise or conduct a procession or public ceremony within the limits of such Municipality without first taking out a license from the Commissioners. Licenses under this section shall be granted at the following rates namely:—

	Rate of license.
License for a procession or ceremony whereat elephants are to be used, or fire-works are to be displayed, or guns fired	100 Rs. for each day.
License for a procession or ceremony whereat more than two hundred persons are to attend... ...	50
License for a procession or ceremony whereat more than fifty and not more than two hundred persons are to attend	10
License for a procession at which less than fifty people are to attend	2

79. Any person who may organize or conduct a procession within the limits of such Municipality without first obtaining a license, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding three times the amount of the license fee payable in respect thereof under the next preceding section. Any police officer above the grade of constable may call upon the conductor or organizer of a procession to produce his license, and if the license be not produced, he shall report the circumstances to the Commissioners or to the Magistrate; but he shall not arrest any one or stop the procession, unless he is unable to ascertain the name and address of the organizer of the procession. In the case of processions connected with marriage or betrothal the nearest adult male relative, or the guardians of the bride and bridegroom, or of the betrothed parties, shall, unless the contrary be proved, be deemed to have organized or conducted the procession.

Penalty for organising procession without license.

CHAPTER 7.

Duties on articles.

80. When it shall have been determined that duties shall be levied on articles entering within the limits of any Municipality, the Commissioners shall prepare and submit for the Lieutenant-Governor's approval a schedule of proposed rates for the levy of such duties, and shall prepare and submit as aforesaid bye-laws which shall provide for the collection and realization of such duties, for penalties for non-payment, and for exempting all through traffic from taxation, and for refunding the duty levied on duty-paid goods which are taken out of the municipal limits. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to modify and to approve such rates and bye-laws: provided that no duty shall be levied on any article at a rate exceeding two per centum on the average value of such article. The rates and bye-laws for any Municipality shall, when finally approved, be published in such Municipality in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct.

Duties on articles entering Municipal limits.

81. When it shall have been determined that market dues shall be levied upon the sale of goods at any periodical market within the limits of any Municipality, the Commissioners shall prepare and submit a schedule of rates for the levy of such dues, and shall prepare and submit bye-law for the collection and realization of such dues and for penalties for non-payment. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to modify and to approve such rates and bye-laws, provided that such dues shall in no case exceed one quarter of an anna in every rupee of the price for which such goods may be sold.

Market dues on sale of goods.

82. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, to lease out for any term not exceeding three years, the collection of duties or dues under the two next preceding sections. Such lease shall be subject in all respects to the rates and bye-laws passed under the said sections.

Power to lease the same.

CHAPTER 8.

Tolls.

83. When it shall have been determined that Municipal Funds shall be raised by tolls on ferries within the limits of a Municipality the Commissioners shall notify the ferry or ferries at which such tolls shall be levied; and shall also notify such rates of tolls as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time sanction. A table of tolls, written or printed, in the English and native languages, shall be hung up in some conspicuous place near every ferry so as to be easily read by all persons crossing at the ferries.

Table of tolls.

84. Every toll-keeper or ferry lessee who shall neglect to hang up and keep in good order and repair such table of tolls, or who shall wilfully remove, alter, or deface the same, or allow it to become illegible, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees.

Penalty for neglecting to put up a table of tolls.

85. Every toll-keeper or ferry lessee who shall ask or take any toll other than the lawful toll, or who shall without due cause delay any passenger, cart, carriage, animal, or goods, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Extortion or misconduct by toll-keeper.

86. Every person crossing at any such public ferry, who shall refuse to pay the toll, or who, with intent of avoiding payment thereof, shall fraudulently or forcibly pass by or through any toll-station without paying the toll, or who shall obstruct any toll-keeper or any of his assistants in any way in the execution of their duty under this Act; and every person who shall maliciously damage any toll-bar, boat, or any other thing employed in or about any public ferry, or who shall maliciously remove, alter, destroy, or damage any table of tolls hung up as hereinbefore directed, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees over and above the value of the damage, if any, which he has done.

Refusal to pay toll, &c.

87. The Commissioners may make rules, subject to confirmation by the Lieutenant-Governor, fixing the number of passengers, carts, carriages, and animals, and the quantity of goods that may be carried in any public ferry-boat at one trip, and for the safe and convenient carriage of passengers and property, and for keeping the ferry-boats in good order, and otherwise for the due discharge of their duty by all tindals, toll-keepers, and other persons employed at any public ferry: and any tindal, toll-keeper, or other person infringing or disobeying any such rule, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees, and also to make good any loss or damage caused thereby, the amount of which shall be summarily ascertained by the Magistrate, within whose jurisdiction the offence was committed, and such amount may be recovered as any penalty under this Act may be recovered.

Bye-laws for regulating ferry-boats, &c., to be made by Commissioners.

88. Every person who shall convey for hire any passenger, animal, cart, carriage, or goods, across any arm of the sea, creek, or river within the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor to any point or place on the opposite bank or coast within a distance of three miles on either sides above or below any public ferry, without the special license of the Magistrate of the district in which the ferry is situated, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees. Provided that nothing in

Carrying for hire within three miles of a ferry without license of Magistrate.

Proviso.

this section shall subject to such penalty any person who shall specially let for hire his boat for the conveyance of any other person or his family or goods across any creek or arm of the sea within the said settlement.

Toll-keepers.

89. The Commissioners may appoint at any ferry managed under this Act toll-keepers, and may collect the tolls through such toll-keepers, or they may grant a lease of any such ferry for any period not exceeding three years.

Lieutenant-Governor may make over existing ferries.

90. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to make over to the Commissioners any existing ferry within the limits of the Municipality, and such ferry shall thenceforward be subject to the provisions of this Act.

Tolls on vehicles, &c., entering town.

91. When it shall have been determined that tolls shall be levied on vehicles and beasts of burden entering any town, the Commissioners shall submit to the Lieutenant-Governor a table of rates and rules for the levy of such tolls; and the Lieutenant-Governor may modify or approve such tables and rules. The rules and rates, so modified or approved, shall not take effect until one month after they shall have been duly notified. Provided that the rates shall in no case exceed the rates laid down in Schedule (E) appended to this Act.

Tolls to be levied on carriages, carts, and animals entering the Municipal limits.

92. The tolls or rates determined as in the next preceding section shall be levied upon all carriages, carts, and animals entering the municipal limits; and the Commissioners may construct toll-bars, gates, and gate-keepers' stations, and may place the collection of such tolls under the management of such persons as may appear to them proper, or may lease out the same for any period not exceeding three years, and shall frame bye-laws in manner hereinafter provided for the guidance of such toll collectors; and all persons employed in the management and collection of such tolls shall be liable to the same responsibilities as would attach to them if employed in the collection of any assessment or tax under this Act. Provided that this section shall not apply to carriages, carts, and animals licensed or registered by the Commissioners: provided also that no more than one payment of toll shall be demanded for, and in respect of, any carriage, cart, or animal in any one period of twenty-four hours from midnight to midnight.

In case of non-payment of toll, vehicle, &c., may be seized.

93. In case of non-payment of any such toll on demand, the officer appointed or duly authorized to collect the same may seize any carriage or animal on which it is chargeable, or any part of its burden of sufficient value to defray the toll. If any toll, together with the cost arising from such seizure and custody, remains undischarged for forty-eight hours, the Commissioners may sell the property seized for discharge of the toll, and of all expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure, custody, and sale. Any balance that may remain shall be returned, on demand, if made within twelve months, to the owner of the property, and if unclaimed after such period, shall be credited to the Municipal Fund. After seizure of the property as aforesaid, the Commissioners shall forthwith issue a notice in writing that, after the expiration of two days, exclusive of Sunday, they will sell at such place as they may state in the notice the property by auction. Provided that if at any time before the sale has actually begun the person whose property has been seized shall tender to the Commissioners, or other officer appointed by them, the amount of all the expenses incurred and of the toll payable by him, the Commissioners shall forthwith release the property seized.

Troops, military stores, police, &c., exempt.

94. No tolls shall be paid for the passage of troops on their march, or of military or Government stores, or of military or police officers on duty, or of any person or property in their custody, or of conservancy carts or other such vehicles belonging to the Commissioners; but no other exemption from payment of the tolls levied under this Act shall be allowed.

The Commissioners may compound with persons living outside the municipal limits for a payment in lieu of tolls.

95. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to compound with persons living outside the Municipal limits for a sum to be paid annually or half-yearly, in lieu of all tolls payable under the provisions of this Act in respect of carriages, carts, or animals entering the municipal limits; and the Commissioners shall issue licenses for such carriages, carts, or animals; and while such licenses shall remain in force, such carriages, carts, and animals shall be exempt from all tolls as aforesaid upon entering the municipal limits. Provided always that such composition shall include all the carriages, carts, and animals possessed by the person compounding.

Police to assist toll collectors.

96. In all cases of resistance to the lawful authority of the toll-collectors, all police officers shall be bound to assist the toll collectors when required; and for that purpose shall have the same power which they have in the exercise of their ordinary police duties.

Illegal collection of tolls.

97. Every person other than persons appointed or duly authorized to collect the tolls under this Act, who shall levy or demand any toll, and also every person who shall unlawfully and extortionately demand or take any other or higher toll than the lawful toll, or under colour of this Act, seize or sell any property, knowing such seizure and sale to be unlawful, or in any manner unlawfully extort money or any valuable thing from any person under colour of this Act, shall be deemed to have committed the offence of cheating or extortion, as the case may be, and shall be liable to such punishment as is prescribed for those offences respectively by the Indian Penal Code.

Table of tolls to be exhibited.

98. A table of the tolls authorized to be taken at any toll-gate or station, legibly written or painted in English words and figures, and in the vernacular language or languages of the district, shall be put up in a conspicuous place near such gate or station.

PART IV.—MODE OF RECOVERY OF MUNICIPAL TAXES.

Tax Collector to prepare assessment register.

99. Every tax collector shall prepare from the lists hereinbefore mentioned a register which shall contain the names of all persons assessed, the property in respect of the occupation of which the assessment in each case is made, and the amount payable quarterly by each person in the Municipality or division, or portion of a Municipality in which the duties of such tax collector are to be performed; and every such list shall be attested by the Chairman.

Payment of tax by instalments.

100. Every tax to be payable under this Act shall be payable by four equal quarterly instalments. The instalment of tax on account of any quarter shall be due on the first day of the month in the said quarter.

Bill to be presented.

101. When any sum is due on account of any tax leviable under this Act, the Chairman shall, unless otherwise specially provided in this Act, cause to be presented to the person liable to the payment thereof a bill for the amount, which shall also contain a statement of the period and a description of the property or thing for which the charge is made. If the bill be in respect of the tax upon carriages, horses, and elephants, it shall contain a notice of the time within which an appeal against such tax may be preferred.

Receipts to be given.

102. For all sums collected on account of any tax under this Act, a receipt shall be given signed by the tax collector or by some other officer who may have been specially authorized by the Magistrate to grant such receipts.

Tax Collector to remit collections.

103. The Tax Collector or other officer appointed on that behalf shall remit, in such manner and at such times as the Magistrate shall direct, all sums of money collected either by himself or by any one of his establishment, and the Magistrate, or some other officer authorized on that behalf, shall give the tax collector a receipt for every sum of money so remitted. The Magistrate shall also cause all such sums of money to be credited to the Municipal Fund.

Recovery of taxes.

104. If any bill which may have been presented in pursuance of this Act be not paid by the person liable to pay the same within ten days from the presentation thereof, the Magistrate may cause to be served upon such person a notice of demand in the Form (A) in Schedule F annexed to this Act, or to the like effect; and if such person shall not, within ten days from the service of notice of such demand, pay the sum due, together with a fee of two annas as costs for the service of the notice of demand, or show to the Magistrate sufficient cause for non-payment of the same, the amount of the arrear due, with costs on the scale in the Form (B) in Schedule F. set forth, which shall include those of serving the notice of demand, may be levied by distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to the defaulter which may be found within the Municipality, or of any goods and chattels whatever which may be found on the premises in respect of the occupation of which such defaulter is liable to such tax.

Sale how to be conducted.

105. Every warrant of distraint and sale under the last preceding section shall be issued by the Magistrate, and shall be in the Form (C) in Schedule F set forth. The officer charged with the execution of the warrant of distress shall make an inventory of all goods and chattels seized under the Magistrate's warrant, and shall give not less than ten days' previous notice of the sale, and of the time and place thereof, by beat of drum, in the town or division thereof in which the property is situated and by serving on the defaulter a notice in the Form (D) in Schedule F. If the arrear be not paid with costs before the time fixed for the sale, or the warrant be not discharged or suspended by the Magistrate, the goods and chattels seized shall be sold by public outcry at the time and place specified, in the most public manner possible; and the proceeds shall be applied in discharge of the arrears and the costs, and the surplus, if any, shall be returned on demand to the person in possession of the goods and chattels at the time of the seizure. The tax collector or other officer appointed on that behalf under this Act shall make a return of all such sales to the Magistrate in the Form (E) specified in Schedule F; and the costs upon every such proceeding shall be such as are mentioned and set forth in Form (B) in Schedule F annexed to this Act.

Proceeds how to be applied.

Costs.

Sale of property beyond limits of town, &c.

106. If no sufficient goods or chattels belonging to a defaulter or being upon the premises in respect of the occupation of which the tax is due can be found within the Municipality in which the premises are situate, the Magistrate on being satisfied thereof, and of the existence of an arrear, may issue his warrant for the distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to the defaulter within any other part of the jurisdiction of the Magistrate, or for the distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to the defaulter within the jurisdiction of any other Magistrate whatsoever, and such other Magistrate shall back the warrant so issued, and cause it to be executed and the amount (if levied) to be remitted to the Magistrate issuing the warrant.

All goods found on premises liable to sale.

107. All goods and chattels, except tools or instruments of trade, which may be found upon any premises in respect of the occupation of which an arrear is due, shall be liable to be distrained for the recovery of such arrear. If the goods and chattels belong to any person other than the defaulter, the defaulter shall be liable to indemnify the owner of such goods and chattels from any damage he may sustain by reason of such distress or by reason of any payment he may make to avoid such distress or any sale under the same. Provided that no arrear of tax which has remained due for more than three calendar months shall be recovered by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of any person, other than the defaulter himself, who did not reside on the premises in respect of which such tax was imposed at the time when such arrear became due.

But owner of goods to be indemnified by the defaulter.

108. Every tax collector and other servants appointed for, or employed in, the performance of any duties connected with the assessment or collection of the tax under this Act, is prohibited from bidding for or purchasing any property at such sales as aforesaid. Any person purchasing property in contravention of this section shall be liable, upon conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and the sale shall be quashed and the property declared liable to resale.

No person employed in collection of tax to buy distrained goods.

109. The Magistrate shall cause a regular account to be kept of all distresses levied and sales made for the realization of arrears under this Act.

Magistrate to keep account of distress and sales.

110. Whoever conceals, removes, or disposes of any property belonging to the person who is liable for any amount of tax, for the purpose of avoiding a distress under the provisions of this Act, shall be considered to have concealed, removed, or disposed of such property fraudulently.

Removal of property to be fraudulent.

PART V.—MUNICIPAL FUND AND ITS APPLICATION.

111. All monies, rents, and profits received by the Commissioners by virtue of this or any other Act, and all fines, fees, and penalties paid or levied under this Act, and all other monies which, under sanction of Government, may be transferred to such Commissioners, shall constitute a fund, which shall be called the Municipal Fund, and shall, together with all property of every nature or kind which may become vested in the said Commissioners, be under their control, and shall be held by them and their successors in trust for the purposes of this Act.

What shall constitute the Municipal Fund.

112. The Commissioners shall set apart annually out of the Municipal Fund a sum sufficient for the maintenance of police officers appointed or employed under Act V of 1861, or any other Act which may for the time being be in force for the regulation of the police within the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal or any part thereof; provided that the number of police officers shall be determined in manner as hereinafter provided.

Payment on account of Police.

113. The Municipal Fund, after a sum has been set apart as in the manner provided by the next preceding section, may, subject to such rules and restrictions as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe, be applicable within the towns in which it is raised, to the following purposes, that is to say—

Purposes to which Fund may be applied.

(1)—The construction, repair, and maintenance, of streets and bridges.

(2)—Works of public utility calculated to promote the health, comfort, or convenience of the townspeople; including the supply of water, expenses of lighting of streets, the construction, repair, and maintenance of hospitals, dispensaries, lunatic asylums, rest-houses, tanks, wells, and markets; also the payment of all charges connected with the objects for which such buildings were constructed, the training and employment of medical practitioners and vaccinators, the sanitary inspections, the registration of births and deaths, the cleansing of tanks or wells, and the application of the Indian Contagious Diseases Act.

(3)—The diffusion of education, and with this view, the construction and repair of school-houses, the establishment and maintenance of schools either wholly or by means of grants-in-aid, the inspection of schools and training of teachers.

(4)—The support or relief of the poor in times of exceptional distress and scarcity.

114. It shall be competent to the Commissioners, with the sanction or upon the direction of the Lieutenant-Governor, to contribute a portion of the Municipal Funds towards the expenses incurred in any other Municipality under this Act, or in any district or sub-division under the District Road Cess Act 1871 passed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, where such expenditure is incurred for any of the purposes described in the last preceding section, and is calculated to benefit the inhabitants of the contributing town, or to relieve exceptional distress in the neighbourhood; provided always that, where such contribution has not been originally recommended by the Commissioners, it shall not be obligatory upon them until the proposal to make such contribution shall have been submitted to them by the Lieutenant-Governor, and they shall have had the opportunity of offering their opinions thereon.

Contribution to extra Municipal expenditure.

115. It shall be competent to the Lieutenant-Governor to appoint, from time to time, such officers as may be required for the purpose of inspecting or superintending the operations of the Municipalities created by this Act, and to assign to them such salaries as the Lieutenant-Governor shall think reasonable; and the expense incurred by reason of such appointments shall be defrayed in rateable proportions out of the funds of the several Municipalities established under this Act. And the said Lieutenant-Governor may direct that the municipalities in any district or division shall pay such sum as he may consider reasonable towards the cost of clerks or other establishment maintained in the office of the Collector or Commissioner for purposes of supervision under this Act.

Appointment of officers to superintend operations of Municipalities.

116. The Commissioners shall consider and pass at a meeting, a statement or estimate showing the probable receipts, and the expenditure which it is proposed by the Commissioners to incur during the year commencing on the first day of April then next, and the items in respect of which it is proposed to incur such expenditure, and may also consider and pass a supplemental estimate providing for any modifications which they may deem it advisable to make in the distribution of the amount to be raised in the official year then current for the purposes of this Act.

Annual estimates of expenditure to be prepared.

117. Copies of the aggregate estimates for any Municipality which shall have been passed under the provisions of the next preceding Section, and if necessary, translations thereof into the vernacular of the district, shall be lodged in the offices of the Magistrate of the district and of the Magistrate, and at some convenient place within such Municipality. During fourteen days after such estimates shall have been so lodged in the said offices, of which due notice shall be

Estimates to be published.

publicly given, such estimates and translations in the vernacular of the district shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times and seasons by any rate-payer of such town who may desire to inspect the same.

Estimate to be transmitted to Magistrate of district and Commissioner of Division.

118. As soon as is practicable, after the expiration of the said fourteen days, the Magistrate shall transmit to the Magistrate of the district the said estimates, with any remarks or objections thereupon which may have been recorded by himself or by the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting. The Magistrate of the district shall transmit to the Commissioner of the Division the said estimates, together with any remarks or objections made by the Magistrate or the Municipal Commissioners, and his own opinion thereon.

Power of Commissioner of division as to estimates.

119. The Commissioner of the division shall sanction, if unobjectionable, any estimate forwarded under the next preceding section. If he see any objection to such estimate he may record his objection: and he shall have power to remit for reconsideration the estimate of any Municipality made under this Part which may have been voted by less than two-thirds of the Commissioners of such Municipality.

An annual report of proceedings, &c., to be submitted.

120. The Commissioners shall, at such time or times, and in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, furnish an annual report of their proceedings and statements in detail of all the works executed by them, and of all sums received and expended by them. All the municipal accounts shall be audited by such person and in such manner as the Lieutenant Governor shall direct. The annual report shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Disposal of sums collected.

121. All sums collected under this Act, and all funds appropriated by Government for the purposes of this Act, shall be paid into the nearest Government treasury of the district, or, with the sanction of Government, into any Bank or branch Bank, or Native Banker established in or near to the Municipality, and shall be credited to an account to be called the Municipal Fund of the Municipality where they have been raised, provided always that it shall be competent to the Commissioners, with the sanction of Government, to invest any sums not required for immediate use either in the Government Savings Bank or in Government securities, or in any other form of security which may be approved of by Government.

Mode of drawing money.

122. All orders for payment of money from the Municipal Fund shall be signed by the Chairman or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman, or, in the absence of the Vice-Chairman, by any two of the Commissioners.

Accounts to be prepared.

123. Within one month after the commencement of each year, the Magistrate shall cause to be prepared accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the Municipal Fund during the previous year; and shall cause such accounts to be laid before the Municipal Commissioners for the space of one month, and shall cause copies of such accounts and of any remarks made thereon by the Municipal Commissioners to be forwarded to the Magistrate of the district, who shall forward the same to the Commissioner of the Division.

PART VI.—REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATH.

Commissioners may keep a register of births and deaths, and appoint Registrars.

124. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to keep in their office a register of all births and deaths within the Municipality, and for this purpose they shall divide the Municipality into such and so many districts as they shall think fit, and for every such district they shall appoint a person to be Registrar of births and deaths within such district.

Every Registrar to live in his district; list of Registrars to be published, &c.

125. Every Registrar shall dwell within the district of which he is Registrar, and shall cause his name, with the addition of Registrar for the district for which he shall be so appointed, to be placed in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of his own dwelling-house; and the Commissioners shall cause to be printed and published a list, containing the name and place of abode of every Registrar in the town.

Commissioners to have register books prepared and numbered.

126. The Commissioners shall cause to be prepared and printed a sufficient number of register books for making entries of all births and deaths which may take place within the Municipality according to the forms prescribed in Schedules (G) and (H) to this Act annexed, and the pages of such book shall be numbered progressively from the beginning to the end.

Registrar to inform himself of, and register births and deaths.

127. Every Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and of every death which shall happen in his district after the first day of September, and shall learn and register, as soon as conveniently may be after the event, without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered, according to the forms in the said Schedules (G) and (H), respectively, touching every such birth and every such death, as the case may be, which shall not have been already registered, every such entry being made in order from the beginning to the end of the book.

Information of births to be given within one month.

128. The father or mother of every child born within the Municipality, or in case of the death, illness, absence, or inability of the father and mother, the occupier of the house or tenement in which such child shall have been born, shall, within one month next after the day of every such birth, give information to the Registrar of the district, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child. Any person whose duty it shall be to give information to a Registrar under this section, who shall refuse or neglect to give such information, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Information of death to be given.

129. Some one of the persons present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness, of every person dying within the Municipality, or, in case of the death, illness, inability, or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house or tenement, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, some inmate of the house or tenement in which such death shall have happened, shall, within eight days next after the day of such death, give information to the Registrar of the district, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the death of such person. Any person who shall refuse or neglect to give any information which it is his duty to give under this section, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Person giving information to sign the register.

130. Every person by whom the information contained in any register of births or deaths under this Act shall have been given, shall sign in the register his name, description, and place of abode; and no such registration shall be deemed to be complete or of any effect until such person shall have so signed it.

PART VII.—MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Strength of the force.

131. At such time or times, and in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, the Commissioners at a meeting shall prepare a statement of the police force required for their Municipality, and such statement, when passed at a meeting of the Commissioners shall be forwarded to the Lieutenant-Governor through the Magistrate to the Commissioner of the division, who shall either himself sanction or amend the statement, or shall forward it to the Lieutenant-Governor for sanction or amendment, according as the said Lieutenant-Governor may, in each case from time to time, direct who shall sanction or amend such statement. The police force, according to the statement finally approved by the Lieutenant-Governor, shall be the police force of the Municipality for the year next ensuing, and its cost shall be incorporated on the estimates of expenditure to be prepared under this Act.

Alteration therein.

132. When the strength and the cost and distribution of the police of any Municipality shall have been settled under the next foregoing section, no alteration shall be made in such strength or cost or distribution of costs, save on the recommendation of the Commissioners and with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or of the Commissioner of the division in cases where the Lieutenant-Governor may have delegated to the Commissioner powers under this section.

Appointment of police.

133. The Commissioners or a sub-committee of the Commissioners nominated for that purpose shall control, appoint, and dismiss or suspend the members of the town police force; provided that no police officer above the rank of constable shall be dismissed or suspended without the sanction of the magistrate of the district; and provided that all the acts of a sub-committee under this section shall be liable to revision by the Commissioners at a meeting.

Police paid under Act not to be employed beyond town.

134. No police officer, who forms part of the strength of the Municipal police, shall be liable to serve beyond the limits of the Municipality, save in execution of duties imposed on him by his employment as a police officer of such Municipality.

Police to be paid monthly.

135. As soon as possible after the close of each month the District Superintendent of Police shall, as regards each Municipality, present to the Magistrate, in whose jurisdiction such Municipality may be situated, a bill shewing the actual expenses incurred during the preceding month in the payment of the said force, and the contingent expenses thereof; and the said Magistrate, on being satisfied that the bill is substantially in accordance with the estimate for such town, shall cause the amount of such bill to be paid to the District Superintendent from the Municipal Fund.

Maximum amount chargeable on account of police.

136. The total amount which shall be chargeable to the Municipal Fund for the cost of any police force which may be sanctioned by the Government for employment within any town, including the contingent expenses of such force, shall not exceed the average rate of one rupee and eight annas per annum for each house in such town, provided that the number of police officers appointed shall not be greater than one superior officer for every fifteen constables, and one constable for every fifty houses.

PART VIII.—INTERVENTION BY THE GOVERNMENT.

Administration of Municipality may be transferred to Magistrate if Commissioners fail to maintain roads and pay for police.

137. If the Commissioners of any Municipality fail to effect the necessary repairs and maintenance of roads, or to pay for the police of the town, it shall be lawful for the Commissioner of the Division in which such Municipality is situated to convene a Committee, consisting of the district sub-divisional Magistrate, the executive engineer of the division, the civil surgeon, and two members nominated by the said Commissioner; and such Committee shall inquire into and report upon the state of such Municipality. And the Lieutenant-Governor may on the report of such Committee call upon the Commissioners, by requisition in writing signed by him and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, to raise the necessary funds and carry out the purposes of this Act, and thereupon if the Commissioners neglect for the space of three months then next ensuing to comply with the said requisition, the Lieutenant-Governor may direct the Magistrate to raise the necessary funds under the provisions of this Act and carry out in all respects the purposes thereof.

Or if Commissioners fail to maintain district roads or provide means of elementary education.

138. When it shall appear to the Lieutenant-Governor in regard to any first class Municipality, or to such officer as he may delegate authority under this section in regard to any second class Municipality, either that due provision is not made for the construction and maintenance in the municipal limits of any district road passing through such limits, and that hinderance to the traffic of the country is caused thereby, or that reasonable elementary education is not available at a fair cost for children of the residents, it shall be lawful for

the Lieutenant-Governor, or such delegated officer as aforesaid, to call upon the Commissioners to repair or maintain such roads, or to provide such means of elementary education as may seem to the Lieutenant-Governor fit; and in case they shall not within three months make due provision for the same, to authorize the Magistrate to collect and apply to these purposes any of the municipal taxes hereinbefore authorized to be imposed.

Commissioners may be required to contribute towards the cost of Government schools.

139. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to direct the Commissioners of any Municipality to contribute the whole or a part of the cost of any elementary school established within such municipality, provided that in no case shall the contribution made under this section for any one year exceed one-sixth part of the balance of the Municipal Fund available, after the cost of police has been met, for carrying out the purposes of this Act. An elementary school shall be deemed to be a vernacular school or a school with a vernacular department, provided that the fee for each vernacular scholar at such school be not more than one anha per month.

PART IX.—MUNICIPAL REGULATIONS.

CHAPTER 1.

Duties of Commissioners, &c.

Limits of the operation of this Part.

140. The provisions of this and the next succeeding Part shall not have force in any Municipality until they shall have been specially extended thereto, and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to extend any or all of the sections in this Part to any Municipality created under this Act, and the said Lieutenant-Governor shall have power to withdraw any Municipality from the operation of all or any of the sections of this Part.

Names of streets and numbers of houses.

141. The Commissioners may cause a name to be given to any road and affixed in such place or places as they may think fit, and may also cause a number to be affixed to every house in every road for the purpose of identifying such house; and the Commissioners at a meeting may cause such names and numbers to be altered.

Places of deposit for filth.

142. The Commissioners shall provide all cattle, carts, and implements required for the removal of night-soil, dung, and other filth, and shall, from time to time, appoint or provide places convenient for the deposit of such night-soil, dung, and other filth, and for keeping all cattle, carts, and implements, required for the removal thereof, and for other purposes of conservancy.

Occupiers of houses to remove night-soil, &c., to carts of Commissioners.

143. It shall be the duty of the occupier of every house within the limits of any Municipality to remove from his premises all night-soil, dung, and other filth into carts provided by the Commissioners for the purpose of carrying away the same, and at such times and in such manner as the Commissioners may direct. Provided that

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of the occupier of any house shall prefer to carry away the said night-soil, dung, or other filth, it shall be open to him to do so in conformity with the provisions of Section 146 of this Act.

All rubbish collected to be the property of Municipal Commissioners.

144. All dirt, ashes, rubbish, sewage, soil, dung, and filth, collected by the Commissioners from the roads, houses, privies, sewers, and cess-pools, shall be held to be the property of the said Commissioners, who shall have power to sell and dispose of the same; and the money arising from the sale thereof shall form part of the Municipal Fund.

Dust boxes in streets.

145. The Commissioners may cause any number of movable or fixed dust boxes, or other convenient receptacles wherein dust and rubbish may be temporarily deposited until removed and carried away, to be provided and placed in convenient situations, and may require the occupiers of houses in roads to cause all such matter as aforesaid to be deposited daily, or otherwise periodically, in the said receptacles.

Removal of night-soil.

146. The Commissioners shall from time to time fix the hours within which it shall be lawful to remove night-soil or other such offensive matter, and the manner in which such night-soil or other offensive matter shall be removed.

Inspection of drains, privies, and cess-pools.

147. The Commissioners, or any officer appointed by them for that purpose, may inspect all privies, drains, and cess-pools within any Municipality at any time between sunrise and sun-set, after six hours' notice in writing to the occupier of any premises in which such privies, drains, or cess-pools are situated, and may, if necessary, cause the ground to be opened where they or he think fit for the purpose of preventing or removing any nuisance arising from such privies drains, or cess-pools.

All public streams, &c., to be under direction and control of the Commissioners.

148. All public streams, channels, watercourses, tanks, reservoirs, springs, and wells in any town shall, for the purposes of this Act, be under the direction and control of the Commissioners.

Bathing places, &c.

149. The Commissioners shall have power to set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks, or parts of rivers, streams, or channels, not being private property, for the inhabitants to bathe in, and also to set apart tanks or other places for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, or comfort of the inhabitants.

Power to require unwholesome tanks on private premises to be cleansed or drained.

150. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to require, by notice in writing, the owner of any premises to cleanse any private tank, and to drain off and remove any waste or stagnant water within any such premises which may appear to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood; and if such owner refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition during eight days from the service thereof, the Commissioners, their officers, and workmen, may enter such premises, and do all such necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid as they shall think fit; and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the

owner of such premises so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Power to clear noxious vegetation and to improve bad drainage.

151. Whenever any lands or premises being private property or within any private enclosure, appear to the Commissioners to be, by reason of thick or noxious vegetation or want of drainage, in a state injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to require, by notice in writing, the owner or occupier of the premises to clear and remove such vegetation or drain such premises, and if he do not within one week after such notice begin to cut, clear, and remove such vegetation, or to drain such land, and do not complete such work with the due diligence, the Commissioners, their officers and workmen, may after forty-eight hours' notice, enter into the said premises, and do all necessary acts for the purpose aforesaid as they shall think fit, and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner or occupier of such premises, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Power to drain off and cleanse stagnant pools in open places.

152. The Commissioners may, from time to time, as they see fit, drain off into any sewers, and cleanse and fill up or otherwise abate, any stagnant pool, ditch, tank, pond, or other receptacle of water (the same not being within any private enclosure) which shall appear to them to be useless or unnecessary, or likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants, whether the same be the private property of any person or not.

Chapter 2.

Penalties.

Altering names of streets, &c.

153. Whoever wilfully removes, obliterates, or destroys any name or number affixed under section 141 of this Act, or under the provisions of any Act hereby repealed, shall be liable on conviction by a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

Depositing dirt in streets, &c.

154. Whoever commits any nuisance, or deposits, or permits his servants to deposit any dust, dirt, dung, ashes, garden, kitchen, or stable refuse or filth of any kind, or any animal matter, or any broken glass or earthenware, broken brick, mortar, or other rubbish, in any road or on the pavement or verandah of any house, or on any ground between the house and the road, or any public quay, jetty, or landing place, or on any part of a river bank, whether above or below high water-mark, except in such places and in such manner and at such hours as shall be fixed by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Allowing sewerage to flow on public highway.

155. Whoever causes or allows the water of any sink or sewer, or any other offensive liquid matter, belonging to him or being on his land, to run, drain, or be thrown or put upon any road or public highway; or causes or allows any offensive matter from any sewer or privy to run, drain, or be thrown into a surface drain in any such road or highway, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees.

Penalty on occupier of a house not removing filth.

156. Whoever, being the occupier of a house within the limits of any Municipality, keeps or allows to be kept for more than twenty-four hours, or otherwise than in some proper receptacle, any dirt, dung, night-soil, filth, or any noxious or offensive matter, in or upon the roof of such house, or in or upon the roof of any out-house, or in any yard or ground attached to, and occupied by the occupier of such house, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Filthy houses.

157. Whoever, being the owner or occupier of any house, building, or land within any Municipality, whether tenantable or otherwise, suffers the same to be in a filthy or unwholesome state, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees, and to a further penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after conviction for such offence during which the offence is continued.

Licensed public necessaries.

158. It shall also be lawful for the Commissioners to grant to such persons and for such period as they think fit, licenses to keep privies for public accommodation, subject to such conditions as may be necessary for the preservation of public health and decency. Any such person holding such license, and failing to observe the conditions prescribed in such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees. Provided that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, at any time, on giving one month's notice in writing, to cancel any license granted under this section.

Throwing rubbish into sewers.

159. Whoever throws or puts, or permits his servants to throw or put any earth, dirt, or other filth, rubbish, or night-soil into any sewer not specially appropriated for such purpose by the Commissioners, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Fouling water by bathing, &c.

160. Whoever, except as permitted by the Commissioners, bathes in any public stream, channel, water-course, tank, reservoir, spring, or well, or in any other manner fouls the water thereof, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Penalty for keeping sheep-pen, &c., in a filthy state.

161. Whoever being the owner or keeper of any cattle, sheep, or pigs, suffers the stall, pen, or place in which they are kept, in or near any road or public highway, to be in a filthy or noxious state, or neglects to employ proper means to remove the filth therefrom, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and to a fine not exceeding three Rupees for every day after conviction for such offences during which the offence is continued.

Chapter 3.

Conservancy works.

Common privies.

162. The Commissioners shall provide and maintain, in sufficient numbers and in proper situations, common privies and urinals, and shall cause the same to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

163. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to prescribe the form or construction of privy which the owner or occupier of any house or building within the limits of the Municipality may have on his premises; and such owner or occupier shall have such privy shut out by a wall or fence from the view of persons passing by or residing in the neighbourhood; and any such owner or occupier having a privy constructed in a form different from that prescribed by the Commissioners, or failing to shut it out from public view in the manner hereinbefore directed, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees a day for each day of default or breach of the provisions of this section after written notice duly given by the Commissioners to such owner or occupier.

Construction of privy.

164. All public sewers, drains, and other works for conservancy existing in any Municipality at the time this Act comes into operation, or which may afterwards be made, shall be under the direction and control of the Commissioners.

Sewers and drains, &c., under control of the Commissioners.

165. All public sewers, or other works for the improvement, or the conservancy hereafter required in any Municipality shall be constructed under the direction of the Commissioners, who shall be empowered to purchase any land necessary for such purpose from funds at their disposal; or such land shall, if necessary, be taken under the sanction of Government, under the provisions of any Act heretofore passed, or which shall hereafter be passed, for the acquisition of land for public purposes.

Sewers, &c., to be constructed under the direction of the Commissioners.

166. All branch drains, and all privies and cess-pools within any town, shall be under the survey and control of the Commissioners, and shall be repaired and made efficient at the cost of the owners of the lands and buildings to which the same belong. If any such owner neglect, during eight days after notice in writing, to repair and make the same efficient in such manner as may be required by the Commissioners, the Commissioners shall cause such drain, privy, or cess-pool to be made efficient, or, if necessary, removed, and the expense of such removal or repair shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Branch drains, privies, &c., under control of Commissioners.

167. If any such drain, privy, or cess-pool is constructed, after the passing of this Act, contrary to the directions and regulations of the Commissioners, or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or if any person, without the consent of the Commissioners, constructs, re-builds, or unstops any drain, privy, or cess-pool, which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, every person so doing shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees. And the Commissioners may cause such drain, privy, or cess-pool to be removed, or may cause such amendment or alteration to be made therein as they think fit; and the expense thereof shall be paid by the person by whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool was improperly constructed, re-built, or unstopped, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for making drains, &c., contrary to Commissioners' orders.

Chapter 4.

Obstructions in the road.

168. Whoever builds any wall or erects or sets up any fence, rail, post or other obstruction or encroachment, in any road or public highway, or in or over any open drain, sewer, or aqueduct along the side of any such road or highway, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees: and the Commissioners shall have power to remove any such obstruction or encroachment; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the person erecting the same, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Future obstructions in highway.

169. Whoever displaces, takes up, or makes any alteration in the pavement or other materials, or in the fences or posts of any road or public highway, without the consent in writing of the Commissioners, or without other lawful authority, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Taking up pavements.

170. The Commissioners may give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any house or building as aforesaid, to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, which after this Act shall have taken effect, shall be erected or placed against or in front of such house or building, if the same overhangs, or juts into, or in any way projects or encroaches upon, or is an obstruction to the safe and convenient passage along any road or public highway, or obstructs, or projects or encroaches into or upon, any uncovered aqueduct, drain, or sewer in such road or highway; and such owner or occupier shall, within fourteen days after the service of such notice upon him, remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the Commissioners, and in default thereof shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees; and the Commissioners in such case may remove or alter such projection, encroachment, or obstruction; and the expense of such removal or alteration shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Projections from houses erected in future to be removed.

171. The Commissioners may cause any such projection, encroachment, or obstruction erected or placed against or in front of any house or building in any road or public highway before this Act shall have been extended to the place, to be removed or altered as they shall think fit; provided that notice be given of such intended removal or alteration to the occupier of the house or building against, or in front of which such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall be, thirty days before such alteration or removal is begun; and they shall make reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration.

Removal of existing projection from houses.

Notice of removal.

Compensation when to be made.

172. Whenever any house or building, part of which projects beyond the regular line of a road or public highway or beyond the front of the house or building on either

Houses projecting beyond line of highway, when taken down to be set back.

side thereof, shall be taken down in order to be re-built or altered, the Commissioners may require the same to be set back to, or towards the line of the road or highway, or the line of the adjoining houses or buildings, and shall make reasonable compensation to the owner of such house or building for any damage he may thereby sustain.

Power to trim hedges and trees bordering roads.

173. The Commissioners may give notice to the owner or occupier of any land to cut and trim any hedges or trees which overhang any road or public highway, so as to obstruct the passage; and in the event of such notice not being complied with within eight days from the date of service thereof, the Commissioners may cause the said hedges or trees to be cut and trimmed in the manner required; and the expense incurred by the Commissioners in respect thereof shall be paid by the owner or occupier, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Roofs and external walls not to be made of inflammable materials.

174. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners, by a by-law to be made in manner hereinafter provided, to direct that the external roof and walls of huts or other buildings about to be erected or renewed in or near any road or public highway shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other such inflammable materials.

Penalty for not lighting deposits of building materials or excavations.

175. No person intending to build or take down, alter, or repair any building, shall deposit any building materials or make a hole in or near any public highway, without the permission of the Commissioners, and when such permission is granted to any person, he shall, at his own expense, cause such materials or such hole to be sufficiently fenced and enclosed until the materials are removed, or the hole is filled up or otherwise made secure; and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night: and whoever so deposits materials or so makes a hole without such permission, or fails to fence or enclose and cause to be lighted such materials or hole, or remove such materials or fill up or otherwise make secure such hole when the permission has been withdrawn, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day while the offence is continued after twenty-four hours' notice from the Commissioners.

Dangerous places to be repaired or enclosed.

176. If any house or other building, tank, well, or hole or other place, whether on public or private ground be, for want of sufficient repair or protection, dangerous to human beings, the Commissioners shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and also to the occupier of the premises, if any, and shall also cause notice to be put on some conspicuous part of such premises, requiring the owner, or occupier, if any, forthwith to take down, secure, repair, or protect such building, tank, well, or hole, or other dangerous place; and if such owner or occupier do not, within three days after such notice, begin to comply with the requisition, and do not carry on the work to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, they may cause the same to be taken down, secured, repaired, or protected, so as to prevent danger therefrom; and the expense of such work shall be paid by the owner or occupier of such property so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Houses, &c., in a ruinous or dangerous state.

177. If, in any road any house, building or wall, or anything affixed thereon, be deemed by the Commissioners to be in a ruinous state or likely to fall, or in any way dangerous, they shall forthwith give notice in writing to the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and also to the occupier thereof, if any, requiring such owner or occupier to take down or secure the same within a fixed time; and in default the Commissioners shall cause such repairs to be made or such buildings to be removed; and the expense thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the premises so making default, and shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Occupier may retain or recover cost of works executed at his expense from owner, and one owner may enforce contribution from other owners.

178. Whenever, under the provisions of this Act, any work is required by the Commissioners to be executed, or any alterations or improvements to be made in any building, premises, or place, and such work, alterations, or improvements are executed by the occupier of such house, place, or premises, or by the Commissioners, at his expense, the cost thereof may be deducted by such occupier from the next and following payments of his rent due or becoming due to such owner, or may be recovered by him in any court of competent jurisdiction. Provided always, that in case the occupier has a beneficial interest in such building, premises, or place, he shall deduct or recover such sum only as will bear the same proportion to the entire cost of such work, alteration, or improvement, as the value of the owner's interest bears to the value of the joint interest of him and the occupier. And provided also, that in case the rents issuing out of any such building, premises, or place belong to more persons than one, who are entitled to the same, either as being joint proprietors of such building, premises, or place, or as having intermediate and other interests therein, the cost of any work, alteration, or improvement as aforesaid payable by the owner, shall be borne by such persons in proportion to their respective interests, and any one or more of such persons, who may have been compelled to pay more than a just proportion in the first instance, shall have like remedies against the others, for enforcing contribution by them, as are hereby given to the occupier as against the owner.

Sale of materials of ruinous houses, &c.

179. The materials of any such house, building, wall, or other structure or any part of the same which may be pulled down as provided in Section 176, may be sold by the Commissioners, and the proceeds of such sale applied to the payment of the expenses incurred. Any overplus of such sale shall on demand be restored to the owner of such house, building, or wall, and if unclaimed shall, after the lapse of twelve months, be carried to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

Chapter 5.

Regulation of certain offensive trades and of Burial and Burning Grounds.

Penalty for establishing certain offensive and dangerous trades within limits to be fixed by the Commissioners.

180. Within such limits as may for the purposes of this section be fixed by the Commissioners, no premises shall be newly used except under license from the Commissioners, for any of the following purposes, namely, for melting tallow, for boiling offal or blood, or as a soap house, oil-boiling house, dyeing house, tannery, brick pottery or lime kiln, or other manufactory or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise, or as a yard or depôt for hay, straw, wood, or coal; and whoever without a license uses any such premises for such purpose, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

No burial or burning place henceforth to be formed without leave of Government, or of Commissioners.

181. No burial or burning ground, whether public or private, shall be made or formed after the passing of this Act, otherwise than by or under the authority of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, without a license from the Commissioners; and whoever shall bury or burn, or cause, permit, or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpse in any burial or burning ground made or formed without such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

Commissioners may order certain burial or burning places to be closed.

182. If, upon the evidence of competent persons, it shall appear to the Commissioners that any burial or burning ground is in such a state as to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof, and also that a suitable place for interment or burning, as the case may be, exists within a convenient distance and is available, the Commissioners, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal previously obtained, may, by notification to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the ground, appoint a time, not being less than two months, for the closing of such burial or burning ground, and whoever, after the time so appointed, buries or burns, or causes or permits to be buried or burned, any corpse therein, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Chapter 6.

Vaccination and Inoculation.

Operation of this chapter.

183. In any Municipality where the Lieutenant-Governor may consider that proper and sufficient arrangements have been made for the vaccination or inoculation with the cow-pox of the inhabitants thereof, the practice of inoculation shall be prohibited with effect from such date as may be notified by the Lieutenant-Governor at the time of the extension of this Chapter to such Municipality.

Penalty for inoculating or otherwise producing small-pox.

184. Any person who shall thereafter produce, or attempt to produce, in any person, by inoculation with variolous matter, or by wilful exposure to variolous matter, or to any matter, article, or thing impregnated with variolous matter, or who shall wilfully, by any other means whatsoever, produce the disease of small-pox in any person, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding three months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, or to both.

Penalty for entering into any place, subject to this Act, without a proper certificate, before forty days from date of inoculation.

185. If any person having been inoculated with the small-pox in a place to which the provisions of this Act shall not at the time be applicable, shall afterwards enter the town of Calcutta, or any other town or place to which such provision shall then be applicable, before the elapse of forty days from the date of such inoculation, or without a certificate from a qualified medical officer, stating that such person is no longer likely to cause contagion, such person shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding three months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, or to both.

Mode of procedure.

186. Whenever a Magistrate shall sentence an offender to fine under this Chapter, it shall be lawful for such Magistrate to award any portion not exceeding one-half of such fine to the person on whose information such offender has been convicted.

Part X.—Municipal Markets.

Power to grant licenses for markets.

187. If shall be lawful for the Municipal Commissioners to grant licenses for the use of any place as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit and vegetables within the Municipality.

Duration of license, and terms on which granted.

188. Every license to be granted under the provisions of this Act shall be in force until the next ensuing the day therein named for the commencement thereof, and the said Municipal Commissioners shall grant such license whenever it shall be certified to them in writing, under the hand of the Vice-Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners, that such place is fit to be used as a market.

Vice-Chairman bound to certify fit places.

189. The Vice-Chairman, upon the application in writing of the owner of any such place, shall certify under the preceeding section, unless such place be defective as a market in drainage, ventilation, water-supply, or proper width of paths and ways therein.

Penalty on permitting unauthorized places to be used as markets.

190. Whoever wilfully or negligently permits any place within the limits aforesaid to be used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables, without a license under this Act, shall, unless such place shall have been used as a market for the sale of similar articles at the time of the passing of this Act, be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees; and shall also be liable to a further penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day during which the said offence shall be continued.

Power to close unlicensed places.

191. Whenever three convictions under the provisions of the next preceding section shall have been pronounced in respect of the same place, it shall be lawful for the

Magistrate, on the application of the Municipal Commissioners, to order such place to be closed, and thereupon to appoint persons, or otherwise take order, to prevent such place being so used; and every person who shall sell or expose for sale, meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables in any place which shall have been so closed shall be liable for each offence to a fine which may extend to ten Rupees.

Present markets to be registered.

192. The owner or lessee of every place within the limits aforesaid at the time of the passing of this Act used as a market for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, or vegetables, shall, within six months of the passing of this Act, register, or cause to be registered, the same in a book to be kept for that purpose by the Municipal Commissioners at their office, in which shall be stated the name of the owner thereof, and of the lessee, the extent and boundary of the market, and the description of articles sold therein.

Mode of registration

193. Such registration shall be made on the application in writing of the owner or lessee, or some one of the owners or lessees thereof, and every such application shall contain the particulars hereinbefore required to be set out in the registration.

Transfers to be registered.

194. Every transfer of interest in any such market as last aforesaid shall be in like manner registered within two months after the date of transfer.

Penalty on omission to register.

195. Any market which, or the transfer of which, shall not be duly registered under the preceding sections shall be deemed to be a place not used as a market at the time of the passing of this Act.

Power to Municipal Commissioners to construct markets.

196. The Municipal Commissioners may from time to time, if they shall think fit, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, provide places within the said town for the purpose of being used as municipal markets, and may charge such rents, tolls and fees as to them may seem fit for the use of or right to expose goods for sale in such markets, and for the use of shops, stalls and standings therein.

Recovery of fees.

197. All such rents, tolls, and fees which shall be imposed shall be recoverable by the Municipal Commissioners from the persons liable to pay the same, as if the amounts payable in respect thereof were rates due to the Commissioners from such persons under the provision of this Act.

Power to make rules for Municipal markets.

198. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to make bye-laws for the establishment and publication of a price-current by measure, weight, or tale of the articles sold in Municipal markets under this Act, and for prescribing the mode of sale of such articles.

Power to expel persons breaking regulations.

199. It shall be lawful for the Municipal Commissioners to expel from any such market any person who shall have been convicted of disobeying any such bye-law, and to prevent such person by himself or his servants or agents from further carrying on any trade or business in such market, or occupying stalls or shops therein, and to determine any lease or tenure which such person may have in any such stall or shop.

PART XI.—JURISDICTION OF COMMISSIONERS IN MUNICIPAL AND OTHER CASES.

Jurisdiction of Commissioners

200. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to direct that any two or more Commissioners of any Municipality may exercise within the limits of such Municipality the powers of a Magistrate in respect of all or any of the offences under the following provisions of this Act, namely, Sections 69, 76, 77, 79, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 97, 117, 118, all the sections of Parts IX and X, and the rules and bye-laws which may be framed under any Section of this Act, and also in respect of all offences named in the Penal Code which may be triable under the Criminal Procedure Code by a subordinate magistrate of the first class. When such direction shall have been notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*, then any person accused of an offence, or liable to a penalty under or in persuance of the above-mentioned provisions of this Act, shall be tried by a bench of not less than two Commissioners sitting together. With respect to any matter which may, under this section, be transferred to the jurisdiction of the Commissioners, the powers, duties, and authority of the Magistrate shall cease. Provided that if the Commissioners, or a bench of the Commissioners, refuse or omit to act under this section, the Magistrate may, with the sanction of the Commissioner of the Division, resume for such time as he may seem fit the functions transferred to the Commissioners under this section. It shall be competent to the Lieutenant-Governor to amend, modify, or recall any direction notified under this section. In case of difference of opinion between the members of a bench of Commissioners, the opinion of the majority shall prevail; when the numbers are equally divided, the opinion of the senior Commissioner shall prevail. The provisions of this section shall not be held to affect the appellate jurisdiction of the Magistrate of the district, under Chapter XXX of the Code of Criminal Procedure, or the powers of supervision vested in the Magistrate of the district by section 434 of the same Code.

Bye-laws for Benches.

201. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners at a meeting to make bye-laws for regulating the rotation in which, and the place at which, the Commissioners shall sit to decide cases under the next foregoing section, and to assign from the Municipal Fund salaries to clerks and other servants who may be appointed by the Commissioners to serve in the courts of benches of Commissioners sitting under the next preceding section.

PART XII.

THIRD CLASS MUNICIPALITIES.

Appointment of punchayets.

202. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of this and the next succeeding Part to any place not being a I or II Class Municipality, and it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to delegate the power of extending the said provisions to such officers as he may see

fit. After such extension shall have been notified the Magistrate of the district may by a writing under his hand and seal appoint not less three and not more than five persons to be a punchayet in such place. Provided that no punchayet shall be appointed for any place in which there shall be less than sixty houses, and provided that no punchayet shall be appointed in any place, until a Magistrate shall, in personal communication with some of the residents of such town, have explained to them the general duties of a punchayet.

Power to make unions of places.

203. If two or more places containing together not less than eighty houses are so situate that some house in one of such places is situate within one mile of some house in each of the others, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to form such places into a union, and for the purposes of this part such union shall be deemed to be a village.

Election of punchayet.

204. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate of the district to permit or cause the election of a punchayet, under such rules as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe for any place, instead of appointing such punchayet under section 201 of this Act. The Magistrate of the district shall have power to accept resignations and to fill up vacancies in punchayets either by election or by appointment. Every member of a punchayet shall hold office until a successor be elected or appointed. But no person shall be eligible for membership of the punchayet of any place, unless he a resident in such place, or the proprietor or holder of land therein or his local agent, provided that such proprietor or local agent shall not be eligible for membership unless he be resident within one mile from some part of such place.

Power to appoint punchayet on application of villagers.

205. Whenever the majority in number of the adult male residents in any place or in two or more places so situate as in section 202 is set forth shall by a writing signed by them apply to the Magistrate of the district for the appointment of a punchayet in such place or places, it shall be lawful for him to appoint a punchayet under this Part in such place or places without regard to the number of houses therein contained, and all the provisions of this Part shall apply to such punchayet and to such place or places.

Limits of Municipalities.

206. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate of the district to declare by a writing under his hand and seal what shall be the limits of any Municipality constituted under this Part. But in any case where no such declaration is made, the limits of a Municipality under this Part shall be taken to be the boundaries of the area of the village or villages which constitute such Municipality.

Municipal taxation.

207. It shall be lawful for the punchayet of any Municipality constituted under this Part to impose within the limits of such Municipality the tax described at section 31 clause (*a*) of this Act, provided that the average annual tax on each holding shall not exceed one rupee.

Manner of assessment.

208. The assessment to the tax imposed under the next foregoing section shall be made by the punchayet subject as far as may be to the provisions of sections 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40 of Part III, Chapter 2 of this Act in respect to Commissioners, provided that it shall not be necessary to send any list or notice of assessment under this part anywhere outside the place for which the assessments may be framed; and provided that any person dissatisfied with his assessment may appeal orally or in writing to the punchayet, who shall consider and decide finally on such appeal; and also that the Magistrate may call for the list of assessment of any village, and that he shall call for such list on the application of ten tax-payers of such villages, and may pass such orders on any such list as he may think fit.

Collection of the tax.

209. Every punchayet shall appoint one of their number to receive and collect the tax, and to grant receipts for the same and to keep the accounts thereof, and it shall be lawful for the punchayet to permit the person so appointed to retain any sum not exceeding six per cent. of the amount collected by him to re-pay the costs of such collection.

Manner of realization.

210. The collecting member of the punchayet shall collect the tax due every quarter, following, as near as may be, the procedure laid down in sections 99, 100, 102, 104, 105, and 107 of Part IV of this Act, provided that the collecting member shall himself do all which must be done by the tax collector or by the Magistrate under the above-mentioned sections; and provided that the collecting member be not bound to make use of the forms prescribed in these sections, so long as any warrant of distress issued for tax due under this Part shall be in writing, and shall be under the hand of the collecting member.

Appeal against distress.

211. Any person against whom distress may issue under the next foregoing section may, if he dispute his liability to the arrear demanded of him, apply to the Magistrate either orally or in writing, and the Magistrate, after hearing the applicant's statement and making such enquiry as he may see fit, shall pass such order as he may deem proper on the application.

Application of tax.

212. The proceeds of the tax levied under this part, together with any fines realized under this Act, and any other sum which may become applicable for the purposes of this Act, shall constitute a fund which shall be called "The Village Fund;" and such fund shall be applicable to the payment of chowkeedars, and the balance after payment of chowkeedars shall be applicable to the supply of drinking water to the residents or to their cattle, to simple conservancy operations, and to the support of *patshalas* or village schools.

Appointment of chowkeedars.

213. The punchayet of any place shall be bound to appoint such persons to be chowkeedars as they may deem fit, and to assign them salaries out of the Village Fund; provided that not more than one chowkeedar be appointed to every sixty houses, and that the salary of a chowkeedar be not less than three rupees a month, subject to reduction on account of the revenue due on

214. On the appointment of any chowkeedar the punchayet shall give to him a certificate signed by them of such his appointment, specifying therein the rate of salary at which he has been appointed, and he shall within seven days produce such certificate at the police station within the limits of which his village may be situate, and the officer in charge of such station shall cause the particulars of such certificate to be registered in a book to be kept in such station for the purpose of such registration, and shall report the same to the Magistrate.

Registry of chowkeedars by the police.

215. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate if he see fit to dismiss any chowkeedar for misconduct or neglect of duty, and the punchayet shall thereupon appoint a successor. It shall be lawful for the punchayet to dismiss or fine to the extent of one month's salary any chowkeedar for neglect of duty or misconduct, provided that such chowkeedar may within sixty days appeal to the Magistrate against such dismissal or fine, and the Magistrate shall thereon make such enquiry and pass such order as he may see fit.

Dismissal and fine of chowkeedars.

216. Every chowkeedar appointed under the provisions of this Part shall perform the following duties:

Duties of chowkeedar.

(1) He shall give immediate information to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which the village is situate of every unnatural, suspicious, or sudden death which may occur, and of every offence specified in the final section of this Part which may be committed within the village of which he is chowkeedar, and he shall further keep the police informed of all disputes which are likely to lead to any riot or serious affray.

(2) He shall arrest all proclaimed offenders, and all persons whom he may find in the act of committing any offence specified in the final section of this Part.

(3) He shall observe, and from time to time report to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which the village may be situate, the movements of all bad characters in such village.

(4) He shall report to the officer in charge of such police station the arrival of suspicious characters in the neighbourhood.

(5) He shall present himself at such station twice in each week, if such station be within two miles of the village, and if it be more remote once in each week, or once in each fortnight as the Magistrate may direct.

(6) He shall supply any local information which the Magistrate or any officer of police may require.

(7) He shall obey the orders of the punchayet in regard to keeping watch in the village and other matters connected with his duties as chowkeedar.

217. Whenever the chowkeedar may arrest any person, such chowkeedar shall forthwith take the person so arrested to the police station within the limits of which such village is situate, provided that if the arrest is made at night, such person shall be so taken, as soon as convenient, on the following morning.

Procedure on arrest by chowkeedars.

218. The punchayet shall exercise a general control over the chowkeedars, and every member of such punchayet who may know or be informed of the commission, within the village of any offence specified in the final section of this Part shall forthwith cause the same to be reported by the chowkeedar to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which the village may be situate, and on failure of the chowkeedar, such member shall himself report the same to such officer.

Control of chowkeedars by punchayet.

219. Every chowkeedar shall receive, month by month, the full amount of his salary from the member of the punchayet appointed to collect the tax.

Mode of paying chowkeedars.

220. Whenever the salary of any month shall not be paid in full to any chowkeedar on or before the 15th of the month following, such chowkeedar may apply to the Magistrate, who shall call upon the punchayet within ten days to show cause why they should not pay the amount due to such chowkeedar, and the Magistrate after hearing the punchayet shall pass such order as he may deem fit directing the punchayet or any member thereof to pay the chowkeedar's salary, or directing distraint of the property of the punchayet or any member thereof to the amount of the arrear due to the chowkeedar.

Application by chowkeedar for payment of his salary.

221. All powers vested in the punchayet for the appointment and dismissal of chowkeedars and for fixing the number of chowkeedars to be appointed and the rate of their pay, and for making and levying the assessments hereinbefore directed to be made, may be exercised by the Magistrate or any person whom the Magistrate may by any writing under his hand authorise on that behalf, in case the punchayet shall, for fifteen days after a notice from the Magistrate to exercise such powers or any of them, refuse or neglect to exercise the same, and the Magistrate shall be bound to enquire into any matter concerning the due observance of the provisions of this part in any village whenever ten adult tax-payers may make a representation to the effect that the punchayet's proceedings require supervision or amendment.

Powers of punchayet may be exercised by the Magistrate.

222. The punchayet shall be bound to affix once in every quarter on a conspicuous place in the village, or in each village of their circuit, an account of the receipts and expenditure of the quarter next preceding. Any ten adult tax-payers of the village may, if the accounts are not published, or if they are dissatisfied with such accounts, make a representation to the Magistrate who shall be bound to supervise the same.

Accounts.

Jurisdiction of a punchayet.

223. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor to invest all or any of the members of a punchayet with powers described in Section 200 of this Act so far as the same are applicable. Two or more of the members so invested may thereafter sit together under such bye-laws as to rotation, days of sitting, and place of sitting, as the Magistrate may from time to time prescribe, and so sitting shall have jurisdiction within the limits of their municipality. All the provisions of the said section with respect to Commissioners shall apply to members of a punchayet invested with powers as aforesaid so far as the said provisions are or may be applicable.

PART XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Service of notice.

224. Every bill, notice, schedule, summons, or notice of demand, regarding any assessment, rate, or tax or any money due in respect of the same, may be served personally upon the person to whom the same is assessed, or be left at his usual place of abode with some adult male member or servant of his family, or if it cannot be so served, may be put up on some conspicuous part of such place of abode, and shall thereby be deemed to be duly served.

Proviso.

Provided that, if the place of abode of the owner of any house, building, or land in respect of which a rate is assessed be unknown, or if the owner of any such house, building, or land be not resident within the limits of the place, every such bill, notice, summons, or notice of demand, shall be deemed to have been duly served, if put up on some conspicuous part of the house, building, or land in respect of which the rate is assessed.

Assessment not to be impeached if the directions of the Act are in substance complied with.

225. No assessment, and no charge or demand of a rate or tax made under the authority of this Act shall be impeached or affected by reason of any mistake in the name of any person liable to pay the rate or tax, or in the description of any property or thing liable to the rate or tax, or any mistake in the amount of assessment, provided the directions of this Act be in substance and effect complied with; and no proceedings under this Act shall, for want of form, be quashed or set aside in any court of justice.

Distress not unlawful for want of form.

226. No distress levied by virtue of this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the notice, schedule, summons, notice of demand, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser *ab initio* on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him; but all persons aggrieved by such irregularity may recover full satisfaction for any special damage sustained by them in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Commissioners may bring suit instead of distraining, or on failure of distress.

227. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of any rates, taxes, expenses, or charges, recoverable under the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Power to make compensation out of the Municipal Fund.

228. The Commissioners may make compensation out of the Municipal Fund to any person sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the Commissioners, their officers or servants, under this Act.

Commissioners empowered to make by-laws.

229. It shall be lawful for the Commissioners to make bye-laws, and to repeal, alter, and amend the same, subject to the confirmation hereinafter-mentioned, for regulating the time and mode of collecting the rates and taxes mentioned in this Act, for regulating the conduct of persons employed by them, for the management of all matters connected with conservancy, and for carrying out all the purposes of this Act; and to affix fines as penalties for the infringement of such by-laws. Provided that no by-law shall be repugnant to any law in force, and that no fine for any one infringement of a by-law shall exceed twenty Rupees, and that in case of a continuing infringement no fine shall exceed five Rupees for every day after notice from the Commissioners of such infringement.

Confirmation and publication of by-law.

230. No bye-law or alteration of a bye-law shall have effect until the same shall have been approved and confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and shall have been published for such length of time and in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall order.

Bye-laws until repealed or altered, to be of like effect as if inserted in this Act.

231. All bye-laws, when the same shall have been duly confirmed and published, shall, until the same be repealed or altered, be of the like effect as if they were inserted in this Act.

No action to be brought against the Commissioners or their officers, until after one month's notice of cause of action.

232. No action shall be brought against the Commissioners, or against a punchayet, or any of their officers, or any person acting under their direction, for anything done under this Act until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing shall have been delivered or left at the office of the Commissioners or affixed at some conspicuous place in the village of such punchayet, or at the place of abode of such person, explicitly stating the cause of action and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff; and unless such notice be proved, the court shall find for the defendant, and every such action shall be commenced within three months next after the accrual of the cause of action, and not afterwards; and if any person to whom any such notice of action is given, shall before such action is brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover.

No charge to be instituted under this Act without consent of Commissioners.

233. The Commissioners may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance whatever, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties, and for the punishment of any persons offending against the provisions of this Act, and may order the expenses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund, and no charge of an offence under this Act shall be instituted without the order or consent of the

Commissioners, and no such charge shall be instituted except within three months next after the commission of such offence. Any prosecution under this section shall be instituted before any Magistrate having jurisdiction under the provisions of Chapter XV of the Criminal Procedure Code. The procedure of the above-mentioned code shall apply to all trials of offences under this Act.

Proceedings of Magistrate of district and Commissioner of division respectively, subject to control of Lieutenant-Governor.

234. All the proceedings of the Magistrate of the district, or of a Magistrate under this Act, or of the Municipal Commissioners, except as otherwise specially provided, shall be subject to the control and revision of the Commissioner of the division; and all the proceedings of the Commissioner of the division shall be subject to the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

SCHEDULE A.

(Referred to in Section 5.)

ACTS REPEALED.

Number of Act.	*Title.*
Act XXVI of 1850 ...	To enable improvements to be made in towns.
Act XX of 1856 ...	To make better provision for the appointment and maintenance of police chowkeedars in cities, towns, stations, suburbs, and bazaars in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.
Act XXI of 1857 ...	To make better provision for the order and good government of the suburbs of Calcutta and of the station of Howrah.
Act XII of 1858 ...	For raising funds for making and repairing roads in the suburbs of Calcutta and the station of Howrah.
Act III (B.C.) of 1864, or District Municipal Improvement Act.	For the appointment of Municipal Commissioners in towns and other places in the provinces under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and to make better provision for the conservancy, improvement, and watching thereof, and for the levying of rates and taxes thereon.
Act IV (B.C.) of 1865 ...	For the prohibition of the practice of inoculation in the town and suburbs of Calcutta and in towns to which Act III of 1864 has been or shall hereafter be extended.
Act VI (B.C.) of 1867 ...	For the better regulation of the police in towns and municipalities in the territories under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
Act VII (B.C.) of 1867...	For amending Act III of 1864.
Act II (B.C.) of 1868 ...	For amending the District Municipal Improvement Act.
Act VI (B.C.) of 1868, or District Towns Act, 1868.	For providing for the better regulation of the police in towns under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and for the conservancy and improvement thereof.

SCHEDULE B (referred to in section 36).

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.

An assessment made for [*here describe the Municipality for which the assessment is made*] upon the several occupiers of houses and other property in the said Municipality pursuant to the Bengal Municipalities Act, 1872, for the purpose of maintaining the conservancy for such Municipality and carrying out the other provisions.

Property occupied.	Names of occupants.	Profession or business.	Amount of quarterly assessment.

Whereas the above assessment has been duly made pursuant to the Bengal Municipalities Act, 1872, and has been revised and settled by me, the undersigned Magistrate of , the several persons whose names are included in the said assessment are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity to the Tax Collector or other person appointed by the Magistrate to receive the same, the first payment on the first day of ( ) and every subsequent payment on or before the first day of ( ) the first day of ( ), and the first day ( ), or in default thereof, any arrear that may be due will be realized by distraint and sale of the personal effects of the defaulter, or of any goods and chattels which may be found on the premises in respect of which such defaulter is assessed, and such other proceedings adopted for the recovery of the same as allowed by law.

Dated this day of

Magistrate of

SCHEDULE C.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 58.)

Tax on Carriages, Horses, and Elephants.

	Rs. p. quarter.
For every 4-wheeled carriage on springs drawn by two horses ...	4 8
For every 4-wheeled carriage on springs drawn by one horse or pony, or a pair of ponies, under thirteen hands ...	1 8
For every 4-wheeled carriage without springs ...	1 8
For every 2-wheeled carriage on springs	2 4
For every 2-wheeled carriage without springs, drawn by a horse, pony, or mule ...	0 12
For every horse ...	2 4
For every pony under thirteen hands or mule ...	0 12
For every elephant ...	6 0

Ponies under eleven hands, and children's carriages the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, exempt.

SCHEDULE D.

(Referred to in Section 70.)

License on Professions, Trades, and Callings.

CLASS I.

	Yearly. Rs.
Every Joint-Stock Company	100

Class II.

	Rs.
Every Merchant, Banker, Shroff, Banian, wholesale Trader, and Commission Agent, and every practising Surgeon, Physician, Dentist, Architect, Civil Engineer, Barrister, Attorney, Proctor, Notary Public, and Pleader of the High Court	50
Every owner or farmer of a hât or bazaar.	
Every owner of Cotton, Jute, Hide, or other Screws and every Auctioneer ...	

Class III.

Every Broker or Daloll employed in the wholesale transfer or purchase of Imports or Exports, or in the sale of Government Securities, Shares, and Bills of Exchange, or in procuring Freight.	25
Every Practising Licentiate of Medicine, Apothecary, and Veterinary Surgeon ..	
Every keeper of a Spirit-shop, Punch-house or Billiard room, wholesale Tobacco or Jute Depôt	25
Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer or Trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Section at more than 250 or less than 100 Rupees a month	
Every Pawn-broker, and every person having a shop or place of business registered under Section ...	
Every Pleader, Mooktear, or Law Agent, not included in Class II.	

Class IV.

Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding and Lodging House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer or Trader, whose shop or place of business is kept in a brick-house, but not included in Class II. or Class III.	12
Every keeper of a permanent stall at a daily public market or in a ghouk ..	
Every Poddar or Money-changer ...	
Every Hakeem, Koberaj, and Native Doctor, not included in any other Class	

Class V.

Every keeper of a shop not included in any other Class, and every Daloll not included in Class III.	4
Every Pedlar, Hawker, Box-wallah, and keeper of a shop at a periodical market or hât	

Class VI.

All other itinerant dealers and keepers of stalls at periodical markets or hâts ...	1

NOTE.—A person who carries on several kinds of business, and may come under more than one of the designations in this schedule, shall be charged only under one of such designations at the discretion of the Chairman or of the sub-committee as the case may be, and in the case of a firm consisting of two or more persons, payment by any one of such persons shall be considered to be payment by the firm.

SCHEDULE E.

(Referred to in Section 91.)

Maximum rates of tolls payable on entering the municipal limits.

	Rs.	As.	P.
On every four-wheeled carriage on springs	0	8	0
Ditto two-wheeled ditto ...	0	4	0
On every cart, hackery on springs, or cart drawn by men, buffaloes, bullocks, horses, ponies, asses, or mules laden	0	4	0
Ditto ditto not laden ...	0	2	0
On every buffalo or bullock laden ...	0	1	0
Ditto horse laden or ridden ...	0	2	0
Ditto ditto not laden or ridden ...	0	1	0
Ditto pony or ass laden or ridden	0	1	0
Ditto elephant ditto ...	1	0	0
Ditto camel	0	4	0

SCHEDULE F.

Form A.—(Referred to in Section 104.)

Notice of Demand.

Municipality of ( )

To of

Take notice that the sum of Rs. being the amount of assessment due from you to the Fund of the said Municipality is hereby demanded from you, and that if you do not, within ten days, pay the same with two annas as the cost of this notice into the office of , the same with costs will be levied by distress and sale of your goods and chattels.

(Sd.)

Magistrate of

Form B.—(Referred to in Sections 104 and 105.)

Table of Fees payable upon distraints under this Act.

Sums distrained for	Fee. Rs.	As.
Under 1 Rupee	0	4
1 and under 5 Rupees	0	8
5 „ 10 „	1	0
10 „ 15 „	1	8
15 „ 20 „	2	0
20 „ 25 „	2	8
25 „ 30 „	3	0
30 „ 35 „	3	8
35 „ 40 „	4	0
40 „ 45 „	4	8
45 „ 50 „	5	0
50 „ 60 „	6	0
60 „ 80 „	7	8
80 „ 100 „	9	0
Above 100 „	10	0

The above charge includes all expenses including the service of notice of demand, except when peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case three annas must be paid daily for each man.

Form C.—(Referred to in Section 105.)

Warrant of Distraint.

To (here insert the name of the officer charged with the execution of the warrant.)

Whereas of has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of Rupees due for rates (*or taxes*) or rates [*and taxes*] mentioned in the margin for the months of 18 , although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said , and ten days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand: This is to command you to distrain the property of the said to the amount of the said sum of Rupees and such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, and if within ten days next after such distress the said sum shall not be paid together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charge of taking and keeping such distress, to sell the said property, and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of Rupees and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, to return the surplus (if any) on demand to the person whom you shall find in possession of the said property. If sufficient distress cannot be found of the property of the said you are to certify the same to us together with this warrant.

(*Signature of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.*)

FORM D.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 105.)

Form of Inventory and Notice (state particulars of goods seized).

Take notice that I have this day seized the property specified in the above inventory for the sum of Rupees due for the rates (*or taxes*) mentioned in the margin for the months of 18 , and that unless you pay into the office of the Municipal Commissioners of the amount due, together with the costs of the distress within ten days from the day of the date of this notice, the property will be sold.

(*Signature of the officer executing the warrant of distress*

Date

FORM E.—(REFERRED TO IN SECTION 105.)

Returns of Sales.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1
District.	Names of defaulters.	Amount of defalcation.	Amount cost or penalty.	Inventory of property seized under distress.	Date of distress.	Date of sale.	Property sold.	Amount realized on each article.	Purchaser's name.	Rele

SCHEDULE G.—(referred to in Sections 115 and 116.)

18 . *Births in the Municipality of*

No.	When born.	Nationality or caste.	Name, if any	Sex.	Name of Father.	Profession of Father.	Signature, description, and residence of informant.	When registered.	Signature Registrar

SCHEDULE H.—(referred to in Sections 115 and 116.)

18 . *Deaths in the Municipality of*

No.	When died.	Nationality or caste.	Name.	Sex.	Age.	Profession.	Cause of Death.	Signature, description, and residence of informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THERE are at present four different laws, besides several amending Acts, under which municipalities in Bengal are administered. The present Bill has been framed with the view of consolidating these different enactments into a single law. Opportunity has been taken to enlarge the powers of Municipal Commissioners; to lay less municipal work and responsibility on the shoulders of Magistrates; to make Municipal Commissioners elective; and in other ways to afford more scope for municipal self-government. The Bill provides for three classes of municipalities; in two classes the governing body will be Municipal Commissioners, while the rural townships in the third class will be administered by punchayets. Municipal Commissioners will have power to adopt one or more of the ordinary forms of Indian municipal taxation, but for punchayets only one form of local taxation will be available. Municipal funds will be devoted to police and to ordinary municipal purposes; and it is proposed to permit of their expenditure on the maintenance of education and on their relief of exceptional distress. Village funds in third class Municipalities shall, it is proposed, be applicable to the payment of chowkeydars, to the maintenance of *patshalas* or rural schools, and to the supply of drinking water. Power is taken for Government or its officers to intervene in cases where Municipal Commissioners or a punchayet may fail to maintain sufficient police, or where elementary education may not be available at reasonable cost. Provision is made for members of municipal bodies sitting for the trial of petty offences committed within the limits of their townships.

In respect of nuisances, of conservancy, of vaccination, of town markets, and such like matters, the Bill adopts the provisions of existing Municipal Acts.

C. BERNARD.

The 9th December 1871.

HERBERT COWELL,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

THE following Bill was read in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 9th March 1872, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report therein in one month:—

A Bill to provide for the due appropriation of certain educational and charitable endowments.

Preamble.

WHEREAS there are at present endowments granted in money or in land for certain educational and charitable purposes, in respect of which either no person has been originally nominated a trustee, or there is now no trustee living or capable of being appointed under the instrument of endowment; and whereas it is expedient to provide for their due appropriation and management; It is enacted as follows:—

Vesting of endowment.

1. All moneys or lands heretofore granted, or which may be hereafter granted by any person or persons for any charitable or educational purposes, within any district within the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, for which no person or persons have been nominated trustees or trustee, or for which there may not be any living trustee, or any power of appointing a trustee under the instrument of endowment, are hereby vested in such trustees as the said Lieutenant-Governor shall, as soon as possible after the passing of this Act, nominate, as hereinafter provided.

Appointment of trustees.

2. For every district in respect of which any such endowments have been made whereof at the time of the passing of this Act or thereafter there shall not be any trustee living or capable of being appointed under the instrument of endowment, the said Lieutenant-Governor shall nominate trustees in whom such endowments shall vest; provided that the chief executive officer of such district shall be nominated as one of the trustees in respect of such endowments. Such trustees shall have in all respects the same powers and responsibilities in relation thereto as if they had been appointed by the donor thereof under the instrument of endowment, and where there is no instrument of endowment, they shall be subject in all respects to the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor.

Appropriation of endowments.

3. It shall be the duty of such trustees to take order that all endowments so vested in them as aforesaid shall be duly appropriated to the purposes for which they were destined by the respective donors thereof, so far as the same can be ascertained, and to invest the same in Government securities, and to apply the yearly proceeds or income thereof to the purposes aforesaid, subject in all respects to the general instructions of the Lieutenant-Governor; provided that the trustees may, with the sanction of the said Lieutenant-Governor, devote any portion of the capital sum or value of the said funds to any especial object for the furtherance of the above-mentioned purposes.

Suits in court.

4. Any person interested in the purposes to which any endowment, not being for a purely religious purpose, may have been intended may, without joining as plaintiff any of the other persons interested therein, issue before the civil court the trustee, manager, or superintendent by whom such endowment may be administered, or any trustee appointed under this Act, for any misfeasance, breach of trust, or neglect of duty, committed by such trustee, manager, or superintendent, in respect of the trusts vested in or confided to them respectively, and the civil court may direct the specific performance of any act by such trustee, manager, or superintendent, and may decree damages and costs against such trustee, manager, or superintendent, and may also direct the removal of such trustee, manager, or superintendent. The interest required in order to entitle a person to sue under this section need not be a pecuniary or a direct or immediate interest, or such an interest as would entitle the person suing to take any part in the management or superintendence of the trusts. Provided that any trustee, nominated under this Act, shall not be liable for damages on account of any act done or omitted by him *bonâ fide* for the furtherance of the objects of the trust; and provided also that any costs which may be awarded against any trustee as aforesaid in a suit instituted under this section may, if the said trustee be found to have acted *bonâ fide*, be defrayed from the endowment vested in such trustee under this Act.

New trustees.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor may at any time nominate and appoint a new trustee or trustees for any endowment which by virtue of this Act has been vested as aforesaid, and also may at any time remove any trustee so appointed as aforesaid.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

IN some districts of Bengal there are certain educational and charitable endowments for which there are no properly constituted trustees. The present Bill is introduced to enable the Government to appoint standing trustees, who shall be responsible for the care of such endowments.

C. BERNARD.

The 2nd March 1872.

HERBERT COWELL,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Revenue and General Departments.

No. 661R.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 20th March 1872.—Munshi Iswari Prasad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tirhoot, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate.

The 22nd March 1872.—Mr. Aratoon Catchick Mackertich, recently appointed to officiate as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the Dacca Division, is posted to Sylhet.

The 23rd March 1872.—Assistant-Surgeon William Gormley May to officiate as Principal Assistant to the Opium Agent of Benares, during

the absence, on leave, of Assistant-Surgeon Thomas William Sheppard, or until further orders.

Mr. Charles Bazett Garrett to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade in Bancoorah but to continue to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of that District.

Mr. Edward Maxwell Reily to be Sub-Registrar of Assurances of the Sub-district of Mymensing, having its Head-Quarters at the Sudder Station of the District of Mymensing.

Captain Edward Walker Samuells, Assistant Superintendent of Revenue Survey, First Grade, is vested with the powers of a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833 in the District of Hazareebaugh, and in Pergunnah Toree, in Lohardduggah.

The 26th March 1872.—Mr. Charles Edward Crawford Merington, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, to have charge of the Sub-division of Chooadangah, in Nuddea.

Mr. John White, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to have charge of the Sub-division of Barrh, in Patna. This cancels the orders of the 19th instant appointing Babu Gopal Chandra Das to the charge of that Sub-division.

Babu Dhanes Chandra Ray, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chumparun, is posted temporarily to Shahabad.

Mr. William Kemble to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, in Purneah, but to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of that District, in the Second Grade, during the absence, on furlough, of Mr. John Burney Worgan, or until further orders.

Babu Dwárkanath Rai, recently appointed to officiate as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the Rajshahye Division, is posted to Bograh.

Babu Jagat Chundra Ganguli to be Special Sub-Registrar of Assurances of Midnapore.

Mr. Charles Crawford Wood to be Special Sub-Registrar of Assurances of Chittagong.

Mr. Robert Pogson to officiate as Special Sub-Registrar of Assurances, Chittagong, during the absence of Mr. Charles Crawford Wood, or until further orders.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 14th March 1872.—Babu Kaliprasanna Sarkar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Bagirhaut, for two months, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

The 18th March 1872.—Babu Syama Charan Chatturji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Jehanabad, for two months, under Section XIX. of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules.

The 20th March 1872.—Mr. John Whitmore, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, for fifteen days, to enable him to present himself for examination in Bengali by the high proficiency test at the examinations which will be held in Calcutta in July next.

The 23rd March 1872.—Babu Purnananda Baruah, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Goalparah, for three months, under paragraph 11 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in orders of the 5th September 1871.

The 26th March 1872.—Moulvi Azharul Huq, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, for three months, under Section 18, Chapter VI. of the Civil Leave Code.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 22nd March 1872.—Babu Gunganand Mukhurji, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Hazareebaugh, having returned to duty on the forenoon of the 5th instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 28th ultimo is cancelled.

The 26th March 1872.—In continuation of the Notification dated the 5th instant, it is hereby notified that the following gentleman has exhibited sufficient familiarity with the subjects in which it was requisite for him to pass to render him eligible for admission into the Subordinate Executive Service, the Police, and the Commission of the Non-Regulation Provinces:—

Babu Trailokya Nath Sen, B.A.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st March 1872.—Khetranath Mitra, Head Clerk of the Registrar's Office, Cuttack, having been convicted of criminal breach of trust while in Government Service, and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment with fine, has been dismissed from the Government Service, and is hereby declared to be disqualified to serve Government in any capacity whatever.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 1358.—*Fort William, the 19th March* 1872.—*Public.—Notification.*—The services of Mr. W. M. Souttar, M.A., of the Bengal Civil Service, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal from the afternoon of the 16th instant.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Financial Department, are republished for general information:—

MINT AND CURRENCY.

Fort William, the 20th March 1872.—The following letter from the Officiating Under-Secretary to the Government of India, in the Financial Department, to the Comptroller-General, No. 2118, dated Fort William, the 22nd March 1872, is published for general information:—

> In reply to your letter No. 6769, dated the 2nd instant, I am desired to state that although under Section 13 of Act XXIII. of 1870, the fourth and eighth of a rupee are legal tenders for fractions of a rupee, even if the coins have lost more than two per cent. in weight by reasonable wear, yet such coins are to be dealt with strictly according to the provisions of Section 16 of the Act when presented to an Officer authorized to act under that section.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

(STAMPS.)

No. 2135.—*The 22nd March* 1872.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of Financial Notification No. 2054, dated 4th July 1871 (of which a copy is hereto appended), shall have retrospective effect from the 1st day of April 1870, the date on which the Court Fees' Act VII. of 1870 came into force:—

> In exercise of the power vested in him by Section 35 of the Court Fees' Act, 1870, the Governor General in Council is pleased to remit in the whole of British India the fees chargeable under the said Act, Schedule I, Article 11, in respect of probate of wills, or letters of administration in so far as such wills or letters of administration, relate to

property, which a deceased person was possessed of or entitled to, not beneficially, but as a trustee for any other person or persons.

Provided that this remission shall not extend to cases in which a trustee has the power of appointing or otherwise conferring a beneficial interest in the trust property.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 290.—*Fort William, the* 19*th March* 1872.—The following extract from the contract between Her Majesty's Post-Master-General and the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, dated 6th August 1870, is published for general information :—

Extract Para. 37.—"In all cases where an Officer in the Civil, Naval or Military Service of Her Majesty who may not be entitled to a passage at the public expense, shall require a passage on board any of the vessels employed in the performance of this contract, the Company shall be bound, when they have room, to provide a passage for such Officer in preference to private passengers, and shall charge no higher rate for such passage than is chargeable for an ordinary passenger."

2. Officers desiring to be provided with such passages should apply to the General Officer Commanding at the port of embarkation.

This Order is applicable to the three Presidencies.

No. 294 *of* 1872.—The services of Assistant Surgeon W. G. May, in medical charge of the 16th (The Lucknow) Regiment of Native Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 19*th March* 1872.—The following amended Notification is published for general information :—

NOTIFICATION.

The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to pass the following orders connected with the departmental examinations of junior members of the Covenanted Civil Service, the Subordinate Executive Service, the Non-Regulation Commission, Police, &c.

1. Natives of Hindustan serving in Behar and Hazareebaugh shall not be required to pass in Bengali, but it will be optional with them to do so, and those who do pass will be eligible for service and promotion in Bengal as well as in Behar.

2. Officers other than natives of Hindustan will not be required to pass in Hindustani, but may do so, and will then be eligible for service and promotion in Behar and Hazareebaugh, as well as in Bengal.

3. These exemptions are not applicable to officers in the Police, who must pass in both Bengali and Hindustani as now, unless specially exempted.

4. Covenanted Civil Servants must always pass in Bengali, and those who have not passed in Hindustani will have no claim to increased powers or to the full pay of Rs. 500, and cannot have powers or promotion in a Hindustani district, although the higher powers may be conferred on them in a Bengali district if the public service requires it.

5. These relaxations of the existing rules are experimentally introduced, and it may be found necessary to revert to the present requirements that all officers should qualify in both the vernacular languages.

6. It should be understood that officers of all departments who have hitherto been required to pass the examinations are still required to pass them as modified by these rules.

7. The next examination will be held about the end of May, and the exact date will be notified hereafter.

The following Rules which have been laid down for the next examination are published for general information :—

LANGUAGE EXAMINATION.

(1.) For Covenanted and other officers alike one paper shall be prepared in each of the test languages, the first half of which shall be in an easier style than the rest. Of the total number of marks assigned to the whole paper, 50 shall be allotted to the first portion, and 50 to the second. To pass for the Lower Standard, 25 marks at least in the first part must be obtained, and to pass for the Higher Standard, 50 on the whole; of which 25 must be obtained in the second part.

(2.) Covenanted Civil Servants will be required to pass by the Lower Standard in languages only.

EXAMINATION IN LAW.

(3.) All other officers will be required to pass for the Lower Standard—

I.—In a paper confined to Criminal Codes, which shall be prepared specially for this standard, and for which the use of books will be allowed;

II.—In part of the general paper of Local Laws, &c., as described below, which is to be answered without books.

(4.) All examinees will be required to pass for the Higher Standard in two papers containing questions on Local Laws, Regulations, and Rules, (Revenue and Criminal).

One of these papers, which is to be answered without the use of books, will be so arranged as to serve as a test for officers by both standards; it will contain a certain number of questions, to the first half of which 100 marks will be assigned and to the last half 120; 50 marks obtained in the first half of the questions will pass officers for the Lower Standard, and a total of 120 will pass for the Higher Standard, provided that at least 60 of those 120 be obtained in the latter half of the questions.

The other paper, for which the use of books will be allowed, will be confined to the examination for the Higher Standard.

Local Laws, Regulations, and Rules, in which the examination will be without the aid of Books.

Regulations I, VIII, and XLVIII of 1793, and XII of 1817.

Regulations I and II of 1819.

Regulation VIII of 1819.

Regulations VII of 1822, IX and XI of 1825, and IX of 1833.

Acts IX of 1847, XXXI of 1858, and IV (B.C.) of 1868.

Act XI of 1859.

Acts VII (B.C.) of 1867 and VIII (B.C.) of 1869.
Acts XXI of 1856* and XXIII of 1860.*
Act V of 1861.
Act VIII of 1871.*
Bengal Council Act X of 1871.*
The Municipal Act in force for Lower Bengal.†

In which the examination will be with the aid of books.

All the Acts of Parliament‡ relating to India, Acts of the Government of India, Bengal Regulations, and Bengal Acts; Circulars of Bengal Government, the High Court, and the Board of Revenue, of the Inspectors-General of Police, Jails, and Registration.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Judicial and Political Departments.

No. 444J.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 18th March 1872.—Mr. Rowland Vyner Cockerell is appointed under Section 3, Act X. of 1870, to perform the functions of a Judge for the purpose of disposing of cases of land acquisition under the provisions of Parts III and IV of that Act in Howrah.

The 19th March 1872.—Mr. William Cornell, M.A., to officiate as Additional District and Sessions Judge of Chittagong, Dacca, and Backergunge, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Henry Bruce Simson, or until further orders.

The 20th March 1872.—Mr. Colman Patrick Louis Macaulay, M.A., to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Bancoorah, in the Fourth Grade, during the absence, on special duty, of Captain William Brereton Birch, or until further orders.

Assistant-Surgeon Alfred Swaine Lethbridge, M.D., Superintendent of the Central Jail, Bhaugulpore, to officiate, in addition to his present duties, as Civil Assistant Surgeon of Bhaugulpore, during the absence, on furlough, of Surgeon Neil Benjamin Baillie, or until further orders.

Mr. Charles Benjamin LeMesurier to be a Municipal Commissioner for the town of Jamalpore.

The 21st March 1872.—Mr. John George Charles to officiate as a Magistrate of Police, Calcutta, during the absence, on duty, of Mr. William Cornell, or until further orders. Mr. Charles is also appointed under Section 4, Act II. of 1869. to be a Justice of the Peace for the town of Calcutta.

The 22nd March 1872.—Babu Brajendra Kumar Sil, B.L., to officiate as Subordinate Judge of Moorshedabad, and Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Moorshedabad and the Cantonment of Berhampore, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Norottum Mallik, or until further orders.

Babu Pramathanath Mukhurji to officiate as Subordinate Judge of Dinagepore, during the absence, on leave, of Moulvi Syed Moazzim Husain, or until further orders.

Moulvi Abdool Azeez to officiate temporarily as Secretary to the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Soneburs, in Bhaugulpore.

The 26th March 1872.—Captain William Nesbitt Wroughton is vested with powers under Section 20, Act XXII. of 1864, to try breaches of the rules and regulations made under Section 17 of the Act in the Cantonment of Dorundah.

Mr. John Arthur Hopkins, B.L., to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, in the First Grade, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. William Parry Davis, or until further orders.

Babu Dinanath Das to officiate as Moonsiff of Gurbettah, in Midnapore, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. Cardozo, or until further orders.

Third Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon Raj Krishna Mukhurji to have medical charge of the Civil Station of Chupra, during the absence, on leave, of Dr. R. McLeod, or until further orders.

The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Lord Henry Ulick Browne to be a Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations in the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

Moulvi Ahmadullah to officiate as Moonsiff of Bamannarrah, in East Burdwan, during the absence, on duty, of Babu Anantaram Ghosh, or until further orders.

Babu Kailas Chandra Mozumdar to officiate as Moonsiff of Gungarampore, in Dinagepore, during the absence, on duty, of Babu Pramathanath Mukhurji, or until further orders.

Babu Nilmadhab Shamanta, B.L., to officiate as Sudder Moonsiff of Moorshedabad, during the absence, on duty, of Babu Brejendra Kumar Sil, or until further orders.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Justices of the Peace for the town of Calcutta, under Section 4, Act II of 1869:—

Mr J. Pitt Kennedy.
Kumar Narendra Krishna Bahadur.
Mr. H. C. Marindin.
Babu Dwarkanath Biswas.
Dr. F. N Macnamara.
Sanibzadah Prince Muhammed.
Dr. J. Ewart.
Babu Gour Das Basak.
Dr. W. K. Waller.
Wahidzuddin.
Mr. Thomas W. Brookes.
Nakhadah Hasan Ibrahim Bin Jowhar.
Mr. L. Broughton.
„ F. D. Chauntrell.
Babu Grish Chandra Das.
Mr. G. Graham, C.S.
Babu Kanai Lal De.
Mr. W. T. Apcar.
„ B. Newman.
Babu Dwarkanath Mallik.
Mr. J. A. Parker.
„ C. J. Wilkinson.
Babu Madhab Krishna Set.
Mr. J. W. Lowe.
„ C. Shanks.
Babu Hari Mohan Ray.

* As to the laws which are marked thus* a knowledge of the principles and general scheme of the law will be sufficient. Acquaintance with the executive details and other particulars will not be required.

† As the existing Municipal Acts are about to be reconsidered, no questions will be set on Municipal Acts at the next examination.

‡ As it is doubtful whether the Acts of Parliament are now readily accessible to officers in the mofussil, no questions will be set on them before the second examination of 1872, by which time officers can provide themselves with a collection of these Acts.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 20th March 1872.—Mr. Arthur Blair, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Bancoorah, for seven days, to enable him to appear before the Standing Medical Committee at the Presidency.

The 21st March 1872.—Mr. R. L. Martin, Inspector of Schools, South-West Division, for one month, from the 1st instant, under Section XVIII. of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules.

The 22nd March 1872.—Moulvi Syed Moazzim Husain, Subordinate Judge of Dinagepore, for three months, under Section XIX. of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Surgeon William Edward Allen, F.R.C.S., Officiating Civil Surgeon of Chittagong, for one month, under Section XVIII. of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules.

The 26th March 1872.—Mr. Edward B. Baker, Officiating Deputy Inspector-General of Police, for three months, from the 15th April next, under Section 18, Chapter VI. of the Civil Leave Code.

Dr. R. McLeod, Medical Officer of Chupra, for one month, under Section 18, Chapter VI. of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. Arthur Blair, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Bancoorah, for twenty months, on Medical Certificate, under Section 7, Chapter III. of the Civil Leave Code.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 19th March 1872.—Mr. W. E. Cantopher, Head Master of the Hooghly Collegiate School, having returned to duty on the forenoon of the 1st instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 15th September 1871 is cancelled.

The 23rd March 1872.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr Joseph Graham of his seat in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations in the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd March 1872.—The Judge of the Sealdah and Howrah Small Cause Courts will, from the 1st of April next, be relieved of the charge of the latter Court. The Judge of the Hooghly and Serampore Small Cause Courts will be also Judge of the Howrah Small Cause Court from the above date.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd March 1872.—Mr. Henry Slater Thompson, First Subordinate Judge of Hooghly, and Babu Jagobundu Banurji, the Second Subordinate Judge of that district, are severally vested under Section 29 of Act VI of 1871, within the local limits of the present Hooghly Small Cause Court, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Small Cause Court for the trial of suits up to the amount of Rs. 500.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Orders issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 533.—*Fort William, the 18th March* 1872.—*Judicial.—Notifications.*—The Hon'ble Elphinstone Jackson, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, availed himself on the 29th ultimo of the leave of absence granted to him in Notification No. 123, dated the 25th January last.

No. 539.—Leave of absence on private affairs for six months is granted to Mr. J. Graham, Advocate-General, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 541.—*Appointment.*—Mr. H. S. Cunningham to officiate as Advocate-General during the absence of Mr. Graham, or until further orders.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is published for general information:—

No. 478.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL.

Fort William, the 12th March 1872.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified that the Secretary of State for India has by Resolution in Council declared the provisions of the 1st Section of an Act passed in the 33rd year of Her Majesty's reign, chap. 3, entituled an Act to make better provision for making Laws and Regulations for certain parts of India and for certain other purposes relating thereto, to be from the 15th day of March 1872 applicable to the following parts of the territories under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, that is to say,—

The Damin-i-koh.—So much of Pergunnah Bhaugulpore and of Pergunnah Sutticare as lies east of the Gerooah Nuddee, and south of a line drawn eastward from Humza Chuck to the village of Dighee.

Zillah Bhaugulpore.	Pergunnah Teleeaghuree ...	Except such parts of them as are now or may be hereafter situate on the left bank of the main stream of the Ganges, so that in any change in the course of the river the main stream shall be the boundary.
	,, Jumoonee ...	
	,, Chetowleah ...	
	,, Kaukjole ...	
	,, Bahadurpore ...	
	,, Akbernuggur ...	
	,, Inayutnuggur ...	
	,, Mukraen ...	
	,, Soolta gunge ...	
	,, Umber ...	Except such detached villages as lie within the general boundaries of pergunnahs not mentioned in this schedule.
	,, Sooltanabad ...	
	,, Godda ...	
	,, Umloo Mootcah	
	,, Pussye ...	
	,, Heudwa ...	
	Tuppeh Muncharee ...	
	,, Belputta ...	
Zillah Beerbhoom.	Pergunnah Pubbia ...	Except such detached villages as lie within the general boundaries of pergunnahs not mentioned in this schedule.
	Tuppeh Saruth Deoghur ...	
	,, Kundit Kurayeh ...	
	,, Mohumdabad ...	
	Such part of Pergunnah Durreen Molissur as lies north of the Chilla or Chundun Ghat Nullah.	

Such detached portions of other Pergunnahs and Tuppehs as lie within the general boundaries of any of the abovementioned Pergunnahs and Tuppehs.

Such portions of Pergunnahs belonging to Maldah and Purneah below the village of Khederpore, in Pergunnah Telceaghuree, as are now or may hereafter be situate on the right bank of the main stream of the Ganges.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 117.

The 22nd March 1872.

Transfer.—Conductor W. H. Manners, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, from the Ramghur to the First Presidency Division.

No. 118.

Notifications.—Mr. A. Percy, Accountant, Fourth Grade, re-joined the Central Office of Accounts, Bengal, on return from sick leave on the 1st March 1872, before noon.

No. 119.

The 26th March 1872.

Messrs. F. Bond and W. Barnfather, Executive Engineers, First and Second Grades, Public Works Department, Bengal, have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to their duties.

No. 120.

Private J. Scollard, Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Dinapore Division, is remanded to Military duty, with effect from the 9th March 1872.

No. 121.

Leave of Absence.—Baboo Bindoo Lall Mitter, Overseer, Second Grade, attached to the Cuttack Division, for three months, on Medical Certificate, under Section III of Supplement F. to Civil Leave Code.

No. 122.

The following Order issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information :—

No. 171 *of the* 21*st March* 1872.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments and promotions in the Accounts Branch of the Public Works Department, in connection with revised arrangements for the audit of the accounts of Guaranteed Railways, with effect from the 1st April 1872 :—

* * * *

To be Assistant Examiner of Guaranteed Railway Accounts to the Government of India at Calcutta, with the rank of Deputy Controller.

Mr. W. G. Bayly, B.A., Deputy Controller, Bengal.

* * * *

H. LEONARD, C.E.,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. D.

Irrigation.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 69.

The 20th March 1872.

Transfer.—Mr. J. Pew, Sub-Engineer, Second Grade, from the Baroon Division to the Patna Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 9th March 1872.

No. 70.

Posting.—Mr. H. Herd, Temporary Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, to the Sasseram Division, which he joined on the afternoon of the 14th March 1872.

No. 71.

Mr. E. J. Oneill, Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, joined the Byturnee Division on the forenoon of the 28th February 1872.

No. 72.

The 22nd March 1872.

Private W. Byrne, Probationary Overseer, First Grade, joined the Arrah Division on the forenoon of the 16th March 1872.

No. 73.

The 23rd March 1872.

Leave.—Lieutenant-Colonel G. A. Searle, R.E., Executive Engineer, First Grade, and Officiating Assistant Secretary, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, is allowed preparatory leave for thirty days prior to proceeding to Europe on furlough for two years.

No. 74.

Leave.—Mr. R. A. Oldham, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, attached to the Cossye Division, is allowed special leave on urgent private affairs for six months, under Sections 12 and 14, Chapter IV. of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 75.

The 26th March 1872.

Posting.—Baboo Nobin Beharry Ghose, Overseer, Third Grade, to the Orissa Circle.

F. T. HAIG, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal
in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

High Court Notices.

Order by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

TRANSFER OF MOONSIFFS.

The 12th March 1872.—Baboo Gopee Nath Mattay, from Jumoiee to Sudder Station of Bhaugulpore.

The 15th March 1872.—Baboo Khetter Mohun Mookerjee, from Paneeghur, in Zillah Burdwan, to Chooadangah, in Zillahs Nuddea.

Baboo Joygopal Bose, from Chooadanagh, in Zillah Nuddea, to Paneghur, in Zillah East Burdwan.

By order, &c.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Registrar.

HIGH COURT,
The 21st March 1872.

Departmental Notices.

Notification.

ASSISTANT COLLECTOR MR. LEONARD CHARLES ABBOTT has been placed in charge of the Nuddea Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other public treasuries.

H. A. COCKERELL,
Offg. Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESIDENCY DIVN.,
The 11th March 1872.

Notification.

BABOO RAMAKHOY CHATTERJEE has been placed in charge of the Midnapore Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

C. T. BUCKLAND,
Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN.,
The 1st March 1872.

Notification.

BABOO RUNGO LALL BANERJEE, Deputy Collector, has been placed temporarily in charge of the Hooghly Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

C. T. BUCKLAND,
Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN.,
The 14th March 1872.

Notification.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO NUNDKISSORE DASS has been placed in charge of the Pooree Treasury, and authorised to draw bills on all other treasuries.

T. E. RAVENSHAW,
Commissioner.

ORISSA COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
The 8th March 1872.

Notification.

MR. EXTRA ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER R. LEA has been placed in charge of the Durrung Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

H. HOPKINSON,
Governor General's Agent, N. E. F., and Commissioner of Assam.

GOWHATTY,
The 4th March 1872.

Notice.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO MADHAB CHUNDER MAITRO has been placed in charge of the Bograh Treasury, and authorized to draw bills from other treasuries.

E. W. MOLONY,
Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHYE DIVN.,
CAMP BUGWAH,
The 14th March 1872.

Notice.

BABOO RUTTON LALL GHOSH, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Tipperah Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

H. HANKEY,
Offg. Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG,
The 16th March 1872.

STATEMENT showing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export in the undermentioned Districts:—

Name of District.	Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.	Quantity remaining in store actually available for export on 1st Feb. 1872.	REMARKS.
		Indian Mds.	
Ganjam ...	Bavanapadu, at the Nowpadah Salt Pans ...	50,000	
Godavery ...	Cocanada ...	.....	
Kistna ...	Nizampatam ...	.....	
Chingleput ...	Madras ...	297,486	
	Ennore ...	179,646	
	Covelong ...	.....	
South Arcot ...	Merkanum ...	50,000	
Tanjore ...	Negapatam ...	.....	
	Katmavady ...	.....	
Tinnevelly ...	Tuticorin ...	.....	
	Total ...	577,132	

N.B.—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rates specified in the Notifications dated 21st March 1868 and 22nd April 1869, published at pages 737, FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE, dated 24th March 1868, and 637, dated 27th April 1869.

J. P. PENNINGTON,
Sub-Secretary.

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE,
Madras, the 20th February 1872.

PUBLISHED for general information.

By order of the Member in charge,

T. B. LANE,
Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P.,
Fort William, the 15th March 1872.

Sheriff's Office, the 5th March 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Third Criminal Session of the year 1872 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town Hall of Calcutta, on Thursday, the Fourth day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

JOHN COWIE,
Sheriff.

শরিফ আফিস ১৮৭২ সাল ৫ মার্চ।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামি ৪ আপ্রিল বৃহস্পতিবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার টৌনহালে হাই কোর্টের আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭২ সালের তৃতীয় ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্দারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে ঐ সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি সন ১৮৭২ সাল তারিখ ৫ মার্চ।

JOHN COWIE,
Sheriff.

Notice.

No. 197C.

SEALED TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of Coal Pitch for the Opium Chests of the Behar Agency of the season 1871-72.

The tenders will be received in the Office of the Secretary to the Board of Revenue up to noon of the 2nd April next, all particulars as to time and place of delivery, as well as the quantity, description, and quality of the article being obtainable by personal application at the said Office.

The party or parties whose tender may be accepted will have to enter into an engagement, and, as security for its fulfilment, to deposit with the Board such amount as they may think proper to demand.

The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason for doing so.

By order of the Member in charge,

T. B. LANE,
Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P.;
FORT WILLIAM,
The 21st March 1872.

Opium Notification.

No. 140C.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1870-71, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday, the 3rd April 1872, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,575 Chests, *viz.*:—

Behar Opium	...	2,000
Benares ditto	...	1,575
Total Chests	...	3,575

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual: they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 10th November 1871, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 18th April respectively; that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Monday, the 8th April 1872, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 18th April 1872.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 6th May 1872	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 6th June ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 4th July ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Monday, 5th Aug. ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Sept. ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Tuesday, 1st Oct. ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Wednesday, 6th Nov. ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
On or about Thursday, 5th Dec. ,,	2,000	1,575	3,575
Total chests ...	16,000	12,600	28,600

By order of the Member in charge.

T. B. LANE,
Secretary.

BD. OF REV., FORT WILLIAM,
The 26th February 1872.

Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given that the wastage allowance on cargoes of salt imported from Europe in steamers *viâ* the Suez canal has been fixed at five per cent.

The terms of this notification will be enforce from 1st August 1872.

By order of the Member in charge of Salt.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,
The 21st March 1872.

NOTICE.

THE following Packages landed from the undermentioned Ships are lying unclaimed at the Custom House. If the Goods are not cleared on or before the dates stated against each item, they will be sold, under Section 57 of Act VI. of 1863, for the realization of duty, wharfage, and other charges:—

Date of Sale.	Names of Vessels.	Marks or address.	Number of Packages.	Consignees.
1872.				
April 2nd ...	British India ...	P ...	1 Jar (empty) ...	P. J. Waite & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	S L, 580-587; S S, 684-696.	1 Parcel ...	Ewing & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[P] ...	1 Hogshead (broken)	P. J. Waite & Co.
ditto ...	Excelsior ..	No mark ...	1 Winch ...	Order.
ditto ...	Sir Henry Lawrence	[B. S. and Co.] ...	5 Cases (empty) ...	B. Smyth & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	B K D ...	1 Case ...	Order.
ditto ...	Bellona ..	[D] G S, 13-28 ...	1 Parcel ...	Gopaul Chunder Sein.
ditto ..	City of Hankow ...	[Y] ...	1 Case (empty) ...	Andrew Yule & Co.
ditto ...	Singapore ...	[P] ...	2 Barrels (broken) ...	Order.
ditto ...	Yorkshire ...	A O ...	1 Piece Sandal wood...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[C. and Co., +] ...	1 Case ...	G. Arbuthnot & Co.
ditto ...	River Clyde ...	No mark ...	1 Cask ...	Order.
ditto ...	Iron King ...	ditto ...	1 Keg (broken) ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ..	W. H. & Co. ...	1 Keg (broken & empty)	W. H. Harton & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ..	No mark, supposed to be marked S	14 (broken) pieces of marble.)	Robert & Charriol.
ditto ...	DeRuyter ...	Messrs. Thomas Skinner	2 Parcels ...	J. Skinner & Co.
ditto ...	Knight Commander .	[M J] ...	1 Parcel ...	Meer Juggoo.
ditto ...	ditto ...	No mark, supposed to be marked A.	2 Broken pieces of Spelter.	Order.
ditto ...	British Prince ...	[R N] A. B. & Co. ...	1 Case ...	W. H. Fitze & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[24] L C J, 6-10 ...	5 Cases ... / 2 Casks ...	Order.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[84] D ...	1 Case ..	ditto.
ditto ...	Gainsborough ...	Y Z, 3-9 ...	1 Parcel ...	Rentiers & Co.
ditto ...	Orchis ...	Ker, Dods & Co. ...	1 ditto ..	Ker, Dods & Co.
ditto ...	Scotland ...	[M] G W D R, 1-50, Messrs. Gordon Wood-roofe & Co.	1 Case ...	Order.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[J F C P H] 1025-9...	1 Parcel ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[A C N] ...	1 Keg ...	G. Wyllie & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	No. mark, supposed to be B B.	1 Cask ...	Order.
ditto ...	Jason ...	Cooly Store ...	1 Bale ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[L S] 54-64 ...	1 Parcel ...	Stuart Mackenzie & Co.
ditto ...	Patna ...	No mark, supposed to be [X].	10 Drums (empty) ...	Ahmutty & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[M R] ...	1 Parcel ...	Magon Ram.
ditto ...	Candahar ...	[F R T Y] ...	1 Parcel ...	Mohendronath Dutt
ditto ...	Olga ...	[D N M] ...	1 Box ...	Manick Chand & Hoocoom Chand.
ditto ...	Carlisle ...	Stores ...	2 Cases (empty) ...	Order.
ditto ...	Mecca ...	S U N, 8-19 Dwarka-nauth Dutt & Co.	1 Parcel ...	D. Dutt & Kally Prosono & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	L M] 171-80 ..	1 Parcel ...	Order.
ditto ...	Durham ...	No mark, supposed to be [S M & Co.]	2 Cas ...	Mohindronath Dutt.
ditto ...	Lady Melville ...	[W K C] ...	1 Case (broken) ...	Order.
ditto ...	Ditto ...	[R B R] T R ...	1 Bundle ...	R. B. Rodda & Co.
ditto ...	Durley ...	G] 2022-33, Messrs. G. Arbuthnot & Co.	1 Parcel ...	Messrs. G. Arbuthnot & Co.
ditto ...	Akola ...	Jules Mumm ...	1 Case ..	Order.
ditto ...	Virago ...	[N S] ...	1 Case ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	C D & Co., B 865 ...	1 Case ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Henry IV ...	Deaker ...	1 Trunk ..	Wattenbach, Heilgers & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[M M] 693 ..	1 Case ..	Order.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[C B C] 2205-89 ...	1 Parcel ...	ditto.

ste of Sale.	Names of Vessels.	Mark, or address.	Number of Packages.	Consignees.
1872.				
pril 2nd...	Henry IV ...	[G] I R 2709-15, Messrs. G. Arbuthnot & Co.	1 Parcel ...	G. Arbuthnot & Co.
ditto ...	Arcot ...	[H] ...	1 Cask (broken) ...	Order.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[C] ...	1 Cask ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[W C & Co., X] ...	1 Case (empty) ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	A P 1600-9 ...	1 Parcel ...	A. Simpson & Co.
ditto ...	City of Cambridge .	[R W] ...	1 Case ...	Order.
ditto ...	ditto ...	No mark ...	2 Bags ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[G T M] Messrs. T. Morrison & Co.	1 Parcel ...	Messrs. T. Morrison & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[J M] ...	1 Cask ...	Order.
ditto ...	Killarney ...	[C C] Ker, Dods & Co. Calcutta.	1 Parcel ...	Ker, Dods & Co.
ditto ...	Rydal Hall ..	[C C] Ker, Dods & Co.	1 ditto ...	ditto.
ditto	ditto	[W F] ..	1 ditto ...	Order.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[T A B R] ...	1 ditto ...	Bullock Brothers.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[C Y] C ...	1 Cask ...	Order.
ditto ...	ditto ...	No mark ...	2 Iron pipes ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Serius ..	G M C ...	1 Case ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[A C] ...	1 Parcel ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Timsah ...	[H G H D] ...	1 ditto ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Viceroy ...	No mark ...	1 Cane chair ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	No mark, supposed to be [J H]	1 Cask ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[H] 548-557	1 Parcel ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Sulina ..	[C. C. & Co.] 712-993, 994-1013.	2 Parcels ...	Colvin, Cowie & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[M B] C. C & Co., 281-469, 470-99.	2 ditto ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ..	[18] ...	1 Cask ...	Order.
ditto ..	Emble Hope ...	[L S] 304-28 ...	1 Parcel ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Petersburgh ..	No mark ...	1 Bag ...	ditto.
ditto ..	Singapore ..	[G H] B T 125-134 ...	1 Parcel ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[J F C P H] 1070-1103, Messrs. C. H. Knight & Co.	1 ditto ...	ditto.
ditto .	Asiatic ...	G T M] 114-173 ...	1 ditto ...	ditto.
ditto ..	British India ...	No mark ...	22 Bars of iron ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Star of Scotia ...	ditto ...	25 ditto ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	No mark, supposed to be B.	1 Bundle hoop iron ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Lord of the Isle ...	No mark ...	11 Bars of iron ..	ditto.
ditto ..	Sir Henry Lawrence	ditto, supposed to be [S. & Co., N]	1 Bar of iron ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Peter Stuart ...	No mark, supposed to be X X.	1 Bundle of iron ...	Kally Prosono Seia.
ditto ...	ditto ...	No mark ...	1 ditto ...	ditto.
ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	8 Bars & 1 piece of iron	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	7 half pieces ditto ..	ditto.
ditto ..	British Prince ...	ditto, supposed to be R A	4 Bundles of iron ...	Anstruther & Co.
ditto ...	Tantallon Castle ...	No mark ...	7 Pieces flat iron ..	Order.
ditto ...	Carlisle ...	S H ...	6 Bundles rod iron ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	J. B. & Co. ...	1 Piece sheet iron ...	ditto.
ditto ..	City of Athens ...	No mark ...	32 Bars of iron ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	4 Small pieces of iron	ditto.
ditto ...	British Envoy ...	E ...	1 Bundle sheet iron ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	E ...	12 Bars of iron ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Buckinghamshire ...	No mark ...	16 Bars & 1 piece of iron.	ditto.
ditto ..	Excelsior ...	ditto ...	1 Bar square iron ..	ditto.
ditto ..	Kingston ...	ditto ...	1 Bundle of iron ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Ellen Stuart ...	S ...	1 Bundle sheet iron ..	ditto.
ditto ..	Singapore ...	No mark ...	1 Piece sheet iron ..	ditto.
ditto ...	Hereford ..	ditto ...	6 Bars of iron .	ditto.
ditto ...	Timsah ...	X ...	20 Broken pieces and chips of spelter.	Order.
ditto ...	City of Athens ...	D. & Co. ...	1 Small Box ...	ditto.

Date of Sale.	Names of Vessels.	Marks or address.	Number of Packages.	Consignees.
1872.				
April 2nd...	City of Attens ...	[H] ...	1 Cake and 3 broken pieces of spelter.	Kelly & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	W S ...	3 Broken pieces and 3 chips of spelter.	
ditto ...	Sussex ...	L M 4, 1-95 ..	1 Parcel ...	J. N. Fleming & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[R B] ...	1 Cake and 1 broken piece of spelter.	Order.
ditto ...	Kingston ...	F M ...	1 Parcel ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Tweed ...	[C. C. & Co. M B Messrs. Colvin Cowie & Co., C. C. & Co.	ditto ...	Colvin, Cowie & Co.
ditto ...	Winestead ...	Elephant ...	1 Case ...	Order.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[M] D L ...	ditto ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Ellen Stuart ...	M ..	3 Cases ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Excelsior ...	[D S] G M C, care of Rev. C. V. French, Lahore, North-West Provinces.	1 Case ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[D E 524] B. B. & Co.	ditto ...	ditto.
ditto ...	City of Poonah ...	Mrs, Hughes, passenger	1 Bedstead ...	ditto.
ditto ...	Excelsior ...	U. H. & Co. 48-55 ...	1 Parcel ...	ditto.
ditto ...	City of Poonah ...	R S O ...	1 Cask ...	James Anderson.
ditto ...	ditto ...	W S ...	1 Case (empty) ...	W. Smith.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[M] ...	1 Cask (empty) ...	Order.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[P] J W ...	1 Parcel ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[P W] 24-25 ...	1 ditto ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[H] C 195-204 ...	1 Box ...	Ullman, Hurschhorn and Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[H] F L 574-613, Messrs. Shaw Jamison & Co., Calcutta.	1 Parcel ...	Shaw Jamison & Co.
ditto ...	Viceroy ...	Colvin, Cowie & Co. ...	1 ditto ...	Colvin, Cowie & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[M B] C. C. & Co. ...	1 ditto ...	Order.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[D] K C, 3389-98 ...	1 ditto ...	Ker, Dods & Co.
ditto ...	ditto ...	Ralli Mavrojani ...	1 ditto ...	Ralli Mavrojani.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[N] 8622 ..	1 Case ..	Order.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[P] S. & Co., 634-39...	6 Cases ..	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	[P] R. C. & Co., 968, 971, & 0.	3 Cases ...	Robert Campbell.
ditto ...	ditto ...	William Ross, Madras	1 Parcel ...	Order.
ditto ...	ditto ...	No mark, supposed to be [C]	1 Case ...	ditto.
ditto ...	ditto ...	No mark ...	1 ditto ...	ditto.
March 30th	Meinam ...	Mr. R. Taylor, Oak Lodge, Dalhousie Hill *viâ* Loodianah, Punjab, India.	1 Box.	
ditto ...	Oriental ...	[G. A. & Co.] C. L. & Co.	1 Case.	
ditto ...	Meinam ...	R ...	1 Bag.	
ditto ...	ditto ...	J E ...	1 Bag.	
ditto ...	Hindoostan ...	No mark ...	1 Bundle.	
ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	2 Boxes.	
ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	1 Bag.	
ditto ...	Burmah ...	C B C ...	1 Parcel.	
ditto ...	ditto ...	[S. S. & Co.] ...	1 Keg.	
April 6th...	Deccan ...	M Y ...	27 Cases.	
March 30th	Unknown ...	[P] C ...	1 Cask.	
April 6th...	Misser ...	No mark ...	A quantity of old rope. 14 Empty tins. A quantity of old blocks.	
April 30th	China ...	C P J ...	8 Packages.	
ditto ...	Delhi ...	[G. W. W. & Co.]	2 Cases.	

Date of Sale.	Name of Vessels.	Marks or address.	Number of Packages.	Consignees.
1872.				
April 30th	Delhi	...Craigie Esq.	... 1 Case.	
ditto ...	ditto	...R. G. Craighe, Esq.	... 1 Case.	
April 20th	Asia	...S S	... 1 Robbin.	

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS.
The 26th March 1872.

J. A. CRAWFORD, *Collector of Customs.*

NOTICE.

THE following Packages have been landed at the Custom House from the undermentioned Ships under the provisions of Section 52 of Act VI. of 1863. If the Goods are not cleared before the dates stated against each item, they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharf rent, and other charges, under Section 56 of Act VI. of 1863:—

1872.

May 22nd	Nagpore	...C Calcutta	... 6 Cases.
ditto ...	ditto	...[X.]	...32 ditto.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 26th March 1872.

J. A. CRAWFORD, *Collector of Customs.*

Notification under Section 64 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

THE Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, do hereby declare that the wharf on the east bank of the river Hooghly, extending from Colvin's Ghât on the North to Chandpaul Ghât on the South, is ready for receiving, landing, and shipping goods, from and upon vessels not being sea-going vessels, and order that within the limits of that portion of the Port of Calcutta situated between Tolly's Nullah on the South and Ahereetollah Ghât on the North, it shall not be lawful to land or ship any goods out of or into vessels of the class above specified, other than those hereinafter excepted, except at the aforesaid wharf or at the wharf extending from Ahereetollah Ghât on the North to Juggurnauth Ghât on the South, or at the wharf between No. 6 Jetty on the North and Colvin's Ghât on the South, or at the wharf between the Mint premises on the North and Mullick's Ghât on the South.

The above order shall not be held to apply, until further notification, to inland steamers or to boats laden with bamboos, hay, straw, vegetables, fruit, meat, and market produce; such goods can be landed at the public ghâts under any rules and restrictions at present or hereafter in force thereat.

(True copy,)

G. H. SIMMONS,

Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 19th March 1872.

(1152—3)

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V. (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned Ships have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act :—

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1872.			
Mar. 12th ...	18 Cases, addressed	... Smith & Co.	... Jeanie Douglas.
„ 12th ...	24 Casks, T C	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 14th ...	1 Parcel, addressed	... Joseph Bourne	... Thomas Wilson.
„ 14th ...	1 Parcel, [L S]	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 14th ...	1 Parcel, [S K M]	... Schoene, Kilburn & Co.	Ditto.
„ 14th ...	1 Case, addressed	... H. M. Norris	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	3 Cases, [75] A. B. & Co.	... Order	... Royal Alexander.
„ 19th ...	1 Case, [46] A. B. & Co.	... „	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	6 Packages, [D] N C	... „	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	9 Jars empty, F or no mark	... „	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	16 Cases, [H E] C & B	... „	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	59 Flat Bars, [D]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	1 Case, addressed	... Colonel C. E. Lance	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	6 Cases, M H & M E	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	5 Cases, N C D	... „	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	2 Cases, [S N H]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	1 Case, [S N H]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	7 Cases, S E & S	... „	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	2 Bundles, [X]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	4 Cases, [15 E D J	... „	... Star of Scotia.
„ 19th ...	2 Cases, [G M M I] A. B. & Co.	... „	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	1 Case, [J N 11]	... Ahmuty & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	3 Packages, [R N] A. B. & Co.	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, [B]	... „	... Azaba.
„ 16th ...	3 Cases, addressed	... Band President, 10th Bengal N. I.	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	2 Kegs empty, [C] S C	... T. E. Thompson	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, addressed	... Colonel Farington	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, G. W. W. & Co.	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, [4910] H G B	... Mrs. Berens	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Sample, I E C	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	25 Cases, [K A] A. B. & Co.	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	20 Cases, [M I M Y] A B	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	3 Casks, [R C H S]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	3 Packages, [S]	... Dr. G. King	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Sample, [S] C	... Order	... Ditto,
„ 16th ...	1 Case, addressed	... George Playfair, Esq.	... Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Cask, C. & Co., G	... Order	... City of Cambridge.
„ 7th ...	1 Case, H. B. & Co., D	... „	... Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Case, K B C B	... „	... Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Case, addressed	... Officer Commanding Left Wing, 45th Regiment.	... Ditto.
„ 7th ...	10 Bales & 1 sample, [P] S B	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 7th ...	7 Cases, [R R]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 7th ...	2 Cases, addressed	... R. N. Trouson	... Ditto.
„ 7th ...	25 Iron strainers (no mark)	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Case, addressed	... Mr. J. Pollock	... Ditto.
„ 12th ...	1 Plate Iron, E, or no mark	... J. Elliot & Co.	... Jeanie Douglas.
„ 19th ...	1 Cask, [K N] A B	... Order	... Star of Scotia.
„ 19th ...	5 Cases, M F O	... Kutterdeen	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	30 Packages, N C D	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 19th ...	2 Cases, O & R. R. Co., Ld.	... „	... Ditto.

CALCUTTA,
The 26th March 1872.

W. D. BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*

(1165—1)

CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4538	A/88 42366	50	Debandronath Dey.
4552	A/90 59336	100	Heraloll Seal.
4553	A/86 27157	100	Mohes Chunder Paul.
	,, 27158	100	
	,, 27159	100	
4554	A/90 41868	100	Heraloll Nundy.
	,, 41127	100	
	,, 41126	100	
	,, 41125	100	
	,, 35065	100	
	A/88 40271	50	
	A/80 31901	10	
	A/97 18458	10	
4555	A/88 69228	500	Rossomoy Ghose.
4556	A/88 64298	50	Kalachund Mondole.
	,, 66294	50	
	,, 65776	50	
	A/90 65812	100	
	,, 65813	100	
4570	A/88 92923	1,000	Bhugwan Doss Agurwalla.
4575	A/99 44565	20	Messrs. J. Davies & Co.
	,, 00792	20	
	,, 28692	20	
	,, 42136	20	
	A/87 23391	20	
	A/98 71229	10	
4576	A/84 95178	100	Roy Norendronath Chowdry.
4580	A/88 76684	500	Kissen Ram.
	A/83 59286	50	
4581	A/83 59653	50	Praunauth Roy Chow-dry.
	,, 59654	50	
	,, 59657	50	
	,, 78847	50	
4588	A/80 04062	10	Tara Dutt.
4590	A/80 81810	1,000	Kadernath Mitter
	A/96 66051	100	
	,, 67307	100	
	,, 44996	100	
4591	A/84 39546	100	Bindrabun Ravetee-pershad.
	,, 34367	100	
	,, 50942	100	
4592	A/87 33938	50	J. D. White.
4593	A/95 99801		
	,, 99804		
	,, 99805		
	,, 99802		
	A/87 95507		
	A/88 04227		
	,, 42226		
	,, 04224		

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4593	A/95 18456		Gunesh Chunder Roy.
	,, 99576		
	A/88 00112		
	A/88 04226		
	A/88 46118		
	A/90 19530		
	A/88 50355		
	A/95 41221		
	A/97 14677		
	A/88 04219		
	,, 39174	10 ea.	
	A/97 27514		
	,, 27517		
	,, 27515		
	,, 27516		
	,, 27513		
	,, 27545		
	,, 27510		
	,, 26132		
	,, 26133		
	,, 26134		
	,, 26135		
	,, 26136		
	A/88 65021		
	A/97 26118		
	,, 26119		
	A/98 65839		
	,, 65838		
	,, 65879		
	A/93 40370		
	,, 40436		
	,, 40435		
	,, 40434		
	A/84 46858		
	,, 75750		
	A/94 75757		
	,, 75758	20 ea.	
	,, 75759		
	,, 75760		
	,, 13490		
	,, 75718		
	,, 77199		
	,, 75753		
	,, 75744		
	A/93 06819		
	A/88 05325		
	,, 09695		
	,, 20720		
	,, 11033		
	,, 45268	50 ea.	
	,, 54713		
	,, 53973		
	,, 54784		
	A/87 95927		
	A/90 12763	100	
4600	A/86 66876	100	J. Cornelius.
4602	A/90 41760	100	The Post-Master General, N. W. R.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

4539	A/90 40349	10	Messrs. Atkinson, Tilton and Co.
4540	A/80 61177	10	Mr. J. Toonee.
4541	A/80 28827	10	Messrs. Bennett and Co.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
4542	A/67 95741	50	Luckhmeechund Rakhiekha.
	A/83 18926	50	
4544	A/87 85512	50	Mirza Ibrahim Beg.
4546	A/94 57926	20	Ismail Khan.
4547	A/87 78151	50	Rundhaie Lal.
4549	A/90 16857	10	Benudbehary Sing.
4550	A/98 44887	10	Nobinchund Bural.
4551	A/93 92999	20	Bistoo Doss Ghose.
	A/6 85938	10	
4557	A/93 80835	20	Dwarkanath Bhunjo.
	A/97 91100	10	
	A/98 24632	10	
4558	A/80 91015	10	Briznath Sing.
4562	A/97 51066	10	Hurronath Seal.
4564	A/85 34298	100	Pitumber Shaha.
4567	A/600 63913	10	Messrs. Colvin, Cowie and Co.
	A/93 37019	20	
	A/83 56301	50	
	,, 56302	50	
4568	A/00 31971	100	J. Gibbon.
4569	A/85 63597	50	Doorgadoss Doss and Woomachurn Doss.
4571	A/93 77284	20 each.	Messrs. James Anderson & Co.
	,, 39028		
	A/94 69484		
	,, 11426		
4582	A/82 03042	20	Dwarkanath Chuckerbutty.
	,, 76252	20	
4583	A/95 93304	10	Juggobundhoo Goopto.
4585	A/97 41857	20	Hajee Hossein Ali.
4586	A/93 82517	20	A. J. Oldham.
4589	A/4 64734	10	C. T. Davies.
4594	A/00 00021	100	Aubus Ally.
4596	A/97 49899	10	F. Lemarchand.
4597	A/84 99324	100	Basakharam Hurdial.
4601	A/90 01374	100	Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.
	,, 01373	100	
	,, 01372	100	

Wrongly joined.

4574	A/93 81902	20	J. P. Hicks Lyne.
	A/78 75564		
4577	A/93 51072	20	Messrs. Wattenbach, Heilgers & Co.
	,, 51071		
	A/1 87155	20	
	,, 87147		
4578	A/ 03518	10	Tameezuddeen, Ahamud.
	A/06 61290		
4579	A/06 95255	10	Kallypuddo Chuckerbutty.
	,, 95399		
4584	A/51 18877	10	Hurkuru Doss, Ramchurn Doss.
	A/67 14935		
4587	A/05 09946	10	Messrs. P. S. D'Rozario & Co.
	,, 79694		
4595	A/94 10160	20	Gonesh Chunder Paul.
	,, 10159		

J. BARWELL

Postal Notice.

SEA AND OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer
Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulmein.	7 P.M.	31st Mar.	*Madras.*

The next Overland Mail *vid* Bombay will close on Friday, the 29th March 1872.

2. Book Post and Pattern Packets must be posted on the 28th.

N.B.—The letter box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two annas on each cover will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four annas on each cover up to 8 P.M., and after 8 up to 9 P.M., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât.

W. H. McGOWAN,
Post-Master.

CALCUTTA,
The 25th March 1872.

List of Remaining and Unclaimed Letters accumulated in the Calcutta Post Office during the week ending 22nd March 1872.

Adie, F. C.	Jardine, W.
Adels, E. J.	Knell, T.
Barnes, Mrs. E.	Kyole, E. M.
Barnard, G.	Levinge, Mrs. C.
Baird, A.	Levinia Miss.
Braton, Mr.	Lee, J. P.
Bennet, J.	Leighton, J.
Band, W.	Leeson, G. J. R.
Brett, N. C.	Loughman, T. W. C.
Brown, E.	Leevie, Miss.
C. N. Dutt.	Leader, Dr. T.
Clarke, D.	Marks, Mrs. A. J.
Cocks, E.	Mascurino, H.
Cockedy, J. T.	Marshall, C. H.
Camlie, Mr.	Moopline, Mrs. M.
Campbell, R. L.	Murray, Dr. J.
Chateler, C. J.	Miller, H. W.
Curran, J.	McPhail, J. W.
Castello, M. G.	Nicholson, Mrs. Jane.
Curran, Mrs. J.	O'Donnell, H.
Dumas, S.	Phillips, T. L.
DeSilva, Mrs. R.	Parker, C. R. G.
Durnet, T. F.	Pirie, E.
Dearsey, S. D.	Roderick, J.
D'Costa, Mr. E.	Ritchie, T. R.
Dey, Dhole and Co.	Rutherford,——Esq.
D'Cruz, J.	Smith, S. F. A.
Davidson, Mrs.	Smith, C. S.
Doran, P. J.	Smith, Rev S.
Edmunds, H. A. and Co.	Schaffter, Signor G.
Evangelish, D.	Smith, Mrs. M.
Eglinton, J. F. A.	Simson, Mrs. H.
Fry, R.	Stewart, Capt. R. C.
Fales, J. J.	Scott, D.
Fox, J. C.	Strover, E. W.
Freckelton, Mrs. I	The Manager, Victoria Press.
Frost, Mrs.	
Gopal Chunder Roy.	The Secy., Calcutta Hunt.
Gomes, B. H.	Thompson, J. H.
Grant, J. W.	Thomson, Capt.
Hamilton, Mr.	Thomson, Col. M.
Hanbury, Lt. C.	Williamson, J. G.
Hunter, Capt. R.	Willson, S.
Harris, J. S.	Wills, E.
Hanley, G.	Watlien, F.
Hamilton, J.	Walls, E. B.
Howard, Mrs. M.	Young, Miss E. V.
Hoff, J. R.	Yate, S.

Insolvent Notices.

rt for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

:he matter of Rad- issen Sett, an Insol- t.

On Monday, the 11th day of March instant, by an order of this Court said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his onal discharge under the Act XI. Vic., cap. as to all persons named in his schedule as itors or claiming to be creditors respectively.

V. F. Watson, *Attorney.*

the matter of Raj nder Shaw, who ly carried on trade business of wine chant at No. 93, China Bazar, in utta, under the style firm of Otool and and Rajchunder w and Co., an Insol- t.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI, Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 18th day of March instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolt were vested in the Official Assignee.

Hillanders & Chunder, *Attorneys.*

:he matter of Sew- rn Ram and Dabee- Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 23rd day of March instant, it was ordered that rday, the 4th day of May next, be appointed the further hearing of this matter, and that ss cause be shown to the contrary on that day, said Insolvents be discharged personally, as well o their after-acquired property, from all liabili- for debts, claims, and demands, of and against said Insolvents at the time of the filing of r petition for relief.

arruthers & Dignam, *Attorneys*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 26th March 1872.

Notice

s hereby given that a lot of waste land, con- ing of about 157 acres 2 roods and 8 poles, ate in Mouzah Kakoratolly, in the district of ckimpore, and bounded as shown at the foot of notice, has been applied for under the "rules the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Pro- ces of Bengal (Chapter XXVI. of the rules of the rd of Revenue.)" All claims and objections in of the sale having been finally disposed of er the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863, the lot will be put up to sale by auction to the hest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 2-8 an , on the 3rd day of June 1872, at the Deputy nmissioner's Office at Debrooghur. The sale be made in the manner, and subject to the ditions prescribed by the rules above cited, to the provisions of Act XXIII. of 1863 :—

Boundaries.

North—By the Bissakossijan and Suddyah road.
South—By the Hilikhagooryjan
East—Road to Suddyah.
West—Bissakossijan.

W. C. S. Clarke,
Deputy Commissioner.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 29th February 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 718 acres, situated in Mouzah Tingrai, Mehal Tingrai, District of Luckimpore, Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the rules for the sale of unassessed lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal (chapter XXVI of the rules of the Board of Revenue). All claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 2-8 an acre on the 2nd day of May 1872, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, Assam. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

W. C. S. Clarke,
Dy. Commr., Luckimpore.

DEBROOGURH DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE,
The 3rd February 1872.

LOT 1.

Boundaries.

North—Tingrai Nuddee.
South—Balijan Garden and a Path.
East—Chapori.
West—Tingrai Nuddee.

Notice

Is hereby given that the undermentioned lot of waste land, estimated to consist of about 2,000 acres, more or less, situate in Mouzah Ekoratolli, Mehal Deenjoz, in the district of Luckimpore, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this notice, has been applied for under the "Rules for the sale of unassessed land in the Lower Provinces of Bengal," (Chapter XXVI of the rules of the Board of Revenue). All claims and objections in bar of the sale having been finally disposed of under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863, the said lot will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rs. 5 an acre, on the 2nd May of 1872, at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the rules above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

W. S. Clarke,
Deputy Commissioner.

DY. COMMR'S. OFFICE, LUCKIMPORE,
The 1st February 1872.

1. LOT.

Boundaries.

North—Maijan River.
South—Sessa Nuddee and Ryotts' Basti lands.
East—Nadoon Grant.
West—Barra Bheel, Farlong Nuddee, and Ryotts' cultivated lands

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

Bank of Bengal.

CALCUTTA, 20TH MARCH 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bank of Bengal, General Treasury, and Public Debt Office will be closed on the following days:—

On Good Friday, the 29th, and Saturday, the 30th instant, in conformity with Government Notification No. 3464 of the 29th October 1867.

By order of the Directors,

GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(1156—1)

Notice

Is hereby given that Elephant Poongs, Traps, and Ghurs, situate in this district, will be sold by public auction on the 1st of May 1872 at the Deputy Commissioner's Office, Luckimpore, Debrooghur.

W. C. S. CLARKE,
Depy. Commissioner.

LUCKIMPORE,
The 15th March 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that the lease of the undermentioned lime quarries, situated in the Khasi and Jynteah Hills, for three years, commencing from the 1st April 1872 and ending with the 31st March 1875 A.D., will be put up to public auction on the 30th March 1872, at 12 A.M., at the Deputy Commissioner's Office at Shillong, at the upset price mentioned opposite the mehals. The rent payable half-yearly in advance. Further particulars regarding lime quarries can be obtained by application to the undersigned:—

No.	Name of quarries.	Where situated.	Upset price
			Rs. As.
1	Patharea Cherra ...	Bhawul in Khasi Hills	6,015 0
2	Romsemdemreski ...	Maharam in ditto ...	795 0
3	Nokorea Cherra ...	Malaichamok in ditto	500 0
4	Oolhmee Cherra ...	Jynteah Hills ...	5,000 0
5	Leemussoochu ...	Ditto ...	805 0
6	Mporalee Cherra ...	Ditto ...	206 0
7	Nongtholong ...	Ditto ...	1,006 0
8	Roopnath	Ditto ...	1,506 0
9	Choon Cherra, Lelfing Cherra, and Rowye.	Ditto ...	14,500 0

J. B. SHADWELL,
Extra Asst. Commr., in charge.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, KHASI AND JYNTEAH HILLS,
The 26th February 1872.

Notice

Is hereby given that certain effects belonging to the estate of the late Mr. G. W. Ferris, a British born subject, who died intestate at Soory, are under the seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any one duly authorized to receive the same.

E. C. CRASTER,
Offg. Judge.

BEERBHOOM,
The 15th March 1872. (1145—3)

Notice.

CERTAIN effects belonging to the estate of the late MR. E. ROSMOND, who held the post of Inspector in the Sarun Police, and who died intestate on the 24th January 1872, have been placed in the custody of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

A. HOPE,
Judge.

SARUN,
The 24th February 1872. (1122—4)

Administrator General's Office.

THE undermentioned Estates having come under charge of this Office, all persons having claims upon, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to, the said Estates are requested to place themselves in immediate communication with the undersigned.

Estate, Solaimoon Shumaoon Devek Cohen, late a Jewish Inhabitant of Ezra Street in the Town of Calcutta.

Estate, Mrs. Eliza Ann Christiana, formerly of the Town of Calcutta, wife of Henry Lewis Christiana.

Estate, William Henry Leslie, late of the Town of Calcutta.

Estate, Miss Mary Guiguard, late a Teacher of the Cuttack Female Orphanage.

Estate, Francis Dempster Hawkins, late a Captain in the Bengal Staff Corps.

L. P. D. BROUGHTON,
Administrator-General.

4, STRAND, CALCUTTA,
The 15th March 1872. (1157—1)

Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited," will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street, on Saturday, the 13th day of April, at noon precisely.

STEEL, MCINTOSH AND CO.,
Agents and Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,
The 23rd March 1872. (1159—3)

Durrung Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Fifteenth Half-yearly General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at 4, Fairlie Place, on Tuesday, the 2nd proximo, at noon, to receive the Directors' report and accounts for the half-year ending 31st December 1871, to declare a dividend, and transact such other business as may be brought forward.

By order of the Directors,
SCHOENE, KILBURN AND CO.,
Secretaries.

The 20th March 1872. (1154—1)

Notice.

MR. JAMES DRUMMOND MAXWELL, and also MR. ROBERT MCDONALD ROSS and MR. HUGH WALKER TULLOCH, are authorized to sign our firm from this date.

J. NICOL FLEMING AND CO.

CALCUTTA,
The 7th March 1872. (1144—3)

STATEMENT of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th March 1872.

PARTICULARS.	3½ per cent. Loan of 1853-54.	4 per Cent. Loan of 1824-25.	4 per Cent. Loan of 1828-29.	4 per Cent. Loan of 1832-33.	4 per Cent. Loan of 1835-36.	4 per Cent. Loan of 1842-43.	4 per Cent. Loan of 1854-55.	4 per Cent. Transfer of 1865.	4½ per Cent. Loan of 1856-57.	4½ per Cent. Transfer Loan dated 15th July 1870.	4½ per Cent. Loan dated 4th July 1871.	4½ per Cent. Transfer Loan of 1872.	5 per Cent. P. W. of 1864-65	5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57.	5 per cent. Loan of 1859-60.	Debentures for 5 years at 5 per cent. Repayable June 1872.	Debentures for 10 years at 5 per cent. Repayable June 1877.	Debentures for 15 years at 5 per cent. Repayable June 1882.	Total amount.
Balance of 29th February 1872 ...	53,100	20,374	2,880	13,83,680	39,53,000	1,17,59,900	1,20,65,300	1,29,57,900	14,500	34,30,700	8,77,000	2,57,82,700	...	79,84,400	4,13,44,200	20,60,000	33,11,000	36,62,000	13,41,42,634
ADD																			
Amount enfaced at Madras between 1st and 15th March 1872 ...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22,500	...	.....	.....	.....	...	75,500	2,14,600	.....	.....	.....	3,42,600
Amount enfaced at Bombay between 1st and 15th March 1872 ...	...	.....	.....	.....	1,500	19,300	8,000	1,59,800	...	36,100	.....	1,02,000	...	.....	5,65,600	.....	70,000	10,000	9,72,300
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th March 1872 ...	...	.....	.....	.....	7,700	55,000	24,500	1,73,000	...	14,800	.....	18,83,100	...	.....	4,54,500	.....	.....	.....	26,22,600
TOTAL ...	53,100	20,374	2,880	13,83,680	39,62,200	1,18,34,200	1,20,97,800	1,33,13,200	14,500	34,81,600	8,77,000	2,77,52,800	...	80,59,900	4,25,03,900	20,60,000	33,81,000	36,72,000	13,80,80,134
DEDUCT																			
Amount written off in the London Registers	...	.....	.....	.....	8,300	70,600	39,700	9,17,500	...	33,500	.....	50,000	...	15,93,800	5,83,000	25,000	.....	2,000	33,23,400
Balance on 15th March 1872 ...	53,100	20,374	2,880	13,83,680	39,53,900	1,17,63,600	1,20,58,100	1,24,00,700	14,500	34,48,100	8,77,000	2,77,02,800	...	64,66,100	4,19,25,900	20,35,000	33,81,000	36,70,000	13,47,56,734

NOTE—From 9th June 1867 to 15th Jan. 1872—Enfaced from India 1,322 lakhs, re-transferred from London ... 1,283 lakhs.
From 16th Jan. 1872 to 31st „ 1872 ditto ditto 27 „ ditto ditto ... 31 „
From 1st Feb. „ to 15th Feb. „ ditto ditto 10 „ ditto ditto ... 12 „
From 16th „ „ to 29th „ „ ditto ditto 13 „ ditto ditto ... 29 „
From 1st Mar. „ to 15th Mar „ ditto ditto 39 „ ditto ditto ... 33 „

1,411 — 1,388 lakhs.
1,388

Balance against India ... 23 lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 18th March 1872.

GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(1153—1)

INSOLVENT COURT.

OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE'S OFFICE.

Pursuant to Act No. XXVII. of 1841.

NOTICE is hereby given that in the event of no claim being established to the unclaimed dividends hereundermentioned within twelve months from this date, such dividends will be distributed amongst such of the creditors of the undermentioned Insolvent Estates as have established their claims against such estate :—

ESTATE OF DOORGAPERSAUD GOOLZAREEMULL.

Names of Creditors.	Amount of claim.	1st dividend at 7½ per cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Bunnachund Premraj of Burra Bazar, Cloth Merchant ...	999 12 0	74 15 8
Beenraj Ramanund of ditto, ditto ...	21 0 0	1 9 0
Baboololl Chowdry of Sulkeah, Garrewan	19 0 0	1 6 9
Beharryloll Hirraloll of Pugiaputty, Cloth Merchant ...	11 0 0	0 13 2
Bolaky Sing Gopauldoss of ditto, ditto ...	299 0 0	22 6 9
Bhoyrub Khettry of Punchanuntollah, Duloll ...	1,251 0 0	93 13 2
Bisseshurnauth Paray of Jugget Sett's Kuttra, Cloth Merchant ...	190 15 0	14 5 4
Choutmull Golaubchund of Monohur Doss's Kuttra, ditto ...	39 13 0	2 15 9
Choutmull Chooneeloll of Pugiaputty, Shop-keeper ...	500 0 0	37 8 0
Cassinauth Dutt at Messrs. Jardine, Skinner and Company ...	9 3 0	0 10 0
Dutaram Gouric Dutt of Kuttra, Cloth Merchant ...	32 0 0	2 6 4
Deen Dyall Naraindoss of Rajah's Kuttra, Cloth Merchant ...	2,346 10 6	176 0 0
Fergusson and Company, Nolitmohun Doss, Banian ...	339 8 0	25 7 5
Goramull Gocoolchund of Rajah's Kuttra, Cloth Merchant ...	1,245 6 0	93 6 9
Gopaulchund Hemchund of Pugiaputty, ditto ...	100 0 0	7 8 0
Jogedhum Khettry of Meerbohur's Ghaut, ditto ...	136 5 0	10 3 7
Indarchund Choanroop of Pugiaputty, ditto ...	394 7 0	29 9 3
Jadubchunder Paul and Callycoomar Mullick of Pugiaputty, Cloth Merchants	6 6 0	0 7 10
Konnoyloll Radakissen of Mirzapore, North-Western Provinces ...	922 0 0	69 2 5
Luckichund Pretundoss of Calcutta, Cloth Merchant ...	21 0 0	1 9 2
Moujy Ram Khcksydoss of ditto, ditto ...	17 15 0	1 5 6
Mahydut Koondunmull of ditto, ditto ...	21 0 0	1 9 2
Mohunloll Konnoylall of ditto, ditto ...	15 10 0	1 2 9
Nobin Napis at Messrs. Robert Watson and Company's ...	37 14 0	2 13 4
Nathoram Ramkissen of Calcutta, Cloth Merchant ...	51 0 0	3 13 2
Nanoo Mull of ditto, ditto ...	25 0 0	1 14 0
Noonkurum Woodychund of ditto, ditto ...	143 12 0	10 12 6
Nobingopal of ditto, Stationer ...	21 0 0	1 9 2
Patterson and Company, Gobinchunder Dutt of Calcutta, Merchant and Banian	688 12 0	51 10 6
Ramnarain Nohurmull of Burra Bazar, Shop-keeper ...	102 4 0	7 10 9
Reeobchund Heerololl of Calcutta, Cloth Merchant ...	130 14 0	9 13 1
Ramsoroop Soorjeeprosad of Calcutta, Shroff ...	867 13 9	65 1 5
Sunker Lall Balmokund of Calcutta, Cloth Merchant ...	756 4 0	56 11 6
Salim Sing Boijnath of ditto, ditto ...	44 6 0	3 5 5
Saoojyram Bood Sing of ditto, ditto ...	144 15 9	10 14 0
Takoor Joalopersaud Gungapersaud of Muttra, Shroffs ...	1,001 9 3	75 1 10
Ummurchurn Ramnarain of Calcutta	11 0 0	0 13 2

ESTATE OF KESSREECHUND AND ISSREECHUND.

Names of Creditors.	Amount of claim.	1st dividend at 5½ per cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Amoluckchund Koorloll of Agra, Trader	29 8 3	1 9 11
Ajoodhapersaud Tirbeddy of Mirzapore, Mahajun	106 9 3	5 13 9
Amudally Khan, Nizamutally Khan of Mirzapore, Mahajuns ...	49 13 0	2 11 10
Balgovind Sreekissen Doss of Chunargur, Trader ...	5,644 7 9	310 7 2
Bulloram Doss, Brujorutton Doss of Mirzapore, Merchants ...	4,413 13 3	242 12 2
Bulloram Doss, Bindabun Doss of ditto, ditto ...	273 14 3	15 1 1
Baneepersaud Gobindpersaud of ditto, ditto ...	27 12 6	1 8 5
Bhogoman Doss Mohunloll of Mirzapore, Mahajun ...	14 4 6	0 12 7
Brijomohun Doss Dabeepersaud of Mirzapore, Merchant ...	76 8 3	4 3 4
Bekhareedoss Coojobcharee of ditto, ditto ...	4,104 0 0	225 11 6
Buddreedoss Sewdyall Jhungyloll of ditto, ditto ...	2,258 13 0	123 3 9
Callooram Sheer Sing of Mirzapore, Merchant ...	809 8 3	44 8 5
Choteeloll Gobindpersaud of ditto, ditto	2,581 8 0	141 15 9
Dilsook Roy of Mirzapore, Merchant	28 8 9	1 9 2

Names of Creditors.	Amount of claim.	1st dividend at 5½ per cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Geapersaud Kissenpersaud of Chunargur, Trader	15 6 0	0 13 6
Hurnarain Mukoonloll of Mirzapore, Mahajun	98 8 3	5 6 9
Jubhamull Sirsaha of Mirzapore, Trader	1,621 0 3	89 2 5
Jebutsaha Saneearam of Mirzapore, Merchant	1,628 7 0	89 6 0
Jebeutsaha Kasseram Progoram of Mirzapore, Trader ...	29 12 0	1 10 2
Jecharam Nundololl of Mirzapore, Trader ...	3,121 2 0	171 10 7
Koonjeloll Bissessur Doss of Patna, Trader	35 4 0	1 15 0
Kutwaroeloll Sunruttonloll of Mirzapore, Merchants ...	5,507 3 3	302 14 4
Koonjebeharry Baneemadhub of ditto, ditto ...	1,508 3 0	82 15 2
Mohachand Punnaloll of Agra, Trader	25 4 0	1 6 2
Mokundoss Chunduck of Mirzapore, Mahajun	28 4 0	1 8 10
Mohunt Persuram Geer, Ghasi Mehmo Gheer, and Mohunt Aman Gheer of Mirzapore, Mahajuns	3,217 9 0	176 15 5
Muddopersaud Ramnarain of Mirzapore, Mahajun ...	23 13 6	1 4 11
Mohunt Naulpoory, Rajenderpoory, and Manpoory of Mirzapore, Mahajuns	6,433 5 3	353 13 4
Nunny Boho, widow of Jhaugloll of Mirzapore, Mahajun ...	950 2 6	52 4 1
Naick Menmoor Guness Doss of Mirzapore, Mahajun ...	62 8 0	3 7 0
Pertaubmull Jugmun Doss of Mirzapore, Mahajun ...	29 0 0	1 9 6
Poorunchand Sreemull of Mirzapore, Mahajun	18 1 6	0 15 11
Perroomul Ramrick of Mirzapore, Mahajun	2,264 1 0	124 8 5
Rajchund Nursingdoss of Mirzapore, Trader	13 14 6	0 12 [illegible]
Rampersaud Ramanund ditto, ditto ...	65 10 0	3 9 [illegible]
Rampersaud Jankepersaud ditto, ditto ...	3,122 15 0	171 12 [illegible]
Ramsaha Muttra Doss ditto, ditto ...	3,874 8 0	213 1 [illegible]
Rogoonauth Doss Amcermull ditto, ditto ...	1,075 10 0	59 2 [illegible]
Ramjun Sewbux ditto, ditto ...	5,449 11 0	299 11
Sewment Roy Kalooram ditto, ditto ...	11 11 3	0 10
Sookram Ramchund ditto, ditto ...	26 3 3	1 7
Sewram Ramkissen diito, ditto ...	623 13 9	34 4 1
Sungumloll Mewaloll ditto, ditto ...	1,210 12 6	66 9
Saligram Bhugwan Doss ditto, ditto ...	2,262 12 0	124 7
Tecaram Lutchmunpersaud ditto, ditto ...	28 9 0	1 8

ESTATE OF SEEKURCHUND BUSRAJ.

Names of Creditors.	Amount of claim.	1st dividend at [illegible] per cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As.
Bhuggowan Doss Dhurmchund of Burra Bazar, Merchant ...	162 9 0	16 4
Bissessur Parray ditto, ditto ...	13 12 0	1 6
Dowlut Ramkissen Doss ditto, ditto ...	200 0 0	20 0
Goramul Gokoolchund ditto, ditto ...	255 12 0	25 9
Goburdhone Doss, Ramjoe Doss ditto, ditto ...	30 10 0	3 1
Joychund Bissumchund ditto, ditto ...	56 4 0	5 10
Kostoorchund Bagric ditto, ditto ...	120 0 0	12 0
Mahamood Saha of Coomartolly, Money Lender	450 0 0	45 0
Pannaloll, Kettsee Doss of Burra Bazar, Merchants ...	137 8 0	13 12
Tarachund Saraogee ditto, ditto ...	125 0 0	12 8

ESTATE OF ROBERT BURKINYOUNG.

Names of Creditors.	Amount of claim.	1st divident at [illegible] per cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. Ac
Guddadhur Paulit (firm of Bindabun Shahoo) Calcutta, Merchant ...	3,125 0 0	54 11
Kistodoss Paul and Company of China Bazar, Calcutta ...	149 8 0	2 [illegible]
Mirtonjoy Day of Burra Bazar, Calcutta	1,368 0 0	23 1[illegible]
North-Western Bank (J. O'B.) Tandy, Manager ...	11,235 9 3	196 1[illegible]
Praunkisto Chowdry of Burra Bazar, Calcutta	1,641 0 0	28 1[illegible]
Reliance Marine Insurance Society (Apcar and Company), Secretaries	325 0 0	5 1[illegible]
Ramloll Chowdry of Burra Bazar, Calcutta	455 0 0	7 1[illegible]
Saunders, H., Shoe-maker, Wimpoll Street, London ...	80 0 0	1 [illegible]
Stevenson, R. B., of Calcutta	150 0 0	2 1[illegible]
Wedloke, Mr. Solicitor, King's Bench Walk, London ...	350 0 0	6 [illegible]

A. B. MILLER, *Official Assignee.*

CALCUTTA,
The 12th March 1872.

To be peremptorily sold, by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on Saturday, the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, pursuant to a decree of this Court in suit No. 313 of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, wherein Sumbhoonauth Mullick is plaintiff and Unnodapersaud Chatterjee is defendant, and bearing date the twenty-sixth June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, the following properties, that is to say:—

Lot No. 1.

All that undivided moiety or half part or share of him the said defendant of and in all that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, with the piece or parcel of land or ground on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation six cottahs ten chittacks and twenty-five feet, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying, and being No. 5, (formerly No 4,) Wooraparah Lane, in the town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded in manner following, that is to say: on the north by the dwelling-house and premises of Woomes Chunder Ghose, on the south partly by a private lane leading from Wooraparah Lane and by the dwelling-house and premises of Nobocoomar Goor; on the east by the dwelling-house and premises of Kartick Ghose; and on the west by the house and premises of Doorgachurn Ghose.

Lot No. 2.

The like share of and in all that piece or parcel of tenanted land or ground, containing by estimation twelve cottahs and twenty-one feet, more or less, situate, lying, and being No. 15, (formerly No. 10,) Goomgur Lane, in Calcutta aforesaid, and butted and bounded in manner following, that is to say: on the east by the tenanted house of Goopeenauth Ghose; on the west by public road; on the north by the tenanted land of Gunga Dhur Chunder; and on the south by the tenanted house and premises of Moonshee Duder Juma.

Lot No. 3.

The like share of and in all that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, with the piece or parcel of land or ground thereunto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation seven cottahs and twelve feet, situate, lying, and being No. 25, (formerly No. 44,) Mullungah Lane, in Calcutta aforesaid, and butted and bounded in manner following, that is to say: on the north by Obhoy Holdars Lane and the dwelling-house of Sumbhoonath Chatterjee; on the south partly by the tenanted house and premises of Ramdhone Doss, partly by a narrow lane, and partly by the dwelling-house of Puddomoney Dossee; on the east by the dwelling-house and premises of Juggomohun Doss; and on the west by a public road and W. B. Bampton's garden house.

An abstract of the title may be inspected, and further particulars obtained at the office of Messrs. Beeby and Rutter, Solicitors for the plaintiff.

R. Belchambers,
Registrar.

Calcutta High Court,
Original Jurisdiction, Registrar's Office,
The 16th March 1872. (1162—2)

Abel Penn Simkins, deceased.
Statutory notice to creditors.

Pursuant to the Trustees' and Mortgagees' Powers Act 1866, being Act XXVIII. of 1866 of the Governor-General of India in Council, notice is hereby given that all creditors other than those who have already sent in claims, and other persons having any demands upon or against the estate of Abel Penn Simkins, late of Calcutta, who died at Calcutta aforesaid on or about the twenty-second day of July one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and letters of administration of whose property and credits were duly granted to Alfred Edmund Harriss, of Calcutta, Solicitor and the duly constituted Attorney of Abel Joshua Higg inbotham, one of the executors named in and appointed by the will of the said deceased by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its testamentary and intestate jurisdiction on the 23rd day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, are hereby required to send in writing the particulars of their claims or demands to the undersigned at their Office situate at No. 6, Hastings Street, in Calcutta aforesaid, on or before the first day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two; and notice is hereby also given that at the expiration of the last-mentioned day the said administrato will be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said Abel Penn Simkins, deceased, or any part thereof amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard to the claims of which the said administrator has then had notice, and that the said administrator will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim the said administrator has not had notice at the time of such distribution. Dated this twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Robertson, Orr, Harriss, & Francis,
Attorneys for the Administrator.
6, *Hastings Street, Calcutta.* (1163—2)

Notice

Is hereby given that the partnership which has for some time past been carried on by Alexander Lawrie, Cunningham Hudson, James Gordon Stewart, and Henry John Simpson, at Calcutta under the style or firm of "Balmer, Lawrie and Co.," and at Liverpool under the style or firm of "Simpson, Lawrie and Co.," has been dissolved as from the 31st day of December 1871. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received, and the liabilities of the said partnership will be discharged by the said Alexander Lawrie, Cunningham Hudson, and Henry John Simpson, who will carry on business at Calcutta under the same style of "Balmer, Lawrie and Co.," and at Liverpool under the same style of "Simpson, Lawrie and Co." As witness our hands the 14th day of March 1872.

Alex. Lawrie.
Cunningham Hudson,
by his constituted Attorney,
Alex. Lawrie.
J. Gordon Stewart.
H. J. Simpson.

Witness,
Sylvr Dignam,
Solr., Calcutta. (1164—1)

Dulcherra Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered Office of the Company, No. 6, Mission Row, on Saturday, the 30th instant, at 12 o'clock noon, to receive the Directors' report, and to transact any other business which may be brought forward.

YOUNG, GRAY & Co.,
Secretaries.

The 9th March 1872. (1137—2)

Tirhoot Indigo Company, "Limited."

NOTICE.

THE seventeenth half-yearly ordinary General meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at its registered office, No. 3, Church Lane, at noon of Wednesday, the 27th instant, to receive the Directors' report, pass the accounts, and transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.

By order of Directors,

WILLIAM MORAN & Co.,
Agents.

3, CHURCH LANE,
The 15th March 1872. (1146—2)

Notice.

COPIES of Act VII of 1871, the Indian Emigration Act, in Urdoo and Hindee, can be obtained on application at the Bengal Secretariat at 8 annas per copy.

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on Saturday, the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, pursuant to a decree of the said Court in suit No. 327 of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, wherein Sonatun Doss and others are plaintiffs, and Doorga Churn Dutt is defendant, dated the twenty-ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, the following property, that is to say:—

All that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, with the piece or parcel of land or ground on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation eight cottahs ten and half chittacks, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying, and being on the south side of the Nauth's Bagaun Street, in Hautkhollah, in the town of Calcutta, and being No. 1 in the said street, and butted and bounded in manner following, that is to say: on the east by the land of Rajah Kallykristo Bahadoor; on the west by a public road called the Strand; on the north by the public road called Nauth's Bagaun Street; and on the south by the Bazar of Rajah Kallykristo Bahadoor.

An abstract of the title may be inspected, and further particulars obtained from the office of Messieurs Beeby and Rutter, Solicitors for the plaintiffs.

R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

CALCUTTA HIGH COURT,
ORIGINAL JURISDICTION, REGISTRAR'S OFFICE,
The 21st March 1872. (1161—2)

Bishnauth Tea Company, "Limited."

WE beg to give notice that the Seventeenth Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the registered Office of the Company, No. 7, New China Bazar Street, on Thursday, the 28th instant, at 4 P.M., precisely, to receive the Directors' report, pass the accounts, declare a further dividend, and transact such other business as may be necessary.

By order of the Board,

WILLIAMSON, MAGOR & Co.,
Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,
The 12th March 1872. (1140—3)

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on Saturday, the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, pursuant to a decree of the said Court, in suit No. 978 of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, wherein Khoop Chund is plaintiff, and Rogonauth Roy is defendant, dated eleventh February one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, the following properties, that is to say:—

All that two-storied messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, with out-offices and buildings, with the piece or parcel of land on part whereof the same are erected and built, situate, lying, and being at Raneegunge, in the district of Burdwan, bounded on the south by the Government road; on the west by the land and premises of one Byeaunt; and on the east by the Government road.

Also all that piece or parcel of land or ground with the three sheds and two rooms erected on part thereof, situate and being at Raneegunge aforesaid, and bounded on the south and west by the Government road; on the north by land now or late belonging to Soodiram.

Also all that piece or parcel of land or ground with the bungalow and building erected on part thereof, and containing by estimation one biggah more or less, situate and being at Raneegunge aforesaid, and bounded on the east by land now or late belonging to one Ramnarain Paboo.

An abstract of the title may be inspected, and further particulars obtained at the Office of Messieurs Beeby and Rutter, Attorneys, for the plaintiff.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

CALCUTTA HIGH COURT,
ORIGINAL JURISDICTION, REGISTRAR'S OFFICE,
The 21st March 1872. (1160—2)

Central Provinces Gazetteer.

EDITION OF 1870 in one VOL.

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MESSRS. THACKER, VINNING, *Bombay,*

MESSRS. THACKER, SPINK & Co., *Calcutta,*

or to Supdt., Chief Commr.'s Office, Nagpur.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 19th March 1872.

LIABILITIES.		Rs.	As.	P.
Proprietors' Capital, paid-up		2,20,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund		15,38,456	1	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	Rs. 3,72,19,337 14 5	5,68,64,796	8	1
General Treasury Balance at Branches	Rs. 1,96,45,458 9 8			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches		1,95,41,420	8	10
Bank Post Bills, &c.		9,71,349	8	5
Sundries		9,16,282	13	11
		10,18,32,305	8	11

ASSETS.		Rs.	As.	P.
Government Securities		88,42,233	4	0
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches		72,74,717	10	5
Accounts of Credit on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches		1,59,29,860	1	0
Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches		1,92,88,406	13	1
Dead Stock		11,89,105	13	1
Stamps		13,198	15	0
Balances with other Banks		6,44,876	7	4
Sundries		1,45,029	13	8
		5,33,27,428	13	7
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	Rs. 1,46,87,873 10 9	4,85,04,876	11	4
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	Rs. 3,38,17,003 0 7			
		10,18,32,305	8	11

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 21st March 1872.

J. GORDON,
Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.

GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(1155—1)

TO BE SOLD PEREMPTORILY, pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 639 of one thousand eight hundred and seventy, wherein Foolchund Joburry is plaintiff, and Nundolall Mitter is defendant, dated the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, by the Registrar of the said Court, at the Town Hall, on Saturday, the thirteenth day of April next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the undermentioned property, that is to say :—

All that undivided moiety or half part or share of and in all that lower-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, or godown, together with a piece or parcel of land thereunto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation ten cottahs and eleven chittacks, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying, and being at, and numbered 71, formerly 22, Clive Street, in the town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded in the manner following, that is to say : on the North, by the land of Juttadharee Haldar, Radhanauth Haldar, and Sreemutty Biddoomookey Dossee ; on the South, partly by the portion of the Postah purchased by Rajah Sitanauth Bose in trust for Nundolall Mitter and Hemchunder Mitter ; on the East, by the public road called Clive Street ; and on the West, by the land of Russickloll Dey.

An abstract of the title may be seen, and further particulars may be had, at the office of Baboo Debender Chunder Dutt, attorney for the plaintiff, 8, Hare Street, on any day before the sale, and the said abstract will be produced at the sale.

R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION,
Registrar's Office,
Calcutta, the 9th March 1872. (1141—2)

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, pursuant to a decree of the High Court, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 690 of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, wherein Bhoyro Doss, of Furtollah Street, in the town of Calcutta, Hindoo inhabitant and jeweller is plaintiff, and Damodur Doss Burmono, of Burrabazar, in the town of Calcutta, Hindoo infant, sole heir and legal representative of Konnoyloll Burmon, deceased, is defendant, on and, bearing date the twenty-third day of November one thousand eight hundred and seventy, by the Registrar of the said Court, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, at the Town Hall, on Saturday, the sixth day of April next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, that is to say :—

All that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, land, hereditaments, and premises, numbered fourteen, containing by estimation one cottah thirteen chittacks and fifteen feet, situate, lying, and being at Baustollah, in Burrabazar, in the town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded in manner following, (that is to say), on the west side thereof by a lane there leading at Baustollah Street ; on the east side thereof by the house and premises of Durponarain Surnokar ; on the north side thereof by the house and premises of Kanto Mitter ; and on the south side thereof by the house and premises of the late Sibchurn Loll Baurah.

For further particulars, apply at the Office of Messieurs Judge and Gangooly, Solicitors for the plaintiff abovenamed, No. 3, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

CALCUTTA HIGH COURT,
ORIGINAL JURISDICTION, REGISTRAR'S OFFICE,
The 6th March 1872. (1158-2)

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS, at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—March 27, 1872.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1872.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plot of land no longer required by the Government situated in the district of Shahabad, will be put up to sale, at the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th April 1872, corresponding with 6th Baisakh 1279 *F.S.*

2. The purchasers of this plot will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plot will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estate.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Upset Price.
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.
.....	.....	Plot of land on which the old circuit bungalow stood in the town of Arrah with trees.	5 0 17¼	270 0 0

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 3rd February 1872.

H. W. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of Class C lands no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situated in the district of Shahabad, will be put up to sale, at the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th of April 1872, corresponding with 6th Baisakh 1279 *F.S.*

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estates.	Number on the District Roll.	Names of Estates and Pergunnahs.	Area in acres.	Upset Price.
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.
.....	.....	Koelwor, Pergunnah Baruhgawan ...	47 2 0	760 0 0
.....	.....	Dhundhian, ditto ditto ...	35 0 38	564 0 0
.....	.....	Humidpore, ditto Arrah ...	1 0 15	18 0 0
.....	.....	Domraon, ditto Bhojepore ...	3 0 30	51 0 0
		Total ...	87 0 3	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 3rd February 1872.

H. W. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plot of Class C lands no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situated in the District of Monghyr, will be put up to sale, at the Monghyr Collectorate, on Saturday, the 12th of April 1872, corresponding with 18th Cheyt 1279 *F.S.*

2. The purchaser of this plot will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plot will be sold revenue free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in Statement of Government Estates.	Number on the District Roll.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Government Revenue.			Upset Price.
				Revenue assessed.	Road cess.	Total.	
			A. R. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As P.	Rs. As. P
1	4444	Arazee Class C lands in Mouzah Singpore, Pergunnah Dhurhura, relinquished by the Railway Company.	1 1 28	.....	.....	.....	46 0 0

COLLR.'s OFFICE, DISTRICT MONGHYR,
The 7th February 1872.

G. N. BARLOW, *Collector.*

APPENDIX (No. II.) TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1872.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in the district of Nuddea will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 27th day of March 1872, corresponding with 15th Chyet 1278 *B.S.*, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1872.

No. 1-0.—Pergunnah Alumpur; recorded proprietors, Issur Chundra Pal Chowdhry and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 50,287-13-7, and Police Rs. 568-14-7. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 23,743-5-8, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 17-0.—Dehi Alpha; recorded proprietors, Santaram Roy and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 4,046-2-2½, and Police Rs. 44-14-8. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 92-1-5½, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 22.—Pergunnah Belgong; recorded proprietors, Kader Nath Ghose and others; sudder jumma, Rs. 6,054-3-8, and Police Rs. 73-11-11. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 832-10-6, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 62-0.—Dehi Buxipore; recorded proprietors, Hurrimohun Mukhupadhya and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 5,276-6-11. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 653-15-10, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 240-0.—Dehi Huri Sankura; recorded proprietors, Mohamaya Chowdhurani and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 1,935-3-7¾. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 48-6-10 on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 304-0.—Turuf Khoirhuda; recorded proprietors, Nobokisto Chowdhury and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 539-10-5½. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 9-12-5½, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 371-0.—Dehi Nakasipara; recorded proprietors, Santiram Roy and others; sudder jumma, exclusive of that for which separate accounts have been opened, Rs. 3,829-3, and Police Rs. 41-15-9. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 695-8-6, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 2179.—Chur Samnagur; recorded proprietor, Mr. J. B. Mackintosh; sudder jumma Rs. 523-9-8, and road fund Rs. 5-3-10. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 27-2-10, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 3227.—Dehi Pukuria; recorded proprietors, Nobokishen Chowdhry and others; sudder jumma, Rs. 799-13-4. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 26-0-10, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

No. 3231.—Dehi Shasta; recorded proprietors, Jeban Nessa Bibi and others; sudder jumma, Rs. 553-3-10. This mehal will be sold for recovery of Rs. 7-12-6, on account of arrears of Government revenue.

NUDDEA COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 23rd February 1872.

C. STEVENS, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in the district of East Burdwan will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 27th day of March 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1872.

Number in the Rent Roll.	Class.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Proprietors.	Government Revenue.	Remarks.
				Rs. As. P.	
30	1st Class, permanently-settled..	Bhedia, 4 annas share; Pergunnah Monohurshahi.	Hirra Lall Baboo, Doorganaran Banerjea, Khodeza Bibi herself, and as guardian of minor Abdool Odood, Kedar Nath Mookerjea, and Brojo Mohun Ghose.	2,676 6 5	Out of the total amount of Government revenue separate accounts have been opened for Rs. 143-9-1, on account of Brojo Mohun Ghose, and for Rs. 307-6-11 in favor of Kedar Nauth Mookerjee; no arrears have occurred on their portions of the sudder jumma. The estate is to be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
62	Ditto	Pulshona, Pergunnah Shomurshahi.	Umbicca Churn Chundro, Kassi Nath Chundro, Lokenath Chundro, Rukkini Bulluv Chundro, Kallydas Chundro, and Hurro Mohun Chundro.	7,400 11 11	The entire estate to be sold for arrears of Government revenue only, which became due on the 12th day of January 1872.
		Chakran lands appertaining to the above mehal bearing Touji No. 16.	Ditto	44 8 2	
78	Ditto ...	Nizampore and others, Pergunnah Shomershahi.	*Issur* Radhamadan Mohun Jea *Sewal* Gopikristo Bose, and Poornoo Chundro Banerjea.	1,168 8 10	Ditto.
158	Ditto ...	Shoomuddoogoree, Pergunnah Shatsbika.	Rohimunnessa Bibi and Kylas Chundro Dey Chowdhery.	2,710 8 11	Ditto.
174	Ditto ...	Gowarrah, Pergunnah Mamdanipore.	Kristodeb Bhattacherjea	727 14 7	Ditto.
5537	Ditto ...	Bahadoorpore, Pergunnah Chowmoohah	Ram Gobindo Roy ...	508 0 10	Ditto.

R. Porch,
For Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned estate, in the district of Monghyr, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 28th day of March 1872, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1872 :—

Temporarily-settled Estate.

Mehal Bhowaneedpore oorf Ramdeoree, Pergunnah Mulkee, Towjee No. 1406; sudder jumma Rs. 20,907. The maliks and lessees are Nirput Singh, Dhowl Singh, Kooldeep Singh, Ram Sahoy Singh, Bhekhee Singh, Khooder Singh, and others. The estate is to be sold, with the exception of the shares of Bhekee Singh and others, and Khooder Singh, aggregating 4 annas 15 gundas 2 cowrees, for which separate accounts have been opened under Act XI. of 1859 for Rs. 6,486-2, being arrears of land revenue due from the estate up to the 12th January 1872.

Monghyr,
The 26th February 1872.

T. Grant, *Dy. Collector in charge, for Collector.*

اشتہار نیلام بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار

واضح هو که حسب دفعه ٦ ایکٹ ١١ سنه ١٨٥٩ ع کے یهه محالات مرقومهٔ الذیل ضلع مونگر مین بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار و دیگر دعوي جو از روے دستورات و قوانین مجاریه موافق باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے بتاریخ ١٢ جنورے سنه ١٨٧٢ ع واجب الوصول هي بروز پنجشنبه ٢٨ مارچ سنه ١٨٧٢ ع کچهري مین صاحب کلکٹر اس ضلع کے بلا عذر عام نیلام مین رکها جایگا ۰

نمبر توزیع محال

نمبر ١٤٠٦ توزیع—بهواننديور عرف رامديوزي پرگنه ملکے بندوبستے معدي جسکا صدر جمع مبلغ ٢٠٩٦٧ و جسکے خانه مالگذار مین نام نرپت سنگهه و دهول سنگهه و کلدیپ سنگهه و رام سهاے سنگهه و بهکے سنگهه و کهودر سنگهه و غیرة مالکان بندوبست داران مندرج هی باستسناے موازي ١٥ انه ٢ گنڈة که حصه بهکے سنگهه و موازي ٢ انه ٢ کوڑي حصه کهودر سنگهه جمله ١٥ انه ٤ گنڈة ٢ کوڑي باقي حصه ٤ انه ١١ گنڈة ١٨ کوڑي نرپت سنگهه دهول سنگهه و غیرة اجمالے بعلت مبلغ ٦٤٨٦-٢ باقه مالگذاري سرکار نیلام هوگا فقط ۰

جي: گرانٹ
ڈپوٹي کلکٹران-چارج

هرپور بتاریخ ٢٤ فبروري ١٨٧٢ ع

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS, at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, No. 28, Chowringhee, in the City of Calcutta.—March 27, 1872.

No. 13 of 1872

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1872.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT, *separately, on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

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Papers relating to the Bengal Provincial Budget for the year 1872-73.

23rd March 1872.

1. STATEMENT A.—Showing the available funds and the assignments for the year 1872-73.
2. STATEMENT B.—Comparing the assignments for the years 1871-72 and 1872-73 and explaining differences.
3. STATEMENT C.—Showing the estimated net cost of each head of provincial service for the year 1872-73, including buildings.
4. Police budget orders.
5. Resolution regarding reductions of charge for Assistant District Superintendents of Police.
6. Jail budget orders.
7. His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor's Minute on Jail buildings.
8. Education budget preliminary orders
9. Ditto final orders.
10. Medical budget orders.
11. Printing budget orders.
12. Local establishments, resolution regarding.
13. Local revenues made over to districts, ditto ditto.

STATE

Showing the funds available and the proposed assignments for

Head of Service	Expected savings for the year ending 31st March 1872.	Permanent assignment from imperial revenues.	Expected receipts from provincial departments during the year 1872-73.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Police	.....	.....	5,81,000
Jails	.....	.....	7,00,000
Registration	.....	.....	3,85,000
	3,25,000		
Education	.....		3,75,000
		1,18,82,000	
Medical	.....	.....	50,000
Printing	.....	.....	21,000
Local Establishments ...	.....	.....	.....
Public Works	4,75,000		1,60,000
Total ...	8,00,000	1,18,82,000	22,72,000

MENT A.

each of the Bengal Provincial Services during the year 1872-73.

Total sum available for the year 1872-73.	Assignments for the year 1872-73.	Remarks.
Rs.	Rs.	
.....	53,51,700	Most of the Police receipts are contributions from rural Municipalities for Police duties.
.....	18,24,000	The Jail charges include cost of manufactures, which is recouped from receipts.
.....	3,36,000	The excess of receipts in this department is held available for improvements after providing necessary buildings.
.....	23,29,600	The fees at the Medical College have been transferred from *Education* to *Medical*, thereby diminishing the receipts of the former and increasing those of the latter department.
1,49,54,000		
.....	10,00,000	
.....	3,13,000	The expenditure of the year 1871-72 for printing has somewhat exceeded the grant made for that year.
.....	2,00,000	See resolution annexed.
.....	34,27,400	There have been some exceptional savings in this department in 1871-72. Certain public works receipts have been made provincial since the last statement, the imperial grant being diminished in proportion.
1,49,54,000	1,47,81,700	Remains available for necessities arising during the year, Rs. 1,72,300.

STATEMENT B.

Comparative Statement showing the gross assignments for each of the Bengal Provincial Services in the years 1871-72 *and* 1872-73.

Department.	Assignments.		Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
	1871-72.	1872-73.			
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Police ...	54,75,000	53,51,700	.....	1,23,300	About half of the decrease is nominal, but there will be some saving in the Calcutta River Police and in Assam, and a reduction of Assistant Superintendents is in progress.
Jails ...	18,83,000	18,24,000	.....	59,000	There is some increase of establishments for central jails, but this is more than met by cheapness of provisions, which are more closely estimated for the ensuing year.
Registration ...	3,79,393	3,36,000	.....	43,393	Owing to a change in the law and system there has been a decrease both in receipts and expenditure.
Education ...	22,67,500	23,29,600	62,100	.....	The grant for 1871-72 is shown as ultimately corrected. The increase is in part due to progressive charges, over which the Government had no control.
Medical ...	10,34,000	10,00,000	.....	34,000	The decrease is owing to a a closer estimate for lock hospitals. The grant to hospitals and dispensaries in the interior is higher than last year.
Printing ...	3,00,000	3,13,000	13,000	.....	Increase due to the estimate being more carefully prepared on basis of actual expenditure.
Local establishments.	.....	2,00,000	2,00,000	.....	This is a new charge.
Public Works...	34,32,039	34,27,400	.....	4,639	It has been found possible to effect an economy in repairs, and to devote a larger sum to new works.
Total ...	1,47,70,932	1,47,81,700	10,768	.....	Total increase almost nominal, but probably the estimates for 1872-73 are closer, and the savings on them may not be so large as in 1871-72.

STATEMENT C.

Showing the expected net cost of each of the Provincial Services of Bengal for the year 1872-73, *including Buildings.*

POLICE.

		Rs.
Grant as per Statement A		53,51,700
Add cost of police buildings and repairs included in the Public Works budget, plus 26 per cent. for establishment		8,300
Total		53,60,000
Deduct estimated receipts of the year		5,81,000
Net cost		47,79,000

JAILS.

Grant as per Statement A		18,24,000
Add cost of buildings and repairs included in the Public Works budget, plus establishment		5,24,500
Total		23,48,500
Deduct receipts as per Statement A	7,00,000	
„ expected profits hitherto credited to provincial works	*3,34,000	
		10,34,000
Net cost ...		13,14,500

* NOTE.—These profits, having hitherto been credited to the amalgamated road fund, do not appear in Statement A.

REGISTRATION.

Grant as per Statement A	3,36,000
Receipts	3,85,000
Net saving	†49,000

† NOTE.—The imperial assignment under the decentralization order of 1870 reckoned upon a surplus in the Registration Department of more than Rs. 60,000; so that the Registration Department is a loss to the provincial budget. No registration buildings have been provided for in the Public Works budget, but some may be required in the course of the year.

EDUCATION.

Grant as per Statement A	23,29,600
Add cost of buildings and repairs included in Public Works grant, with establishment	1,56,800
Total	24,86,400
Deduct receipts from fees and other sources ...	3,75,900
Net cost ...	21,10,500

MEDICAL.

	Rs.
Grant as per statement A.	10,00,000
Add cost of repair of buildings included in Public Works grant, with establishment	29,100
Total	10,29,100
Deduct receipts including Medical College fees and medicines sold	50,000
Net cost	9,79,100

PRINTING.

Grant as per statement A.	3,13,000
Deduct receipts from sales	21,000
Net cost	2,92,000

LOCAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

Grant as per statement A.	2,00,000

PUBLIC WORKS OTHER THAN DEPARTMENTAL.

Grant as per statement A.		34,27,400
Deduct receipts	1,60,000	
„ cost and establishment of works shown as departmental	7,18,700	
		8,78,700
Net cost of Public Works proper		25,48,700

POLICE BUDGET ORDERS.

Fort William, the 22nd January 1872.

READ—

Accountant-General's letter No. 615C, dated 11th December, forwarding the Bengal Police budget for the year 1872-73.

Accountant-General's supplementary letter No. 635C, dated 28th December.

Budget Committee's report, dated 26th December.

The police estimates for 1872-73 as passed by the several authorities are as follows:—

	Local or Police Departments.	Accountant-General.	Budget Committee.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Calcutta Police, Government contribution ...	1,07,300	1,07,300	1,07,300
River ditto, ditto share ...	34,300	34,300	9,900
Other Presidency Police	51,700	51,300	51,300
Suburban Police, Government contribution ...	1,00,700	1,00,700	1,00,700
Inspection, &c.	1,11,400	1,18,500	1,18,500
District force	42,62,400	42,25,600	42,12,600
Frontier „	1,44,700	1,39,700	1,39,700
Railway Police	28,600	28,600	28,600
Government contribution to Police in minor municipalities	37,700	37,700	37,700
Total ...	48,78,700	48,44,300	48,06,300

2. The reduction in the estimate for River Police is accepted for the reasons explained by the Committee. The alterations in the estimate for the District Police Force are explained in paragraphs 5—10 of the Committee's report. Regarding the point raised in paragraph 6, the Lieutenant-Governor observes that in all provincial budgets a uniform system must be followed; either we must estimate for a full strength, or we must deduct a lump sum for expected savings. The Lieutenant-Governor considers it will be better to budget for full establishments in every case, unless they have been placed in abeyance by orders, and therefore will probably not be entertained in the year; the Government will of course reserve to itself the power of striking a lump sum off any estimate. But it would be best that all estimates submitted to Government should be framed to provide for the full strength of the establishment sanctioned and entertained. Casual savings from occasional vacancies, &c., should not be considered. There are generally demands during the year which must be met. And at any rate for purposes of comparison, it is better to follow the system hitherto adopted. In this view the lump sum of Rs. 50,000 for expected general savings which the Committee propose to strike out, must stand in the police estimates.

3. Under the present plan, as explained by the Committee (paragraph 8 of their report), a constable gets Rs. 4 a year clothing money, and makes up out of his own pocket whatever his uniform may cost above that sum. Under such a system it seems best that contributions by policemen towards their clothing should not appear in the budget at all. The Rs. 60,000 on account of recoveries from policemen for clothing may therefore be struck out of both sides of the budget.

4. In regard to paragraph 9 of the Budget Committee's report, separate orders will be issued. Inquiry will also be made as to whether Patna city cannot and ought not to pay for its own police.

5. The reduction in the cost of River Police by the transfer of three-fourths of the cost to the Port Commissioners, results in an actual saving of Rs. 21,830 only to the provincial budget, as the permanent assignment to Bengal has been reduced by Rs. 2,600, the difference between the amount of license fees of cargo boats and the *per contra* changes for survey and registry of boats.

6. The grant for District Police will stand at Rs. 42,12,600 + Rs. 50,000 —Rs. 60,000=Rs. 42,02,600, and the receipts will stand at Rs. 26,000 instead of Rs. 86,000, as proposed by the Committee. With these alterations the Committee's figures may be accepted for incorporation in the general budget; and the figures will stand as follows:—

Expenditure.

		Rs.
Calcutta Police, Government contribution	... ...	1,07,300*
River ditto, ditto share ...	... ...	9,900
Other Presidency Police	... ...	51,300
Suburban Police, Government contribution	... ...	1,00,700
Inspection, &c.	... ...	1,18,500
District force	... ...	42,02,600
Frontier ,, ...	... ...	1,39,700
Railway Police	... ...	28,600
Government contribution to Police in minor municipalities	... ...	37,700
	Total ...	47,96,300
Receipts	... ...	26,000

* NOTE.—During the year 1871 the sum of Rs. 4,171-3-11 was over-paid by Government towards the contribution of the Calcutta Police; deducting this, the amount to be paid by the Government for 1872-73 will be reduced to Rs. 1,03,100.

REDUCTIONS OF CHARGE FOR ASSISTANT DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENTS OF POLICE.

Fort William, the 20th March 1872.

1. THE Lieutenant-Governor considers that the demands which are now frequently made for Assistants to District Superintendents of Police are founded on the idea, which was till lately very prevalent, that the Police is to be a separate caste and service, and that no one but regular Assistant Superintendents can assist the District Superintendents. This mistake has already been pointed out on a former occasion, on which His Honor declared that it was not his intention that District Superintendents should have Assistants save in exceptionally heavy or difficult districts; that the inspectors are their assistants for most practical purposes; and that when a District Superintendent goes out into his district, an officer of the rank of inspector should have charge of the current duties of his office, and should submit reports of all important matters in the diaries, and information otherwise received, to the Magistrate as well as to the District Superintendent. Lately, indeed, His Honor had to remark on the impropriety of a native inspector opening a confidential English letter addressed to the District Superintendent; but it was at the same time pointed out that anything not intended to be seen by the District Superintendent's inferior, the inspector, should go to his superior in the same department, the Magistrate. The Lieutenant-Governor therefore considers that Assistant Superintendents are, as a rule, unnecessary.

2. As to the other argument for their maintenance, viz. that there must be men training for the post of District Superintendent, His Honor is convinced that it is better they should not be a separate class, that they will be far more efficient and more reliable if they have some experience of the ordinary branches of civil employ. The Government of India, in directing the abolition of Assistant Superintendentships in Assam, expressed the same opinion, observing that "the training in judicial work which is desired for police officers might be obtained by appointing to District Superintendentships from among the Assistant Commissioners."

3. As at present advised, then, the Lieutenant-Governor does not propose to appoint any more new Assistant Superintendents, but to absorb those who are fit for it in the Subordinate Executive Service of the regulation and non-regulation provinces. If in any district, under exceptional circumstances, it is necessary to employ an officer as Assistant to the District Superintendent, an officer of the Subordinate Executive Service may be specially so employed, and for the appointment of District Superintendent either officers of the Subordinate Executive Service or junior Civilians will be eligible.

4. The Lieutenant-Governor hopes that in this way the police will become a branch of the general administration, working in complete harmony with it, instead of being an entirely separate department. Money will also be saved, and, if necessary, it may be expended in increasing the efficiency of the Subordinate Executive Service, in connection with the scheme for its wider organization now before the Government.

JAIL BUDGET ORDERS.

Fort William, the 5th January 1872.

READ the following papers:—

Accountant-General's letter No. 571—C, dated 25th November last, forwarding the Jail Department budget for the year 1872-73.

Budget Committee's report thereon, dated 11th ultimo.

Further explanation by two members of the Budget Committee on points noted by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, dated 20th ultimo.

RESOLUTION.—The first sub-division of charges in this budget is that of "Inspection, &c.;" for this head the estimate of Rs. 49,000 may stand.

2. Under the head of "Central Jails" the Committee's estimate of Rs. 3,25,000 is accepted. The alterations in the Accountant-General's figures are as follows:—

Superintendents—Rs. 57,000, instead of Rs. 54,600
Rations— ,, 1,75,000 ,, ,, 1,65,250
} On account of the expected development of the Bhaugulpore central jail.

Removing prisoners—Rs. 9,000, struck out of the estimate; because the cost of transporting prisoners has been taken by the Government of India, while the cost of moving them from one jail to another goes against contingencies.

Extra establishments—Rs. 2,000, instead of Rs. 3,200, as the larger sum will not be wanted.

3. Under the head of "District Jails" the Committee's estimate of Rs. 7,50,000 is accepted. The alterations in the Accountant-General's estimate are as follows:—

Extra and temporary establishments—Rs. 9,000, instead of Rs. 17,680, as the larger sum will not be wanted.

Rations—Rs. 4,00,000, instead of Rs. 4,35,695. The Lieutenant-Governor observes that the total credit asked for on account of jail rations (Rs. 5,75,000 in all) is still large. But he will not now insist on further reduction, though the actuals of 1870-71 were only Rs. 5,35,000.

Clothing and bedding—Rs. 50,000, in place of Rs. 60,007, as the larger sum will not be wanted.

Cost of removing prisoners—Rs. 8,000, struck out as explained under the head of Central Jails.

Petty construction and repairs—Rs. 32,000, instead of Rs. 46,000, for reasons explained by the Committee.

4. Under the head of Manufactures, the estimate for

Commission to Jailors—can stand at Rs. 15,000, as explained by the Committee and by the Accountant-General.

Alipore Jail Press establishment, &c.—Must be entered at Rs. 70,000.

Purchase of manufacturing materials.—May stand at Rs. 5,90,000.

5. The estimate for receipts may be taken at

Rs. 7,92,000 *for gross proceeds of sale of jail manufactures.*

But the proceeds of the Alipore Jail Press must also be shown in the jail budget. Under recent orders the work done by this press is charged for at a fair price; the expenditure side of the jail budget includes large charges for packing and despatching forms, all of which charges are entered in the press department bills. The estimated receipts of the Alipore Press for 1872-73 are Rs. 2,05,000, which includes re-payments for packing and such like disbursements. With reference to the Committee's answer to question 7 in their report of the 20th December, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that Rs. 15,000 be estimated as receipts from the canal department at Dehree.

6. The totals of the jail budget now sanctioned will stand thus—

		Rs.	Rs.
Gross expenditure—			
Jail		11,24,000	
Manufactures and press		6,78,000	
Total			18,02,000
Gross receipts—			
Sale of manufactures		7,92,000	
Press receipts		2,05,000	
Irrigation Department		15,000	10,12,000
Net cost ...			7,90,000

7. With reference to points which have arisen during the discussion of the budget, the Lieutenant-Governor records the following further remarks:—

Alipore Jail Press establishments.—The reduction herein effected is satisfactory for the present; but the Lieutenant-Governor relies on the Inspector-General and Dr. Lynch to effect further reduction as opportunity occurs, and as convicts become more fit for press work.

Profits made by jails in the interior.—The Lieutenant-Governor desires that the Inspector-General will watch this matter most carefully. It seems that a great many jails earn very little indeed, while some (such as Jessore, Hooghly, and Rungpore) do very well.

Public Works required by the Jail Department.—The Government in the Public Works Department will settle what funds are available for central jail buildings during the year 1872-73. But with reference to Mr. Heeley's note at the end of the Committee's explanation of the 20th December, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that a sum of one lakh be notified to the Public Works Department, instead of Rs. 60,000, as the amount which will be required for district jails and lock-ups during the year.

MINUTE ON JAIL BUILDINGS.

After having seen a good many of our jails, I am more than ever convinced of the great difficulties which we have to encounter. It is evident that at some time or other a good deal of money has been spent on many of the jails, and substantial buildings still remain, showing that they were not bad jails in the old style and fashion, according to the lights of our predecessors. But partitions have been so universally cleared away, the enclosures have been so generally thrown into one, and all attempt at separation of prisoners in separate yards has been so completely abandoned, that, to introduce anything like the regular system prevailing in other provinces of India and other countries, we must begin again from the very beginning. A Bengal jail, visited in the evening, when the prisoners have done their work and are all at large in the common yard, is a complete liberty hall. One meets a murderer here, a State prisoner there, a prisoner under trial a little further on,—all wandering about in the freest and most unconstrained manner. One can hardly believe that this is a jail. And with such masses of prisoners all loose together, and the establishments and guards so weak as they are, I doubt whether we could attempt to introduce anything like discipline without fear of outbreaks; at any rate, the guards must be strengthened as soon as we begin to keep prisoners tighter.

The principal merit of the existing system seems to have been to render the prisoners so content that most of them have not been very anxious to run away. I am convinced that the very large commission allowed to the jailors has had a demoralizing effect in one sense, and led them to consider their charges as really manufacturing establishments, and prisoners as people to be encouraged and indulged so long as they keep the manufacture going. Nor have we the advantage of strict intra-mural confinement: it appears that extra-mural labor has been allowed whenever it is profitable. I find that the prisoners are constantly hired out to the municipality, to go about the town doing conservancy and odd jobs; sometimes they have even been hired to private persons. A stop should be put to these practices in all cases, except in those places where extra-mural employment of this kind may be specially sanctioned, *i.e.*, in some remote stations where labour is not to be had.

I could hardly have believed that prisoners under trial could be allowed to mix freely with the convicted prisoners: yet such seems to be the case in the majority of the jails of these provinces. Where there is an attempt to separate them, the common practice is to keep the under-trial and non-labouring

prisoners together. But I find that these non-labouring prisoners are for the most part men confined as notorious bad characters; that is to say, professional thieves, robbers, and forgers, whose character is so notorious that they are kept in jail in default of security. Other prisoners may be convicted of offences of every degree—some of great turpitude, some hardly involving moral turpitude; but these bad characters are the worst men to be found in the district, and with nothing to do they are certainly the worst companions for under-trial prisoners or for any other prisoners. It is absolutely necessary that immediate arrangements should be made to keep the under-trial prisoners entirely separate, and I have elsewhere directed that some cells should be made available to confine, when necessary, newly arrived prisoners in such a way that they may not have the opportunity of communicating with any others before they have been thoroughly examined.

I cannot gather that in working hours the convicted prisoners are classified with any reference whatever to their offences: they are only arranged with reference to their working capacities. At night they are necessarily locked up in separate barracks, and some attempt at classification sometimes is or may be made; but this is of little avail if they are all mixed up together throughout the day.

2. I have separately noticed what seems to me the want of discipline in the paid turnkeys, and the practice of making over the prisoners too exclusively to prison warders. I find too that some of the jailors live far from the the jails, and only come at working hours—a practice which cannot be permitted.

3. It is very difficult to remedy existing defects without proper buildings, and we are in this position, that we have, for purposes of separation and discipline, as it were destroyed the present jails, while the new central jails are in a rudimentary condition, very little advanced and progressing very slowly. I could wish that some of the old jails had been left as they were; but now that the partitions have been pulled down, seeing how great the jail mortality has always been, and how little we understand these things, I shrink from taking the responsibility of going back. On the other hand, the effective punishment of crime is of all questions the most difficult and unsolved. Sanitation is a subject on which we have not got beyond the stage of mere guess-work; the theories of to-day contradict those of yesterday, and will probably be contradicted by those of to-morrow. I must say that I do not like spending an entirely disproportionate amount of our limited provincial resources in the attempt to build, all over the country, jails constructed on the sanitary views of the day, and to provide at the expense of every thing else for a system of punishment of offenders which may not be very satisfactory after all. Already we are distracted, and our work kept back by finding that every new authority (and they are many in India) discovers that the plans of our central jails ought to be altered; while we are also told that they are being built at the wrong places, where no work can be found for the prisoners. Certainly they are all in the western, and none are in the central and eastern districts.

4. After fully and anxiously considering the whole matter, I think that upon the whole the best course will be to push on rapidly the central jails now in course of construction, to employ a large number of prisoners on those jails and on the canal works at Dehree, and to do what we can to make safe and capable of discipline the Alipore Jail, which is in fact a great central jail without any of the appliances of a central jail. Far too great masses of dangerous prisoners are now herded together at Alipore, and they are employed in large numbers in the mill and on other works entirely outside the walls. The arrangements proposed would withdraw a large number of prisoners from the ordinary jails, and I would then take advantage of the reduction of numbers to make the existing jails, or as many of them as are in any way tolerable, serve our purpose for the present as well as may be, instead of attempting to build new-fashioned jails all over the country at once. With reduced numbers we may at any rate provide separate wards for under-trial prisoners, and perhaps for one or two other classes whom it is desirable to keep separate.

5. To carry on the central jails rapidly, as well as to provide the number of prisoners who can be utilized and for whom there is accommodation of a sort at Dehree, will occupy almost as many prisoners as can be accommodated when the jails are completed, but very great care will be required in making the necessary arrangements. While none of these jails afford, and it will be long before they can afford, the means of separating the prisoners, the attempt to enforce order and discipline among the great gangs of men, who are to be collected in them, and who are most of them imprisoned for considerable terms, will require both firm and judicious treatment, and a sufficiently strong guard. Already there are symptoms that caution is necessary. There was an outbreak among the central jail prisoners at Bhaugulpore; there seems to have been a threatening at Dacca; and there was something more than a threatening in the great jail at Alipore. To-day a serious insubordination is reported from Sylhet. On the other hand, it was thought necessary to security to put most of the Bhaugulpore prisoners in irons. The Executive Engineer says that he now gets very good work out of them; but I understand that there has been a heavy mortality, which must be carefully inquired into.

6. I have already indicated generally to the Inspector-General the classes of prisoners who should be sent to the central jails and public works. The greatest possible care and vigilance must be exercised in this respect, so as to exclude weakly men on the one hand, and dangerous and troublesome characters on the other. None such should be allowed where great gangs are employed on out-door works, much of which must be outside the walls. I have had reason to fear that, while the commission system makes the jailors look on the prisoners as their workmen, it will require much vigilance to guard against the temptation to send away the worst and most useless men. I have separately ordered an inquiry into what appeared to be a shameful abuse—the sending totally unfit prisoners from a district jail to the central jail at Bhaugulpore, and I shall trust to the Inspector-General to be most careful that such abuses do not occur.

7. The Inspector-General of Jails will be requested to submit detailed proposals for carrying out the measures indicated in this minute; and the Financial and Public Works Departments of this Government will be moved to find the money and the means to carry on the works as quickly as possible. The Inspector-General of Police will also be directed to place himself in communication with the Inspector-General of Jails, with a view to determine the guards which are necessary for security; and they will state whether it is necessary to apply for further aid from the military at the Alipore or at any other jail.

G. CAMPBELL.

24th November 1871.

EDUCATION BUDGET—PRELIMINARY ORDERS.

No. 78, dated Fort William, the 9th January 1872.

From—R. H. Wilson, Esq., Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

To—The Director of Public Instruction.

With reference to letter No. 627C, dated 18th December, from the Officiating Accountant-General, submitting with remarks the budget of the Educational Department for 1872-73, I am directed to say that the Lieutenant-Governor observes with surprise and dissatisfaction that you have in no degree adapted your budget to the declared policy of the Government.

2. Although for months past you have had positive instructions that the Berhampore College is to be reduced, you have entered the full establishment in the budget for the ensuing year.

3. You have raised your total demand for colleges from Rs. 4,89,717—the actual expenditure of 1870-71—and Rs. 5,50,450—the gross grant of 1871-72—to Rs. 6,05,706 for 1872-73; and you have done this without making the least provision for the new engineering and surveying classes which the Lieutenant-Governor has ordered.

4. Similarly, you have increased your demand for the higher class English schools from Rs. 2,61,561—the amount allowed in 1871-72—to Rs. 3,04,197 for 1872-73, again without any provision for the surveying classes which the Lieutenant-Governor has ordered.

5. You are doubtless well aware that the sums placed at the disposal of this Government from the general revenue are fixed and inelastic, and that except by supplementing our educational means by increased receipts or from local sources, our expenditure cannot be increased; and you have been very distinctly told that it is not the policy of the Government to devote a disproportionate amount of its funds to higher education. In the face of that declaration your proposal to increase the grants to the colleges and higher English schools, without any corresponding increase of receipts, is wholly unjustifiable.

6. It has been made clear to you that beyond the obligation to deal justly with the funds at its disposal, the Government is far from wishing to discourage English education. On the contrary, the Lieutenant-Governor personally, considering the whole circumstances and present phase of the educational question in these provinces, is anxious in every way to encourage English. He has also shown himself most ready and willing to devote all the funds that he possibly can to the higher branches of education of a practical kind.

7. The Lieutenant-Governor wishes to deal tenderly with existing institutions, and would not cut them down in a sudden and injurious manner. He is also anxious not to raise the fees. At the same time he considers that the demand for English education is such that our higher schools and colleges, after having been fostered and reared by Government, should gradually become more and more self-supporting, and that funds should thus be set free for the promotion of education in the lower grades.

8. The cost to Government of each student instructed in English literature in our colleges is still enormously large, and must in some shape be reduced.

9. The Lieutenant-Governor has instructed you to propose a moderate grant for each Government school, to be supplemented by the fees earned by each. This plan should have been adopted in preparing the budget, and must now be adopted. The Lieutenant-Governor hopes that prosperous municipalities will be willing to contribute something towards the schools in their limits, and that the schools situated in such places will year by year more nearly approach to self-support. I am therefore to request that you will carefully and industriously examine the circumstances of each of these schools, and show where reduction, instead of increase, of the Government grant, can be made without sudden shock and injury to the school. It has seemed to the Lieutenant-Governor that the staff of masters in some schools is more than is indispensably necessary.

10. The Lieutenant-Governor desires me to remind you that the Government is entitled to look to you for active and energetic action to carry out its deliberate policy, and must receive the fullest assistance from you.

11. You are accordingly requested to revise your budget by the light of these remarks, and to adapt the allotments so that the demand for higher

education shall not exceed the scale shown in the following distribution of the total budget grant for education :—

	Grant 1871-72.	Grant 1872-73.
	Rs.	Rs.
Superintendence and inspection	3,57,000	Rs. 3,50,000
Government colleges	5,50,400	General ... ... 5,30,000 Surveying classes ... ... 20,000 Total ... 5,50,000
Higher English schools	2,65,500	General ... ... 2,30,000 Surveying classes ... ... 30,000 Total ... 2,60,000 Less the fees received in last year for which accounts are available.
All other Government schools	2,97,000	Rs. 2,97,000, less fees as above.
Grants-in-aid, ordinary...	5,10,000	Rs. 5,10,000
Ditto for patshalas	1,30,000	„ 1,80,000
Scholarships	1,28,000	„ 1,28,000
Miscellaneous	20,600	„ 20,600
Total	22,67,500	„ 23,04,600

12. Speaking roughly, the effect of this distribution will be to take about Rs. 50,000 from the Government grants for the ordinary branches of higher English education, and to add a like amount to the grant for the lowest schools or patshalas; while there will be for the ensuing year an additional expenditure of about Rs. 50,000 for the special surveying and engineering classes, which must be added to the budget for this once, but which the Lieutenant-Governor hopes to save from the schools which gradually become more self-supportig and by other economies in the following year.

EDUCATION BUDGET—FINAL ORDERS.

Dated Fort William, the 8th March 1872.

READ again the undermentioned papers :—

Accountant-General's No. 627C, dated 18th December, submitting the educational budget for 1872-73.

Under-Secretary's Nos. 78 and 79, dated 9th January, conveying Government orders upon the budget.

Director of Public Instruction's No. 227, dated 23rd January, submitting explanation on the budget, and asking for further orders.

Accountant-General's No. 699C, dated 1st February, regarding certain *errata* to be corrected in his budget previously submitted.

Budget Committee's report on certain points in the educational budget, referred to the committee by Government orders of the 9th January.

Director of Public Instruction's No. 334, dated 1st February, submitting statements of the estimated expenditure at all the Government colleges.

Note.—a, b.—The list of *errata* submitted by the Accountant-General shows that the
1871-72 grant for Government colleges should be... ... ... Rs. 5,50,600
And the grant for Higher schools should be ... ... „ 2,73,000

The orders of the 9th January last directed that the educational grants for the coming were, as compared with the grants for the current year, to be as follows—

	Grant for 1871-72.	Grant for 1872-73.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Superintendence and inspection...	3,57,000	3,50,000		
Government colleges ...	5,50,400*a*	5,50,000	General education ...	5,30,000
			Physical science classes...	20,000
Higher English Schools ...	2,65,500*b*	2,60,000	General education ...	2,30,000
			Surveying classes ...	30,000
			Less fees received during last year.	
All other Government schools ...	2,97,000	2,97,000	Less fees as above.	
Grants-in-aid, ordinary ...	5,10,000	5,10,000		
Grants to patshalas (rural schools)	1,30,000	1,80,000		
Scholarships	1,28,000	1,28,000		
Miscellaneous	29,600	29,600		
Total ...	22,67,500	23,04,600		

2. The Director was instructed to revise his budget by the light of the remarks contained in the Government orders of the 9th January, so that the allotments to higher education should not exceed the above figures. He was also desired to expedite the submission of his plan for assigning a fixed Government grant to each higher class Government school, under the system sanctioned in Government orders, No. 25T, dated 28th October 1871. The Budget Committee were at the same time instructed to report upon the amount of fees received in Government schools, and to clear up any doubt about the way in which fees are credited at the Hooghly or other colleges.

3. The Budget Committee have reported that there will be no mistake about the grant for colleges so long as it is clearly understood that the colleges' grant is a *gross grant*, and that all fees and receipts are to be credited to Government. In regard to the fees received at Government schools, the Budget Committee report—

(1) That at higher class English schools the total expenditure of the year 1870-71 was as follows:—

	Rs.
From fees and fines	1,52,215
„ endowments and subscriptions	11,500
„ Government grant	1,33,000
Total ...	2,96,715

While a further sum of Rs. 8,000 is collected in "fees," being the surplus fees collected at the Hare and Hindoo schools.

(2) That at all other Government schools the fees realized in the year 1870-71 amounted to Rs. 39,700.

4. The Director's reply to the Government orders of January submits that he does not see his way to effecting any savings in Government colleges beyond—

Rs. 22,800, the salary of three professorships now vacant.
„ 3,000 to be saved on the salary of a retiring professor.
„ 3,000 to be saved by reductions in the Sanskrit College.

The Director, however, points out that there will, if these savings are effected, be no funds to pay for professors of physical science: he had looked (he adds) to getting the vacant professorships filled by physical science men. The Director reports that the total of the sanctioned net grants (over and above fee receipts) to Government higher schools is Rs. 1,47,927, and that he does not see his way to carrying on these institutions with a lower *net*

grant than Rs. 1,25,000. The *net* grants asked for by the several inspectors amount to Rs. 1,26,400, exclusive of the cost of surveying and physical science classes.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the report of the Budget Committee, that Rs. 1,33,000 was last year the net Government expenditure on higher class English schools (exclusive of collegiate schools); and he is prepared to grant towards these schools for the year 1872-73 the sum of Rs. 1,33,000 plus the total fee receipts. Out of this grant Rs. 1,03,000 will be a net grant for general education; Rs. 30,000 will be reserved for drawing, surveying and elementary science classes. Separate orders will issue directing that a scheme be drawn up for distributing the net grant of Rs. 1,03,000 among the several schools. The surplus fees of the Hindoo and Hare schools must for the present be credited to Government, though the Lieutenant-Governor will be willing to consider schemes for devoting a portion of the surplus to the improvement of these two schools or otherwise applying the money.

6. The grant for "other Government schools" will stand for the present at Rs. 2,57,000, net Government grant, *plus* Rs. 40,000 fee receipts. But the Lieutenant-Governor is strongly of opinion that some saving in the Normal school establishments is feasible, and he desires that the Director will be good enough to set himself to review the Normal school expenditure.

7 The grants for incorporation in the general provincial budget will remain at the sums shown in the first paragraph of this Resolution, excepting that the grants for "higher schools" will be taken thus—

	Rs.	
Higher schools—		
General education	1,03,000	plus Rs. 1,52,000 fees and fines.
Drawing, survey and elementary science classes ...	30,000	
Total gross grant	2,85,000	

The surplus fees, the endowments, and subscriptions, realized at these schools over and above the estimated sum of Rs. 1,52,000 will be at the disposal of the managers for expenditure within schools.

8. The Lieutenant-Governor proposes that a proportion of the scholarships' grant should be devoted to the encouragement of the practical art and science classes. He roughly distributes the scholarships' grant thus for the present—

General	Rs. 78,000
Drawing, surveying and elementary science	„ 50,000

But the details will be considered by a Committee appointed to deal with genera subjects in connection with the educational budget.

9. The total educational grant for the year 1872-73 will thus be Rs. 23,29,600, while the estimated receipts from school fees will be deducted from actual payments to schools. The school accounts will be adjusted at the end of each year, the gross grant being increased as fees increase.

10. The receipts side of the budget will be taken at Rs. 3,75,900, the sum shewn in the Accountant-General's estimate.

MEDICAL BUDGET ORDERS.

Fort William, the 15th December 1871.

READ—

Letter No. 5690, dated 24th November, from the Accountant-General, submitting the provincial budget of the Medical Department for the year 1872-73.

Read also a report by the Budget Committee on the foregoing letter and its enclosure.

THE Lieutenant-Governor accepts the medical budget, as modified by the Committee, for both the receipts and the expenditure side. But as the Committee's estimates are founded upon the actuals of 1870-71, it is right that

some reserve should be provided in the budget to meet any fresh charges which the Government may see fit to authorize during the coming year. A sum of Rs. 15,000 should accordingly be added to the estimate. The sanctioned medical budget will then stand in round numbers thus:—

Receipts	...	...	... Rs. 50,000
Expenditure	...	...	... „ 10,00,000

2. It is observed that the whole salary of the officer who occupies the post of Superintendent of the Presidency Jail, and also the post of Second Assistant Surgeon to the General Hospital, has been transferred to the jail budget. The Lieutenant-Governor desires that in future years one-half of this officer's salary be charged to the Jail and one-half to the Medical Department.

PRINTING BUDGET ORDERS.

Budget Committee's Report on the Printing Budgets of Bengal, for the year 1872-73.

Present:

MR. DAMPIER.
„ MANGLES.
„ BERNARD.

THE Accountant-General's estimate for the coming year shows the following totals:—

Expenditure.	Rs.	*Receipts.*	Rs.
Secretariat Press	65,900	Government publications ..	20,000
Miscellaneous Department ..	11,960	Alipore Jail work for outsiders ..	2,000
Government publications ..	25,200		
Official postage	5,000		
Total ..	1,08,060	Total ..	22,000

We have had before us a note from the Secretariat on its press receipts and charges. It appears that for the twelve months ending on the 30th November last the Bengal Press charges and receipts were as follows:

Charges.	Rs.	*Receipts.*	Rs.
Secretariat Establishment ..	58,500	*Calcutta Gazette* sales, &c. ..	13,900
„ contingencies ..	3,300	*Bengalee Gazette* ..	6,700
Calcutta Gazette Establishment ..	11,200		
„ „ contingencies ..	1,000		
Bengallee Gazette Establishment ..	7,700		
„ „ contingencies ..	1,800		
Cost of extra publications ..	8,000		
Total ..	91,500		

The Secretariat Press did Rs. 8,000 of work for Bengal Government offices, for which it received cash payments. It will receive such payments no longer; and it requires a grant of Rs. 3,000 above the Accountant-General's estimate to enable it to do all this extra work. Unless reduction is possible in other directions, and there is nothing to shew that it is so possible, we think this extra grant must be given.

3. We observe that a grant of Rs. 400 is asked for Bengal Civil List, but no receipts are estimated for the sale of this work. We are aware that sale is effected, and we estimate the receipts therefrom at Rs. 500. No receipts are estimated from the *Ooriya Gazette*.

4. The Bengal Secretariat budget may then stand thus:

Grants.		*Receipts.*	
	Rs.		Rs.
Secretariat Press	69,000	*Calcutta Gazette*	13,900
Calcutta Gazette	13,000	*Bengalee* „	6,700
Bengalee „	9,500	Civil List	500
Bengal Civil List	400		
Total ...	91,900	Total ...	21,100

5. The "charges" of the Alipore Jail Press may be struck out of the "printing" budget, for they have already, under Government orders, been included in the jail budget. But a sum of Rs. 2,05,000 must be shown on the expenditure side as "cost of printing done at the Alipore Jail." Credit has been taken for this sum in the jail budget: the money forms part of the Bengal permanent assignment; and if we did not show it as a disbursement under "printing," the provincial budget would be credited* with the sum twice over.

* The Committee note that in this paragraph they have assumed that the orders (resolution of 5th January 1872) on the jail budget distinctly lay down that the receipts and charges of the Alipore Jail Press are to be shown in the jail budget.

6. The estimate of printing to be done at private presses by Government officers comes to Rs. 11,960, which after all is a small sum for the whole province. We propose to accept this estimate with the single exception of Rs. 2,000 estimated for the Inspector-General of Police. We find that the "actuals" of 1870-71 show no expenditure under "printing" against this office; and no grant was made for the Inspector-General's printing during the current year. There seems no reason why the Inspector-General should not get his "form work" done at Alipore, and his book work or circular work done at the Secretariat, just as the Director of Public Instruction does. We would omit this item of Rs. 2,000 from the estimate.

7. The printing budget will then stand thus—

Charges.			
			Rs.
Bengal Secretariat			69,000
Miscellaneous Departments			10,000
Cost of work done at the Alipore Press			2,05,000
Government publications.			
Calcutta Gazette	Rs.	13,000	
Bengali „	„	9,500	
Ooriya „	„	1,100	
Civil List	„	400	24,000
Official postage			5,000
Total ..			3,13,000
Receipts.			
Secretariat publications			21,100
Net cost ..			2,91,900

The "printing" grant for the current year was three lakhs, while the actuals for the year 1870-71 were Rs. 3,63,500. The main items of decrease on the actuals of 1870-71 are the reduction in the valuation of Alipore Jail work and the reduction of the grants to Government offices for printing work done at private presses. The current year's grant was a large reduction on the estimate as first submitted by the Accountant-General.

H. L. DAMPIER, H. A. MANGLES, *Members.*
C. BERNARD, *Secretary.*

The 13th January 1872.

ACCEPTED.

20-1-72. G. CAMPBELL.

LOCAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

Fort William, the 20th March 1872.

In the correspondence which ensued on the Board's Land Revenue Report for the year 1869-70, it was stated more or less broadly that district officers in Bengal, though fully as able and zealous as civil officers in other parts of India, did not, and, as matters stood, could not, know much about the internal affairs of their districts. The Lieutenant-Governor then expressed an intention of administering the Government of Bengal more actively, and that policy received the approval of the Government of India and of Her Majesty's Government in England. One cause of administrative weakness in Bengal was said to be the fact that few Magistrate-Collectors stayed long in the same district; the Lieutenant-Governor hopes that transfers of executive officers are now, and will continue to be, much rarer than heretofore. But His Honor has himself observed, and he has learned from experienced Commissioners and others, that Bengal district officers are at a very great disadvantage compared with similar officers elsewhere, from the absence of any local executive establishments corresponding to the talookdaree, tehsildaree, or mamlutdaree officials of other parts of India. Improvements in law and system have made it less possible, and perhaps less desirable, to employ the police in ordinary matters of district administration, and the Bengal Magistrate deprived of an executive police has no executive instruments at all.

2. The establishment of sub-divisional officers, and their multiplication during the last fifteen years, has done a good deal towards effective control; but the great addition has been to judicial rather than to administrative strength, the sub-divisional officers having no executive establishments. The transfer of rent suits to the civil courts, though it has given sub-divisional officers more time for administrative work, has at the same time deprived them of an important source of information regarding rural affairs, and has involved a decrease in the number of the Subordinate Executive Service. The sub-divisional officers of the more populous districts are still burdened with much judicial work, to which have been added treasury work and much office detail, so that they are not free to move about their sub-divisions; to acquaint themselves with the country and the people; to superintend the details of settlements and Government estates; to watch the working of municipalities; to investigate cases on the spot; to direct the road cess assessment; to attend to local works; and generally to carry on that active supervision and administration which the Lieutenant-Governor desires to see carried out. A tehsildar, who is in fact the sub-divisional officer of other parts of India on a smaller scale than in Bengal sub-divisions, has under his orders a naib, who is well paid and is available for all executive duties, and in some parts of India for petty judicial duties also. He has a canoongo, who is the link between the Government collectorate agency and the village proprietors and accountants; he has a departmental clerk (mohurir) for excise work, for local fund work, for educational and other business; and lastly, he has several inferior officers (chupprasees), whose business it is to carry out orders in the various departments. Aided by this staff, the tehsildar can do whatever the Government requires of him. He is not a mere collector of revenue: he is the agent of the executive Government in all departments. He sees to the assessment, collection, and proper expenditure of local rates; he looks after the excise; he effects petty settlements; he manages small sequestrated or wards' estates; he takes up land for public purposes, and arranges under the law for compensation; and he carries out all local works and repairs which do not require special engineering skill; he arranges supplies and carriage for the passage of troops; he obtains and furnishes the statistics which it is very important to procure as a help to guide our administration, as well as being interesting in themselves. For much of all this business a special agency has to be entertained and paid in Bengal as occasion may require; often it must be created in each particular case,—a system attended with much

loss in point of economy and efficiency. The work could probably be much better done by sub-divisional officers if only they had an executive establishment.

3. The Lieutenant-Governor earnestly desires, then, to give district officers in Bengal some executive establishment of the kind described above. He also feels that the first assessment of the road cess, and the ascertainment of landed tenures which it involves, will, for some time to come, necessitate much labor, and that the result will not only be useful for the immediate purpose, but beneficial to the country in many ways. He is unwilling to burden the cess too heavily on account of the expenses involved in the first years, and will be glad if he can supply a Government establishment capable of doing the work with moderate assistance.

4. Another very important object which the Lieutenant-Governor hopes to attain by the arrangements about to be detailed is as follows. He has found the greatest difficulty in efficiently filling the present Subordinate Executive Service, because there is no school in which young men may be trained by experience, and in which their abilities may be tested before they are promoted to high office. Fitness for high administrative appointments is not so easily tested by examinations alone as legal capacity; and there is no such school for these appointments as the Bar affords for judicial appointments. Consequently it has been necessary to nominate to Deputy Magistracies and such like posts young men who have neither been trained to the work nor sufficiently tested. It seems to the Lieutenant-Governor that a Deputy Magistracy is a very high and highly paid appointment. Looking to the power exercised, and the position and influence of the appointment, and taking the comparative value of money, he thinks that it is an appointment at least corresponding to, and in fact in most cases considerably exceeding, the best County Court Judgeships and stipendiary Magistracies in England. Men of ripe experience and tried character are glad to accept these latter appointments; and it does not appear to the Lieutenant-Governor to be desirable that the corresponding appointments in India should be filled by youths fresh from college. In fact, he does not think that efficient officers can be thus secured. Some may turn out well after being trained at the public expense; others are not successful. As a Judge of the High Court, Mr. Campbell formed by no means a high opinion of the judicial qualification of the some of the Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, and he is not sure that judicial deficiencies were always compensated by administrative activity and energy. The Lieutenant-Governor has now tried a system of examination, which shall test to some degree both mental and physical fitness, and he has just appointed ten new officers to the Subordinate Executive Service under this system. Still he cannot have, and has not, any complete assurance that they are already well-fitted for the post of Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, or that they will eventually turn out to be so. The spread of education in Bengal has now resulted in a great supply of educated young men; the supply is in fact such that the market value of the best young men fresh from college is very far below that of a Deputy Magistracy. It seems to the Lieutenant-Governor not at all desirable that a few of many candidates should be selected to fill places beyond their experience and their years, while the others are stranded without employment. He thinks it would be far better that a larger number should have the opportunity of entering the public service in a lower capacity, more nearly corresponding to that which the most educated youths of England and other countries are glad to fill, and that they should thence be promoted according to the practical capacity which they may show. It is therefore his wish to take advantage of the creation of appointments inferior to those held by the present gazetted members of the Subordinate Executive Service, in order to open such appointments to the best young men available; and he would make it the ordinary practice in future to promote to higher appointments from among those who have served efficiently in the lower grades. He would, in fact, institute a Native Civil Service on a wider basis than the present Subordinate

Executive Service, and would encourage capable native youths to enter it at the beginning. In England a salary of £100 or £120 commands any number of young men of the best education but without previous experience, and the Lieutenant-Governor thinks that in this country such young men might enter on Rs. 25 or 30 per mensem, with the prospect of promotion if they earn it.

5. The Subordinate Executive Service and inferior establishments have not been included in the scheme of the resolution of the Government of India, dated 14th December 1870, by which certain departments, with a proportionate assignment of funds, were made over to the local Governments, and there may be difficulty in so arranging the services that part shall be paid from imperial and part from provincial funds. The Lieutenant-Governor hopes that the Government of India may perhaps consent to make over to this Government the funds assigned for the uncovenanted services, together with the estimated cost of the various special and occasional duties, for which temporary establishments are so often entertained in Bengal; and then he may be able to weld the whole into one Uncovenanted Civil Service. With this view the whole scheme will be submitted to the Government of India. Meantime the Lieutenant-Governor would try to establish an organized service, supplementary to the present Subordinate Executive Service, on the understanding that it will be the feeder of the higher grades of the service. To this end he has, by an economical distribution of the funds at his disposal, succeeded in making available a sum of two lakhs of rupees, which will be set aside in the ensuing budget arrangements for 1872-73 for local establishments, and with this sum he hopes to obtain a large instalment of the objects which he has in view.

6. The Lieutenant-Governor proposes then to make the establishment now to be created subordinate to the present sub-divisional officers; a suitable establishment being also, when necessary, attached to the head-quarter divisions. He would have three grades of subordinate establishments, namely:—

First Class Sub-divisional Establishment.

	Rs.	
1 sub-deputy	150	per mensem.
1 canoongo and surveyor	50	„
4 chuprassees at Rs. 8 each	32	„
6 ditto at Rs. 6 each	36	„
Total ...	268	„

Second Class Sub-divisional Establishment.

	Rs.	
1 sub-deputy	100	per mensem.
1 junior canoongo and head measurer	25	„
2 chuprassees at Rs. 8 each	16	„
4 ditto at Rs. 6 each	25	„
Total ...	165	„

Third Class Sub-divisional Establishment.

1 canoongo and surveyor	50	„
2 chuprassees at Rs. 8 each	16	„
2 ditto at Rs. 6 each	12	„
Total ...	78	„

From the allotment of two lakhs, the Lieutenant-Governor might be able to provide, say—

		Rs.
33 1st class establishments, Rs. 268 × 33 × 12	=	1,06,128
33 2nd class establishments, „ 165 × 33 × 12	=	65,340
34 3rd class establishments, „ 78 × 34 × 12	=	30,624
100 sub-divisional establishments at a cost of about		2,02,092

The sub-deputies will at some sub-divisions be vested with small magisterial powers, and in all matters they will be executive assistants under the sub-divisional officers, and may be entrusted with the charge of treasuries and such like duties. The canoongo will be mainly charged with the supervision of the cess papers, while as surveyor he will not merely survey lands or roads, but will be employed to look after the execution of local works or projects, to superintend repairs, to conduct petty local inquiries, and to make himself generally useful in respect of all matters under the sub-divisional officer. In light sub-divisions but a small establishment will be required, and at head-quarter divisions, when the present Deputy Magistrates are active and efficient, a third class establishment will often suffice, with perhaps the addition of a few chainmen and such like inferior officers.

7. Candidates for, or persons appointed to, any of the grades above mentioned will have to pass in drawing, surveying, and certain engineering tests; meanwhile candidates who have passed such tests will be preferred. Details regarding the qualifications of candidates, and the arrangements for examination in the subjects just mentioned, will be notified hereafter, meantime something like the following scheme may be adopted:—

For the post of a junior canoongo and head measurer candidates must be either men of approved Government service of not less than three years standing, or young men who have passed the entrance examination, or a corresponding vernacular examination to be hereafter laid down as a temporary arrangement for Hindustanee candidates. Those who have obtained certificates as sub-overseers from the Engineering College, or passed a similar examination will be preferred.

For the post of canoongo and surveyor a candidate must either have served and obtained credit in the lower grade just mentioned, or in other Government service of not less importance and pay, for three years at least or he must have passed the first arts examination and qualified in surveying &c., as above; or he must have obtained an overseer's certificate from the Engineering College or passed an examination in physical and practical science.

To the post of sub-deputy, men will ordinarily be promoted from the grade of canoongo and surveyor; but until an efficient staff has been organized, men who are qualified for, and have passed the examination lately prescribed for the Subordinate Executive Service, or who have obtained certificates as assistant engineers from the Engineering College, will be eligible. Deputy Magistrates and Collectors will generally be chosen from those who have rendered good service in this grade.

In all grades the possession of higher attainments than those specified will be duly considered.

No man should be appointed to a Rs. 8 chuprassee's place who cannot read and write the vernacular and assist in measurements.

All candidates for all appointments, high and low, must be able either to ride or to walk twelve miles at rapid pace.

8. Appointments to places on Rs. 25 per mensem and lower will be made by Collectors subject to the foregoing rules; rolls of persons nominated to the twenty-five rupee appointments being submitted for approval of Government. After such approval the person appointed, if young enough and sufficiently well educated to be fitted to rise to the higher appointments, will be enrolled as a probationer in the Native Civil Service, and after a year, on receipt of a favorable report, he may be confirmed in that service.

Appointments above Rs. 25, and not exceeding Rs. 50 per mensem, will be made by the Commissioner on report from Collectors, subject to the foregoing rules, and to the submission of appointment rolls to Government. Sub-deputies will be appointed by Government on the recommendation of the Commissioner of the division. No appointment of a candidate who is not eligible under the rules can be made without special sanction of Government.

9. The Lieutenant-Governor understands that the civil court ameens are not unfrequently a competent class of men; that many of them are thrown out of employment, now that judicial officers are required to do their own work more than formerly. It is not improbable that from this and other classes good men may be obtained to supply urgent vacancies, till young men otherwise well educated qualify in the special subjects required, in sufficient numbers. The Lieutenant-Governor has also noticed with surprise and regret the small proportion of natives of Behar or Hindustanees generally in the higher branches of the public service of these provinces. He looks on it as a great evil that in an administration which comprises so great and populous a province of Hindustan as Behar, besides some other Hindustanee-speaking districts, the Hindustanee race should be shut out of the service. Looking over the subordinate executive lists, it seems to the Lieutenant-Governor as if the Kaits and other literate Hindoos of Behar were almost absolutely excluded. The Lieutenant-Governor thinks it probable that many men of these classes are in service in the North-Western Provinces and Central Provinces. On the other hand, the completion of settlement operations in the Gangetic Doab may throw out of employment there many persons who are possessed of a knowledge of surveying and experience of settlement, such as we are now particularly in need of. For employment in Behar, men of that province and of the adjoining and allied provinces of Benares, who have served with credit in the North-Western or Central Provinces, may be considered to be eligible. Therefore, till a supply of candidates qualified under the rules is available, the Government reserves the right of appointing men whose character and qualifications are found to be generally of the description required, such as the classes above mentioned.

10. The scheme detailed in this resolution will be subject to modifications according to circumstances. The Lieutenant-Governor would hope that in course of time the local establishments may develope into a regular executive service filling very many high offices, that educated young men of good character may enter in the lower grades and work up to Deputy Collectorships and superior appointments, and that there may thus always be a supply of qualified trained candidates for the various posts of the subordinate executive service. If the plan succeeds, it will not hereafter be necessary to nominate to Deputy Collectorships untried men who have had no experience in executive work, and regarding whose fitness little or nothing is known.

LOCAL REVENUES MADE OVER TO DISTRICTS.

No. 1009.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in the Public Works Department, Accounts, under date the 23rd February 1872.

Read the Resolution of this Government in the Public Works Department, Accounts, No 403 of the 20th January 1872, determining the rivers, canals, and roads which are in future to be maintained from Provincial Funds.

Read also the District Road Cess Act No. X of 1871.

Read again Notifications of this Government in the Revenue Department, dated respectively the 15th August and 5th September last, published at pages 1565 and 1671 of *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 16th August and 6th September 1871, putting in force the above-mentioned Act in certain districts.

Read also Circular of this Department, No. 4, dated the 12th ultimo, containing the views and orders of the Lieutenant-Governor relative to the future control and management of the Road and Ferry Funds in Bengal.

RESOLUTION.—In the Resolution first above mentioned orders have been issued as to the rivers, canals and roads which are in future to be maintained from Provincial Funds, and it has been ruled that all other rivers, canals and

roads, excepting irrigation canals, shall be maintained at the cost of Local or District Funds. In the case of the 16 districts marginally noted to which the provisions of Act No. X of 1871, the District Road Cess Act, have been applied in the Notifications quoted at the head of this Resolution, it is hoped that the road cess will soon furnish funds for the maintenance and improvement of district roads, rivers, and canals. It remains to constitute the several District Committees, and to fix the date from which the cesses shall take effect, and the cess years shall run under Section II of the Act. In the remaining districts of these provinces, to which the Act has not yet been extended, and in some of which the Lieutenant-Governor understands that the Road and Ferry Fund Committees have fallen very much into disuse, His Honor is desirous that sufficient provision should be made by the appointment of Committees to manage the funds available from other sources and supervise the local works, and that the arrangement should be as far as possible assimilated to those under the District Road Cess Act.

Jessore	Presidency division.
Nuddea	
24-Pergunnahs ...	
Dacca	Dacca. „
Furreedpore	
Hooghly, including Howrah	Burdwan „
Burdwan	
Bhaugulpore	Bhaugulpore „
Monghyr	
Moorshedabad ...	Rajshahye „
Rajshahye	
Pooree	Orissa „
Cuttack	
Balasore	
Tipperah	Chittagong „
Hazareebaugh ...	Chota Nagpore „

2. In order, therefore, to give effect to these views, the Lieutenant-Governor has decided to constitute in each district a Committee, similar to that contemplated by Part V of the District Road Cess Act, of which the Magistrate and Collector of the district will be *ex-officio* Chairman.

3. In all matters relating to the outlay of funds, the transaction of business, and the maintenance and improvement of works, the powers and functions of Committees formed under this order will be similar to those of Committees formed under the District Road Cess Act.

4. In regard to the formation of District Road Funds, *vide* Section LXXXII, the keeping of accounts, Section LXXXVII, and the prescribing of forms and rules, all orders of Government issued under the District Road Cess Act will be held to be so far as is possible equally applicable to all Committees formed under these orders.

5. Towards meeting the necessary outlay of the Committees, whether formed under the District Road Cess Act, or under these orders, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following assignment of funds:—

1*st*—The unexpended balance on the 31st March 1872 of the assignment made under proceedings of this Government in the Public Works Department, No. 2651 of the 16th June 1871, sanctioning the Local Fund budget estimate of 1871-72.

2*nd*—The proceeds of all public ferries, other than those on provincial roads or within the limits of any Municipality; and all existing road cess collections which may be due on and after the 1st April 1872.

3*rd*—The proceeds of all tolls on roads, other than provincial roads or within the limits of any Municipality, which may be due on and after the 1st of April 1872, under Act VIII of 1851.

In the case of ferries between adjoining districts the proceeds will be divided; it will rest with the Commissioner of the division to regulate the amount which shall belong to each district.

6. No increase in the rates of toll to be levied, either at ferries or toll bars, shall be made, nor shall any increase in the number of toll bars be made, unless under the sanction of Government.

7. The Accountant-General, Bengal, will be instructed to close in his books from the 31st March 1872 the Amalgamated District Road Fund formed under the orders of this Government, No. 759, dated 30th April 1855, and to

issue the needful instructions to the treasury officer of each district, to open from the 1st April 1872 a deposit account to be called the "———District Road Account," to which will be paid in all sums accruing from the above sources and such other sources as may be available, and against which all payments will be made upon cheques drawn, as provided for in Section LXXXV of the District Road Cess Act. So soon as the road cess under the new Act shall be declared to be leviable in any district, the road cess collections otherwise made in the financial year then past will be paid over to the District Road Fund, as required by Section LXXXIII of the Act.

8. In respect to actual supervision and carrying on of works under the District Road Committee, as but few districts would be able to bear the cost of, or even to obtain, an efficient staff of Engineers, the Lieutenant-Governor is prepared to take the needful steps for reorganizing the Public Works Establishment of this province, so as to ensure that a "District Engineer" of the rank of an Executive Engineer, or an Assistant Engineer, shall be attached to each full-sized district, who will, together with the provincial work, undertake the executive supervision of all district road works under the general control of the District Road Committee, and under such special rules as may from time to time be issued in accordance with Section XCVII of the District Road Cess Act. The outlay on works carried out will be adjusted upon a monthly schedule of charges to be submitted to the Committee by the District Engineer, supported by all needful vouchers. Separate orders will be issued regarding the appointment of the Committees and the adjustment of the cost of establishments when replies are received to the Circular No. 4 of 12th ultimo, read above, of which a copy is annexed to this Resolution. Meantime it is to be understood that the assignment to the District Committees of ferry and other funds under this Resolution is subject to such charge against those funds on account of the Engineer Establishment as the Lieutenant-Governor may find it necessary to impose.

9. In making over to the several District Road Committees the unexpended portion of the assignment of the year 1871-72, together with road and ferry fund collections, as per paragraph 5 of this Resolution, it is expected that sufficient provision will be made for carrying on all needful works till the close of the rainy season of the current year, after which it is expected that in those districts where the District Road Cess Act of 1871 is in force, cess collections will be available. In those ordinary and tolerably rich districts where the Act has not yet been enforced, it must be considered whether the source of income made over under paragraph 5 of this Resolution will suffice for the present to carry on needful works. If not, the Commissioner should represent the matter in time, in order that the District Road Cess Act may be introduced as soon as possible.

10. If any of the above classes of districts have spent all their allotments of the current year, and are in urgent want of money to carry on to the rains works in actual progress, they may send up through the Commissioner of the division a statement showing—

1. Money assigned for 1871-72.
2. Total amount actually spent to date and balance.
   Probable receipts from the sources of revenue now made over during the months of April, May, and June next.
3. Total available to end of June.
5. Works in hand, for which money is required, state of each work, and amount to be spent on each to the end of June.
6. Amount for which application is made for each work.

11. There will remain the poor districts, such as some of those of Chota Nagpore, to which the Lieutenant-Governor will be prepared to make special allotments so far as may be possible for the year 1872-73, on the receipt of special application.

12. As soon as possible after the formation of the several District Committees, or before the 1st July next at latest, an estimate of the income and expenditure of the District Road Fund for the ensuing year should be prepared as required by Section LXI, and dealt with in accordance with the provisions contained in Section LXXI of the District Road Cess Act.

13. His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to rule that all correspondence connected with the District Road Cess Act of 1871 shall, so far as it relates to the levying of cesses and the appointment of Committees, be conducted by Commissioners of divisions in communication with the General Branch of this Secretariat, and so far as it relates to the execution of works, the establishment to be employed thereon, the forms of accounts and the expenditure of funds, with the Public Works Branch of this Secretariat.

14. The Lieutenant-Governor thinks that it might be very desirable that the works of large Municipalities which employ professional agency should be brought under the same system as the district works, and begs that the Municipalities may be consulted and their views reported.

Physical Science and Surveying in Bengal Colleges and Schools.

RESOLUTION.

Fort William, the 26th March 1872.

THE Lieutenant-Governor desires to review what has been done and what is doing for the introduction of physical science and technical instruction classes into the schools and colleges of Bengal.

2. The Engineering College and the School of Art at Calcutta, also the chair of natural science at the Presidency College, have been in existence for some years, and their usefulness is increasing. The total outlay of public funds on these institutions, and the scholarships pertaining to them, is about Rs. 75,000 a year. During the past season arrangements were made, and very successfully carried out, for an extra and special class attached to the Engineering College, at which the special subjects now required for the public service were taught to pupils, of whom a large proportion have already by this channel obtained admission to the service. Arrangements have been made to continue this class with, it is hoped, increasing efficiency and success.

3. In the Education Budget for the year 1872-73, provision is made for the full cost of these institutions, and the Lieutenant-Governor has also set aside Rs. 20,000 for physical science and surveying in colleges, and Rs. 30,000 for drawing, surveying, and physical geography classes in schools. He has directed that out of the total grant of Rs. 1,28,000 for scholarships in Bengal, scholarships to the value of about Rs. 50,000 be assigned to students in the drawing, surveying, and elementary science classes. A committee, of which the Director of Public Instruction and the Principal of the Presidency College are members, is sitting to consider and report upon the best scheme for spending the Rs. 50,000 granted in the budget for science and survey classes, and also upon the distribution of scholarships to the value of Rs. 50,000 to students in these classes.

4. Meanwhile some arrangements have already been made; a teacher of surveying on Rs. 107 per mensem has been allowed to the Cuttack High School, and a competent native teacher from the Engineering College has already joined at Cuttack. Two scholarship-holders of the Engineering College have been appointed as teachers of drawing and surveying, on probation, at the Dacca and Patna Colleges; these men had served for nearly a year as apprentices on public works in or near Calcutta, and they are able to teach drawing and surveying, mensuration, and the use of building or road materials. They are under orders to join their appointments at once. A contingent grant of Rs. 800 has also

been made to each of these two colleges to cover the cost of instruments and expenses of the survey class during the next open season. It is hoped that similar arrangements will shortly be made at the Hooghly and other colleges.

5. It is under consideration whether arrangements can be made for teaching in the Presidency College the sciences now included in the alternative standard for university degrees, but it is apprehended that it will not be possible to establish at present a complete course of the kind in the other colleges unless some of the existing professors may be able to undertake the duty.

6. The Lieutenant-Governor understands that the Engineering College at Calcutta can furnish a sufficient number of men who will accept moderate salaries, and will be able to teach drawing, surveying, and the use of building or road materials in our schools. All these Engineering College students are men who have passed the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, and they will be able to teach either in English or in Bengalee. None of the Calcutta Engineering College men are Hindoostanees; though most of them can talk, and perhaps teach, in Hindoostanee. For vernacular survey classes in Behar, it may therefore be necessary to obtain teachers from the Roorkee College.

7. As soon as possible, or at any rate as soon as the Committee whose appointment has been referred to in the first paragraph of the Resolution make their report, arrangements will be made for sending teachers of drawing and surveying to the Hare School and to the Bhaugulpore, Chittagong, and Gowhatty schools, and to such of the zillah schools as the Committee and the local officers may recommend. Meanwhile special rewards have been offered to induce masters at zillah schools to qualify as teachers in surveying and physical geography. Under this last head may be comprehended an elementary and popular knowledge of this globe, and of the things that grow or creatures that live upon it, such as is now taught under this designation in many European schools; and the Lieutenant-Governor proposes to introduce physical geography in this wide sense into our schools generally, as a first instalment of popular science.

8. For schools or classes in practical arts little has yet been done outside the School of Arts at Calcutta, and the Lieutenant-Governor has doubts whether the Calcutta school is not too much devoted to ornamental as distinguished from practical art. Apprentice classes have however been, or are being opened at the Dehree workshops on the Soane canal; a scheme for an industrial school of a practical kind is promised from Dacca, and the Lieutenant-Governor hopes that before the end of another year real schools of practical art will be in existence.

9. Meanwhile, until the number of scholarships assignable to physical science and survey scholars be finally settled and has had time to come into operation, the Lieutenant-Governor desires that the Director of Public Instruction will notify that any present holder of a junior-grade scholarship, who has passed the Entrance Examination, may elect to take the practical science course at the Presidency College, or any other college where such a school is established, without prejudice to the tenure of his scholarship. Such a scholarship-holder, unless he studies for the full Engineering College course, must continue to attend the English language, history, arithmetic or algebra, and mathematical classes up to the First Arts standard, but he need not attend the Sanskrit and logic or moral philosophy classes; and he therefore need not pass the First Arts examination, though the Lieutenant-Governor hopes that many will do so. But measures will be taken to ascertain his proficiency in the obligatory subjects. Similar rules will be applied to the holders of vernacular and minor scholarships at schools, and of senior scholarships by students who have passed the First Arts examination. The Lieutenant-Governor desires that early and full publicity be given to this order regarding the tenure of existing scholarships.

10. The Lieutenant-Governor earnestly hopes that the Committee referred to above will finish their labors and submit their report with the least

possible delay. His Honor desires to have the schemes and questions no under discussion settled definitely as soon as possible, in correspondence wit the scheme for the extension of the Subordinate Executive Service, which, ha just been promulgated. All candidates for that service are required to qualif in certain practical subjects, and it is most desirable that the opportunity c doing so should be afforded as promptly and widely as possible. It is hoped tha classes for theoretical instruction and such practical teaching as can be give in a school-room, will be open at the several provincial centres at least befo the commencement of the rainy season, and that the classes will be fit fc instruction in field surveying by the commencement of the cold season, so tha apt pupils may be in some degree fit for the public service by the early pa of next year.

ORDERED.—That a copy of this resolution be published in the *Calcutt Gazette;*

That copies be forwarded to the Director of Public Instructio for communication to the several Inspectors and Principa of Colleges;

That copies be forwarded to Commissioners of divisions, i continuation of the resolution regarding the new sub-di sional establishments, and with the request that they wi submit as soon as possible their opinions as to the places a which practical classes may with advantage be opened.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. BERNARD,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Report on the state of the Salt Market for the 3rd quarter of 1871-72.

From T. B. LANE, ESQ., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, to the Secr tary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department,—(No. 126C, Fort William, th 7th March 1872.)

A. MONEY, ESQ., C.B.

I AM directed by the Member in charge to submit the followin Report on the state of the Salt Market for the 3r quarter of 1871-72, comprising the months of Octobe November, and December last.

The quantity of salt consumed (*i.e.*, the quantity of total clearances of sa of all descriptions) in the quarter under review amounted to 17,96,909 maund against 24,66,916 maunds in the previous quarter and 19,81,678 maunds in th corresponding quarter of the previous year; and the total amount of dut levied was Rs. 64,89,925, against Rs. 80,17,477 and Rs. 64,40,453 in th previous and corresponding quarters respectively.

2. On comparing the above figures with those given in paragraph of the last quarter's Report, it will be seen that there is a difference c 13,960 in the total quantity consumed in that quarter as then stated and a now stated. The details of this total quantity were correctly given in th subsequent paragraphs, but in adding them together, by an oversight in th office, the clearances of sea-imported salt in Chittagong were omitted. Th omission has now been rectified.

3. The quantity of Government salt sold at the Presidency under whol sale rowannahs amounted to 875 maunds, as shown i the margin, giving a monthly average of 291 maund 26 seers against 1,625 maunds in the preceding quarte The entire quantity represents the clearances from th Hidgelee stocks.

	Mds.
October ...	475
November ...	400
December ...	...
Total ...	875

4. The sales of Government salt at Pooree amounted to 1,820 maunds, against 1,675 maunds in the preceding quarter and 4,630 maunds in the corresponding quarter of 1870-71. The prescribed return for December, from which the sales of Government salt at Pooree are compiled, has not been received in this office up to date. In order, however, to prevent any further delay in the submission of this Report, the requisite information has been obtained from another return.

5. The quantity of Excise salt sold in Cuttack, Balasore, Pooree, and 24-Pergunnahs during the quarter under review, from the stocks of the different seasons, and the quantity which remained in store at the close of the quarter, are shown in the following statement I:—

I.

	CUTTACK.		BALASORE.			POOREE.		24-PERGUNNAHS.	
	MANUFACTURE OF		MANUFACTURE OF			MANUFACTURE OF		MANUFACTURE OF	
	1869-70.	1870-71.	1868-69.	1869-70.	1870-71.	1869-70.	1870-71.	1869-70.	1870-71.
	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.
Balance at close of last quarter ...	25,913 15	46,827 29	3,942† 1	51,318† 21	1,22,031 11	1,46,101 3	32,179 5	.....	11,621 0
Manufactured during the quarter	11,860*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	37,773 15	46,827 29	3,942 1	51,318 21	1,22,031 11	1,46,101 3	32,179 5	.....	11,621 0
DEDUCT—									
Quantity sold during the quarter	4,720 0	793 0	1,115 0	7,671 0	17,466 0	28,887 0	.....	.....	6,500 0
Ditto wastage ...	205 15	.....	647 30	.....	255 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	4,925 15	793 0	1,662 30	7,671 0	17,721 25	28,887 0	.....	.....	6,500 0
Balance at close of quarter ...	32,848 0	46,034 29	2,279 11	43,647 21	1,04,309 26	1,17,214 3	32,179 5	.....	5,121 0

* These figures represent the quantity transferred from Pooree to Cuttack for sale as shown in the last Report. From this a quantity of mds. 1,220 has been sold during the quarter, and is included in the sales shown in the above statement against Cuttack.

† These are figures since revised in consequence of explanations furnished by the Collector.

It will be observed from the above that the total clearances or sales of Excise salt during the quarter amounted to 67,152 maunds, against 77,257 maunds in the previous quarter and 60,061 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

6. The subjoined statement II shows, comparatively, the total importation into the port of Calcutta, and the total clearances of sea-imported salt during the quarter under review, and the corresponding quarters of the two preceding years:—

II.

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.	3RD QUARTER OF 1869-70.		3RD QUARTER OF 1870-71.		3RD QUARTER OF 1871-72.	
	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Pungah ...	9,18,685	13,98,412	15,67,319	13,20,922	17,04,298	15,21,189
Foreign Kurkutch ...	3,53,003	2,55,173	4,14,738	3,09,477	3,00,569	2,42,674
Indian ditto ...	1,47,142	1,99,444	2,17,140	1,97,098	2,768	1,02,057
Ceylon ditto ...	.....	3,250	.....	26,526	.....	4,116
Total ...	14,18,730	18,56,279	21,99,197	18,53,123	20,16,635	18,70,033

7. The following are the details of the Indian Kurkutch salt shown above :—

III.

From whence imported.	3rd Quarter of 1869-70.		3rd Quarter of 1870-71.		3rd Quarter of 1871-72.	
	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Kurrachee	.....	.....	.....	1,749	.....	4,650
Bombay	1,18,602	1,52,438	1,55,100	1,33,806	2,768	35,453
Madras	28,464	46,170	40,200	59,593	.....	61,954
Ennore	.....	836	.....	1,950	.....	.....
Covelong	76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tuticorin	.....	.....	21,840	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	1,47,142	1,99,444	2,17,140	1,97,098	2,768	1,02,057

8. Table IV shows the total quantity of sea-imported salt remaining in the warehouses at the close of the quarter as compared with the results of the previous four quarters.

IV.

Where stored.	3rd Quarter of 1870-71.	4th Quarter of 1870-71.	1st Quarter of 1871-72.	2nd Quarter of 1871-72.	3rd Quarter of 1871-72.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Sulkea Government golahs	20,67,741	17,60,769	21,60,231	19,08,744	20,32,912
Ditto private golahs	48,400	24,225	21,017	7,847	.....
Ghoosery golahs	1,37,811	1,30,286	1,25,287	94,188	93,574
Seebpore golahs	69,282	57,076	38,073	5,385	4,318
Calcutta golahs	† 1,150	† 1,150	.....	.....	.....
Chittagong Government golahs	† 2,14,496	1,75,081	1,22,832	76,287	1,30,488
Total ...	25,38,880	21,48,587	24,67,440*	20,92,451	22,61,292

* Those figures represent the correct total. The figures given in the statement furnished with the Report for the first quarter of 1871-72 were inadvertently incorrectly given.
† These are corrected figures.

9. Statement V exhibits the despatches of salt from Calcutta by water and the three railways, *viâ* the several salt-pass stations, into the interior of the country, both east and west of the river Hooghly, during the quarter under review, and the corresponding quarters of the two preceding years :—

V.

Period.	*Viâ* Ballikhal.	*Viâ* Sankrail.	*Viâ* Gewa-khalee.	*Viâ* Kidder-pore.	*Viâ* Bullia-ghatta.	By the East Indian Railway.	By the Eastern Bengal Railway.	By the Calcutta and S. E. Railway.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
3rd Quarter of 1869-70 ...	4,55,869	1,15,840	86,051	92,714	8,35,166	3,35,570	12,329	16
Ditto 1870-71 ...	4,62,063	1,14,098	93,048	91,177	8,70,494	2,81,834	5,547	22
Ditto 1871-72 ...	5,82,327	1,34,109	1,03,055	1,05,580	6,70,348	3,42,248	2,283	10

The quantity of salt despatched by the East Indian Railway to stations beyond Buxar in the quarter under review amounted to 16,077 maunds, against 14,891 maunds in the preceding quarter and 5,594 maunds 10 seers in the corresponding quarter of 1870-71.

10. The shipments of Liverpool salt for the port of Calcutta, according to published market reports, were as follow :—

	Tons.
October	18,233
November	20,482
December	24,546
Total	63,261

No shipments have been reported for Chittagong.

11. The market prices per hundred maunds of Liverpool and other descriptions of salt at the close of each fortnight during the quarter under report, as compared with those obtaining at the same period last year, are shown in statement VI:—

VI.

Description of Salt.	Prices on 15th October.		Prices on 31st October.		Prices on 15th November.		Prices on 30th November.		Prices on 15th December.		Prices on 31st December.	
	1870.	1871.	1870.	1871.	1870.	1871.	1870.	1871.	1870.	1871.	1870.	1871.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Liverpool Pungah ...	60	52	62	50	73	47	73	46	66	42	68	40
French Kurkutch ...	60	51	60	53	58	52	60	56	60	57	60	55
Jeddah ditto ...	74	64	70	64	73	67	74	67	73	67	73	69
Ceylon ditto ...	44	54	42	54	40	54	40	54	41	54	41	54
Scinde ditto ...	44	38	40	38	40	38	40	38	40	38	40	38
Bombay ditto ...	47	54	47	55	45	60	41	60	40	60	37	60
Madras ditto ...	48	51	46	52	44	56	41	56	43	56	46	56

12. In statement VII are exhibited the total quantities of salt that were available for the private export trade at the several depôts in the Madras Presidency on the first day of each of the three months constituting the quarter under report and the corresponding quarters of 1869-70 and 1870-71:—

VII.

Months.	1869-70.	1870-71.	1871-72.
October	8,03,862	6,76,250	7,45,508
November	7,56,950	6,53,962	6,88,088
December	7,48,760	6,53,962	6,36,188

13. Statement VIII shows the quantities of sea-imported salt admitted nto bond and cleared from bond and ship-board at Chittagong during the quarter under review and the corresponding quarter of 1870-71 respectively.

VIII.

Description of Salt.	Admitted into Bond.		Clearances.	
	1870-71.	1871-72.	1870-71.	1871-72.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Pungah	31,742	1,00,085	56,274	50,906
Madras Kurkutch	.....	.....	4,239	2,206
Bremen Pungah	.....	.....	.....	3,908
Foreign Ditto	.....	.....	406	.....
Total ...	31,742	1,00,085	60,919	57,020

No transactions in sea-imported salt have been reported for the quarter from any of the Orissa ports.

Notices from the Netherlands India Naval Commander-in-Chief.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Notice is hereby given that the sub-marine telegraph cable across the Straits of Sunda is laid down from Anjer, along the west coast of Java to Java's 4th point, and thence in the direction North 54° West.

The direction of the cable from Anjer to the "4th point" is indicated by three white buoys, on which is painted in black the word "Kabel." They have on the top a small flag with the Dutch colours, and the word "Telegraaf" in the white.

A similar buoy is placed at Telok-Betong near the landing-place of the cable in 5 fathoms, and the direction of the shore-end is indicated by two white beacons.

It is therefore not allowed to anchor:

1°. on the west coast of Java:

a. between the line of the three white buoys and the coast.

b. between the bearings.

Light-house on "4th point" S. 40° E and S. 70° E.

(During the night this part of the horizon will be illuminated by a fixed bright dioptrical light with a range of visibility from a vessel's deck of 8 nautical miles. It is placed in the stone tower, from which the second order light of "Java's 4th point" is shewn); and

c. as long as two lights, one under the other, are seen on "Java's 4th point."

2°. at Telok-Betong:

a eastward of the line, marked by the two white beacons,

b. inside of the white buoy.

Any ship, having been compelled to drop the anchor where this is not allowed by this notice, must weigh it carefully and not set sail till it is certain that the cable has not been lifted up at the same time.

When this might be the case, the cable must be taken from the anchor and slipped with the greatest care, so that it can in no way be damaged.

The Vice-Admiral, Commander of the Navy in Netherlands India;
in his absence,
The Senior Naval Officer,
VAN GOGH.

HYDROGRAPHY.

NOTICE TO MARINERS, 1871, No. 11.

INFORMATION has been received that the English ship *China* struck on a shoal in Carimata Straits.

This shoal extends in a N. W. and S. E. direction, and is 1 mile long; the least water, twelve feet, is in Lat. 1° 1′ 15″ S, and Long. 108° 30′ East from Greenwich.

By this notice are affected—

Dutch chart:	Westkust Borneo.....	bl. II
	Java-zee.....	bl. I
	Nederlandsch-Oost-Indie..	bl. II

Admiralty chart; No. 2160.

English chart; China Sea (Southern part) by Wilson.

The Vice-Admiral, Commanding the Naval Forces in N. I.,
O. A. UHLENBECK.

HYDROGRAPHY.

NOTICE TO MARINERS, 1871, No. 12.

NOTICE is hereby given that the American whaler *Xantho* wrecked in latitude 6° 30′ South and 121° 17′ East from Greenwich on the reefs extending in S. S. E. direction from North Tiger Island towards Kalao Toca.

North Tiger Island is the most N. E.ly of a group of Coral Islands, lying East from the South end of Pulo Salcyer (Celebes) and called "Tiger Islands."

Many of them are covered with trees and brushwood, while some are merely patches dry at low water.

They are all surrounded by large reefs forming a large chain of patches and shoals to the South and S. S. E.

The commander of the Government steamer *Hertog Bernard* found by many observations the position of North Tiger Island to be in latitude 6° 31′ South and longitude 121° 3′ East from Greenwich.

The master of the *Xantho* reports a safe passage to the N. N. W., between "Kalao Toca" and "Postpaard Island," for ships coming from the South.

North Tiger Island is visible from a vessel's deck at a distance of 8 miles.

No anchorage was found.

The Vice-Admiral, Commanding the Naval Forces in N.
In his absence,
The Senior Naval Officer,
VAN GOGH.

Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of the Lower Provinces of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending 23rd March 1872.

No	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
1	Bhaugulpore ..	Mar. 23rd	.....	Good ...	Very good.	
2	Monghyr ...	„ 23rd	.....	Dry and warm ...	Satisfactory. Spring crops promising and good.	
3	Purneah ...	„ 22nd	.....	Seasonable ...	Promising.	
4	Rajmehal ...	„ 24th	.....	Cooler than last report.	Fair crop of barley being reaped.	
5	Deoghur ...	„ 24th	.....	Hot, but healthy	Satisfactory.	
6	Nya Doomka ...	„ 23rd	.....	Dry and hot ...	Nothing on the ground.	
7	Godda ...	„ 24th	.....	Strong westerly breeze, and very hot.	All crops off the ground. The mohwah, an important produce in these parts, promises very well.	
8	Pakour ...	„ 23rd	.....	Seasonable ...	Satisfactory.	
9	Jamtarra ...	„ 23rd	.....	Very dry and fine	Nothing to report.	
10	Patna ...	„ 23rd	.....	Fine ...	Rubbee crops are being reaped.	
11	Gya ...	„ 23rd	.....	Dry and hot ...	The rubbee crops are being harvested.	
12	Chumparun ...	„ 23rd	.....	Fair weather; dry west winds.	The rubbee crops have grown up well, and promise a rich harvest. The indigo seeds are being sown, and the moisture of the earth appears to be sufficient to invigorate its germination.	
13	Sarun ...	„ 23rd	.....	Dry west winds; fair weather.	Wheat, barley, gram, and peas, &c., are being cut and thrashed, and promise an excellent outturn. Indigo is being sown. The early sowings have germinated well.	
14	Shahabad ...	„ 23rd	.....	Fair, and temperature very much higher.	The greater part of the rubbee crop is now being gathered. Weather favorable.	
15	Tirhoot ...	„ 23rd	.....	Fair and dry ...	Spring crops doing well.	
16	Rajshahye ...	„ 22nd	.....	Hot days and cool nights.	Rubbee crops daily improving; mooree, khesaree, peas, and mustard harvested.	
17	Bograh ...	„ 23rd	.....	Hot and dry, but healthy.	Little on the ground. Rain wanted.	
18	Dinagepore ...	„ 21st	.....	Weather clear and very hot.	There is very little cold weather crop grown in this district. The want of rain in October has caused the mustard crop to be rather scanty. The price has risen from Rs. 4 to Rs. 7.	
19	Maldah ...	„ 23rd	.....	Fair temperature; warm. Nights still cool; maximum rise of thermometer during week 90. Barometer 29·750. Duration of wind, variable.	Good.	
20	Moorshedabad. ...	„ 23rd	0·00	Fair ...	The spring crop now being reaped, will, it is believed, be a full one.	
21	Pubna ...	„ 23rd	.....	Seasonable ...	Good.	
22	Rungpore ...	„ 23rd	.....	Warm winds ...	Rain much wanted.	
23	Burdwan ...	„ 23rd	.....	Hot and dry ...	Spring crops favorable rubbee crops of all sort reaped; sugarcane ha been reaped.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
24	Bancoorah ...	Mar. 22nd	.....	Hot ...	Good, as reported last week.	
25	Beerbhoom ...	„ 23rd	.....	Hot during the day. Still tolerably cool at night and in the morning.	Spring crops being cut. Not more than twelve annas outturn.	
26	Hooghly ...	„ 23rd	.....	Clear ...	Winter crops good.	
27	Howrah ...	„ 23rd	0·0	Favorable ...	Prospects of crops satisfactory.	
28	Midnapore ...	„ 23rd	.....	Unusually hot ...	Cold weather crops good.	
29	Nuddea ...	„ 23rd	.....	Hot ...	Cold weather crops all gathered. Indigo on the ground, fair.	Cholera prevalent in some parts of the district; but native doctors out, and medicine supplied at thannahs.
30	Jessore ...	„ 23rd	.....	Clear and fine through the week, except on the 20th and 21st, when it was a little cloudy. Mean height of barometer 29·824; mean temperature, 97·9 in the day. General direction of wind S. E. and N. W. W.	Good.	
31	24-Pergunnahs ...	„ 23rd	Nil.	Fair ...	Good.	
32	Dacca ...	„ 23rd	.....	Dry ...	Prospects of the crops continue good. Rain is much wanted now.	
33	Backergunge ...	„ 22nd	.....	Hot ...	Good.	
34	Furreedpore ...	„ 23rd	.....	Fair and hot. Health remarkably good during the week.	Good.	
35	Mymensingh ...	„ 23rd	.....	Hot ...	Good.	
36	Sylhet ...	„ 16th	0·62	Very dry for this time of the year. More rain wanted.	Good.	
37	Cachar ...	„ 16th	0.58	Hot, and threatening to rain.	No crops. Tea season very late.	
38	Chittagong ...	„ 16th	.....	Warm ...	Generally favorable.	
39	Noakhally or Bullooah	„ 15th	.....	Fair; getting hot	Good.	
40	Tipperah.					
41	Hill Tracts of Chittagong.	„ 16th	.....	Foggy and sunny	Prospects good.	
42	Cuttack ...	„ 23rd	.....	Hot ...	Good.	
43	Balasore ...	„ 23rd	A few drops on the 19th current.	Sultry ...	No crops on the ground.	
44	Pooree ...	„ 16th	.....	South-westerly winds: cloudy.	Great improvement this week in Sathpara and Paricood. Salt advances made by the private licensees to amount of Rs. 12,000. Population of these two tracts, 8,000 souls. About Rs. 12,000 more will probably be given in May. In Malud and Bajrakat, population 4,000 souls, relief work going on. Also Rs. 525 private sale subscriptions sent lately from Pooree. All well in the rest of the district.	
45	Hazareebaugh ...	„ 23rd	.....	Cooler than last week. Slightly cloudy.	Prospects fair.	

No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	Remarks.
		1872.				
46	Lohardugga	Mar. 23rd	.....	Dry and clear, (seasonable.)	Good.	
47	Maunbhoom ...	„ 23rd	.....	Cloudy and cool	None on the ground.	
48	Singbhoom ...	„ 16th	.....	Unusually warm..	No crops standing.	
49	Durrung ...	„ 16th	0·75	Variable ...	Sugarcane is being cut.	
50	Nowgong ...	„ 16th	.....	Hot, with heavy atmosphere.	Good.	
51	Seebsaugor ...	„ 16th	·86	Clear and cloudy	Satisfactory.	
52	Kamroop ...	„ 16th	0·11	Hot	Prospect of crops favorable.	
53	Luckimpore ...	„ 16th	0·45	Fair weather during the week.	Satisfactory.	
54	Khasi and Jynteah Hills.	„ 16th	.....	Fair ...	No crops on the ground.	
55	Naga Hills ...	„ 9th	0·60	Growing warm in the hills, almost suitable for the cutting of "jhums." Fine, healthy weather now in the plains.	Hill tribes still occupied in preparing their "jhums."	
56	Julpigoree ...	„ 23rd	.....	Days rather hot, but seasonable.	Land being prepared for paddy.	
57	Gowalparah ...	„ 16th	.....	Misty and calm ...	Land for assoo crops being tilled: much inconvenience is being felt for want of rain.	
58	Garo Hills ...	„ 16th	.....	Fair ...	No crops on the ground.	
59	Darjeeling ...	„ 23rd	.....	Fair ...	No crops on the ground in the plains. In the hills, wheat and barley are the only crops.	
60	Cooch Behar ...	„ 16th	1·2	No rain this week	Good.	

N.B.—The columns of the districts from which returns have not been received remain blank.

Published for general information.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 26th March 1872.

R. H. WILSON,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Divisions.	Stations.	Rain from 4th to 10th Mar. 1872.	Rain from 11th to 17th March 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872. Inches.	Rain from 1st January 1872. Up to date.	Remarks.
		Inches.	Inches.			
Cuttack.	Cuttack { Telegraph Office ...	Nil	Nil	0·40	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Cuttack { Jail	ditto	ditto	0·63	ditto.	
	False Point	1·70	Not received	2·40	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Jajipore	Nil	ditto	0·77	ditto.	
	Kendraparah	0·10	ditto	0·80	ditto.	
	Jugutsingpore	0·30	ditto	1·30	ditto.	
	Sumbulpore	Not received	ditto	Nil	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Balasore	Nil	Nil	2·70	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Bhuddruck	0·23	ditto	1·11	ditto.	
	Pooree	Nil	ditto	0·15	ditto.	
	Khoordah	0·33	Not received	0·40	10th Mar. 1872	Not received 26th Feb. to 3rd Mar.
Chota Nagpore.	Hazareebaugh { Jail ...	0·05	Nil	1·30	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Hazareebaugh { Dispensary ...	0·03	ditto	1·28	ditto.	
	Burhee	0·02	Not received	1·52	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Puchumba	Nil	Nil	0·92	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Ranchee	ditto	ditto	1·56	ditto.	
	Palamow	0·14	ditto	1·10	ditto.	
	Purulia	Nil	ditto	1·08	ditto.	
	Gobindpore	ditto	Not received	1·35	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Chyebassa	ditto	Nil	0·42	17th Mar. 1872.	
Patna.	Patna (Bankipore)	ditto	Not received	2·89	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Dinapore { Jail	ditto	Nil	2·75	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Dinapore { Cantonment ...	ditto	ditto	3·32	ditto.	
	Behar	ditto	Not received	2·06	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Barh	ditto	ditto	2·16	ditto.	
	Gya	ditto	Nil	2·24	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Sherghotty	ditto	ditto	1·20	ditto.	
	Nowadah	ditto	ditto	1·51	ditto.	
	Arungabad	ditto	ditto	3·56	ditto.	
	Chumparun	ditto	Not received	0·51	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Bettiah	ditto	ditto	1·20	ditto.	
	Chuprah	ditto	Nil	2·50	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Sewan	ditto	Not received	1·21	10th Mar. 1872	
	Mozufferpore	ditto	Nil	2·30	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Durbhangah	ditto	ditto	1·12	ditto.	
	Seetamaree	ditto	Not received	1·25	10th Mar. 1872	Not received 26th Feb. to 3rd Mar.
	Tajpore	ditto	ditto	3·52	ditto.	
	Mudhubani	ditto	Nil	2·92	17th Mar. 1872	Not received 19th Feb to 3rd Mar.
	Hajipore	ditto	Not received	3·13	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Arrah	ditto	Nil	2·67	17th Mar. 1872	
	Buxar	ditto	Not received	2·86	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Sasseram	0·05	ditto	1·91	ditto.	
	Bhubooah	Nil	ditto	2·26	ditto ...	Not received 26th Feb. to 3rd Mar.
	Benares	ditto	Nil	1·95	17th Mar. 1872.	
Bhaugulpore.	Bhaugulpore	ditto	Not received	0·48	10th Mar. 1872	
	Mudheypoorah	ditto	ditto	1·00	ditto ...	Not received 26th Feb. to 3rd Mar.
	Banka	ditto	ditto	1·86	ditto.	
	Soopool	ditto	ditto	0·99	ditto.	
	Monghyr	ditto	Nil	2·08	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Jamooie	ditto	Not received	1·57	10th Mar. 1872	Not recorded 29th Jan. to 3rd Feb.
	Begoosserai	ditto	Nil	3·05	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Deoghur	ditto	ditto	2·34	ditto.	
	Jamtara	ditto	ditto	1·50	ditto.	
	Rajmehal	ditto	ditto	1·10	ditto.	
	Pakour	Not received	Not received	Nil	14th Jan. 1872.	
	Nya-Doomka	0·06	ditto	1·96	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Purneah	Nil	ditto	1·84	ditto.	
	Kishengunge	ditto	ditto	1·42	ditto.	
	Arrareah	ditto	ditto	Nil	ditto ...	Not recorded 22nd to 28th Jan., and not received 19th Feb. to 3rd March.
Rajshahye.	Rampore Leauleah	ditto	Nil	2·43	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Nattore.	ditto	ditto	2·40	ditto	
	Bograh	ditto	ditto	1·12	ditto.	
	Dinagepore	ditto	Not received	1·82	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Maldah	ditto	Nil	1·45	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Berhampore	0·14	Not received	2·99	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Jungipore	0·03	Nil	3·17	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Laulbaugh	Not received	ditto	2·76	ditto ...	Not received 4th to 10th Mar.
	Jamoonkandi	ditto	Not received	1·34	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Pubna	0·07	Nil	2·22	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Serajgunge	Nil	ditto	2·35	ditto.	
	Rungpore	ditto	ditto	0·41	ditto.	
	Bhowanigunge	ditto	Not received	Nil	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Titalya	ditto	ditto	1·38	ditto.	
Burdwan.	Burdwan	ditto	Nil	0·60	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Cutwa	0·01	ditto	1·91	ditto.	
	Culna	Nil	ditto	0·54	ditto.	
	Bood-Bood	ditto	ditto	1·10	ditto.	
	Bancoorah	ditto	ditto	0·96	ditto.	
	Raneegunge	ditto	ditto	1·39	ditto.	
	Soorse	ditto	ditto	2·55	ditto.	
	Hooghly	ditto	ditto	4·20	ditto.	
	Serampore	0·08	Not received	2·78	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Jehanabad	Nil	ditto	2·72	ditto.	
	Howrah	0·28	Nil	2·56	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Midnapore	Nil	ditto	0·12	ditto.	
	Contai { Dy. Colly.'s Office...	0·80	ditto	2·15	ditto.	
	Contai { Exe. Engr.'s Office	Nil	ditto	1·50	ditto.	
	Gurbetta	ditto	ditto	1·54	ditto.	
	Tumlook	ditto	ditto	2·53	ditto.	

Divisions.	Stations.	Rain from 4th to 10th Mar. 1872.	Rain from 11th to 17th March. 1872.	Rain from 1st January 1872.		Remarks.
				Inches.	Up to date.	
		Inches.	Inches.			
Presidency.	Krishnaghur	Nil	Nil	1·83	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Bongong	ditto	Not received	Nil	10th Mar. 1872	Not received 5th to 11th Feb.
	Ranaghat	ditto	Nil	1·77	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Meherpore	0·02	ditto	1·43	ditto.	
	Chooadangah	Nil	ditto	1·30	ditto.	
	Kooshtea	ditto	ditto	1·50	ditto.	
	Jessore	0·19	ditto	2·69	ditto.	
	Khoolnah	1·00	ditto	1·00	ditto.	
	Jenidah	Not received	Not received	1·85	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Nurail	ditto	ditto	3·01	ditto.	
	Magoorah	ditto	ditto	0·06	ditto.	
	Bagirhaut	ditto	ditto	1·91	ditto.	
	Saugor Island	0·10	Nil	0·42	17th Mar. 187	
	Calcutta	0·21	ditto	3·25	ditto.	
	Alipore { Hospital	0·21	ditto	2·70	ditto.	
	Alipore { Jail	0·21	Not received	2·39	10th Mar. 187	
	Barrackpore	0·08	Nil	3·11	17th Mar. 187	
	Dum-Dum	0·18	ditto	2·48	ditto.	
	Baraset	0·50	ditto	2·81	ditto.	
	Satkherah	Nil	ditto	2·59	ditto.	
	Busseerhaut	ditto	ditto	3·02	ditto.	
	Diamond Harbour	ditto	ditto	1·91	ditto.	
	Barripore	ditto	ditto	1·51	ditto.	
Dacca.	Dacca { Telegraph Office	0·35	ditto	1·74	ditto.	
	Dacca { Jail	0·50	ditto	1 25	ditto.	
	Burrisaul	0·86	ditto	2 19	ditto.	
	Dowlat Khan	Not received	Not received	1·65	3rd Mar. 1872.	
	Perozepore	0·45	ditto	3·71	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Madaripore	0 90	Nil	4·27	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Furreedpore	Nil	ditto	0·68	ditto.	
	Goalundo	ditto	ditto	2·06	ditto.	
	Mymensing	ditto	ditto	0 86	ditto ...	Not received 22nd to 28th J.
	Jamalpore	Not received	Not received	2 25	25th Feb. 1872	
	Atteah	Nil	Nil	1·24	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Kishoregunge	ditto	ditto	1·54	ditto.	
	Sylhet	ditto	0·62	1·65	ditto.	
	Cachar	0·30	0·56	3·76	ditto.	
	Hylakandy	0·20	Not received	3·04	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Koyah	0·82	ditto	2·63	ditto.	
Chittagong.	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	Nil	Nil	0·50	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Chittagong { Jail	ditto	ditto	1·58	ditto.	
	Cox's Bazar	0·01	Not received	1·06	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Rangamatee Hill	0·63	ditto	1·75	ditto.	
	Noakhally	0·44	Nil	1·17	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Tipperah	1·15	ditto	2·96	ditto.	
	Brahmanbariah	Nil	Not received	1·46	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Akyab	ditto	Nil	0·10	17th Mar. 1872.	
Cooch Behar.	Cooch Behar	ditto	ditto	1·20	ditto.	
	Buxa	ditto	ditto	1·95	ditto.	
	Gosiparan	ditto	Not received	0·87	10th Mar. 1872	Not received 12th to 18th Feb.
	Dhoobree	ditto	Nil	1·00	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Tura (Garo Hills)	ditto	Not received	0·23	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	Not received	ditto	1·48	29th Feb. 1872.	
	Darjeeling { Hospital	Nil	Nil	0·86	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Rungbee	Not received	Not received	1·20	31st Jan. 1872	
	Julpigoree	Nil	Nil	0·96	17th Mar. 1872.	
	Boda	ditto	ditto	2·10	ditto.	
Assam.	Tezpore	ditto	Not received	0·87	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Nowgong	ditto	ditto	6·19	ditto.	
	Mungledye	ditto	ditto	1·19	ditto.	
	Burpottah	ditto	ditto	0·53	ditto.	
	Gowhatty	ditto	ditto	2·25	ditto.	
	Seebsaugor	0·42	ditto	5·47	ditto.	
	Jorehaut	Nil	ditto	2 82	ditto.	
	Golaghat	0·12	ditto	3·54	ditto.	
	Nazeerah	0·01	ditto	2·76	ditto.	
	Debrooghur	1·03	ditto	5·24	ditto.	
	Suddya	Not received	ditto	7·36	3rd Mar. 1872	Not received 15th to 21st Jan.
	Shillong	1·00	ditto	1·42	10th Mar. 1872.	
	Cherrapoonjee	0·05	ditto	1·11	ditto.	
	Jaowai	0·20	ditto	1·15	ditto.	
	Samoogoodting	0·03	ditto	1·17	ditto.	

HENRY F. BLANFORD,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
the 22nd March 1872.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 17th to 23rd March 1872.

Stations.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	Thermometer Dry.	Thermometer Wet.	Humidity Sat. =100.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
Calcutta.	March											
	17th	10	29·909	29·927	88·0	79·0	83	S W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·783	29·801	94·0	75·0	38	W N W	...	...	.....	b
	18th	10	29·951	29·969	84·5	77·2	69	N W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29 821	29·839	92 5	72·0	33	W N W	...	...	.....	b
	19th	10	29·946	29·964	85·7	73·8	54	E S E	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·791	29·809	91·7	71·5	32	S E	...	...	C	
	20th	10	29·857	29·875	84·1	78·4	77	S by W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·702	29·720	92·4	77·0	47	S	...	..	.....	b
	21st	10	29·838	29·856	84·6	78·0	71	S by W	...	...	.....	b
		16	29·725	29 743	93·7	74·5	36	S S W	...	...	.....	b
	22nd	10	29·943	29·961	84·6	78·5	73	S S W	...	...	CK	
		16	29·815	29 833	93·0	75 0	40	S E	...	...	C	
	23rd	10	29·958	29·976	84·6	78·0	71	W S W	...	...	C	
		16	29·782	29·800	95·0	74·2	33	S W	...	...	C	
Saugor Island.	17th	10	29·928	29·934	89	82	73	W	7·[illegible]*	...	N	m
		16	29·814	29·820	88	82	72	S S E	7·8*	...	KS	m
	18th	10	29·960	29·966	87	82	79	N W	1·6*	...	C	m
		16	29·830	29·836	90	81	66	S S E	9·2*	...	.....	m
	19th	10	29·949	29·955	86	78	68	N W	5·0*	...	N	m
		16	29·809	29·815	89	81	69	S	7·1*	...	.....	m
	20th	10	29·866	29 872	90	82	69	W	2·7*	...	CK	m
		16	29·724	29·730	90	80	63	S	9·2*	...	.....	b, m
	21st	10	29 855	29·861	90	81	66	S W	11·1*	...	K	m, s
		16	29·756	29·762	89	82	73	S	14·3*	...	K	b, m
	22nd	10	29·958	29·964	86	82	83	E	3·7*	...	N	m, s
		16	29·844	29 850	90	82	69	S	8·5*	...	N	m
	23rd	10	29 975	29·981	86	82	83	N	5·6*	...	N	b, m
		16	29·817	29 823	93	82	60	S	5·8*	...	KS	b, m
Chittagong.	17th	10	29·862	29·954	85	77	68	S S E	7·2*	...	K	b, m
		16	29·735	29·827	85	78	71	W S W	10·1*	...	.....	b, m
	18th	10	29·884	29·976	84	78	75	E S E	3·9*	...	K	b, m
		16	29·755	29·847	86	70	72	W S W	9·5*	...	.....	b, m
	19th	10	29·864	29·956	86	76	61	S	3·5*	...	.....	b, m
		16	29·723	29·815	87	77	61	W	9·0*	...	.....	b, m
	20th	10	29·801	29·894	82	75	70	N	4·7*	...	CK	b, m
		16	29·655	29·746	88	75	52	W	9·6*	...	.....	b, m
	21st	10	29·808	29·900	83	76	71	E	3·5*	...	.....	b, m
		16	29·725	29·817	87	78	65	S W	9·9*	...	.....	b, m
	22nd	10	29·907	29·999	85	78	71	S	3·7*	...	K	b, m
		16	29·765	29·857	86	78	68	W S W	8·8*	...	C	b, m
	23rd	10	29·880	29·973	82	76	74	N N W	3·3*	...	C, CS	b, m
		16	29 725	29·817	87	79	68	W	8·4*	...	C, CS	b, m
Madras.	16th	10	29·970	30·000	87	75	55	S by W	7*	...	.....	b
		16	29·856	29·886	86	72	48	S E by S	11*	...	.....	b
	17th	10	29·972	30·002	87	71	42	S S E	5*	...	.....	b
		16	29·853	29·883	85	73	54	S E by S	12*	...	.....	b
	18th	10	29·958	29·988	84	73	56	S	6*	...	.....	b
		16	29·845	29·875	84	73	56	S E by E	10*	...	.....	b
	19th	10	29·952	29·982	84	72	53	S S E	9*	...	.....	b
		16	29·816	29·846	86	72	48	S E by S	11*	...	.....	b
	20th	10	29·924	29·954	85	73	54	S E by S	7*	...	.....	b
		16	29·790	29·820	83	73	60	S E by S	11*	...	.....	bc
	21st	10	29·905	29·935	86	74	54	S by W	7*	...	.....	bc
		16	29·787	29·817	84	74	60	S E	12*	...	.....	b
	22nd	10	29·952	29 982	86	76	61	S S E	7*	...	.....	bc
		16	29·841	29·871	85	74	57	S E	12*	...	.....	
Cuttack.	16th	10	29·865	29·948	82	77	78	N	2·3*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·690	29·771	103	70	14	S	2·6*	...	.....	fair
	17th	10	29·833	29·916	82	77	78	N E	2·7*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·712	29·793	95	78	44	E	4·8*	...	.....	fair
	18th	10	29·850	29·932	83	78	78	E N E	2·1*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·716	29·797	95	75	36	S S E	6·3*	...	.....	fair
	19th	10	29·850	29·932	83	77	75	N	2·1*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·693	29·774	97	78	45	E S E	4·0*	...	.....	cloudy
	20th	10	29·800	29·882	85	74	57	W S W	3·9*	...	CK	fair
		16	29·625	29·706	96	77	39	S	3·8*	...	.....	fair
	21st	10	29·761	29·843	85	75	60	N N W	3·2*	...	.....	cloudy
		16	29·638	29·719	95	76	38	S S E	4·0*	...	CK	cloudy
	22nd	10	29·873	29·956	81	77	82	N E	3·0*	...	KS	fair
		16	29·738	29·819	93	74	37	E N E	2·8*	...	.....	fair
	23rd	10	29·870	29·952	83	78	78	E	2·0*	...	.....	fair
		16	29·715	29·797	97	87	65	E	3·6*	...	C	fair
Akyab.	17th	10	29·949	29·971	81	76	78	N W	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·821	29·843	84	76	67	S W	1	...	.....	b
	18th	10	29·949	29 971	82	76	74	S E	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·828	29·850	84	76	67	W	1	...	.....	b
	19th	10	29·934	29·956	86	77	64		1	...	.....	b
		16	29·757	29·778	84	78	75	W N W	3	...	.....	b
	20th	10	29·862	29·884	83	70	49	W	2	...	.....	b
		16	29·717	29·739	85	77	68	W	2	...	.....	b
	21st	10	29·884	29·906	80	75	78	E S E	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·769	29·791	84	80	83	W	1	...	.....	b
	22nd	10	29·972	29·994	82	76	74	N W	1	...	.....	b
		16	29·818	29·840	84	77	71	W	1	...	.....	b
	23rd	10	29·884	29 906	78	80	90	S S E	1	...	.....	b, w
		16	29·786	29·807	85	76	75	W N W	2	...	.....	b

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
the 23rd March 1872.

HENRY F. BLANFORD,
Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 15th to 21st March 1872.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Thermometer.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Wind.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	General remarks.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°			lb	Miles.	In.		
March ...	15th	29·782	95·5	73·6	144·6	84·1	75·2	69·0	0·62	S W & S	2	98·8	...	...	Clear. Foggy between 6 and 7 A.M.
	16th	·836	93·0	78·0	137·0	84·3	78·9	75·1	·75	S S W	...	162·9	...	...	Stratoni and clear.
	17th	·845	94·5	77·0	137·5	84·1	77·4	72·7	·70	S S W, W N W & W S W	...	105·0	...	)	Chiefly clear. Slightly foggy from 5 to 7 A.M.
	18th	·869	92·5	77·0	140·8	83·7	74·0	67·2	·59	W S W & W N W	...	105·6	...	...	Clear and cirri. Foggy at 5 and 6 A.M.
	19th	·857	91·7	76.6	138·3	83·5	74·0	67·3	·59	S S W & Variable	...	110·8	...	...	Clear and cirri.
	20th	·784	92·4	78·3	137·0	84·0	77·0	72·1	·68	S S W & S by W	...	75·7	...	...	Stratoni and clear.
	21st	·784	93·7	77.5	141·0	83·9	76·2	70·8	·66	S S W & S by W	...	98·0	...	...	Chiefly clear. Foggy at 6 A.M.

The mean barometer as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants.—The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity.—The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground.—The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	...	21·9
The max. temperature during the past seven days	...	95·5
The max. temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	93·5
The mean humidity during the past seven days	...	0·66
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0·59
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st ... by lower rain gauge	...	Nil
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st ... by anemometer gauge	...	Nil
Ditto ditto average of eighteen previous years	...	0·16
Ditto between the 1st January and the 21st March	...	3·25
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, average of eighteen previous years	...	2·35

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

CALCUTTA,
The 23rd March 1872.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LIN

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 9th March 1872

	Coaching Traffic.			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.			Total recei
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£
Total traffic for the week ...	121,225	1,59,073 6 5	14,[illegible] 15 9	725,168 30	2,30,128 12 4	34,[illegible] 15 9	49,[illegible]
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	126 4 5	11 7 10	.....	[illegible] 12 3	27 4 5	[illegible]
For previous 9 weeks of half-year ...	961,763	13,99,677 9 11	127,[illegible] 7 11	6,605,976 10	21,21,297 4 3	290,[illegible] 1 5	507,[illegible]
Total for 10 weeks ...	1,082,988	15,47,749 9 4	142,[illegible] 0 11	7,330,145 10	47,51,425 3 3	415,[illegible] 12 [illegible] 8	556,[illegible]
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	106,769	1,56,175 13 7	14,[illegible] 9 11	587,981 0	2,04,239 13 0	28,[illegible] 4 8	42,61[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	124 4 6	11 2 4	.....	224 11 5	26 2 0	37
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,047,608½	15,78,[illegible] 13 11	144,[illegible] 7 1	6,611,213 20	23,20,658 9 11	356,[illegible] 14 2	501,58[illegible]

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 9th March 1872. on 223 miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	£
Total traffic for the week	5,255	16,[illegible] 13 6	1,[illegible] 19 11	69,[illegible] 30	19,[illegible] 15 0	[illegible],745 15 9	3,26
Or per mile of railway	.....	74 5 9	6 16 4	.....	85 6 5	7 16 7	1
For previous 9 weeks of half-year...	40,872	1,47,[illegible] 7 1	13,501 19 10	654,[illegible] 10	1,85,[illegible] 15 6	17,049 7 [illegible]	30,55
Total for 10 weeks ...	58,127	1,63,[illegible] 8 7	15,[illegible] 19 9	724,[illegible] 0	2,05,[illegible] 14 6	18,795 2 10	33,81
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	3,347	10,[illegible] 1 3	976 11 0	53,023 30	15,[illegible] 7 10	1,440 [illegible] 5	2,4
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	.....	47 13 11	4 7 9	.....	70 14 2	[illegible] 1[illegible] 0	
Total to corresponding date of previous year	46,787½	1,76,[illegible] 1 3	16,141 11 10	[illegible] 30	1,45,[illegible] 10 9	13,[illegible]9 15 6	29,4

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 9th March 1872, on 156½ miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As P.	£ s. d.	
Total traffic for the week	23,587½	19,[illegible] 5 3	1,[illegible] 13 5	154,[illegible] 4	[illegible],[illegible] 9 3	3,251 7 6	[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	168	124 4 5	11 7 10	986 0	[illegible] 10 3	20 15 6	
For previous 9 weeks of half-year...	290,901½	1,90,[illegible] 3 9	17,477 7 4	965,[illegible] 26½	[illegible] 4	21,325 15 5	37,[illegible]
Total for 10 weeks ...	319,489	2,10,109 8 9	19,[illegible] 0 9	1,120,[illegible] 30½	2,57,[illegible] [illegible] 7	24,577 2 11	42,
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	33,[illegible]9½	22,[illegible] 13 7	2,[illegible] 3 6	156,436 21	33,007 1 4	[illegible],[illegible] 15 0	5,
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	217	142 11 3	13 1 7	1,000 0	210 14 6	19 6 8	
Total to corresponding date of previous year	304,767	1,[illegible],904 6 6	17,04[illegible] 4 7	1,187,959 13	[illegible],[illegible],[illegible].....	22,425 13 5	39

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 9th March 1872, on 28 miles open.

		Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	£ s. d.	
al traffic for the week	7,506½	1,[illegible]5 14 6	113 11 9	18,[illegible] 30	[illegible]	67 15 11	
per mile of railway	268	40 9 3	4 1 2	647 24	24 5 5	2 8 5	
previous 22 weeks of half-year	146,063½	21,412 15 9	2,141 6 0	299,968 30	0,[illegible]81 0 9	933 2 1	
Total for 23 weeks ...	2[illegible],571	23,548 14 3	2,254 17 9	318,101 10	9,[illegible] [illegible]	999 18 0	
COMPARISON.							
al for corresponding week of revious year	7,40[illegible]½	1,241 11 3	124 3 5	10,[illegible] 30	341 2 6	[illegible] 3 4	
mile of railway correspond- g week of previous year ...	264½	44 5 6	4 8 8	368 21	12 5 1	1 4 4	
al to corresponding date of pre- ious year	152,[illegible]	23,[illegible] 13 9	2,[illegible] 5 9	2[illegible],347 5	[illegible] 2 9	[illegible] 16 5	